American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY, 25, 1890.

It is the New York *World*, the leading Democratic newspaper of the United States, that says the United States Senatorship cost Mr. Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio, (otherwise of New York) the enormous sum of five hundred thousand dollars. There is no particular reason why Republicans, who know nothing about it, should take up the cudgels in Mr. Brice's defence. It is in order for the Ohio Legislature to ask the *World* the source of its information. Should that body fail to do so, there will be good reason to place credence in the verity of the *World's* assertion.

King Caucus is making a desperate effort to control the Democratic members of the Maryland Legislature in shaping legislation. By a vote of 42 to 25 a caucus committee of eleven has been appointed to consider the measures to which it is deemed the Democratic party is pledged by its ante election promises. It would probably be better designated or described as a committee to devise plans to evade such pledges. There is a strong anti-caucus element among the Democratic Legislators, and several senators and members of the House openly assert that they will not be bound by caucus dictation. Carroll's representatives don't seem to have figured largely in the struggle.

The date of the annual reunion and banquet of the Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States, in the State of Maryland, has been changed from February 22nd, the birthday of Washington, to January 19th, the birthday of Gen. R. E. Lee. The change is fitting and significant. There could be no relevancy in a distinctive Confederate celebration of the birthday of the Father of his Country. He had no political ideas in common with theirs. He held the Union to be the palladium of our liberties, and was hostile to slavery, for the destruction of the one and the perpetuation and extension of the other of which, the Confederates fought four years under Lee.

The *Advocate* says: "As to the extension of Judge Frederick Stone's term, it is clear the Constitution is against such action." It can't be very clear, inasmuch as Attorney General Whyte, whose legal learning and acumen are recognized everywhere, is fully convinced that it would be perfectly constitutional to extend the term at the present session of the Legislature. Senator John P. Poe, another lawyer of recognized ability, and many other eminent lawyers entertain similar views. It is probable, also, that Judge Stone has consulted his associates on the bench of the Court of Appeals on the point at issue. As a member of that Court it would not have been unseemly to have done so. At any rate, as an able lawyer and jurist he had no doubt about the matter and has acted accordingly.

It was Thomas Jefferson who, as a member of Congress, drew up an ordinance for the government of the territory ceded by Virginia to the general government, north of the Ohio river, in which it was stipulated that "after the year 1800 of the Christian era there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in any of the said States, (the states to be formed out of said territory) save as a punishment for crimes." This ordinance "was to apply not only to the territory ceded by Virginia, but to all territory subsequently to be ceded by other states." It was not adopted, but the most ardent supporters of slavery subsequently claimed to constitute the party of Jefferson. The incident is only another illustration of the fact that there was little in common between the modern Jeffersonian Democracy and the great author of the Declaration of Independence.

High License.

The high license measure which is to come before the Maryland Legislature at the present session will have a hard time of it and there is very little prospect of its passage. The politicians fight shy of it, and none of the committees are anxious to take it in charge. Delegate Walsh, who is chairman of the Committee on Temperance, considers it a revenue measure, and therefore properly referable to the Ways and Means. What view Dr. Shaw and his Committee may take of it remains to be seen. In the meantime its adoption is being urged by a large and influential body of excellent citizens, while, on the other hand, the saloon keepers and Prohibitionists of the William Daniel stripe are opposing it very bitterly.

High license, coupled with other restrictive features, such as making the granting of the licenses contingent upon the consent of the courts of the State, upon application of the parties in whose names they are to be issued, after publication of the same and a hearing pro and con of those favoring and those opposing; proper minor and Sunday limitations, &c., would undoubtedly be in the interests of temperance and sobriety But the saloon is a powerful political factor, especially in the dominant party, on which rests the onus of the legislation sought by leading Democrats and Republicans. The politicians are farseeing enough to understand that the saloon power is more potent in politics than the anti-saloon element. Temperance Democrats will respectfully petition the Legislature to pass a high license bill, with proper restrictive features. The Legislature will fail to act and that will be the end of it. The Temperance Democrats will continue to vote the party ticket and nothing will be lost. But suppose a high license law shall be passed by the Democratic Legislature. What a howl will go up from the thousands of saloon keepers who mainly belong to the Democratic party. Party ties would not hold them after the adoption of the measure. Oh, no. High license is a good thing, but the present Democratic Legislature hasn't got the grit to pass it. That is our prediction. We shall see whether it will be verified.

