PROF. BROADUS MITCHELL STIRS CITIES IN SOUTH

Economist Urges Federal Control in Memphis Speech

IS RAPPED BY GA. EDUCATOR

Oglethorpe Prexy Defends Caste System.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Frankly defending a racial caste system for the South, Dr. Thornwell Jacobs, white, president of Oglethorpe University, rapped a recent speech made by Dr. Brondus Mitchell of Johns Hopkins and declared that Dixie was never intended as a democracy, in a daily paper, last week.

The Dixie educator referred to a recent speech made by Dr. Mitchell in Memphis, Tenn., in which the latter urged governmental control of industry and some of other activities previously left to states and municipalities.

Control Lynching.

"The state's inability to control," declared Dr. Mitchell, "has been shown in regard to lynching during the past year. The increase of lynching and the unwillingness of those sworn in the responsibility of administering justice, to accept their responsibility, has indicated the imperative need of federal regulation of the activity which President Roosevelt has termed 'collective murder.'"

Dr. Mitchell, who was a prominent figure in protesting against lynchings in Maryland, and who spoke to a mixed audience of 500 people, also declared that the profit motive in industry was responsible for many of our present ills.

Not Democracy.

The Oglethorpe president declared that the South is not a democracy.

"If the system referred to by Dr. Mitchell as that of private gain is eliminated," said he, "and the principle of Adolf Hitler—which is making all Germans as alike as two peas in a pod—prevails, what effect will that have on Georgia? Any man with a grain of common sense knows that the Southern States never have been, are not, and never will be a democracy in the true sense of the word.

"We have in these states a white aristocracy superimposed on a colored proletariat. We have a working-class composed almost entirely of Negroes, and a ruling class composed almost entirely of whites. This condition is preserved by the means of the system of private gain, by the possession of more wealth, better homes and more power on the part of the white ruling caste.

"When that system fails the Southern States will become a wailing class of social calamities. And the leaders of the South are apparently as blind to what is happening as they understood none of it—which, indeed, may be the case."

Why Liquid Laxatives are Back in Favor

The public is fast returning to the use of liquid laxatives. People have learned that the active ingredient of a properly prepared liquid laxative will bring a perfect movement without any discomfort at the time or after.

The dose of a liquid laxative can be varied to suit the needs of the individual. The action can thus be regulated. A child is easily given the right dose. And mild liquid laxatives do not irritate the kidneys.

"Doctors are generally agreed that senna is a *natural* laxative. It does not gripe the system like the cathartics that leave you so thirsty. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a liquid laxative which relies on senna for its laxative action. It gently helps the average person's bowels back to regularity."

You can always get Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at any drug store, ready for use. Member N. R. A.

Deep-seated children's colds yield quicker to the deep-penetrating action of Penetro, the mutton suet salve that penetrates 4 times deeper and quicker. It's stainless and snow-white. Ask for it by name. Penetro, 25c, 50c, $1 jars.

PENETRO
THE MUTTON SUET SALVE
★ Prevent and relieve head colds with PENETRO'S Head and Throat Drops. Contains ephedrine. Approved by leading nose and throat specialists. 25c and 50c bottles. Family size bottle $1.

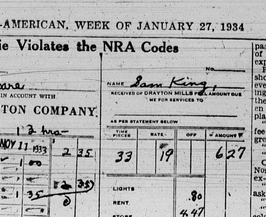
Tune in Vincent Lopez Program—NBC Wednesday 9 p.m. CST; 10 p.m. EST.

Crowned "Miss Freedmen"

MISS CLARA BLAKE

senior at the Freedmen's Nursing School, Washington, D.C., who won the recent popularity contest and the title of "Miss Freedmen." Miss Blake is the niece of Mr. and Mrs. John Waldron of Lawrenceville, Va. She completed her high school education at the St. Paul Industrial School at Lawrenceville before coming to Freedmen's. Upon graduation she plans to enter Columbia University for a degree in nursing.

How Dear Old Dixie Violates the NRA Codes



Pay checks (samples above) which were gathered by John P. Davis on his Southern trip through Virginias, the Carolinas and Georgia show that in thousands of cases white firms are thumbing their noses at the NRA code.

Left to right: (1) is a worker-ticket of $9.9 cents an hour at the Columbus mill of the Bibb Manufacturing Company at Macon, Ga. It shows this man worked 55 hours at 14 cents per hour (code 20 cents) the week of October 7, 1933. He had worked 11 hours overtime and received only half the salary due him.

(2) The week check of Sam King at the Drayton Mill. He worked 33 hours at 19 cents an hour (code calls for 20 cents). Out of this pitiful wage King paid the company back 80 cents for rent of his shack, and $4.47 for food bought at the company store. For the whole week's work, he therefore had $1 in cash to show. With this he is expected to take care of his family, buy his clothes and insurance.

