AMERICAN SENTINEL, AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The American Sentinel.
WESTMINSTER:
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1860.

UNION TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
Hon. JOHN BELL,
OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
Hon. EDWARD EVERETT,
OF MASSACHUSETTS

Grand Mass Meeting.

The Union Mass Meeting of the Bell and Everett party held in Westminster on Saturday last was a complete success. The attendance of our people was larger, much larger than we had ever thought of. Every District was represented, and some of them largely, sufficiently so as to make a respectable procession alone, with banners, flags, music, bells, wreaths, evergreens, and all the paraphernalia accompanying popular demonstrations—large wagons tastefully decorated and adorned, with huge bells suspended, ringing cheeringly, and others filled with ladies whose patriotism endears them, and whose presence added additional interest to the exciting occasion. Of the Districts represented bodily, we can scarcely command language sufficiently expressive to indite the noble passions and purposes which animated each bosom of the patriotic compacts. Hampstead District, usually dormant and never conspicuous in the past on public occasions, most honorably redeemed herself, and fully established a reputation for energy, and first-class reliable assistance, which will be enduring as time itself. Her representation excited the wonder and admiration of all, eliciting the choicest encomiums of commendation for numbers, display and appearance. Scarcely had we time to make a note of this unexpected crowd, before Myer's District appeared in sight in splendid array, headed by the Mt. Pleasant Brass Band, and in her train were carried banners, flags, bells, mottoes, &c., of every shade and variety. Always prominent and in the first rank whenever called upon, yet this time she outdone herself, and is justly entitled to the honor of having the largest delegation and making the most commanding display of any District in the County. New Windsor, with her numerous train of wagons, carriages, horsemen, banners, marshals and music, created the liveliest emotions of pleasure, and deserves to be highly commended for her enterprising and enthusiastic spirit, as manifested so zealously at this interesting period.—Her industrious, intelligent and noble sons are composed of metal of pure stamp and genuine ring, a sentiment universally accorded, and a title legitimate as it is royal, that it is an honor to be a citizen of District No. 11. Of others, we might speak in the same strain, and the most gratifying thought connected with volumes that might be said would be, that all these were our own citizens. It was Young Carroll waking up to her duty and turning out in her strength; and we are certain that no occasion ever brought together so many of our best and most solid men. In this respect we think this meeting has never been equalled here. Those present were the substantial men of the County. They are men who are respected for their intelligence, independence, morality and influence. No extraordinary enthusiasm was manifested, although there was an abundance of cheering throughout the speaking, but there seemed to be a calm and deep thoughtfulness prevading the assembly.—The people appeared to have come together for sober counsel, and prompt, decided and efficient action. The most perfect harmony prevailed throughout the proceedings, and every one seemed deeply interested in the transactions of the meeting, which is estimated to have been composed of from 2,000 to 2,500 Union loving persons. During the intervals of the speaking the occasion was enlivened by the musical performances of the Mt. Pleasant Brass Band, and the Cornet Band of Westminster. Ladies from all parts of the County were present in large numbers, and gave beauty and interest to the occasion. Just here, by way of ending this introductory and intended as parenthesis, it is worthy of observation that out of six addresses, four of which separately were sufficiently copious to cover a page of the Sentinel, not a sentence of slang or abuse of parties, or mounte-bank boasting could have been selected.

At about 2 o'clock, on motion of Jno. E. Smith, the meeting was organized by the selection of the following officers:

DR. NATHAN BROWN, President.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:

Sterling Galt,	Nicholas Durbin,
Granville S. Haines,	Talbot G. Hammond,
William Tagg,	William R. Steele,
Mordecai G. Cockey,	Jacob Sayler,
Henry Devries,	Israel Norris.
Henry N. Brinkman	

SECRETARIES:

Gustavus W. Crapster,	Ezra Legore,
Dr. J. Wesley Steele,	Wm. H. Grammer,

The President, upon taking the chair, returned his thanks for the compliment paid him in assigning him such a position, and introduced to the meeting Hon. J. DIXON ROMAN, of Washington County, Bell and Everett Elector for the State at Large for the Western Shore. Mr. Roman is not an entire stranger to our people, and all who heard him will certainly agree that he is no stranger to that art which fires the heart and enchains the thoughts of men.—His speech was a masterly effort. The breathless attention which the audience paid him is the highest encomium upon the power of his eloquence, and if we judge him by this impartial rule he has few equals in the State. After a few preliminary remarks, he said it has been charged upon the Union party by its opponents that it has no platform, and is a party without principles. Nothing can be more untrue. It has the broadest and strongest platform, embodying the broadest and purest principles of any of the parties now before the country. These principles are co-eval, co-existent and co-extensive with the Union itself. They had their origin in the days of the Revolution. They were announced by Washington, and supported by Jefferson, Adams, Clay, Webster, and all the great minds that have illuminated our history. "The Union, the Constitution and the Enforcement of the Laws," is the only true platform for American citizens. We legislate according to the provisions of the Constitution; and we look to the Supreme Court for our constructions upon the Constitution. Certainly, nothing can be more plain, or more clearly right than this. The democratic party charged us with abolitionism. Everybody who does not vote the democratic ticket is an abolitionist. They have been singing that song so long that it is nearly worn out. He, with many of his fellow-citizens of Carroll, is a slave-holder, and could speak the common sentiments of all on this subject. We are not going to be frightened from our steadfastness by their abolition ghost. This charge comes with a bad grace from the democrats at this time. It is a significant fact that our candidate is the only slave-holder, with the exception of Mr. Douglas, who holds in trust for his children, of all the candidates for the Presidency. This is worthy of notice as strongly commending him to the patronage of the South, and is at the same time the strongest refutation of the malicious charge of abolitionism. This great democratic party is now sadly situated.—Since the recent division, they don't know which way to go. They are unable to tell which is the true democracy. They reminded him of the young lady who wrote to her lover,

> I am not sick, I am not well,
> I know not what it is that ails me;
> I used to eat my dozen eggs a day,
> But now my stomach fails me!

