ERUPTION OF MOUNT VESUVIUS.

The Noizie del Giorno of Rome, gives the following account of new phenomena presented by Mount Vesuvius—"On the 12th of August, in the afternoon, crevices of the width of several feet were remarked round the whole circumference of the old crater. On the following night a thick column of smoke rose about a mile into the air, and went in the direction of Castelmars. At three in the morning, on the 13th, three torrents of lava, issuing from the opening, formed in April last, rapidly descended in the direction of Torre del Greco, dividing in different streams. At five o'clock two other streams, proceeding from the same crater, rushed downwards towards Crocella del Cantaroni. It was remarked that two days previously, the water in the wells at Resina had begun to decrease considerably. At half past seven a loud noise was heard, repeatedly, in the interior of the mountain, and the rapidity of the lava increased. At one o'clock in the afternoon, three shocks in Mount Vesuvius caused the houses of the neighboring communes to vibrate, whilst a white column, tinctured with red by a flame which was seen moving inside, rose to a considerable height opposite the rays of the sun. This column had entirely disappeared at six in the evening.

SLEEPING PREACHER.

A little girl of eleven or twelve years of age has created some talk among the people of New Haven for several weeks, on account of her propensity to sermonize in her sleep. Dr. Griffith has taken an opportunity to be present at one of her lectures, and publishes the particulars in detail. Her language of exhortation is really astonishing for one so young; and the curious would like to know if she exhibits as much power of mind when awake. After closing her sermon she repeated a hymn, and reclined, appearing utterly exhausted, and remained quiet till, as she appeared to suppose, the hymn was sung. She then rose and pronounced the benediction in a deeply impressive manner.

Soon after she closed, she awoke with a kind of convulsion; and was very much astonished to find so many persons around her, and wished to know the cause: and when she was told there had been a meeting, she was much grieved and mortified that she should have been asleep all the time. She has been kept ignorant of the fact that she herself was the preacher.—*Boston Trav.*

The mysterious Vault of Barbadoes.—There is a vault in Barbadoes in which no one now has courage enough to deposit the dead. In 1607 the first coffin was placed in it, and since that period, in 1808, 1812, 1816, and 1819 several others have been placed there. At each time, however, nothwithstanding every precaution to prevent its recurrence, the coffins have been thrown out of place in the utmost confusion. The door of the vault requires the efforts of six men to open it, and yet this invariable result has been witnessed. There is no secret passage to the vault, nor is there any possible way of explaining the mystery.

THE BOY AND THE FIRE-FLIES.

A Fable, from the Italian.

An inexperienced boy, one night
Through lonely paths returning,
Had ta'en, to guide his steps aright,
A lantern brightly burning.

And safe he travelled by its ray,
Until, before him glancing,
He saw, along the doubtful way,
The sparkling fire-flies dancing.

Then he discarded, with disdain,
His lantern calmly beaming,
To follow this resplendent train,
In fitful radiance gleaming.

But, ere a second step he took,
He found his folly humbled;
The flying lights his path forsook,
And in a ditch he tumbled.

Then bitter anger he expressed
Against these guides beguiling;
Who thus the simple boy addressed:
"Nay, cease this vain reviling!

"The blame remains with you alone;
And half the ills men reckon,
Proceed from leaving lights well known,
To follow some false beacon."

Indigestion, according to the Almanac des Gourmands, is the "*remorse* of a guilty stomach."

The following choice and amusing specimen of English is copied from the handbill of an ingenious artist at Naples; his progress in their "vernacular" must pretty considerably astonish his English patrons: "Joseph the Cook, he offer to one illuminated public, and most particular for British knowing men in general, one remarkable, pretty, famous, and splendid collection of old goods all quite new, excavated from private personal diggings. He will sell cook clays, old marble tones with ancient bassorelievos, with stewing pots, brass sacrificing pans, and antik lamps; also, old coppers and candlesticks, with Nola jugs, Etruscan saucers, and much more intellectual minds articles; all intitling him to learned man's inspection to examine him, and supply it with illustrious protection, of whom he hope full and valourous satisfaction.—N. B. He make all the old ting brand new, and the new tings all old, for Gentlemans who has collections, and wishes to change him. He have also one manner quite original for make join two sides of different monies, producing one medallion all indeed unique, and advantage him to sell by exportation for Strange Cabinets and Museums of the Exterior Potentates." Joseph, we should add, subjoins his address, which is: Chiaja Sotto al Palazzo di Calabritto, No. 44.—*Paris paper.*

IMPUDENCE.