(3) Is work ticket of C. Ware working with the Appleton Company, Anderson, S.C., November 11, 1933, at 15 cents an hour (code calls for 20 cents). His total pay was $2.35, but the company took this (this time by charging him $1 for rent and $1.35 for food. Ware ended the week where he began it, with nothing.

Thousands of Cases

These are but three of the thousands of highway robbery cases Mr. Davis uncovered in the South under the NRA.

Mr. Davis's report in part on the cotton mills in Anderson, S.C., which are typical of many others reported on is as follows:

Anderson, South Carolina

"The two principal mills 4m this town are:

"The Appleton Mill and "The Anderson Mill.

"The Appleton Mill has eight hours of two rooms each for its Negro workers. Rent for these houses is fifty cents a week. Electricity varies from $1.20 to $1.80 monthly in addition. Other houses of three rooms rent for $1 and $1.50 weekly. Outside men receive $11 a week for 54 hours' work. Work, however, is very irregular. In the four weeks of November the workers averaged three days' work a week.

Store Prices are High

"The company store prices are unusually high. For example: a 24-pound sack of Pride of the West flour, selling for 80 cents at the local store, is priced at $1.10 at the company store. Other prices are correspondingly higher.

"The case of one worker, whose basic weekly pay is $11 for 56 hours a week, was highly significant. Pay envelopes for this worker for a period of 53 weeks have been secured. The amount earned, the amount deducted for rent, fuel and for purchase at the company store, and the amount received in cash in his pay envelope were available.

"During this period he drew on cash on nine pay days, less than $1 in cash on seven. For five weeks the period he was laid off by the mill.

Had Family of Five

"This worker had a family of five in addition to himself: a wife and four children. Deductions made at the company store do not include any expenditure for food and no expenditures for clothing. Fully 20 per cent of the wage deducted represents profiteering on the part of the company store.

"The data given above show further that for 16 per cent or 9 weeks of the 56 weeks covered the worker was unemployed. The average wage earned for the entire period was $6.56 weekly. The average wage received weekly for this period was $4.80 after deductions by the company store were 70 per cent of the total wage earned.

Anderson Mill

"Wages and hours at the Anderson Mill were reported to be the same as that of the Appleton Mill, except that in a few cases women were engaged in lighter skilled occupations and receiving $9 a week for 48 hours work. None were receiving more than the base code minimum."

HOWARD PAPER IS NO BACKER OF STUDENT LEAGUE

WASHINGTON—Kenneth Clark, editor-in-chief of the Hilltop, student publication at Howard University, in an editorial carried in the January 19th issue, denied that the Hilltop was "in sympathy" with the National Student League.

A few days ago, the National Student League distributed circulars among the students urging the withdrawal of Howard University from the National Student Federation, and suggesting that they join the National Student League instead. The circular carried excerpts from an editorial that appeared in an earlier issue of the Hilltop and interpreted it as proof that "The Hilltop and its editor, Kenneth Clark" were in sympathy with the League.

In an editorial in the latest edition of the student publication, Clark declares, "This is not so. The Hilltop knows nothing about the N. S. L. and cares less... All attempts of an organization to force itself upon us in the capacity of protector should be arbitrarily resisted by the student body."

Apparently observing that many of the Negro newsed journals while they were in session at the United States leaders of the South are apparently as blind to what is happening as they understood none of it—which, indeed, may be the case.

WHITE WOMAN IS NEXT OF KIN

Carrol News Service

SALEM, Mass.—Ignoring racial prejudice, Mrs. Mary Smith, white, of Lynn, was one of the claimants as next of kin in a three-cornered fight in Probate court yesterday for the estate of the late Emma Murray of Lynn, last week.

The other claimants were the commonwealth and Louis M. Vincent, the latter represented by Joseph S. Mitchell, attorney.

The attorney surprised the court when he established a family tree for Mrs. Vincent and Mrs. Murray which dated back 100 years, when their ancestors were shipwrecked off the African coast.

This family tree established Mr. Vincent as the next of kin, aramist Mrs. Smith. Judge Dow, presiding justice, appointed Mr. Vincent administrator of the large estate.

Mrs. Smith was a cousin of the late Mrs. Murray, and George E. Gordon were among the witnesses at the trial, which lasted several days.

BANNEKER-JONES PTA HAS MEETING

WASHINGTON. — The Parent-Teacher Association of the Banneker-Jones School met in the Banneker Building Thursday at a class at which time the Rev. J. L. S. Holloman, pastor of the Second Baptist Church gave the address.

The state of ceremonies was Emory B. Smith, who brought the greetings from the Federation of Parent-Teacher Associations. Rev. Mr. Holloman took as his theme "The Child in the Degree of Our New Civilization."

Musical selections were furnished by Douglass Fickling and Rex Overton of the Dunbar High school. A vocal selection was also given by Mrs. A. J. Carlton, a teacher of the Banneker group.

Mrs. Elise F. Derricotte, principal, gave the closing address, asking for the cooperation of the group in the school program.

