CHRONICLE.

"SALUS POPULI SUPREMA EST LEX."

DAVID P. HOGE--EDITOR.

Cambridge, Md.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 8, 1836.

WHIG NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON,

Of Ohio.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

JOHN TYLER, *of Virginia.*

ELECTORS.

For the Western Shore.—WM. PRICE.
For the Eastern Shore.—THOMAS BURCHENAL.

1st District.—JOHN S. PURNELL.
2d " JAMES B. RICAUD.
3d " ELIAS BROWN.
4th " GEORGE HOWARD, DAVID HOFFMAN.
5th " ANTHONY KIMMELL.
6th " JAMES M. COALE.
7th " ROBERT W. BOWIE.

MR. VAN BUREN'S CONSISTENCY.

It will be recollected by many, that during the administration of Mr. Adams, when Mr. Van Buren was in the Senate of the United States, a mission was instituted to one of the Southern Republics, and a place designated at which the representatives of several nations on the American continent were appointed to assemble, for the purpose of deliberating on certain matters of high importance, and of discussing subjects, which, (it was believed,) affected the interests of the parties to be represented. This convention or congress of ministers was designed to be diplomatic in its character; and, although the then President deemed it within the constitutional competency of the executive, to accept the invitation of one of the South American nations, and to send to the proposed congress persons of sufficient ability to represent the interests of the United States, he declined the exercise to the full extent of his *supposed* unquestionable right, until the approbation of the Senate could be obtained. The whole affair was accordingly laid before that body, and the question of the expediency of the proposed measure, came up for consideration in both branches of our National Legislature. The opponents of the administration not only met, with all the violence of opposition, the question of the expediency of the contemplated assemblage of ministers, but denounced in no very courteous style the President, for the mere *assertion* of a right to act independently of the Senate, in reference to the institution of the mission, which right, however, it was not pretended he had attempted to exercise. Mr. Van Buren was one of the opposition, and united with the others in characterizing the *claim* of right on the part of Mr. Adams, as "a part of a long settled system, covertly to increase the influence and patronage of the Executive." Mr. Adams, (be it remembered,) out of abundant caution, and under the influence of a proper regard for the rights of the Senate, took no step in the measure until he had an opportunity of ascertaining the sense of that body as to the propriety and expediency of the mission. But, because he expressed the *opinion*, that there were no constitutional impediments which prevented him, he brought down upon himself and his administration, the bitter anathemas of Mr. Van Buren and his coadjutors in the Senate. In 1829, when Mr. Van Buren was Secretary of State, President Jackson, in the recess of the Senate, thought proper to send Commissioners to Turkey, a nation, between which and the United States, there had existed no previous diplomatic relations, for the purpose of negotiating a treaty of some kind with that power. This then was a case of precisely the same character with that which occurred in the preceeding administration, with the exception, that the objects of the missions were not identical; and this was a proceeding under the advice and sanction of Mr. Van Buren, in all its features resembling the one which Mr. Adams *thought* he *might* have taken—the mere utterance of which idea gave such offence, and called down such heavy denunciation from the ranks of the opposition. It will not do to contend that Mr. Van Buren is not chargeable with actually exercising as a right, to the exclusion of the Senate, a power which he condemned Mr. Adams for merely laying claim to, because it was President Jackson and not *he*, that did it; for in the first place, he certainly had charge of that department which attends to foreign affairs, and in the next place, he hesitates not to confess, that he approves of the measures of the present administration, and will follow in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor—taking it for granted, of course, that as he is the appointed so he will be the certain successor. How could Mr. Van Buren advise and consent to the exercise of a power by President Jackson, which, in the foregoing administration, he condemned as unwarranted by the constitution, and only seized upon with the view of pushing beyond their proper limits the powers of the Executive, for unjustifiable purposes? This, we suppose, is *one* among the many beautiful consistencies of opinion and action which the fulsome panegyrists of Martin Van Buren pourtray as the distinguishing excellences of his character. Either he was sincere in the declaration of his constitutional opinions on the subject of the extent of Executive power in relation to the measure so much discussed under the administration of Mr. Adams, or he was not. If he was not he must have been factious in his opposition; if he was, he has afforded to the American people a splendid illustration of the want of stability and firmness in his constitutional doctrines. And will the people of this country place confidence in a man whose opinions are moulded to suit his purpose—in a mere political charlatan, who condemns one day what he approves the next, and who has given the best evidence by his conduct, of a disposition to extend that "influence and patronage" which he once affected to hold in such holy dread and horror?

