CHRONICLE.

CAMBRIDGE:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1833.

☞The Orphans' Court of this county will sit on Monday, 21st inst.

Election Returns.

The Election for Members of Congress, Delegates to the General Assembly of Maryland, and Sheriffs for the respective counties, took place throughout this State on Monday last. We have not time nor room now for all the details, but give below the general result so for as it has reached us, except as regards the Sheriffs. We may furnish details hereafter.

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

CANDIDATES.	Fork	N. Market	Vienna	Par. Creek	Lake's	H. Island	Cambridge	Neck	Total
For Congress. J. A. Stewart,	72	162	160	162	109	16	190	72	963
*L. P. Dennis,	70	127	100	86	187	85	178	74	857
For the Legislature *M. L. Wright,†	71	151	109	105	175	35	217	71	934
*J. Nicols,†	94	159	149	79	140	34	173	58	886
*J. F. Eccleston,†	70	140	110	75	159	31	182	63	830
*H. L. McNamara,†	66	139	106	93	255	43	187	65	954
*R. Griffith,	69	166	153	180	175	11	188	86	1028
For Sheriff. J. G. Bell,	64	155	148	187	135	36	163	76	964
*S. Sewell,	79	162	117	87	176	18	221	84	944
*W. D. Lynch,	38	163	132	4	3	00	97	9	446

*National Republicans.
†Nominated Ticket.

Mr. Dennis is elected to Congress from this district, by a majority, it seems, of 200—He received in Dorchester 857 votes, and in Somerset 1277, while Mr. Stewart, his opponent, got in Dorchester 963 and Somerset 855 votes, and in Worcester, it is said, a majority of 116.

SOMERSET.

ASSEMBLY.

A. E. Jones	1365	L. D. Teackle	784
Ed. Long	1238	P. Bell	516
W. W. Handy	1124	G. Hopkins	505
L. W. Hyland	942	E. C. Johnson	341
I. D. Jones	805		

SHERIFF.

S. G. Holbrook	1137	J. J. Davis	381
J. S. Crockett	1119		

TALBOT.

ASSEMBLY.

Nat. Repubs.		*Jackson.*	
S. Hambleton	543	R. Spencer	557
J. Bruff	595	M. O. Colston	556
S. Mullikin	548	G. Stevens	485
G. Dudley	573	P. Horney	580

SHERIFF.

W. H. Tilghman	424	Jos. Graham	713

CAROLINE.

ASSEMBLY.

Jackson.		*Nat. Republican.*	
M. Fountain	584	Jacob Charles	586
P. Willis	542	T. C. Carter	585
J. Thawley	550	T. Burchenal	574
J. Smith	533	A. Jump, jr.	551

SHERIFF.

T. Johnson	543	William Orrell	593

Second District.—Mr. Carmichael, the Jackson candidate, is elected by about 200 majority over Mr. Hopper, the National Republican candidate.

BALTIMORE CITY.

ASSEMBLY.

Jackson Ticket.		*Working Men's Ticket.*	
Jenkins	3871	Jones	5600
Harper	3716	Peregoy	4989

The following presents the result of the election for members of the House of Delegates, as far as heard from:

Counties.	*Nat. Repub.*	*Jackson.*
Alleghany,	0	0
Washington,	0	4
Frederick,	0	4
Montgomery,	3	1
Prince George's	1	3
Calvert,	2	2
Charles,	0	0
St. Mary's,	0	0
Annapolis city,	1	1
Anne Arundel,	0	4
Baltimore city,	0	2
Baltimore county,	0	4
Harford,	1	3
Cecil,	0	4
Kent,	1	3
Queen Ann's,	1	3
Talbot,	2	2
Caroline,	3	1
Dorchester,	4	0
Worcester,	0	4
Somerset,	2	2
Total,	21	47

Alleghany, Charles and St. Mary's to be heard from.

MARYLAND MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

The Members of Congress elect, for this State, are thus classified in the Baltimore Patriot of Thursday.

James P. Heath, James Turner, J. T. Stoddart, } Independent candidates.
Isaac McKim, Richard Carmichael, Francis Thomas, } Jackson men.
William C. Johnson, Littleton P. Dennis, } National Republicans.

The Executive Council of Maryland will meet on the 21st instant.

The yellow fever continues to prevail at New Orleans. On the 20th ult. there were 29 deaths; on the 21st, 31 deaths, and on the 22d, 29 deaths. The Bulletin of the 23d states that the two choleras and two yellow fevers with which New Orleans has been visited within the last twelve months, have carried off *ten thousand persons*, or about one fifth of the permanent population!

