The American Sentinel.

E PLURIBUS UNUM

WESTMINSTER:

FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1860.

To the Friends of the Constitutional Union Party in the State of Maryland

At a meeting held in the city of Baltimore, on the 14th of March, by the Executive Committee for the State of Maryland, of the Constitutional Union Party, amongst other proceedings the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The National Central Committee having by their address, published in the city of Washington on the 22d of February last, recommended the call of a National Convention, which by a later order they have appointed to be held on the 9th of May, in the city of Baltimore, and have also advised the call of State Conventions with a view to the appointment of delegates to said National Convention, and also to the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency.

And Whereas, It is important that measures be immediately adopted by the Constitutional Union party in Maryland to conform to the action proposed by the National Central Committee, and to assemble a State Convention for the purposes above mentioned. Therefore,

Resolved, That a State Convention of delegates of the Constitutional Union party of Maryland be assembled in the city of Baltimore at 12 o'clock, noon, on Thursday, the 19th of April, next.

That with a view to the appointment of delegates to said State Convention, the friends of the Constitutional Union party in each county of the State, are hereby requested to convene at the Court House of their respective counties on Saturday, the 14th day of April next, and there to appoint a delegation from each county respectively, to represent the same in the State Convention, which delegation shall consist of at least as many members as the county in which the appointment is made is entitled, by the Constitution, to elect to the House of Delegates of the State Legislature, and which delegation shall be empowered to cast the vote of the county on all questions which shall be submitted to the Convention.

Resolved, That a meeting of the friends of the Constitutional Union party of the city of Baltimore be also held in that city for the purpose of selecting a delegation to the State Convention, to be composed of at least as many members as the city is entitled to elect of any members of the House of Delegates, who shall in like manner as the delegations from the counties be authorized to cast the vote of the city on all questions before the Convention.

Resolved, That for the purpose of calling said meeting in the city of Baltimore, the Executive Committee be authorized to invite the co-operation of all citizens of said city who may be friendly to the objects proposed by the National Central Committee.

Resolved, That the several members of this committee representing the electoral districts of the State be charged with the duty of making these resolutions known to the several counties of their districts, respectively; and that they be authorized, if they may deem it necessary, to appoint county committees of three or more persons, to assist them in procuring an effective organization of the State Convention.

The Executive Committee earnestly invite the friends of the Constitutional Union party throughout the State to an active endeavor to promote, in accordance with the resolutions, the purposes proposed by the National Central Committee. And they request that the several newspapers of the State, friendly to the object, shall give such publicity to this call and to the address of the National Central Committee as they may deem effectual to secure a full representation of the State in the convention of the 19th of April next.

Signed,

JOHN P. KENNEDY, Chairman, and E. F. CHAMBERS, *for the State at Large.*

JAS W DENNIS,	1st Cong.	Dist.
H. W. ARCHER,	2nd "	"
WM CHESNUT,	3rd. "	"
WM. PRICE,	4th. "	"
FRED. SCHLEY,	5th. "	"
A. RANDALL,	6th. "	"

We hope these proceedings of the State Central Executive Committee of the Constitutional Union party will attract the attention and arouse the energies of every opponent of Democracy, and every adherent of the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws in the State of Maryland. It will be seen that the recommendation of the American members of the General Assembly that the State Convention should be held in Baltimore on Thursday, April 19th, proximo, has been adopted by the Committee, and the Saturday preceding has been fixed for the county meetings for the election of delegates. The time for the election of delegates from the city is yet to be determined.

Nothing now remains to be done by the Opposition in the counties except to work. The time for preparation for the State Convention is brief, but the issue is worthy of extraordinary efforts. The conservative men of Maryland have proudly and gallantly stood alone in their opposition to Democracy and Sectionalism, but they will stand alone no longer. When the banners of the American party were elsewhere trailing in the dust—when their sworn brothers in the North and in the South deserted their nationality and yielded to the menaces or allurements of sectional parties, the Americans of Maryland stood firmly and faithfully bearing aloft the emblem of their nationality. They achieved a glorious victory in their own State alone. *Now* their brethren of all the States around them, North and South, East and West, are rallying with enthusiasm and zeal to their support

Under the name of the Constitutional Union party, the scattered cohorts of conservatism and nationality are everywhere coming up to the maintainance of the same principles with which the Opposition in Maryland achieved their triumph. They ask now a reunion of the whole opposition to Democracy and sectionalism, and they propose to meet together in convention, on the ninth of May next upon the ground consecrated to nationality by the Americans of Maryland, to select a standard bearer who shall lead them on to victory over all the enemies of the Union and the institutions founded by our patriotic sires.—They intend, here and at that time, to perfect a consolidation of the conservative opposition. They will not lower their standards to insolent Democracy nor consent to merge their nationality in the contracted limits of aggressive sectionalism. They will come to prove to the country that there *is* a powerful, an overwhelming Opposition party that cannot and will not be diverted from its purely national and patriotic principles.