Ballot Reform.

It must be somewhat annoying to the Democrats in this State who have pronounced against the Australian system, to find the better elements of the party, not only in Maryland but in other States, urgently advocating its adoption. Gov. Campbell, of Ohio, is enthusiastically in its favor and unequivocally advises the passage of the law by the Ohio Legislature. In his inaugural address he sketched the history and operations of the system, which he says is successfully employed by eighty-five millions of people, and having been once introduced has never been abandoned.

The Democratic Governor of New Jersey, Leon Abbet, in his inaugural message, sent to the Legislature of that State on Tuesday last, said the best sentiment of the country demands ballot reform and honest elections, and he is right. The demand for it is becoming more pronounced every day. The following is an outline quoted from the daily newspapers, of Governor Abbet's recommendations:

"The system which he strongly commends provides for the registration of every voter.

"Absolute secrecy of the ballot.

"An exclusive official ballot with a prohibition of the use of any other.

"The setting aside of an election in any precinct wherever the court shall be satisfied that the electors, for any reason, have been deprived of a fair opportunity to express their choice at the ballot-box.

"The right of nomination by petition.

"A limitation of the amount which may be legally spent in or for any election and declaring the election void should this amount be exceeded by any candidate or any person acting for or in his behalf.

"The publication by every candidate of an itemized statement, under oath, of all moneys expended at such election by him or with his knowledge, and a failure so to do rendering the election void.

"In connection with this last clause the governor advises that the court should be given the power to compel the appearance of any person before it to be examined, under oath, concerning political expenditures, and also to require on such an examination the production of the books and papers of corporations and associations of persons. In fact, the bill advocated by the governor includes all those features for which the most advanced ballot-reformers have been doing battle."

The fact is, about the only Governor of a State north of Mason and Dixon's line, who opposes the Australian system, is David B. Hill, of New York, whose unsavory reputation is well known. All the great Democratic newspapers of New York, with the exception of the *Sun*, have condemned and severely criticised his opinions and actions on the subject and he has only the support of the worst elements of his party to sustain him in his obstinate opposition to the reform.

There seems to be a probability that even Hill's veto will not serve to prevent the adoption of the Saxton Reform Law in New York. The Saxton Law embodies the principal features of the Australian system, and has been vetoed by Governor Hill two or three times at former sessions of the Legislature. On each occasion the Democratic members of the Legislature voted to sustain the veto and the Republicans were not strong enough to pass the measure. Now, it is said, that under the influence of strong popular sentiment there are signs that some of the Democrats will vote with the Republicans to override the veto, which is sure to come when the bill gets into the hands of the Governor.

The West Virginia Swindle.

The Baltimore *Sun*, of Tuesday, says: "The contest over the West Virginia governorship is further complicated by the illness of Speaker Woods, of the House of Delegates. This gentleman was extremely ill during the summer, but it was recently given out that he was greatly improved in health. Yesterday he was taken suddenly ill again, and his condition is regarded as serious. With both bodies all present the democrats have but one majority on joint ballot, so the absence of Speaker Woods, unless he can arrange a pair, will make the joint assembly when the gubernatorial contest is to be heard a tie. Until the contest is disposed of in some way Gov. Wilson, who is a democrat, will hold over. He has already served more than one year beyond the term for which he was elected."

This is simply tantamount to saying that the decision of the contest is to be purely partisan. The question of justice involved is relegated to the back ground and the dominant party is determined to perpetuate its power by fair means or foul—chiefly very foul in this case.

