The Week's Features
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Second Edition

THE AFRO AMERICAN

34th YEAR

U. S. WEATHER REPORT
DECEMBER 8 TO 13, INCLUSIVE
North and Middle Atlantic States—Rains with mild temperature Monday, followed by much colder and mostly fair weather for two or three days. Rising temperature with probability of snows or rains the latter part of the week.

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MARTIAL LAW IN LIBERIA

Standard Life Saved Through Half Million Loan Negotiated Through Dr. R. R. Moton

Tuskegee Head Gets Aid of Julius Rosenwald and Other Leading White Philanthropists to Keep Race's Largest Insurance Company From Hands of Money Lenders

New York, Dec. 11. (Afro Bureau)—A loan said to amount to $500,000 negotiated by Dr. R. R. Moton, principal of Tuskegee Institute, Ala., through leading white philanthropists in this city last week, saved the Standard Life Insurance Company of Atlanta, Ga., of which Heman Perry is head, from the hands of Southern money lenders who were in position to foreclose and take over the business.

Intimations of the proposed loan to the Standard following its financial difficulties of the past few months were first heard at the session of the National Business League in its summer meeting and at the meeting of some fifty race business men at Durham, N. C., two weeks ago.

Last week Mr. Moton came to town with Perry and the loan was negotiated at the office of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company. Clarence Kelsey, chairman of the board, will have charge of it. Julius H. Rosenwald, noted Jewish philanthropist, was the other member of the conference, who put up half the loan required.

Standard 11 Years Old

Heman Perry started the Standard Life 11 years ago in Atlanta and built it up to the place where it stands as the largest colored insurance company of the 35 in the country, with a half billion insurance in force upon the lives of a million Negroes.

Money Was Tied Up

With the insurance company as a keystone Perry branched out in other undertakings that served his race. The Negro Boards of Directors multiplied and the Negro race was proudly displaying its business capacity in chain grocery systems, laundries, organizing building associations and land development schemes around Atlanta, Ga., and then the difficulty arose.

All these things took money and Perry discovered a few months ago that he had tied up too much in the land development schemes. In the emergency he went to the money lenders and pledged a controlling block of the insurance company stock.

What happened to him has happened to many another man with a white skin, one of his rescuers said.

Publication Hurt Perry

Two newspaper and magazine articles hurt Perry more, perhaps, than anything else last summer. One of them was an article in a big white magazine, declaring, among other things, that the Standard Life had assets of thirteen million dollars, and that Perry, himself, was worth eight millions, with his life insured for a million more. There followed an elaborate description of his fine Atlanta home and method of living.

At the very time this article was published, Perry was making an effort to negotiate a loan and the publicity came as a result of the purchase of the Mississippi Life Insurance Company, one of the largest race companies of the South, with offices in Memphis. It was said that this company was purchased to get control of the nearly $100,000 in ready cash it had on hand. By purchasing the controlling interest, it was expected to make the first payment on the deal with the company's own money.

It was a shrewd financing deal, but was blocked by several stockholders, who went to the courts with an injunction. As a result, it was necessary to resell the Mississippi company to a white concern. Pages of unfavorable newspaper comment followed this deal, and it did not help Perry.

Praise For Moton

On every hand is heard praise for Dr. Moton who used his own good offices and the influence of the school in securing aid for Perry. High praise is also meted Julius Rosenwald, who put up $250,00 of the loan, and through the influence of Mr. Jesse Moorland gave $25,000 each to nearly a score of colored Y. M. C. A. building funds and founded the Julius Rosenwald fund, which has aided in building over 5,000 colored rural schools.

Mr. Rosenwald is a millionaire and former head of the Sears, Roebuck Company, of Chicago.

PRESIDENT EXPLAINS HIS MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9.—It was learned at the White House to-day that President Coolidge believes that his recommendation to the Congress concerning appropriate representation of all political parties at the ballot box and equality of representation on the various registration boards, if enacted into law, would give them an opportunity to see that they do not suffer in any way from the conduct of the election.