Plan Better Work Conditions

NEW YORK CITY — Plans to eliminate exploitation of women workers in the industry, have been made by Mrs. Lillye M. Coleman, a social worker, to organize a club for such women. The first meeting was held on Thursday.

AT WHITE HOUSE TEA

DEAN LUCY D. SLOWE

WASHINGTON. — Speaking before a group of 500 delegates, here in attendance at the ninth annual session of the Women's Committee of War, President Roosevelt told the delegates of women that it was their business to educate the "men of the present war, and that they should force their Congressional representatives to use their influence to avoid war."

The conference, which was in session at the Willard Hotel on January 16-19 inclusive, was attended by Dean Lucy D. Slowe of Howard University; Mrs. Addie Hunton of New York, and Mrs. William Valentine of Bordentown, N.J., and representing the national Y.W.C.A.

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Roosevelt received the delegates at the White House to tea, with all of the colored delegates attending. Wednesday night, Mrs. Roosevelt addressed the organization.

Lincoln Starts Summer School; Admits Women for First Time

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. —(ANP)—Traditional at Lincoln University, Pennsylvania are about to be smashed. The eighty-year-old institution has decided to co feminine. The masculine monopoly of grounds and buildings, of Lincoln-lore, and of campus tales must now be shared with the ladies who will be certain to enroll as students in the forthcoming summer school.

The present faculty at Lincoln University will be augmented by several teachers who are specialists. It is understood that women will be represented adequately in the summer faculty.

Kendall hall will be set apart for women, while the men will occupy Cresson hall. The university officials stressed the point that these buildings will be properly manned and supervised.

Provision is being made for a real golf course and for the construction of several tennis courts. The August tournament of the American Tennis Association, is expected at Lincoln. Swimming may be arranged for at one of two nearby pools.

Joseph Newton Hill is the director of the summer school.

News Summary

[Continued from Page One]

BALTIMORE

I.L.D.'s lauded by Houston Forum

Matthews given special assignment to go to Hollywood.

Police won't disclose data in Adams murder.

Houston may force court to open records in Aces disbarment case.

WASHINGTON

DePriest puts a $20,000 tag on H.U. funds

Assign Nordic to survey NRA code evasions.

Washington society, schools, churches.

Miss Byrd may get Consumers Board post.

Citizens push Howard University survey plan.

NEW YORK

Church empty, Bishop Heard puts in pulpit.

Believe Me, by Malcolm B. Fuller.

New York society, schools, churches.

Will Rogers may bring boycott.

Demand rights, says Miss Fannie Hurst.

Cop arrested in auto with gangster band.

PHILADELPHIA

Lincoln University starts summer school; admits women for first time.

In a Personal Vein, by Orrin C. Evans.

Pinchot vetoes Pennsylvania Jim Crow bill.

PITTSBURGH

Buzzing About the Burgh, by L. Beatrix Wood.

Pittsburgh's society, clubs, churches, schools.

NEW ENGLAND

Boston society, clubs, churches.

The Whirling Hub, by Elliott Bendix.

NEW JERSEY

Atlantic City society, schools churches.

EDITORIAL

DePriest's $20,000 Amendment—Besieging the AFRO—Why Stay South?—A Bandana for a Bishop—Ethiopia Pretty as a Picture—Jumping 50 Feet to Success—Why Do They Lynch?

Day By Day, by William N. Jackson.

Watching the Big Parade, by Joseph Bibb.

What AFRO Readers Say.

"Show Him Up"—cartoon by Chase, for Cooperative Publishers.

FEATURES

Liberia Today and Tomorrow, by William N. Jones.

Sports, by Fourth of a Generation.

How Washington Handles Its Emergency Relief, Article II, by Harry Winston.

Black Movie Actor Makes Paces in Moscow,—by Chmiwood Hall.

MAGAZINE

Miss Mary Pay, by Joseph Stafford.

Oscar Island, Installment IV, by Edward Lawson.

PICTURES

Where despendent mother ended her life.

Asbury Park choir sings in Baltimore.

Pratt Institute's Choral Society (Pa.) Community Center building.

New St. Francis Xavier Catholic Church.

Baltimore artist gets CWA job.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Howard University president is not quizzed on Communism.

The collar line at Hampton.

DePriest amendment called rebuke to Howard officials.

Nordic body advises course changes for Virginia.

SPORTS

Morgan trims Wissahiekon quint 56-36.

Hampton loses to Virginia Union 31-29.

When Benny Leonard fought the ghost of Joe Gans, from an article by Benny Leonard, entitled, "The Greatest Fight I Ever Had."

Hear Me Talkin' to Ya, by Bill Gibson.

Numbers Racket.

Basketball—Where They Play—Scores.

THEATRES

Looking at the Stars, by Ralph Matthews.

Radio Review, by Eva Jessye.

Swing Thinks at Half Time.