The names of this State Executive Committee and the names attached to the address of the National Executive Committee, which we have already published, are in themselves a sufficient guaranty for the pure patriotism, the eminent propriety, the sound policy and the anti-democratic character of the party whose success they are striving to promote. Among them will be recognized war-worn veterans of the whig party, who have come from their retirement to call their gallant companions in arms to the rescue of the Union and the Constitution. Among them will also be discovered the boldest and truest and most unflinching champions of the American party, who have now drawn their swords and thrown away the scabbards to join in the battle for the supremacy of principles for which they have been for years gallantly contending. They come side by side and shoulder to shoulder, calling upon their comrades everywhere to rally around the standard they have planted, and to aid them in another and more brightly promising struggle against Democracy and Sectionalism.

We hope this appeal will be heard and heeded in every nook and corner of every election precinct in every county of the State, and that the Whigs and Americans—the men of the Opposition—and the conservative men of all parties throughout all Maryland will at once gird up their loins and devote their energies to the work of preparation for the approaching Convention, and thorough organization of the party. Let there be no division of our forces and no distraction in our councils. Let individual preferences be no obstacle to a perfect union and cordial co-operation of the whole Opposition; but let us come together with buoyant hearts and spirits in our precinct and district meetings, in our State Convention, and in our National Convention in Baltimore, animated only by one heart, one mind, one wish, one motive, to achieve a glorious triumph over all our enemies and in favor of the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws.

The Legislature.

We most heartily accord in sentiment with the Annapolis Gazette, that it is gratifying to be able to record the fact that the Legislature of Maryland has adjourned, and that its closing scenes were a fit finale for the disgraceful and degrading acts of the lower House. Enactments characterized by so much injustice, fraud, and outrage, have never before been recorded by any legislative body in this country; and the members of the Majority have gone home to their constituents with such a black load of sins upon them that all the tears of all the angels can never blot out the foul record.

Not content with virtually disfranchising the American party in Baltimore city, by declaring void and of no effect the thousands of votes cast in that city in November last—not content with discharging from one of the highest offices in the State the best man who ever filled that office—not content with denying simple justice to a man because he is a stranger, and *not a locofoco*—not content with shamefully neglecting the claims of the thousands who daily knocked at their doors for justice—they have beggared the Treasury of the State, and placed our State credit in a condition to be dishonored on the first of April, when the interest on the public debt becomes due.

The perpetration of these outrages was closed by a scene that beggars description. In violation of law, in violation of the courtesy due the Senate, in violation of all decency, and in gross and shameful violation of the rules of the House, the Speaker declared the House adjourned while the Clerk was calling the yeas and nays on the passage of a bill; more than an hour before the usual time of such adjournment; and without having given notice of such intention to the Senate. Like guilty cowards, they slunk in fear and trembling from the Hall whose floor they had desecrated, and soon after went home to meet the constituents whom they had dishonored.

Can it be possible for the locofocos of Maryland to select and elect such a body of men again? Heaven forbid!

A SPECIAL DUN

We are in the same predicament of our brother of the Marlboro' Gazette.—There are a large number of accounts on our Printing books of long standing, and we have repeatedly informed our subscribers that we seldom put bills in the hands of Collectors. We find we have lost considerable by this course—and we now make an appeal to all who do not wish to be troubled with a visit from a special agent. The approaching term of our County Court will afford all an opportunity to send in their dues.—It is particularly important to us just now, that those who owe the "Sentinel" should pay, as we are making arrangements to buy it an entire new dress, and expect to appear with a bright, smiling face in the Spring. Lend us a helping hand, dear reader, and we shall be mutually benefited.

Another Store Robbery.

The store room of our young friend Wm. A. Fritchey, of Taneytown, this County, we learn was entered on Saturday night last, by burglars, and robbed of a silver watch, some jewelry, and other articles, the extent of which we are not informed. The entrance was effected by a side window, and it is said Mr. F. was not apprized of the robbery until Monday morning.

We have since learned that the burglars attempted to burn the house by opening some books and firing them, but falling over and closing, the flames were extinguished, which was a most fortunate circumstance, as the burning of this building would have communicated to others and destroyed the most business part of the town.

The State Comptrollership

A. Lingan Jarrett, Esq., recently declared elected Comptroller, presented himself before the Governor on Friday, with his bond, (said to be of the strongest character,) and desired its approval and also requested to be qualified as Comptroller. The Governor stated, in reply, that the present Comptroller had entered his protest against his qualification and the acceptance of his bond, on the part of the Executive, and under the circumstances, he desired time to consult counsel upon the subject. The Governor fixed upon Thursday last to give Mr. Jarrett a final answer to his application.