Helpful To Negro

Such a law, it is believed, would be beneficial to the Negro, particularly in those states where disfranchisement is in effect, notwithstanding the 14th and 15th amendments to the Constitution.

"Nothing is so fundamental," said the Coolidge message, "to the integrity of a Republican form of government as honesty in all that relates to the conduct of elections. It is my opinion that the national laws governing the choice of members of the Congress should be extended to include appropriate representation of the respective parties at the ballot box and equality of representation on the various registration boards, wherever they exist."

Registration officers, it is pointed out, in southern states where disfranchisement is practiced, arbitrarily refuse to register colored persons who meet every qualification required under the law.

There is a law in Massachusetts which provides for appropriate representation at the ballot box and on the registration boards. It has worked very well, and the President favors the extension of a similar law to all Federal elections.

BLACK PALLBEARERS FOR MILLIONAIRE

Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 12.—(By A. N. P.)—Eight male students from the Florida Normal and Industrial Institute of the St. Augustine, were the active pallbearers at the funeral Wednesday of Dr. Andrew Anderson, white, millionaire resident of St. Augustine.

The honorary pallbearers were some of the most prominent citizens of America.

Funeral services were held in Flagler's Memorial Church, which was filled to overflowing, almost half of the mourners being colored people. Dr. Anderson was beloved by both races throughout the State of Florida and in many parts of the South.

The Florida Normal and Industrial Institute, from which the colored pallbearers came, is regarded as the "Tuskegee" of Florida. Dr. N. W. Collier is president.

VA. POLICE HELD LAD WITHOUT EVIDENCE

Cumberland, Va., Dec. 12.—Arthur Flipper, son of Philip Flipper, was held for the grand jury here, Friday, charged with shooting James Crisa, white, saw mill operator on the Cartersville road, Hallowe'en night.

Criss, who was in his auto, was shot by another autoist, who pursued him. Although the bullet went entirely through his body he has recovered and is back home from a hospital in Richmond, Va.

The only evidence against Flipper was that he purchased 15 cartridges from a neighboring store on a previous evening. The commonwealth attorney said the evidence was not strong against Flipper, but urged that he be held under bond pending other developments. It is suggested that moonshine figures in the case, the charge of diplomas, Mrs. Blanche Valentine, demonstrator, Mrs. Annie Nelson, demonstrator, Mrs. Vivan Pogue, demonstrator, Springfield, Ohio, Mrs. Lettie Miller, switch board, Mr. Frederick Gardner, accountant, Cary E. Lewis, Chicago, Ill., attended the formal opening of the sub-station.

HAMPTON AND TUSKEGEE GET TWO MILLIONS

Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 12.—Gifts of $15,000,000 to educational institutions including $2,000,000 to Tuskegee and Hampton were made by George Eastman, of the Eastman Kodak Company, this week.

Will Pay For Itself

Gifts made to-day are under terms similar to those made to employees. Stock is sold to the benefiting institutions for less than its actual value.

While provision is made that it may be paid for in instalments during the life of Mr. Eastman, it is given without any restriction regarding the time for sale. It may be sold to-day, if the beneficiaries desire to part with it.

If they wish to keep the stock it may be paid for out of its own earnings, as was the case with that given to employees of the company.

"If the stock is kept by those to whom it is given, there is the possibility not only that it may be paid for by its earnings but that it will increase in value, thereby making the gift much larger than its present face value."

Hampton and Tuskegee are in a drive for $5,000,000 to establish college departments. This makes the second gift of over $1,000,000 they have received.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY BARRED AS HOLIDAY

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9.—After three hours of acrimonious debate the House yesterday defeated the Zihlman bill to make Lincoln's birthday, February 12, a legal holiday in the District of Columbia. The question was decided by a negative vote of 175 to 144.

