THE CHRONICLE.

CAMBRIDGE—MD.

SATURDAY MORNING, May 4, 1844.

We have been requested to say that the Baptist Yearly Meeting will commence at Church Creek on Saturday next, the 11th of May, at 10 o'clock.

TEXAS ANNEXATION TREATY.—This document, which is now before the Senate of the U. States, will be found in another column. The Message of the President accompanying it, we are compelled to omit for want of room, but will give it in our next.

WHIG CONVENTION.—We learn by the Steamboat Maryland, that the National Whig Convention which assembled in Baltimore on Wednesday last nominated HENRY CLAY, of Kentucky for President, and THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN, of New Jersey as Vice President.

We have only room for the following extract of the proceedings of the Ratification Convention:

The procession, in its route to Canton, moved on down Baltimore street to Caroline, down Caroline street to Gough, along Gough street to Bond, down Bond street to Bank, along Bank street to Market, down Market to Fleet street, along Fleet st. to Canton, where an immense throng had already arrived.

ENTRANCE AT CANTON.

The beautiful green grass plat, within the spacious enclosure, upon which the multitude assembled, was studdied with polls bearing streaming flags, emblems, &c., in the centre of which was a large stand erected for the accommodation of the officers, committees, and distinguished strangers, a large number of whom were present.

Wm. H. Watson, Esq., chief marshal of the day, from the stand directed the position of the delegates, as the line came into the enclosure—placing those from Deleware immediately in front of the stand. The Convention was called to order at about half past 12 o'clock.

Revedy Johnson, Esq. then, on behalf of the Whigs of Baltimore, presented the "Prze Banner" to the delegation from the State of Delaware, in an eloquent and nervous address: which was responded to by the Hon. J. M. Clayton, of that State, in behalf of the delegation.

Hon. Ambrose Spencer arose and announced the names of HENRY CLAY and THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN, as having been nominated for the offices of President and Vice President.

Mr. Berrien of Geo., read a letter from Mr. Clay, dated Washington, May 2d, acknowledging the receipt of a letter announcing his nomination, and accepting the same.

[Reported for the Baltimore Clipper.]

GUBERNATORIAL CONVENTION.

The whig delegates. from the several counties of the State, and the City of Baltimore, appointed to nominate a candidate for Governor of Maryland, assembled yesterday morning at 9 o'clock, in the Universalist Church, North Calvert street. As was expected, there was a very full attendance of delegates. The convention was temporarily organized by calling Dr. Montgomery, of Harford county, to the Chair, and appointing Joseph R. Eccleston, Esq., of Dorchester county, Secretary.

On motion, a committee of one from each County, and the City of Balumore, was appointed to nominate officers for the convention, who retired, and after a while returned with the following nominations, which were unanimously confirmed by the convention.

PRESIDENT.

THEODORE R. LOOCKERMAN, Esq. of Talbot county.

VICE PRESIDENTS.

AUGUSTUS R. SOLLARS, Esq., of Calvert Co.
Dr. J. BEAR, of Frederick county.
JAMES B. RICAUD, Esq., of Kent county.
BENJAMIN C. ROSS, Esq., of Baltimore city.

SECRETARIES.

GEORGE VICKERS, Esq., of Kent county.
BENJAMIN E. GANITT, Esq., of Anne Arundel county.
JOSEPH R. ECCLESTON, Esq., of Dorchester County.

On taking the Chair, Mr. Loockerman, after returning thanks for the honor conferred, adverted to the fact of numerous names having already been spoken of as gentlemen worthy the consideration of the Whigs of Maryland, in connection with the gubernatorial election, and to the probability of there being a diversity of feeling and opinion among the members of the convention in reference to their relative merits, but expressed the confident hope that no personal preference or local feeling would prevent a free. conference, liberal action, and an amicable and honorable adjustment of all difficulties—so that while the claims of honorable gentlemen who might be named should be postponed, all would unite, in good faith, in the support of the nominee. This he asked; this he expected; and had no fear of the issue. Mr. L. also referred to the national political contest; spoke of the union of feeling and sentiment in reference to the selection of Mr. Clay; and begged that a like spirit might govern the convention, and the people of Maryland; and whatever might be the result, they would enjoy the proud satisfaction of knowing that they had done their duty; then, (to use his own nervous language) "if Rome must fall, we shall be innocent."

