Porter

American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

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SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1889.

The Editors and the Exposition.

The editors of Maryland, who gathered in conference at the Eutaw House, Baltimore, on Monday last, were actuated by a common desire to advance the material interests and prosperity of the State. They came together to devise some means by which the people may be induced to co-operate in an effort to place before the country evidences of the material resources and possibilities of the commonwealth in agricultural, mineral, mechanical and other products. There was no diversity of sentiment among them as to the benefits to be derived from such an exhibit of the State's productions as can readily be made at the great State Exposition to be held at Pimlico in September next. How to induce such action was the question considered. Whether the plan proposed will accomplish the object remains to be seen. Yet no better could be suggested. The county secretaries appointed will confer with the leading business men of the several districts and endeavor to bring the subject, in some form, to the attention of every citizen of the State. Mr. Frank H. Orendorff is the secretary for Carroll county, and we desire to suggest to the readers of the SENTINEL the wisdom and propriety of consulting him in reference to this important matter. He will give it his earnest attention and the press of the county will cooperate heartily in all efforts to stimulate an interest among the people in the grand enterprise.

The president of the State Agricultural Association, Mr. Frank Brown, will leave no means untried to make the September Exposition the most notable event in the industrial history of the State. He deserves the support and encouragement of the people of the State in promoting the success of his efforts. There is no manner of doubt that he will generally receive it. The spirit of the editors present at the convention on Monday—and nearly every county newspaper in the State was represented—indicates that the products of most of the counties will be handsomely displayed at the Exposition. It is important that Carroll shall not be behind her sisters in making known her resources by this medium. The earnest attention of all her citizens is invited to the subject.

The *New York Tribune* of Wednesday says of the newly appointed Civil Service Commissioners: "The vacancies which have existed in the Civil Service Commission since the appointment of Mr. Oberly as commissioner of Indian Affairs and the enforced resignation of Mr. Edgerton were filled yesterday by the appointment of Theodore Roosevelt and Hugh S. Thompson. The selection of Mr. Roosevelt for one of these places needs no words of approval from *The Tribune* to emphasize its fitness. It is admirable in every way. By character, experience in public life and his belief in the principles that underlie real Civil Service reform, Mr. Roosevelt is well qualified to discharge satisfactorily the duties of this office. If the same cannot be said of Mr. Thompson, who served as an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury during the greater part of the Cleveland Administration, it must be remembered that President Harrison was bound to appoint one Democrat, and that his selection of the man picked out by his predecessor for a Civil Service Commissionership ought not to be severely criticised."

Mr. Jefferson Davis has written a letter to the Confederate Soldiers' Association of Alabama, which had submitted a draft of its constitution and by-laws for his approval, and which he says he has "read with much satisfaction. To preserve the memories of a struggle for constitutional rights is a duty all owe, not only to the past but to posterity. Never was cause more sacred or more heroically maintained." And yet there never was before this time a government that would have tolerated the presence and hostile teachings within its borders of an enemy who had been the recognized leader of an attempt to destroy it. That Mr. Davis is permitted, by the government that suppressed his rebellion, the extremest latitude in his utterances in defence of that rebellion, is the best proof that it was causeless and unjustifiable. True men rebel against tyranny and oppression, not against liberty and human freedom.

Dakota is up to a new dodge to attract epicurean immigrants. A dispatch from Jamestown, in the embryotic State of North Dakota, says a shower of frogs fell there on Monday afternoon. There were several hundred of them and they could be seen hopping about the streets at the distance of a block away. Dakota knows that the nether extremities of a frog supply a tid bit that is very tempting to the palate of the epicure and hence proposes to have the amphibious animals conveniently delivered at the doors of her inhabitants from the passing clouds. A great country is Dakota.

Calvin Gorman, brother of Senator Gorman, who was some time ago dropped from the roll of public servants and subsequently reappointed to the position of special inspector and assigned to duty at Norfolk, Va., has resigned. He says he is too good a Democrat to serve under a Republican administration. It is passing strange that he did not discover the fact before he accepted an appointment at the hands of a Republican Secretary of the Treasury, and not until he became convinced that his tenure was imperiled by the general Republican demand for his decapitation.

President Harrison has appointed Frank W. Palmer, of Illinois, Public Printer, and Messrs. Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, and Hugh S. Thompson, of South Carolina, Civil Service Commissioners. Mr. Palmer succeeds Benedict, removed. The appointments to the Civil Service Commission were made to fill vacancies. Mr. Thompson was appointed by Mr. Cleveland shortly before he retired, but the Senate failed to act on the nomination.

