to know what will be the effect of this system when brought into action; what its modes of operation.—Is it designed to regulate the currency and equalize exchanges by affording a circulation bearing a permanent and identical value in all parts of the country? Will it operate as a check upon issues made by local institutions upon an insecure basis? To all such inquries the language of the last Message furnishes an answer to the effect that no connection whatever will exist between the Government Sub-Treasury and the Banking system of the country.—The currency must take care of itself—exchanges may run upon four legs or upon two—the people must not expect too much at the hands of the Government, and business men must look out for themselves. The end and aim of the Sub-Treasury, we are told, is—*the safe keeping of the public money!*—For this highly desirable purpose stone buildings with iron gratings are to be provided, constructed with huge vaults and impenetrable closets lined with asbetos and secured by bars and double bolted locks; and in order that large sums may not be carried off in a pocket book, the public revenues are to be collected in specie—metallic substance, bulky and ponderous, that will give forth betraying sounds and clink out the discovery of an abscouding purloiner.

This, we are to believe, is the sagacious scheme long brooded over in politic councils, matured by earnest thought, and now to be brought forth to soothe the anguish of a long tortured country—to remedy all ills, to restore prosperity; to re-establish the down trodden interests of every branch of domestic industry. Upon this wonderful conception, legislative councils have sat in grave incubation, seemingly unconscious whether the result was to be a chick or a serpent.

But there are other things to be touched upon in reference to the real character of this project, which we design to make the subject of future examination—unless, indeed, the oblivion into which it seems to have fallen in the House of Representatives shall render such notice unnecessary.

From the Pilot.

HOW STANDS THE QUESTION?

From the best consideration of the subject, which we can give, the state of the Presidential election, may be set down as follows:

For Gen. Harrison,—	Vermont	7
	Massachusetts	14
	R. Island	4
	Connecticut	8
	New Jersey	8
	New York	42
	Delaware	3
	Maryland	10
	Ohio	21
	Indiana	9
	Kentucky	15
	Illinois	5
	Michigan	8
	making—	149
For Mr. Van Buren.—	Maine	10
	N. Hampshire	7
	Arkansas	3
	Mississippi	5
	Georgia	11
	Alabama	7
	S. Carolina	11
	six states giving	54
Doubtful	Pennsylvania	30
	Missouri	4
	Tennessee	15
	Louisiana	5
	N. Carolina	15
	Virginia	23
		92

It will thus be seen that the whole electoral vote is 295, and that taking all the states, assumed as certain for Gen. Harrison, he will be elected by a single vote—that should he lose New York, and carry Pennsylvania and Virginia he will be elected by twelve vote and should he lose Maryland and New York, he must get Tennessee, or North Carolina, on some other state in addition to Pennsylvania and Virginia, to be elected.

We ask our readers to examine this table as sensible men. We ask them to look at the Virginia Electoral ticket, and ponder for a moment on the names of those who compose it. We happen to know the political opinions of thirteen of the twenty-three, and of that thirteen, eleven were original friends of General Jackson, and State rights men. When we go into Ohio, Kentucky, Indianna, Illinois, North Carolina, and the South, we will find many who were originally for Jackson and State rights men, who are now among the most active and zealous supportors of General Harrison, and we know that there are many others who, if they can be induced to hear argument and believe facts, will swell the number, and who are deterred by apprehensions, that Gen. Harrison, if elected, will be under the influence of men, whose political opinions and principles they disapprove; whose objections are not to what they know him to be, but to what they fear he may become, under the influences that will surround him.

From the Newberg Gazette.

REDUCTION OF WAGES.

The present wayward and propigate national administration, not content with the many and grievous wrongs it has committed upon the mercantile and commercial interests, has at last levelled a direct blow at the laboring classes. By a recent "order" the wages of the laborers upon all, or nearly all of the public works in the United States, have been "cut down" some twenty-five per cent. In New York the wages of the laborers in the Navy Yard have been "cut down," whilst the Custom-House-office-holding-aristocracy are allowed the same magnificent salaries that they received when times were prosperous and business flourishing. In the national armory, at Springfield, Mass., the laborers are required to perform an increased amount of labor daily, without receiving and additional compensation, which is paramount to a curtailment of wages. And yet, in the face of all these facts, the party presses have the impudence to tell the people that "Martin Van Buren is the sincere and warm friend of the poor man!" Out upon such hypocrisy. His friendship for the poor man is about as sincere, & precisely like that which the hungry wolf feels for the innocent lamb!

From the Newburg Gazette.

FROM FLORIDA.