There is nothing that will urge a man through the world like *impudence*. It is a property which should be cultivated, for it is of immense advantage to any individual whatever may be his occupation or standing in life. It is better than wealth, talent or strict moral principle. It causes a man to be respected, his society courted, and frequently raises him to offices of profit and dignity. Demosthenes said the three great requisites for an orator were *action, action, action*. We say that a man who wishes to mingle in society, and acquire respectability among his fellow men, must have *impudence, impudence*. IMPUDENCE. It is a *sine qua non*. Reader, if you are a young man of talent, modest and retiring withal, and have no friends to puff you, and introduce you to the great world, throw modesty to the dogs, or you never will be able to purchase salt for your pudding. Study to become bold, forward, talkative—in a word, acquire Impudence; and whether you are a *merchant*, a lawyer, a farmer, a mechanic, a physician or a divine, you will soon be on the high road to wealth and preferment.—*Lowell Journal.*

THE TWO WAITERS.

Never was there a truer saying than that "misery loves company." This was very pleasantly illustrated the other day, in the case of Jacob and Jemmy, two of the waiters at a certain hotel in this city. Jacob, who feels the importance of his station as head waiter—or, as a hostler would say of his four legged animals, feels his keeping—went to a barber's to get shaved and have his hair cut. After the operation was finished, Jacob began to rummage in his pockets, as if to find the wherewithal to discharge the barber's fee. "How much do I owe you, Mr. Barber?" "One and sixpence." "Hem!" said he, stroking his chin, and viewing himself in the glass, "cheap enough too. A man feels forty per cent. better for having his beard taken off and his head trimmed. One and sixpence, I think you said?" "Yes" "Well, I declare, Mr. Barber, I—I—put on my t'other pantaloons this morning, and faith I've left my pocket-book and money at home. But you needn't be at all concerned about getting your pay, for I'm head waiter to the hotel, and I will"—"How the d—l do I know what you're waiter to?" interrupted the barber, impatiently; "I don't know you from Tom, Dick, and the D—l." "But I'll pay you, upon my honor." "Your honor! Don't tell me about your honor, but get out of my shop, and never show your rogue's face here again." Thus saying, the wrathful Knight of the Strap fell upon the waiter, and deaf to his protestations and promises, kicked him into the street. Jacob went home, and, feeling rather sore, contrived to get one of his fellow waiters into a scrape. For this purpose he pitched on Jemmy, an honest, unsuspecting Irishman. "Jim," said he, "you want shaving and trimming." "Faith and that's true enough too," said Jemmy. "I was jist thinkin of goin till the barber's afore ye spake." "I've jest been myself," said Jacob, "and I've overpaid the barber (naming him) one and sixpence, because, you see, he couldn't make change. Now, that'll jest pay for shaving you and cutting your hair." "Sure enough, and so it will," said Jemmy, "and I'll pay you another time." "Never mind that," said Jacob, "you jest mention to the barber, after you have got slicked up, that it's on my account, and he'll say it's all right."

Away went Jemmy and got smoothed up to the amount of one and sixpence. As soon as the job was completed—"I suppose, Misther Barber," said he, "it's all right, isn't it?" "All right!" exclaimed the man of suds, who had scarcely got over the irritation from the former case, "what's all right?" "Why, the cuttin iv my beard and shaving iv my hair, to be sure." "Right, yes, I suppose it's right, if you're satisfied with it." "Thank ye, Misther Barber, I'm perfectly satisfied with it, and I'll bid ye good mornin." With that, Jemmy was leaving the shop, when the barber seized him by the collar, and demanded his one and sixpence. "Aint that a pretty story now!" exclaimed the Irishman with utter astonishment, "to be after axin one and sixpence iv me, seeing as how the head waither in the —— hotel paid the same for me not an hour ago. At hearing the head waiter named again, the barber felt all his former passion reviving, together with a good deal of additional fury; and letting out the whole upon poor Jemmy, he gave him such a beating as scarcely left a sound bit of flesh in his whole body. Jemmy went home and complained bitterly of the ill usage. "What!" said the head waiter, "did the barber use you ill?" "Faith, and that's what he did," said Jemmy; "he bate me almost until a jelly." "Confound the rascal," said Jacob, "he treated me the same way, and I'm satisfied" "Satisfied of what are ye," asked the Irishman. "Of nothing, only you've got as bad a dressing as I—that's all."