Editors' Convention.

A convention of Maryland editors assembled at the request of Mr. Frank Brown, President of the Maryland Agricultural Association, at the Eutaw house, Baltimore, on Monday last, for the purpose of consultation concerning the best method to promote exhibits at the grand Exposition to be held at Pimlico in September next and thus aid in contributing to the success of that enterprise, which, it is believed, will exercise a beneficial effect upon the farming, industrial and mechanical interests of the State.

Shortly after 11 o'clock Mr. Frank Brown, as president of the Maryland Agricultural Society, called the meeting to order, explained its objects and welcomed the visitors to Baltimore hospitality, after which Assistant Postmaster J. J. Fenton read Mr. Frank Brown's address to the editors. Among others things it said that the idea underlying the proposed exposition scheme is that the purposes for which the State of Maryland and the city of Baltimore contributed so liberally in placing at the disposal of the Maryland State Agricultural and Mechanical Association the extensive and valuable property known as the Pimlico Fair Grounds shall be fully carried out. That purpose was to establish at a point most easily accessible an agricultural exchange where the farmer, the stock breeder, the tobacco planter and the dairyman, and all others interested in agricultural pursuits could meet together, exhibit their products, compare methods and systems, discuss their experiences and the various vocations incident to agricultural life, and transact their own business through their own agents. Mr. Brown next pointed out the fact that Maryland has lost her prestige as a stock-raising State, and that Baltimore is not now, as it was many years ago, the port through which both the South and West imported their blooded horses and cattle. He believed that no State is better adapted than Maryland for raising stock, and thought that the organization of identical interests and pursuits would be the best way to develop Maryland's resources.

In the matter of transportation alone we have facilities unsurpassed in the Western Maryland Tidewater Railroad, which will make track connections with every other road entering Baltimore, and by the line now running into the Pimlico grounds will land horses, cattle and sheep or implements, machinery, or freight of any kind without disarrangement from the point of shipment until they are laid down immediately at their place of destination. It remains for the people interested in agricultural pursuits to say whether or not the magnificent possibilities lying in those Pimlico grounds shall be utilized by the agricultural people of Maryland.

SUPPLEMENTARY EXPLANATIONS.

Mr. Brown added: "I have in my hand a book in which the merchants of Baltimore have entered over $16,000 in subscriptions to make a success of the trades display, and here," he continued, holding up a set of drawings, "are the plans for the exposition building to be erected."

He suggested that the farmers establish in Baltimore a bureau where descriptions of their lands for sale could be filed for reference. He said that while Lexington and Wilmington had daily horse sales, such a thing as selling a fine horse was almost an impossibility here, and it was proposed to have daily sales of two hours duration at the exposition.

Mr. Fenton then read letters to President Harrison, to the Secretaries of War, the Navy, the Treasury, the United States supervising architect, the Maryland board of public works and the harbor board, making requests for their presence and for ships, the Fort McHenry battery and other things to carry out the details of the sham battle of North Point, the storming of Fort McHenry and the dedication of the new postoffice, which are to be features of Baltimore's patriotic celebration.

FORMING AN ORGANIZATION.

Mr. George Colton made an address, in which he said: "The history of the newspapers of the State is an illustration of the development of the Maryland Commonwealth. In politics we war against one another, but when it comes to Maryland's good we have but one aim. This scheme to exhibit the resources of the State is worthy of your hearty co-operation. Go back to your counties, organize and arouse the enthusiasm and patriotism of the people, and this State will give an exhibition that will make her famous." He then proposed Mr. Henry Vanderford, of Carroll county, for temporary chairman, and Mr. Vanderford was elected. Mr. Henry R. Torbert, of the Cecil Whig, was made vice-president, and Wm. S. McComas, of the Havre-de-Grace Republican, secretary.

Mr. Frank Brown was made a member of the convention by a unanimous rising vote.

Mr. H. R. Walworth, of the Maryland Farmer, offered the following resolution and urged its adoption:

"*Resolved*, That we will publish in our columns such articles of information and news as shall emanate from the Maryland State Agricultural Society, in order to give to the farming community a full knowledge of the exposition proposed by that society. And, further, that the president of the society be requested to furnish a copy of these resolutions to every paper in the State."