The keeper of the brave blood hounds having Swartwouted, the dogs are likely to become good for nothing. Col. Twigs' expedition has returned accomplishing nothing but the destruction of several fields of corn! The Colonel says that his regiment of hounds became disorderly and absolutely refused to follow the trail of the Indians!—Monstrous!

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

OFFICE OF THE PATRIOT,
April 17th, 1840.

FLOUR—Howard Street.	$4,62 1-2 $4,81
City Mills.	$4,87 1-2 $5,00
WHEAT—Prime Red.	$0,95 a 1,00
White,	$1,05 a 1,10
CORN—Yellow,	49 a 50 cts
White,	53 cts.
RYE,	40 cts.
OATS,	27 a 28 cts.
CLOVER SEED,	$9 a 10
BACON—New, Hog round,	9 1-2 cts.

BARK.

The subscriber will give the very *highest prices* for CHESNUT OR SPANISH OAK BARK.—persons having the article to dispose of would do well to address the subscriber.

DANIEL T. HYDE,
Annapolis Md.

☞An apprentice will be taken to the tanning business.

April 25, 184n. 11w.

Trustee's Sale.

Pursuant to authority derived from the chief Justice of the Orphans Court of Dorchester county, I well sell on

MONDAY the 18th day June next,

at the court House door in Cambridge, to the highest and best bidder for CASH, all that farm and plantation, lying and being in Griffith's Neck in Dorchester county, near cedar landing, on which Jacob Willey now resides—and which was sold by Henry Page, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Robert Hart, dec'd.; to the said Willey.

The title to the above farm will be made satisfactory, or the sale will not be obligatory.

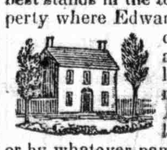
H. PACE, Trustee.

April 25 1840 tds.

Commissioners Sale of

VALUABLE PROPERTY.

BY virtue of an order of Dorchester County court the subscribers, as Commissioners, will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on Monday the 25th, day of May next, between the hours of 11 & 12 A. M. at the Court House door, in the town of Cambridge, all that valuable property, of which William Marshall, late of said county, deceased, died, and possessed, consisting of the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit; The property situated at the Cross Roads in the town of Cambridge where William Lecompte now resides, embracing about three acres, more or less, consisting of a good two storied Dwelling House—Store House, &c. This situation is highly desirable, and is about one of the best stands in the town for business—also the property where Edward A. Marshall, resides, consiting



of a Dwelling House, Store house, and other necessary out houses, located very favorably for business in the town of Cambridge.

Also, a tract or parcel of land called "Ennalls Indian Purchase," or by whatever name it may, now occupied by Thomas Wingate, containing

142 ACRES,

more or less. There is a good deal of valuable timber and wood attached to this tract, very convenient to navigable water. The cleared land is quite productive and the improvements are good and substantial, and the entire situation, commands advantages rarely possessed. The whole of the above property is subject to a right of dower of Mrs. Elizabeth Wingate, wife of Thomes Wingate, and will be sold in parcels according to this advertisement.

The terms of sale as prescribed by the Court are that the purchase money be paid in six and twelve months from the day of sale and the payment thereof to be secured by bond of the purchaser with surety to be approved by the Commissioners. Before the ratification of the sale and the payment of the entire purchase money, the subscribers as Commissioners, shall by a good deed convey to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her, or their heirs or assigns, the property to him, her or them sold.

HOOBER RAWLINGS,
SAMUEL COOK, } Commr's.
JOHN ROBERSON.

April 25th, 1840. tds

MARYLAND:
Dorchester County Orphans' Court,
4th day of April, 1840.

ON application of John S. Staplefort administrator of Arthur Pritchett of E late of Dorchester Conty deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims againt the deceased's estate, and that they cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied §§§§§§§§ from the minutes of the proceedings of Dor- ‖ L. S. ‖ chester County Orphans' Court, I have §§§§§§§§ hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 4th day of April in the year of our Lord 1840.

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester Co.

In compliance with the above order, This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Executor on the personal estate of Arthur Pritchett of E. late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 4th day of October 1840, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day of April 1840.

JOHN S. STAPLEFORT
admr. of Arthur Pritchett of E.

April 18 1840 3w

JOB WORK DONE AT THIS OFFICE. AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

A CARD.

J. M. FAULKNER.

OFFERS his services as agent and private collector. Drawing deeds, mortgages, bills of sales, powers of Attorneys, Indentures of apprentices, leases, Bonds, Insolvent Petitions, Agreements, and other instruments of writing, on his usual liberal terms, having had a long experience in public business transactions, and a desire still to please all who may think fit to call on him, he still hopes to share at least a part of the public patronage.