Love Me, Love My Dog is Rule of Joy Performers, feature story by Ralph Matthews.

DEPRIEST PUTS J.C. ORDER UP TO CONGRESS

[Continued from Preceding Page]

could eat in the coffee shop in the Capitol, an AT O reporter rushed to Congressman DePriest's office to find out why, and was surprised to find that Mr. DePriest was not aware of the discrimination. This was due to the fact that the Illinois Congressman had not been to the coffee shop that day.

DePriest became enraged immediately. Bouncing to his feet from behind his large desk the Congressman turned to his secretary, Morris Lewis to see if he had received such notice.

"Why I went in there to eat this morning and the cashier tapped me on the back and said that the coffee shop was reserved for white," Mr. Lewis stated.

"You mean to tell me that they wouldn't let you eat in there," Mr. DePriest asked.

"They certainly wouldn't," came the reply.

Turning to Frederick Wilkinson, Howard University registrar who was seated in the office at the time, Mr. DePriest said:

"Come on, Fred, you and Mr. Weaver, well eat in there, or find out why."

Through the corridor the three dashed and descended the stairway leading to the Capitol. All the way to the Capitol the Congressman stopped representatives in the hall and passed them and told them the story of the discrimination, all of whom expressed regret.

Reaching the Capitol the coffee shop was closed for the day; however, the Congressmen's private dining room was open and in walked the three. Wraps having been taken by an attendant an order was placed for three bowls of bean soup.

"Who is the manager of that coffee bar across the hall" the congressman asked the waiter.

"Mr. Johnson, I guess the reply.

"Tell him to come over here."

Come over Mr. Johnson, one of North Carolina's white men and an ex-State Senator of North Carolina.

"Are you the manager," DePriest asked.

"Yes."

"Who gave you orders to keep colored people from eating across the hall in the public coffee shop," asked DePriest, followed up with. "I know you didn't make any such rules."

"Those were Mr. Warren's orders," referring to Congressman Lindsay C. Warren, white, of North Carolina, chairman of the committee on accounts which controls the dining rooms.

"That's all I want to know. That's all, you may go back," retorted the Illinois warrior.

As soon as the bean soup was eaten, the Congressman and party went on a search for Mr. Warren. He was not on the floor of Congress, he was not in his office according to his secretary, so Mr. DePriest went direct to the Speaker of the House.

"Sam, I never heard of such a thing," chimed in Speaker Rainey.

"Well, drafted a resolution tonight and introduce it in the morning," said the Congressman, and immediately he left to telephone his secretary to draw up a resolution for introduction in Wednesday's session of Congress.

Returning to the Congressman's office, after leaving him in the Capitol, to take further into the matter, Mr. Lewis reported the story, being barred from eating there, DePriest let Mr. Lewis:

"I don't want to eat there because I want to eat there because I am an American citizen, and the coffee room is open to the public and I do not intend to be insulted by a cashier."

Mr. Lewis said he attempted to eat there, but was told he could not eat there, that the Congressman's secretary would not let him see Mr. Warren.

The manager, Patrick Henry Johnson, from North Carolina, the same state that Warren, claimed, said he knew nothing of the order, came from. Johnson had been reported to have adopted several discriminatory tactics toward his employees.

Prior to his taking over the management, Frank Verdi of New York was the manager. At this time Sue Lee, a Howard University law student, was one of the cashiers and several of the colored employees had been working there. According to the story, as soon as Johnson came in power, he gave Lee's job as cashier to a white girl, and put Lee to waiting the tables.

Lee was said to be the opinion of Congressman DePriest and Morris Lewis, that the orders were not those of the accounting committee of which Warren is chairman, rather the orders of Patrick Johnson and Lindsay Warren themselves.

Lee, who is a student, is assisting having told one of th waiters that he was going to quit the place, prior to taking over the management of Verdi, and, he feeral, and I am going to watch them."

There are two dining rooms in the Capitol for people, one including a coffee shop for the public, and the other, a dining room, "reserved for white members of Congress and their guests, and from which colored people are barred from coming."

Members on the committee of accounts, which is said to be responsible for the House of Representatives, are: Warren, chairman, Democrat, North Carolina; Lewis, Democrat, Kansas; Cochran, Missouri; LaFayette, Pat Harrison, Democrat, Mississippi; Cole, Democrat, Ohio; John W. Boehne, Indiana; Charles L. Underhill, Massachusetts; Charles A. Wolfenden, Pennsylvania; Hugh Peet Drewry, West Virginia, and Ralph Hoor, of Washington.

DePriest resolution on segregation in the House of Representatives in 11:45 a.m., Wednesday.

Mr. Lewis, secretary to my attention, as a representative-at-Congress, that a colored man was refused service in the House of Representatives.

Wherefore, I stand peculiarly as representative of the Negro people of the United States, and as a member of the House of Representatives, these people, my own flesh and blood and knew in the House of Representatives.