From the Cumberland Civilian

We wish the Merchants, Mechanics, and all others in Cumberland, who wish to do a brisk business, to read the following remarks: they are easily understood; our columns, as they now appear, would lead persons at a distance to conclude that there were none, or very few stores, &c. in the place and consequently little or no business transacted. We are all desirous that it may become a place of vast importance—nay, many are already confident that it will become so. Not so long as they do not resort to the mode of

ADVERTISING.

We have a word to say in behalf of this too much neglected custom. Doubtless our appeal will lose much of its force, because we speak from interested motives. So we do; but others are equally, almost, interested. What gives a stranger a better idea of the business and importance of a place, than the advertisements in the newspaper? Does any one suppose that a merchant, a mechanic or a tradesman, ever lost one cent by advertising? On the contrary, will any one say that it is not a positive and absolute gain—a gain resulting from increased sales, greater notoriety of his stand and occupation, and the direction of the public eye towards his establishment.

Our merchants are now beginning to receive their large and handsome fall supply of goods—our mechanics have their shops full of the useful works of their skill and labor, and every thing is ready for the transaction of business. It is important that town and country should know this; that each man should spread before the public the inducements to visit his town and store—state what he has to sell, what he is prepared to make, and how advantageously people may deal with him. How can this be accomplished so well as by telling it on this "little of four pages," which finds its way to the poor man's cottage as well as the rich farmer's mansion; which will be seen on the merchant's desk and at the mechanic's work bench; at the tavern as well as the domestic fireside.

We repeat, that every man who advertises, will find a positive advantage to arise from it, and the town itself, as a whole, will be benefitted. Let the inquiry be made in those cities and towns where not to advertise would be not to do business, and the answer will readily be given.

And if we could induce those to whom we particularly address ourselves, to consult their own interests in this matter and thus further our interest, what after all in the end will it amount to? Only this—We should be enabled more readily to encourage those whom we employ—to lighten some little the burthen under which we in particular, and every newspaper editor labors; to beautify and perhaps enlarge our sheet, to find out some way of paying amply for what we might receive. If there can be the least objection to this, why all that we have to add, is, that people must be exceedingly hard to please.

Think on This!

PERSONS that do not pay their taxes for 1833 before the last day of next October Court, will soon thereafter be proceeded against for the same.

JEREMIAH C. WRIGHT,
Coll'r. Dor. Co.

Sept. 21

N. B.—I can be found in the Sheriff's office, in the Court House, Cambridge, every Monday forenoon, and at Mr. Bradshaw's tavern in the afternoon. J. C. W.

Mr. Callahan:—JAMES A. WADDELL, Esq., has consented to become a candidate for the next Sheriffalty, and will be strongly supported by many voters in

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

Oct. 12, 1833

FOR EASTON, ANNAPOLIS AND BALTIMORE.

THE STEAM BOAT

MARYLAND,

WILL leave Cambridge for the above places on Wednesday morning next, the 23d October, at 6 o'clock, and continue to leave on every Wednesday and Saturday throughout the season.

LEMUEL G. TAYLOR

Oct 19

N. B.—All baggage at the risk of the owners.

THE CAMBRIDGE & BALTIMORE

Packet Schooner

COL. E. RICHARDSON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he intends to run his Packet, Col E. Richardson, between this place and Baltimore, as usual; and will leave Cambridge every Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, for Baltimore, and Baltimore every Saturday morning, at the same hour, for Cambridge.

Thankful for the liberal patronage which has heretofore been extended to him, he is determined to persevere in his exertions to give entire and general satisfaction.

The Packet is furnished with a large and commodious Cabin, embracing two rooms, with sixteen berths.

He has reduced his Freights to the lowest rates. All Freights for him will be taken in at Mitchell's Granary, as usual.