LATE FROM EUROPE.

By the packet ship New York, Captain Hoxie, which arrived at New York on Monday, the Journal of Commerce has received London papers to September the 3d, and Liverpool to the 4th, both inclusive.

The reported death of the King of Spain is not confirmed. He was alive on the 21st, and his death not immediately expected.

The British government have acknowledged Donna Maria. On this event becoming known at Paris, the Miguelite scrip fell from 61 to 45.

A dreadful shipwreck occurred on the 31st August, within half a mile of the port of Boulogne. A vessel, said to be the Amphitrite, bound to Botany Bay, with 120 female passengers on board, was cast away, making, with the crew, 154, *all of whom, except three, were drowned!*

Parliament was prorogued on the 29th August.

PORTUGAL.

By the African steamer, arrived at Falmouth, intelligence has been received from Lisbon to the 17th and from Oporto to the 21st ult. These accounts say that the capital was in the most settled and tranquil state.

On the 18th the constitutionalists at Oporto attacked the remaining number of the Miguelites outside the lines; the attack was made at night, on the right of the enemy's lines, which were immediately turned, and thrown into confusion. Colonel Bacon, with his lancers, then rapidly pursued them for two leagues, took between 300 and 400 prisoners, and occasioned them to lose twice that number in killed and wounded. The loss in the affair, on the part of the Pedroites, was estimated at from 90 to 100 in killed and wounded.

The London Morning Post gives a different account from the above.

FROM FRANCE.

The packet ship Erie, captain Funk, has arrived at New York, bringing Paris papers of the 24th and Havre of the 25th August, being two days later than our former advices from the French capital by way of England.

Italy, as well as Switzerland, is in a ferment, and Naples was said to have been the scene of a very serious insurrection. There is nothing authentic on the subject, but from the anticipations, for some time past, of the Paris Press, that trouble was brewing in Italy, it is to be believed that some outbreak has occurred at Naples. On this account possibly, though ill health is the reason assigned, the meeting of the Emperor of Austria and the King of Prussia at Toeplitz is countermanded.

The *National* contends that it would be absurd to allow England to enjoy exclusive commercial treaties with Portugal, while France is condemned to sacrifice all the advantages it might derive from Belgium merely to please English merchants.

A letter of the 19th inst. from Toulon, says: A marine officer, arrived here yesterday from Marseilles, states that the Government has taken measures to ascertain what merchant vessels in that port are at liberty, and willing to engage as transports for conveying troops and stores. This is in accord with the order given to the authorities here for preparing to receive and embark a number of troops and artillery. The destination of this expedition is yet unknown; but we are convinced that it is intended either for Africa or Lisbon.

The Washington Globe furnishes the following additional list of Banks selected by the Treasury Department as depositories of the public moneys. It is intimated that in several places where only one Bank is now selected, another will be added:

Maine Bank, *Portland, Me.*
Commercial Bank, *Portsmouth, N. H.*
Bank of Virginia, *Richmond, Va.*
Do Branch of, at *Norfolk, Va.*
Bank of South Carolina, *Charleston, S. C.*
Planters' Bank of Savannah, *Savannah, Geo.*
The Branch of the Bank of the State of Alabama at *Mobile.*
Planter's Bank of Mississippi, *Natchez, Mis.*
The Union Bank of Tennessee, *Nashville.*
The Franklin Bank of *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

PHILADELPHIA ELECTION.

From the Philadelphia Gazette of Wednesday.

We publish in another column the returns of the election held yesterday, in the city and county of Philadelphia, for member of Congress, State Senator, members of the State Legislature, Council-men, Commissioners, &c. It will be seen that in the city, the Independent Democrats have succeeded with all their candidates, by a small average majority. In the county, the opposition (Jackson) have swept the board, carrying not only their Congress men, members of the Legislature, but the Auditor and County Commissioner.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Office of the American,
Tuesday, Oct. 8, 1 P. M.

FLOUR—Howard street, $6 a $6 12½; City Mills, $6; Susquehanna, $6 a 6 12½.

GRAIN—Wheat, red, $1 16 a 1 18; white, $1 28 a 1 30. Corn, yellow, 66 a 67 cents; white, 63 a 64 cts. Rye, 66 a 67 cents. Oats, 35 cts.