Judge Stone's Case.

The Democratic members of the judiciary committee of the Maryland Senate unite in reporting adversely to the extension of Judge Stone's term on constitutional grounds. This will probably settle the case against the extension, although Mr. Poe, the ablest lawyer in the Senate, is strongly in its favor. The Republican members of the judiciary committee dissent from the conclusion of their Democratic associates. The Democrats may yet be sorry for their action in the case. It is reported that if Judge Stone retires from the bench he will probably be the Republican candidate for Congress next fall, and it is believed that he cannot be beaten. He is very strong before the people.

The report of the majority of the committee above referred to has since been adopted by the Senate, thus virtually determining the matter against Judge Stone. The report was not, however, agreed to by all the Democratic members of the committee, as stated above. One of them was with the minority.

The speeches at the banquet of the Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States in Maryland, in Baltimore, on Monday evening last, were largely eulogies of the late Jefferson Davis. Congressman Stockdale, of Mississippi, said "Jefferson Davis was a man to be honored in all time to come as the disciple and apostle of liberty." What absurd nonsense. Mr. Davis was the chief executive, for four years, of a government, the attempted organization of which was to maintain and perpetuate human slavery, and which fought through a four years' bloody war to establish that principle.

Gen. Goff was to speak yesterday before the West Virginia Legislature in support of his claim to the gubernatorial office of that State. He was expected to make the effort of his life, and the Democrats were in great fear of its effect upon the more conscientious members of that party in the Legislature. There was a regular gathering of prominent and leading Democratic politicians at the capital, brought together for the purposes of exerting pressure on any of its representatives who may be disposed to vote righteously instead of in accordance with partisan demands.

Western Md. R. R. Legislation.

Several bills have been prepared for the action of the Legislature of Maryland concerning certain projected enterprises of the Western Maryland Railroad. An outline of these measures gives an intelligent synopsis of the several projects contemplated.

The first bill empowers any railroad to cross the tracks of any other railroad at, under or over grade. If the two companies cannot agree as to the terms of compensation to the road to be crossed, the road desiring to make the crossing may condemn the easement of such crossing in the manner prescribed for the condemnation of the lands of individuals to give right of way to railroads; provided that, if crossing at grade the main track of a railroad, the company making the crossing must keep a watchman employed at such crossing in a signal tower, and the trains of the road crossed shall have precedence. Provision is made for the appointment of one or more competent railroads engineers by the court to act as a commission for the determination of the most advantageous manner in which the crossings can be made, so as to cause the least injury to the company whose tracks are to be crossed. They shall have power to recommend a change of the grade or location of any track to be crossed, and the removal of any building or structures, if, in their judgment, it be necessary.

The commission shall report to the court under oath, and unless exception be filed to such report in five days the court shall approve and ratify it. In case exception to the report be filed within five days by either company, the court shall fix a time for a hearing not beyond 10 days; after which the court may overrule the exceptions and finally ratify the report, or with such modifications as it may deem proper. The removal of buildings or the change of the location of any tracks may be done under the direction of the company owning such tracks; provided that it be done with the least practicable delay. The cost of the proceedings shall be decreed by the court.

The second bill is an act to further amend the charter of the Western Maryland Tidewater Railroad Company, to enlarge its powers and to provide the mode of constructing the road of the said company within the City of Baltimore, being a supplement to the act of 1884, Chapter 129. It provides that "whereas by the charter of the Western Maryland Tidewater railroad this company is authorized to construct a railroad beginning at or near Howardville station, on the line of the Western Maryland railroad, in Baltimore county, to the south side of the Middle Branch of the Patapsco, below the mouth of Gwynn's Falls, affording connections with the road and tidewater on the south, it is deemed important that a connection should be effected on the north side of the river."

