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American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1889.

The President and Mr. Bailey.

Two weeks ago the SENTINEL stigmatized the appointment of Leon O. Bailey to the office of U. S. District Attorney of Indiana as "a contemptible act by the President." In reply the *Advocate* flies to the defence of its party's defeated chieftan and professes entire ignorance of any "allegations against Mr. Bailey's character either as an attorney or a gentleman." Does the *Advocate* know anything about the cases of Sim Coy and Bernhamer? Possibly not. Well, they are two unfortunate Indiana Democrats who are now serving in the penitentiary of that State for crimes committed upon the ballot—stuffing ballot-boxes and forging tally-sheets—and Mr. Bailey was their intimate associate and strongly suspected of a guilty knowledge of, if not an actual participation in, their criminal acts. He isn't the only individual implicated in crimes of that character, however, who has been rewarded by the present administration. The little State of Maryland has had a lively experience in the same line. Raisin, Higgins, Thomas, Mahon—all these are names familiar to the citizens of Maryland, in that peculiar field of politics, and as recipients of the rewards of lucrative federal offices. They were appointments not fit to have been made, but they were made and the offices held for several years—some of them even up to this date. It is fair to presume, therefore, that this feature of Mr. Bailey's reputation was not objectionable to the President. But Bailey's name has been withdrawn. The day before the *Advocate's* defence of the appointment was printed the President recognized its impropriety, recalled it, and nominated Solomon Claypool instead. Why? Because even Mr. Cleveland is amenable to popular indignation, and the clamor raised in consequence of the insult offered Gen. Harrison, in the appointment of his defamer, was more forcible than could be borne even by one who has shown as little respect for the gentle amenities and courtesies of life as the present executive. The *Advocate*, like a good many other journals that exhibit a readiness to rush to the defence of every act of the President, has been unfortunate in this instance. It has undertaken to defend an act that Mr. Cleveland, by rescinding, has tacitly admitted was indefensible. In doing this it reasserts its belief in the exploded story that Gen. Harrison said a dollar a day was enough for a laboring man. In other words, it gulps down the story concocted by Edwin F. Gould and proclaimed by Leon O. Bailey without giving any consideration whatever to its refutation by the testimony of such men as Gen. Macauley, Ex-United States Senator McDonald, the most prominent Democrat in Indiana, and others, who were present at the interview at which it is alleged the expression was made, and who assert, positively, that Gen. Harrison used no such language. It asserts that Bailey "gave the evidence of fifteen sworn and unimpeached witnesses to sustain his allegation," when the witnesses declined to confirm it with an oath, and the principal and most important one denied that he had ever made the statement at all. It declares that the story was not denied by Gen. Harrison when, in fact, he did deny it with scornful emphasis, and expressed the utmost surprise that anybody could be found credulous enough to believe it. Dealing *exparte* with the matter it concludes that Gen. Harrison "is a cold-blooded aristocrat, with not one feeling of sympathy with the laboring men of the country." On this point the *Advocate* shows as little information as it does concerning the reputation of Leon O. Bailey and the evidence concerning the dollar a day story. It should read the statement made by Joseph Averill, general yard master, of Vandalia Line; Joseph Sanger, secretary Yard Masters' Association; Alexander R. McAlpine, superintendent Western Car Company, late Master Mechanic Bee Line Road; Augustus D. Shaw, assistant yard master, C. C. C. & I. R. R.; David Crawford, yard conductor, Vandalia Line; John Wethers, switchman, Big Four Road; Wm. P. McBride, engineer, C. St. L. & P. R. R.; and John O. Hicks, general yard master, C. I. St. L. & C. R. R. It should consult Gen. Harrison's neighbors and learn something concerning the long list of his unostentatious and generous deeds of kindness and charity to the poor and unfortunate and of his personal visits of sympathy to the sick in the lowly homes of Indianapolis. It may then discover, what everybody else now knows, that Gen. Harrison is a genuine Christian gentleman, who recognizes the brotherhood of man and practices the precepts of the Divine Master whom he serves, in seeking to promote the welfare of his fellow-men in all ranks of society.

That portion of the *Advocate's* article relating to political methods is dealt with elsewhere in this issue of the SENTINEL.

The election for officers of the Young Men's Republican Club of Baltimore was held on Tuesday night. The only contest was for members of the board of governors, sixteen in number. W. W. Johnson was elected president, Walter B. Brooks, first vice-president; Noble H. Creager, second vice-president; Geo. E. Lowerce, treasurer; Joseph C. Smith, secretary. The board of governors chosen is as follows: Gen. Adam E. King, George B. Creamer, C. R. Aughinbaugh, J. Woodfin Minifie, Capt. L. Schneeberger, E. J. Dowell, A. E. Booth, D. C. Timanus, Capt. J. Frank Supplee, Emil Budnitz, R. P. Gorman, John Kronmiller, Capt. T. A. Hooper, F. S. Strowbridge, A. Weiskittle, O. M. Cummings.