There is something the matter with it, but it can't tell what. In this State some of them went down to Washington and called out the great High Priest of Democracy to tell them which is the true Democracy, and advise them which way to vote. The old High Priest came out and told them, "you have always been good Democrats, if you will only still cling to the democratic party, you may vote for just whom you please. Just vote for who you please, and keep good democrats; may be we'll all unite again in the next four years and still be good democrats." This is the advice of Mr. Buchanan, the High Priest of Democracy. It is only another illustration of the fact that the democratic party loves itself more than the country, as this same High Priest has since ordered his subjects to support Breckinridge at the risk of his disapprobation and the death stroke of the guillotine. With all its boasted devotion to the South, it has never served the South except when it could serve itself at the same time. So great is its devotion to its own interest, that it boldly proclaims disunion, if it is thrust from power. Disunion is no trifling thing. It is the very poorest remedy for the evils that beset our body politic; and to us here in Maryland, it is especially fearful. It is folly, it is even phrenzy.—Look at our position. We are a border State. We have two hundred miles of border along the Pennsylvania line, and one hundred and fifty miles along the Delaware line. In the event of a dissolution we should in a very little while be stripped of our negroes. The underground railroad on the one hand would carry off many, without leaving us the least power to reclaim them. This, together with the high prices at the South, would induce many to give a permit for a small journey for the benefit of their health. By these means, the underground railroad at the North, and the high prices at the South, old Maryland would be stripped of her slave property, and made, to all practical purposes, a free State. This too, through the instrumentality of the democratic party, the boasted friend of the South. These democrats may declaim loudly for disunion in Georgia and the other extreme Southern States where they have not so much to lose, but in Maryland and the other border States where we have everything to lose and nothing to gain, let it not be even so much as whispered. The question arises, how shall we prevent this dire calamity? Simply by uniting upon Bell and Everett for the defeat of Lincoln and Breckinridge. The election of either these two would be a dire calamity. Mr. Lincoln would be objectionable to the South, and might provoke her to rebellion; whereas, no one objects to our candidates. All parties respect them, and would respect and maintain their wise administration. Let us all rally around them, and work diligently for them until every heart shall catch the enthusiasm and all the nation shall burn with a patriotism that shall rise higher and higher till its lambent breath shall lick the skies.

Mr. Roman having concluded, Hon. GEO. A. PEARRE, of Allegany County, was introduced in a very flattering manner as one of the most gifted, talented and eloquent of Maryland's sons. It is only proper here to state that Mr. Pearre was taken from the stand from which Mr. Roman spoke, and removed to that erected by the Committee of Arrangements, at the South East corner of the Court House, where he labored under great disadvantages from the oppressive and sweltering influences of a broiling sun, and was only relieved by changing him a second time to another part of the rostrum. We regarded these annoyances as a test of true patriotism.—Visionary humanitarians tell us that people harden as they get old: that the frost of time steals on and nips their sympathies, and they forget that they have ever been patient and submissive. Not so with the old, infirm and grey-headed patriots who honored this meeting by their presence, and who, for nearly three mortal hours hung patiently, good-humoredly, unmurmuringly, on the words of wisdom which fell from the lips of orators such as were there, exhibiting, arbitrarily, that they were in deep earnest, and were keenly alive to the importance of the occasion.—Here, too, we may as well say, inasmuch as we have made a digression, that the stand erected for the speakers was a very creditable one, from which floated the Stars and Stripes, and which was decorated with wreaths, evergreens, flowers, and embellished with portraits of the Father of our Country, and the Union candidates, Bell and Everett. Mr. Pearre has a pleasant countenance, but there is depicted on it great firmness. He went back to the cradle of Abolitionism, or even before it had a real existence. He showed by the record of Mr. Bell when the repeal of the Compromise, known as the Missouri Compromise was agitated, he predicted that by touching that solemn compact old festerings would be opened, and that it would build up an Abolition party that would overwhelm the whole Democratic party. The voice of such spirits as Clay and Webster being hushed by the "everlasting" sleep, Mr. Bell was the only Southern Senator among the whole Whig and Democratic squad that had sufficient moral courage to rise in his seat and and strenuously oppose its repeal. Like Fitzjames in the drama of Scott's celebrated poem, the Lady of the Lake, he boldly took his stand, and in defiance of the entire South proclaimed,

> Come one, come all, this rock shall fly
> From its firm base as soon as I!

which, as time has proven, to the benefit of the South. The soundest men who opposed its repeal were looked upon with suspicion by the democracy, but they now see that in that struggle Mr. Bell was endowed with almost superhuman wisdom. How far has Mr. Bell missed the mark? Has not the time arrived when the Democratic party is well nigh overpowered by that of the Republicans? The query is not made without foundation, for it has been said by leading democrats that "the whole democratic party was abolitionized." From the very period alluded to above, the Republican party has been making doubly rapid strides, and now, what must be done? Is there sufficient power in the Democratic party to overcome it in its present divided and distracted state, when in its palmiest days its acts increased, instead of subduing, that sectional band? On that party the people will no longer rely, and they have assigned it to the tomb. But the Union party, with such a man as John Bell at the helm to steer it safely through the breakers, assisted by Edward Everett as mate, another of America's choicest sons, and who has done more to preserve and hand down in its original purity to future generations the name and incidents connected with it, the Father of his Country, than any other living man, is safe and reliable. Mr. Pearre addressed the audience more than an hour, when the President introduced the veritable and somewhat notorious

Hon. THOMAS SWANN, Mayor of Baltimore. Before proceeding, a motion was made in the crowd, and three hearty cheers went up for Mayor Swann. He commenced by saying that he was happy to comply with the courteous invitation extended him by the Committee to appear among his Carroll County friends and show them that he was not a nondescript, half horse and half alligator, but only a man. He acknowledged that he had become somewhat notorious from the positions he had held, and the office he was now filling, and believed that he had a hide somewhat akin to a rhinoceros, else he would have been riddled to death long ere this by the neutral press; but, he was only a man, and his notoriety, if he had attained any, was attributable to his fellow-citizens throughout the State in calling him from his immediate duties at home. Taking a brief survey of the positions heretofore held by him, he dwelt at some length in a review of his connection with works of internal improvement, and the injustice done the people of Carroll by withholding a million of dollars from her intended to be applied in the construction of a Railroad from Baltimore. The time had come, however, when an opportunity was afforded him of acting somewhat conspicuously in the Western Maryland Railroad project, and although he had from pledges not to increase the liabilities of Baltimore stood aloof for some time from it, yet, when he ascertained the sentiments of the people and the importance of the road in developing the resources of the State, and binding more firmly together the interests of a common people, he gladly gave his signature to the bill covering a sufficient amount of funds to construct the road. Passing from these local matters he ably reviewed, in a comprehensive manner, the history and principles of the candidates now before the people for the highest offices in their gift. The Republican party has presented Mr. Lincoln. The Democratic party is rent in twain, and each wing has presented its own candidate. Mr. Douglas appears as the representative of the one and Mr. Breckinridge of the other. As for Mr. Douglas, he is the real representative of the Democratic party; and while he could not agree with him about his principles, he has seen much in him as a man to respect and admire. Although opposed to squatter sovereignty himself, he confessed there was something in the moral character of Mr. Douglas which challenges admiration. He has been set upon by friend and foe in such a manner that would have deterred any other man. In Illinois he defended the interests of the South against the combined influence of Buchanan and Black Republicanism, with a boldness, honesty and independence that commands respect. But as for Mr. Breckinridge, he was unable to compliment him in his present position. It is idle to talk of his fondness for the union. He is the pet and nominee of a class of politicians who openly avow disunion. His nomination was effected by Yancey and his disunion followers with the object of dissolving the Union. The only party now before the country and entitled to the confidence and support of the whole people, is the Union party. The only candidates who are not biased either for the North or the South in the present crisis, are John Bell and Edward Everett. These are national men upon national principles, and representing a national party. They stand between the extremes of both sections as the meditators in the present contest. You know them well. They are honest upright men, who would administer the Government with independence and justice.