The Convention sat with closed doors, from about 12 until 3 o'clock; during which time, we understand, the names of Judge James Harwood, Joseph J. Speed, Esq., of this city; Thomas G. Pratt, Esq., of Prince George's, Gen. Jno. G. Chapman, of Charles, and Rich'd. Thomas, Esq., of St Mary's, were presented for consideration. Ten ballottings were had before either one of the candidates received a majority of the whole number of votes; when it was declared that THOMAS G. PRATT, Esq., of Prince George's had received a majority. The Convention then took a recess till four o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION. The Convention, agreeable to adjournment, met again at 4 o,clock, P. M., when Gen. Tench Tilghman, of Talbot, rose, and nominated, as the result of the executive deliberation, Thos. G. Pratt, Esq., of Prince George's county, as the whig candidate for Governor, which was received with much applause, and being seconded by T. Townsend, of Worcester, the nomination was put by the President to the Convention, and unanimously confirmed.

J. M. S. Causin, of St. Mary's, P. M. Crain, of Charles, C. H. Pitts, of Baltimore city, Thamas S. Alexander, of Anne Arundel, T. Tilghman, of Talbot, E. Long, of Somerset, Mr. Bond, of Harford, F. Brengle, of Frederick, Mr. Keyser, of Baltimore county, J. D. Roman, of Washington, and R. J. Bowie, of Montgomery, in brief addresses, pledged the several counties which they in part represented, to the support of the nominee. The address of Mr. Bowie especially was received with tokens of approbation, as he dwelt upon the social and political virtues of Mr. Pratt, the nominee—a long intimacy qualifying him to know and enable him to declare him every way worthy of the high and responsible post for which the Convention had named him.

A vote of thanks was passed for the use of the church and to the officers. A committee of one from each county and Baltimore city was appointed to select a whig central committee. The convention then adjourned *sine die.*

THE TEXAS TREATY.

[From the New York Evening Post of Saturday.]

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, April 22, 1844.

[*Read the first and second times, referred to the committee on Foreign Relations, and ordered to be printed in confidence for the use of the Senate.*]

A TREATY OF ANNEXATION CONCLUDED BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE REPUBLIC OF TEXAS, AT WASHINGTON, THE TWELFTH OF APRIL, 1844.

The people of Texas having, at the time of adopting their Constitution, expressed, by an almost unanimous vote, their desire to be incorporated into the Union of the United States, and being still desirous of the same with equal unanimity, in order to provide more effectually for their security and prosperity; and the United States, actuated solely by the desire to add to their own security and prosperity. and to meet the wishes of the Government and people of Texas, have determined to accomplish, by treaty, objects so important to their mutual and permanent welfare.

For that purpose, the President of the United States has given full powers to John C. Calhoun, Secretary of the State of the United States, and the President of the Republic of Texas has appointed, with like powers, Isaac Van Zandt and J. Pinckney Henderson, citizens of the said Republic, and the said Plenipotentiaries, after exchanging their full powers, have agreed on and concluded the following articles:—

ART. I. The Republic of Texas, acting in conformity with the wishes of the people and every department of its Government, cedes to the United States all its territories, to be held by them in full property and sovereignty, and to be annexed to the said United States as one of their Territories, subject to the same constitutional provisions with their other Territories. This cession including all public lots and squares, vacant lands, mines, minerals, salt lakes and springs, public edifices, fortifications, barracks, ports and harbors, navy and navy yards, docks, magazines, arms, armaments and accoutrements, archives and public funds, debts, taxes and dues unpaid at the time of the exchange of the ratification of the treaty.

ART. II. The citizens of Texas shall be incorporated into the Union of the United States, maintained and protected in the free enjoyment of their liberty and property, and admitted, as soon as may be consistent with the principle of the Federal Constitution, to the enjoyment of all the rights, privileges, and immunties of citizens of the United States.

ART. III. All titles and claims to real estate, which are valid under the laws of Texas, shall be held to be so by the United States; and measures shall be adopted for the speedy adjudication of all unsettled claims to land, and patents shall be granted to those found to be valid.