Mr. Cleveland is cruel to his "thick and thin" defenders. Just think of the columns of type and the fountains of ink wasted in assuring the people of the propriety of the Bailey appointment. And now without a word of explanation to the appointee, or a touch of piety for his deluded defenders, he withdraws the name and submits another, and better one, for senatorial consideration, thus tacitly admitting his own blunder and putting the journals that approved it in a very unenviable predicament.

In Favor of the Gag.

The connection between the appointment of Leon O. Bailey, as District Attorney of Indiana, and the election methods of either party, considered generally, is not very apparent. What it has to do with Whiskey Rings, Credit Mobilier, Black Friday, &c., is not any clearer. Yet in its reply to the SENTINEL's criticism of Bailey's appointment the *Advocate* flies off at a tangent and indulges in some very dogmatic assertions concerning the elections of 1876, 1880, 1884 and 1888, and in relation to other matters, the evidence of which is largely exaggerated by heated partisan imagination. The *Advocate* recalls with virtuous indignation political events in Maryland during the war and seems to imagine its indictment of the Republican party so convincing that every Republican should hide his head with shame, and every Republican journal maintain a discreet silence in regard to the twenty years of political outrages and wrongs perpetrated upon the ballot by the ring Democracy of Maryland, as well as the fraud, intimidation and disfranchisement practiced upon the blacks of the South. It intimates that if this Southern matter is to be discussed anew the *Advocate* will open its batteries and "give some chapters of Radical outlawry in the South, in Maryland, and particularly in some counties of the State, of an interesting character." It says "some of the chief actors are still in politics, and their individual records can easily be produced." All this, of course, has nothing to do with the SENTINEL's remarks in regard to the Bailey appointment, and indeed should have nothing to do with any living question of the day. The SENTINEL does not know to whom the *Advocate* alludes as some of the "chief actors" in scenes that transpired more than a generation ago. Certainly the editor of the SENTINEL is not averse to having the light turned in full upon his record during that period; but, as already remarked, the events of that day have nothing to do with the wrongs and outrages of the present. During and immediately succeeding great civil strife, acts may be committed and perhaps wrongs perpetrated that would not be entertained or tolerated in time of peace. The Union men in the South had full confirmation of this fact in the endurance of wrongs and sufferings untold and indescribable. But what all this has to do with the elections of to-day is past intelligent comprehension. Does the fact that some Southern sympathizers were disfranchised in Maryland justify the pollution of the ballot-box by the tools of an unscrupulous Maryland Ring through twenty long, dreary years, or the wholesale disfranchisement of the colored voters of the South? If not, what does the *Advocate* mean? If wrongs are being perpetrated upon the ballot; if bribery and corruption are controlling elections it is the duty of every good citizen and every honest journalist to raise his voice and use his pen in protest. The SENTINEL is as ready to denounce a wrong upon the ballot, perpetrated by its own party, as it is to stigmatize a like act upon the part of the Democratic party. It isn't willing to accept the dogmatic statements of the *Advocate*, unsupported by a scintilla of evidence, to that effect, however. The *Advocate* persists in its declaration that the election of General Harrison was bought; but not a line of proof does it give to substantiate the charge. It talks glibly about the lavish use of money by the Republican Executive Committee; but it says nothing in condemnation of the extravagant subscription made by President Cleveland to his party's campaign, and the evil example and pernicious purpose of that most extraordinary act. Doubtless money was used, in some instances improperly, by both parties, but there is quite as much evidence of its improper use systematically by the Democratic campaign authorities as by those of the Republican party. There has been a great deal of talk about the "blocks of five" letter charged to the authorship of Col. W. W. Dudley, of the Republican committee, and which he indignantly denounced as a consummate forgery. Investigation of the matter by the grand jury at Indianapolis has, up to this time, failed to fasten the guilt upon him; and it is now practically certain that the whole affair was a Democratic trick of the character of the famous Morey letter.