The President next introduced Hon. J. MORRISON HARRIS, who perfectly electrified his hearers for the brief space he addressed them. His open and fearless manner, his piercing eye, his thrusts at the administration, backed by Democratic authority, his withering sarcasm and striking truths in reference to the corruptions of the party in power, caused the worshippers at the shrine of Mr. Buchanan to squirm and twist as though their seats were made uncomfortable by the pricking of pins or a bed of thorns. It was folly to talk about the election of Mr. Douglas or Mr. Breckinridge. The figures show that with the present divisions in the democratic party, neither of them can be elected. Mr. Douglas can gain no electoral votes in the South, and Mr. Breckinridge does not expect any in the North. The contest, therefore, is between Lincoln and Bell. Mr. Bell is the only man that stands the least chance of beating Lincoln. Already the South has turned her back upon Breckinridge. The recent elections in Kentucky, North Carolina, Missouri and Arkansas, show that it is impossible for him to carry even a single State. He cannot be elected, and he ought not to be elected. Democracy and Republicanism are equally opposed to the interests of the South. Democracy is a curse to the country, and Republicanism is doubly so. It is for the freemen of this country to choose in this contest between Lincoln and Bell. Will the Democracy suffer Lincoln to be elected by throwing their votes away for Douglas or Breckinridge? The matter is with them. Should Lincoln succeed and the Union be dissolved and destroyed, the future historian of nations will lay the blame at the door of the Democratic party. Mr. Harris spoke, as he said, on the five minute rule, and gave way to

HON. EDWIN H. WEBSTER, our representative in Congress from this District, who said it was the first opportunity he had since the election of presenting his thanks to the people of Carroll for the flattering vote he had received at their hands. He then launched out broadly and boldly by referring with great force and power to the corruptions and defalcations, almost without number, in the various departments of the Government, and that even the President himself could not show a clearer record upon this point. The Covode investigating committee brought to light such disgraceful doings on the part of the Government, that caused the President to issue a "windy" protest, but as yet not a single charge made by that committee had been proven unfounded, and therefore the parties indicted stand guilty of the crimes charged upon them. In some of the departments a mistake of $10,000 at a time was made and considered a small matter. The Democratic party has been feeding upon this wholesome food for the pocket, and the agitation of slavery for years, which has been its main sustenance.—There is no bank or tariff question at issue, but the negro question has been dandled upon their knees and hugged to their bosoms with a maternal love, all, all for party food to feed their once strong but now small and powerless band. In his closing remarks he spoke of Mr. Douglas and his assistants during the session of the last Congress. As a politician he could not support Mr. Douglas, but as a man he admired him. When the whole Administration was arrayed against him he fought them off by the dozen, and kept them all at bay. Fervently recommending the claims to support of Bell and Everett, Mr. Webster closed amid shouts of applause.—He was hurried throughout his entire speech, having arranged with those who preceded him to leave town at a specified time for Baltimore.

The next speaker introduced was J. MORTIMORE KILGOUR, of Montgomery County. His speech was characterized by dignity, force, energy and power. That speech is best which produces the greatest effect, and if this axiom be true, Mr. Kilgour made *the* speech of the day. In a crowd, he has no prepossessing appearance but when he has mounted the stand and commences speaking, there is no mistaking the man. His broad, expansive brow, and the full regular developements of his fine head, tell too well the order of his mind.—His keen, bright, and piercing eye, is another and better indication of the brilliancy and power of his intellect. A clear, ringing and stentorian voice, and an easy, graceful and natural gesticulation, added to his splendid genius, place him among the first of Maryland's orators. Few now are gifted with such powers, and few wield them with such effect. His speech was a very fine performance. Every one seemed eager to catch every word that fell from his lips, and although the shades of evening were rapidly gathering around us, and he had spoken a full hour, all regretted when he closed.

The exercises of the day were closed with a thrilling impromptu address by Carroll's talented and favorite son, JOHN E. SMITH. Of course, everybody here knows JOHN, and that when he speaks he does it well.—It is only necessary for us to say that he rode into the Republican and Democratic camps rough-shod and full tilt. He galloped into the ranks of the enemies, slaying everything before him, carrying aloft the banner on which is inscribed that beautiful sentiment, "our country: may she always be right and never wrong; but right or wrong, our country." There is a sprightliness and liveliness about his style that is peculiarly attractive. He has a fine personal appearance, an easy manner, and a forcible style, which auger for him, a career of eminence and usefulness. At the conclusion of his address a vote of thanks was presented the Speakers and the Committee of Arrangements, when the meeting adjourned with three rousing cheers for Bell, and Everett, and the Union.

During the delivery of the speeches the audience paid the strictest attention, and seemed eager to catch every word that fell from the lips of the speakers, who were frequently greeted by shouts of applause. This meeting will long be remembered as a time of the re-union of patriotic hearts. No adequate idea can be formed of the real power of the speeches from this imperfect report. We have only aimed to give the main points made by the speakers, without attempting a full report; and now, by way of closing, we are highly gratified in being able truthfully to inform the good people of the State, that there has not been such a feeling manifested since 1840, as now exists in Young Carroll. Her record of fealty to the Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws, in the coming contest, will make the heart of every supporter of the only national candidates before the people, Bell and Everett, rebound with gratitude and joy.

The Taney and Nelson Meeting.

The meeting to nominate Judge Taney for President and Judge Nelson for Vice-President, called sometime since, assembled at Leonardtown, Md., on the 1st instant. The St. Mary's Beacon says it was attended by a large number of Democrats of the county. George W. Morgan, Esq., presided, with Dr. Thomas J. Stone as Vice-President, and R. C. Coombs as secretary. Speeches were made by B. G. Harris, G. C. Morgan and Vernon Dorsey, after which resolutions were adopted requesting Breckinridge and Lane and Douglas and Johnson to withdraw from the contest, and nominating Chief Justice Taney, of Md., and Judge Nelson, of N. Y., as the democratic candidates for President and Vice-President. A committee of correspondence, to carry out the object in view, was appointed, to report to an adjourned meeting.