Representative Blanton, of Texas, led the fight against the measure. He denounced it as a scheme to give the Government employees another holiday at the expense of the Government. Representative Crampton, of Michigan, said the bill would cost the Government $375,000 a year.

An impassioned plea to honor the memory of the Civil War President by Representative Rathbone, of Illinois, whose father occupied a box in Ford's Theatre on the night Lincoln was shot, failed to gain enough votes for passage of the bill.

The measure had the support of the Grand Army of the Republic of the United States.

HOUSTON AND GRAY BANK RECEIVERS

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9.—Attorneys Charles H. Houston and Augustus W. Gray were appointed receivers of the defunct Union Laborers Bank, which closed its doors on August 23, last, by Justice Hoehling on last Friday.

Demand Papers

The newly appointed receivers have made a formal demand upon Melvin Jenkins, who was the secretary and manager of the shareholders committee, that he turn over to them all books, papers and effects of the bank. While the summons to Mr. Jenkins was directed to the offices of the bank, 1113 U street, northwest, which were opened after the bank had closed its doors, he could not be located at the offices and service had to be had upon him at his residence, 410 D street, southeast.

James W. H. Howard, the president of the insolvent bank, was not represented in court by counsel. He and Lewis W. Oldham, a trustee, were in court in person. George E. C. Hayes appeared for J. Finley Wilson, another trustee. Armond W. Scott represented Dr. Rembert T. Nelson, a trustee, and August W. Gray appeared for Thomas C. Smith, also a trustee.

This suit is for a receivership and to determine the liability of the trustees and shareholders jointly and severally. The bank was peculiarly operated. It did not come under the Comptroller of the Currency, but was run as a private business under a declaration of trust. The suit was filed by Attorney Charles H. Houston.

GETS $9,000 DAMAGES

Houston, Texas, Dec. 11.—Joseph Stafford, truck driver, who was injured in a collision with the Gulf Coast passenger train at a crossing on April 3, 1924, was awarded $9,000 damages here this week.

GIBBONS BEATS NORFOLK, TIGER FLOWERS WINS

New York City, Dec. 10.—Tom Gibbons, St. Paul heavyweight, stopped Kid Norfolk, of Baltimore, last night in Madison Square Garden in the sixth round.

Tiger Flowers, middleweight, of Atlanta, knocked out Johnny Wilson, former world's middleweight champion, in the third round of a scheduled ten round bout.

The fight was witnessed by more than 13,000 persons and the receipts amounted to $107,599, of which the state received a tax of $5,379, leaving a net of $102,219. The expenses of the show amounted to $52,655, leaving a profit of $46,000, which will go to the Christmas Fund.

Norfolk was the first to enter the ring and received a tremendous ovation. In the sixth round the referee stopped the fight to save Norfolk from serious punishment.

Up until the fifth round it looked as if Norfolk had a chance. He was floored for the first time in the fifth when a vicious uppercut was followed by two vicious hooks to the jaw.

Gibbons took the first by a slight margin, but the Kid held him even in the second. Norfolk took the third, but Gibbons held the fourth. Gibbons seemed to be tiring in the fifth when a vicious uppercut followed by a vicious hook to the head swept the Kid down. The weights were Norfolk, 171¾; Gibbons, 174¾.

Tiger Flowers Scores K. O.

Johnny Wilson, former world's middleweight champion, suffered his first knockout in the scheduled ten round semi-final at the hands of Tiger Flowers, sensational Atlanta middleweight.

Referee Eddie Purdy stopped this contest after two minutes and 55 seconds in the third round when Flowers, with a savage attack, had Wilson in distress and holding to avoid further punishment.

The action of the referee did not meet with the unanimous approval of the crowd, but it was justified nevertheless. Wilson certainly was being battered into defeat and was at the very moment the bout was stopped in danger of receiving a finishing blow.