Section 1 provides that the Western Maryland Tidewater Railroad be given authority to construct a single or double track road beginning near Arlington, on the main line of the Western Maryland railroad; thence following the northern boundary line of the city, and crossing Jones' Falls and the Northern Central railroad about half a mile north of Woodberry; thence along the valley of Jones' Falls, for the greater part of the distance on the left side thereof, through the city of Baltimore to a connection with the present tracks of the Western Maryland railroad near Hillen Station in Baltimore; thence down the Jones' Falls bed to Canton avenue, to Aliceanna street, to Boston street, to the eastern boundary of the city, on to Sparrow's Point, with authority to construct branches to tidewater.

The company is empowered to build connections with the Belt Line Railroad Company and the Maryland Central at points north of North avenue, and also with the Northern Central and the Union Railroad companies between North and Greenmount avenues. The railroad in constructing its line through the city is made subject to the control of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore as to the use or crossing of streets, alleys, &c., no part of the road to be a surface road or cross a thoroughfare at grade south of Centre street or north of Eastern avenue, but shall be built upon an elevation above the surface of the streets, &c., so as to give such clearance as may be prescribed by the Mayor and City Council. The company may construct suitable stations, sidings, &c., by permission of municipal authorities.

Section 4 gives the Western Maryland Tidewater Railroad Company all the rights and powers of the Public General Laws relating to railroad companies and those conferred upon the company by its charter of 1884. The company is empowered to lease branch roads, shops, depots, buildings, elevators, wharves, vessels, &c., and to purchase the same upon agreement of a majority of stockholders.

Section 6 gives the company the power to subscribe for or purchase, with all rights of an owner shares, of the capital stock of the companies whose lines it is authorized to lease.

Section 7 authorizes it to construct and operate the whole or any part of the lines it is entitled to construct under its charter and this and other acts.

The third of the series is "an act to amend and charter the Potomac Valley Railroad Company by enlarging its powers, and authorizing it to make certain contracts."

Section 1 authorizes the company to execute a lease of its railroad and all other property to the Western Maryland or to the Western Tidewater Company, upon terms agreed upon by both parties to the lease, and to sell and to convey to either of the companies named its railroad or other properties, the purchasers or lessees to be accorded all the rights and privileges now enjoyed by the Potomac Valley Road under its present charter. The majority of the stockholders of the latter road must agree to the sale or lease.

Section 2 authorizes the Potomac Valley Road to accept a lease and become a lessee of the whole or any part of any railroad owned or constructed, or hereafter owned or constructed, under the laws of the state; provided that the railroad to which it may become lessee shall be a road connected with the extension of the Western Maryland railroad, or of one of its branches, or connecting with the extension of a railroad leased, owned or operated by the Western Maryland Railroad. The lease authorized to be accepted by the Potomac Valley Railroad may include any branch of the roads so leased, and their branches, and may be for such periods and upon such terms agreed to, and shall operate to confer upon the Potomac Valley Railroad all the powers to use and operate the roads and company so leased which the lessor or lessors thereof may possess and have power to grant such a lease.

The Potomac Valley Company is further authorized to contract with any of the companies whose roads or other property it is here authorized to lease, for the purchase of said roads and receive conveyance thereof, and shall thereby acquire such rights to hold and use the property so purchased as the vendors thereof possess or can grant; provided, however, that no such lease or purchase shall have been made without the sanction of the majority of the stockholders of the Potomac Valley Railroad.

It is enacted that the Potomac Valley Railroad shall have the power to subscribe for, or purchase and hold with all the rights of an owner, shares of the capital stock of the railroad companies whose lines it is hereby authorized to lease and to aid such companies in the construction of their railroad by means of subscription to the capital stock by guaranteeing the mortgage bonds of said companies or otherwise.

Number 4 of these bills is entitled "An act to authorize certain railroad companies in this state to lease their property and franchises to the Western Maryland Railroad."

It provides that any railroad in the state which shall connect with the Western Maryland Railroad system may lease or sell its property of all kinds and franchises to the Western Maryland Railroad or to the Western Maryland Tidewater Railroad Company if mutually agreed to and the sale accorded in by a majority of the stockholders of the road proposed to sell or lease. The act is to take effect from the date of its passage.