☞In alluding to the burning of Adam L. Hoover's barn at Finksburg, on Saturday night week, the Democrat says the loss is heavy, there being about 500 bushels of Wheat, and perhaps 1000 bushels of Oats, and 5 or 6 Tons of Hay. A Threshing Machine and Shedding were also burnt; whole loss between $1000 & $1500. Suspicion rests upon a certain party, but no arrest has been made. This is the third loss by fire which Mr. Hoover has suffered. About a year ago his barn with all its contents consisting of grain, hay, horses, &c., was entirely destroyed.

☞European affairs are in a condition that threatens a general revolution. There is but one alternative to a general war, and that is, the suppression of the projected Italian independence by Austria. If Louis Napoleon will quietly submit to this, war on a large scale will be averted, and all Italy will be Austrian.

A convulsion in Europe would be of no benefit, but great injury, to the commercial interests of the United States. It would necessarily unsettle all financial and business affairs, produce a drain of specie from the United States, and materially reduce the consumption of our staples, particularly of cotton.

Holloway's Pills.

Flatulent or Windy Colic. These medicines are especially recommended for relieving the oppression frequently experienced after a hearty meal—in fact, they are the dinner pills—they assist nature in her digestive process, correct all acid, flatulent or billious tendencies, and equalizing the circulation prevent a flow of blood to the head. For upwards of fifty years, they have been the only remedies of millions of people for dyspepsia, billiousness, liver complaints, and all disorders of the stomach and bowels. Sold by all Druggists, 25c., 62c. and $1 per box.

O, Ye Afflicted!

Hear what James T. Davis Esq., ex-Presiding Judge of Monongalia County, Va., says:

Messrs. Fitch & Scott, Agents for R. M. Lemon, Proprietor of Linsey's Improved Blood Searcher:

Gentlemen—I was afflicted with Scrofula for several months, and was so low that I myself and my friends did not think that I could recover. I had been under treatment of medicine by two able physicians for some months, the disease had extended over my side and breast, and had run more than a gallon of matter, when Mr. McCreary, agent for Dr. J. M. Linsey's valuable Improved Blood Searcher, passed through my village and induced me to purchase Three Bottles. I immediately commenced using the medicine. Before I had used one bottle, the discharge from the sores entirely ceased. My appetite improved, and my bowels became regular; and before I used the Three Bottles, I was restored to good health, and have enjoyed good health ever since, which has been some twenty months. I believe it to be a sovereign remedy, and that it will recommend itself upon a trial. I most heartily recommend it to the afflicted.

Given under my hand and seal this 26th day of June, 1859. J. T. DAVIS.

I, Marshall M. Dent, Clerk of the county Court of Monongalia County, hereby certify that the foregoing is the genuine signature of James T. Davis, Esq., late Presiding Justice of said County. Given under my hand this 27th day of June, 1860.

MARSHALL M. DENT, Clerk.

☞See advertisement in another column.

☞The steamer Lady Elgin was run into by the schooner Augusta, on Lake Michigan, near Chicago, on Saturday night, and sank in twenty minutes in 300 feet of water. She had on board between 350 and 400 passengers, more than 300 of whom were drowned.

☞Part of the Catholic Asylum, at Toledo, Ohio, was burned last week, by which five persons have probably lost their lives, three by being burned and two partally injured.

☞Mr. Bowman, of Philadelphia, has contracted with a company to lay a single track of rails from Baltimore to Towsontown, on the turnpike, with necessary turnouts, &c., and stock the road. He intends to go to work in ten days.

☞The attention of Capitalists is directed to the Real Estate sale of Messrs. Wampler and Winters, which takes place to-morrow. The property lies immediately on the line of the Western Maryland Railroad and unsurpassed in fine timber. See advertisement.

☞Several communications on hand must go over to next week for want of space in this issue. Would be pleased to hear from our Frederick correspondent frequently. Some advertisements are also deferred.

☞Our citizens in town and vicinity are reminded of the Sabbath School exhibition to take place in Odd Fellows' Hall to-night. The cause is worthy of generous patronage, and will prove an interesting affair.

☞Our thanks are due our friend Col. James W. Hook for a lot of superior Turnips, some of them measuring 17 by 19 inches. The Col's. barrenite farm is hard to beat in cereals and edibles.

☞John Conrad, found guilty at our present term of Court for horse stealing, attempted to commit suicide by hanging in Jail on Saturday night. With a comfort around his neck he swung off from a nail in the wall, but was observed by a fellow-prisoner and cut down in time to save his life.

☞Appointments have been made for Col. WM. P. MAULSBY to address the National Democracy at McAttee's Hotel, Finksbur, this (Friday) evening, and to-morrow at Taneytown at 4 o clock in the afternoon.

☞Washburn, Black Republican candidate for Governor of Maine, has been elected by in increased majority. The six Congressmen chosen are all Republ's.

Carroll County Circuit Court.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6.—Court met pursuant to adjournment. The Appeal Docket was concluded yesterday, and the Criminal Docket called this morning.

No. 1. State vs. John Parks. A *stet* was entered in this case.

No. 2. State vs. Hanson P. Jordan. A *stet* was entered and the witnesses discharged.

No. 3. State vs. Richard and Edward Oursler. Presented for assault and battery on Samuel Twiggs.—Submitted to the Court under a plea of guilty. Fined $5 each, and costs.

No. 4. State vs. Peter Leaner. Presented for assaulting and beating his wife. Submitted to the Court under a plea of guilty. Released on payment of costs. Webster for State.

No. 6. State vs. John Conoway and others. *Stet.*

No. 7. State vs. same and others. *Stet.*

No. 8. State vs. Jacob Miller. Presented for assault and battery. Submitted to Court under plea of not guilty. Fined $2 and costs $18 80. Webster for State. Roberts for Traverser.

No. 9. State vs. Wm. Mitten. Presented for assault and battery. Tried before the Court. Acquitted and discharged. Webster for State and the whole bar for defence.

State vs. Wm. Singer. Presented for assault and battery on Frederick Taney. Tried before the Court. Plea not guilty, and fined 10 cents.

No. 14. State vs. Jeremiah Shaeey and Joshua Sundergill. Presented for assault and battery. A stet was entered.

No. 15. State vs. Hanson M. Drach. Tried before the Court. No decision yet given.

