WANTED immediately, at this Office, a Boy about 15 or 16 years of age to learn the Printing business; of moral and industrious habits, and of liberal education. One from the country would be preferred.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Dry Good and Shoe business heretofore existing under the heads of Vachel Straugn & Co., and James Straughn & Co., is this day (Dec. 22nd, 1846) dissolved by the withdrawal of James Straughn from said firm, with mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of V. Straughn & Co., who intend to carry on both the Dry Good and Shoe business at their old stand. They will keep on hand a general assortment of Boots and Shoes, and continue to manufacture to order, with neatness and despatch, of the best materials, all orders in their line. They also embrace this opportunity to return their acknowledgments to their friends and the public for the patronage heretofore extended to them, and hope by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

V. STRAUGHN & Co.

N. B. All persons indebted to the late firm are hereby requested to come forward and settle the same either with V Straughn & Co. at their old stand or James Straughn at the stand lately occupied by S. & H. Byrn, on Race street, and those having claims against said firm are hereby notified to present the same for settlement.

January 9th, 1847:—3w

Farm for Sale,

THE undersigned being authorised, will offer at Public Sale, on MONDAY February 1st, 1847, at the Court House door in Cambridge, at the hour of 12 o'clock (if not previously disposed of at private sale,) all that valuable farm situated on Fishing Creek river (which abounds with oysters, terrapins, fish and wild fowl) formerly the home dwelling of Nathan Griffin, dec'd. The improvements are a single story dwelling with two rooms on the lower floor and which is immediately located on the river, the yard running down to the shore—also a cook house, barn, &c. There is on the Farm some excellent fruit trees, apple, peach, &c., with two excellent wells of good water, and a quantity of shell banks for the use of the whole farm, a part of which has already been lined. There is in the farm **136 ACRES**, and fifteen perches, a sufficient quantity of which is in timber.

Persons desiring to purchase will of course view the premisee previous to the day of sale, which will be sold free and clear of all incumbrances.

The terms will be one-sixth cash, the ballance in 12, 18 months and two years, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by bond approved and possession given at once.

WILLIAM REA.

Jan 9 1847—4t

PROSPECTUS
OF
JAMES W. CONVER'S
Classical School for Boys,
CAMBRIDGE, MD.

LOCATION.

THE situation of the School is retired. The room large, well ventilated, and will be comfortably furnished. It possesses the advantage of a yard, which gives ample room for exercise and distant from street exposure.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The choice and arrangement of the studies, the mode of recitation and text-books adopted, shall comport with the custom of the best seminaries; associating the two great elements of sound scholarship—order and completeness. The course of study embraces the various branches of education, necessary either for business, or for college course. Great labor will be bestowed upon Declamation, Composition Criticism and Penmanship.

DISCIPLINE.

The Discipline of the School is designed to be, as much as practicable, mild but strict. As much care will be taken of the moral and religious conduct and habits of the scholars, as of their intellectual advancement. The intercourse between the professor and his pupils is designed to be frank and unrestrained.—A brief lecture will be delivered at the opening of the school every morning upon subjects connected with their future welfare, &c. The design of this is to engage attention to study by inculcating a firm and intelligent conviction of duty. A short account of progress and deportment will be sent quarterly to each parent. Patrons and any who may feel interested, are invited to visit the school on any day during its session between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. or 3 & 5 o'clock P M.

SESSIONS.

The scholastic year will be divided into two sessions:—the first beginning on the first Monday in January, and closing the last of July—the second commencing on the first Monday in September and ending about the 21st of December.

TERMS.

For the common English studies, per session $12,00
For the higher branches of English Literature, 16,00

No deduction will be made for absence except in case of protracted illness.

