American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

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SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1889.

Appointments by the President.

Among the appointments made by President Harrison since his inauguration are the following: G. A. Batcheller, of New York, and G. Tichenor, of Illinois, Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury; Eugene Schuyler, of New York, Assistant Secretary of State; Cyrus Bussey, of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; J. S. Clarkson, of Iowa, First Assistant Postmaster-General; Smith A. Whitefield, of Ohio, Second Assistant Postmaster-General; Abraham D. Hazen, of Pennsylvania, Third Assistant Postmaster-General; John W. Mason, of West Virginia, Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Chas. E. Mitchell, Commissioner of Patents; Wm. Walter Phelps, of New Jersey, J. A. Kasson, of Iowa, and G. H. Bates, of Delaware, Commissioners to the Samoan Conference at Berlin; Walker Blaine, of Maine, Solicitor for the State Department; Ex-Senator Palmer, of Michigan, Minister to Spain; J. A. Euander, of Illinois, Minister to Denmark; Ex-Gov. A. G. Porter, of Indiana, Minister to Italy; Wm. H. Thomas, of Maine, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Sweden and Norway; Whitelaw Reid, of New York, Minister to France; Frederick D. Grant, of New York, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Austria-Hungary; John C. New, of Indiana, Consul-General of the United States at London; Samuel R. Thayer, of Minnesota, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Netherlands; J. C. Perry, of North Carolina, Assistant Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service. W. Wallace, a brother of Gen. Lew Wallace, has been appointed Postmaster of Indianapolis.

What a Southern Minister Thinks of Educating the Colored People.

In the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church South, at Alexandria, Va., on Monday last, the question of raising $200 towards the $5,000 required for the current expenses of the Lane Institute, at Jackson, Tenn., came up, when Rev. Vincent W. Wheeler, of Roanoke, Va., opposed the proposition. According to the newspaper reports he said he did not believe in giving money to "good-for-nothing niggers." He described the colored people of Roanoke as "lazy, trifling niggers," and said they were fair samples of the whole race. He added that the only honorable "nigger" that can be found is the old slave. "These young niggers," he declared, "must be made to work, must be taught that they must work to live," and he did not believe in contributing money to support "niggers" in idleness. Mr. Wheeler pitched into the whole colored race and practically declared against the education of colored people.

It is gratifying to note that Mr. Wheeler stood alone in his attitude on the question, and that a storm of indignant protest arose from every part of the Conference. Our old friend, Rev. Collins Denny, participated in the debate and made a lengthy argument in which he "logically sat" on Mr. Wheeler. Rev. W. J. Young said the remarks of the opponent of colored education were not Christian. It certainly is remarkable that a minister of the Religion of Jesus Christ should entertain the sentiments enunciated by Mr Wheeler.

The Prohibitory Amendment in New Hampshire.

The result of the vote on the prohibitory amendment to the constitution of New Hampshire has caused varying and divers speculations. The defeat of the measure was very decisive. A two-thirds vote was required to adopt it, and its friends confidently anticipated success; yet it failed even to secure a majority. The saloon interests are jubilant and regard this outcome of the contest as expressive of the opposition of the people to this species of organic enactment. On the other hand it is argued, and not without apparent justification, that the failure to enforce the prohibitory law, now on the statute books of New Hampshire, had made the people hopeless of accomplishing any better result by making prohibition a part of the organic instead of the statutory laws of the State; and that the temperance sentiment will now assert its power by the enactment of stringent restrictive laws. It may be, however, that a majority of the voters are really hostile to prohibition. Undoubtedly there is a large class of most excellent people who believe that restriction is better than prohibition, because more likely to be enforced; and this may be really true of some localities. It certainly is true of any community in which the public sentiment is not sufficiently strong to procure obedience to a constitution or statute demanding prohibition. The beneficent effects of the prohibitory system in Kansas, however, as reported by eye-witnesses and life-long citizens of the State, are strong proof that that method of dealing with the liquor traffic should not be eschewed when it meets the wishes and receives the concurrence and sanction of the people in decisive majorities. Otherwise laws placing the granting of licenses in the hands of the courts; making the approbation of a goodly number of citizens necessary to the consideration of an application for license; imposing a high license tax, and providing a penalty for treating, will be more effective than a prohibitory enactment that public sentiment will not carry into effect. The subject is fraught with innumerable difficulties, not the least of which is the difference of opinion, as to the best means of promoting the interests of the cause, existing among the conscientious and devoted friends of temperance. Notwithstanding this, however, substantial progress is being made and an occasional backset, such as the result in New Hampshire, need not discourage those who believe in legislating against intemperance.

