AMERICAN SENTINEL, AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

The American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER:

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1867.

The Last Hint.

We will remind our patrons who have thus far disregarded our appeals to liquidate their indebtedness, that during the session of Court another opportunity will be given them to square up without further cost or trouble. Many of their bills are already made out, and if this opportunity is neglected will promptly be placed in officers' hands for speedy collection.—Having just added a large quantity of new material to our establishment, at a heavy cost, the exchequer needs replenishing to enable us to run the machine, and those who have long-standing bills must now fork over the greenbacks, and the quicker the better, for all concerned.

Democratic Fear of Negro Equality.

When we penned the article two weeks ago, calling attention to the call of a State Convention in which the colored race were invited to participate, we had no idea of calling forth such a wail from our nervous and sensitive neighbor of the *Advocate*, as appeared in his columns last week. Nor is it now our intention to notice it further than to show how far he is at present behind his own party. It is well known that the Tennessee State "Conservative" Convention which met at Nashville, and nominated Emerson Etheridge for Governor, passed the following resolution:

"Our colored fellow-citizens, being now citizens of the United States, and citizens of the State of Tennessee, and voters of this State are entitled to all the rights and privileges of citizens under the law and constitution of the United States and the State of Tennessee."

The Democracy, of which our neighbor claims to be an exponent, boasts of the Nationality of its principles, and if this is Democratic principle in Tennessee, why not in Maryland? The only reason we can assign is that the leaders of that Party in Maryland have become so corrupt that they well know they can never control the colored vote, and hence their holy horror of negro suffrage. Come neighbor, a little more "*Consistency*," either own up that the principles of Democracy are Sectional or fall in with the inevitable.

Mission of the Republican Party.

The great aims of the Republican party now all seem to be in a fair way to be reached. Slavery is abolished; disintegration has been crushed; nationality vindicated; suffrage secured to the freedmen, and, indeed full civil and political rights; peonage wiped out; the Executive power curbed; the currency and banking systems placed on a better basis. It is now assumed by the Democrats that the vocation of the Republican party is ended, and that it should disband. Let us look at this. The Republican party declared war against polygamy not less than against slavery, and polygamy still flourishes in Utah. The party has extirpated peonage but it has not yet succeeded in elevating the peons to the full stature of citizenship in reality. The party has crushed slavery, but the landed aristocracy created by slavery still exists, and is still dominant in the south, with the northern Democrats in firm alliance.

Has the Republican party no mission to break up the southern political oligarchy—no concern about the overpowering land monopoly—no duty in reference to securing common schools for the ignorant millions of the southern poor—no right to compel the south to provide for the maintainance of its own paupers? We think it has, and that if it should now lay down its baton of command, with an enemy still in battle array, it would deserve more contempt for its cowardice than it has hitherto won praise for its great deeds. It may be remarked that the Republican party is the only political organization we have ever had in the republic capable of dealing with these great questions, and that if it were now to abandon the field the only other party now organized is pledged to what it calls a conservative policy, but which has hitherto been conservative only of what was evil and pernicious. From this (Democratic) party, then, no further progress in the way of reform can be hoped for, and as for the creation of any party out of the moderates of the two great organizations, it would, from all present appearances, be merely a party opposed to any further internal changes.

What we have then to decide is whether we do need any more such changes.—We have indicated above some that we think the people still insist upon, and we know of no party now in existence, or likely to be, from which these changes would be probable unless it be the Republican. The great battle of universal suffrage has been fought and won. The southern oligarchy gives up any further struggle against it, and so far as all human observation can now see, instead of being opposed to negro suffrage, all parties are likely to become eager competitors for the negro vote. In the multitude of new issues now pressing forward to demand the support of the Republicans, two seem to rise above all others in immediate importance—education, and the destruction of the land monopoly. Both must be settled in some way by the next session of Congress. But as yet our public men seem to be very decidedly behind the popular sentiment on both issues.

It is evident, then, that the Republican party has a great deal of work yet to do before it can be permitted to disband, and as it is the only real reform party in the country, the proposition to disband it amounts virtually to a demand that reform shall go no further. It is essential that this great organization should be permitted to work out its policy to its legitimate conclusions. Having destroyed so much that was evil in its nature, the work of reconstruction is an incumbent duty. The whole social and political organization of the south was so blended with slavery and its concomitants, that since the master evil has been conquered we have very much to do in remodeling the south upon a better plan.