Jan. 2 1847——3w

It is proper I should embrace this occasion, to do justice to the valuable school (the Academy) of a high order, which is supported by public appropriation. The policy that established this was undoubtedly good; yet it was but partially good, so long as it stopped short of providing, at least an additional professor for the education of many schhlars who may be crowded into that institution Believing that the wants of the community call for an institution, such as I have established, through the solicitation of many that are interested, it is now left for further patronage. An aspiring youth should seek every opportunity for mental culture, that is afforded to those with whom he may be called to cope, in the arena of civil and political strife. Now that opportunities are afforded they should be embraced. If the community, in which he lives, does not judiciously make this provision for him at home, he owes it to himself to seek it abroad. That he will so seek it, is as certain as that he possesses pecuniary means. And is this a conclusion that will satisfy the wealthy portion of this county? Will they think it enough, that the privilege falls to the lot of the few, by the mere accident of fortune?—Or, when rightly understood, should you not patronize an additional institution within the borders of your county, which would supply the present desideratum, for the freest development of native talent?—Great men, do occasionally rise by accident. Yet the community that thinks it useless, to foster native talent, may chance find them, rare as good men were in the time of the satirist—

"Rari quippe boni; numerus vix est totidem quot, Thebarum portæ, vil divitis ostia Nili."

In times of civil commotion, when a State enters the lists, by her representatives, what shall sustain her honor, or defend her interest, but the intellectual might of her chosen men? Jealousies,, dissentions, disputes and collisions, are ever liable to arise among the several members of the Union, in which the unequal contest may place power in the room of justice. Occasions often arise, when all the moral energies of the people are absorbed, in the one point in debate. It is then that a State should have illustrious sons in the councils of the nation. It is then parents feel a conscious pride in the efforts of their sons, who grapple with the giant minds, engaged to repel the claims, or thwart the purposes of his native State. It is then, in one short hour of triumph, that a dutiful son repays a thousand fold, the costliest nurture that nerved his arm for the contest. And can parents rationally expect the highest devotion of their sons to any respectful profession, if they make not ample provision for their education? No people on earth are more strongly incited to the highest cultivation of the intellect. Do we not perceive that all our republics have every thing to promise themselves, from the encouragement they may extend to education; and every thing to fear from a relative neglect? With the emulation that you should be embued; you cannot for a moment, lose sight of the advantages which a people derives from the diffusion of knowledge,

Parents should scout the idea, that, a superficial knowledge of the sciences, are only requisite to pass muster What earthly advantage can be gained by committing an unfledged sciolist, under the sound of a professional name, to the patronage of the public! The most natural result will be, to leave him, ordinarily, an easy victim of mortification, inactivity and ruin. It is to no purpose to quote examples of professional distinction, in men who have raised themselves without the advantage of a regular education. Such professional characters are always known to lament the limited extent of their opportunities; and however distinguished they may have become, they are conscious that a better education would have enhanced their own satisfaction and success. In short they are proverbial illustrations of the lines of the Roman Censor:

"Summos posse viros et magna exempla daturos,
Vervecum In patria, crassoque sub ære nasci."

It has become fashionable for the young to enter the professions, while they ought to be entering a seminary; and it is not surprising that the common sense of the people, shocked at the results, regards all education as futile and perhaps pernicious.

I will at present conclude by unfolding a plain matter of fact statement, for those vitally interested.

The importance of branches of study is not to be estimated so much by their practical availability in after life, as by the opportunities which they afford for thorough mental discipline.

The study of language is chiefly valuable for the beautiful and systematic details of philology, which exact from the student such care, and vigilance and discrimination. From this stand point, grammatical recitation wears an important aspect. To say nothing of its principles, grammar presents an order so precise, that it allows scarcely a deviation—a method so analytic, that the most inconsiderable word merits attention. Its proper study, therefore, must form a habit of precise and analytic investigation; and habitual attention to its rigid rules and strict deductions must beget logical acumen. The defects in the established method of classical instruction, have been long a subject of remark. Milton in his letter to Master Hartlib, mentions them. Locke, in his "Thoughts on Education," alludes to them; and Roger Ascham, an earlier writer still, even puts forth the leading idea of the new system, now so popular in Germany.

The peculiarities of this system, which is rapidly superseding the old method, may be indicated under the following heads:

1 Fewer definitions, particularly at early stages of study.

2 The omission of all that will not be immediately needed.

3 Teaching more by oral instruction.

4 Exclusive attention to roots of classes of words.

5 Regular arrangement of the system of word-ending. such as case-ending of nouns; tense-ending of verbs together with roots, characteristics, mood vowels, &c.