Easton, Aprl 8th 1840——3w

MARYLAND:
Dorchester County Orphans Court,
4th day of April 1840.

ON application of William Henry Akers administrator of Mary King late of Dorchester county, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate, and that she cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a papers selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorches- §§§§§§§§ ter County Orphans' Court, I have here ‖ L. S. ‖ unto set my name, and the seal of my §§§§§§§§ office affixed, this 4th day of April in the year of our Lord, 1840.

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester Co

In compliance with the above order, This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters as Administration on he personal estate of Mary King late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers there of, to the subscriber on or before the 4th day of October 1840, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day of April 1840.

WILLIAM H. AKERS,
admr of Mary King.

April 18 1840 3w.

Dorchester County Court,
April Term 1840.

ORDERED, that the report of Samuel G. Fleharty, trustee for the sale of the real estate of Mathew *W.* Bonner, an insolvent petitioner, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown before the second day of October term next. Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in the town of Cambridge, once in each of three successive weeks, before the first day of June next. The report states the amount of sales to be $1500.00.

BRICE J. GOLDSBOROUGH.

Test, E. Richardson, cl'k.
April 18 1840. 3w

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public to his assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

just received from Baltimore They were selected with regard to their cheapness and quality, and cannot fail to please. He invites his friends to call and examine them.

FRAN C HENRY.

April 11 1840. 3w

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his customers and the public generally that he has just received from market a supply of

NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS,

which he offers for sale on the most accommodating terms. He feels confident the cheapness and quality of his articles will recommed them to those who may wish to purchase.

WILLIAM A. SULIVANE.

April 11 1840. 3w

$5 REWARD.

Ranaway from the subscriber living in Dorchester county, an apprentice boy named JOHN MEEKINS. I will pay the above reward to any one who will apprehend the said boy and deliver him to me, free of charges. All persons are forwarned harboring or employing the said boy, under penalty of the act of assembly in such cases provided.

LEVIN DUNNOCK of Jno.

April 11 1940. 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BX virtue of a writ of fiera facias issued by Solomon Robinson Esq., and to the Sheriff directed, at the suit of Ignatius B. Newton against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Charity Bonner, I will offer at public sale on

WEDNESDAY THE 1ST. DAY OF MAY

next, at East New Market, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, for cash, all that tract or parcel of land whereon the said Charity Bonner no lives let the name be called what it may, or contain whatsoever quantity of acres it may, seized and taken into execution as the property of the said Bonner and will be sold to satisfy said fiera facias and costs due and to become due. Attendance given by

WILLIAM H. AKERS,
Deputy Sheriff.

April 11 1840——tds

NOTICE.

THE subscriber avails himself of this opportunity to inform those who are indebted to him that he is much pressed for want of funds, and he will take it as a particular favor if they call and settle which he hopes they will have an opportunity of doing at our court. He has heretofore been very indulgent to those who owed him, indeed too indulgent for his own interest. In justice to himself, family and creditors, it is absolutely necessary to collect what is due to him. He trusts the occasion will be considered an ample apology for this indispensible call. The public's ob't. serv't.

WM. H. YATES.

April, 4. 1840——3t

$10 Reward

To be Delivered in Cambridge Md.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on Monday night 6th of April, 1840.

James W. Rawlings, an indented apprentice to the Shoe Making business, in his 20th, year of age. His hair is black and complection cloudy. Had on when left Dark Roundabout blue Pantaloons and a black Woolen net cap. He has an Aunt living in the neighbourhooh of Hillsborough. All persons are forwarned form harboring or employing him, as the law will be strictly enforced against them. So far as understood he has passed by the name of John Dunbar.

WILLIAM WINGATE.

Cambridge, April 11th 1840. 3w

☞The Centreville Times, will copy the above Advertisement to the amount of $1, and charge this office.

LIME AND FEED STORE,

No. 4 Hollingsworth Street, 2 doors from Pratt,

BALTIMORE.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from Light street to No. 4 Hollingsworth Street, and, grateful for past favors, still solicits a share of public patronage, and now offers for sale

50,000 lbs. Corn Meal,
30.000 lbs. Chop Rye,
800 bushels Oats,
300 bushels Corn,
150 bushels Rye,
500 two Bushel Bags, and
Mill Feed.

Also LIME by the wagon or cart load delivered in any part of the city; and LIME either in hogsheads or barrels, delivered at any of the wharves at the shortest notice. Also BRICKS, HAIR and GROUND PLASTER, by

WILLIAM ROBINSON,
No. 4 Hollingsworth St. near Pratt.