In victory Flowers established himself as one of the country's foremost middleweights. A southpaw, he showed himself a superb boxer and a hard hitter. He pressed Wilson hard from the starting bell, repeatedly forcing the former champion to the ropes under a steady fire throughout the first two rounds. While Wilson missed like a novice.

A hard left hook to the jaw, followed by a right to the jaw, staggered Wilson and then Flowers continued his battering, working Wilson before him along the ring ropes until the former champion was rendered groggy in Flowers' corner. A right to the jaw crashed home cleanly and Wilson slumped forward. Then a left swept to the jaw and Wilson practically was out on his feet. Instinctively, however, the lurched forward and grabbed Flowers about the neck with the grip of a wrestler and held until the bout was stopped.

Fight Round by Round on Sports Page.

Auto Balks Flight Of Alleged Slayer

Preston News Service

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 11.—Sims Sherman, aged 35 years, jumped from a second story window of Police Headquarters last Wednesday, while waiting to be questioned relative to the murder of Max Beldleman, white.

Two of the 15 bullets fired by pursuing police hit him and he was run over by an auto, before he was finally captured.

BABY BURNS TO DEATH

Preston News Service

Lynchburg, Va., Dec. 11.—A six months old baby of Charles Robinson, was burned to death in its home here on Wednesday afternoon. The mother found the house on fire and rescued her four other children, but could not get upstairs to get the baby.

Asks Christmas Pardon

Boston, Mass., Dec. 11.—Equal Rights League has asked President Coolidge to set free the 31 remaining prisoners of the 24th Infantry now in Leavenworth Prison, for Christmas.

HOUSE "KILLS" APPROPRIATION FOR HOWARD

"Lame Duck" Byrnes Of S. C., Introduces "Point Of Order."

UNIVERSITY IS CRIPPLED

Senate Expected To Act In Restoring The $400,000 Asked For.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 8.—The Howard University item of $406,000 was stricken from the Interior Department appropriation bill last Saturday upon points of order by Representative Jas. F. Byrnes, of South Carolina, a member of the appropriations committee.

Medical Building Included

The stricken items called for appropriations of $125,000 for maintenance; $34,000 for the manual arts department; $9,000 for equipment of the medical laboratory; $5,000 for material and apparatus for the science laboratories; $3,000 for the library; $30,000 for improvement of grounds and repairs of buildings; $45,000 for fuel and light; and $135,000 toward the construction of a building for the medical school at a cost of $370,000, to be equipped by alumni and friends at not less than $130,000.

The total amount of $406,000 was $41,000 above the appropriation for the current year and $135,000 above the estimates of the Budget Bureau. The increase of $135,000 was on account of the proposed appropriation for the new building for the medical department.

Unauthorized By Law

Representative Byrd argued that the appropriation was not authorized by law and that the item for the new medical school was new legislation on an appropriation bill and that the Budget Bureau had not estimated for it.

Representative Louis C. Crampton, of Michigan, chairman of the subcommittee which drafted the bill, and in charge of the measure in the House, admitted that the appropriation was subject to the point of order but appealed to Mr. Byrnes not to insist upon it, at least as to the small contributions toward maintenance.

"If for 50 years we have been making an appropriation for a purpose not authorized by law," said Mr. Byrnes, "it is time that the Congress should have the courage to enact legislation or discontinue the appropriations. The Committee on Education can bring out a bill and if the Congress deems it wise it can enact a law authorizing an appropriation for this university. In the absence of it, it should not be permitted to remain in the bill."

Would Use G. O. P. Surplus

In the course of the debate Representative Wingo, of Arkansas, said that he thought that Mr. Crampton should ask the chairman of the Republican National Committee, who has a surplus of $300,000, to donate it to this institution instead of asking the taxpayers to pay it." Crampton said he understood this surplus would be given to poor Democrats.

Representative Crampton pointed out that Howard University was not the only private institution for which the Government appropriated. He called attention to the item in the same bill for the Columbia Institution for the Deaf, and that the Government appropriated $6,000,000 for the education of the Indians. In addition, he said, that colleges in South Carolina were given Federal funds for their maintenance.