The beautiful regularity of the Greek verb was almost unknown (though often eulogized) until Thiersch discovered the true method of forming its varied inflections. By this plan pupils learn in half the time, retain doubly as well, and understand clearly what was before a mystery to the sage pedagogue himself.

Now, in conclusion, permit me to say, that the amount of patronage solicited from any individual, will be gratefully acknowledged. And my greatest exertions to educate, to train, to induce thought, to habituate to study and self-reliance, and to arouse pure and lofty aspirations, shall know no abatement.

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, I will sell at public vendue on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of January, inst., at the late residence of Levin H. Wall, dec'd, near Black Water bridge, the entire personal estate of which said Wall died seized, (negroes excepted) consisting of MULES,

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, & Hogs;

Farming utensels generally; crop of Wheat seeded on the ground; household and kitchen furniture. Terms as usual for deceased persons estate. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a m. Attendance given by

RICHARD COLSTON, Ex'or.

Jan 2 1847——ts

Notice.

All persons having claims against the Estate of Henry L. McNamara dec'd. are hereby notified to file them with the Register of Wills on or before Wednesday the 3d of March, 1847—For a dividend. Given under my hand this 38th day of December 1846.

JOHN R. MARTIN,
Jan. 2, 1847. Excr. of H. L. McNamara.

DORCHESTER COUNTY, TO WIT:

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, by Stanley R. Gorsuch, stating that he is in confinement for debts which he is unable to pay, and praying to be relieved therefrom, agreeably to the Acts of Assembly for the relief of Insolvent debtors—a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors and debtors on oath, so far as he can at present ascertain the same being annexed to his petition, and the said Stanley R. Gorsuch being in actual confinement and I being satisfied that the said Stanley R. Gorsuch hath resided for two years last past in the State of Maryland, and he having taken the oath prescribed by the act of 1805, and given bond with sufficient security for his appearance before the Judges of Dorchester county court, to be held at Cambridge, in said county, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April next, and at such other time or times as the said court may direct, to answer the allegations of his creditors: and having complied with the requisitions of the act of December session, 1825, and the several supplements thereto, by executing a deed of all his property real, personal and mixed to Wm. W, Lecompte, appointed by me trustee to the said Stanley R. Gorsuch, and the said trustee having given bond with sufficient security for the performance of the trust, and certified in writing to me that he is in possession of all the estate of the said Stanley Gorsuch mentioned in his schedule. I do therefore order and direct, that the said Stanley R. Gorsuch be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of Dorchester county court on the day above mentioned. The same time is appointed for his creditors to attend and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Stanley R. Gorsuch should not obtain the benefit of the said Insolvent law—And I do further order and direct that the said Stanley R Gorsuch give notice to his creditors, by causing a copy of this application to be inserted in a newspaper published in Cambridge, three months before said day; and to be continued in such newspaper once a week for four successive weeks; also, a like copy to be set up at the Court house door three months before the said day.—Witness my hand this 3d day of August, 1846.

JAMES THOMPSON.

Jan 2 1847——4w

Chancery Sale.
A RARE SITUATION.

Y virtue of a decree from the High Court of Chancery, I will offer at public sale, in the village of New Market, on SATURDAY, the 30th day of January, inst., between the hours of 10 o'clock, A M, and 4 o'clock, P M, the farm whereon the late Joseph Ennals resided; called, or known by the name of "Indian Land, No. 1," and "Indian Purchase," containing about

253 1-4 Acres.

This situation is regarded as one of the most eligible in the county, being finely situated on the Choptank River, and combining advantages that are rarely to be procured. Among these are a very good Mill privilege, an abundance of fish, oysters, and ducks, a most delightful neighborhood, together with proximity to New Market, one of the principal towns in the county, from which it is only 2 1-2 miles distant.—

The HOUSE is of brick, and very capacious, having two large rooms and a large passage below stairs, with a good cellar, and three rooms above; requiring but little improvement to make it a fine mansion. The internal resources for improving the land are good and abundant. A good orchard of APPLES and PEACHES, good drinking water; and a sufficiency of timber for the supply of the farm.

This situation is about 11 miles from Cambridge

The above property will be sold free from all incumbrance whatever.