But there were some incidents connected with the campaign in Indiana, about which the *Advocate* might well be discreetly silent. Perhaps it never heard of them. One of them was the reception of a circular by a Democrat who is now a member of the U. S. Grand Jury of Indiana, from the chairman of a Democratic county committee, proposing, in bolder terms than were used in the so-called Dudley letter, the direct bribery of voters. It would be in order to investigate that chairman and put the machinery of the law in operation against him. There isn't much prospect of it, however, as Democratic indignation against election crimes is very much tempered when the offender is a Democrat. The SENTINEL would not pretend that this incident would be any justification of the Republicans if it were demonstrated that they had made an improper use of money. There can be no justification for it. But there has been no evidence elicited, as yet, to make the allegation valid; in fact not sufficient to create reasonable suspicion of guilt. The New York *World* is industriously seeking to prove that money was suspiciously used in large amounts; but it does not take into consideration the enormous expenditure legitimately made by the Republican committee to procure a full and honest register of all the legal voters in New York city, for the purpose of preventing repeating and other frauds. It was this purely honest and proper proceeding that prevented a fraudulent Democratic majority of something like sixty-five thousand in New York city; a righteous result in which every good citizen should rejoice.

The inflated character of the Democratic allegations concerning the corrupt use of money is well illustrated by the unfounded assertion that John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, contributed $100,000 to the Republican campaign fund. Mr. Wanamaker's subscription is stated, upon reliable authority, to have been just ninety per cent. less than that amount. As an offset to this, the Cleveland *Leader* gives the names of thirteen Democrats who gave, it asserts, $365,000 to help reelect Mr. Cleveland. The SENTINEL does not vouch for the accuracy of the *Leader's* figures; but some of them are undoubtedly correct, according to Democratic testimony. In the list the President is credited with a contribution of $10,000, and that is acknowledged; Secretary Whitney, $20,000; Vilas, $10,000; Endicott, $10,000; Brice, of the committee, $50,000. There is good ground for supposing all these figures approximately correct. At one period of the campaign the Democratic papers were jubilant on account of the effusive liberality of Brice, Barnum, Scott, the members of the cabinet and others, and there is every reason to believe that the Democratic committee was quite as lavishly supplied as the Republican. It is known, too, that great faith was reposed by the Democrats in Gorman's ability to win the victory for the party; and that confidence was based upon Mr. Gorman's versatility as a manipulator of returns. A good many Democrats risked their money upon his genius in that direction, after it was fully apparent that New York was Republican by a handsome majority.

Concerning the political condition of the South it is difficult to understand how any reasoning being can believe in the freeness and fairness of the ballot in that section. Apart from the affirmative and positive testimony on the subject, the absence of two-thirds of the voters from the polls at an exciting Presidential election is a fact too suggestive to be dissipated by a simple denial. And yet that is exactly what occurred in South Carolina, and some of the other cotton States were not much better. These things ought not so to be. The SENTINEL wants fair and honest elections and will denounce apparent wrongs upon the ballot in every quarter; and not even the dire threats of the *Advocate* to unfold a tale of Radical outlawry shall deter it from performing a proper and legitimate public duty.

Senator A. P. Gorman.

Senator Gorman, of Maryland, has created a sensation among his party friends by joining the Republicans in opposing an amendment to the Senate tariff bill to place bituminous coal on the free list. The amendment was offered by Senator Vest, of Missouri, on Wednesday, and Mr. Gorman made a speech against it, in the course of which he charged the defeat of the Democratic party at the Presidential election to its tariff policy. He professes to occupy a conservative attitude between the two great parties on the subject, and made the remarkable statement that he now stands "where the Democratic party has always stood, when it has been victorious in this country, and that is on the declaration that, in tax bills, taxes should be so levied as to protect the labor employed and the capital invested in American enterprises." Those who are familiar with the history of the long and stubborn conflict between the Whig party, under its great protection leader, Henry Clay, and the Democratic party marshalled by the disciples of Calhoun, need not be told that this is a figment of Mr. Gorman's fancy. His speech, however, marks a well defined issue between the free-trade and protection wings of the Democratic party, and demonstrates the wide divergence between those elements.

We have received from the publisher a copy of a sixteen page edition of the *Seattle Post Intelligencer*, published at Seattle, Washington Territory, on the 1st instant, and containing a vast volume of information concerning the resources, trade, commerce, development, prosperity and expansion of that portion of the country. The statistics are interesting and instructive and fully exhibit the Territory's fitness for statehood. The increase in population and business has been rapid and permanent. In 1880 the population was 66,979. In 1887 it was 127,292 and it is now estimated at 172,000. In 1880 the taxable property was $23,708,587. In 1888 it was $84,641,548. The vote in 1880 was 15,823. In 1888 it was 46,348. The increase in property and population has been regular and steady, showing that it is substantial and permanent. Under the circumstances Washington should be promptly admitted to the Union as a State.

Senator Sherman, of Ohio, has introduced a bill in the United States Senate to create boards of election officers under whom the elections for Representatives in Congress shall hereafter be held. The bill fully provides for a non-partisan system and is, in detail, a most excellent and important measure. There is no probability of its passage during the present session of Congress; but it may become a necessity in view of the glaring and flagrant wrongs perpetrated upon the ballot in many Southern districts.