April 11 1840. 3w

THE undersigned proposes to publish in the city of Baltimore, a newspaper to be called

"THE PILOT."

Born and educated in the west, he has known General Harrison personally, and been familiar with his public life since the commencement of the war. He has known Mr. Van Buren, and closely observed his career since 1826.

The chief inducement to resume the arduous and responsible duties of an Editor is the hope that he may now contribute something towards the election of General *H*arrison. The fidelity, ability, firmness and moderation with which that eminent citizen has discharged the most responsible and difficult public trusts—his unexampled popularity as the chief magistrate of the Territories N. W. of the Ohio,—the unimpeached integrity of his public life; his amiable, courteous and dignified respect for the laws and public opinion, are guarantees, that, if elected, he will bring into the administration faithful, competent and honest men; who will devote all the constitutional means of the Government to restore confidence, and thus revive the industry, enterprise, credit and prosperity of the Country; now paralyzed by unfaithful and incompetent public agents.

The PILOT will review the course of the present administration, and discuss freely the fraudulent speculations in the public lands, and their connexion with the subsequent warfare on the banking institutions of the country. In doing this the present and the past administration will be identified, and their measures examined and contrasted,—the present unexampled condition of the country, the causes in which it originated, and the inevitable consequences of continuing power in the same hands will be boldly and faithfully treated.

The undersigned believes that the Federal Government is a compact between the States, intended by a more perfect union, to harmonise, as far as possible, what would otherwise have been at conflict between local interests,—and that this is no less a duty than the protection of our foreign commerce. The benefits to flow from a well digested system of Internal Improvements, whether it be considered as a means of defence in case of invasion, or insurrection; of conveying the products of the interior to market, or of transporting the mail, are so palpable that the only objections heretofore urged against appropriations to that object, have been made by those who denied the power of the Federal Government; or by others who, admitting the power, denied the expediency, under the existing state of the Treasury. The understgned believas that the Federal Government may, by permanent contracts with rail road companies, for the transportation of the mail and troops and munitions of war, on the leading routes of travel, accomplish a general system of Internal Improvements; and will enforce the propriety of doing so, and endeavour to show how this may be done by an enlightened use of the public credit;—and also to develope the incidental advantages to flow from such a measure, by sustaining the credit of the States, and thus restoring public and private confidence.

Baltimore is central, and in some respects, the best point, at which to concentrate political intelligence. Should the expectations of the Editor be realized, the "Pilot" will become the medium of diffusing the intelligence thus concentrated; and whatever an earnest zeal, some experience, and unceasing industry can do, will be done to render it acceptable, as a Commercial, Scientifick Literary and Miscellaneous, as well as a political newspaper.—It will treat political opponents with candor and fairness. but will be firm and decided in support of the men, the measures and the principles whose support may be identified with the welfare of the country; and if in doing this, it shall be necessary to retaliate, or to carry the "war into Africa," it will be done—the Editor will not falter in the discharge of his duty, to please a subscriber or to gain an advertisement—his press will be free and he will fearlessly discharge his duty.

It is proposed to issue a daily paper at six dollars per annum, a semi-weekly at five dollars per annum and an extra in pamphlet, double Royal size, and devoted exclusively to the Presidential Election for one dollar, the first number to be issued on the first of May.

The first No. of the daily will be issued as soon as a sufficient subscription to justify the undertaking shall have been obtained.

The Editor is admonished by the past, and will not again subject himself to heavy losses. It is in the power of those who desire the election of Gen. Harrison, to remunerate his services, and this proposition is submitted under the expectation that an effort will be made, and especially, by the young men of the party, to aid him in weathering the storm.

DUFF GREEN.

TERMS—Payable in advance. Daily Pilot, per annum, Six Dollars. Single Daily Paper, two cents. Semi-weekly, per annum, Five dollars. Extra. from May 1st to 15th Nov. in pamphlet royal size, One Dollar. Advertisements at the usual rates.

☞Editors friendly to the election of General *H*arrison are requested to insert this prospectus.

April 4, 1840.

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.

AS times are hard, and money scarce I intend hereafter to draw deeds, & other instruments of writing, for the following prices, that is to say:—

For a deed from Commissioners under the act of discents, whether sold, or taken at the Valuation.	$2.00
For a deed from the sheriff and special return whether sold by Virtue of a Venditioni Exponas, or Fieri facias.	2.00
For a deed of General Warranty.	1.50
For a deed of Special Warranty.	1.50
For a Mortgage deed.	1.50
For a Bill of Sale.	75
For a Manumission.	75

*A*nd all other instruments, such as are used in the common transactions of live, in proportion.