GEN. HARRISON.

The triumphant reception which this patriot, hero and statesman, has met with in the several cities through which he has recently passed, is an evidence of the high estimation in which his distinguished public services are held by his grateful countrymen. To him the friends of peace, order and constitutional liberty look up, for a restoration of that *pure* administration of the government which marked the by gone virtuous days of the Republic. Sick and disgusted with the corruption and profligacy of the last eight years, the people are beginning to see and feel that the safety of our institutions, and the permanency of our free and happy system of government, require at the head of national affairs men of fixed principles, undoubted moral and political honesty, and of stern, incorruptible and inflexible integrity. Unfortunately for our country such men are not now in charge of her destinies. Wicked counsels have long prevailed; and in their ascendancy experience has proved that the interests, the honor and the welfare of the Union, have been regarded as objects of secondary importance. Every thing has been made to bend to the all-engrossing passion which sways the breasts of desperate political jugglers; and every measure has been taken, to subserve the aspiring views of some despicable miscreant, who, through fawning, flattery or cunning, has crept into Executive favor. The personal aggrandizement and political advancement of reckless devoted partizans, who have prostituted themselves to the basest party services, have been the leading objects of the principal acts of the government fot the last few years; and he, who has been behind the scene, the chief adviser and prompter of every step, has even made the master whom he delights to serve, proclaim him to the people as the lawful heir to all the authority and corrupting power which that master wields. It is now high time that such a career of profligacy should be arrested by the interposition of the redeeming virtue of the people, whose confidence has been abused, whose rights have been trampled on, and whose interests have been basely betrayed. It is full time that the policy of the nation and the objects of the confederacy should be attended to, instead of the personal advantage and political promotion of corrupt and unprincipled favorites. This can only be effected by a change of administration, by confiding the chief magistracy to a man of modest worth, simple manners, pure morals and of Roman constancy; who has given to his country the best pledge that he will "rigidly maintain the honor, glory, and dignity of his native land." Such a man is the Whig candidate for the Presidency; in whose keeping we may have the fullest confidence that all will be well.

THE SLANDER, AGIAN.