Cowhiding a Reporter.

Alton B. Carty, the Frederick correspondent of the Baltimore Evening *News* was cowhided at the Carlin House, in Frederick, on Tuesday, by Joseph D. Baker, President of the Citizens' National Bank of Frederick. The cause of the assault was the publication, in the *News*, of an account written by Carty, of a swindling operation purporting to have been perpetrated upon Mr. Baker by sharpers at Leesburg, Loudoun county, Virginia. It does not appear that Mr. Carty was actuated by any improper motive in sending the account to the *News* and simply gave it as it was told to him. Mr. Baker denied all knowledge of the affair and invited Mr. Carty to meet him at the Carlin house. The latter was explaining the mistake when the assault was made. Carty is a delicate young man, while his assailant is described as robust and muscular. The punishment was received without an attempt at defence, and when it was stopped by the interference of Capt. H. Clay Naill and others, the victim quietly walked away. What course he will pursue in regard to the matter is not known, but if the facts are as stated the assault was an atrocious outrage, for which Mr. Baker should be severely punished.

Later reports state that Carty has sued Baker for assault and battery, claiming heavy damages.

The storm on Sunday and Monday ruined thousands of valuable fruit, shade and forest trees in Jefferson and St. Lawrence counties, New York. Many telegraph and telephone poles were prostrated by the weight of ice and snow. In Massachusetts huge trees and poles were broken down by the ice, which accumulated on some poles to the weight of four tons.

John McNulty, a student at the novitiate in Frederick, while walking with several companions, near that city, on Tuesday, was struck on the head by a piece of rock from a dynamite blast, and seriously injured.

A Remarkable Swindle.

An enterprise that promised riches to its promoters and blessing to the world in the shape of refined sugar superior to that produced by any known method, has just been exploded in New York. It was known as the electric process and was, ostensibly, the discovery of a Professor Friend, who induced the organization of a stock company by Liverpool and New York capitalists. The process was known only to Friend, who claimed that he feared to have it patented on account of the risk of losing it. A large refinery was erected in New York and some sugar of a really finer quality than any heretofore manufactured was produced; but in small quantities. The secret was withheld from the company and was known only to Friend, his wife and father-in-law, W. E. Howard. Last March it was reported that Friend was dead, and whether this were true, or not, he disappeared and his wife, Howard and possibly another party continued the refining process. The most skillful experts were deceived; the stock was boomed and many persons of small means in England and America, invested in it. Last week the bubble burst. Mrs. Friend and Howard disappeared, and when the secret chamber in which the refining process had been carried on was opened, behold, it contained no secret further than the evidences of a monstrous swindle. There was no electric plant, no machinery, nothing but empty bags, boxes, &c. The superior sugar had been produced by treating refined sugar with chemicals by which it was solidified and made finer. The swindle was complete. The loss is enormous—something like a million of dollars, it is said. Mrs. Friend and Howard are in Michigan, and it is said that the Prof. is probably alive. The plunder carried away by the swindlers is estimated at a quarter of a million.

A Terrible Cyclone.

A cyclone of tremendous energy passed through portions of Pennsylvania on Wednesday, strewing its track with ruin, desolation and death. At Reading, Pittsburg and Sunbury, the loss of life was appalling. In the first-named city, one of the car-shops of the railroad was overturned and the gas in the cars exploded. The debris caught fire and four of the employes were burned to death and a number of others injured. The cyclone next struck a silk mill that employed 250 girls. It went down before the fury of the storm carrying its hapless inmates with it. The estimate of the number of casualities varies largely, some placing the killed at nearly 100, while others believe it will not exceed 40. At the last account 33 bodies had been recovered. Upwards of 100 were injured, many of them seriously. The victims were nearly all women or girls.

In Pittsburg eight or ten buildings were wrecked, burying 40 or 50 people, and possibly a larger number, beneath the ruins. Up to Thursday evening 18 bodies had been recovered. The total of killed will reach 20 to 25, and a number were seriously injured.

At Sunbury two stacks of a nail mill were blown over, burying 18 men beneath the ruins. Two men were killed outright, eight severely injured and several are missing.

At Harrisburg a number of houses were blown down but no loss of life is reported. At York a new market house that cost $12,000 was blown down. Scarcely one brick was left upon another.

The storm did much damage in Wheeling and at other points in West Virginia, through Ohio and as far west as Detroit, Michigan and north to Niagara Falls, where the suspension bridge nearest the falls was carried away.

Murder in Baltimore.