The whole number of bills passed at the late session of the Legislature was 378. The time occupied with the bills last was equivalent to more than half the session.

☞We learn from the Uniontown Press that Mr. Ephraim Wilson, residing near that town, had a valuable watch stolen from his house one day last week by some strolling vagrant.

☞Our thanks are due Hon. B. H. WEBSTER for a copy of the Commerce and Navigation of the United States for the year 1859.

March

A roaring, rollicking blustering, lawless month is March, even in the best of seasons. Whether it maketh the hare mad, according to an old proverb, this deponent saith not, but that it makes human beings angry does not admit of denial. To have one's hat blown from his head, and then chase it for half a square through slush and mud, would try the patience of a saint, and that is one of the standing amusements of this genial month of March. Ranting, raving winds are now the order of the day. It is the carnival season of old Boreas. He comes rushing down from the frozen north with his attendant train of hail, sleet and snow, and plays the very mischief while the it is on him. Now he butts at a lonely house, and tries all the doors and windows, rattling the blinds and prying up the shingles; anon, he tears through a grove of trees, clashing the dry branches, ruffling the plumes of the pines, and filling the air with red leaves that have clung all winter to the sturdy oaks; then away over the rushing streams, away, away, to the crowded city, to whirl the weathercocks, to slam the blinds, to clap the shutters to, to blow open doors, to stagger pedestrians, to assault ladies, to knock off hats and to rip awnings into rags.

But with all this storm and bluster, March is a welcome month. It is the first vernal month. But for this rude wind the earth would remain water-soaked till summer. It prepares the soil for the plow and for the seed. Sometimes there is a lull in the stormy breath of the north. Sometimes bland and genial airs from the south woo the breast of nature gently. Flirting about among the dark branches of the apple orchard, mark the blue-bird in his sky-blue jacket, or the robbin, with his brown coat and red waistcoat, and his full toned, joyous whistle. Along the garden walks, the crocus and the snow-drop peep timidly forth. Yes, it is spring at last! Adieu to skating and sleigh-bells. We shall soon have other out-door pleasures. Ere many weeks the grass will again be green; ere many weeks the buds will begin to open, and long sunshiny days to bring their tribute of bright blossoms and green leaves. Therefore we can forgive the rough greeting of the winds—we can bless the stormy skies; they are heralds of serenity, and warmth, and brightness, and the heart bounds exultant at the prospect of Spring.

Keep it Before the People.

At a meeting of the American members of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in Annapolis on the 7th of March, 1860, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

"RESOLVED, *by the Members of the General Assembly of Maryland, of the American party*, that it is, in their opinion, important that the citizens of the State opposed to the present Democratic party, should take measures, at once, to make their opposition effective, by organization and the adoption of effective means of such opposition;—and that they respectfully recommend to their fellow citizens, throughout the State, who think with them in this sentiment, to meet in their respective districts, to be holden in Baltimore city, on THURSDAY, THE 19TH DAY OF APRIL, next, for further resolution and action

ANTHONY KIMMELL, Chairman."

We commend this resolution to the serious attention of all opponents of the present National Administration in Carroll County, and trust they will promptly take such steps as may be necessary in the premises to secure a full, free and faithful representation of their views and sentiments in the proposed Convention. While the Americans and Old Line Whigs of this State can never be induced to surrender their nationality to co-operate with other opponents of the corrupted, extravagant and profligate Democracy, which is eating into the very vitals of the body politic like a huge cancer, they all deplore the absurd divisions and senseless distinctions which have thus far prevented them from consolidating their strength, and routing the enemy. The Convention referred to will assume to speak for that Opposition in this State—will probably undertake to define its position in the approaching Presidential campaign, and present its choice of candidates to the other States, and it is therefore, very important that Carroll County should be represented in that body by a reliable, disinterested and patriotic delegation of its citizens. We are not authorized to call primary meetings, but presume that duty will be attended to by the American Central Committee at the proper time.

Case of Horse Stealing.

A few days since, the stable of Mr. Samuel Bentz, proprietor of the Hood's Mills, Carroll county, was entered and robbed of one bay mare, a bay horse, two saddles and two bridles, the whole valued at $310. Upon discovering the theft, Mr. Bentz went to Baltimore and secured the services of Policemen Brooks and McDonald, who went to work in earnest for the recovery of the property. One horse was finally traced to a place about fourteen miles from the city on the Belair road, and it was proven that the animal had been brought there a few days previously and sold to a colored man for fifty dollars. The saddle and bridle also were recovered, when the officers started in search of the other animal, which they discovered in the stable of Mr. Myers, on the Annapolis road, several miles from the city. The saddle and bridle, however, the officers were unable to recover. Three parties, named John Conrad, Jacob Kuhn and Lawrence Rieman were taken into custody, and the proof against at least two of them is pretty strong. One of them stoutly denied having seen either saddle or bridle, whereas both were found upon his person. Another of the party confessed that he did steal one of the horses, that he had already carried off a thousand papers, and had never yet been in a jail or a station house. They were taken before Justice Euson, who committed them to jail to await the action of the authorities of Carroll county.