Mr. W. L. W. Seabrook, of the AMERICAN SENTINEL objected that the resolution required the publication of matter without limitation and that might be perfectly irrelevant to the wants of some of the counties while entirely in harmony with the needs of others. He said that the press of each county could best understand particular local interests and that while the resolution went too far in demanding the publication of all information that might emanate from the Association, it did not go far enough in requesting the newspapers of each county to present to their readers such arguments and reasons as might stimulate such special local interests. While he was speaking Mr. Charles H. Vanderford handed him the following resolution and requested that it be offered as a practical solution of the difficulty:

"*Resolved*, That a secretary be appointed for each county by the State society to have power to appoint a committee of one or more persons in each election district, said committee to report to the secretary what is worthy to be exhibited, and the secretary to urge the owners of such horses, cereals, minerals and manufacturers to exhibit the same. Further, that the editors of the several counties aid the secretaries by such publications as may be deemed expedient."

This resolution and that offered by Mr. Walworth were then adopted, and the editors present named the following gentlemen as the secretaries for their respective counties: Allegany, B. L. Turner; Anne Arundel, Geo. Earle, Jr.; Baltimore county, Wm. B. Sands; Caroline, Hon. Jno. F. Dawson; Carroll, Frank H. Orendorff; Cecil, John Partridge; Frederick, Geo. W. Cramer; Harford, Noble L. Mitchell; Howard, John T. Ridgely; Kent, C. T. Westcott; Montgomery, A. H. Fletcher; Prince George's, A. T. Brooke; Queen Anne's, Gen. Wm. McKenney; St. Mary's, C. Arnold Graef; Somerset, Ephraim G. Polk; Talbot, Charles R. Wootters; Washington county, P. A. Witmer; Wicomico, Wm. B. Tilghman; Worcester, Charles H. Colbourn.

During the session of the convention Mayor Latrobe was introduced and made a pleasant and entertaining speech. Col. Wm. Kilgore, of Montgomery county; Mr. P. A. Witmer, of Washington; Mr. Frederick Sasscer, of Prince George's county, and other gentlemen made excellent speeches, showing, as Mr. Latrobe remarked, that editors could talk as well as write.

At the close of the convention Mr. Brown invited all to register and adjourn to the dining rooms where an elegant luncheon was served, Mr. Henry Vanderford, of the Westminster *Advocate*, presiding with skill and grace. The following papers of Carroll county were represented in the convention: *Democratic Advocate*, by Henry Vanderford and Charles H. Vanderford; *Carrolltonian*, C. J. Thawley; *Carroll News*, Edward Reisler; *Hampstead Enterprise*, H. S. Cornman; AMERICAN SENTINEL, W. L. W. Seabrook.

"*Big Sam*," the bell of the City Hall, Baltimore, is cracked and his voice silent. He no longer sounds the passing hours, and there is a general desire on the part of citizens in the business centre of the city that he be repaired or removed. It is opined that neither of these propositions can be carried into effect without occasioning considerable trouble and expense. A man named Hare proposes to remedy the defect in the bell by pouring molten metal into the cracks, first heating the edges with a blast lamp. If accomplished at all the work, it would seem, could only be temporary. But it will cost a good many dollars to get the big bell out and a new one in its place and the city isn't rich enough to undertake radical measures if some sort of makeshift can be substituted.

The election methods of the immaculate Democracy of New York are aptly illustrated by the following story from the *Tribune*: "At the recent election in Watervliet, one of the country towns of Albany, the Democratic inspectors returned 87 votes for Mr. Gove, one of the Republican candidates. Since then 169 persons have made an affidavit that they voted for Gove. So long as the men who perpetrated this outrage on the ballot-box remain outside of prison they are sadly out of place."

The appropriation of $400,000 made by Congress for the purpose of providing arms and equipments for the militia of the Union has been apportioned by the War Department. Maryland gets $7,594.16, and in accordance with the law requisitions of the Governor to that amount will be honored by the government.

It is reported that Gen. Adam E. King, of Baltimore, is to be appointed Consul-General at Paris. The office is an important and lucrative one and there are few Republicans as well entitled to such recognition as Gen. King. His services in the late Presidential campaign were brilliant and effective.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says the speech of Chancey M. Depew, at the inauguration centennial, "was one long prean praising hugeness." The old mother across the water is evidently jealous of the grand proportions of the child who broke from her leading strings something over a century ago.

The residence of Charles Williams, on the southern outskirts of the village of Abingdon, Harford county, Md., about one mile from Harford Station, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, was destroyed by fire Thursday night of last week and four of his children perished in the flames. The children were Annie, aged 15 years; Cecelia, 9 years; Joseph, 7 years, and Thomas, 4 years. Mrs. Williams was dangerously burned on the face, head, breast and arms, but it is believed she will recover, not, however, without the loss of the sight of one, if not of both eyes. Mr. Williams is also suffering from burns on the face, hands and arms. An infant about fifteen months old, the only child to escape, was slightly injured.