Mrs. Margaret Schneider, an aged German woman, was assaulted and horribly beaten on Tuesday last, at her home, No. 8 West Fifth street, near Charles, Baltimore, by a white servant girl named Ida. The girl escaped and the woman was taken to the City Hospital, where she died about half-past eight o'clock Tuesday evening. She recovered consciousness after the assault long enough to accuse the girl to the police and to say that it was for her money. The description given of the woman's condition shows that the assault was of an extremely brutal and fiendish character. The face was horribly mashed with some blunt instrument, and the skull over the left eye was crushed in and had penetrated the brain. The nose was broken at the bridge, and both eyes were closed and bruised. The left ear was partly mashed off. Several clean cuts were on the throat and also on the back of both hands, which indicate that the woman had tried to defend herself.

The girl who committed the assault was known simply as Ida. She was arrested Wednesday afternoon and her real name was discovered to be Kunigunda Betz. She made her home with her mother at 2802 Elliott street. She is a German. She had only been living at Mrs. Schneider's a short time, and was employed without any inquiry into her character, or knowledge of her previous history. She was arrested on a street car after having been frightened from an intelligence office, where she left a bundle. When the bundle was examined it was found to contain a basque which was spattered with blood, and some underclothing.

The Atlantic Transport Line steamship Montana, belonging to the Baltimore Storage and Lighterage Company, while lying in what is known as the new Cut-off or Brewerton channel, in the Patapsco, was struck by the incoming German steamship Main, last Saturday, and sunk. The engineer of the Montana, R. M. Young, was struck on the head by a falling boom from the Main and instantly killed. The Main is a large vessel, of 3,500 tons register, while the Montana is only 1,849 tons. The cargo of the latter is valued at $150,000 to $200,000.

Michael Rezillo, an Italian laborer, known as "Red-Nosed Mike," who was arrested near Wilkesbarre, Pa., Saturday, has confessed to his participation in the murder of Paymaster J. B. McClure and Hugh Flanagan, on the mountains, near Wilkesbarre, in October last. He says there were four men connected with the crime. He acknowledges that it was his hand that fired the shot that killed McClure. He told the detective where the rifle, revolvers and satchel used were secreted, and they were recovered. Other arrests will be made.

Lewis T. Roberts, a well-known citizen of the third district of Cecil county, died Sunday afternoon at his residence, near Elkton, after a lingering illness, in his 76th year. He was elected county commissioner in 1863 as a Republican. He was engaged in farming all his life, and was a leading granger in the county. He owned several farms. He was married three times, and leaves a widow; also, one daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth Ward, widow of the late Christopher Ward.

Frank Isaac, son of William M. Isaac, of Glenelg, Howard county, was killed in the yard of the Cincinnati and Midland Railroad at Newark, Ohio, on Sunday morning, 6th inst., while coupling cars, which passed over him. He lived for about one hour after the accident. He was 29 years of age. The body was sent to his old home by the B. & O. R. R., and interred in the family burying ground at Glenelg, on Wednesday.

Charles Davis, colored, of Cooksville, Howard county, has been committed to jail in default of $500 bail for his appearance at court to answer to a charge of bigamy. Aber Davis, his alleged wife No. 1, who came from Washington in a stylish equipage, swore out the warrant for Charles, who has been living in Howard county with wife No. 2 for some time, and is a man of good standing and some property.

A large Switzer barn, owned by Jeremiah Albaugh, near Woodsboro', Frederick county, was destroyed by fire of an accidental origin Thursday night week. Its contents, including about 700 bushels of oats, a lot of hay and agricultural machinery and three stacks of fodder were also consumed. Loss between $3,000 and $4,000; partly covered by insurance of $1,200 in the Montgomery County Insurance Company.

At the close of the year 1888, the Maryland National Guards consisted of 1,974 men, including 195 commissioned and 1,770 non-commissioned officers, privates and musicians. These represented two regiments, three battalions and thirty-eight companies, all infantry.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

That valuable and highly recommended remedy for the disorders of babyhood, Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup, is absolutely free from all dangerous agents, and can be safely employed at all times. Price 25 cents.

Nothing removes an incipient cold more quickly and pleasantly than a reliable cathartic medicine, such as that old and tried remedy, Laxador; used by thousands of families throughout the land. Price only 25 cents a package.

The sale of the personal property of Col. Wm. A. McKellip, advertised to take place on the 9th inst., has been postponed until Monday, the 14th inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Hull's Celebrated Horse and Cattle Powders are for sale by E. O. Grimes & Co., Westminster, Md. sep-3-tf

"Deeper than e'er plummet sounded" some people's coughs seem to come from, yet a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure them. It goes away down to the bottom of matters and works wonders. Pleasant to take and good for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, etc. Price 25 cents.