There is no doubt, however, that the Senate will restore most of the items stricken from the bill and that the two houses will agree in conference to the appropriation as was the case last year.

Byrnes a "Lame Duck"

Byrnes, who was instrumental at both last session and this session of Congress in having the Howard University item stricken from the Interior Department appropriation bill, is serving his last days as a Congressman. His term expires March 4, 1925. He was a candidate for the United States Senate against Cole L. Blease and was defeated. He based his claim for election to the Senate upon his opposition to appropriations for Howard University. He will be succeeded by Butler B. Hare and his place on the appropriations committee will go to some other Democrat.

Freedmen's Hospital Funds

The items for Freedmen's Hospital were not disturbed, but were approved by the committee of the whole House as recommended by the appropriations committee. They total $202,820, which is an increase of $28,280 above the appropriation for the current year.

The Freedmen's Hospital appropriation includes an item of $50,000 for an enlarged and remodeled nurses' home, payable from the revenues of the District of Columbia. In one current appropriation there was an item of $13,700 for equipment of a pathological building which does not appear in the bill now before the House. There is also a reduction this year of $2,050 in the item for subsistence, fuel and medicine.

Mrs. Kip is reported to have refused a check of four figures, sent to her by the father of her husband.

Mrs. Rhinelander refuse to cash the check sent her by the older Rhinelander, fearing it might be construed as acceptance of a settlement from the family, who she regards as responsible for the annulment action.

RHINELANDER BRIDE RETURNS ALL PRESENTS

Clothes, Furniture And Linens Returned By Wife Fighting Annulment.

QUESTION OF ALIMONY

Attorneys Of Millionaire And His Bride Must Discuss Counsel Fees, Etc.

New York City, Dec. 11.—
"I want that brand new cook stove,
I want that chair.
I want that looking glass
To comb my hair.

"I want that carpet, yes, sir,
Won't get it?
Well, I guess so,
Carve and starve me,
I want my presents back."

Mrs. Leonard Kip Rhinelander didn't wait for her millionaire husband, who is seeking annulment, to come around outside her window and sing this old song.

Instead she took the bull by the horns and sent nearly everything her husband had given her back to him last week, including articles purchased for the apartment they took at the Pintard immediately after their marriage, October 14th.

The returned articles included linens, furniture, expensive clothing ordered by Mr. Rhinelander for his wife. There was no jewelry among the returned articles, but it was said by her counsel that Mrs. Rhinelander had no rings with the exception of her engagement ring and wedding ring, both given her by the groom.

Letters Not Returned

Another valuable exhibit not returned by Mrs. Rhinelander was the 200 or more letters which millionaire Kip wrote to his bride whom he now desires to get rid of because of her alleged colored blood. In them he refers to her as honeybunch and old scout. They are also said to take up the color question and the advisability of races inter-marrying.

Talk Of An Heir

Talk of a little Kip Rhinelander, the second, will be coming along pretty soon, started in some circles last week and created a deal of concern of the home of Kip's father. He realizes it will be impossible to keep the couple apart if a new baby is born to Mrs. Rhinelander.

Kip Disappears

Nobody seems to know where Kip Rhinelander is, although Mrs. Rhinelander's counsel said no effort will be made to arrest him for non-support. Counsels for husband and wife must take up, however, the question of alimony and counsel fees. Kip Rhinelander must bear these or be compelled to by the court.

Papers brough up by Judge Swinburg, counsel for Mrs. Rhinelander, enter the general denial of deceit prior to her marriage with Kep Rhinelander, white, the millionaire.

Never Deceived Husband

In reply to her husband's charges filed in the West Chester County court, White Plains, N. Y., Tuesday, Mrs. Rhinelander without affirming or denying that she has Negro blood in her veins emphatically declares she has not practiced fraud upon young Rhinelander.