ART. IV. The public lands hereby ceded shall be subject to the laws regulating the public lands in the other Territories of the United States, as far as they may be applicable; subject, however, to such alterations and changes as Congress may from time to time think proper to make. It is understood between the parties, that, if in consequence of the mode in which lands have been surveyed in Texas, or from previous grants or locations, the sixteenth section cannot be applied for the purpose of education, Congress shall make equal provision by grant of land elsewhere. And it is also further understood, that, hereafter, the books, papers, and documents of the General Land Office of Texas shall be deposited and kept at such place in Texas as the Congress of the United States shall direct.

ART. V. The United States assume and agree to pay the public debt and liabilities of Texas, however created, for which the faith or credit of her Government may be bound at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty; which debts and liabilities are estimated not to exceed in the whole, ten millions of dollars, to be ascertained and paid in the manner hereinafter stated.

The payment of the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars shall be made at the Treasury of the United States, within ninety days after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, as follows: Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars to Frederick Dawson, of Baltimore, or his executors, on the delivery of that amount of ten per cent bonds of Texas; one hundred thousand dollars, if so much be required, in the redemption of the exchequer bills which may be in circulation at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty. For the payment of the remainder of the debts and liabilities of Texas, which, together with the amount already specified, shall not exceed ten millions of dollars, the public lands herein ceded, and the nett revenue from the same, are hereby pledged.

ART. VI. In order to ascertain the full amount of the debts and liabilities herein assumed, and the legality and validity thereof, four commissioners shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall meet at Washington, Texas, within the period of six months after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, and may continue in session not exceeding twelve months, unless the Congress of the United States should prolong the time. They shall take an oath for the faithful discharge of their duties, and that they are not directly or indirectly interested in said claims at the time, and will not be during their continuance in office; and the said oath shall be recorded with their proceedings. In case of the death, sickness, or resignation of any of the commissioners, his or their place or places may be supplied by the appointment as aforesaid, or by the President of the United States, during the recess of the Senate. They, or a majority of them, shall be authorized, under such regulations as the Congress of the United States may prescribe, to hear, examine, and decide on all questions touching the legality and validity of said claims, and shall, when a claim is allowed, issue a certificate to the claimant, stating the amount, distinguishing principal from interest.

The certificates so issued shall be numbered, and entry made of the number, the name of the person to whom issued, and the amount, in a book to be kept for that purpose. They shall transmit the records of their proceedings and the book in which the certificates are entered, with the vouchers and documents produced before them, relative to the claims allowed or rejected, to the Treasury Department of the United States, to be deposited therein; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall, as soon as practicable after the receipt of the same, ascertain the aggregate amount of all the debts and liabilities allowed; and if the same, when added to the amount to be paid to Frederick Dawson and the sum which may be paid in the redemption of the exchequer bills, shall not exceed the estimated sum of twelve millions of dollars, he shall, on the presentation of a certificate of the commissioners, issue, at the option of the holder, a new certificate for the amount, distinguishing principal from interest, and payable to him or order, out of the net proceeds of the public lands hereby ceded, or stock of the United States, for the amount allowed, including principal and interest, and bearing an interest of three per cent. per annum from the date thereof; which stock, in addition to being made payable out of the net proceeds of the public lands hereby ceded, shall also be receivable in payment for the same. In case the amount of debt and liabilities allowed, with the sums aforesaid to be paid to Frederick Dawson, and which may be paid in the redemption of the exchequer bills, shall exceed the said sum of ten millions of dollars, the said Secretary, before issuing a new certificate or stock, as the case may be, shall make in each case such proportionable and rateable reduction on its amount as to reduce the aggregate to the sum of ten millions of dollars, and he shall have power to make all needful rules and regulations necessary to carry into effect the powers hereby vested in him.

ART. VII. Until further provision shall be made, the laws of Texas, as now existing, shall remain in force, and all executive and judicial officers of Texas, except the President, Vice President, and heads of departments, shall retain their offices, with all power and authority appertaining therelo, and the courts of justice shall remain in all respects as now established and organized.

ART. VIII. Immediately after the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a commissioner, who shall proceed to Texas and receive the transfer of the territory thereof, and all the achieves and public property, and other things herein conveyed, in the name of the U. States. He shall exercise al' executive authority in said territory necessary to the proper execution of the laws, until otherwise provided

ART. IX. The present treaty shall be ratified by the contracting parties, and the ratifications exchanged at the city of Washington, in six months from the date hereof, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof, we, the undersigned, plenipotentiaries of the United States of America and of the Republic of Texas, have signed by virtue of our powers, the present treaty of annexation, and have hereunto affixed our seals, respectfully.