Strawberries.

The attention of our readers, especially those of them who are fond of fine Strawberries, is directed to the advertisement of HOOKER & Co., of the Commercial Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y. Their Nurseries are noted for the production of the finest fruits and plants in the United States, and are said to occupy 200 acres of ground.

Post Office Affairs.

At Woltersville, this County, George H. Wadlow is appointed Postmaster, vice Charles R. Walters, resigned.

The office at Peolsburg, this County, is discontinued. Finksburg is the nearest office.

☞The action of the House of Delegates in declaring the November election in the city of Baltimore a nullity, in obedience to the dictates of a locofoco party caucus, will probably result more seriously than many of the locofocos, who participated in the perpetration of this outrage, have supposed. It is the opinion of many eminent jurists that the position taken by Mr. Dennis, of Somerset, is correct, and that the expulsion of the Baltimore, delegates upon the ground that there was no election will render null and void many important acts of the General Assembly. Among these is the appropriation of one million of dollars to the Eastern Shore for railroad purposes.

The Constitution requires thirty eight votes to pass a bill in the House of Delegates. The Eastern Shore bill received thirty-nine votes, among which were those of Freaner, of Washington county, and of the Baltimore Delegates. By Freaner's own admission he was ineligible and not entitled to a seat in the body. By the resolution of the House itself the Baltimore delegates were not entitled to seats there, consequently there was not the requisite number of legal votes in favor of the measure and it cannot become a law. There is a manifest difference between the case where a contestant is ultimately adjudged to be entitled to a seat held by a sitting member, is considered in law *de facto* entitled to perform all the acts of a member until the contest is decided. In the other case no one is entitled to vote. It remains to be seen whether this last act of the Democratic majority, has not annulled and rendered void many, if not almost all of the important acts of the whole session of the Legislature.

State and National Conventions.

The National Convention of the Constitutional Union party has been called for the 9th of May, in the city of Baltimore and the American members of the Legislature have, by a resolution, which we give in another column, called the opposition State convention to meet in Baltimore, on the 19th of April. It will be seen, therefore, that there is no time to lose on the part of the counties. The opposition should organize at once for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State convention. We should like to see such a convention held in Baltimore, as, both for numbers and spirit, has never assembled there before.

We have not only got a great duty to perform to the country at large, in aiding the conservative and Union-loving portion of its people to destroy sectionalism wherever it is to be found, but our duty to our State is equally great and important. Maryland must be rescued from the hands of the spoilers, who have so basely abused their power by the most unmitigated despotism, and a reckless extravagance. It can be done, and it must be done.

Hazlett and Stevens

The last two of the Harper's Ferry foravers paid the penalty of their crimes at Charlestown on Friday. Although by all the requirements of law and justice, both Stevens and Hazlett have only suffered the legitimate punishment of their treason, still we are inclined to think that some clemency in their cases would not have been misapplied. There was no doubt as to their guilt, and there can be nothing said against the strict justice that meted out their retribution. But on this very account Virginia could have afforded to spare their lives. The time will probably never arrive when a similar enormity will be attempted by the maddest of the madmen who invest these poor criminals with the halo of martyrdom. The drama is played out, however, and the denouement accords with the first scenes. There will be the usual amount of political capital made of the sad story, and there it will end.—If any practical lesson is to be learned from it, it is that our internal dissensions are a shame to us, and the result of them harmful on all sides.

Important Laws.

The new Code, on page 238, says "that if any person belonging to this State shall go out of this State, and there marry with any person belonging to this State,—without license or publication, each of the said parties on conviction, shall be fined *one hundred dollars.*" Quite a number of persons in this county have rendered themselves liable to the penalties of this law, which was enacted many years ago, but never we believe enforced. Being now, however, revived by the Code, it is not likely to remain a dead letter in the future, as it has been suffered to do in the past.

In regard to hunting, the Code also says, that "every person who shall, upon any pretense whatever, come to hunt with gun or dog upon the lands of another, without leave or license from the owner or possessor thereof first had and obtained, shall for every such offense, forfeit and pay to the party aggrieved the sum of five dollars, to be recovered before a justice of the peace in the name of the State."

Minister to Mexico.