Whereas, From the year 1619 when a group of Negro slaves landed in Jamestown, Virginia, these people have been loyal and faithful to the country they are forever were brought through a traffic of human misery.

Whereas, For 244 years of unrequited toil, these people have made the wilderness "blossom as the rose" and have harvested the crops of some other people, and have enriched the family of their master, were customers of the slave traders, and were sold from slave at war to sep them in slavery, and

Whereas, Slavery was finally terminated by the soil of this continent in the name of liberty and fraternity bread from the life stream of that here-martyr, Crispus Attucks, fell in the Boston Common in 1770, and

Whereas, The colored citizens of the 48 States have borne their full share of responsibility and service in the military movements in which this country has engaged from the Revolutionary period through the Civil War, and the World War, and

Whereas, Under the Constitution of the United States and the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments these people are citizens and are thereby entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States, and

Whereas, In the Washington Post in the issue of Friday, January 26, 1934, the Honorable Representative Lindsay C. Warren, of the House of Representatives, is quoted as saying, "in refusing to serve a Negro congressman in the House restaurant, the Manager P. H. Johnson (white) of the restaurant was acting under my orders and instructions, and

Whereas, Representative Lindsay C. Warren is further quoted in said Post as saying:

"The restaurant has been operated by the commission since 1931. It has been served colored employees or visitors so long as I can remember. I have never had a complaint. It has been reserved for white members of Congress and their guests and from which colored people are barred from coming."

Resolved, That the committee on accounts of the House of Representatives be and it is hereby instructed to rescind and revoke, and withdraw its order of said committee whereby any citizen of Ethiopian descent, of any color, race, or color or creed in the public restaurant, grill room or other public facilities under the supervision of the House of Representatives.

Burns Dog, Gets Six Months

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.— (ANP) — John Walker, a resident here, was sentenced to six months in jail along with a white man, for setting fire to a live dog on Friday.

May West Helped

[Continued from Page One]

Chair arrested Dr. Wilbur H. Strickland, 2009 W. Columbia Avenue, on the charge of disorderly conduct. The physician was fully dismissed. The actress, suffering from aspendicitis, was rushed to only wanted someone to see him because safety to a nearby hospital. Strickland is the husband of the former Clarissa Dunn, a Howard University teacher.

According to statements to the AFRO by both Miss Saber and Dr. Strickland, the physician was under the influence of liquor.

Miss Saber said that she was with Strickland, who had been called to her apartment to see when it was suddenly stricken with an attack of aspendicitis. Strickland arrived downstairs safely—Miss Saber called him from her bed in a private room at the Douglass Apartments, where she is now confined, after collapsing on the stage of the Howard Theatre at a Sunday night performance.

Was Slightly Drunk

Dr. Strickland's statement follows: I was called to Miss Saber's room to attend her. I found she was slightly under the influence of liquor. As I was about to depart a man, whom I later learned was her brother, approached me in the lobby of the hotel and attempted to shove me. I protested, and demanded that he show me his credentials, and when he refused, I called the police station. My arrest followed."

Dismissed Monday

At a hearing the following morning, before Magistrate Mackey, Dr. Strickland was released.

Miss Saber, stoutly denying reports being widely circulated, told the AFRO, Monday evening, that she and Dr. Strickland were "still the best of friends" and that he was attending her in her confinement at the hospital.

Circulated Reports

"These reports being circulated are utterly ridiculous," declared Dr. Strickland. "The visit to Miss Saber's room was purely professional in nature; there was no intoxication, no quarrel, no fracas, no arrest, no certain small-minded persons would find one to believe, and after attempting to do a humanitarian relief from the acute pains she was suffering, I proceeded to the phone, when she called on the telephone and did for me to descend the stairs. I certainly was not completely intoxicated, but Miss Saber had the very best of intentions."

Plan Non-Stop Flight to Paris

BROOKLYN, N.Y.—Plans for a non-stop flight of New York to Paris were announced this week by two members of the Brooklyn Post of the Brooklyn American Legion.

Charles M. Bolden, 34, and Lloyd V. Cox, 32, who will make the flight, said they hope to fly from the plane to be used, at Curtiss Field, which was used in an endurance test last year.

They are to follow a Southern route by way of Bermuda, and the Azores. The flight will be made in the interest of the legion.

WILL ROGERS'S INSULT MAY BRING BOYCOTT

[Continued from Page One]

City office of WJZ. A letter reaching the office of the AFRO-AMERICAN this week suggested a nationwide boycott of not only programs upon which Rogers appears, but a general boycott of the products of the Gulf Oil and Refining Co., his sponsors and any movies in which he appears.

Baltimore is Hot.

BALTIMORE.—Criticism here is widespread against Will Rogers and the Gulf Refining Company for Sunday's anti-Negro broadcast. Many homes turned the program off after the first offensive epithet was used.

From Connecticut.