Melvin C. Garlitz, who shot and killed his wife, from whom he was separated, at Cumberland, Md., several weeks ago, was tried in the Circuit Court for Allegany county and found guilty of murder in the first degree on the 3d inst. The crime was not denied, but Garlitz testified in his own defence that his wife had just acknowledged infidelity to him, and that he was so crazed that he knew nothing about his actions until he was recalled to his senses by seeing her lying before him in a dying condition. The jury very properly declined to credit the story and promptly convicted him of his crime.

A fire occurred at the bakery of J. & B. Banhaus, Littlestown, Pa., on Wednesday morning, an hour before day, which completely destroyed the inside and roof of the bake-house, which were in flames when the fire department arrived on the scene. Two streams of water were turned on, and the fire was soon under control. A new dwelling will be necessary, and the loss is quite considerable with an insurance of only $150 on house and contents. The origin of the fire is unknown.

The dwelling of Watson Bowen, of Westchester, New York, was destroyed by fire about half past 1 o'clock on Tuesday morning, and Mr. Bowne's mother, aged 60; his daughter, Helen, aged 6; his daughter Marguerite, aged 4½; Catharine Dunn, aged 19, and Mary Dunn, aged 10 years, were burned to death. He rescued his wife and one child, and attempted to save the others, but was severely injured by the flames and was forced to desist.

The Frederick *Daily and Weekly Times*, which was sold a short time ago by Messrs. Urner and Motter, receivers, to Messrs. Marken and Bielfeld, was resold last week to Cyrus Helfenstein, who has been connected with the Frederick *News* since last July. He is a son of Cyrus G. Helfenstein, a prominent citizen. The price paid for the property was $3,550.

An Interesting Document.

The Annapolis *Republican*, good Democratic authority, has been investigating a leak, not in the tow-path of the poor old Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, but in what might be called its "bank" account, if it ever had one. In the annual reports of the President and Directors of the decrepid old ditch, from 1874 to the present time, a good round sum has been regularly set down to the account of contingent expenses. The *Republican's* curiosity to learn the scope of the word "contingent" in this instance has led to some rather remarkable disclosures. Although a water-way, it seems to have required something a good deal stronger than water to operate this languid and languishing public work. Here is what the *Republican* says about it:

We publish below an itemized statement from the books of Barnum's Hotel, covering numerous dates from '74, down to 1878. We do this in the interest of the public, believing that this showing will cast light, so far as it goes, upon the character of the Canal administration. We trust that those who feel an interest in this subject and are alive to public matters will give this statement a careful reading.

Hotel and Restaurant bills to amount of $11,187.98 in course of six years, for gentlemen who were at the same time drawing salaries from the canal, which they helped to bankrupt is a showing which the State and those who hold the unpaid coupons of the canal ought to feel concerned in. Money which should have been honestly paid in discharge of the canal's obligations went flying after the champagne corks to whose lively popping the gentlemanly President and Directors of the canal grew merry.

To BARNUM & CO.,

December 8, 1874.

Berrett, 191, board 1 day, breakfast and dinner	$ 6 50
Watkins, 191, board 1 day and dinner	5 50
Gorman, 228, board 1 day and dinner	5 50
Bannon, 228, board 1 day and dinner	5 50
Cigars, $3; dinners, $10	13 00
Champagne, $4.10; 8 dinners, $12	16 10
Champagne, 6 bottles	24 00
Whiskey, $3; fire, 75 cents	3 75
Carriage, $1; champagne, $8	9 00
Cigars, $3; Congress water, 30 cents	3 30
Carriage, $5 and $2; whiskey, $2	9 00
Fire, 75 cents; cigars, $2	2 75
Cigars, $3; whiskey, $2	5 00
Bar, 20 cents; washing, 40 cents	60
Use of room 279	4 00
Dodge, board 1 day and breakfast	5 00
Postage	5
Baggage	25

September 29, 1875.