Mr. Cleveland intends to become a member of the Tammany Society of New York. What will the County Democracy do about it?

A Salt Trust.

It is said that an American syndicate or trust has been formed to co-operate with the British syndicate, previously formed, in an effort to control the product and price of salt; and even such a strong protection journal as the New York *Tribune* is threatening the producers of this country with the abolition of the tariff on the article, if the combination be made as alleged. Just how consumers are to be benefitted by such action is not very clear. American manufacturers might be seriously injured by the proceeding, but that would only strengthen the hands and increase the power of their British competitors. Under the operations of protection salt of American manufacture has steadily declined in price until, during the last ten years, according to the New York *Herald*, the salt manufactured in Michigan and New York has been "placed upon the market and sold at substantially the same price for which English salt has been sold in Liverpool." "In fact," says the *Herald*, "there is no market in the world where the same grades of salt can be purchased as cheaply as in Michigan and New York." This is one of the results of protection. It is not true, either, as many suppose, that the British article is so vastly superior in quality that it is preferred to the American product at any price. The annual report of the Saginaw Board of Trade states that the finest dairy salt, manufactured in Michigan, sells at $1.30 per barrel of 280 pounds and that it "is supplanting the (Liverpool) Ashton salt in all Western markets." The same authority says: "The Dairymen's associations of Illinois, Ohio, Wisconsin and other States, after a series of the most critical tests, declared Michigan salt to be the best for dairy purposes." In the same report the cost of Michigan salt, each year for the twenty-three years ending with 1888, is shown as follows:

1866	$1.80	1878	$ .85
1867	1.77	1879	1.02
1868	1.85	1880	.75
1869	1.58	1881	.85.6
1870	1.52	1882	.70
1871	1.46	1885	.81
1872	1.46	1884	.75.6
1873	1.57	1885	.70
1874	1.19	1886	.66
1875	1.10	1887	.57.4
1876	1.05	1888	.58.5
1877	.85		

Making an allowance for the depreciation of the currency during the ten or twelve years immediately succeeding 1866, this table shows a steady decline under the influence of a protective tariff, until, at last, the British producer, suffering from this powerful competition, comes forward and invites the American to enter a combination for the control of the whole product in both countries.

Now, while, as already stated, it is not easy to discover what benefit can accrue to consumers by the abrogation of duties if the entire salt market shall be controlled by a combination or syndicate, some means should be found to defeat the rapacity and greed of these American manufacturers, and, instead of looking for relief to reduction or abrogation of duties, which can be of no advantage to consumers, the States should pass measures to make all such trusts and combinations unlawful and punishable by severe penalties. These combines are against the general welfare and should be made unlawful. This is the method that offers effective relief from their exactions. That which suggests the destruction of a system under which healthful competition has reduced the price to consumers cannot be commended.

The Canadian Parliament has had a lively debate on a resolution, offered by Sir Richard Cartright, in favor of closer commercial relations with the United States. The resolution was bitterly antagonized by the supporters of the government who seemed to see in it a scheme for political as well as business union. Mr. Cockburn, of the government party, called on the "Liberals to alter their course if they were loyal subjects and desired to live under the folds of the Union jack." He and several other speakers declared that the reciprocity proposed would be nothing less than discrimination against England. Some of the Liberals in reply came out in favor of unrestricted reciprocity. The Liberals of Canada evidently have a just appreciation of the advantages to that country of closer relations with the United States; but, as Mr. Cockburn remarked, she will be left to "work out her own destiny." There is no use in knocking half-ripe fruit when, if left to mature, it will fall of its own gravitation.

It is not surprising that the Democratic members of the City Council of Baltimore were averse to permitting the Republicans and Independents to control the committees of the First Branch. Mr. Fowler, chairman of the committee on Ways and Means, has just been making a report that shows a very different condition of things from the usual rose colored statements emanating from that source. To meet the just obligations and supply the demands upon the city treasury, it will be necessary to levy a tax of at least $2.04 on every $100 of property valuation, and this without providing for the sinking funds as required by law, which would require 20½ cents to be added to the rate named, making a total of $2.24½. It is about time the finances of the city were thoroughly ventilated.