She denies that she told her husband she has no Negro blood; (2) denies that he did not discover it until after the wedding; (3) that she hid her race in order to defraud him into marrying her.

Newspaper reporters have been as yet unable to find Kip Rhinelander. Kip is said, however, to have telephoned his wife recently but not at her home.

ARCHEOLOGISTS SEEK BLACK JOAN D'ARC

Paris, France, Dec. 10.—French explorers working in the Mediterranean section of North Africa are attempting to find evidences of a black Joan of Arc who ruled the Burba tribe in the seventh century.

In a war with Byzantine forces, the King of the Burbas was killed. La Kahena, a woman, known as the black Joan of Arc, took his place and with only 12,000 troops drove off and defeated an Arabian army of 40,000. For five years she was able to stand off the Arabian conquerors at El Djeen, being well supplied with food from unknown subterranean sources. She was subsequently defeated and killed leading her troops to battle.

Barn Is Destroyed

Cumberland, Va., Dec. 11.—Sparks from a fire which he had built to boil water for hog killing, ignited the stable and barn of Columbus Trent, near here. The barn and its contents are a total loss.

K. K. PREACHERS

Washington, D. C., Dec. 12. Representative Blandon, of Texas, speaking in the House last week as to how he was reelected to Congress over his opponent, who was endorsed by the Ku Klux Klan, said:

"If you think this organization is not strong down in my district, you are mistaken. I happen to know that some of the biggest preachers in my district belong to it. I happen to know that some of the most influential men in my city belong to it."

WOULD BAR NATIVES FROM SIDEWALKS

South African Legislature Considers Bill To Segregate Natives and Indians.

TAKE AWAY THE VOTE

"Lets Give It To People Of Mixed Blood Only," Advises Legislator.

Durham, S. Africa, Dec. 11.—Segregation of both Indians and natives was advocated at a conference of the leaders in the National Party of South Africa here last week.

It was requested that not even a colored person shall be allowed to walk on the pavements.

The African World says today that although the national women want the vote they are content to go without it if there is any likelihood of a lady of color getting it at the same time or by the same stroke of the pen.

Would Distranchise Natives

Incidentally, Mr. Barlow, M. L. A., new allied with the Nationalists as a Labourist, is advocating that the vote be taken away from those natives who have it, and bestowed on coloured persons, which seems uncommonly like putting a premium on the co-habitation of white and black, and this at a time when Government is being urged, from more than one quarter, to make such cohabitation a penal offense?

However, the congresses in question show that the colour sense among the older (white) population is as strong as ever. How far the Government is likely to be influenced remains to be seen, as no details are yet available regarding its proposed measures dealing with natives and Asiatics.

Increased Population

Concerning Asiatics, the Government has just issued a new set of statistics. These show that, whereas there were but 27,000 Asiatics in the country thirty years ago, there are now 166,000, nearly two-thirds of whom are South African born, which is a valuable fact to bear in mind when irresponsible people talk about reducing the number by means of deportation. Progress, however, is still being made with the Government's scheme of voluntary repatriation on terms which leave the repatriated with certain pecuniary benefits. The scheme was originally introduced by the Smuts Government.

The Hertzog Government has made it still more attractive, and is now claiming kudos for having induced not one shipload to clear off to India, but two shiploads.

The gilt will be off the political gingerbread if no more shiploads are gathered together; and in the ordinary course of events the pool of possible repartriates must soon dry up.

Indians a Problem

The Indians undoubtedly constitute a political problem, but if all Asiatics were cleared out of the country to-morrow, the sick people would be those who had called for the clearance. The fact is, the Indians fill an essential niche in our scheme of things (as do the natives and coloured people), and if this is wrong it is too late to repair the wrong.

Pastor Found Guilty Of Second Degree Murder

Lexington, Mo., Dec. 11.—Rev. C. A. Raulston who struck his wife on the head with a hammer last June and then shot her to death, while she lay on the bed, was found guilty of second degree murder.