According to the Commercial Advertiser, a splendid steam packet, of a large size, with four engines, is about being built in New York, to ply between that city and Liverpool.

The editors of the Baltimore American say they have seen a letter from a gentleman in Quincy, Florida, dated in September, which contains the following paragraph:—"There are now several gentlemen here from the West India Islands, for the purpose of ascertaining the fitness of our lands for the cultivation of Sugar. It is their opinion that if the design of the British Government in relation to the emancipation of the slaves is carried into effect, the planters will be driven away from their estates. These gentlemen think that by managing the cane as they do in the Islands, this will prove a fine sugar country."

The revenues of the United States are now placed in a very extraordinary and precarious situation. While they were deposited in the Bank of the United States, they were surrounded by securites. They could not be removed in mass except in the manner prescribed by law for causes to be submitted to congress. No part of them, even to the amount of a dollar, could be withdrawn but by an appropriation by congress, and then attested by vouchers to prevent fraud or misapprehension. How do they stand now? If placed in State Banks they have no permanency there, for the power that puts them there may remove them at pleasure with or without reason. They are as much at the disposal of the president as if they were put into his private chest and the key was in his pocket. The case then stands thus. Ten dollars of the public money cannot be taken from its place of deposite, without an appropriation by law, and the attestation of various official vouchers. But the whole mass may be disposed of by the president, according to his pleasure, without the assent or knowledge of congress, and without any voucher but his order. No king that we have ever heard of has possessed such an absolute, unchecked control over the public money.—*Nat. Gaz.*

Bicknell's Reporter states that counterfeit five dollar notes, on the Farmers' Bank at Lancaster, Pa., have recently been put in circulation. They are dated March 9th, 1832, letter A. paper dark and greasy. As this is the first counterfeit on this Bank, it would be well for the public to be upon their guard.

The purse of 1000 dollars, on the Union Course, L. I. (three mile heats,) was won on Friday, 4th, by Celeste, belonging to Mr. Robt. Stevens. Her competitor was Sir Charles.

New-York, Oct. 2.

UNION COURSE RACES.

The fall races over this course commenced yesterday, and the Northern stock has again been successful. This fact, coupled with our success last spring, proves that more attention is now paid to the raising and training of colts than was formerly the case. Southern sportsmen have always enjoyed the reputation of being good trainers; and as some of the best blooded horses of the country have belonged to the South, they have generally had the advantage over those in the Northern States. The result of yesterday only proves, therefore, by an ordinary degree of attention to our stock we need not dread any competition.

The first race yesterday was a match for $4,000 a side, between Mr. John C. Stevens' b. c. Niagara, by Eclipse, dam Romp, and Col. W. R. Johnson's gr. c. Cadet, by Medley, dam Sally Walker—four miles out. The horses were brought to the goal at 1 o'clock, and on starting Niagara took the lead and kept it, coming in ahead about four lengths, being closely pushed by Cadet. Time, 8m. 10s.

After the above match, there was a sweepstakes, two mile heats—entrance $500, which was contended for by John C. Craig's gr. c. Jessup, Charles Green's Sadi Hamet, and R. F. Stockton's bl. c. Shark. This was a beautiful race, and won in two heats by Shark. There were three false starts on the first heat, but on the fourth they all went off in handsome style, Shark taking the lead which he kept with ease, and won the heat. Time, 3. 49. In the second heat, Shark took the lead, and kept it. Time, 3. 56.

There was a large concourse of spectators on the ground, and great interest evinced to witness a renewal of the trials of speed between the North and South. On this occasion Eclipse stock has again proved its superiority.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

From the New York Courier, Oct. 4

The weather was yesterday very propitious to the wishes of the amateurs of the turf. The first match race at the Union Course between Mr. Stevens' Cornelia and Mr. Gibbon's Alert, was won with ease by the latter, betting even. The second match, two miles out, was won by Mr. Johnson's b. f.—beating Mr. Stockton's Monmouth, odds 5 to 4 on Monmouth. There were five entries for the proprietors' purse, $300, 2 mile heats—four horses only started, Mr. Piersall's s. c. Hudson having been withdrawn. Before starting Robin Hood was taken even against the field. After the second heat bets were made 2 to 1 in favor of Massaniello. The following is the result:

Massaniello,	4,	1,	1,
Robin Hood,	1,	2,	2,
Quaker Boy,	2,	4,	3,
Singleton,	3,	3,	drawn.