Bannon, 221, board ½ day	3 50
Fawcett, 220, board 2½ days	9 25
Whiskey	2 00
Cigars, $1.50 and $1.50	3 00
Champagne, $4; whiskey, $2	6 00
Dinners, $20; champagne, 8 bottles, $32; Claret, $4.50; cigars, $4.95	62 00
Bar	9 45
	1 50

January

" 9.	To acc. 228, M. Bannon	3 25
" 9.	" 218, A. P. Gorman	2 65
" 9.	" December 29	4 00
" 18.	" 170, M. Bannon	3 90
" 18.	" 175, A. P. Gorman	10 50
" 25.	" Dinners, $10; champagne, $8	18 00
" 23.	" extra dinner	1 50
" 24.	" 179, M. Bannon	5 65
" 24.	" 175, P. Hamill	4 25
" 24.	" 207, Mr. Barrett	6 75
" 24.	" 179, A. P. Gorman	3 65
" 27.	" Use of No. 222, "	1 00
" 27.	" 222, A. P. Gorman	2 25
" 27.	" 161, Gambrill	5 50

February

" 1.	To acc. 228, Mr. Bannon	3 75
" 1.	Gorman, 179, board 1 day and dinner	6 00
	Fires, $1.50; bag, 25 cents; supper, $1	2 75
	Congress water, 90 cents; dinner, $1.50	2 40
" 3.	To acc. 161, Mr. Fawcett	11 90
" 5.	To 6 dinners, $9; champagne, $4	13 00
" 8.	To acc. 165, J. G. Berrett	9 75
" 10.	Gorman and Berrett, 60, 1 day and dinner	11 60
	Fires, 75 cts.; messenger, 30 cts. Champagne, $4; bar, 50 cents. Dinners	4 80
" 20.	To acc. 228, Mr. Bannon	3 00
" 20.	" 179, Mr. Fawcett	3 75
" 20.	" 175, Mr. Gorman	5 00
" 27.	" Dinners	15 00
" 27.	" Champagne, $24; Madeira, $5	29 00
" 27.	" Cigars, $2.40; Parlor, $5	7 40
" 28.	" 230, Fawcett	4 80
" 28.	" 192, P. Hamill	5 50
" 28.	" 176, J. G. Berrett	4 25
" 28.	" 228, Mr. Bannon	6 50
" 28.	Gorman, 222, board 1 day and dinner	2 00
	Bag, 25 cents; Fires, $1.50	1 75
	Cigars, $2.40; bar, 50 cents; bar, 50 cents	3 40
	Bar, 50 cents; Congress water, 80 cents; dinner, $1.50	2 35

March

" 10.	To acc. 166, A. P. Gorman	5 60
" 17.	" 225, A. P. Gorman	1 75
" 30.	" 191, J. G. Berrett	20 80
" 30.	To omnibus for J. G. Berrett	50
" 30.	To acc. 179, A. P. Gorman	9 85
" 31.	" 228, M. Bannon	7 50
" 31.	" 230, H. Fawcett	7 00
" 31.	" 179, A. P. Gorman	4 75

May

" 14.	To acc. 228, R. Fawcett	4 25

June

" 7.	To acc. 179, Mr. Gorman	3 75
" 7.	" 161, J. G. Berrett	5 25
" 7.	" 166, M. Bannon	4 50
" 16.	" 215, Mr. Gorman	6 25
" 16.	" 166, Mr. Bannon	4 15
" 25.	" 166, Mr. Bannon	2 50

August

" 1.	To acc. 230, P. Hamill	6 00
" 1.	" 241, L. Hambird	6 00
" 14.	" 214, Mr. Gorman	7 00

September

" 27.	To acc. 191, J. G. Berrett	2 00

November

" 20.	To acc. 229, M. Bannon	3 50
" 20.	" 176, J. G. Berrett	10 25
" 20.	To Congress water	30
" 20.	To acc. 179, A. P. Gorman	4 50
	228 and 175	11 25

December

" 18.	To acc. 179, Mr. Berrett	18 80
" 18.	" 228, Mr. Bannon	5 10
" 18.	" 175, A. P. Gorman	5 75
" 18.	" 229, P. Hamill	2 25
" 22.	" 228, Mr. Bannon	12 25
" 22.	" 229, P. Hamill	3 60
" 22.	" 229, Mr. Gorman	4 50

March, 1878,

" 26.	To acc. 228, Fawcett and Gambrill	9 90

April

" 11.	To dinners for Hamill, Colton and Berrett	5 00

May

" 10.	S. Gambrill's acc., April 30	3 00
" 15.	" champagne, $3 50; dinners, $18	20 50
" 15.	Champagne, $3 50; cigars, $4.50	8 00
" 16.	To acc. 218, Gambrill and Hambird	14 00
" 16.	" 291, Berrett	16 55
" 16.	" 166, Mr. Gorman	15 70
" 16.	To 6 dinners	3 00
" 16.	" 167, Mr. Bannon	5 00
" 17.	" 166, Mr. Fawcett	11 60
" 18.	" 100, Mr. Lowndes	15 95