Washington Letter.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 20, 1890.—No more impressive funeral services have ever taken place in Washington over the remains of so young a man, than were those held over the late Walker Blaine on Saturday. The President and Vice President, the entire Cabinet; the Justices of the Supreme Court, almost the entire Senate and House of Representatives, (the latter having taken the very unusual course of postponing the hour of meeting until 1 o'clock for the purpose of allowing the members to attend the funeral) nearly every prominent department official in Washington and quite a number of distinguished people from abroad were present. The death of this young man is a great blow to Secretary Blaine, he having been the only one of his sons who has shown either inclination or aptitude to follow in the footsteps of his distinguished father.

Sec'y. Windom's silver bill having been discussed by the cabinet, and approved by a majority of its members and the President, was to-day introduced in the House by Representative Conger. It is understood that the entire influence of the administration is to be brought to bear upon Congress in order to secure the passage of this bill. It has been referred to the House committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures, and there is little doubt of its being favorably reported to the House at an early day. Whether what are known as the "silver men" in both parties will antagonize or support this measure is not yet apparent. Upon this depends its fate, for the "silver men" usually ignore party ties when the time comes to vote on legislation affecting silver.

The whole rerating muddle in the Pension bureau has been stirred up afresh by the dismissal of A. A. Phillips, of New York, chief of a division in the bureau, and one of the men who was rerated. The dismissal was made by Secretary Noble upon the request of Commissioner Raum. It is rumored that all the rest of the rerating clerks are to be punished, some by dismissal and others by being reduced in grade and pay.

The Senate Committee on Territories has reported favorably on the bill for the admission of Wyoming. A similar report would have been made on the bill admitting Idaho, but it was deemed best to withold that bill until the Supreme Court passes upon a case now pending before it which questions the constitutionality of the State constitution adopted by Idaho. The suit was brought by the Mormons.

Everything is in readiness to issue a proclamation opening the lands of the Sioux reservation in the Dakotas, to settlement, but it may not be issued until Spring, as the President thinks there would be great suffering among the settlers if they should go there now.

A Terrible Blizzard.

A dispatch dated Tacoma, Washington, January 21st, says "at least ten human beings and thousands of cattle and sheep perished in the blizzard which began with the year and raged over Washington for a week. Reports from the Colville reservation are to the effect that cattle are dying by hundreds from starvation and thirst, and that the ground is covered with over two feet of snow on the level, and in some places is drifted mountain high. The keeper of the stage station twelve miles from Alma started to walk to town last Thursday, and Sunday his body was found on the prairie, only a mile from his home, frozen stiff. The mail-carrier at Wild Goose Creek perished on the same day, and eight cattlemen are known to have lost their lives in the storm. Cattlemen estimate that they lose one-half of their herds this season.

A dispatch from San Francisco, Cal., dated 20th inst., says "the snow blockade on the Central Pacific railroad in the vicinity of Truckee and Emigrant Gap has become very serious.

A young man named John S. Duncan, of Gettysburg, Pa., was found dead in his room at the boarding house of Miss Young, No. 718 North Howard street, Baltimore, shortly before two o'clock last Tuesday afternoon He had just entered as a student at Bryant & Stratton's Business College. He went to his room about midnight and locked his door. By some means the gas was turned on after the light was extinguished and he was asphyxiated. His family connections are among the best at Gettysburg. Mr. Charles Duncan, a prominent lawyer of that place, who is his brother, went to Baltimore and took the remains back with him. Young Duncan was twenty-two years of age.