Done at Washington, the twelfth day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

J. C. CALHOUN, [Seal.]
ISAAC VAN ZANDT, [Seal.]
J. PINCKNEY HENDERSON. [Seal.]

Correspondence of the American.

WASHINGTON, April 30, 1844.

The Hon. JOHN C. SPENCER this morning sent in his resignation as Secretary of the Treasury.—The resignation it is declared by the President's friends has been rather from compulsion than choice. Mr. Spencer goes out with no assurance, as stated, of receiving the Russian Mission, and parts with Mr. Tyler, no doubt, with more ill will than good feeling towards him or his.

Mr. GREEN of New Jersey is named as his successor. Mr. G. was recently confirmed as District Attorney of N. J.

The Globe has a letter from Mr. Benton against annexation and in the spirit of Mr. Van Buren's letter, The effect of his is an adherance to Mr. V. B. and the probability of his nomination at Baltimore.

The debate upon the Tariff Bill it is agreed shall terminate on Wednesday next, 8th of May.

Mr. Clay was in the Senate Chamber and in the Hall of the House to-day. In each place he was surrounded by friends and political opponents, the last of whom testified their respect for him in a marked manner. While crossing the Rotunda a whole troup of Delegates to the Baltimore Convention surrounded him, and Mr. CLAY effected his escape only by shaking hands with all.

Seal Removed.—Some person has removed the Seal of Secresy from the treaty and documents respecting the annexation of Texas, without the consent of the Senate. The document was printed at the office of the National Intelligencer, by order of the Senate, and of course under the injunction of secresy—and the editors of that paper say—"So sacred has the injunction of secresy in regard to such documents been held, that the editors of this paper themselves, though they could rightly have done otherwise, have abstained from an inspection of such papers. From the printers to the Senate a copy of this document could not have been obtained by theft; but there was not a copy retained in the office that could have been stolen. The document was, therefore, obtained by some other mode—perhaps from some Senator's room or table." The copy thus obtained was sent to New York and laid upon the table of the Evening Post by some unknown hand, and has thus found its way to the public.

Navigating the Air by Steam.—A correspondent of the National Intelligencer announces the intention of Mr. Pennington to "exibit and send up his large model ærostat," so soon as he can raise the means required to complete it, (about $300,)—We hope that this sum will be contributed by the citizens of Washington, that the practicability of navigating the air may be tested. We have no idea that the experiment will prove successful; but should like to see Mr. Pennington go ahead with his project; so that the glory of first establishing æria post roads may me attached to our country. —*Balt. Clipper.*

Anne Arundel County Court have declared T. C. LOCKERMAN, charged with assaulting John H. Magruder, Esq. to be insane, and directed that he placed in the Insane Hospital.

Items of News.—The Hon. Dixon H. Lewis has been appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy in the Senate occasioned by the resignation of Col. King.—The N. Y. Express says: Another house, somewhat engaged in the cotton trade, was forced to suspend yesterday.—John L. Brown, of South Carolina, who was not long since sentenced to death for stealing a quadroon slave, of whom he was enamoured, and afterwards publicly whipped, it is now said, attempted to sell the being who reposed confidence in him.—The New York Tyler State Convention met in New York on Thursday last. About 400 delegates from all parts of the State present —A great indignation meeting was held at Pittsburg, on Thursday last, relative to the imprisonment of Messrs. Kyle & Flinn, for libelling Judge Patton.—*Balt. Sun.*

From Aux Cayes. - The William Wilson arrived at New York on Friday, in twenty days from Aux Cayes, brings intelligence that on the night of the 4th and 5th instant the blacks from the interior of the island had surprised the whites and the mongrel French, who had possession, driven them out and pillaged the place.

Appointments by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.—Wesley Jones, to be marshal of the United States for the district of North Carolina, re-appointed.

Henry L. Briscoe re-appointed register of the land office at Helena, Arkansas.