June

" 11.	To acc. 228, Mr Bannon	9 50

July

" 2.	To acc. 228, 18 dinners	25 00
" 2.	To 1 supper, J. W. Davis	1 00
" 2.	To 6 bottles champagne	21 00
" 2.	To Seltzer water, 50 cents; cigars, $4.80	5 30
" 2.	To 3 bottles champagne	10 50
" 2.	To 1 bottle claret	1 00
" 2.	To acc. 166, Bannon	5 10
" 2.	Lemonade, 45 cents; bar, $1.50; Seltzer, 60 cents	2 35
	Cigars, $2; Seltzer, 50 cents	2 50
" 3.	To acc. 191, Berrett	10 30
" 3.	" 195, Gorman	11 75
" 3.	" 201, Fawcett	4 85
" 3.	" 219, Humbird and Hamill	12 00
" 3.	" 56, Stanhope	4 00
" 3.	" 194, Seltzer	50
" 3.	" 194, Soft Stamp	3 00
" 3.	To carriages to German street	9 00
" 3.	To carriages to depot	1 50
" 3.	To Fr. champagne, Gorman	2 00
" 3.	To carriage	1 00
" 3.	To 3 dinners and room, Gorman, Hamill and Humbird	4 00

September

" 21.	To acc. 113, P. Hamill	3 00
" 21.	To 1 dinner	1 00

November

" 14.	Berrett, 176, board 1 day	4 00
	Bag, 25 cts.; messenger, 15 cts.	40
	Bannon, 188, board ½ day	3 00
	Fire, 75 cents; bar, 25 cents; fire, 15 cents	1 75
	Fawcett, board 1 day	4 00
	Fire, 75 cents; whiskey, $2.50	3 25
	Gorman, 193, board 1 day and dinner	5 00
	Champagne, 1 bottle, $21; telegram, 25 cents	21 25
	Cards, $1; cigars, $3	4 00
	Seltzer, 50 cents; bag, 25 cents; bar, 50 cents	1 25
	Cigars, $3.30; whiskey, $3	6 30
" 14.	Special dinner—Cash on day of sale or upon Parlor	25 00
	Fernandis, 202, board 1 day	8 00
	Hamill, 223, board 1½ days	4 00
	Humbird	7 00
	Crawford, 154, board ½ day	7 00
	Whiskey	3 00
		1 35
		$1,056 00
Amount forward		$1,056 00

December

" 11.	To 13 dinners	25 00
" 11.	To 7 bottles champagne	24 50
" 11.	To 1 bottle hock	3 00
" 11.	To 1 supper, Gambrill	1 00
" 12.	To Rod ink	50
" 12.	To hock	4 00
" 12.	To 15 dinners	30 00
" 12.	To champagne	24 50
" 12.	To hock, $3.50, 1 dinner, Bluer, $1	4 50
" 12.	To cigars	3 00
" 12.	To acc. J. G. Berrett	6 00
" 12.	To Dr. Crawford	9 60
" 12.	To acc. Humbird and Hamill	24 75
" 13.	" Fawcett	7 75
" 13.	" Stanhope	4 75
" 13.	Gorman, 178, 180, board and rooms	13 50
	Bag, 25c.; fire, $1.50; cash, 50c.	2 25
	Fires in two rooms	1 50
	2 carriages, $4; telegram, 50 cts.	4 50
	Champagne, 2 hack or depot, $1.	3 00
	Cash to waiters	10 00
" 18.	" Bannon	15 02
January, 1879.		
" 8.	To eight dinners	20 00
" 8.	To champagne, four bottles	14 00
" 8.	To hock, one bottle	3 50
" 8.	To cigars, $3; Ap. water, $3.60	6 60
" 8.	To whiskey, $1; parlor, 222, $4	5 00
" 9.	To acc. 191, J. G. Berrett	6 90
" 9.	" 180, Gorman	8 75
" 10.	" 228, Mr. Bannon	3 75
" 12.	To dinners, Snowden and Gambrill	2 00
" 13.	To acc. B. Fawcett	3 75
June		
" 21.	To acc. B. Fawcett	10 50
December		
" 30.	To acc. Berrett, Hamill and Humbird	24 20
		$1,384 27

The following is a summary of the above, with other Hotel and Restaurant accounts:

Barnum's Hotel, 1874–1878	$1,384 27
Wm. H. Gorman & Co., Annapolis, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1877, 1878 and 1879	8,442 23
Willard's Hotel, Washington, 1877	80 15
Queen City Hotel, Cumberland, '77	77 55
P. Riley's Restaurant, Balto., 1875	323 85
" " " 1876	244 39
" " " 1877	240 00
" " " 1878	182 50
" " " 1878	273 04
	$11,187 98