NEW HAVEN, Conn. — Leo G. Clark was one of those offended by the Will Rogers program Sunday. Mr. Clark demands an apology or a boycott of the Gulf Oil Company's products.

From Beaver Falls, Pa.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa. — Pledges sent out by John Matthews, 806 Seventh Avenue, read:

"I have joined the boycott against the Gulf Refining Company.

"I will not buy any gasoline or products of the Gulf Refining Company as long as I live.

"I will not forget or forgive this insult."

Mr. Matthews said Will Rogers' insult was intentional; that on one occasion the comedian said, "Negro—then substituted the epithet for it.

Marquess Hits Will.

PHILADELPHIA.—John M. Marquess, exalted ruler of Quaker City Elks here, sent a letter of protest to A. A. Garrett, of the Gulf Refining Company, against the Rogers program.

"His use of the term 'n——' is inexcusable, and I will be represented in every possible way by our group," Marquess's letter protests.

Wants Apology.

"As head of the Civil Liberties Organization of the I.B.P.O.E.W., whose membership in Philadelphia numbers 15,000, and in the capacity as exalted ruler of Quaker City Lodge, 120, of the same, with a membership of more than 4,000, I protest against this insult and insist upon not only that an apology be made but that proper steps shall be taken to see to it that this kind of thing does not occur again," the letter continued.

Marquess further pointed out that the Elks have for years that has spent $1,542 with the Gulf Refining Company within the past three years.

Amos and Andy.

Archdeacon Henry L. Phillips, of the Episcopal Church, speaking at the Public Affairs Committee Center, 12th and Thompson Streets, called his audience to unite in the efforts either to have the comedians Amos and Andy "portray the Negro in a creditable light or be taken off the air."

Such as "Such a body ex-Negro clergyman "An injustice is being done 12,000,000 people when people are taught that Negroes are nothing but criminals and are less than human," he continued.

At a recent conference of colored ministers of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Amos and Andy were attacked for portraying only the bad traits of the Negro.

D.C. Protests

WASHINGTON.—Indignant and resentful over the performance of the use of the word "N——" on the air Rogers brought letters of protest to station WMAL and the Gulf Refining Co.

In a letter to the station, Mrs. Stella C. White, member of the East Central Civic Association, said the humorist repeated the word three times. Another letter, Mrs. Annette Kelly, 1712 Montello Avenue, N.E., wrote the AFRO protesting against Rogers's reference to Negro spirituals as "n——— spirituals," stating that if he knew what they are he would find out the definition of the word "n——" he would soon discover that it is a misnomer.

The letters follow:

Letter to Station WMAL

January 22, 1934.

To Station WMAL:

Hearing Rogers broadcast Sunday evening, I was answering question about Jesse Owens, "Dodge," and he said a "N——" three times in the broadcast. I am writing this station in protest of such a broadcast as Rogers's attempt to use the word as he did.

Respectfully yours,
Mrs. STELLA C. WHITE,
Member East Central Civic Association.

Letter to the AFRO

January 23, 1934.

To the Editor of the AFRO:

In reference to the radio program of the station WMAL last Sunday night, I am quite sure you will agree that Will Rogers was very much out of order in referring to the Negro spirituals as "n——— spirituals," and I am quite sure that everyone with the least education would resent it especially coming from a man who is supposed to be educated and a Southerner.

If he would take just a few minutes and look up the word "n———" in the dictionary, that has no bearing on color, but insted refers to a low degraded person regardless of color.

The Negro's are beautiful and I resent having their caller called spirituals."

Sincerely yours,
Mrs. ANNETTE KELLY,
1712 Montello Avenue, N.E.

New Honor Society at Morgan College

All students who, at the end of their junior year, have the first attained a three-year average of B or more will be awarded a Pi Gamma Mu key, according to Dean Coleman Cole, president of the local chapter.

DePriest's Home Robbed

CHICAGO. (ANP)—Burglars entered the home of Congressman Oscar DePriest at 4338 South Parkway Thursday and rifled the premises, stealing a few articles of value, consisting of three watches, a fountain pen and some medals belonging to the Congressman's son, Stanton.

CHURCH EMPTY, BISHOP LEFT IN PULPIT

[Continued from Page One]

JAMES A. COBB

municipal judge, Washington, D.C. Cobb will celebrate his 39th birthday, Monday, January 29. Judge Cobb served as special assistant U.S. attorney for eight years and has been municipal judge since 1926. Civic organizations are petitioning the President to reappoint him.

was standing. "Sit down. I want to speak to you."

The Senator assured him that he would be given a chance to speak, and the bishop was quieted. The choir marched out with undisturbed precision.

The pastor then informed the congregation that he had promised to let David Doles, proprietor of the Belstrat laundry, speak for a few minutes on a project for another business enterprise—a food market for Harlem.

It was explained that Mr. Doles had been promised this opportunity to speak after a conference with the pastor during the week. The Rev. Mr. Clarke told Bishop Heard that he might say a word after Mr. Doles had spoken.