All orders deposited with Hayward & Henry, Charles Corkran, or S. Mitchell, will be thankfully received and attended to with the utmost care and fidelity.

C B. FRAZIER.

Cambridge, Sept. 21, 1833

N. B.—Persons having orders, or wishing to take passage, would do well do bear in mind the hour specified for the starting of the schooner; for she will in future sail at that time with as little variation as may be.

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.

JOHN ROWINS and PETER W. WILLIS, having this day associated themselves together under the firm of

Rowins & Willis,

intend carrying on the above business in *Cambridge*, in all its various branches. If experience and a general knowledge of business—if attention and renewed exertions to please, can plead any thing in our favor, we trust we shall be able to render general satisfaction. Our shop is opposite Mr. Bradshaw's hotel, at which place one or the other of us will generally be found, and where we will be glad to receive the orders of our customers.

ROWINS & WILLIS.

Cambridge, Oct. 1, 1833. [oc 5 tf]

N B.—We have for sale an excellent GOLD LEVER WATCH. R & W.

CARD.

THE subscriber will accommodate a few Jurymen during Court. All business in his line as agent, and in his official capacity, will be promptly attended to.

JAMES HOUSTON.

Cambridge, Oct. 5

A Boot & Shoe Maker WANTED.

TO a good Boot and Shoe maker, the subscriber would give liberal wages or an interest in his shop

JACOB PATTISON.

Taylor's Island, Sept 28

CAUTION.

WE hereby forwarn all persons against purchasing from Philip H. Graham, any negro or negroes belonging to the estate of George Graham, deceased.

JOHN TURNBULL,
SHADRACH GOOTEE,
Securities for Philip H. Graham, Adm'r. of George Graham, dec'd.

Sept 28

Take Notice.

THE notes taken at the sale of the property of William Jones, of Fishing Creek, have become due. All persons who do not pay off the same by the 30th day of September next, will find them placed in the hands of officers for collection. Call on Thomas Dail, as he has the notes, and will receive the amount of the same.

LEVIN JONES,
Adm'r. of Wm. Jones, dec'd.

August 3, 1833

Notice.

THE undersigned are desirous of purchasing from 40 to 50 negroes, for the use of their plantation in Louisiana. They would be preferred in families, and as many from the same plantation as possible. Persons having servants to dispose of, will receive fair cash prices, and satisfactory evidence that they are intended for our own use and that they will not be separated, by applying to us through the Post Office a Easton.

FELIX HUSTON.
WALTER BYRNES

August 24th, 1833. tf.

A CARD.

A. WOOLFOLK wishes to inform the owners of Negroes in Maryland, Virginia, and N. Carolina, that he *is not dead*, as has been artfully represented by his opponents, but that he still lives, to give them CASH and the HIGHEST PRICES for their

NEGROES.

Persons having negroes to dispose of, will please give him a chance, by addressing him at Baltimore, where immediate attention will be paid to their wishes. Oct 6

A CARD.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Cambridge and the public that he has for sale, at his Drug Store,

GENUINE COMPOUND CHLORINE

TOOTH-WASH,

and also

COMPOUND CHLORINE

TOOTH-PASTE,

superior articles for Cleansing and Preserving the Teeth and Gums, and purifying the Breath.

He has also just received a large assortment of

FANCY ARTICLES,

such as Otto of Rose; Montpelier, Vegetable, Variegated, Fancy, Clarified and Windsor Soaps; Fancy and Plain Colognes, Lavender, Honey and Florida Waters.

DR. THOMPSON'S Vegetable Specific,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE & FEVER, &c.

Also a quantity of

LEACHES,

which he will sell, by the dozen, or apply to patients, if requested.

A. C. THOMPSON.

FOR SALE,

Several valuable young HORSES, and two very fine breed MARES—all broke to harness. Apply to

THOMAS HAYWARD.

August 31, 1833

N B—A few barrels of very superior KEEPING APPLES for sale. T. H.

TO RENT,

For the ensuing year,

THE FARM whereon Mr. Nehemiah Lecompte resides, in Castle-Haven Neck.

WILLIAM REA, Guardian
to Wm. Creighton.

July 20, 1833

TO RENT.

The HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Marshall, as a Shoe-Store, and the garden attached, would be rented for the ensuing year, if immediate application be made. Enquire of the Editor.