Persons wishing to be satisfied of the correctness of the instruments, I draw, are referred to Josiah Bayly Esquire, Attorney General of *M*aryland, who will examine them and give his opinion, without fee or reward. It has long been an established fact that no man in Maryland. stands higher than the *A*ttorney General as an attorney and draftsman.

THOMAS H. HOOPER,
of the clerks office.

*A*pril 11 1840. 4w

THE EMPIRE STATE

The Largest Newspaper in N. York.

TERMS—Three Dollars per annum—or, two copies for Five Dollars.

THE publishers of THE EMPIRE STATE, having completed their arrangements for the Enlarged Series of that paper, will issue on Thursday, January 9th, the first number of the largest Newspaper ever published in New York. Having procured new materials wherewith to execute the printing in a style of elegance unsurpassed by any other newspaper—and having also secured such aid in the several departments, local and general, literary and political, of the paper, as to ensure its worth as a valuable FAMILY NEWSPAPER, the publishers offer it with entire confidence to the patronage of an enlightened public, and a full reliance upon their taste and discrimination for support.

We have chosen the title of "THE EMPIRE STATE," as expressive not only of our attachment to the interest of New York, but of the Union; for whatever interests New York, in a great degree, interests the Union—whether in prosperity or in adversity.—And, as the Empire City is the great centre of business and commerce of the country—the point also where Intelligence from the European World is first received, and from which it radiates throughout the Union;—so is New York, in many respects, if not in all, the most eligible point for the establishment of a valuable National Newspaper, as the medium through which shall be diffused to the States and Territories of the Republic, the earliest Intelligence, general and political, from every part of the world.

In POLITICS, we have only to say, that being firmly convinced of the truth of REPUBLICANISM, as understood by the founders of our Government, and preached and practised by Washington, Madison, & their compeers—believing, moreover, that the Whigs of the country, in their persevering efforts to prevent the union of the Purse and Sword, to preserve the integrity of the Laws, and the Rights of the States, to enforce the accountability of Public Men, and to diminish the expenditures of the Government, are bespromoting the true interests of the People—we shal give our earnest and unwavering support to the Great Principles we espouse.

The mammoth size of our paper enabling us to present weekly an amount of matter contained in no other paper—we shall labor to present such a variety, original and selected, as will suit the tastes of all classes. The Politician, the Moralist, the Farmer, the Merchant, and Professional Man, the Student & the Antiquary, the lover of humor, and such as would unfold a "Map of the Busy Word,"—each and all may find amusement and instruction in the ample pages of the Empire State.

Some prominent features will be given to the paper, not found in any other. The utmost pains will be taken to present, at the earliest date, all important intelligence from every State in the Union to collect & preserve Statistics and Important Facts, civil, political, and miscellaneous—to give full accounts of the proceedings of Congress, and of the Legislatures of the States—the best Speeches of distinguished Ameticn Orators and Statesmen—Memoirs of Emineth Men—Original Tales, Essays, and Poetry—Collections in the History and Antiquities of the Country—Improvments in Agriculture, and the Arts—Gems from the Current Literature of the Day—Notices of all New Works worthy of commendation—and Occurrences at Home and Abroad, commercial, monetary, or of whatever nature that can be of interest to the mass of readers throughout the country.

More, perhaps, we need not say—but submit our labors to the candid judgment of the public.

DENTAL NOTICE.

F. H. CLARK, Dental Surgeon, will visit Cambridge about the middle of April, and continue his visits as heretofore, once in six months, so long as sufficient inducement is offered. Those who are unacquainted with his operations are referred to some of the most respectable families in Cambridge.

Persons living in the neighborhood of Cambridge are informed that they can be waited on by leaving their names with the Editor of the Chronicle as early as possible, or by writing to me in Baltimore.

F. H. CLARK.
No. 56, N. Charles st. Baltimore.

April 4, 1840. tf.

TERMS OF THE EMPIRE STATE.

ENLARGED SERIES.

☞The paper will be published on a Mammoth folio sheet, on paper of superior quality, and beautiful type

☞The price will be $3 per annum—in all cases in advance. Two copies will be sent for $5. No paper sent until the money is received; and no subscriptions received for a less term than six months.

Letters should be addressed to

J. GREGG WILSON & CO.,
Publishers of the Empire State,
162 Nassau Street, N. Y.

Feb. 15th, 1840.