We stated in our last, that some words, necessary to the correct understanding of the first part of the 19th section of a law said to have been voted for by Gen. Harrison, while a member of the Senate of Ohio, had been omitted in the previous publications of it, and we expressed the belief that they had been intentionally suppressed for base electioneering purposes. We *now* see no reason for changeing the opinion then put forth; and we venture to affirm that no candid man after a full hearing of the case, will deem the explanation which has been offered of the cause of the omission at all satisfactory. The words left out, (as we believe, by design,) were such as would have proved to the mind of every one who is in the habit of bestowing any degree of attention to the proper use and meaning of language, that the law in question had reference to a certain class of offenders, who had been found guilty and sentenced to fine and imprisonment. The manifest intention of the law was to relieve such persons from the confinement of a jail, and to afford them an opportunity of paying, by honest labor, the penalty which their crime had brought upon them, and the costs which the criminal proceeding in the courts would necessarily incur. This is a case very different from that of debtor and creditor, though wilful misrepresentations, perversions, and suppressions have been put in requisition to make it appear a law which would have authorised a creditor to sell his poor debtor as a slave. But *now*, forced to abandon this idea, and thereby to acknowledge that they have abused the public mind most egregiously, by the use which they made not long since in this county, of the mutilated and perverted section above referred to, the *Vanites* are laying hold of *other* constructions which in the recklessness of party subserviency, and under the mortification of burning shame they are eager to adopt; in order that they may make out something like an approximation to the story which they lately endeavoured to palm upon the people, and which they would even now be thrusting into credulous ears, did they not know that there is a sentinel at this time which will expose their unrighteous proceedings. How does it happen, that the words "for the non-payment of a fine and costs" were not inserted until the neutral character of the Cambridge Chronicle was laid aside? And when they were put in, why was not some notification given of the fact? Not a word was said—not a syllable to direct the eye of the public to the place where these words had been left out. Silently and stealthily they were slipped in, with the hope that the section would pass currently as previously published, and the silly story of "white slavery" again be used with its wonted effect. It has been otherwise ordered by the fates. The attempt to deceive the people though successful for a time, has been exposed, and the public can stamp the act with the seal of its censure or extend the token of its approbation. But there is something else connected with the explanation of this transaction which we purpose to examine. It is asserted that the paper in which the section under consideration appeared, copied it from a handbill. If it is intended to be understood that it was taken from a handbill sent here, from some other quarter, we deny the assertion—plainly, flatly, and positively we contradict it. We *know* the source of it, and we happen to be aware that it does not derive its origin from a handbill. If the assertion only means that it was obtained from a handbill issued from the office of the Dorchester Aurora, and that said handbill was used as copy by the printer in setting it up for the paper, then there *may* be some truth in it. If this be the meaning of the explanation it is evident that it by no means meets the charge, for the words may have been purposely kept out of the handbills, which, we recollect, were struck in the office of the Aurora. Were or were not the words "for the non-payment of a fine or costs" contained in the *paper*, not handbill, from which this much *talked* of section was obtained? This is the question.

We republish to-day Gen. Harrison's letters, and again invite the attention of the unprejudiced to them, and especially to the one of 1821, in which the true character and extent of the law for which he voted in the Senate of Ohio, are clearly stated.

MARYLAND ELECTION.

The returns from the elections in the different counties of the State, it will be seen, are not complete. So far as the several counties have been heard from the result is decidedly favourable to the Whigs—and it may be safely calculated that the Revolutionists and Vanites are beaten horse, foot, and dragoons.

	WHIG.		V. B.	
COUNTIES.	Delegates.....	Sheriff.....	Delegates.....	Sheriff.....
Allegany,	0	0	0	0
Washington,	0	0	4	1
Frederick,	4	0	0	1
Montgomery,	4	1	0	0
Prince George's,	4	1	0	0
Calvert,	3	0	1	0
Charles,	0	0	0	0
St. Mary's,	0	0	0	0
Annapolis city,	2	0	0	0
Anne Arundel,	4	1	0	0
Baltimore city,	0	0	2	1
Baltimore county,	0	0	4	0
Harford,	2	1	2	0
Cecil,	0	0	4	1
Kent,	4	1	0	0
Queen Anne's,	0	0	0	0
Talbot,	4	1	0	0
Caroline,	*3	*0	0	0
Dorchester,	4	1	0	0
Somerset,	4	1	0	0
Worcester,	4	1	0	0
Total,	00	00	00	00

*There is a tie between two Van Buren Delegates, and also between a Harrison and Van Buren Sheriff, in Caroline.

DORCHESTER COUNTY.

DISTRICTS.	Legislature. CANDIDATES.	Sheriff. CANDIDATES.
Fork	*James A. Waddell, 63	†Henry Cook, 91
New Market	†Henry Cook, 158	*Thomas H. Hicks, 61
Vienna	*Thomas H. Hicks, 143	*Benj. G. Keene, 60
Par. Creek	*Benj. G. Keene, 143	*T. H. Eccleston, 60
Lake's	*T. H. Eccleston, 218	*William Frazier, 57
Hoop. Island	*William Frazier, 61	†Henry Keene, 92
Cambridge	†Henry Keene, 249	†John Rowins, 95
Neck	†John Rowins, 66	†Levi D. Travers, 90
Total	†Levi D. Travers, 1101	†Richard Pattison, 62