In the Democratic programme the two prominent ideas are free trade and annexation. The Republicans propose instead of this to foster internal developments by protecting domestic industry, by completing the Pacific Railroad, by universal education, by destroying land monopolies, and by rendering the nationality perfect in its unity. Ten years more of Republican rule in this Republic would impart a prodigious impetus to the onward progress of the nation. What it might have achieved in the way of internal improvement had it been allowed a chance, we see in the vast changes already achieved by the Republicans—the consolidation of the nationality; the abolition of slavery and peonage; endowment of the freedmen with full civil and political rights; establishment of a superior national banking system and a sound national currency, etc. Give us ten years more of Republican rule, and we shall make the great republic the envy of the civilized world.

Peace in Europe.

By the annexed dispatch, it will be seen that the danger of war between France and Prussia has passed away, for the present, at least.

London, April 28, evening.—The general conference of European powers to settle the Differences between France and Prussia will meet in London May 15. It has been agreed that in the meantime the fortress of Luxemburg shall be dismantled. Queen Victoria has written a letter to the King of Prussia, in which she takes ground in favor of the recent and more moderate propositions of France in regard to the disposition of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, and advises him to accept the plan of compromise, to which the Emperor Napoleon is not unwilling to accede.

Western Maryland Railroad.

We are glad to learn that the entire location of this Road to Hagerstown, has at last been finally agreed upon, and the Mechanicstown line selected. The Hagerstown *Herald* says:

This line is entirely within the State, and has a maximum grade to the mile of ninety-five feet, on the East side of the mountain, and of seventy-seven feet to the mile on the West side. The resolutions adopted also embrace a change of former contract for the construction of the road, in which the tunnel twenty-six hundred feet is abandoned and the construction of a tunnel of eight hundred feet at a point on the mountain West of Monterey adopted. In consideration of this change, an abatement of $150,000, has been agreed upon from the original contract, reducing it to $1,147,000. The length of the adopted is represented to be about the same as the Gitt line. The County Commissioners have passed an order to issue the bonds of the County to the amount of the stock subscription of the county, as they shall be called for by the President and Directors of the road, for its construction within the limits of the county. The line from the summit of the mountain to Hagerstown, known as the Northern line, has been adopted. It passes Smithburg, approaches Hagerstown through the properties of Mr. Mentzer and James H. Grove, connecting with the Franklin Railroad near the engine house,

Trial of Jeff. Davis.

An application was made on Wednesday of last week, to Judge Underwood, of the United States District Court at Alexandria, Va., by the counsel of Jeff. Davis, for a writ of *habeas corpus* in his behalf, and the same was granted, returnable before the Circuit Court of the District of Virginia on the 13th instant, at Richmond. It is understood that the object of the writ is to get Davis before the Court, with a view to his immediate trial and discharge. His counsel profess to have assurance from the Secretary of War that General Burton, the commandant at Fortress Monroe, will obey the writ and that the prisoner will be delivered to the civil authorities. A despatch to the Philadelphia *Ledger* says that Chief Justice Chase unqualifiedly declines to preside over the United States Court in Virginia while the civil law is dependent on the military. A despatch to the New York *Tribune* contains a rumor that a change is to be made in the allotment of Judges for the Virginia and Maryland Districts, and the *World's* correspondent states that Chief Justice Chace has decided to change circuits with Associate Justice Field, of California, and the latter will try Davis. These rumors we do not believe. All accounts from Washington agree that if Davis is not tried at the coming term of the United States Court in Virginia, President Johnson will undoubtedly release him. A Richmond paper says that upon the opening of the Court an application will be made to bail him if the Government is not prepared to open the trial. A Fortress Monroe despatch of last night states that Mrs. Davis left there Thursday afternoon for Washington, for the purpose of conferring with President Johnson upon her husband's release.—*Balt. American.*

Eventful Month.

April holds a conspicuous place in the history of the war. Sumpter was bombarded on the 12th of April, 1861; the Massachusetts troops were attacked in Baltimore on the 19th of April; the Virginia ordinance of secession was passed on the 17th of April, in April 1862, West Virginia was admitted as a State, on the 3d of April 1865, Richmond fell on the 6th of April, General Lee surrendered, on the 14th of April President Lincoln was killed, on the 27th of April, General Johnson surrendered, and the Confederacy ceased to exist.

☞Official returns from the late election in Michigan, show a net Union majority of 21,934, instead of 15,000, as at first roughly estimated. Nor is this all. Eight counties are yet to be heard from, which will increase our majority about 1,800. This is twenty times the Connecticut majority, and we say nothing about it.

DISTRICT MEETINGS.

Pursuant to notice given Primary Meetings were held in the different Districts of this County on Saturday last, for the purpose of selecting Delegates to attend the Republican State Convention which is to meet in Baltimore on Tuesday next. Annexed is the list of delegates:

TANEYTOWN DISTRICT.

Delegates.—Benjamin Shunk, Abraham N. Hess, Thomas D. Thomson, Washington Galt, George Benner, Charles Spongseller, Daniel Swope, Gabriel Stover, Jesse H. Haugh, Dr. Motter.