After the last day's race at New York, on Saturday, which was won by *Alice Grey*, her owner refused an offer of $7000 for her.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

The annexed article of intelligence respecting the remains of the Six Nations yet residing in the western part of the State of New York, is from the Buffalo Patriot of Tuesday:

At the Grand Council of the Chiefs and Warriors of the Six Nations, now in session near this city, a grandson of the late celebrated Indian Chief, Red Jacket, two years old, has been elected Chief. This has been done in honor of the memory of that distinguished Chief. A Regent has also been appointed to act for him during his minority.

The Council have not, as yet, decided on the important proposition submitted to the Indians, relative to the purchasing of their lands in this state, and their removal to Green Bay; but it is evident, judging from the angry discussion and division among them, that they will not accede to the wishes of the government, nor will they even send a delegation to the west.

Yesterday, a grand Ball match was played by the Seneca, Alleghany, and Cattaraugus tribes, against the Oneidas, Tonewandas, and Onondagas, for about $400 in goods and money, which resulted in favor of the Senecas. We understand that another trial of their skill will be made this afternoon, on a large plain, one mile above Sackett's Tavern.

CHARLESTOWN, (Va.) Sept. 12.

JEFFERSON LAND.—Late sales indicate a just estimate of the value of our lands. The Keyes' Ferry tract, on the Shenandoah, lately sold for $64 per acre, at auction; a beautiful farm of 200 acres, with good improvements, a mile and a half south of Charlestown, was lately disposed of, at private sale, for sixty dollars per acre; a tract of 225 acres, within a half mile of the Shenandoah, but with scarcely any improvements, brought, at auction, $45 per acre; and another, of nearly 200 acres, two miles north west of town, with ordinary buildings, was knocked off on Monday last, at $43 70 cash. These sales prove, either that there is an intrinsic value in our soil, which our farmers know well how to appreciate, or that the great public works in our vicinity have something to do with the matter.

The Kinderhook (N. Y.) Sentinel relates the following instance of presence of mind, and escape from death. We have never met with one more extraordinary: and it is gratifying to perceive that the instinctive exertions used by Miss Van B. are likely to leave nothing but memory of the accident.

On Friday, the 20th ult., as Miss Van Buren, a young lady of the Valatie, was dressing her hair in the factory of Mr. Baldin, she accidentally brought it in contact with one of the horizontal shafts which makes 53 revolutions the minute. This shaft is square, two and a half inches in diameter, and it is placed about 17 inches from the upper floor. The young lady was standing nearly under it, facing from it, and in tossing back her hair, which she had been combing over her face, probably without reflecting that the shaft above her was in motion, it caught fast, and she found herself instantly drawn up towards it with the velocity of lightning. With an extraordinary presence of mind, she grasped the shaft with her hands, at the same time making a violent effort to place her feet upon it, in order that by revolving with it she might escape a dislocation of the neck. She succeeded in clinging to the shaft during two or three revolutions, but its velocity was such as at length to break her hold, and she was projected 8 or 10 feet from it, leaving her entire scalp, from the extremities of the eyelids to the third vertibræ of the neck, fast to the shaft, and revolving with it. She arose immediately from the floor, and proceeded to stop one of the looms which she tended, while the overseer stopped the wheel.

Drs. Miller and Philip were immediately called, and with the assistance of such as had not fled or fainted, from fright, had the patient conveyed to her room. The scene was truly frightful. The whole head, temple and forehead were peeled to the bone, the blood streaming from the small veins and arteries over her shoulders, and to those who had seen the profusion of the beautiful locks that formerly adorned her head, her first appearance impressed the, idea of a headless trunk. Her presence of mind seemed at no time to have forsaken her. She was sitting in a chair when her physicians arrived, and observed that the back of her head was severely bruised, the only injury which she was then, or is even now, conscious of having received. She is at present in a comfortable condition, and her physicians state that every symptom indicates a firm re-union of the parts, and a speedy recovery of health.

AN OCEAN SCENE.

A late London paper states, that on the morning of the 6th ult., "during a severe gale, in lat. 36, lon. 31, Captain Demsey, of the ship Kingston, discovered at a short distance to leeward, a brig lying on her beam ends, with a flag of distress waving. Capt. D. instantly bore down towards her, when she proved to be the Albion, of Cork, crowded with passengers. Having reached within hail of the unfortunate vessel, a heart-rending scene presented itself. 'We beheld,' says Captain Demsey, 'the brig reeling, ere she took the farewell plunge—witnessed the cool intrepidity of the sailors, even at such a moment—and listened, with feelings the most harrowing, to the piercing shrieks of the ill-fated passengers. The crew of the Kingston flung their boat into the boiling Atlantic, but every exertion was vain—the angry ocean soon made her its prey. The Albion went down with every human soul on board.