The terms of sale are, one fourth cash on the day of sale, and the remainder of the purchase money in 6, 12 and 18 months, all secured by bond and security approved by the Trustee, with interest from the day of sale. On payment in full of the purchase money, a conveyance will be made to the purchaser.

CHARLES L. CHAPLAIN,
Trustee.

Jan 2, 1347——tds

Delaware Journal copy the above three times, and charge this office.

Chancery Sale,

IN pursuance of authority derived from the high court of Chancery, I will sell on MONDAY, Feb'y. 1st, 1847, at some one of the stores at Church Creek in Dorchester county, the small FARM or tenement formerly owned by William Parker, containing 76 acres, called "Colston's Puzzle and Blackford." Also lots No. 6, 7, and 8; containing 25, 25 & 21 1-2 acres, of wood land, in the neighborhood of Church Creek. These are parts of the Williams' lands. It is presumed those intending to bid or purchase will examine the property for themselves prior to the day of sale, as I could not give a fair description if I were to undertake it. The terms of sale will be according to the decree, one third cash, the balance in one and two years, to be secured by bond with security, and interest from the day of sale, Sale to take place at or about 12 o'clock.

JOHN W. CRISFIELD,
Trustee.

Jan. 2 1847——tds

DORCHESTER COUNTY, TO WIT:

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County by James Wells, Charles Stanley, Charles Dobson and Joshua Harriss, stating that they are in confinement for debts which they are unable to pay, and praying to be relieved therefrom, agreeably to the acts of Assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors, a schedule of their property and a list of their creditors and debtors on oath so far as they can at present ascertain, the same being annexed to their petition, and the said Wells, Stanley, Dobson and Harris being in actual confinement, and I being satisfied that the said Wells, Stanley, Dobson and Harriss have resided for two years last past in the State of Maryland, and they having taken the oath prescribed by the act of 1805, and given bond with sufficient security for their appearance before the Judges of Dorchester county court on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April next, and at such other time or times as the said Court may direct, to answer the allegations of their creditors, and having complied with the requisitions of the act of December session 1825, and the several supplements thereto by executing deeds of all property, real, personal and mixed to John Busick, Edward Jews, Edward U. Cook and Francis S. Corkran appointed by me Trustees to the said Wells, Stanley, Dobson and Harriss and the said trustees having given bond with approved security for the performance of the trust, and certified in writing to me that they are in possession of all the estates of the said Wells, Stanley, Dobson and Harriss mentioned in their schedules—I do therefore order and direct that the said Wells, Stanley, Dobson and Harriss be discharged from their imprisonment, and that they be and appear before the Judges of Dorchester county court on the day above mentioned; the same time is appointed for their creditors to attend and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Wells, Stanley, Dobson and Harriss should not obtain the benefit of the said insolvent laws:—And I do further order and direct that the said Wells stanley, Dobson and Harriss give notice to their creditors by causing a copy of this application to be inserted in a newspaper published in Cambridge and to be continued in such newspaper once a week for four four successive weeks, three months before said day, also a like copy to be set up at the court house door three months before said day. Witness my hand the 1st day of January, 1847.

JAMES DIXON,

Jan. 2 1847——4w

$250 Reward.

Runaway from home (Glascow) on Wednesday night last, negro woman Comfort and her two daughters, Nice and Ann. Comfort is about 40 or 45 years old, dark chesnut color, 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, her clothes not recollected. The daughters are both of a dark chesnut color, Nice rather the darker of the two more delicately made, both have large lips, and I think small scars on their necks. Nice is about 18 years old, and has a down look; Ann about 16 years old. Their clothes were nearly the same, viz: blue and white plaid domestic, dark brown and blue calico, and new dresses of rich colors, and other clothes not recollected.

The above reward will be given for the apprehension of the above negroes, or $100, for each of the daughters and $50 for the mother, if taken out of the State; or $50 for each of the daughters, and $25 for the mother, if out of the County, and $25 for each of the daughters, and $12 for the mother, if in the county.

It is required that they be secured in this county or Baltimore Jail, clear of any charges against me.

Cambridge, Dor. Co. } ROBERT F. TUBMAN.
Jan. 2, 1847.—tf

The Baltimore Sun and Delaware Journal will copy the above once a week for three successive weeks, and charge this office.