UNIONTOWN DISTRICT.

John N. Starr, in the Chair, Joseph L. Haines, Secretary.

Delegates.—Thos. F. Shepherd, J. H. Christ, E. Shapley, W. Babylon, J. Switzer, J. L. Haines, J. N. Starr, R. Haines, N. Haines, R. Birnie.

Alternates.—J. Hesson, I. Lightner, J. T. Norris, Moses Shaw, Jesse Anders, A. S. Warner, J. Rinehart, David Bare, E. Shriner, J. Eckard.

Ben Wade League, colored, of this District, also elected the following delegates: Isaac Landsel, Singleton Hughes, Joseph Dunstan, Wm. Dunstan, Jeremiah Matthews, Wm. Matthews, Lloyd Coats.

MYERS' DISTRICT.

William Tagg, in the Chair, and M. G. Webster, Secretary.

Delegates.—Eli Bankert, M. G. Webster, Perry Rumler, Frank T. Tagg, David L. Feeser, Jonas Frock, Samuel Erb, Aaron Burgoon, R. L. Leatherwood, A. K. Shriver.

FINKSBURG DISTRICT.

William Lockard, in the Chair, and J. H. Chew, Secretary.

Delegates.—Cyrus M. Gardner, Jeremiah Babylon, Thos. Gorsuch, Upton Prugh Joshua Murray, P. A. Gorsuch, Lewis Prugh. Wm. Brown, John T. Knox, Peter A. Shipley, Joshua Brown.

FREEDOM DISTRICT.

Joshua Lee, Sen., in the Chair, and P. G. Webb, Secretary.

Delegates.—S. R. Gore, Mordecia Selby, Wm. D. Frizzell, George W. Davis, Joshua Wilson, Rezin T. Jenkins, Thomas Paynter, James Parrish, Geo. Place, Lewis L. F. Harding.

MANCHESTER DISTRICT.

Edmund Gonter, in the Chair, Jacob Cambell, Secretary.

Delegates.—Henry N. Brinkman, Henry W. Steffee, George Everhart, Noah L. Bixler, Jacob Cambell, Edmund Gonter, David K. Brown, P. H. L. Myers, and Reuben Shaeffer.

WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

Dr. J. L. Billingslea, in the Chair; T. J. Lockard, Secretary. On motion of S. D. Webster, Lewis Miner, colored, was also elected Secretary.

Delegates.—Dr. J. L. Billingslea, Dr. J. L. Warfield, Capt. L. F. Byers, Capt. A. Billingslea, Wm. A. Wampler, A. D. Schaeffer, James Keefer, David H. Zepp, A. H. Huber, Capt. Chas. N. Kuhn, J. G. Capito, John Grass, Geo. E. Wampler, Geo. Webster, and Jacob Babylon, white; and Geo. W. Bell, Lewis Miner, Thomas Snowden, Amos Bell, John B. Snowden, J. M. Snowden, Uriah Bruce, Wm. Lowery, John F. Hammond, and Andrew Woodyard, colored.

HAMPSTEAD DISTRICT.

Joseph Armacost, in the Chair, and E. H. Dickinson, Secretary.

Delegates.—Jacob Turner, D. Grogg, Joseph Ebaugh, Joseph Armacost, Jerome Ebaugh, William S. Wooden, John Payne, Chas. M. Murray, D. O. Brummel, Wm. Houck.

NEW WINDSOR DISTRICT.

Mordecai Englar, in the Chair, and Jonas Ecker, Secretary.

Delegates.—Wm. Wallis Naill, Israel Norris, Isaac C. Baile, Jonas Ecker, John Geiger, Mordecai Englar, John T. Cassell, Job Hibberd, Hiram Plaine, Uriah Englar.

From Franklin and Middleburg Districts no reports have been received up to the time of going to press.

A Step Toward Barbarism

A Memphis (Tenn.) paper gives account of a new association formed in that section of the country, which reads rather curiously at the time the North is engaged in making up contributions for the suffering poor of the South. The object of this association is to discourage all business intercourse with Northern people! In a manifesto the members pledge themselves, "after the first of May next, not to purchase any goods, wares or merchandise (that can be dispensed with) which has been manufactured in any of the States north of the Susquehanna, the Ohio and the Missouri, or imported from foreign countries into any of the ports of the said States." They further declare that they will not deal with persons coming into the South from the Northern states unless they are known to be "true friends" to the subscribers and their cause; that they will not sell any cotton or tobacco for shipment to any Northern port, that they will not buy any books published in the North when they can obtain the same from Europe, nor have anything to do with periodicals and newspapers that have approved the establishment of a Military despotism in the South, or the admission of the negro race to the right of suffrage;" and that in paying their debts, they will discriminate, as they say, between "our kindred and blood," and "those whose representation are seeking to oppress us"—*Baltimore American.*

Two Parties Only.