Having neutralized the most beneficent provisions of the new election law of Indiana by amending them away, the Democrats of New York are endeavoring to accomplish the same end with the Saxton bill now pending in the New York Legislature. It is a rather curious circumstance that in the States in which the Democrats charge the defeat of Mr. Cleveland by bribery, they are unwilling to support effective measures for the purification of the ballot. They probably understand which party profits most by election frauds.

Mr Whitelaw Reid who has been appointed Minister to France as the successor of Mr. McLane, of Maryland, is the responsible editor of the New York *Tribune*, and a man of marked ability. It is said he desired the English mission and was backed for the appointment by Mr. Blaine; but the President had other views. It is not improbable that Mr. Depew may be sent to the Court of St. James.

The Railway Mail Service was pretty thoroughly demoralized during the Cleveland administration, and it will be no easy task to restore its efficiency. The new superintendent, J. Lowrie Bell, is said to be an experienced and capable man, and it is believed will be able to accomplish the result so eminently desirable.

The appointments made by President Harrison thus far are said to be of the very best character. Very properly he he is not rushing things, but is giving due consideration in every case.

The bill for a constitutional convention in Delaware passed the House of Representatives of that State, on Tuesday, by a vote of 16 to 4. It now goes to the Senate, which is Democratic and will probably kill it. Should it pass in any shape and the convention ever meet, legislative restrictions cannot control its action. Lawful conventions of the people are above legislatures.

The resignation of United States Senator Jonathan Chace, of Rhode Island, was presented to the Legislature of that State on Monday. Mr. Chace first entered the Senate January 26th, 1885, as the successor of Senator Henry B. Anthony, deceased, whose term he completed on the 3rd inst. He was re-elected for the full term commencing March 4th, 1889, but has resigned to give attention to his business affairs. It will be ten days or more before his successor can be elected.

Death of Arthur John Willis.

The recent death of Arthur John Willis, of Caroline county, will revive, in the minds of those who were familiar with the legislators of Maryland twenty-five to forty years ago, memories of an extraordinary man. Mr. Willis represented Caroline county in the State Senate about forty years ago, as a Democrat, and was again returned to that body in 1861, but then as an uncompromising Union man. During that term he made a speech, descriptive of a secessionist, which was literally reported and printed and was, in its way, a curiosity. Despite his outre speeches, however, Mr. Willis was a keen, shrewd business man and exercised such good judgment in the conduct of his personal affairs that he amassed a large fortune. He was fond of relating personal anecdotes, and did not refrain from gratifying this penchant when the point of the joke was against himself. Among other stories told by him was an experience which befell him while on a trip to England. He said that he was walking in the suburbs of London one morning when he discovered a magnificent palace in course of erection. Approaching a plain looking gentleman he inquired if he could learn to whom the structure belonged.

"To Baron Rothschild," was the brief reply.

"Can you tell me how the Rothschilds made so much money?" then asked Willis.

"By minding their own business and letting that of others alone," was the answer.

"It was the Baron himself I had been questioning," he said, "and I walked away without attempting to continue the conversation."

After serving in the Senate for four years, Mr. Willis was elected to the House of Delegates and was subsequently again a candidate for the upper House, but was defeated by Mr. Field.

Eloped.

Miss Pauline Fuller, one of the eight daughters of the Chief Justice of the United States, eloped with a Chicago clerk named J. Manlt Aubery, Jr., on Tuesday. They went to Milwaukee where they were married by a Justice of the Peace. The young lady is nineteen years of age and is thus described by a newspaper correspondent: "She is precisely five feet five inches in height, and has a great abundance of chestnut hair, which, curling around her face and neck, makes a very pretty frame for a very pretty face. Her eyes are gray and thoughtful, and her nose decidedly aquiline. Her lips are inclined to be full, and the general character expressed by her face is of resolute firmness, which would countenance but little opposition to any plan which she had made up her mind to. Her figure is excellent, her hands and feet small, and her tailor-made traveling suit unexceptionable in fit and style." Aubery is the son of the General Western Agent of the Merchant's Despatch Fast Freight Line, of Chicago, and is not regarded as socially or intellectually an equal match for the girl. Her parents, however, are reported as saying that the elopement was unnecessary as they would not have opposed their daughter's desire to marry the young man if it had been made known.