August 31

THE CAMBRIDGE CHRONICLE

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

At Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per annum, payable half yearly, in advance. No paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid and a specific notification to that effect is also given.

☞Advertisements not exceeding a square will be inserted three times for one dollar—and, unless otherwise ordered, continued for twenty-five cents, each subsequent insertion.

LUMBER for Sale.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform their friends that they have on hand about 40 or 50,000 feet of WHITE PINE PLANK, of various qualities, which they will sell at a very small advance for cash.

MITCHELL & SPEDDEN.

Cambridge, June 22.

WILLIAM SPEDDEN

Returns his thanks for the liberal patronage with which he has been favored since he commenced the

CABINET MAKING BUSINESS,

and takes this method of informing the public, that he still continues to carry it on, at his old stand, two doors above Mr. Thomas White's store, where he is supplied with a quantity of Materials, of every description, which he will make up at the shortest notice, for cash or country produce, on the most reasonable terms.

He will attend to all orders for COFFINS, of all kinds, and supply Hearses, at the shortest notice. June 22

GREEN'S ISLAND FOR SALE.

IT contains about ONE THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND, on or near Nanticoke river, and has several fisheries, with an extensive range of Marsh, sufficient, it is computed, to support one thousand head of cattle. Also a tract of

WOODLAND,

near the Nanticoke river, whereon is a quantity of Pine and Oak, suitable for vessel building. As timbered land situated on the water is valuable, this property may be an object to lumber merchants and others. For terms, apply to

JAMES HOUSTON, *Agent.*

Cambridge, August 3.

MARYLAND:

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, September 30, 1833.

On application of NOAH DIXON, *Executor of* JOHN WILLIS, *late of Dorchester county, deceased*, It is ordered *that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, the paper selected by him.*

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 30th day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1833.

(L.S.)

WM. W. ECCLESTON,
Register of Wills for Dorchester County

In compliance with the above order, This is to give notice, that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of John Willis, *late of Dorchester county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of April next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 30th day of September,* 1833.

NOAH DIXON,
Ex'r. of John Willis, dec'd.

October 5 3w

MARYLAND:

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, September 23, 1833.

On application of William Rea, *Executor of* John Griffin, *late of Dorchester county, deceased*, It is ordered *that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in the Cambridge Chronicle, the paper selected by him.*

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 23d day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1833.

(L.S.)

WM. W. ECCLESTON,
Register of Wills for Dorchester county

In compliance with the above order, This is to give notice that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of John Griffin, *late of Dorchester county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 15th day of May next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand, this 23d day of September,* 1833.

WILLIAM REA,
Ex'r. of John Griffin, dec'd.

Sept. 28 3w

MARYLAND:

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, September 23, 1833.

On application of Edward Pearson, *Administrator of* Sarah Graham, *late of Dorchester county, deceased*, It is ordered *that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, the paper selected by him.*

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 23d day of September, in the year of our Lord, 1833.

(L.S.)

WM. W. ECCLESTON,
Register of Wills for Dorchester county

In compliance with the above order, This is to give notice that the subscriber, of Dorchester county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Sarah Graham, *late of Dorchester county, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 4th day of April next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand, this 23d day of September,* 1833.

EDWARD PEARSON,
Adm'r. of Sarah Graham, dec'd.

Sept. 28 3w

NOTICE.

THE notes given by the purchasers of O'Connell, are now payable; and it is desired that they be promptly redeemed.

G. W. CALLAHAN.

August 3

PROSPECTUS.

Parley's Magazine

FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH.

THE design of the publishers, in this Magazine, is to offer to the public an entertaining work for children and youth; one that may become with them a favorite; one that will please and instruct them; one that they will regard not as a thing which they *must* read as a task, but which they will love to consult as a companion and friend; one, in short, the reading of which may be permitted to good children as a reward, but the denial of which may be felt as a punishment by those who are bad. It will consist chiefly of matters of fact, and the editors will endeavor to present truth and knowledge in a guise, as attractive to the youthful mind, as that in which fiction has generally been arrayed.