Fork	63	91	158	143	143	218	61	249	66	189	184	104	70	12	159	69	929
New Market	158	178	143	143	143	70	12	154	84	188	183	112	71	13	155	69	831
Vienna	143	146	146	137	214	61	239	81	1101	183	112	71	64	11	159	69	884
Par. Creek	143	133	133	137	223	62	237	80	1071	112	71	64	104	70	842	70	1042
Lake's	218	70	137	223	214	60	228	80	1055	71	64	104	187	195	72	14	154
Hoop. Island	61	12	61	62	60	228	80	1055	81	64	11	159	69	95	211	59	281
Cambridge	249	154	239	237	228	80	1071	81	1065	159	159	70	884	187	130	181	1042
Neck	66	84	81	80	80	1055	1101	1065	1042	69	69	842	69	104	211	92	183
Total	1101	884	1065	1071	1055	1042	154	281	183	929	831	1042	884	187	183	141	192

Note.—The names marked thus * are those of the Whig candidates—those marked thus †, the Van Buren.

How it works.—The United States Gazette of yesterday says—"The result of Mr. Dallas's letter, and the "running off" of the "glorious nineteen" of Maryland, may already be fairly estimated as a nett gain of five thousand to the Whig cause in Pennsylvania, and the work is still going on. The farmers of the interior are enquiring whether their titles are safe, and whether it is better to revolutionize *yet*, as the Van Buren men do in Maryland. Never did the public opinion more steadily and effectually commend the poisoned chalice to the lips of those who prepared the ingredients, than it has done in the case of Pennsylvania and Maryland."

FRANCIS THOMAS.

We learn that the withdrawal of the Van Buren tickets in Frederick and Anne Arundel counties, was the work of the gentleman whose name heads this article. He is, indeed, the chief conspirator, the Cataline who leads the atrocious attempt upon the political existence of the State of Maryland. He is now on a pilgrimage throughout the State, and we have not the least doubt, that we shall hear this day, that, through his instrumentality, the ticket in Montgomery has been withdrawn.

Notwithstanding the present apparent influence of Mr. Thomas in this State, we are confident that he is destined to a speedy and a final fall. He is about to realize the end of the demagogue. He will find that he has raised a storm which he cannot direct, and he is now striving to avert its wrath, by inducing his friends to retreat, under a false issue. But this will not avail him. We have not the slightest doubt that a clear majority of the entire people of Maryland will speak out upon this subject, and that they will consign Mr. Thomas and his band of Destructives to endless obscurity.—*Balt. Chron.*

MARRIED,

On Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Massey, Mr. *John Dawson*, to Miss *Maria James*, both of this town.

☞The Orphans' Court of this county will sit on Tuesday next.

NOTICE.

BY authority of Henry Cooper, of the State of Indiana, I will sell, at public sale, on Saturday, 22d instant, between the hours of two and four o'clock, at my store, on Church Creek, to the highest and best bidder, a valuable farm in Brannock's Neck, originally the property of Edward B Cooper, and now in the occupancy of John Brannock, sen. This is a delightful farm, beautifully situated on the waters of Fishing Creek, and contains about

150 acres of Land.

The improvements are good, and the timber fine. The terms will be one third cash on the day of sale, one third in twelve months and the other third in eighteen months, with interest from the 1st day of January next.

NOAH DIXON.

Oct. 8 3w

TO RENT,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

The TAVERN STAND in East New Market, at present occupied by James Lecompte. For terms, apply to the subscriber.

JOSEPH BRADSHAW.

Oct. 8

TO RENT,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

The "Stepney View" Farm, beautifully situated on the Great Choptank river, and at present under the tenure of St. George E. Roberts. For terms, apply to

JOHN D. STEPHENS.

Oct. 8 tf.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, intending to leave the county this fall, would dispose of his ENTIRE STOCK OF

GOODS.

Persons wishing to commence the Mercantile Business, would do well to call, as the Goods have been selected with great care, and are such as are adapted to the present season. Those wishing to engage in the above business, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

NICHOLAS B. PRITCHARD.