The Hon. Robert M. McLane, United States Minister to Mexico, left Baltimore in the Norfolk boat last week and will proceed thence in the United States steamer Brooklyn to Vera Cruz, immediately. Should the Mexican treaty be ratified by the United States Senate, which he believes will be done, he expects to be absent for some months attending to the carrying out of its stipulations. Should the treaty be rejected, he will probably return at an early day.

Judge of the Criminal Court

Governor Hicks has appointed HON LENOX BOND, Esq. as Judge of the Baltimore City Criminal Court, *vice* Henry Stump, removed. Judge Bond is well and favorably known to the readers of the Carrolltonian, and Sentinel, as the "More Anon" correspondent. He is a young man of untiring industry, energy, and a sound practical lawyer. He took the necessary oath before the Clerk of the Superior Court on Friday, and immediately entered upon the discharge of his duties as Judge.

Town Property Sold.

A house and lot of ground situated in Westminster, was sold at public sale on Wednesday of last week, by John Kuhn, Executor, for $1,000. Purchaser, David Kuhn, Esq.

☞At the time of closing our form the Methodist Protestant Conference was still in session at Baltimore. We will publish the appointments next week.

New Publications

RURAL REGISTER.—The regular semi-monthly number of this capital agricultural journal appeared on Saturday. The editor advocates the grape culture, among the many useful subjects to which he directs the attention of his readers, and there is no doubt that after some little oscillation, the best vines known in the world can be made to thrive in the Middle States. Published twice a month by Sands & Mills, Baltimore, at $1 per annum.

NEW VOLUMES OF THE FOUR REVIEWS AND BLACKWOOD'S COMMENCE JANUARY, 1860.—The present is a good time to commence subscriptions. Terms: Per Ann.

For any one of the four Reviews,	$3 00
For any two of the four Reviews,	5 00
For any three of the four Reviews,	7 00
For all four of the Reviews,	8 00
For Blackwood's Magazine,	3 00
For Blackwood and one Review,	5 00
For Blackwood and two Reviews,	7 00
For Blackwood and three Reviews,	9 00
For Blackwood and the Four Reviews,	10 00

Money Current in the State where issued will be received at par.

CLUBBING.—A discount of twenty five per cent. from the above price will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for $9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for $30; and so on.

☞Remittances should always be addressed to the Publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & Co., No. 54 Gold Street, New York.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—The April number is already received, and its beauty and variety we think it has never been equalled. It contains 75 engravings, double the number of any other Magazine. We will'n at the Sentinel and Book one year for $3 in advance.

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND.—This publication has reached its 67th issue, is published semi-monthly by Seymour & Co., N. Y., at 15 cents per number. All who wish good and the latest piano music published, should subscribe for O. r Musical Friend.

THE SOLO MELODIST.—Published monthly by the same firm at $2.50 per annum is intended for amateurs who play the flute, violin, cornet, clarionet, accordeon, &c., and contains usually twelve pages of music. We commend it to patronage.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.—The April number of this excellent monthly contains 70 engravings and 52 embellishments. We advise our readers to try it a year, assured that they will not be disappointed in its worth and beauty. Address C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia. Price $2 a year in advance.

ATLANTIC MONTHLY.—The three last numbers of this valuable Magazine have not been received. Having fully complied with the proposition of the publishers in printing their Prospectus, they will please do us the kindness to send it on regularly.

TURNPIKE MEETING.

FRANKLINVILLE, March 17, 1860.

The presiding officer in the chair. The proceedings of the previous meeting were read and adopted. The committee then reported that part of the same had visited Baltimore, and thought there would be considerable Stock taken by the merchants, after they interested have properly organized a Company and proven they are in earnest.

Other business called, by motion the President appointed six gentlemen, three from Frederick and three from Carroll county, to meet the Commissioners appointed under the Charter at as early a day as practicable, and request them to draw up their subscription list and get as much Stock subscribed as possible by the next meeting, and for them to assist in doing the same, with the appropriation App-intees, J. H. Steele, D. R. Shipley, Dr. G. R. Spangler, Dr. F. Crawford, Stephen Gorsuch, and A. E. Doxey.

A motion carried that the Commissioners and assistants present, meet at once and report a day to this meeting, when there will be met, and request the absent Commissioners and assistants to meet them, as they can proceed to business. Time Saturday March 24, 1o'clock, P. M., place, Windsor.

A motion carried that the Pres dent appoint ten gentlemen to get up subscription lists to petition the Commissioners to take the $85,000 worth of Stock authorized by the Charter. Appointees Dr. F. Crawford, Col. J. C. Gist, Wm. Puckett, Larkin Shipley, Stephen Gorsuch, Grove Shipley, Dr. R. Thompson, Dr. Wm. M. Hines, J. B. Brown, and Dr. J. W. Steele.