The claim set up by certain politicians of the existence of a "Conservative," party in Maryland, as separate and distinct from the Rebel or Democratic party, and the Republican party of the State, was pretty effectually expelled by the election held in Baltimore for Judge and Clerk of City Court—a new Court established by the Legislature last winter—on Wednesday last. The vote was very light, being 12,164 less than the registered vote of the city. The Democratic vote polled for Judge was 11,317; Republicans 4,937, and "Conservative" 1,952. This latter represents the vote of the Johnson, Swann faction in Baltimore, where it is perhaps proportionately stronger than in any other part of the State. After this we hope to hear no more about "Conservative party." In the hands of Swann it has served as a cat's paw for the Rebel party. That party is now done with it, and has thrown it aside to shift for itself. There are but two parties in Maryland, and in future the State must either remain all Cossack or become all Republican.

Local Items.

More New Goods—

Mr. H. L. Norris, taking advantage of the decline in prices, has just opened his second Spring stock, embracing all the seasonable styles and patterns, and is determined to run them off at the very lowest prices. Advertisement next week.

Boots and Shoes—

While our friends are making their regular Spring purchases, it would be well to remember that no outfit is perfect without a new pair of Boots or Shoes, and these may be found in great abundance at Titus S. Eckert's, above the Railroad. Being a practical man, he knows good work and keeps on hand no other. Give him a call and try his wares.

Corner Stone Laying—

The Corner Stone of a new Methodist Protestant Church will be laid at Sandy Mount, on the Finksburg Circuit, on *Sunday the 12th day of May*, services commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M. Eminent Ministers from abroad are expected to be in attendance, and the Public are invited to be present and participate in the services during the day.

Kellogg's Mercantile Register.—

Through the kindness of Mr. Israel Chew, Agent for this County, we received a copy of this excellent work, and take great pleasure in recommending it to the business men of our County. It is a work that must be seen to be appreciated, filled with valuable references, that are found nowhere else, and at the same time one of the cheapest and best advertising mediums extant. The Agent will commence canvassing the County in a few days, and we trust he may be eminently successful.

A Secret Worth Knowing.—

If our friends will use preparations for restoring gray hair, they should use the best in the market. Our attention has lately been called to an article which has an extensive sale and a very high reputation, known as "Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia," and we are inclined to think that it possesses more desirable and less objectionable qualities than any other in the market. It restores gray or faded hair to its original color in a most remarkable manner, and by its invigorating and soothing properties removes all dandruff and humors from the scalp. Give it a fair trial, as we have done, and you cannot fail to like it. See advertisement in another column.

Enterprise the Life of Trade.—

By a circular issued with our paper today it will observed that Messrs. Hood & Thomas have just received large additions to their already heavy stock of goods, and that they are determined, by quick sales, small profits, and a desire to please all, to make their establishment one of the indispensible institutions of our city. Altho' comparative strangers, all who make their acquaintance admire their sterling business qualities and the admirable taste of selection displayed. The circular speaks for itself, and we need only add that a call at their place of business, an examination of goods and prices, will convince the most skeptical and re-assure the most timid of the fact that it is the place for bargains.

Corporation Election.—

On Monday last the election for Mayor and Common Council was held, and was decidedly the most hotly contested one we ever knew. The Republican Ticket had been formed for some time, when the Democracy, knowing their utter inability to defeat it on a strict party vote, conceived the brilliant idea that a mongrel ticket would be more effective, and succeeded in forming a ticket composed of three of each party, and upon that concentrated their whole strength, confidently expecting to herald to the world in flaming capitals, "*Another great Conservative Victory.*"—But in this calculation they were slightly mistaken, for upon counting the votes the Republican Councilmen were all found to be elected, with a tie-vote for Mayor. On Tuesday morning, however, the votes was again counted, and a clerical error discovered, which elects Mr. Durbin, the Radical candidate, by a majority of one vote. The following is the official vote:

RADICALS.		MONGRELS.	
Mayor,		*Mayor,*	
A. R. Durbin,	131	Hasha'h. Haines,	130
Councilmen,		*Councilmen,*	
E. K. Gernand,	135	Denton Gehr,	125
F. A. Sharer,	133	David Fowble,	123
W. Cunningham,	140	G. W. Matthews,	118
J. H. Bowers,	140	C. T. Reifsnider,	115
J. H. Yingling,	148	S. L. Myers,	105

It is but due to Messrs. Gehr and Myers to say that when they were first approached it was with the assurance that the contest would not be made a political one, but the desperate efforts made by the Democrats clearly show what confidence was to be placed in that assurance.