Novel Trial.—The last Huntsville Democrat contains an account of the trial of a negro girl, 11 years of age, for the murder of an infant, by drowning it. There was no evidence against her except her own confessions, which were, that the child became cross and scratched her, and she determined to drown it—that she went to a creek near at hand and cast it into the water—after she had thrown it in, the child held up its hands for help, whereupon she became sorry for what she had done, and attempted to rescue it, but in vain. It appeared by ample testimony, that the girl was not only destitute of any notion of human laws, but of a God, and future rewards and punishments—and upon the ground of want of moral accountability, the jury acquitted her. Being asked if she knew she had done wrong, she replied in the affirmative—but upon being asked what punishment she expected to receive, she said she did not know, but supposed her mistress would whip her.

Chance has led to the discovery of a method of preserving potatoes, which is both simple and attended with little or no expense. A housekeeper had placed in his cellar a quantity of charcoal. Having removed it in autumn, witout sweeping the dust which covered the ground, he caused a large quantity of potatoes to be laid on it. Towards the spring, those roots were preserved and had thrown out no shoots, and were as fresh and well flavored as ever.

Domestic Yeast.—Persons who are in the habit of making domestic bread, cake, &c., can easily manufacture their yeast, by attending to the following directions: Boil one pound of good flour, a quarter of a pound of brown sugar, and a little salt, in two gallons of water, for one hour: when milk warm, bottle it and cork it close. It will be fit for use in 24 hours. One pint of yeast will make 18 pounds of bread.

Monstrosity.—Dr. Scontellon, of Metz, has communicated to the Academy of Sciences, in Paris, a wonderful case of monstrosity. On the 26th of June, 1832, Catherine Ruff, aged 32, gave birth to two female children, connected together by the lower part of the chest and the upper part of the abdomen. One of them has no head, the vertebral column stopping suddenly at the level of the shoulders. They are both living and increasing in size. The mother has been invited to bring them to Paris.

American System.—During the month of August last, a young lady of Schenectady, N. Y. was delivered of *five children at one birth!!* The mother and children are all alive, healthy, and likely to live. A thousand dollars were raised in the city and gave to the mother as a premium. The young lady has been since married to the father of the infants.

To Remove Flies from a Room.—Take half a tea-spoonful of black pepper in powder, one tea-spoonful of brown sugar, and one table-spoonful of cream: mix them well together, and place them in the room on a plate, where the flies are troublesome, and they will soon disappear.

Wonders of Philosophy.—The polypus receives new life from the knife which is lifted to destroy it. The fly-spider lays an egg as large as itself. There are 4041 muscles in a caterpillar. Hook discovered 14,000 mirrors in the eyes of a drone; and to effect the respiration of a carp, 13,300 arteries, vessels, veins, and bones, &c., are necessary. The body of every spider contains four little masses pierced with a multitude of imperceptible holes, each hole permitting the passage of a single thread; all the threads, to the amount of 1000 each mass, join together, when they come out, and make the single thread with which the spider spins its web; so that what we call a spider's thread consists of more than 1000 united. Lewenhock, by means of microscopes, observed spiders no bigger than a grain of sand, who spun threads so fine that it took 4000 of them to equal in magnitude a single hair.

HOW TO CATCH CROWS.

Wilson, in his American Ornithology, says that crows have been employed to catch crows, by the following stratagem:—a live crow is pinned by the wings down to the ground on his back, by means of two sharp forked sticks: thus situated, his cries are loud and incessant, particularly if any other crows are within view. These sweeping down about him, are instantly grappled and held fast by the prostrate prisoner, with the same instinctive impulse that urges a drowning man to catch at every thing within his reach. The game being disengaged from his clutches, the trap is again ready for another experiment, and by pinning down each captive successively, as soon as taken, in a short time you will probably have a large flock screaming about you, in concert with the outrageous prisoners below. This method of catching crows is, I believe, practised in some parts of England to catch jays, who make a most violent outcry when pinned to the ground.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday 2d inst., by the Rev. R. M. Laird, *John W. Crisfield*, Esq. to Miss *Ellen R. Johnston*, all of Somerset County.

NEW AND SPLENDID Fall and Winter GOODS.