No. 16. State vs. John Conrad. Presented for horse stealing. This is one of the parties arrested last spring for stealing the horse of John A. Bentz. He was found guilty and sentenced to the Penitentiary for 6 years and 8 months. Webster for State. Crout and Pearson for prisoner.

No. 19. State vs. James Agen. Removed from Baltimore County Court. Tried before the Court, and fined $5 and costs.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7.—Court met pursuant to adjournment. The Criminal Docket was disposed of as far as the cases were ready.

Henry Harden, a free negro, indicted at this Term for petty larceny, was tried, found guilty and sentenced to be sold out of the State as a slave for 2 years, 1 month and 18 days.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 8.—Court met pursuant to adjournment, was called and adjourned at an early hour until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10.—Court met pursuant to adjournment. The trial subpœna docket was called this morning. The number of witnesses summoned in cases to this time is unusually small.

No. 32. The Farmers' & Mechanics' Bank of Carroll County vs. George W. Allen was the first case open. A jury was empannelled and sworn. Verdict for the Defendant. The case will go to the Court of Appeals.

The case of Emanuel Shaeffer and wife. Petition for habeas corpus to recover the custody of a child in the possession of John Everhart and wife was taken up. Quite a large number of witnesses were sworn in the case. After hearing the evidence the Court remanded the child to the custody of the petitioners, with costs. It was an affecting scene to witness the reluctant manner with which the child obeyed the order of the Court. Maulsby & Smith for petitioners; Hayden & Baumgardner for defendants.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11.—No. 40. Geo. Edw'd. Wampler and Airhart Winters, Executors of Abraham Wampler, dec'd., vs. Lewis Wampler. Action of assumpsit. Issue joined and Jury empannelled and sworn. Verdict for plaintiffs. Damages $570. Maulsby & Smith for plaintiffs; Hayden & Baumgardner for df't.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.—Geo. B. Leister vs. B. S. Prettyman, claimant of the fund in the hands of Mordecai G. Cockey, garnishee of Nicholas Leister. Jury Sworn. Verdict for plaintiff. Maulsby & Smith for plaintiff; Webster and Pearson for defendant.

No. 47. P. M. Snowden vs. Joshua Wood. Removed to Frederick County.

No. 49. Jacob Houck and wife vs. Nathan Gorsuch, and others. Jury sworn. Verdict for plaintiffs. Damages $118 38. Maulsby & Smith for plaintiffs; Webster for defendant.

No. 50. Jacob Houck and wife vs. Samuel J. Jordan and others. Jury sworn, and case still on trial at the closing of our form.

A Great Medicine for Females.

Hundreds of stimulants have been invented and sold, purporting to be specific in the various diseases and derangements to which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all these stimulants has been to impart *momentary activity* to the *nervous system*, and false vigor to the *muscles*; but this relief has been succeeded by a depression and prostration greater than before; and the repeated attempts of invalids to build themselves up by these *false remedies*, have finally ended in destroying what little vital organization was left. But in using "*Bœrhave's Holland Bitters,*" you will find no such disastrous results. It is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Bœrhave. Under its influence, *every* nerve and muscle receives new strength and vigor, appetite and sleep return, and finally, perfect health. See advertisement in another column.

☞A British officer writing from Teheran, Persia, to the "London Times," remarks—"A Cathartic Pill, manufactured by "an American Chemist," (Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell Mass.,) has cured the Shah, of a Liver Complaint that threatened his life. This simple fact, as might be expected, renders the Americans immensely popular here, while we English are overlooked. Doubtless our own scholars made the discoveries which he employs, and thus it is in everything; we do the labor, then the mousing Americans put their mark on it and take the reward. Doctor Ayer is idolized by the Court and its retainers here, which will doubtless be reflected to him on a gold snuff-box, or, diamond-hilted sword, while not the name even of Davy, Christison or Brodie—the great lights by which he shines, is known."—*New York Sunday Paper.*

A Card to Young Ladies & Gentlemen.

The subscriber will send (FREE OF CHARGE) to all who desire it, the Recipe and directions for making a simple VEGETABLE BALM, that will, in two to eight days, remove Pimples, Blotches, TAN, FRECKLES, Sallowness, and all impurities and roughness of the Skin, leaving the same—as Nature intended it should be—SOFT, CLEAR, SMOOTH, and BEAUTIFUL. Those desiring the Recipe, with full instructions, directions, and advice, will please call on or address (with return postage,) JAS. T. MARSHALL, *Practical Chemist*, No. 32 City Buildings, New York. se7-3m

California Election.

The State election in California was not to be held this year on the 5th of September, as has been generally announced in the papers, but on the 6th of November, the same day as the presidential election. In years when no presidential election is held, the State election takes place in September.

Official Vote of Missouri.—The official vote of Missouri for Governor is as follows: C. F. Jackson, Douglas, 74,446; Orr, Union, 66,583; H. Jackson, Breckinridge dem., 11,415; Gardenshire, rep., 6,135.

☞The New York Houston State committee have issued an address on the occasion of the withdrawal of their candidate for the Presidency. They recommend their friends to vote so as to prevent the election of President going to Congress.

☞The Osceola, Mo. Democrat, has taken down the names of Breckinridge and Lane, and put up those of Bell and Everett.

☞The Richmond *Enquirer* is out against government's having anything to do with building a railroad to the Pacific, and calls on the Virginia State Convention to strike this plank out of the Breckinridge platform. Out with it—say we.

☞The Breckites in the South are out against the supremacy of the United States Supreme Court in political matters. They begin to snuff the future.

☞Intelligence from Truxillo leaves the filibuster, Walker, in a bad position. An English frigate was in front of the town with the avowed purpose of restoring the rule of the rightful authorities, whilst Walker was threatened from the interior by a native force. A heavy cannonading was heard at Ruatan on the 24th ult., believed to proceed from the combined attack upon Walker and his marauders.

"*New York in Danger.*"—This is what the Republican papers say now. A month ago they were sure the State would go for Lincoln by 100,000 majority. Ring the Bell.

☞Ten Democrats joined the Bell and Everett club in Alexandria, on Friday evening of last week.

☞A large number of prominent Democrats of Washington have declared themselves in favor of the election of John Bell.

☞The American State Council of New York have approved of the fusion electoral ticket formed by the friends of Bell and Douglas in that State.

CORRESPONDENCE.