☞The New York *Sunday Mercury* has the following Copperhead fling at Prsident Johnson.

"Our Washington correspondent informs us that the President is about to pay a visit to Raleigh, N. C, and that on the way he will probably address the people We sincerely trust he will do nothing of the kind. Let him play base ball or euchre, or dance the polka or the tight rope, or say his prayers, by way of variety; but let him not make speeches. Let his aspirations take any shape but that. Raleigh is a terrible place for bad whiskey, which kills further than a needlegun; and if, under its influence, the President should set up to speechifying, as he did last year, he would give Radicalism a new lease of its life. We hope, therefore, he will eschew eloquence and Bourbon plain, and go in for silence and light potations."

Virginia Sentiment.

A few days since the following toast was drank at a wedding in Lynchburg: "To the soldiers of the Confederate Army; and may the dust of those who have fallen never have to mingle with that of the Yankee, while those who live may they always be able to keep separate from them, as if a wall of fire was between the two 'nations.'" Gen. Wilcox, commanding the post, thereupon wrote a note to the parties, demanding an explanation. They replied that they had simply given expression to their convictions. The officers stationed there complain that they are disrespectfully treated.

☞Fairs are now very popular in the South, as a source of raising means with which to furnish material to decorate the graves of the rebel dead.—She-secessionists are raising thousands of dollars to be squandered in that manner, while at the same time the people of the North are asked to contribute funds to feed the starving vagabonds who became outlaws with the discharge of the rebel armies.

The Different Issues.

Ever since the inauguration of the rebellion in 1861, the country has been undergoing changes, and many of them, at first completely shocked the nerves of almost the entire American people, and the strongest opposition was brought to bear, and in some cases, it appeared that almost the entire people discountenanced it; still these changes went on with rapid strides until they became the settled policy of all loyal citizens, and very often won over, friends of the rebellion. When President Lincoln first issued his emancipation proclamation, it is well known, the feeling it created.—The States in rebellion laughed at the idea of emancipating their slaves, when even United States soldiers armed to the teeth, cannon of the largest calibre, could not penetrate their interior. Thus matters stood for a short time; but a short time only, when Mr. Lincoln's proclamation swept over the Southern States like an avalanch, the bonds of the negroes were broken and thousands went into the Union army. By this time several drafts had been ordered in the loyal States and the negro had become subject thereto, which was a great relief to the whites, and it was concluded that it was not such a bad thing after all, to have the negro take his position in the army, side by side with the white man. Matters continued to progress and the colored man did good service for his country

The next question that tried the nerves of the people of Maryland, especially, was the question of emancipation. Many Union men disagreed upon this measure, and according to Southern sympathisers, it was the forebodings of further bloodshed, starvation and everything that was horrible, but as revolutions never go backward, and justice and humanity being on the side of freedom, the accursed stain was stricken from the statute books and the initiatory steps taken to verify the declaration of our forefathers, that "all men are created equal." But the affairs of the country have not been standing still. The cause of civilization and humanity have been marching on, step by step, notwithstanding the opposition that has been hurled against them, and in a large number of cases there has been no regret of the emancipation of the black race, except on account of the pecuniary loss. All the predictions of the opponents of these measures have fallen without fulfilment, and the sun continues to rise and set, and to shine upon the unjust as well as the just, and the seasons rotate just as they did when slavery controlled the whole country and cotton was considered "king."

The all absorbing topic now before the people is the right of the colored man to vote. This, of course, is like all other new issues that have presented themselves—resulted from the late civil war it has its opponents in every State.—In the extreme South, however, negro suffrage is being encouraged by men of all parties, and it appears to be gaining ground there more rapidly than anywhere else; but this is an age of progress, and suffrage to all races and color will in a short time be given in every State of the Union. The old theory that the black race is not susceptible of education, has been exploded, and we now have practical demonstrations every day of its fallacy. We know the Democracy throughout the State will continue to make a great howl over this question and oppose the right of the negro to the ballot, as they were to his entering the army, to his being educated, to his being emancipated, and to his testifying in the courts, as the last Legislature of this State so decided. When those persons who went South to wage war against the United States were disfranchised, one of the greatest objections urged, was on the ground that they were not allowed to vote while they were compelled to pay taxes. Now, that these men are enfranchised, with what consistency can the Democracy continue to oppose the progress of the colored man to the right of the ballot box, when he has to pay taxes and is just as amendable to all the reqrirements of the law as the white man.—*Annapolis Gazette.*

☞The State Rights Democrats carried Kentucky at the election of Saturday. Their popular majority is probably less than last year, but only because the vote is lighter. Several of their candidates had been in the Rebel army; nearly every one had notoriously sympathized with the rebellion There will be some hard swearing required to seat their delegation in Congress; but Kentucky is still pro-Slavery, then why should she not be pro-Rebel? Her voters are intent on keeping the negroes under foot; so they uphold the Rebel Democracy as the surest, straightest road to their end. They may not be remarkably loyal, humane, nor far seeing, but they know what they want, and vote the only ticket that promises to secure it.