Noble Sentiments.—We select a single paragraph from Mr. Clay's speech at Wilmington, North Carolina:

"I am a Whig. I am so because I believe the 'principles of the Whig party are best adapted to 'promote the prosperity of the country. I seek to 'change no man's allegiance to his party, be it what 'it may. A life of great length and experience 'has satisfied me that all parties aim at the common 'good of the country. The great body of the 'Democrats, as well as the Whigs, are so from a 'conviction that their policy is patriotic. I take 'the hand of one as cordially as of another, for all 'are Americans. *I place* COUNTRY *far above all 'parties.* Look aside from that, and parties are no 'longer worthy of being cherished."

Robbery of an Express.—The baggage car of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail road Company was robbed on Wednesday night last of $3,000 in specie. The money, put in three boxes, had been placed in the hands of Messrs. Sandford & Shoemaker, Express Agents, by a firm in Baltimore, to be transmitted to a firm in New York. As the Express chest was full of other money packages, among which was about $50 000 in gold and silver, these boxes were placed on top of the chest in the car, and the car locked as usual on its departure. When the train arrived at Wilmington, it was discovered that the boxes were missing, and a message was immediately despatched to Messrs. Sanford & Shoemaker, acquainting them with the loss. Inquiries were started, and every effort made to ascertain the mode in which the missing treasure had been abstracted, but nothing definite or certain could be discovered leading to a solution of the mystery.

The baggage car was locked when it arrived at Wilmington.—*Balt. Republican & Argus.*

The Growing Crops.—We learn from a gentleman who has just returned from a tour through Frederick and Washington Counties in this State, and through thirteen of the principal wheat growing counties in Virginia, that the prospect of an abundant harvest has never been better within his recollection. Every where the wheat presents an unusually healthey and advanced appearance, and bids fair to yield to the husbandman a rich return for his toil. In regard to most other products of the soil the appearance are aqually flattering.—*Balt. American.*

Iron Revenue Steamers.—The Treasury Department is now building six iron revenues teamers of 350 tons each, under the direction of Capt. Howard. Two of these vessels are on Ericeson's plan, the one just launched in New York, and one now building at Oswego, Four of the vessels are on Lieut. Hunter's plan, one now building by the West Point Foundry, to be launched in two weeks, one by the Novelty Works in New York, for lake Erie, one at Pitsburg, and one at Boston.

PRUDENCE IN ALL THINGS.—The attention of the public has been repeatedly called to medicines professing to cure, as well as to prevent disease; but after repeated trials, none have been so efficacious as the vegetable compound, known by the name of *Stainburn's Vegetable Extract Pills.*—The purifying nature of the ingredients that compose these pills—their effects upon the system—their tendency to remove all undue billiary secretions—and their strictly renovating properties, entitle them to the consideration of the afflicted.—The deepest researches in chemistry, aided by indefatigable perseverance, has been the means of giving to the world the concentrated essence, power and virtue of vegetables which have long been known as possessing purgative and healing qualities. The blending together, in a just and proper manner, of each and every ingredient, and the care and attention which is displayed by the proprietor in the selection, is a sufficient guaranty of their appropriate fitness in the medicine chest of every family. As purifyers of the blood, they have no superior, and their operation being so mild and pleasant, and their wonderful effects so quickly displayed, it is not to be wondered at, that so many make use of them. All that the proprietors asks is a fair trial.

The Vegetable Extract Pills are sold by WHITE & ANDERSON, agents for Cambridge, and by agents published in another part of our paper.

The Stainburn Pills should always be at hand.

Office for the sale of the above valuable Pills is No. 338 Broadway, next door to the Tabernacle. Price 25 cents per box.

BARREN CREEK SPRINGS, APRIL 29th, 1844.

In pursuance of public notice, the Delegates appointed from the Congressional District, composed of the counties of Talbot, Dorchester, Somerset and Worcester, to appoint a Delegate for said District to the National Democratic Convention to be held in Baltimore on the 27th of May next, met; and on the delegates being called the representation was found to be full.

On motion of Dr. Chessed Purnell, Col. JAMES POLK of Somerset was called to the Chair.

On motion of B. D. Jackson, Dr. Chessed Purnell of Worcester and Dr. Levin Hodson of Dorchester were appointed Vice Presidents.

On motion of Robert Nairne, Edwin J. Stevens of Talbot was appointed Secretary.