J. Richardson, Jr.,

Has the pleasure to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from market with, and is now opening,

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
FANCY & STAPLE FALL & WINTER
GOODS,

Which he selected with the greatest care from the latest importations in *New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore*, consisting in part of

Super blue, black, brown, olive, green and mixed Cloths;
Oxford steel mixed and Petersham do., for surtouts and top coats;
Diagonal, blue, brown, steel and silver mixed, &c. &c., Satlinetts;
Flannels, Blankets, Kerseys and Linseys;
Valencias, Silk Velvets, Florentines and other Vestings;
Figured and plain Merinos, of all colors;
Bombazines, Bombazetts and Circassians;
Black Italian Lustrings;
Plain and figured Gro-de-Naps;
Fancy and common Prints;
Grecian, Bobbinet, Jaconet, Swiss and Plaid Muslins;
Grecian and Bobbinet Footing, of various widths;
Thread Edging and Insertions;
Laces;
Hernana, twisted silk & fancy Handkerchiefs;
Merino and Chintz Shawls;
French Chintzs;
Blonde gauze Veils and Handkerchiefs;
Thibet wool and Merino Shawls;
White and black Fur Capes, &c. &c.;

Together with an extensive assortment of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Consisting of the usual varieties.

ALSO,

COTTON YARNS,

From No. 4 to No. 10, inclusive;

CANDLE WICKS,

Fur & Wool Hats,

FUR, SEAL-SKIN & CLOTH CAPS,
For men and boys,
CHINCHILLA CAPS, for children;

A great variety of Fancy and other

BASKETS,

Fancy Pails & Buckets,

WOODEN SPOONS,

BUTTER PRINTS, &c. &c.

Together with

GROCERIES,

China, Queens, Glass and Stone Ware;

All of which he will sell on moderate terms for cash or credit.

☞Understanding that a report has gone abroad, during my late absence, that I intended removing from the county, I take this opportunity to assure my friends and the public generally that I have no such intention; and that I mean to remain in the county and sell them Goods for the remainder of my days.

JOS. RICHARDSON, Jr.

Cambridge, Oct. 12, 1833 8w

VENDUE.

THE subscriber will sell, at *private* sale, at his residence in Cambridge, his HOUSEHOLD and KITCKEN FURNITURE, consisting in part of the following articles:—

Beds and Bed Furniture, Sideboard, Sofa, Tables, Table Covers, Clock, Chairs, Looking Glasses, Carpets, China, Enders, Tongs and Shovels, Waiters, Glass, Dressing Tables, Clothes' Presses, &c.,

And the usual Kitchen Furniture.

ALSO, two first-rate young HORSES and a second hand SULKEY.

If the above mentioned property is not sold before Monday the 4th November next, it will then be exposed at public sale. The terms are cash for all sums of $10 and under—for all sums above $10, six months credit, with good security, will be required. Sale to commence at 3 o'clock, P. M.

J. EDWIN STEWART.

N. B.—The subscriber respectfully requests all indebted to him, to make payment at or before October Court, as he expects to remove from the State immediately thereafter, and cannot give any farther indulgence.

J. EDWIN STEWART.

Cambridge, Oct. 12, 1833

VENDUE.

THE subscriber will offer for sale, at public vendue, on Thursday, the 24th of October, instant, at her residence in Todd's Point Neck, all of her stock of OXEN, COWS and YOUNG STEERS, several breeding SOWS, and HOGS, SHEEP, Corn and Fodder, Household and Kitchen Furniture and Farming Utensils; also, a good saddle and work Horse. The sale to commence at 10 o'clock; and a credit of six months will be given on all sums above five dollars.

MARY BARNETT.

Oct. 12 2w*

N. B.—The Horse will be sold at private sale, if required.

NOTICE.

STRAYED from the farm whereon J. W. Satchell lives, about the 15th of September last, a red, unmarked HEIFER, three years old—It was bought of Mark Cook, negro, Town Point Neck. Also, from my yard, two milch COWS, pied, or white and red, neither being marked in the ear. Also, at the same time, a HEIFER, bought of J. B. Lake, two years old next spring, with white back and belly and black sides. Any information respecting them will be thankfully received, and if sent to me all expenses paid.

JOHN T. WILSON.

Oct 12 3w

Mr. Callahan:—JAMES A. WADDELL, Esq., has consented to become a candidate for the next Sheriffalty, and will be strongly supported by many voters in

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

Oct. 12, 1833