Pure gold always has its base imitation. It is so with Salvation Oil, which is worth its weight in gold to all sufferers from rheumatism, neuralgia, or gout. See that you get the genuine. 25 cents.

SHOATS FOR SALE.—I have for Sale 22 Shoats and Pigs. E. J. Reed, Carrollton.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Rev. G. W. Seilhamer will preach in Uniontown Sabbath morning and evening. Preaching in Frizellburg Saturday evening and Sabbath morning and evening.

Methodist Protestant Church.—Sabbath School at 9 o'clock Sunday morning. Young People's Meeting Sunday evening at 6.30 o'clock. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.30, p. m., by the pastor.
J. T. MURRAY, Pastor.

Grace Lutheran Church.—Prayer Meeting and Lecture Wednesday night at 7 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Communion services on Sunday at 10.30, a. m., and 7, p. m.
P. H. MILLER, Pastor.

Union Street M. E. Church.—Prayer and praise meeting every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. Class meeting Sunday morning at 9.30 o'clock. Sunday School at 2.30, p. m. Preaching at night by the pastor.
R. R. RIGGS, Pastor.

Centenary Methodist Episcopal Church.—Sunday School Sunday at 9, a. m. Young People's Meeting at 6.15, p. m. Preaching Sunday at 10.30, a. m., and 7, p. m., by the pastor. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the morning service.
G. W. COOPER, Pastor.

St. Paul's Reformed Church.—Sunday School Sunday at 9.15, a. m. The Holy Communion will take place on Sunday at 10.30, a. m. Preparatory services on Saturday at 7.15, p. m. Services Sunday evening at 7.15.

The Holy Communion will take place at Krider's Church on the 20th inst. at 10, a. m. Preparatory services on the 19th inst. at 2, p. m.
CALVIN S. SLAGLE, Pastor.

MARRIED.

At St. John's Church, this city, January 8th, 1889, by Rev. John Gloyd, Mr. Joseph I. Krichton and Miss Mary D. Sheeler, both of this city.

In this city, January 8th, 1889, by Rev. John Gloyd, Mr. Emil Schmitz and Miss Alice Stimmel, both of this county.

At St. John's Church, this city, January 9th, 1889, by Rev. John Gloyd, Mr. James Doyle and Mrs. Henrietta Hurley, both of this city.

At the residence of the bride's parents, December 26th, 1888, by Rev. J. R. Wheeler, Mr. Harry E. Wright and Miss Blanche M. Barnes, both of Baltimore.

In Union Bridge, January 8th, 1889, by Elder E. W. Stoner, Mr. John David Stem and Miss Rosie Slimmer, all of Union Bridge.

Near Uniontown, January 2nd, 1889, by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. Wesley Kester, of Silver Run, this county, and Miss Cora Hann, of Ladiesburg, Frederick county, Md.

Near New Windsor, January 8th, 1889, at the residence of the bride's parents by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. S. Wesley Repp and Miss Ida V. Englar, both of this county.

Near Uniontown, January 8th, 1889, by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. Arthur S. Haines and Miss Fannie Lookinghill, both of Union Bridge.

At the parsonage, in this city, by Rev. Calvin S. Slagle, Mr. David H. Essig and Miss Lucy A. Warehime, both of Carroll county.

At the Parsonage, Manchester, January 3rd, 1889, by Rev. C. M. Eyster, Mr. Levanies Fuhrman and Miss Mandilla E. Wilson, both of near Melrose.

Near Salem Church, January 8th, 1889, by Elder Wm. H. Franklin, Mr. David W. Frizzell and Mrs. Catharine Knauff, both of this county.

DIED.

In this city, January 7th, 1889, Prof. F. Harvey Schaeffer, aged 27 years and 1 month.

Near Tyrone, January 6th, 1889, of dropy, Erasmus Fowble, aged 67 years and 8 months.

In Baltimore, January 3rd, 1889, John Matthews, aged 68 years, 3 months and 19 days.

At Pleasant Valley, January 1st, 1889, Mrs. Elizabeth Young, aged 88 years, 3 months and 10 days.

Near Silver Run, January 2nd, 1889, Miss Clementine Cromer, aged 57 years and 10 months.

Near Porter's Postoffice, January 3rd, 1889, Alice Altha, youngest daughter of D. Millard and Mary S. Shoemaker, aged 4 years, 2 months and 17 days.

Dear Alice, whom we loved so well,
Her cheerful voice we hear no more;
For gently flows the parting breath
When Jesus calls the spirit home.

Tears from our eyes should brighten,
For she is happier now than before,
When she sang I am Jesus' little lamb,
Happy all day long I am.