The West Virginia Affair.

A despatch to the Baltimore *American* dated Charleston, West Va., March 20th, says:

"It is reported here to-day that the Republican members of the legislature have entered into an agreement, after a thorough canvass of the political situation, to refuse to obey the call of Governor Wilson for an extraordinary session of that body, on the ground that he is not the lawful governor of the State, and is therefore without authority to issue such call. This determination has reached the ears of the Democrats, and has caused an immense hubbub.

While the Democrats have one majority in the House, they are two in the minority in the Senate, and they are busy to-night arranging to contest this new move of the opposition. It is likely, should the Republicans fail to respond, the sergeant-at-arms will be sent to arrest them at their homes, and this might easily precipitate trouble."

The hiding place of Hannah E. or E Hanna Calder and her, or his, bride, Katie Beall, was discovered last week, through the imprudence of Calder in writing to Dr. Jarrett to correct some alleged misstatements made by him. The letter was postmarked Glyndon, a fact which was at once communicated to the police authorities of Baltimore, and in a short time the missing pair was found at the residence of Randolph Slade, near Woodensburg, Baltimore county. The bride consented to accompany the detective to Baltimore, where she met her father and went with him to her home in Harford county, protesting, however, her unwavering love for Calder and her determination to return to him, or her, whichever it may be. Calder, when discovered, was dressed in male attire and persistently claims to be a man, and asserts the intention of enforcing marital rights in the case. The affair is a remarkably curious one.

A small lot of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad stock sold on Monday at 95, a decided advance over the figures for several months past. A day or two later it advanced to 97.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our regular correspondent.

Postmaster General Wanamaker goes over to Philadelphia every Saturday evening, in order to be on hand Sunday morning to teach his bible class. This bible class was organized by Mr. Wanamaker some years ago, and numbers 150 young men.

Some Ananias of the press has been sending out a ridiculous story in which he makes the President snub Col. W. W. Dudley. No denial was necessary, but in answer to question, Col. Dudley and private secretary Halford say that the story is without the slightest foundation.

It is stated here that Russell Harrison, son of the President, is a candidate for the United States Senate from the new State of Montana.

It is fortunate for the working republicans throughout the country that J. S. Clarkson was finally persuaded to accept the position of First Assistant Postmaster-General. From a political standpoint, it is about the most important position under the Government, about 50,000 fourth class postmasters being appointed by him. No man in the country is better fitted to undertake this work than Mr. Clarkson; he is thoroughly familiar with the men who did the real work in the campaigns of 1884 and 1888, and what is more important, he will see to it that the drones do not capture the honors and rewards due the 'hustlers'.

A very interesting ceremony took place at the White House. It was the formal presentation of the Diplomatic Corps to the President and Mrs. Harrison. All the diplomats were in the full court dress of their respective countries, and the whole formed a spectacle that for brilliance is seldom excelled in this country. The presentations were made by Mr. Blaine.

The President spends his Sundays here pretty much as he did at his home in Indianapolis. He allows no mail to be opened on that day and sees no one except possibly a friend. He always attends church in the morning and gives the remainder of the day to rest.

Women and Boys Charged with Barn Burning.

Detective Stackhouse, of the Pinkerton force, has been working up the barn burning cases in York county, and at his instance five arrests were made on Wednesday. The parties accused are two women, a girl of 15 and two boys aged 8 and 10 years respectively. Their names are Mrs. Elizabeth Weaver, wife of Jacob Weaver, aged 27 years; Mrs. Aurelia Miller, wife of the tenant on David D. Newcomer's farm; Miss Cora Reible, Howard and James Stump, children of Wesley A. Stump. Mrs. Weaver is charged with burning the barn of Benjamin Forry, near Lineboro', November 24th, 1888; Mrs. Miller of an attempt to burn an old roofless log structure, on the tenant farm of Mr. Newcomer near Summit, January 2nd, 1889; Miss Reible with burning the barn of Levi Dubbs, in the same neighborhood, on 28th December last, and the boys with burning Lewis H. Miller's barn near Jefferson, February 9th, 1889.

Mrs. Weaver is not a relative of the girl Rose Weaver, arrested for burning Mrs. Wentz's barn. She is the mother of four children, the oldest of whom is seven years and the youngest a babe. She is described as a woman "not pretty but having a face full of character."