LETTER FROM WOODBINE

Mr. Editor: The harvest is past and the summer is ended and we are not saved; yet one blessing rests upon us, the Democratic party has pegged out root and branch and as might be expected a revival of religion has broken out in our midst and we verily believe that the Devil (who is a Black Republican) will have to peg out too. While we resided in Baltimore we heard a Millerite lecture on the "latter end" and he said all we wanted now was to get rid of the Democratic party and the Devil and the Millenium would burst upon the world forthwith. We said pshaw, and thought nothing more of the prophesy until the Democratic party dug out. We now frankly confess we have a grain of faith. Only think a world without Democrats and Devils, and the auspicious morn about to dawn upon us, "no Devil" if it won't be a happy time. PUDENS.

LETTER FROM FREDERICK.

FREDERICK, SEPTEMBER 10, 1860.

Mr. Editor: Thinking perhaps some of your many readers might be interested in the affairs of this City as well as to occupy a few moments pleasantly, I am induced to write you a few lines. Your very valuable paper is received weekly and perused with much interest, always containing an account of the doings in good old Carroll, as also being a faithful expounder of the true principles of the great Constitutional party.

Our city at present is dull as usual at this season, our farmers being busily engaged in preparation for seeding &c., and as a natural consequence producing dull times in town; however they have had a plentiful harvest, and our merchants may anticipate a good Fall trade. The prevailing excitement now is in regard to politics which are at fever heat. Bell and Everett stock in this County is high and rapidly advancing. I was greatly surprised by reading an editorial in the Carroll County Democrat in which the editor says "as it is, Breckinridge will carry the State by a large majority." Now that is an assertion without a particle of reason or sense. Truly, it is the most absurd, ridiculous idea of any democrat I have yet heard of or any other man claiming to be sane. What! carry this State when you have two parties to contend with, and heretofore being in a hopeless minority!—Impossible! Can it be supposed that the people of this State have forsaken their nationality and will support a disunionist? Never! Maryland has always proven herself national and conservative and will in November prove it again by an overwhelming majority for Bell and Everett. What are the principles of the nominees whose names he unfurls to the people of Carroll, and asks them to support? They are the nominees of a sectional party, a faction, whose avowed principles are disunion, here and elsewhere throughout the entire South, whose cry is for a Southern confederacy, endorsed by such fanatics as Yancey, and a few deluded politicians, enemies to the South and Southern interests. Can it be said that Mr. Breckinridge is the regular nominee of that corrupt faction or that he possesses one iota of consistency as a politician? During the campaign of '56, did he not stand upon the same platform with Mr. Douglas, with many others, who now persecute their regular nominee?—However, he may have been at one time a consistent man, but surely now he has forsaken that bright gem, consistency. Perhaps he became corrupted by the combined Administration influence when the President, with his coherts endeavored to force upon a free people a Constitution they did not desire, and would not have. It was then that he became contaminated. It was then that Judge Douglas incurred the direful vengeance of the President and his allies, for having the courage and patriotism of a statesman to stand up in defence of the people of that Territory. Will the people of this State endorse a man for the highest position in the nation whose aim is dissolution? No! Common sense would teach an unprejudiced mind that they will not—that this is a State composed of a people whose principles are national and conservative—that they love the Union, and in order to sustain that Union inviolate, which they hold sacred, they will give their suffrages to Bell and Everett. The whole South is now changing its position, and the Union party is spreading its influence all over the country. Look at the State of Louisiana, where when Mr. Breckinridge was first nominated, he had fourteen papers which hoisted the flag of secession, with his name at their head. Mr. Bell had five in that State, but now they have repudiated disunion and come to the support of Mr. Bell. Such manifestations as these are surely favorable indications of the strength of the Union party in the far South. But, what is this great Constitutional party? It comes with no dubious platforms, no studied or double faced creed, but with a platform long enough, and wide enough for the whole country to stand upon, for the welfare of the people, the restoration of peace and harmony. It is that party predicted by Clay, the Union, the Constitution and the Enforcement of the Laws. It is a party to which men of all parties may rally. It is for the preservation of the union of the States, and equal rights to all. Its existence is of yesterday. The necessity of affairs brought it forth. The patriotism of the country, and the preservation of the Union demands it. It came as a mediator to quell the dissension which now threatens the peace of our once happy country; to restore and preserve untarnished those rights bequeathed to us by our ancestors, and guaranteed to us by the Constitution. CLAUDE.

PERSONS afflicted with the Fever and Ague should not spare either time, trouble or expense, to procure DR. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, whose beneficent effects upon the system has been clearly proved to those who have been stricken down in a short space of time by this dreadful curse, whose cheeks are wan and meagre, and whose nights are sleepless and restless and whose eyes are dim and sunken, with death staring them in the face, this compound must prove a blessing: snatching them as it were from the mouth of the grave. None can know its true value until they have tested it. When all others have failed, these Bitters have restored the sufferers to pristine health. Their popularity in all the Western and Southern parts should introduce them into all families.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

☞See advertisement in another column.

☞It is related of a personage, more or less mythical, named Fanny Fern, that stopping at the office of a Philadelphia hotel to pay her bill, on the eve of her departure, she found a charge for the breaking of a toilet set. She admitted the breakage of one piece, and desired to pay for that, but for no more. The price of the whole set, however, was demanded, because the "set" was broken. The carriage was at the door; the train soon to start. There was no time for discussion, little for thought, but enough for action. Hastily paying the entire demand, and directing the carriage to wait a moment, she went directly back to her room, and, taking up the poker, incontinently broke every remaining piece in the set.

☞In Florida the camp fires of the Union warriors are burning brightly, and the utmost enthusiasm prevades the ranks. Men, who seldom, if ever before, engaged in a political contest, are buckling on their armor for an active participation in this last grand battle of Constitutional principles against Black Republican treason and radicalism.

☞Our acknowledgments are made to German H. Hunt, Esq., President of the Maryland Institute, for the courtesy of an invitation to attend the Thirteenth Annual Exhibition of American Manufactures and the Mechanic arts, at the spacious hall of the Institute, from the 9th of October to the 6th of November. The coming exhibition is expected to be unusually attractive.

DR. HOOFLAND'S
GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The Balsamic Cordial *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe Diarrhœa *proceeding from* COLD IN THE BOWELS.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON *& Co., No. 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at 75 cents per bottle. The signature of* C. M. JACKSON *will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.*

In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

For sale at HERING & TRUMBO'S Drug Store, Westminster. May 11,—1y.

☞It is said that the drought in Texas is so general and extreme that the large emigration flowing into the State has been checked, and many families from Alabama and other Southern States are returning to their former homes. In Galveston, it is reported, there has been no rain since April, and water is now selling at three dollars per barrel, brought down to Trinity. A San Antonio letter says that water brought from the Mississippi river is selling in Indianola and Lavacca for twenty-five cents a gallon.