☞The election of delegates to the Constitutional Convention in the State of New York, came off on Tuesday last. The vote was unusually light, the people manifesting no great interest in the result. The Republicans have carried the State and will probably have 97 members to 63 Democratic Mr Greely, the veteran Editor of the *Tribune*, is elected. His sterling integrity and practical judgment, will make him a useful and leading member. Henry Ward Beecher was defeated. Important questions will come before this Convention, and among them the question of Negro Suffrage. Probably there may be little controversy on this subject, as the *World*, the leading Democratic paper favors giving the right of franchise to the negro men.

DR. J. BRYAN, Consulting Physician,
819 Broadwaw, New York.

SPECIAL TREATMENT in all cases of Seminal, Sexual, Urinary and Nervous Diseases in male or female.

Advice Free and correspondence strictly confidential.

LOVE AND MATRIMONY

The affections of the opposite sex may be gained by following simple rules, and all may marry happily, if desired, without regard to wealth, age or beauty. Send directed envelope and stamp for particulars to

Madam LUCILLE DEMARRE,
Bible House, New York.

No. 2.

Consumption Curable by Dr Schenck's Medicines.

TO CURE CONSUMPTION, the system must be prepared so that the lungs will heal. To accomplish this, the liver and stomach must first be cleansed and an appetite created for good wholesome food, which, by these medicines will be digested properly, and good healthy blood made; thus building up the constitution. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cleanse the stomach of all billious or mucuous accumulations, and, by using the Sea Weed Tonic in connection, the appetite is restored

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP is nutricious as well as medicinal, and by using the three remedies all impurities are expelled from the system, and good, wholesome blood made, which will repel all disease If patients will take these medicines according to directions, Consumption very frequently in its last stages yields readily in their action.—Take the pills frequently, to cleans the liver and stomach. It does not follow that because the bowels are not costive they are not required, for sometimes in diarrhœa they are necessary. The stomach must be kept healthy, and an appetite created to allow the Pulmonic Syrup to act on the respiratory organs properly and allay any irritation Then all that is required to perform a permanent cure is, to prevent taking cold. Exercise about the rooms as much as possible, eat all the richest food—fat meat, game, and, in fact, anything the appetite craves; but be particular and masticate well.

Feb. 7, 1867.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find, a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.
March 1.—1y

THE GENUINE
$25, Bartlett Sewing Machine $25.

WANTED.—Agents $150 per month and all expenses paid, to sell the Genuine Bartlett Sewing Machine This Machine will do all the work that can be done on any high-priced machine, and is fully patented, licensed and warranted for five years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. For Circulars and terms address

H. HALL & CO
724 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
April 1,—6w.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER.

An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men—published by the Howard Association, and sent free of charge in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa Feb 9,—1y.

DR. SWAYNE'S
BOWEL CORDIAL,
A
sure remedy
for Asiatic Cholera,
Cholera Morbus Dysentary,
Diarrhœa, Cholera Infantum or
Summer Complaint, pain in the Stomach
and Bowels, Sick Stomach, Vomiting, and all
relaxed condition of the Bowels. Let
no family be without this
medicine, it will give immediate relief.
Sold by WM. REESE.
October 4,—1y. Westminster

Remedial Institute
FOR SPECIAL CASES,
No 14 Bond Street, New York.

☞Full information, with highest testimonials; also, a Book on *Special Disease*, in a *sealed envelope*, sent free. ☞Be sure and send for them, and you will not regret it; for as advertising physicians are generally impostors, without references no stranger should be trusted Enclose a stamp for postage, and direct to DR. LAWRENCE, NO. 14 BOND STREET NEW YORK. Nov. 15,—1y.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine.

"Its seam is stronger and less liable to rip in use or wear than the Lock Stitch." ["*Judges' Report,*" *at the "Grand Trial"*]

Send for the "Report," and samples of Work, containing *both* kinds of stitches on the same piece of goods

Salesrooms No. 8, N. Charles Street

D. C CARY,
Sept 20,—6m Agent.

TO LADIES.

If you require a reliable remedy to restore you, and remove Irregularities or Obstructions, why not use the best?

Thirty years experience has proved that

Dr. Harvey's Female Pills,

have no equal for Removing Obstructions and Irregularities NO MATTER FROM WHAT CAUSE THEY ARISE. They are safe and sure in every case.—Price, One Dollar, per box.