Mrs. Miller is a stout, middle aged woman with dark hair and rather florid face. She has seven children.

Miss Reible is described as looking even younger than her fifteen years and still wears short dresses.

The scenes attending the arrests of these parties and the Stump boys were of the most painful character. Mrs. Weaver kissed her husband and children passionately and they wept together bitterly. She was the first one arrested and was taken with her baby in a carriage to the Newcomer place, where Mrs. Miller was taken into custody amid the wailings of herself and family. Miss Reible was at first unnerved when told that she must go with the officers, but soon regained courage and comforted her mother who was in great distress. When placed in the carriage with the others she talked in a cheerful strain and brought a ray of sunshine into their grief. The mother of the Stump boys was thrown into convulsions when informed of the errand of the officers, and on the promise of the father to bring them fo York little Howard and James were left with their parents until the following day.

The evidence against all these parties it is said is purely circumstantial, and if of the character reported amounts to little more than suspicion. It may be, however, that the detective has not disclosed all his knowledge. Efforts to induce confessions from the parties implicated have not been successful.

Francis Lee, of Freeland, Baltimore county, makes a pathetic appeal in the advertising columns of the Baltimore daily papers to his son Harry, who has run away from his home, to return again. He tells the boy that his "mother is growing weaker every day, and words are inadequate to describe her grief." Harry is 14 years old, has light brown hair, with cowlick at left side of forehead; light blue eyes, with scar a quarter of an inch long near one of them; short upper lip; light complexion; is slightly freckled-heavily built, over five feet high and has a brown thumb nail on left hand. It would be a merciful act on the part of any person having any knowledge of the boy to inform Mr. Lee.

A brutal and cowardly murder was committed in Baltimore last Saturday night. The victim was a fallen woman and her murderer was a man familiarly known as Bill Shannon. He cut the woman's throat with a pocket knife, inflicting several horrible wounds which caused death in a short time. From recent events it seems next to impossible to get a Baltimore jury to convict of a capital crime, but if any wretch ever deserved hanging Shannon seems to be the man.

Ex-President Cleveland and two of the late members of his cabinet, Messrs. Vilas and Dickinson, left New York for Cuba on Monday. They have gone first to Florida, where they will remain ten days or two weeks and then proceed to their ultimate destination. The length of time to be devoted to the tour is not specified.

Sir Julian Pauncefort, the new British Minister to the United States, will sail for America April 13th.

Governor Jackson and wife left Annapolis on Thursday, for Salisbury.

The Supreme Conclave of Heptasophs will meet in Baltimore in April.

The Potomac shad and herring fisheries are backward.

President Harrison has commuted the death sentence of Albert Green, colored, of Washington, to imprisonment for life.

Imitators of White Caps and barn burners have appeared on Patapsco Neck, in Baltimore county.

It is said Fourth-class postmasters will, as a rule, not be removed except for cause.

New York experienced a mild blizzard Thursday and several inches of snow fell.

Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, will be closed about April 4th. It will be sold. Whether it will be reopened as a hotel, or devoted to other uses, is not stated.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker is introducing business reform in his department and requiring some of the clerks to work a greater number of hours.

Wm. T. Henderson, formerly chief post office inspector of the Post Office Department is an applicant for the postmastership of Baltimore City.

Somebody has been stealing ex-President Cleveland's fancy chickens, left at his Oak View residence near Washington.

A mail pouch which disappeared from Piedmont, W. V., February 27, was found in a culvert in that town. The mail was nearly intact.

Robert Garrett is in Florida. His health is improving and strong hopes of his recovery from his distressing mental malady are now entertained by his friends.

President Harrison and the military members of his cabinet are to be invited to the banquet of the Maryland Union Veterans' Association at the Carrollton Hotel, in Baltimore, on April 9.

On Thursday wheat was strong and higher at all principal grain markets. Corn was strong and higher in Baltimore, steady in Chicago and lower in New York. Hog products were irregular and slightly lower in the West.

Atlantic City, N. J., was visited by a terrible flood tide and furious waves Wednesday night, which demolished dwellings, bath houses, pavilions and other small structures near the beach, and endangered a number of lives.

Robert Craven, Treasurer of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, is short in his accounts to the amount of $6,400. It is stated that at a meeting of the Directors of the road, in Philadelphia, on Thursday, he confessed his guilt.