The pastor's defense was, that he found another man in the room.

8,187 In Canal Zone

Colon, C. Z., Dec. 12.—With 8,187 colored laborers, whose annual salaries amount to nearly $5,000,000, the Canal Zone ranks next to the post office in the number of Federal employees.

Soldier-Sailor Memorial

Washington, D. C., Dec. 11.—F. D. Lee of the National Memorial Association is pushing the Joint Resolution No. 245 introduced by Representative Wood (Republican of Indiana), for the erection of a Memorial in the city of Washington to the Negro soldiers and sailors of all wars.

LIBERIA TAKES OVER COUNTY GOVERNMENT

Military Rule In Grand Bassa Follows Several Acts Of Violence There.

INVESTIGATION MADE

Drunken County Police Unable To Protect Lives Of Citizens And Europeans.

Monrovia, Liberia, Dec. 12.—Following an investigation of Abraham H. Butler, chief of detectives, the Liberian government has taken over control of affairs of the county of Grand Bassa.

Action of the government followed several acts of violence in the county which remained unpunished. Citizens lived in terror and European residents were forced to employ double guards in order to protect their premises.

In his report to the government, Detective Butler declared that the police force was drunk, wretchedly equipped and unable to offer protection. On his first visit to the police station he was greeted with the remark, "Come, let's have a drink of gin."

Immediate cause of the intervention was the murder of Miss Susan Ledlow, an aged spinster, murdered within sight of the police station. Two years ago a little native girl left her home at nine o'clock in the morning on her way to market and was way-laid in the center of the city, ravished, murdered, cut in pieces and her body swung in a tree.

Just before this event a Fantee native had been cut to death. The judicial department handled the matter in a half-handed manner and no one was punished. Then followed the burning of the Liles mansion, one of the finest residences in the country and burglary of a number of European firms.

Other crimes which the county government refused to take steps to punish of investigate were: Finding of a dead body in Benson river in June, and the sudden death of John Smith, said to have been a victim of witchcraft.

Action of the government followed immediately upon the petition of some of the residents that protection be afforded its citizens.

N. C. VOTERS FIGHT LILY-WHITE JUDGE

Washington, D. C., Dec. 13.—Residents of Salisbury, High Point, Greensboro, Raleigh, Durham and Wilmington, N. C., have sent a hot letter to Attorney General Stone, protesting against the appointment of Colonel Isaac M. Meekins as Federal judge.

Just a month ago Meekins was candidate for governor of the State and boasted he voted and worked in 1900 to disfranchise colored people in North Carolina.

In the last election he was quoted in the papers as stating that he wanted no Negro votes, did not want colored people to vote anyhow, and would be glad if they went over in to the Democratic party.

The letter points out that Meekins is unfit for a judge because he doesn't believe in the enforcement of all of the Constitution.

STUDENTS CLASH IN COLLEGE LIBRARY

Preston News Service

Columbus, O., Dec. 11.—Albert Dixon, a student in Ohio State University was stabbed in the head with a knife by a fellow student, Forester O. Newland, Thursday morning, according to the former's story told to Campus Policeman North and later reported to President W. O. Thompson. The attack occurred in the library on the campus.

An effort to locate Newland following the reported attack was of no avail, according to officer North, who is conferring with the university president as to proper procedure in what is perhaps the first case of its kind ever to be presented to the university officials.

WHITES WED BLACKS ARE FINED $20,000

Jackson, Ky., Dec. 12.—Two men and two white women were placed in the Breathitt county jail here because they were unable to pay fines of $5,000 each, imposed on them for inter-marrying.

A long term awaits the four—Leonidas Carter, 22 and Nacy Burham, 22; and Calloway Crawford, 18 and Stella Robinson 35, if they serve all of the time involved in their fines, which would mean 13 1-2 years each or 54 years in all to meet the total fine of $20,000.