The title of the work is chosen, as an indication of what it is intended shall be its character. The style which the author of Peter Parley's Tales has chosen as a vehicle of instruction for youth, will be adopted in its pages, and Peter Parley, in his proper character of story teller and traveller, will often appear as a contributor. The work will comprise pieces adapted to all stages of the youthful faculties from childhood upwards. It may thus pass from hand to hand in the family circle, and the parents will not disdain to find amusement in what they are called upon to explain to their children; while the elder branches will be induced to try to lead on, by easy steps, their still younger companions to that enjoyment which they have already experienced themselves.

The contents of the work will be too various to be enumerated in this place; but in order to convey some idea of the intentions of the conductors, the following may be mentioned as forming a portion of the more prominent subjects.

I. Geographical Descriptions, of manners, customs, and countries.

II. Travels, Voyages, and Adventures, in various parts of the world.

III. Interesting Historical Notices and Anecdotes of each State, and of the United States, as well as of foreign countries.

IV. Biography, particularly of young persons.

V. Natural History, as birds, beasts, fishes, &c.; as well as plants, trees, flowers, &c.

VI. A familiar description of the Objects that daily surround Children in the Parlor, Nursery, Garden, &c.

VII. Original Tales, consisting of Home Scenes, Stories of Adventure, &c., calculated to stimulate the curiosity, exercise the affections, and improve the judgment.

VIII. An account of various trades and pursuits, and some branches of commerce.

IX. Cheerful and pleasing Rhymes, adapted to the feelings and comprehension of youth.

The publishers have made arrangements to have the work abundantly illustrated with spirited engravings, and every effort will be made to render it a useful auxiliary to the cause of education.

CONDITIONS.

The work will be issued every other Saturday, and 26 numbers will constitute the yearly volume. The price will be One Dollar a year, *payable in advance.*

To all who take six or more copies, a reasonable discount will be made.

LILLY, WAIT & CO.

April 20

LILLY, WAIT & COMPANY
PUBLISH THE

People's Magazine.

PROSPECTUS.

THE public are here presented with the first number of a work, which certainly has the claim of novelty upon their attention. Its object is to present the greatest amount of useful information and of solid instruction in the most pleasing and convenient form, and at the lowest possible price. The publishers have it in view to furnish a work for families; one which shall not only satisfy the curiosity and amuse the fancy, but which shall at the same time store the mind with useful knowledge, and prove as attractive to every reader as books of fiction. To effect this purpose, the pages of the work will embrace whatever is most interesting in books of modern travels; entertaining memoirs and biographical anecdotes; curious geographical topics; historical events and details, ancient and modern; remarkable adventures, both by sea and land; valuable discoveries and inventions, particularly in the useful arts; notices of the progress of improvement in all that relates to the comforts and conveniences of life; Natural History, with descriptions of the most remarkable quadrupeds, birds, fishes, reptiles, &c.; also trees, shrubs and plants, together with minerals, including the arts of mining, and descriptions of the most celebrated mines in the world. The various phenomena of nature likewise present subjects of unfailing interest, and to them due attention will be paid.

Such are some of the topics to which the work will be devoted, and no diligence or expense will be spared on the part of the conductors to fill its pages with the most recent and valuable intelligence relating to the various departments of knowledge.

In order to render this Magazine more useful and interesting to readers, a large number of highly-finished *Engravings* will be inserted, which may serve to convey more accurate ideas of the forms of animals, trees, plants, buildings, cities, and scenes, than any verbal descriptions could do

The editors will be particularly attentive, in the discharge of their duties, to subjects of interest relating to our *own country;* and will introduce into each number a brief view of passing events, both domestic and foreign.

On the whole, it is the desire of the publishers to produce a work, that, by its low price and obviously useful and entertaining character, shall secure the favor of the public, and become an inmate of every family.

To assist in the undertaking, the "Penny Magazine," of which two hundred thousand copies are sold weekly in England, besides many other similar publications, are regularly received, and whatever is useful and appropriate in their pages will appear in the pages of this. These resources, with the original contributions, will enable the conductors to fulfil any just expectation that may be formed in regard to the work.

CONDITIONS.—The People's Magazine is published every other Saturday, at One Dollar a year, payable in advance. The postage will be three fourths of a cent, if under 100 miles, and for the greatest distance one cent and a quarter, only. To all who take six or more copies a reasonable discount will be made. *Boston, May 25.*

PRINTING of every description neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.