After various opinions expressed as regarded the proper manner of proceedings for the benefit of the cause, it was determined by motion that when this meeting adjourns, it adjourn to meet again at Carter's Cross Roads, Saturday, March 31st, at 1o'clock, P. M., when it is earnestly wished the Commissioners will have been successful and that they will be able to call together at the next meeting the Stockholders, and regularly organize the Company. Moved and carried that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Carroll county papers and Liberty Banner.

DR. N. BROWN, President.
DAVID PAGOD, } Vice Pr's.
JOSHUA FRIZZELL, }
D. J. W. Steele } Secr's.
S. R. Gwr. }

Survive or Perish.

THE SCIENCES OF LIFE AND DEATH!

We observe that a machine for casting bullets, capable of turning out one hundred and sixty rifle balls per minute, has been started at Washington. Taking as much attention as pod to the science of killing as to that of curing. More than five hundred instruments of whole sale destruction have been patented within the last twenty years, and only two great curatives, Holloway's Pills and Ointment, have been introduced within that time. It would seem, however, that these medicines pretty fairly balance the account between the healing art and the science of destruction. The probability is, that they save a much greater number of lives than patent rifles, pistols and cannon destroy; and as their consumption is increasing in almost geometrical ratio in this country, the odds in favor of life are augmenting every year. The late California papers represent these remedies as accomplishing the most extraordinary cures in that State and especially in the placers, wet and dry. That most tenacious of internal diseases, dysentery, is said to have lost all its terrors in the eyes of the miners, since the introduction of the Pills; and the virulent eruptions and ulcers so disorders contracted by working in the excavations half filled with water, under a hot sun, are so rapidly reduced by the application of the Ointment, that the diggers are less careful than they might to be to avoid exposure.—Bilious continuous, and intermittent fevers, have long been terrible scourges in the valley of the Sacramento, and in the neighborhood of all the water courses where the presence of gold has attracted a population; but now, the papers say, that these disorders appear to be dying out under the renovating and purifying operations of the former preparation. This is better news than the intelligence of new gold discoveries.—*Potter He "Mining Register."*

Changing Residences.

Subscribers to the American Sentinel who may change their residences during the present spring, as no doubt many of them will do, are requested to notify us of their new places of abode, that we may continue to serve them with their papers.

☞By notice in another column it will be seen that the Omnibus line for Baltimore will start from the City Hotel, Westminster, every morning in the week, (Sunday excepted,) at 4 o'clock, A. M., and return at 6 o'clock, P. M., leaving Baltimore at 5 o'clock, P. M. The mail line leaves Westminster for Baltimore on Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings, at 11 o'clock, A. M., returning on alternate days.

Holloway's Pills.

Fever and Ague, and all intermittents, yields to this remedy. Quinine acts as a powerful stimulant, and when it checks the disease, revenges itself upon the bones and tendons; but this balsamic medicine renovates the whole system, enables nature to throw off the complaint, and entails no unpleasant consequences.

Sold at the manufactory, No. 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all druggists, at 25c., 63c., and $1 per box.

☞A merchant at Baton Rouge, La., was arrested for vagrancy last week.—In five years he had gambled away a fortune of $100,000, and was reduced to absolute destitution.

For the Sentinel.

THE DRUNKARD IS A SLAVE AND A SLANDERER.

Is not the drunkard a slave? Who is a more abject slave than he is? The poor galley slave, chained down to his hard drudgery can have his thoughts free, and it is feeling free. But the low degraded drunkard is a slave in body and mind. Drink is the iron bondage that cures his humbler beauty, annuls appetite, in his every thought. What a miserable, pitiable slave! Liquor puts him in the filth of the street, liquor tears his clothes from his back, liquor lays him upon the bed of sickness, and in fact makes a perfect tool and a drudge of him. Who has such a slavish heart that he would be a drunkard? And yet the drunkard tries to be more. He seeks his danger. Liquor cauls hard upon him. He jests at death and hell, and things sacred. Poor soul! Before he is aware of it death paralyzes him, and the Devil, notwithstanding his sneering, throws his heavy cerecloth around him. "The drunkard shall not enter the kingdom of heaven." The drunkard is a vile slanderer. Hear his abusive language. No character is safe for two upright to escape his venom.—His tongue is piled for blasphemy and slander and nothing else. Filled with the spirit of the Devil, he does the Devil's drudgery, uttering his dirty jests, his senseless witticisms levelled against persons of the best reputation and holiest lives. What does the drunkard care for, what does he cares for? Sunk in the filth of Pandemonium, having a heart teeming with profanity, darkened in his mind with infidelity, he is reckless of every consideration, and is ready at any time to abuse and slander—religion itself. Corrupt and base in his own soul, he tries to make out that others are no better than himself. The Lord will rebuke him; the Lord will laugh when his fear comes; the Lord will cast him off in the day of his calamity. In all probability he will never come to his feeling until he burns in hell! What shall be said of those who help make the drunkard? Who ply the poor neighbors, drink, drink, and if you get into trouble, in consequence of drunkenness, "try to bear it." Why don't they help them to try and bear it? Why don't they go to the poor, and sick, and dying drunkard, and help him? Why are they in league with the Devil to destroy their fellow-beings, and then cowardly desert them in the time of need? Such persons cannot escape the vengeance of Almighty God. Their sin and crimes in promoting the dreadful evil of drunkenness, will be brought up in terrible array against them in the day of final account. TEMPERANTIA.