MARRIED.

On Thursday the 6th inst. by Rev. Dr. Hauer, Mr AARON BIXLER to Miss MARY CATHARINE, daughter of Henry Fair, all of Manchester District.

On the 4th inst. by Elder Philip Boyle JOSIAH V. B. CROUL to ANNA B. HUTCHISON all of this County.

On the 9th inst. at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. H. Wissler, Mr. OLIVER LIPPY, of Manchester, and Miss MARGARET GRASS, of Westminster.

DIED.

On the 4th inst., near Frizzelisburg, of Dysentery, WILLIAM HOWARD infant son of Jacob H. and Rebecca Fleagle, aged 7 months and 21 days.

On the 1st inst., near Frizzelisburg of Dysentery, MAGGIE IDA LAVENIA infant daughter of Wm. W. and Jemima M. Warfield, aged 2 years 2 months 24 days.

In Baltimore on the 5th inst., MARY VIRGINIA in the 35th year of her age, wife of Rev. E. Yeates Reese.

At his residence in Westminster, on the 24th ult., NOBLEY BURDET aged about 50 years.

On the 7th inst., KATE, wife of Edwin F. Reese, of Westminster. Rossean, the eagle of eloquence, may have well exclaimed, "God alone, is good and great" for naught save Divinity itself, is proof against the decay which is written as a law upon the form of every living thing. If a blending of all the virtues which adorn human character—if the happiness of a little home which had never been clouded by gloom—domestic peace which had never been ruffled by ebullitions of human temper, and social and moral qualities to tinge with sweetness all of life's intercourse, had served as an inducement to the stern Archer to stay his hand this branch from the family tree would never have been shaken—the hand of bereavement had never fallen here! But the ways of Providence are inscrutable and "death must come!" At one fell swoop, the happiness of a little home is blasted—its circle broken! A husband has been widowed—a child orphaned, just as the social and domestic sweets of life were budding into promise, and when the absent one was most needed to dispense her kindness and care over the husband and child, every vibration of whose hearts was in unison with her own. As child, wife, mother, sister and friend, she united all the qualities which adorn the character of each. Dutiful, she inspired the most filial love—faithful and kind, she begat an affection which time can never lessen—watchful, gentle and unwavering, she was the object of an almost unearthly devotion; while, in the blending of all, there was such perfect harmony that admiration lingers upon each individual trait but to ultimately dwell upon the perfect symmetry of the whole. This is no high-fraught meaningless eulogy. It is a truthful tribute from affection to the dead. It is no sculptured monument—no marble tomb; but if the freed spirit of our friend can cast but one glance upon our world below, this memento to her worth, watered with the tears of affection, will be a sweeter tribute—a holier offering—than all the marble slabs or tale-telling stones which can be reared to her memory. The hand of bereavement falls most heavily; and although, if it could have availed, we would have said, "if it be possible, Father, let this cup pass from us," we would still submit to His chastening rod, and say, "not our will, O God, but thine be done!"

> She is gone and no more will her smile ever greet us,
> Nor her accents of kindness e'er fail on our ear;
> For that voice is now mingling melodious with angels,
> Who watch o'er the pilgrims that still linger here.
> She is gone, yet repine not, for bright is the vision
> Which faith, ever trustful, to her votaries has given;
> And the eye can look far through the vale of the future,
> To bliss never ending in the portals of heaven.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

SEPTEMBER 13.—Flour has been in good request, but operations have been greatly impeded by the advance in prices, which, as compared with the rates of our last review, is 37½ to 50 cents ℔ bbl. To the recent intelligence from Europe of the unfavorable prospects of the harvest, may be mainly attributable the advance. Howard-street, super, 5 87½@$6, and extra at $6 50; Ohio super, 5 75@$6; extra, 6@$6 12½; City Mills super, $6, and extra, 6 50@$7 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour, 3 87½@$4 12½ ℔ bbl. Corn Meal is in good request at $4 62½ ℔ bbl.

GRAIN was in good supply, the receipts having reached 190 000 bushels. The demand for all descriptions has been good, and prices for Wheat have advanced 5 cents, Corn 3 to 4 cents, and Oats and Rye 2 cents ℔ bushel. The receipts to day were over 25,000 bushels. White Wheat sold at 120@135c for inferior to medium; 140@150c for fair; 155@165c for good; 168@172c for prime and 175@180c for choice, and some lots for seed brought 185c. Red sold at 120@130c for inferior to medium; 130@135c for fair; 137@140c for good; 142@145c for prime and some lots for seed brought 170 @180c ℔ bus. The offerings of Corn reached about 55 000 bushels, and White sold at 70@77c; yellow, 78@82c ℔ bus. Oats have been in good supply and demand, the offerings having reached 30 000 bus. Maryland selling at 30@33c, and Pennsylvania at 34@37c per bus. The receipts of Rye were 2 500 bus., which was sold at 73a76c for Maryland, and Pennsylvania at 80a82c ℔ bushel.

FISH.—North Carolina and Susquehanna Herrings at 4 75a$5, and Shad are nominal at 12a$12 50; Mackerel from $5 to $17 ℔ bbl. as to quality.

GUANO.—The season has now opened for this article, with a good demand for Peruvian at [illegible]; California or Elide Island at [illegible]; Mexican A A at 19a$22, and A at [illegible]; white Mexican A at [illegible] ℔ ton.

HAY AND STRAW.—There is a fair supply with a moderate demand at 15a$17 for prime baled Timothy, and [illegible] for loose do.; Clover 13a$15; Rye straw 12a$14; Wheat do [illegible] and Oat do. at 11a$12 ℔ ton.

PROVISIONS.—The demand has been quite limited at 10¼a10½c for Shoulders and 12¼a12½c for Sides.—Hams [illegible] ℔ lb. Lard, Western at 13½c and refined at 15¼a15½c ℔ lb. Inferior to fair Roll Butter [illegible]; good to prime, 16a18c ℔ lb. Eggs 12c ℔ doz.

GRASS SEEDS continue dull, there being but little demand. Cloverseed selling at 5a$5 50 for good to prime, and Timothyseed at 2 50a$3. Flaxseed is selling slowly at 1 35a$1 45 ℔ bushel.

CATTLE.—The offerings footed up 1 200 head, being 100 less than last market day, and prices consequently were a shade higher, selling at prices ranging from 3 to $4 with ready sales and averaging $3 50 ℔ 100 lbs. The average shows an advance of 12½ cents ℔ 100 lbs. There was a good supply of Sheep and with a brisk demand prices ruled steady at 2 25a$4 ℔ head. There was a fair supply of Hogs in market, prices ruling for good to prime at 8a$8 75 ℔ 100 lbs.