"As Mr. Doles, immaculately attired in morning garb, began to outline the plans for the proposed market, he was rudely interrupted by the bishop, who had not yet been given permission to speak.

"I Want to Speak Now"

"I want to speak now," the bishop said, from the left of the altar aisle.

"You may speak when Mr. Doles has finished," the pastor informed him from the right of the aisle.

The amazed Mr. Doles continued his discourse. The bishop was apparently appeased. The audience was anxious so to be embarrassed before a leading business man of the community.

Students in the balcony (who had leaned forward to catch every word of the discussion) were seemingly amused at such by-play in a church place. But all was well when Mr. Doles had again swung into his theme, when again he was interrupted. This time it was an aged worshiper.

He's a Bishop, After All

"Brother pastor," he said, apologetically, "I ought to have told you to hear the bishop first?" (The audience grinned later that after all, even though he is called a bishop, a bishop is a bishop) Laughter from various parts of the room urged the old gentleman to "go right on and let the world revolve."

The pastor reminded Mr. Doles that he had kept the floor and that he might continue. A woman in the audience urged the bishop to "Go on and speak."

Pastor Again Halts Praise

The bishop attempted it but the Rev. Mr. Clarke intended that he have already told you that you were not. Mr. Doles, he said, had finished.

"But the bishop and I are the pastor," the aged bishop replied.

"How are you going to pull your bishop over this church when you have paid over $2,000 by bringing suit against it, and yet you say you are in court appealing the case?" the pastor reminded the bishop.

Bishop Heard informed the pastor that the people would come to him if he should ask them. When the pastor reminded he failed to get their attention. The congregation was out without hearing the bishop.

Choir Marches Out

During the course of the services, Bishop Heard had indicated that Mr. Rev. Clarke had his station, there was "no count how many are here, I am going to speak."

Permission was refused. As the bishop continued to stand in the pulpit, threatening the aged prelate, permission to speak the year ex-leading through the parsonage to 123rd Street was also refused by the pastor.

Flanked by his accompanying presbyters, the bishop marched out down an aisle to the front of the church, and into the street.

Pastor Refuses to Call Police

An appeal on the part of Bishop Heard to have the police remove the pastor and his personal safety was refused by the Rev. Mr. Clarke.

Bishop Heard made another unannounced visit, later in the afternoon, to St. John A.M.E. church at 128th Street and Madison Avenue, where the Rev. Adam Clayton Powell, Jr., was addressing the congregation.

The bishop interrupted the service by saying that he had found Bethel Church "practically empty." Mr. Hebbons hailed the prelate by critizing him for neglecting the "people's office of churches into this meeting."

Members Peeved at Heard

Bishop Heard's unpopularity with the members of the church, it is said, when, at the annual conference, he transferred the Rev. Mr. Clarke from the church, against the wishes of the congregation. The bishop council, in June, at Wilberforce, reversed the decision and restored the pastor.

The bishop took the case to court in November. He appealed from the decision. The appeal is yet to be heard.

Vote $2500

At a meeting of the official board of the church last week, it voted to send two delegates to the bishops' council at Jacksonville; and to vote from the treasury $2,500 to pay the cost of the court suits brought against the church by Bishop Heard.

WEDDING MAY JOIN JAPAN AND ABYSSINIA

Rumor of Marriage-to-be Causes Deep Concern in Europe.

WILL GIVE NIPPON HOLD IN AFRICA

Fear Union of Royal Houses of Dark Races.

WASHINGTON, D.C.—Considerable concern was caused in international circles this week by the announcement that a forthcoming marriage will unite the royal families of Abyssinia and Japan.

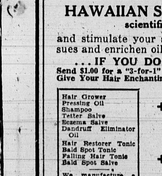
The report given over a national radio hookup stated that the royal wedding would involve a Japanese prince and an Abyssinian princess, but this report was later changed and amended to join in wedlock a nephew of the Emperor Haile Selassi and a Japanese noblewoman.

Regardless of who the parties will be the rumor has caused considerable uneasiness among the European powers now in a struggle for economic dominance in Asia and Africa. Such a union will give Japan a made foothold which the other nations do not look upon with favor.

Joins Oldest Families.

According to J. A. Rogers, the AFRO's representative at the coronation of Emperor Haile Selassie, the Japanese royalty traces its ancestry back over 2,500 years, and the Ethiopians more than double that period. The Japanese royalty and the Chinese are the two oldest people in the world. When the Greeks, first of the so-called white races, were emerging from barbarism, the Ethiopians and the Chinese had accomplished a civilization of many years.

Recent news dispatches also stated that Abyssinian land has been given to the Japanese for the growing of cotton, and that Japan now supplies Ethiopia with most of her cotton goods.