CHILLS AND FEVER! CHILLS AND FEVER!—One of the greatest curatives that has ever been laid before the public, for Fever and Ague, and which have received the highest encomiums from the press and the people, is DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS. Who would endure a moment's delay from this terrible disease, when it can be so easily cured? Who would endure sleepless nights, burning fevers and icy chills alternate, when a remedy can be obtained for a mere trifle? And yet how many families linger out a painful existence under this deadly blight, and do nothing but gulp down quinine, until it becomes as common as their daily meals, and yet they are not relieved.—None but the foolish and weak would hesitate to procure these valuable Bitters, and save themselves intense agony. Read by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

☞See advertisement in another column.

A CARD.

A MISSIONARY lately returned from Japan, has brought with him a receipt which has cured thousands who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis and debility. Established in Japan by a learned Physician, in the great City of Jeddo.

Having been cured by a priest, of Consumption when all other means had failed, I am determined to benefiting others by sending the recipe, free of charge, to any person who desires it. Address with stamp, enclosed, REV. WILLIAM COSBOVE,

No. 335 Bedford street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

January 13—3m.

THOROUGHLY TRIED AND Unfailing Remedies!

SWAYNES! SWAYNES! SWAYNES!

DR. SWAYNE'S

Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry

RESTLESS NIGHTS, CONSUMPTION, &c.

SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY. Its astonishing properties are very remarkable. It purifies the blood, invigorates the circulation and tone, and strength is given to the whole constitution, for Cold, Coughs, Shortness of Breath, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Breast, Night Sweats, Tickling in the Throat, Pains in the Side or Breast, &c.

Swayne's Celebrated Vermifuge.

A sure Worm Killer—and excellent bowle good on delicate children, and adapted to the taste.

Swayne's Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills.

Sugar coated—warranted to contain no calomel—A mild and gentle purgative, unsurpassed by any Medicine for removing the Bile, cleansing the stomach, and effecting a healthy circulation.—These Pills neither gripe nor produce nausea.

Dr. Swayne's Bowel Cordial,

A pleasant and sure remedy for Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera Infantum, Summer Complaint, Sick or Nervous Stomach and Bowels, Vomiting, Sickness of the Stomach, &c.

GREAT SPRING PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD. SWAYNE'S Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, a great remedy for Scrofula, Old Ulcers, evil effects of Mercury, all Skin Eruptions, Blood Pudding, &c.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION.

DR. SWAYNE'S BITTER CATHOLICON. A very valuable tonic, may be taken with a degree of certainty, never stop relieved by a Medicine of this character, for Constipation, Flatulence, Nausea, Heart Burn, Acidity of the Stomach, Cold Feet, Debility caused by the Infirmity of Age, Prostration of strength from any cause; Depression of spirits, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion in all its forms.

All the above prepared only by DR SWAYNE & SON No. 8 NORTH SEVENTH STREET Second Door above Market, Philadelphia.

Hyman and Osborne Tyler, received from Philadelphia, and for sale at

March 23. *Reese & Gernand's.*

PARIS Green, Chrome Green, Chrome Blue, Raw and Burnt Umber, Raw Sienna, Chrome Yellow and Patent Dryer, in Oil, or sale low for cash, by *Reese & Gernand.*

MARRIED.

On the 5th inst., at the Lutheran Parsonage, Frederick, by Rev. G. Diehl, Mr. JESSE N. MUMMY to Miss SUSAN F. SWEALY, both of Double Pipe Creek.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. LEANDER H. KEY to Miss VIRGINIA H. PENNELL, both of Mechanicstown.

On the 21st ult., at Waterbury, Ct., by Rev. T. F. Hendricken, Dr. THOMAS D. DOHERTY, formerly Professor at Calvert College, in this County, and Miss MARGARET A., daughter of Michael Nevin, of the former place.

On the 6th inst., by Elder Philip Boyle, Mr. GEORGE WECONER to Miss RACHEL LECORE, both of the vicinity of New Windsor.