Dear Alice, thou art gone to rest,
But soon we shall meet thee again;
Thou art gone to the land of the blest,
With Jesus and angels to reign.

Resolutions of Respect.

The following tribute of respect, to the memory of the late Prof. F. Harvey Schaeffer, was adopted at a meeting of the Faculty of Western Maryland College:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to take from us our friend and brother, FRANKLIN HARVEY SCHAEFFER; and

WHEREAS, We desire to express our deep sense of loss and to put on record our high appreciation of his character;

Resolved, That in the death of FRANKLIN HARVEY SCHAEFFER, occurring in his early manhood and in the midst of his usefulness, Western Maryland College loses one of the best and noblest of her Alumni, and one of the most efficient and conscientious of her teachers.

Resolved, That the faithfulness with which he discharged all the duties incident to his position as a Tutor in the College, and especially the firm and gentle discipline which characterized his administration of the important and responsible office of Principal of the Preparatory Department, eminently merit an appreciative memorial and official record at the hands of his sorrowing colleagues.

Resolved, That we recall with sorrowful pleasure the high moral character, the amiable disposition and the gentle manners which endeared him to all who knew him, but most especially to us, his fellow teachers, who best knew his worth and loved him most.

Resolved, That the unmurmuring patience with which he bore a sickness, hopeless of cure from the first, excites our warmest admiration, while it adds to our regret that he could not have been longer spared to us and to the work to which he had dedicated his life.

Resolved, That much as we feel our own loss, we feel fully conscious of the overwhelming loss of the bereaved family to whom we tender our deepest sympathy and for whom we pray the blessing of calm and holy resignation to the orderings of a wise and merciful Providence.

Resolved, That this memorial be entered upon the records of the Faculty and that copies of the same be presented to the family of our deceased friend and to the *College Monthly* for publication.

JAS. W. REESE,
S. SIMPSON,
L. A. OWINGS. } Committee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Commissioners' Notice.

THE County Commissioners of Carroll county, will meet at their Office, in Westminster, on the FIRST MONDAY OF FEBRUARY, 1889, for the transaction of business.

By order,
CHARLES BRILHART,
ja-19-1m Clerk.

Notice to Tax-Payers.

THE undersigned hereby notifies all persons in arrears for Taxes that they must pay the same promptly, or he will proceed to collect the same according to law. He can be seen at the Commissioners' Office on Mondays, and at his residence, Westminster, on Saturdays.

WM. G. HINEHART,
ja-12-3t Collector 7th District.

If You Want Hand-Made Furniture

Of every description, at bottom prices, go to the old established Factory, Uniontown, Md., also Ladies' Pride and Climax Cook Stoves, which have no superiors in Baking and Cooking.
O. M. HITESHEW, Agent.

Who, as an undertaker, up to the requirements of our progressive age. Bodies embalmed and features restored in all cases for any length of time. ja-12-3t

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership of Jno. H. Chew and Wm. L. Richards, traders in General Merchandise, &c., at Patapsco, Carroll county, Md., is by mutual consent this day dissolved. The said Richards to collect all claims due said firm and to pay all indebtedness.

The business will be conducted hereafter, at the old stand, by Wm. L. Richards.

JNO. H. CHEW,
WM. L. RICHARDS.
Patapsco, January 1st, 1889. jan-12-3t

Public Sale of a Great Variety of Personal Property

At my residence, known as "Winchester Place," situated on Green street, in Westminster, Md., on MONDAY, 14TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1889, at 11 o'clock, a. m., consisting of a pair of matched Bay Horses, 4 Mares, Aldermen Cows, carriage, buggy, harness, household and kitchen furniture, and many other articles. For details see bills.

WM. A. MCKELLIP.
P. A. Gorsuch, Auctioneer. It

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

WILLIAM F. LIVINGSTON,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8th day of August, 1889; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 8th day of January, 1889. AMANDA LIVINGSTON,
ja-12-4t Executrix.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

JULIA A. KAUFFMAN,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 7th day of August, 1889; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 7th day of January, 1889.

THEODORE A. KAUFFMAN,
jan-12-4t Administrator.

THE best Razors and Razor Straps at BABYLON & GILBERT'S.

Sheriff's Sale

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, State of Maryland, at the suit of Wm. B. Thomas against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Noah Fossett, and to me directed, I have seized the following property, viz: All those two tracts or lots of land containing in the aggregate 20 acres and 20 perches of land, more or less, and being the same parcels of land that were conveyed to the said Noah Fossett by Mary Sedgwich and Richard Sedgwich, her husband, and others by deed dated March 28th, 1885, and recorded among the Land Records of Carroll county, Maryland, in Liber F. T. S., No. 62, folio 13, &c.