Oct. 8 3w

N. B.—All those indebted to the late firm of Pritchard & Smith, and to the subscriber individually, are notified, *for the last time*, that if they do not come forward, on or before the 1st day of November next, and liquidate their accounts, they may, without respect of persons, expect to be warranted and executed, for I will not wait any longer.

N. B. P.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Dorchester County Court, and to the Sheriff directed, at the suit of Dr Joseph E. Muse, against Archibald F. Reagan, I will offer at public sale, on Saturday, the 29th instant, all the said Reagan's right and title to the following property, to wit:—The farm whereon he now lives, be it called by whatsoever name or names it may, and be the number of acres it contains what it may; 500 cords of pine wood, more or less; 3 beds, bedsteads and furniture; 6 chairs; 1 ox cart; and 10 head of cattle. Taken in execution, and will be sold to satisfy the above writ and costs.

WALTER KIRBY, Dep. Shff.

Oct. 5

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, letters of administration on the porsonal estate of the late Chas. W. Pitt, of said county. All persons having claims against the deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of April next; they may, otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. It is the intention of the subscriber to pay a large dividend to the creditors, immedietely; for which purpose he has fonds in hand: and continue to pay dividends as assets shall be received. All persons indebted to the estate are *requested and expected to make immediate payment.*

THOMAS I. H. ECCLESTON,
Adm'r. of C. W. Pitt, dec'd.

Oct. 8 3w

30 dollars Reward.

RANAWAY, on the 4th instant, from the subscriber, living in Straits Hundred, a negro man, named WEST, about eighteen or nineteen years of age, five feet nine inches high, of rather dark though not very black color, of slender form and tolerably pert and quick when spoken to. The clothes which said negro had on when he went away are not recollected. He is believed to be lurking as yet somewhere in the county, perhaps in the neighborhood.

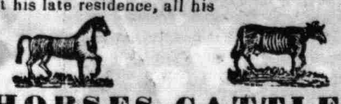
The above reward of $30 will be given for the apprehension of the above named negro, if he be taken in the county, or $50 if out of the county—provided he be delivered to the subscriber, or secured in some jail so that he get him again.

GEORGE MISTER.

Oct. 8

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having determined to quit farming, will sell at public sale, on Thursday, the 13th of October, instant, at his late residence, all his



HORSES, CATTLE,

FARMING UTENSILS, CARTS, and HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

Terms of Sale.—On all sums of and above ten dollars, a credit of six months will be given, the purchasers giving note with approved security. On all sums under ten dollars the cash will be required.

GEORGE PHILLIPS.

Near Vienna, Oct. 1 2w

N. B. I have a good fast sailing SCHOONER which I would sell low for cash. G. P.

CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon. Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell, on Saturday, the 22d day of October, instant, all that

Tract of Land

lying in the Fork, once owned by Joseph and John Douglas. Joseph Douglas sold his interest to William Powell, and the latter sold his interest to William Wheatley. The number of acres is not now known, but will be ascertained before the day of sale. The sale will take place at New Market, between the hours of 11 and 12 in the morning. Those disposed to purchase will view the property before the day of sale, and therefore a particular description is not necessary. The terms of sale will be one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance in six and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest from the day of sale, and all secured in a manner approved by the trustee.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

Oct. 1 4w

TO LET,

FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

THE FAIR VIEW FARM. For terms, apply to

S. WAGGAMAN.

Cambridge, Oct. 1 tf

CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon. Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell on Saturday, the 5th day of November, the following

REAL ESTATE

of which Clinton Handley died seized, to wit: Handley's Venture, lying about two miles from Salem, and containing

229 acres.

The improvements are not very good. There is a sufficient quantity of wood and timber, and the land is considered productive. The sale will be made at Vienna, between the hours of 11 and 12 in the morning; and the terms will be one fourth cash and the balance in six months from the day of sale, with interest on the whole amount till paid.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

Oct. 1 6w

CHANCERY SALE.