Great Bargains Offered.

THE subscribers have purchased the stock of Goods of Thomas Hayward, and have just returned from the city of Baltimore, with an additional supply, which makes our assortment complete; and comprises a general stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES.

All of which have been selected from New York and Baltimore, and will be sold on the most reasonable terms. Their friends and the public generally are invited to call and see them before they buy elewhere.

FRANCIS A. STEWART,
THOMAS H. HURLEY.

Cambridge, Dec. 26, 1846. 6m

DORCHESTER COUNTY, TO WIT:

ON Application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell, and Willis Hurlock, of said county, stating that they are in confinement for debts which they are unable to pay, and praying to be relieved therefrom agreeably to the acts of Assembly for the relief of Inselvent Debtors, a schedule of their property and a list of their debtors and creditors on oath so far as they can at present ascertain the same, being annexed to their petitions & the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell and Willis Hurlock, being in actual confinement, and I being satisfied that the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell and Willis Hurlock, have resided for two years last past in the state of Maryland, and they having taken the oath prescribed by the act of 1805, & given bonds with sufficient securities for their appearance before the Judges of Dorchester county court, to be held at Cambridge, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in April next, and at such other time or times as the said court may direct, to answer the allegations of their creditors, and having complied with the requisitions of the act of December session, 1825, and the several supplements thereto, by executing deeds of all their property, real, personal, or mixed to Thomas Moore, Samuel N. Hardikin and Tilghman Andrews appointed by me Trustees to the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell, and Willis Hurlock, and the said Trustees having given bonds with approved securities for the performance of the trust, and certified in writing to me that they are in possession of all the estates of the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell and Willis Hurlock mentioned in their schedules. I do therefore order and direct that the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell and Willis Hurlock, be discharged from their imprisonment, and that they be and appear before the Judges of Dorchester county court, on the day above mentioned; the same time is appointed for their creditors to attend and shew cause, if any they have why the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell and Willis Hurlock should not obtain the benefit of the said Insolvent Laws. And I do further order and direct that the said Hudson Cannon, Solomon Foxwell and Willis Hurlock give notice to thier creditors by causing a copy of their applications to be inserted in a newspaper published in Cambridge, three months before said day, and to be continued in such newspaper for four successive weeks, and also a like copy to be set up at the Court House door, three months before said day

Witness my hand the 11th day of December, 1846.

JAMES DIXON.

December 26, 1846—4w

Negroes Wanted,

THE highest cash prices always given at the old Establishment of H. H. SLATTERS, in Pratt st. between Sharp and Howard, No 244. All communications promptly attended to. I have no agents on the Eastern Shore.

H. H. SLATTER.

Baltimore,—Dec. 26th 1846 6m

Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber will offer at public sale, on a reasonable credit at Bradshaw's tavern, Cambridge, on *Monday, 18th January*—if not previously disposed of, the farm in Transquakin, between the lands of Dr. William H Muse, and Dr Phelps, containing 315 acres—230 of which, is in cultivation, and 85 in valuable timber.

This Farm, from its variety of soil—possessing a clayey loam, and a siliceous loam, and intermediate grades, is adapted to a variety of crops; and the infallible prospect of a future growing, and permanent demand for our Breadstuffs—especially, Indian Corn, in foreign markets, offers a strong incentive to agricultural energy and enterprise, which, for many years have been paralyzed. Endless resources of manure are presented on this Farm to make it a rich investment, by a moderate share of skill and attention. It has a neat small and nearly new dwelling house, two rooms on each floor; also two corn houses, one of them lately built and in the best manner, and will hold 3000 bushels;—the other 2000;

A well of pure, soft water is directly at the door, and many fine springs, elsewhere on the land.

JOSEPH E. MUSE

Dec. 19, 1846.—tf

NOTICE.

The subscriber announces to the citizens of Cambridge, and the Country round about, that he is now ready to execute with promptness, and despatch, all orders for House Painting, Gilding, Glazing, Bronzing, Sign, Ornamental and Fancy Painting, &c, &c Old Chairs repainted, Cane Seats new bottomed and repaired, all kinds of Chairs manufactured after City stile Old Furniture scraped and varnished. Terms as reasonable as the work can be done in this or any other town.