PUBLIC SALE
OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Hon. MADISON NELSON, the Subscriber, as Trustee, will sell on

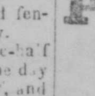
Saturday, October 6, 1860,

the following described Real Estate:

17 Acres of Land,

situated in Westminster District, North of the Plank Road, about one mile from Roop's Mills, and about three miles from Westminster, being the property on which JOHN BYERS resided at the time of his death, improved with a comfortable

LOG DWELLING,



FRAME BARN, &C,

A WELL OF GOOD WATER near the Dwelling, and a variety of

FRUIT TREES

on the property, which is under good fencing, and in a good condition generally.

Terms as prescribed by the Decree: One-half of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof, and the balance in one year, to be secured by the note of the purchaser, with such security as the Trustee may approve.

E. F. CROUT, Trustee.
JNO. T. DIFFENBAUGH, Auct'r.

A LOT OF CORN

growing will be sold at the same time and place, by DAVID REESE, Administrator of John Byers, dec'd. Se14—ts

YARN.—White and colored Yarn from Shepherd's Factory, at H L Norris'.

DOMESTIC FLANNELS.—White and colored Flannels from Shepherd's Factory at H L Norris'.

COAL OIL AND LAMPS.—The best burner that is used, and Oil of superior quality, at reduced price at H L Norris'.

SCHOOL BOOKS of all kinds, Stationery, &c., at Sept14 H L Norris'.

Caution Notice.

ALL Depredators are hereby notified that the subscriber has set Spring Locks in his orchards, and by night trespassing your legs are endangered.
Sept. 14,—4t. JOSEPH STOUT, Carroll Nurseries.

Election Notice.

THE Stockholders of the Western Maryland Railroad Company are hereby notified that the annual election of FIVE DIRECTORS to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the Court House, in the City of Westminster, on the THIRD WEDNESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, NEXT.
AUG. SHRIVER, President.
Sept. 14—td.

A VALUABLE FARM
At Private Sale.

THE Subscriber, wishing to retire from the business operations of life by the abandonment of farming, offers at Private Sale

HIS FARM,

situated in Manchester District, Carroll County, Md., containing

100 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, adjoining the town of Manchester, and lands of Jacob Boring and others. The Farm is laid out in fields of convenient size, well watered and fenced, with a due proportion of

MEADOW,

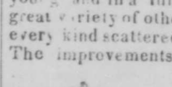
which produces heavy crops annually, and a fair amount of

TIMBER LAND,

which is thickly set with heavy and thrifty Timber. All the arable land is in a highly productive state of cultivation, nearly all of it having been recently heavily limed, which acts admirably upon it, and can readily be obtained at fair prices. There are on the Farm

2 ORCHARDS

of select Apple and Peach Trees, thrifty, young and in a full bearing state, besides a great variety of other Fruit Trees of almost every kind scattered over the premises.
The improvements comprise a large
TWO-STORY



BRICK HOUSE,

nicely and snugly arranged, in good condition, with Kitchen, Water and Spring House near the dwelling; a large

BANK BARN,

Shedding, Corn Cribs, Wagon and Hog Houses, and every other kind of buildings required on a judiciously arranged farm.

☞These premises offer rare inducements to an enterprising and industrious farmer who wishes to purchase a fine tract of land and a desirable home residence. The terms will be made very accommodating and the Farm sold cheap. Persons wishing to view the premises will please call on the subscriber, residing thereon, who will be pleased to show it, and impart all information respecting it.
Sept14—tf FREDERICK BIXLER.

Valuable Real Estate at
PRIVATE SALE.

THE Subscriber, intending to abandon farming and retire to private life, offers at Private Sale

HIS FARM,

situated on the head waters of the Monocacy, Carroll County, Md., adjoining Peter Sell's Mill property, Samuel Valentine, Jacob Shoemaker, and others, four miles from Taneytown, and within one quarter of a mile from the County Road leading from Emmitsburg to Littlestown, containing

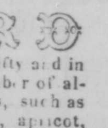
150 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, the greater part being rich bottom land, laid out in fields of convenient size, and so arranged that cattle can get water from any field in which they are placed. The land is in a very productive state of cultivation, producing heavy crops of grain and grass, the greater part of it having recently been limed, which acts admirably upon it, and can be bought at nominal rates; under good fencing, with a due proportion of

MEADOW LAND,

which never fails to yield annually the most remunerative crops of the finest quality, and a sufficient amount of

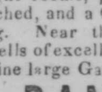
TIMBER LAND,



thickly set with heavy, strait and flourishing Timber, of the various species of Chestnut, Oak and Hickory. There is also on the premises a large

ORCHARD

of choice Fruit Trees, young, thrifty and in full bearing, besides a large number of almost every variety of Fruit Trees, such as apple, peach, pear, plum, damson, apricot, &c., scattered over the Farm. For a country seat or home residence this farm possesses superior advantages. The Improvements comprise a large Two-Story



STONE DWELLING,

in good repair, conveniently and judiciously arranged, well ventilated, and possessing all the modern improvements and facilities for health, comfort and convenience, having eight rooms, passage, a large Kitchen attached, and a Cellar under the entire building. Near the dwelling there are two Wells of excellent and never-failing Water, a fine large Garden, &c.;

BANK BARN,

weather-boarded, large and scientifically planned, with shedding on two sides; Wagon House, Carriage House, Corn Cribs, Hog and Hen Houses, Wood House and indeed every kind of building required on a well conducted farm.

These buildings are all in good condition, and the location of the farm is very desirable, being in the immediate neighborhood of Churches, Schools, Mills, Post Office and Stores, and surrounded by an intelligent, industrious, moral and enterprising community. It will be sold very reasonable and the terms made accommodating. For further particulars, address the subscriber at Harney Post Office. Persons wishing to inspect the property will please call on the undersigned, residing thereon, who will take pleasure in exhibiting it and imparting all information desired respecting it.
Sept. 14,—tf. JOHN YOUNG.

**Lancaster Examiner, York Protectionist, Hanover Spectator, copy tf., send copy of paper to advertiser at Harney, Carroll County, Md., and bill to this office.

PICTURES.

H. B. GRAMMER,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.
CARROLL HALL,
Westminster, Md.

☞Ambrotypes taken for Fifty Cents. Persons wishing Pictures taken, will do well to give me a call. Rooms open every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.
May 4,—tf.

DOMESTIC CLOTHS.—Shepherd's *drab* and *mixed* Cloths, very fashionable now for *full suits*. Call and see them at H L Norris'.

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