I hereby give notice that on

Saturday, February 2nd, 1889,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., at the Court House door in Westminster, Md., I will offer all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Noah Fossett in and to the above property, so seized and taken in execution, at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, for cash.

GEORGE N. FRINGER,
ja-12-ts Sheriff of Carroll county.

PUBLIC SALE OF A VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT.

THE undersigned, by virtue of a power of attorney, given by the heirs of Lydia Roop, deceased, will sell at public sale, on the premises, in the town of New Windsor, on

Saturday, January 26th, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., that valuable two-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing 8 rooms, with good basement and cellar. There is upon the lot a stable, hogpen, and other necessary outbuildings; well of good water at the kitchen door, fruit, &c. The lot contains ONE-HALF ACRE OF LAND, more or less, and fronts 121 feet on Church street and runs back 180 feet to a public alley. This is one of the most convenient and desirable properties in the town, and is worthy the attention of any one wanting a comfortable home.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash on the 1st day of April, 1889; one-third on the 1st day of April, 1890; and the other one-third on the 1st day of April, 1891, with interest from the day of sale; or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. Possession given April 1st, 1889.

S. F. ENGLER,
ja-12-ts Attorney for the Heirs.

Assignee of Mortgagee's Sale

OF A VALUABLE

SMALL FARM

Near Mt. Pleasant, Carroll Co., Md.

BY virtue of two powers of sale contained in two mortgages executed by George Milton and wife to Samuel Cover, and by him assigned to William B. Thomas, the undersigned, Assignee, will offer at public sale, on the premises, situate near Mt. Pleasant, in Carroll county, adjoining the lands of Samuel Lookingbeal and John Miller, and others, on

Thursday, the 7th day of February, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., all that valuable parcel of land containing

39 ACRES, 3 ROODS AND 21 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less. The improvements consist of a new Log Frame Dwelling House, two stories and a basement high, a good new barn and other outbuildings. There are about 12 acres in good timber land. This property is well watered and pleasantly located, within a short distance of the Littlestown turnpike, and is very accessible to schools, churches, &c.

Terms of Sale.—Cash on the day of sale or upon ratification thereof; but purchasers desiring satisfactory credit terms can obtain the same by applying to the undersigned on the day of sale.

WILLIAM B. THOMAS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Charles B. Roberts, Attorney. jan-12-ts

Assignee of Mortgagee's Sale

OF VALUABLE

RealEstate

THE undersigned, by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage from Corrinda Snyder and George Snyder, her husband, to William Coon, dated on the first day of April, 1885, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber G. A. M., No. 22, folio 153, &c., which said mortgage has been assigned to William B. Thomas, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

Wednesday, February 6th, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., all that part of a tract of land called "York Company's Defence," situate, lying and being in Carroll county, on the road leading from Westminster to New Windsor, about 1½ miles from the former place, containing

34 ACRES AND 3 PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less. Also two other lots or parcels of land situate in county aforesaid and adjoining the above described tract of land and containing together

9 ACRES AND 37 PERCHES OF LAND,

more or less, making in the aggregate forty-three and a quarter acres of land, more or less, they being the same parcels of land which were conveyed to Corrinda Snyder by William Coon and wife by deed bearing date on the first day of April, 1885, and recorded among the Land Records of Carroll county in Liber F. T. S., No. 62, folio 364, &c., to which, for a fuller description of said land, reference is hereby made. This property was formerly owned by Joseph Stout and has upon it, in full bearing condition, fruit trees of every kind. This property is also improved with a two-story Weatherboarded Log Dwelling House with necessary outbuildings; and being situated near Westminster, on the New Windsor road, one of the principal thoroughfares of the county, it is, on the whole, one of the most desirable farms in the county.

Terms of Sale.—Cash on the day of sale or upon ratification thereof; or, if purchasers desire, satisfactory terms will be given upon application to the undersigned.

WILLIAM B. THOMAS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
Charles B. Roberts, Attorney.
John T. Diffenbaugh, Auct'r. jan-12-ts

PUBLIC SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS

THE undersigned, as Executors of Rebecca Roop, deceased, will sell at public sale, at the First National Bank of Westminster, in the city of Westminster, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19TH, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following stocks and bonds, to-wit:

36 shares of stock of the First National Bank of Westminster.

80 shares of stock of the Union National Bank of Westminster.

10 shares of stock of the National Bank of Baltimore.

20 shares of stock of the Meadow Branch Turnpike Company.

$1000 certificate of Baltimore city stock, 1890, 6 per cent.; $8,500 city stock, 1927, 3½ per cent.

2 Northern Central Railway bonds, gold sixes, 1900.

$2,000 Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore Railroad