He can be found at his shop on Race street, near the Millinery of Miss Caroline Brown.

EDWARD REDHEAD

Nov 1, 1846—6m

Dorchester County Orphans' Court. } 8th December 1846. }

On application of JAMES THOMPSON Executr. of George W Traverse late of Dorchester co dec'd—it is ordered that he give notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each of three successive weeks in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester county Orphans' Court I have hereunto set my name and the seal of my office affixed this 8th day of December in the year of our Lord. 1846.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills Dor. Co.

In compliance with the above order, this is to give notice that the subscriber of Dorchester county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of George W Traverse late of Dor. coty deceased—All persons having claims against the said dec'd are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 8th day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said dec'd's estate.

Given under my haa l and seal this 8th day of December 1846.

JAMES THOMPSON, executor
December 12, 1846—3w

Dorchester County Orphan's Court, } 3rd December 1846 }

ON application of John C. Henry Executor of SOPHIA MURRAY late of Dorchester county County deceased., it is ordered that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the deceased's estate and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in the Cambridge Chronicle, a paper selected by him.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans Court I have hereunto set my name and the seal of my office affixed this 3rd day of December, in the year of our Lord, 1846.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester county.

In compliance with the above order, this is to give notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans Court of Dorchester county, in Maryland letters of adestamentary on the personal estate of Sophia Murray late of Dorchester county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the 3rd day of June next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 3rd day of December 1846.

JOHN C HENRY, Executor.
December 3, 1846

Saddlery & Harness Making.

THE subscriber having commenced the above named business, in the town of Cambridge; in the shop lately occupied by Mrs. Bell, as a School room, and between the Stores of Messrs. Corbin and Straughn's.—He respectfully informs his friends & the public in general, that he has just returned from the city of Baltimore, with a general assortment of all kinds of materials suitable for the manufacture of SADDLES, BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES. ALSO CARRIAGE AND CART HARNESS. Together with all other kinds of work. He keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of Saddles Bridles Whips and a variety of eaery other article, in his line of business. REPAIRING, of all kinds done on the most moderate terms.

He flatters himself to be able to give general satisfaction, and therefore solicits the patronage of the public.

ISAAC J. T. HARRIS.
Cambridge, Md. October 10th 1846.—6m

THE SUNDAY EXTRA.

A new weekly paper, devoted to Polite Literature, Foreign and Domestic News, Science and the arts, Critical Essays, Philosophy, Satire and Humor.

THOMAS R. WHITNEY, Editor.

One dollar per annum payable in advance.

The undersigned has the pleasure to announce that he will issue on Sunday, the 6th of December next, a new Weekly Paper, to be called the SUNDAY EXTRA. The principal aim of the editor will be to make the "Sunday Extra" a complete mirror of the times, in which will be faithfully reflected, in an interesting and condensed form, the News of the Week, Cream of New Works, Tales of Fiction, Fact and Romance, original and selected, Gems of Poetry & Prose, Letters on Science and Art, Keviews, satire, Wit, the Stage, &c., &c.,—in short to make it an acceptable Fireside Journal, complete in all its parts, and unexceptionable in point of morals. The "Extra will maintain a high tone in all its departments; and whilst eschewing politics, as such, reserve to itself the right freely and candidly to discuss all questions of acknowledged public interest and importance. A number of correspondents of known and approved talent, resident in different parts of the Union, have been secured, who will contribute their best efforts to the "Extra;" the aid, also, of an eminent Foreign Correspondent will add a valuable feature to its columns. The several departments of Literature, Science, and the Arts will be placed under the charge of experienced writers, and the editor will spare no exertions to make the "Extra" a complete Paper, while he confidently expects, as he intends to merit, the substantial endorsement of the public to his exertions.

THOMAS R. WHITNEY.
Publishing Office, No. 35 Ann Street.

☞Editors giving the above an insertion will confer a favor which will be duly acknowledged and also entitle them to an exchange.

New York, November 20, 1846.

WE are authorised to announce JOHN RICHARDSON, Esq as a candidate for the next Sheriffalty of Dorchester County.

Feb. 28. 1846.