The new official postal guide for 1890 has been issued. It shows that there are 58,999 postoffices in the United States, against 57,376 for last year. Maryland has 1,011, against 985 last year. In Virginia the number has increased from 2,481 to 2,543, and in West Virginia from 1,412 to 1,450. The District of Columbia is at the foot of the list with 13 offices, an increase of two in the year. Pennsylvania is at the head of the list with 4,219 offices last year and 4,340 this year. There was an increase in the number of offices in every State and Territory except Rhode Island, where there are 129 offices, one less than last year.

The National Education Association and Council of Education will hold their next annual Conventions at St. Paul, Minnesota, July 4th, 11th, 1890. It is expected that there will be present twenty thousand teachers from all parts of the country. Very low rates on the railroads will be secured. The official Bulletin will be issued in March. It will be a 24-page quarto, beautifully illustrated, and containing full particulars about programme, rates and routes, and will be sent free to all who send names and addresses to S. Sherin, Sec. Executive Com. St. Paul, Minn.

DeVoe, the Jersey weather prophet, is slightly "rattled" over his early winter predictions and has renewed his prophecy. He says the present mildness is caused by warm equatorial currents. Owing to the shifting of storm belts, the rain in this section will be turned into snow in a week or so. Winter now seems to begin two months later. We shall have three cold waves yet. The ice men can cut by February 1. The last wave will be here February 18. There will be a snow storm in march, followed by an early spring.

The Gettysburg *Star and Sentinel* of Tuesday, says: "On Monday morning of last week, while Mrs. Pius Fink, of Littlestown, was sitting by her stove, her clothing caught fire in some manner, and before help arrived she was so badly burned that she died several hours later. Mrs. Fink was an old lady and very feeble and was seldom left alone, but unfortunately at this time no one was with her. Her screams quickly brought assistance, who smothered the flames, but not before she was fatally burned."

A terrible story of poverty and suffering comes from a portion of South Dakota, where for four years past there have been failures of the crops. Food is scarce and the people are without means to purchase, so that actual starvation stares them in the face. The story, it is to be hoped, is exaggerated; but it may be true, and there ought to be no difficulty in ascertaining the exact state of the case. The tale is told from Chicago, where it was brought by an agent of the Associated press, who says he speaks from personal observation.

The Methodist Episcopal Church of America has decided to build a college in Kansas City, Missouri. A million dollars' worth of property has been acquired there, and the educational committee met Thursday to make arrangements for the construction of the building. Rev. S. D. Stevens, editor of the Methodist Recorder, of Pittsburg, Hon. B. W. Chandler, of Tiffin, Ohio, and ex-Gov. T. H. Pierrepont, of west Virgina, were present.

Ransome Gill, a well-to-do farmer living about three miles from Franklinton, N. C., who served as a juror in court, was shot as he was going home from Louisburg in his buggy late Tuesday evening. He was found the next day six miles from Louisburg with a bullet-hole through his head. His horse was found unhitched and tied about 300 yards away, and his purse was not disturbed.

No wonder corn is cheap in Kansas. The Wichita Daily *Journal* of a recent issue tells of an ear of corn, grown in that State by a man named Cooper, that measured twenty-three and a half inches in circumference at the base. "Mammoth" is a good name for that production. It was probably the largest ear of corn raised in the whole country.

Since Tuesday last no eastern overland trains have been able to reach a point further west than Colfax. All the eastbound trains are at Sacramento, Colfax and Shady Run, while those coming west are at Emigrant Gap, Truckee and Reno. At Truckee the depth of snow ranges from 8 feet to drifts of 20 feet."

A committee from the Grand Army of the Republic, consisting of Generals Merril, of Massachusetts; Blue, of Kansas; Burst, of Illinois; and Kountz, of Ohio, were before the House committee on invalid pensions on Tuesday in advocacy of the enactment of the disability pension bill.

The President, on Wednesday, nominated Mr. Samuel Van Nort to be postmaster at Port Deposit, Cecil county. Mr. Van Nort was endorsed by Messrs. Tome, Warburton, and many other prominent Cecil county people, and also by Col. T. F. Lang.