BY the authority of the Chancellor of Maryland, I will sell, on Saturday, the 5th day of November next, that

Tract of Land

devised by Stephen Lecompte to his son Levin Lecompte, and of which the latter died seized. This property contains about

300 ACRES,

a fair proportion of which is in wood and timber, and it lies about two miles from Salem; the arable land is productive, and the improvements are not very good. The terms of sale will be one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance in six and twelve months from the day of sale, with interest on the whole amount till paid, with security approved by the trustee. The sale will take place at Vienna, between the hours of 11 and 12 in the morning, on the day aforesaid.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

Oct. 1 6w

The Aurora will please insert the above three times, and charge this office.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has opened a HOUSE OF PUBLIC ENTERTAINMENT at that long established Tavern House, the property of Joshua Bratten, Esq., known by the name of Barron Creek Springs, which will be kept in good order. He pledges himself to keep the best table the market will afford, and pay good attention to those who may call to give him a trial.

JESSE D. BRADLEY.

July 9

PLASTERING.

THE subscriber wishes to inform the citizens of Dorchester and the public generally, that he now resides at Cambridge, and intends working in any part of this or of the adjoining counties where he may be called. Persons having work in his line to be done will probably subserve their interest by employing him, as he is determined to give strict attention to business, and to execute orders on the most reasonable terms.

JOHN MOWBRAY, Jr.

Cambridge, April 23 tf

Six Cents Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber, some weeks past, an indentured black girl, named SUSAN BUSICK, aged about 14 years. The above reward will be given for her apprehension and delivery to the subscriber.

SAMUEL KEENE, of B.

Sept. 17 3w

For Sale,

A FINE CHESTER PONY, four years old, and tolerably well broke. Apply to the Editor of the Chronicle, or JOHN R. KEENE, Jr.

April 30th tf

Coach, Gig & Harness

MAKERS.

THE undersigned respectfully present their thanks to their friends and the public of Talbot and the adjacent counties, for the many favors and flattering support they continue to receive in their line, and now beg leave to inform them that they are prepared to furnish

Coaches, Barouches, CHARIOTEES, GIGS,

SULKIES, BUGGIES, *CARRY-ALLS,*

or any description of Carriage, at the shortest notice, in the most fashionable and substantial manner, and on the most accommodating terms. They assure those gentlemen and ladies who are fond of elegance, ease and pleasure that there is no necessity of sending to the cities for handsome and good carriages, as their work will bear comparison and examination with the best city work, and has stood the test of time and criticism; they will also say, that they will use every exertion to merit the unbounded confidence and patronage their work has received from a generous and discerning public, nearly all over the Eastern Shore of Maryland,

Having enlarged their establishment considerably, and keeping constantly on hand a large and complete assortment of

MATERIALS,

with the assistance of the best of Workmen, they will be thankful to fill all orders.—Gentlemen and Ladies at a distance have only to specify the kind of carriage and price, and have it brought to their own door, free of charge. All kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice, in the best manner, and on the most pleasing terms. Silver Plating of every description done in the establishment; and all kinds of Steel Springs made and repaired.

They have now on hand a handsome assortment of CARRIAGES, both new and second hand, of various kinds and prices; and they solicit an early call from their friends and the public generally.

The public's ob't. serv'ts.,

ANDERSON & HOPKINS.

Easton, Talbot county, Md., April 16.

P. S. They have for sale a pair of handsome young HORSES, well matched, coloblood bay, warranted sound and kind to harness; also, a first rate GIG-HORSE

WANTING—Three Apprentices to the above business, of moral habits, from 14 to 16 years of age.

POSTPONED CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon. Chancellor, I will sell, to the highest and best bidder, all the

REAL ESTATE

hereinafter described, of which Joseph and John Douglass were once seized, to wit: part of Smith's Ending, part of Adam's Dear Purchase, and part of addition to Bartlett's Meadows, containing

472 acres.