The above statement closes with 1878. We have been unable to get itemized accounts since that time. The reports show that the amount of $13,720.21 was spent in the last three years of Mr. Gorman's administration, '79, '80 and '81 inclusive, without any clue as to how spent, except the general statement "contingent expenses." This probably covers a good deal that is interesting to the bondholders. Since Mr. Gorman's administration, from 1882 to 1888 inclusive, $29,194.64 have been spent without entries to indicate the items of expense—being all covered in under "contingent expenses"; an average of over $4,000 yearly, enough to cover some pretty extensive wine bills. Whether used in that way the canal management has not yet enlightened the public. If practible we shall shortly do so.

A Shocking Accident.

A Kalamazoo, Mich., dispatch, dated May 8th, says:

A shocking accident occurred about 6.30 o'clock this evening at the West Main-street crossing of the Michigan Central railroad. A street car containing seven ladies and two gentlemen was crossing the track, when a switch engine dashed down upon it from the east at a high rate of speed. The driver being unable to get the car out of the way the helpless passengers were hurled to a terrible death. It was but the work of a moment and the fearful catastrophe was over. The street car was carried almost to Academy street, the pieces flying in all directions and the human freight being mangled in a frightful manner. Those in the car were Mrs. Alexander Haddock, Mrs. M. E. Watles, Miss Gertrude Tillotson, Mrs. Geo. S. Miley, Mrs. Middleton, Mrs. Van Antwerp, Mrs. S. A. Gibson, Jonathan Barnes, L. C. Lull and Dr. Sutton. The first six were killed, two being found dead in the cattle guard, one in the creek near by, two on the track, and Mrs. Middleton died an hour later. She was thrown in the road-way. Mrs. Gibson was injured in the head and side and Mrs. Barnes was bruised badly. The male passengers both escaped. The driver of the car escaped by jumping.

The switch engine was running at a high rate of speed. The gates at the crossing where the accident occurred are not used between 5.30 and 6.58 P. M., the gatekeeper going home at that time. This custom probably deceived the driver of the street car, who was a new man, and probably supposed the gates would be down if an engine was coming.

The transfer of the internal revenue office in the Baltimore custom-house building from Acting Collector F. M. Cox to Collector F. Snowden Hill took place Thursday, and Mr. Hill entered upon his duties Friday morning. Special Agents Sewell and Lay, of the internal revenue department, had charge of the transfer, and Collector Hill, his new chief deputy, Mr. Thomas Parran, Jr., Acting Collector Cox and ex-Collector A. G. Chapman were in attendance. The deputy collectors were recommissioned, and will serve pending changes which the new collector may announce. Mr. Wm. R. Getty, deputy collector for Garrett and Allegany counties, has resigned.

At Kaska William colliery, near Middleport, Pa., on Thursday evening, the cage containing ten miners was ascending the shaft and had reached a height of about 16 feet from the bottom, when an empty car was pushed over the top of the shaft by two Hungarian laborers. The car struck the ascending cage with awful momentum, shattering it to splinters and instantly killing every one of its occupants. The cage with the ten victims was hurled into the "sump," a hole at the bottom of the shaft where the water from the workings accumulates, and the mangled bodies were not recovered for some time.

The barn and carriage-house of Captain W. C. Nichols, near Owings's Mills, Baltimore county, were entirely destroyed by fire Wednesday. The origin of the fire is unknown. It was discovered at 11 o'clock in the morning, and was still burning at 6 o'clock in the evening. All the carriages and farming implements were saved, and a mare which was in the barn escaped by jumping through the window. A ton of hay and a ton of straw were also destroyed. The buildings were insured for $600, but the estimated damage is $2,000. The barn was a stone structure, and about 60 years old.

Desperate efforts are being made by citizens of Baltimore to prevent the removal of the Mount Clare shops of the B. and O. R. R. from that city. Earnest protests against such action have been made and many meetings held to give publicity to the sentiments of the people in regard to the proposition. Many prominent citizens are participating in the movement and it is hoped their efforts may avail to prevent the injury that must follow the removal of the shops.

The Johns Hopkins Hospital, on North Broadway, Baltimore, was formally opened, on Tuesday last, with appropriate ceremonies. Governor Jackson pronounced it the finest hospital in the world, and it certainly is a magnificent institution so far as buildings, facilities and conveniences are concerned. Under wise and skillful management it cannot fail to be a great and permanent blessing to the city of Baltimore, and a lasting honor to the memory of its philanthropic founder.