A great snow blockade is reported in the Northwest, paralyzing all the transcontinental railroads and leaving but one telegraph wire working with the Pacific coast. The snow is eight feet deep on the level and fathomless in the canyons.

The inquest into the death of Mrs. Myra Kniffin at Trenton, N. J., for whose alleged murder her husband, Dr. Arthur S. Kniffin, and Miss Emma Pursell are under bail, brought out the fact that the analysis of the dead woman's stomach revealed no trace of poison.

The Welty farm, near Funkstown, Washington county, containing 114 acres, was sold at public sale Tuesday to W. A. Welty at $71.55 per acre.

Adam Forepaugh, the veteran circus manager and showman, died on Tuesday morning, at Philadelphia, Pa., of the prevailing epidemic, influenza. He was nearly 60 years of age, and leaves a wife and one son, Adam Forepaugh, Jr., surviving him.

New Advertisements.

NO. 2715 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Rebecca Myerly, vs. Thomas Myerly and others.

ORDERED this 22nd day of January, A. D. 1890, that the account of the Auditor, filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 10th day of February next, provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

True copy—Test:
jan-25-2t WM. N. MARTIN, Clerk.

CRAYON PORTRAITS AT HALF VALUE.

Rogers, the Photographer,

is making elegant CRAYON PORTRAITS, either from life or from other pictures, at remarkably low prices. Call and see them.

Respectfully,
A. L. ROGERS,
Photographer.
no-2-6m Opposite Catholic Church.

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT

NEAR WINFIELD, MARYLAND.

THE undersigned offers at private sale a lot of ground half a mile from Winfield, Carroll county, Md., containing 2 ACRES, more or less, improved with a new two-story frame Dwelling House, with four rooms and cellar, stable, hen-house, meat-house, hog-house and other necessary out-buildings, all new. There is on the lot an abundance of choice fruit in bearing and a well of good water, with pump at the door.

The location of this property makes it very desirable for any one wishing to purchase a home, being within a few minutes walk of the thriving village of Winfield, and in a fertile and beautiful section of the country, convenient to churches, schools, stores, &c.

For terms and other information apply to
HOWARD M. ZILE,
jan-25-5t Winfield, Md.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, in Equity, the subscriber, as Trustee thereby appointed, will offer at public sale, on the premises, in the town of Frizellburg, Carroll county, Md., on

Saturday, February 15th, A. D. 1890, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property to-wit: All that lot, or parcel of ground, containing

23 SQUARE PERCHES OF LAND MORE OR LESS,

situated in the town and county aforesaid, with the improvements, towit: A comfortable Log Dwelling House, two stories, with eight rooms, porch in front; also a stable, and well of good water in front of house; being the same property whereof Deborah Warner died seized and possessed, and now occupied by W. Dickenbach.

Terms.—One-third of the purchase money in hand on day of sale, or on the ratification of sale by the Court, one-third in six and one-third in twelve months from the sale with interest, to be secured by the notes of the purchaser and approved surety.

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Trustee.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the Creditors of Deborah Warner, late of Carroll county, deceased, to file their claims against said deceased, with the vouchers thereof, properly proven in the office of the Clerk of said Court, within two months of the 15th day of February, 1890, above mentioned day of sale.

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Trustee.
Jos. M. Parke, Solicitor. jan-25-3t

Annual Election.

Office Westminster Cemetery Company,
Westminster, Md., Jan. 10th, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Lotholders of the Westminster Cemetery Company, that the Annual Election for a President and Board of Six Managers of said Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company (Firemen's Hall) on TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 4TH, 1890, between the hours of 7 and 8 oclock.

JOHN J. REESE, Secretary.

P. S.—Notice is also given that the stated monthly meeting of the present Board will be held at 6½ o'clock, P. M., on the same day, at which time a full report of the operations of the Company for the past year will be given to the Lotholders,
jan-18-3t JOHN J. REESE, Secretary.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the estate of

GEORGE UTZ,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of August, 1890; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 14th day of January, 1890.