Joseph Douglass sold his interest in this land, being one moiety, to William Wheatley, and being incapable of division, is sold, and the money will be distributed according to law, to the several parties entitled.

The sale will take place at New Market, on Saturday, 13th day of August, between 11 and 12 o'clock, and the terms will be one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance in six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale, with interest on the whole sum till paid.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

July 30 3w

☞The sale of the Land above mentioned is postponed until *Saturday, the 27th of August, instant.* H. PAGE, Trustee.

August 6 4w

☞*The sale of the Real Estate advertised above is further postponed until Saturday, the 10th of September next.*

H. PAGE, Trustee.

August 13 5w

☞The sale of the Real Estate mentioned above is further postponed until *Saturday* the 22d of October next.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

Sept. 24 5w

Postponed CHANCERY SALE.

PURSUANT to authority derived from the Hon. Chancellor, I will sell, to the highest and best bidder, the following and all other

Real Estate

of which Revel Langford died seized, to wit: Part of Hog Yard, part of Dixon's Discovery, and part of Adam's Venture, containing

187¾ *acres.*

The sale will take place at New Market, on Saturday, 13th day of August, between 11 and 12 o'clock, and the terms will be one fourth cash on the day of sale, the balance to be paid in six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale, with interest on the whole sum till paid.

The creditors of Revel Langford are notified to file their accounts, properly authenticated, in the Chancery Office, at Annapolis, within six months from the day of sale.

H. PAGE, Trustee.

July 30 3w

☞The sale of the Land above mentioned is postponed until *Saturday, the 27th of August, instant.* H. PAGE, Trustee.

August 6 4w

☞*The sale of the Real Estate above mentioned is further postponed until Saturday, the 10th of September next.*

H. PAGE, Trsutee.

August 13 5w

☞The sale of the above mentioned Land is further postponed until *Saturday* the 22d of October next. H. PAGE, Trustee.

Sept. 24 5w

NOTICE.

AN ENTIRE STOCK OF

New Goods.

JUST received by the subscriber, in the store house formerly occupied by Mr. Charles Corkran, and lately by Mr. Francis J. Henry, nearly opposite Messrs. Samuel & E. P. Lecompte's. The stock is selected from the latest importations, and being all new, offers inducements to purchasers to call and see the Goods; and for cash or short credit bargains may be had. I invite the public to examine before they buy.

THOMAS HAYWARD.

Cambridge, August 27, 1836 tf

Collector's Notice.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the taxable inhabitants of Dorchester county, that his Books (as Collector) are now posted, and that he is ready to receive the Taxes for the present year, which he hopes they will pay without delay. He will generally be in Cambridge, (at Mr. Bradshaw's,) on Mondays and all public occasions. He expects also to visit the different sections of the county, with the view to wait on the respective citizens thereof who shall be indebted for County Charge, and he trusts they will be prepared to discharge their accounts.

JOHN R. MARTIN,
July 30 tf Collector Dor. Co.

600 DOLLARS Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on Monday last, the 12th of September, instant, three likely negro men, called

Dolph, Alec & Alfred.

Dolph is from 30 to 35 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, very black, round shouldered and walks clumsily.

Alec, aged about 25 years, is about 5 feet 10 inches high, spare made, and of a brown chesnut color. He is slow of speech and is very much addicted to excessive drinking of ardent spirits.

Alfred, who generally stammers a little but at times considerably, is about 5 feet 4 inches high, well-formed, of a light chesnut complexion, and about 22 years old.

The above named reward of six hundred dollars will be paid for the apprehension of these negroes, if they be taken out of this county; or two hundred dollars for any one of them. But if taken in the county, three hundred dollars for all, or one hundred for each of them—Provided, in either case, that they be secured in Cambridge jail, so that the owner get them again.

ISAAC S. MEEKINS.

Cambridge, E. S., Md., Sept. 17, 1836

The Delaware Journal, Baltimore American and Philadelphia U. S Gazette, are requested to publish this advertisement each to the amount of two dollars and charge the Cambridge Chronicle.