Dr. Harvey's Golden Pills,

Is a remedy four degrees stronger than the above, and intended for special cases of long standing Price, Five Dollars per Box.

A Ladie's Private Circular, with Engravings, sent free on application.

If you cannot get the Pills of your druggist, send the money to Dr. J. Bryan, 819 Broadway, New York, and they will be sent free from observation by return of mail.

Itch! Itch!! Scratch! Scratch!!

SWAYNE'S OINTMENT cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours.

'ITCH'	*Dr. Swayne's Ointment,*	'TETTER'
'ITCH'	*Dr. Swayne's Ointment,*	'TETTER'
'ITCH'		'TETTER'
'ITCH'		'TETTER'
'ITCH'	NEVER KNOWN	'TETTER'
'ITCH'		'TETTER'
'ITCH'	TO FAIL	'TETTER'
'ITCH'		'TETTER'
'ITCH'	IN CURING THIS	'TETTER'
'ITCH'		'TETTER'
'ITCH'	TORMENTING	'TETTER'
'ITCH'		'TETTER'
'ITCH'	COMPLAINT.	'TETTER'

Cures Itching Piles, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Rash' all Skin Diseases.

Prepared only by Dr SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. Sold by WM. REESE,
October 4,—1y. Westminster.

YOUNG MEN,

The experience of the past ten years has demonstrated the fact that reliance may be placed in the efficacy of

Bell's Specific Pills,

for the speedy and permanent cure of Seminal weakness, Emissions, Physical and Nervous debility, Impotence, or want of power, the result of Sexual Excess, or Youthful Indiscretion, which neglected, ruins the happiness, and unfits the sufferer for Business, Social Society or Marriage, and often terminates in an untimely grave. Make no delay in seeking the remedy. It is entirely vegetable and harmless on the system, can be used without detection or interference with business pursuits, and no change of diet is necessary while using them. Price, One Dollar.

If you cannot get them of your druggist send the money to Dr J Bryan, 819 Broadway, New York, and they will be sent free from observation by return of mail.

Private Circulars to Gentlemen sent free on application.

AGENTS WANTED.

Samples sent free. No capital required. Ladies or Gentlemen can earn from $3.00 to $10.00 per day. enclose stamp, and address

TRIPP & CO., Eighth St, New York

Whiskers! Whiskers!

Do you want Whiskers or Moustaches? Our Grecian Compound will force them to grow on the smoothest face or chin, or hair on bald heads, in Six Weeks. Price, $1 00—3 packages for $2 00. Sent by mail anywhere, closely sealed, on receipt of price.—Address, WARNER & CO., Box 138, Brooklyn, N. Y
April 13,—1y.

AVOID THE QUACKS,

If you are suffering from the effects of Youthful Indiscretion and have Seminal Weakness, Emissions, &c., I will send you, free of charge, information which if followed will cure you without the aid of medicines. Address

HENRY AMIDEN, Station D, New York.
Jan 17, 1867,—1y.

HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THE SICK.

'Consumption'		'Can be cured'
'Consumption'	SWAYNE'S	'Can be cured'
'Consumption'		'Can be cured'
'Consumption'	COMPOUND	'Can be cured'
'Consumption'		'Can be cured'
'Consumption'	SYRUP OF	'Can be cured'
'Consumption'		'Can be cured'
'Consumption'	WILD CHERRY	'Can be cured'
'Consumption'		'Can be cured'
'Consumption'	IS THE	'Can be cured'
'Consumption'		'Can be cured'
'Consumption'	REMEDY.	'Can be cured'

Thirty years' experience, and the great amount of testimony from all parts of the world has proven it a standard and reliable remedy for Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility, Blood Spitting, Liver Complaint, Pains in the Side and Breast all diseases of the Air Passages and Lungs

Prepared only by Dr SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia.

Sold by WM REESE,
October 4.—1y. Westminster.

MARRIED.

On the 2d inst., at the residence of the brides parents, near Uniontown, by Rev. S. Stoner, Mr. David O. Bankert, and Miss Hannah E. Routson, both of this county.

On the morning of the 7th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, Walnut Grove, by Rev. John A. Munroe, Mr. T. Sewell Ball, of Baltimore, and Miss Esther L. Haines of Frederick county.

DIED.

In Westminster District, on the 26th of April, Sarah Sophia, daughter of Mary C. and William H. Bell, aged 9 years 2 months and 15 days.

Farewell my loving daughter,
 You could no longer stay.
Your Saviour hath called you,
 And his voice you must obey.
For you must lie within the cold grave,
 Until Christ appears,
But when the Trumpet soundeth,
 And all the dead shall rise,
Then you will see King Jesus,
 And dwell with him above the skies.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, '67.