The Convention being regularly organized, B. D. Jackson nominated James A. Stewart Esq. of Dorchester, as the Delegate from this Congressional District to the National Democratic Convention, which nomination was unanimously concurred in.

Edwin J. Stevens nominated John I. Williams Esq. of Worcester, as the alternate delegate to said Convention, which nomination was also unanimously concurred in.

B. D. Jackson Esq. of Dorchester submitted the following resolutions, which were unanimously passed—

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting the voters of this Congressional District have the utmost confidence in the ability, integrity, patriotism and sound Democratic principles of each of the candidates, spoken of by the Democracy, for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States.

Resolved, That as the cardinal maxim of the Democratic party is "*measures and not men,*" this Convention deems it unnecessary to give instruction to their Delegate to the National Convention for whom he shall vote for President and Vice President of the United States—but that he, after obtaining the best information afforded him by the lights of the Convention, as to the individual most likely to succeed, shall be left free to the exercise of his discretion.

A unanimous call being made for Mr. Jackson, he arose and addressed the convention in the most spirited and eloquent manner—appealing to the members with patriotic earnestness to prepare for the coming contest—to look upon the issue to be decided in November, as affecting the truest and best interests of the country—to labour, as they valued the blessings of freedom, to sustain the nominee of the National Democratic Convention. His remarks were warmly received, and on motion of Edwin J. Stevens, the Convention tendered Mr. Jackson their thanks.

On motion of Mr. Nairne, the thanks of the Convention were tendered to the officers.

On motion of Ralph Lowe Esq. it was resolved that the proceedings of this Convention, signed by the officers, be published in the Cambridge Chronicle, Easton Star, Republican & Argus, and Democratic Star, Annapolis.

On motion of O. P. Hooper Esq. the Convention adjourned.

JAMES POLK, President.
LEVIN HODSON, CHESSED PURNELL, } V. Prest's.
EDWIN J. STEVENS, Sec'ry.

MARRIED,

On Tuesday last by the Rev. Mr. Collins, Mr. THOMAS ARNOLD to Miss LYDIA WILLSON, both of this county.

On Wednesday, the 24th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Heiner, Captain GEORGE D. SMITH, of Vienna, Dorchester county Md. to Miss JANE R. B. WINDOWS, of this city.

BALTIMORE PRICES CURRENT.

	April 30, 1844.
FLOUR—Howard Street,	$4 62
City Mills	4 62
WHEAT—Prime White,	
Prime Red,	1 00
CORN—White,	45
Yellow,	48
OATS,	29
RYE,	

Public Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Worshipful the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, will be sold on Wednesday the 8th day of May next, at the late residence of Hugh Wingate dec'd. near little Black-water Bridge, all the perishable part of the said deceased's personal estate (negroes excepted) consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, provender, farming utensils, two schooners, several lots of plank, some groceries, poultry, bacon, a quantity of cord wood &c. &c. The terms of sale will be such as are usual on such occasions, and will commence at 10 o'clock. Further particulars made known at sale by

JONATHAN PAUL.
JOHN A. SCOTT,
Collectors ad-coligendum.

May 4th, 1844. 1t

DRUG, CHEMICAL, AND APOTHECARY STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the *Public* to his Establishment on High street, in this town. He will keep constantly on hand a general and fresh assortment of articles in his line, all of which have been selected with the greatest care, and their purity will be guaranteed. Physicians can be supplied with every established article, embracing all the fine *chemicals*—and on such terms as will supersede the necessity of sending to cities.

Also Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Also a general assortment of Fancy articles—Soaps, Perfumery, &c. &c., of the best qualities.

Also Fruits, Confectionary &c. &c.

PRINCIPE and HAVANNA SEGARS, SNUFFS and SUPERIOR CHEWING TOBACCO, all of which will be sold on accommodating terms.

JOHN RUDENSTEIN, M. D.

Cambridge, May 4, 1844

N. B. Physicians' prescriptions are respectfully solicited, which will be dispensed with the greatest accuracy and care.

NOTICE.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Vickers and Handley has been dissolved by mutual consent. William T. Vickers is authorized to settle the business of the firm, and all persons having claims against the firm will please present them to him for payment, and all persons indebted to the firm are authorized to settle with him.

WM. T. VICKERS,
DEWITT C. HANDLEY.

Vienna, April 27, 1844. 3t*