DIED.

On the 15th inst., LEWIS RICHARD, son of Evan and Annie Adams, near Uniontown, aged 11 months and 2 days.

On the 6th inst., at the residence of Mr. Geo H. Davis, near Mt. Airy, Rev. SOLOMON R WATERS, of Baltimore city, in the 64th year of his age.

On Sunday, March 11th, of Bilious Cholic, Mr. VALENTINE VANSE, of Frizzelburg, aged 40 years, 1 month and 13 days. He was a kind husband, an indulgent father, and a good neighbor. His remains were followed to the grave by an unusual concourse of people.—He has left a widow and two interesting children to mourn his untimely removal.

Advertising

HAS enlarged many a small business;
HAS revived many a dull business;
HAS rescued many a lost business;
HAS saved many a failing business;
HAS preserved many a large business;
HAS created many a new business;
AND ensures success in any business.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.—For diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsy.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.
HELMBOLD'S Genuine PREPARATION.

is prepared according to Pharmacy and Chemistry with the greatest accuracy and Chemical knowledge devoted to their combination.

READ! READ! READ!—"Ye afflicted read" the following Certificate of a cure of over 20 years' standing:

H. T. HELMBOLD.—*Dear Sir:* I have been troubled with an affliction of the Bladder and Kidneys for over twenty years. I have tried Physicians in vain, and at last concluded to give your Genuine Preparation a trial, as I had heard it highly spoken of. It afforded me immediate relief. I have used three bottles, and I have obtained more relief from its effects and feel much better than I have for twenty years previous. I have the greatest faith in its virtues and curative powers, and shall be ever in my power to make it known to the afflicted. Doing this may prove invaluable to you in assisting you to introduce the medicine.

I am truly yours, M. McCORMICK,

Lewistown, Pa., Jan. 23, 1857.

Hundreds doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. Wm. Bigler, Ex Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. A. Pierce, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. Knox, Judge, Tioga County, Pa.
Hon. J. S. Black, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. Porter, Ex Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Ellis Lewis, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. R. C. Grier, Judge U. S. Court.
Hon. G. W. Woodward, Judge Supreme Court.
Hon. W. A. Porter, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. John Bigler, Ex Governor, California.
Hon. B. Snowden, Solicitor General, Washington.
And many others, if necessary.

☞See advertisement headed "HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION," in another column.

For the Sentinel.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

MARCH 22 FLOUR.—The Flour market continues dull and heavy. There was some little movement in Howard Street Super, but the sales were made at a decline of 12½ to 25cts per bbl, on the price obtained for it on Saturday. The sales embraced 200 bbls at $5 81, and 400 bbls. on private terms, but prices and buyers are not at $5.75 per bbl.—Nothing was done in City Mills Super so far as we could learn. It sold in Saturday at $5, but not more than $5.75 per bbl. could have been obtained for it to day.

RYE FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.—Rye Flour may be quoted at $4 37½ to 50, and Corn Meal at $3 92½ for Baltimore, and $4 per bbl. for Brandywine, but we hear of no sales of either of these articles.

GRAIN.—Wheat was dull and quite heavy, but although the market was evidently weaker than on Saturday, prices cannot be said to have declined. There were about 3,000 bushels offered, part of which was sold within the range of the quotations which are stated as follows, viz: 138@142 cts. for good to prime white, and 104@105 cts. for choice do. The receipts of Corn to-day reached about 17,000 bushels, some 5,000 bushels of which were white, and 12,000 bushels yellow. Most of the white was sold at 67@70 cts. measure, and 71@72 cts. weight, but very little of the yellow was disposed of. We quote it however at 68@70 cts. measure, and 72@74 cts. per bushel weight. Oats, of which there were about 3,400 bushels at market, sold at 44@48 cts. for Maryland, and 45@47 cts. for Pennsylvania, and we quote Rye firm at 90 cts. for Maryland, and 91@95 cts. for Pennsylvania. A lot of 275 bushels Pennsylvania sold to day at 95 cts.

PROVISIONS.—Provisions are quiet and the feeling in the market is decidedly heavy. There is a fair jobbing demand for Bacon, and we note sales at 8 cts. for Shoulders, and 10 cts. for Sides, but round lots could not be sold at these figures. Lard steady at 11 cts.

SEEDS.—There was very little inquiry for Cloverseed, and only a few small lots were sold. We quote it as before at from $4 to $4 50 but some retail sales are making at $4.75 per bushel. Timothy Seed is firm at $3 50, and we quote Flaxseed at $1.30@1 40 per bushel.

HANOVER MARKET.—Flour, from wagons, $5 00; do. retail $5 50. Rye Flour $4 00, per bbl. Wheat, 115