FLOUR:—	
Howard Street Super,	$11.25@12.25
" " Extra,	12.50@13.25
City Mills Super,	11.25@11.50
" " Extra,	12.50@13.50
Family Flour,	14.50@15.50
Rye Flour,	9.50@10.00
Corn Meal,	6.20@6.50
GRAIN:—	
Prime White Wheat,	3.35@3.50
Inferior to Fair,	3.30@3.35
Fair Red Wheat,	3.00@3.20
White Corn,	1.25@1.27
Yellow Corn,	1.28@1.30
Maryland Oats,	73@76 cts.
PROVISIONS:—	
Bacon, Shoulders,	10@10½
" Sides,	12@12½
" Hams,	15@17½
Lard,	13@16½

TIMELY WARNING.

THE undersigned having Rented Roop's Mill Dam, hereby forwarns all persons whatever, from Fishing, Seining, Netting, or otherwise trespassing upon said Property or his adjoining premises, as he is determined to enforce the law against all so offending.

May 9,—4t. UPTON WARNER.

COUNTY
COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

THE County Commissioners for Carroll County will meet at their Office, in Westminster, on the FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE, 1867, for the transaction of business. By order, LEVI VALENTINE,
May 9,—tm. Clerk.

FREDERICK & PENNSYLVANIA LINE RAILROAD COMPANY NOTICE.

THE undersigned Commissioners of the "Frederick and Pennsylvania Line Railroad Company," pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed March 19th, 1867, incorporating the said Railroad Company, hereby give notice that subscription books will be opened for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the said Company, on *Monday, the 20th of May next*, and will be kept open for the period of 30 days, or until the amount required by said Act for the incorporation of the said Railroad Company be obtained, at the following places, to-wit:

FREDERICK CITY, in charge of Messrs. Jno. Sifford, Clinton Johnson and James McSherry, Jr.

WALKERSVILLE, in charge of Messrs. R. Harris, Christian Winebrenner and Adam Diehl.

WOODSBORO, in charge of Messrs. Geo. Saylor, J. Smith, of M., Lycurgus N. Phillips, George Flickinger, Christian Rahter and John W. Barrick.

MIDDLEBURG, in charge of Messrs. T. F. Cover, L. Buffington and John Winemiller.

TANEYTOWN, in charge of Messrs. Sterling Galt, Josiah Baumgartner and Dr. Swope.

The Capital Stock of the said Railroad Company is $1,000,000, in shares of $50 each.

As soon as one thousand shares shall be subscribed the subscribers shall become incorporated.

The subscriptions are payable in instalments after at least 30 days public notice has been given by the Directors.

Sterling Galt,	John Smith, of M.,
Josiah Baumgartner,	John Fulton,
Levi Buffington,	Dr. Swope,
John Winemiller,	John Norris,
Thomas F. Cover,	Henry R. Harris,
George Flickinger,	Chr'n. Winebrenner,
James Delaplane,	John Sifford,
Lycurgus N. Phillips,	Clinton Johnson,
Christian Rahter,	Adam Diehl,
George Saylor,	James McSherry, Jr.
John W. Barrick,	

May 9,—3t. Commissioners.

MORNING
INCEPTUM 5869
BITTERS.
GREATEST TONIC
OF THE AGE.

THIS wonderful tonic is unequalled as a cure for Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Bilious, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers.

It is also invaluable in Nervous Weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful promptness.

It will be found totally different from any other Bitters, and is so pronounced by many of the best physicians in the country.

It contains no mineral or poisonous qualities, but is composed entirely of vegetable matter.

For further proof and attestation of its invaluable properties, we would say, try a Bottle, and be convinced.

For sale by Druggists and Country Stores at all first-class Druggists and Confectioneries.

HOOD & THOMAS.
Sole Agents for Carroll County.
May 9,—3t.

LEATHER, LEATHER.

WE have now on hand a full Stock of Sole Leather, Calfskins and Morocco, &c., which we offer at small profits.

Reifsnider & Co., near the Depot.

IRON AND STEEL.

30 Tons Iron, assorted sizes, for sale at reduced prices. Reifsnider & Co.,
May 9. Near the Depot.

BUILDERS HARDWARE, &c.—A full Stock of Builders Hardware, &c., for sale at low prices, by Reifsnider & Co., near the Depot.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS.

If you want to see cheap goods, go to Stouffer & Huffman.
New Windsor, May 9.

WE have just received a new invoice of Ladies Dress Goods, consisting of Grenadines, plain and figured Poplins, Mosambiques, &c.
Stouffer & Huffman.
New Windsor, May 9.