Fifteen thousand tons of steel rails were contracted for in New York, a few days ago, by a Southern road, at a price that will net the mill $24.70 per ton. Yet the free-traders insist that the tariff is a tax.

Negotiations for the establishment of a $150,000 coke furnace, one hundred tons capacity, to be built at Buena Vista, Rockbridge county, Virginia, have been about completed. A large rolling-mill will follow the furnace.

Governor Jackson has granted a nolle prosequi for Albert J. Merrill, editor of the Peninsula Ledger, who was indicted for malicious libel of Charles O. Melvin, editor of a rival newspaper.

Thos. R. Phillips has been appointed postmaster at Reisterstown to succeed Joseph Passano, removed, and H. A. Weller has been appointed at Graceham, Frederick county.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Commissioners' Notice.

THE County Commissioners of Carroll county, will meet at their Office, in Westminster, on the FIRST MONDAY OF JUNE, 1889, for the transaction of business.

By order, CHARLES BRILHART, Clerk.

my-11-1m

Wanted.

OLD GUM BALLS (round or square holes) as used on Grain Drills to throw back shovels. Farmers having them on old Drills can find ready sale for them at the HESS M'F'G. Co., corner of Green and Liberty Streets, Westminster. my-11-3t

Private Sale.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale his farm, on the Washington road, 5 miles south of Westminster, containing 50 acres of land, 8 acres of which are in Timber; water, orchard of choice fruit, &c. The improvements are a two-story log weatherboarded House, a Stable, and other necessary outbuildings. For particulars apply to the undersigned. Terms easy.

JNO. G. COOK, Bird Hill P. O., Carroll Co., Md.

my-11-1m

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NO. 2722 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Alfred T. Buckingham, Trustee, vs. John T. Phillips and Rachel C. Phillips, his wife, Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the creditors of John T. Phillips, who were such on or before the 7th day of February, A. D., 1889, the date of the deed of trust, a copy of which is filed in the above entitled cause, to file their claims, duly proven and authenticated, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, on or before the 12th day of July, A. D., 1889.

JNO. J. BAUMGARTNER, JR., Auditor.

may-11-4t

ICE CREAM.

JAMES W. BEACHAM,

MANUFACTURER,

AVONDALE, - - - MARYLAND.

HAVING secured a large supply of Ice and having new and improved machinery for the manufacture of Ice Cream, I am now prepared to furnish Parties, Picnics, Excursions, Celebrations, Fairs, Festivals, Hotels, Boarding Houses and Private Parties with a first-class article on reasonable terms and at short notice.

Orders by Mail Will be Promptly Attended to.

Highest cash price paid for Cream. I will run a wagon to Westminster every Sunday morning and deliver Cream in quantities to suit. Orders for Sunday Cream should be sent in by 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Telephone call 262-2. Orders received at the SENTINEL office.

Address,

JAMES W. BEACHAM, Avondale P. O., Carroll Co., Md.

my-11-3m

Public Sale of One of the Best Business Locations

In Westminster, Md.

ON SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1889, at 2, p. m., it consists of a three-story Store-room, 30x80 feet, three-story dwelling, 26x60 feet, and a vacant lot adjoining. The rooms above the store can be used as a dwelling. The dwelling is in first-class condition. The vacant lot adjoins the dwelling and has a front of 30 feet. The property fronts 96 feet on Main street and runs back 198 feet to an alley; a switch could be run from the railroad at little expense, making it an excellent stand for any kind of manufacturing business. This property is 130 feet from the railroad, and the new depot will be almost opposite it. The property can be bought as a whole or in three separate parcels. Terms reasonable and a large amount can remain upon the property.

H. HAINES.

sp-27-2t

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

OF A VALUABLE

Store Room and Dwelling House,

At Silver Run, Carroll County, Md.

BY virtue of the power of sale contained in the deed of mortgage from Savilla E. Stronse and Rufus Stronse, her husband, dated the 15th of February, 1883, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll county in Liber F. T. S., No. 18, folio 368, &c., the undersigned, mortgagee, will sell at public sale, on the premises, situate in the town of Silver Run, adjoining the lands of John Mans and Andrew Wisner, on

Saturday, the 11th day of May, 1889, at 1 o'clock, P. M., all that valuable lot of land containing

35 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND, more or less, improved with an excellent Frame Dwelling, suitable for two families, and a first-class Store Room. The buildings are nearly new and in excellent repair. The store room is now occupied by Samuel B. Furry and is one of the most desirable locations in the county. This property is well worthy the attention of persons desiring a pleas