The Board of Pardons of Pennsylvania has refused to commute the sentence of death in the case of Mrs. Sarah J. Whiteling, who was recently convicted in Philadelphia of murdering her husband and two children by poison, and she will be hanged.

An explosion occurred in the mixing-room of the United States Dynamite Company's works, eight miles from Lakewood, N. J., Thursday, killing Thomas Haggerty and William Nicholas and shaking towns and villages within fifteen or twenty miles.

The seventeenth annual convention of the Sunday Schools of Maryland was held in Baltimore on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. Several questions of importance in Sunday School work, and of interest to workers, were discussed. Names of delegates were not published by the daily papers.

The Rhode Island Republican convention met at Providence Thursday and nominated Herbert W. Ladd, of Providence, for Governor, Daniel G. Littlefield for Lieutenant-Governor, Samuel H. Cross for secretary of State, Samuel Clark for treasurer, and Horatio Rogers for attorney-general.

A dynamite factory, near Toms River, New Jersey, exploded on Thursday with terrific force. The shock was felt for a distance of fifteen or twenty miles. The earth was shaken as if by an earthquake. One man was torn to pieces and another so badly mutilated that he died in great agony in a few hours.

John Giddens was shot and killed on Thursday by his son, McGangle Giddens, a boy of 17 years, at Greenville, Texas. The boy had frequently asked his father for a pistol, but had been refused. He secured possession of one, and when Mr. Giddens asked for an explanation the boy turned the weapon upon his father, shooting him through the breast.

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UNEXCELLED in stock. Eggs for hatching a specialty from the now popular varieties of Buff, Partridge and White Cochins, Light and Dark Brahmas, Black, White and Brown Leghorns, White and Mottled Wyandottes, Houdans, Langshans, Plymouth Rocks, &c. Prices to suit the times. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write for information.

JOS. A. WARE SHE,
mr-23-3m Proprietor.

To Whom It May Concern.

COMPLAINT having been frequently made of the obstructions of the Public Roads of the county, by throwing upon them rubbish, and by perpetrating other nuisances thereupon, notice is hereby given that all offenders of the kind will, in the future, be rigorously dealt with and brought to criminal justice.

By order of the Board,
CHARLES BRILHART,
mr-23-3t Clerk County Commissioners.

Public Sale.

The subscriber will sell at public sale, at his stables, No. 9 John street, near Main street, Westminster, on THURSDAY, MARCH 28TH, 1889, at 1 o'clock, p. m., a carload of Western Horses and Mares, Workers and Drivers, among which is a pair of fine black horses, several nice bay mares, weighing 1400 pounds, and other fine animals. Terms made known on the day of sale.

JACOB THOMSON.
R. C. Matthews, Auctioneer. It

Transfers and Abatements.

THE County Commissioners for Carroll county will meet at their office in the Court House at Westminster, on Tuesday and Wednesday, April 2d and 3d, and on Monday and Tuesday, April 15th and 16th, 1889, to make Transfers and Abatements.

All persons interested are requested to attend, as no Abatements or Transfers will be made after that time to effect the levy of 1888. Persons making application for Transfers of and Abatements on property will be required to comply with Sections 16 and 17 of Article 11 of the Revised Code of Public General Laws.

By order of the Board,
mr-23-4t CHAS. BRILHART, Clerk.

NO. 2693 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Martha M. Kauffman and others vs. John D. Kauffman and Theodore A. Kauffman, Administrators, &c.

ORDERED this 18th day of March, A. D. 1889, that the sale of the real estate of the late Julia A. Kauffman, deceased, made by Theodore A. Kauffman, Trustee, and this day reported in said cause, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 22d day of April, next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted once a week in each of three successive weeks before the 15th day of April, next.

The Report states the amount of sale to be $900.00.

WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

True copy—Test:
mr-23-3t WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

NO. 2705 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity.

Joseph Bollinger, Mortgagee, vs. James B. Kimmey, Christie A. Kimmey, his wife, Mortgagors.

ORDERED this 21st day of March, A. D. 1889, that the sales of the mortgaged property made and reported, in the above entitled cause, by Joseph Bollinger, Mortgagee, under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage from James B. Kimmey and Christie A. Kimmey, his wife, to him, bearing date September 2, A. D. 1884, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber F. T. S., No. 21, folio 184, &c., be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 22d day of April, next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Carroll county, Md., once a week for three successive weeks previous to the 15th day of April, next. The report states the amount of the sales of the real estate to be $3,450.00.

WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

True Copy—Test:
mr-23-3t WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

Ratification Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Carroll county.

FEBRUARY TERM, 1889.

Estate of Elizabeth S. Mitten, deceased.

ON application it is ordered this 19th day of March, 1889, that the sale of the real estate of Elizabeth S. Mitten, late of Carroll county, deceased, made by John F. Mitten, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, and this day reported to this Court by the said Executor, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary, on or before the 4th Monday, 22d day of April, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed and published in Carroll county, next. The report states the amount of sale to be four hundred and eighty dollars ($480.00).

DAVID H. HOFFACKER,
JAMES P. SUMMERS,
JAMES W. WHITE, } Judges.

True copy—Test:
GEO. M. PARKE, Register of Wills.
mr-23-3t

Examination of Public School Teachers.

NOTICE is hereby given that by order of the Board of School Commissioners of Carroll county, the annual examination of Public School Teachers and other persons who desire to secure certificates of qualification as such, will be held at Central Hall School House, in Westminster, on

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, April 17th, 18th and 19th,

beginning promptly at 9 o'clock each day; and that all applicants for teachers' certificates, and all teachers except those who have life certificates, diplomas from the State Normal School, or Carroll county certificates which will not expire within the next school year, and all applicants for scholarships at the State Normal School, are required to attend said examination.

The examination will be conducted according to the following schedule:

Wednesday—A. M., Arithmetic, Geography; P. M., History, Grammar.

Thursday—A. M., Geometry, Physiology; P. M., English Literature, Methods of Teaching.

Friday—A. M., Book-keeping, Algebra; P. M., Natural Philosophy.

JAMES A. DIFFENBAUGH,
mr-23-4t Examiner.

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Special Attention will be paid to the Compounding of Private Formulas.

E. M. BISH, Sup't.

mr-23

HORSES BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for fresh Cows. Fresh Cows on hand at all times for sale or exchange. All stock as represented or money refunded.

SMITH'S SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLES,
Corner Main and Church Streets, Westminster, Md. mr-16-4t

Baltimore Markets.

Flour—Extra	$3.60@	$4.60
Flour—Family	4.75@	5.25
Flour—High Grade Family	6.15@	6.00
Flour—First Grade Extra	5.75@	6.00
Rye Flour	3.10@	3.40
Wheat—Fultz	1.00@	1.07
Wheat—Longberry	1.02@	1.08
Corn	40@	41
Oats	31@	33
Rye	53@	56
Hay	8.00@	16.50
Straw	8.00@	11.50
Bulk Shoulders	7@	7
Bulk Clear Rib Sides	7@	7
Hams	12@	13
Lard	7¼@	8¾
Butter	15@	20
Eggs	12@	12½

Westminster Markets.

Corrected weekly by N. I. GORSUCH & SON, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Flour, Grain, Produce, &c.

Wheat	90@	95
Rakings	90@	90
Barley	30@	35
Oats	25@	28
Corn	35@	36
New Corn, per barrel	1.75@	2.00
Rye	50@	50
Flour—Extra	$5.50@	$5.50
Flour—Family	6.00@	6.50
Flour—Fancy Patents	6.50@	8.00
Flour—Rye	3.00@	3.50
Corn Meal per 100lb	1.25@	1.50
Buckwheat Meal	1.75@	2.00
Lard	06@	07
Bacon Shoulders	07@	09
Bacon Sides	07@	08
Potatoes	20@	25
Hams	08@	10
Pork	5.00@	5.50
Clover Seed per lb	06@	07
Hungarian Seed	50@	60
Timothy Seed	1.50@	2.00
Flax Seed	1.50@	1.75
Onions	25@	30
Hay per ton	8.00@	11.00
Rye Straw	8.00@	9.00
Butter	20@	21
Eggs	10@	10

REMOVAL!

U. L. REAVER

HAS REMOVED HIS

BOOT, SHOE, HAT AND CAP STORE

TO THE

Zieber Building,

No. 44 W. MAIN STREET, CORNER MAIN AND JOHN STREETS,

A FULL LINE OF THE

Latest Style Hats and Caps and the Best Shoes

For men, women and children; also

Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, Satchels, &c.