The Secret Back of a Soft, Smooth, Light Complexion

Should you ever visit the boudoir of the women who have soft, smooth skin you admire most of all, you would probably find among her cosmetics a bottle of

Palmer's Skin Whitener

Ask any Palmer's Skin Whitener User. She, like thousands of other beauties whose skin is blotch-free since you envy uses its preparation regularly because it is quick but gentle in action. You'll also love the following Dr. Fred Palmer's Skin Whitener Soap; Skin Whitener Face Powder; Hair Dresser and Dandruff Eliminator all drug stores for 25 cents each, or sent prepaid upon receipt of price. Dr. Fred Palmer's Laboratories, Atlanta, Ga.

Send 10c in stamps for generous trial sample of Skin Whitener, Soap and Face Powder.

DR. FRED PALMER'S
Skin Whitener
KEEPS YOUR COMPLEXION YOUTHFUL!

YOUR SCALP AND HAIR

REQUIRE PROPER NOURISHMENT

Warm comb—Marcel Iron—Crude Raw Products contribute NOTHING to the vital elements sustaining the Life Energy in your hair. Change over to

HAWAIIAN SYSTEM PRODUCTS

scientifically balanced

and stimulate your scalp—behind worn out tissues and enriches oil supply to roots of your hair.

... IF YOU DO YOUR OWN HAIR ...

Send $1.00 for a "2-for-1" Special Combination Treatment and Give Your Hair Enchanting Beauty, Soft, Alluring, Greaseless.

Hair Grower
Pomade
Hair Dressing
Tetter Salve
Henna Sales
Dandruff Eliminator
Oil
Hair Restorer Tonic
Bald Spot Tonic
Falling Hair Tonic
Bald Head Tonic

We manufacture a complete line of Shampoos, face creams, talcs, powders, etc.

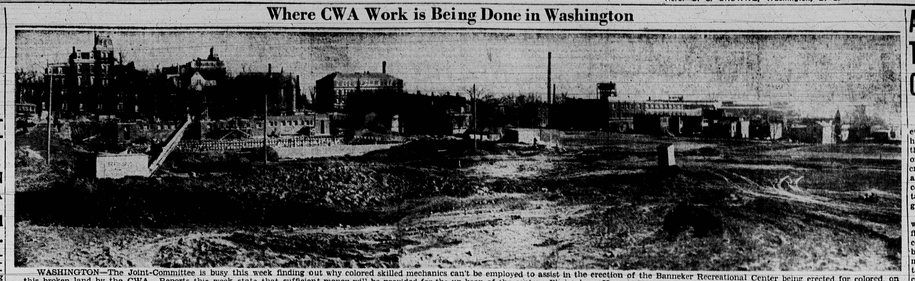
Send Now For Particulars
50c EACH

Mme. Brambletts-Willis
Famous Algerian Hair Luck Bag, also samples Hair Straightener, Treatment, Face Powder and Cream

FREE LUCK BAG
Regular 10c Golden Algerian Hair Luck Bag, also samples Hair Straightener, Treatment, Face Powder and Cream
BEAUTY BOOK, all FREE. Just send 10c coin or stamps to cover shipping costs. No obligation. Attractive Agents' offer is also included. Write Dept. NP13 Golden Brown Chem. Mfg. Co., Memphis, Tenn.
25

COURSES: Hair Culture, Scalp Disease, Hair Dyeing, Finger Waving, Pressed Hair, Marcel Waving and Facials.
HAWAIIAN BEAUTY CULTURE SCHOOL
1516 NINTH ST., N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C.
Inquiries Cheerfully Answered. (Thru-Mail Courses Taught)
WE SUPPLY NATIONWIDE, DECATUR PRICE ALL HAIRDRESSERS

Where CWA Work is Being Done in Washington



WASHINGTON—The Joint-Committee is busy this week finding out why colored skilled mechanics can't be employed to assist in the erection of the Banneker Recreational Center being erected for colored, on this broken land by the CWA. Reports this week state that sufficient money will be provided for the up-keep of the center. Photo shows Howard University in the background.

HAMPTON CALM AFTER THREAT OF A STRIKE

[Continued from Page One]

placed by a white woman, presumably Mrs. Harold L. Ringles widow of the former head of building construction at the institute who died just recently. It is believed, however, by those close to the president that these rumors are without foundation and that Miss Patterson's successor will be a colored woman.

Had No Hearing

While the altered interracial angle of Miss Patterson's dismissal was seized upon by numbers of her supporters, the real fly in the ointment appears to be the fact that the teacher was dismissed by President Howe without an opportunity to hear the charges against her or to offer her point of view in the matter.

Contrary to previous reports, Miss Patterson was not denied a hearing before President Howe, but was permitted, after persistent request, to be heard following her receipt of the letter requesting her resignation. At this hearing, it is understood, President Howe only reiterated his stand that Miss Patterson would have to resign her position.

The Charges

In regard to the "charges of non-cooperation," the AFRO learned that they are specifically concerned, not with any charges