Prices as Low as First-Class Goods Will Warrant.

mr-23 U. L. REAVER,
No. 44 W. Main Street,
Westminster, Md.

HEADQUARTERS

—FOR—

Fertilizers!

H. S. ROBERTS & CO.

WE have now on hand at our new Ware house, on Green Street, (formerly occupied by The Westminster Market House Co.,)

A FULL LINE OF FERTILIZERS AND FERTILIZING MATERIAL

for the spring trade, at bottom prices. We will mix goods after any formula that our customers may desire. We invite the farming community to call and examine our stock.

H. S. ROBERTS & CO.,
mr-16-7m Westminster, Md.

Public Sale.

HAVING relinquished in part farming, I will offer at public sale, in Westminster, on

Thursday, 4th of April, 1889,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following Personal Property: 10 head of driving and work horses and mules. No. 1, large bay horse, 5 years old, weighs 1600 pounds, a good worker anywhere; No. 2, bay horse, 7 years old, a good worker and plough leader; No. 3, bay horse, 9 years old, good worker and driver; No. 4, bay mare, 6 years old, a good worker in all harness; No. 5, a fine black horse, 9 years old, a good family horse and fast; No. 6, brown horse, 6 years old, good worker and single driver; No. 7, roan horse, 7 years old, a very fine driver, safe for any person to drive, can trot a mile inside of 3 minutes; No. 8, bay horse, 4 years old, good worker and driver; pair of mules, 6 years old, good size, good workers; four good milch cows, one of which will be fresh by day of sale, the others soon after; alderney heifer, broadtread 4-horse wagon, spring wagon, Hagerstown thresher and separator, phaeton, Deering steel binder in good condition, 2 good Deering mowers, 2 disc harrows, AA harrow, large cultivator, 2 manure spreaders, family carriage, besides other articles not mentioned.

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six months on sums of $10 and upwards, by purchasers giving their notes, with approved security, bearing interest from date; sums under $10, cash.

mr-16-ts EDWARD LYNCH.

NO. 2722 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity.

Alfred T. Buckingham, Trustee, vs. John T. Phillips and Rachel C. Phillips, his wife, Defendants.

ORDERED this 14th day of March, A. D. 1889, that the sale of the real estate made and reported in the above entitled cause by Alfred T. Buckingham, Trustee, under a deed of trust from John T. Phillips and Rachel C. Phillips, his wife, to him, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown on or before the 15th day of April, next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper published in Carroll county, Maryland, once a week for three successive weeks prior to the 8th day of April, next. The Report states the amount of sale of the real estate to be $2,075.00.

JNO. E. SMITH,
Judge of the Circuit Court.

True Copy—Test:
mr-16-3t WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

NO. 40 INSOLVENTS.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

In the matter of the petition of Ephraim Winter for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the State of Maryland.

ORDERED this 21st day of February, A. D. 1889, that the 16th day of May next be and the same is hereby fixed for Ephraim Winter, petitioner for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this State, in the above entitled case, to appear in the said Court and answer such interrogatories or allegations as his creditors, endorsers or sureties may propose or allege against him, and that the said Petitioner or John M. Roberts, his Permanent Trustee, shall give notice thereof to the creditors, endorsers and sureties of said Insolvent Petitioner by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper published in Carroll county for five successive weeks before the 8th day of April next.

WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

Published at the request of John M. Roberts, Permanent Trustee.

True copy—Test:
fe-23-5t WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

DAVID BACHMAN,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 26th day of September, 1889; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 26th day of February, 1889.

ANNIE M. BACHMAN,
GEORGE M. ZEPP,
mr-2-4t Administrators.

NO. 2325 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Solomon Arter vs. Lydia Arter.

ORDERED this 11th day of March, A. D. 1889, that the account of the Auditor, filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 1st day of April, next: Provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

True copy—Test:
mch-16-2t WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

THE best Razors and Razor Straps at BABYLON & GILBERT'S.

GREAT ATTRACTION

—FOR—

SPRING

—AT—

Fred. D. Miller & Bro's.

CLOTHING.

BEAUTIFUL SUITS FOR MEN, IN ALL THE NEWEST STYLES WE HAVE LEADERS FOR $5, $10 AND $15. THE BEST $10 CUTAWAY SUIT EVER SHOWN.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS. BASE BALL AND BAT GIVEN WITH EVERY SUIT.

**Beautiful H