PHILIP H. L. MYERS,
jan-14-4t Executor.

N. Y. TRIBUNE FOR 1890.

NEW FEATURES.

A BRILLIANT YEAR AHEAD.

During 1890, THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE will be greatly improved in quality and made more lively, fresh and readable than ever before in its history. Among the special contributors during 1890 will be:

Andrew Carnegie, "Principles of Business Success."
Gail Hamilton, "European Monarchs."
Terence V. Powderly, "Restriction of Immigration."
Chauncey M. Depew, Senator John J. Ingalls, Mrs. John A. Logan, Rev. Dr. John R. Paxton and others, topics not announced.
Albert Griffin, "Temperance Among Germans;" a new view.
Judge A. W. Tourgee, "The Colored Race in America."
S. C. T. Dodd, "The Advantages of Trusts."
"Josiah Allen's Wife," "The Small Salaries of Country Clergymen."
Senator Wm. M. Stewart, of Nevada, "Unlimited Silver Coinage."
Fred. S. Tallmadge, on "Men of the Revolution."
Kate Field, "Mormon Question."
Erastus Wiman, "Success and Failure Among Business Men."
Rev. Edward Everett Hale, "The New England of To Day."
Bishop Henry C. Potter, "Rural Reinforcement of City Population."
Geo. W. Cable, on "Some Strange Legislation in the South."
Marshall P. Wilder, "Humor of England and America."
* * * * * * *
"Evils of Trusts."
I. C. Russell, United States Geological Survey, "Highest Peaks of the United States."
W. M. Grosvenor, "Gold and Silver as Money."
L. E. Quigg, "What is Left of Our Public Lands."
Emily Huntington, "Household Science."
Ernest Whitney, "Peculiarities of American Pronunciation."
Professor William Pepper, President of University of Pennsylvania, "A college education good for all; what is best for those who cannot get it."
M. Y. Beach, "Slayer of 430 Bears."

Other contributors will be announced hereafter. The articles will cost many thousands of dollars and appear in THE TRIBUNE only.

SOLDIERS' STORIES.

THE TRIBUNE will also print, in addition to its regular G. A. R. and S. of V. page, a number of entertaining Stories of Actual Experience in the War, not less than 25 in number, each a page of THE TRIBUNE in length, by privates and officers of the Union, of a rank not higher than that of captain. Veterans are invited to contribute to this series of stories. Every tale accepted will be paid for at regular newspaper rates. Prizes of $250, $150 and $75 will be paid for the best three. Manuscripts must be enclosed to "THE TRIBUNE, New York," and inscribed "Soldiers' Department."

PAPERS ON FARMING.

In addition to our regular and extremely able agricultural department (two pages a week), THE TRIBUNE will print a number of long and carefully prepared articles on Particular Branches of Farming, written by practical experts. Farmers who want to make money out of their farms must read these special discussions in THE TRIBUNE. The

BEST TRIBUNE EVER SEEN

will be supplied to readers during the coming year.

A large number of desirable and novel premiums are added to our list, and they are offered at terms which will enable our readers to obtain them practically at wholesale rates. Send 3[cent stamp for our 20 page catalogue.

VALUABLE PRIZES.

One Hundred Special Prizes will be distributed on May 1, 1890, among the club agents who have, up to that date, sent in the largest 100 clubs of local Weekly and Semi-Weekly subscribers. These prizes will include a $500 Piano, a $200 Cabinet Organ, a $150 Solitaire Diamond, a Free Trip to New York, with expenses there paid, etc., etc., etc., being worth a total of $2,440.

Prizes are fully described in our new 20 page catalogue; send 2 cent stamp for a copy.

Sample copies of THE TRIBUNE free.

Subscription Rates: Weekly, $1 a year. Semi-Weekly, $2. Daily, $10 a year. Library of TRIBUNE EXTRAS, 12 numbers a year, $2.

THE TRIBUNE, New York.

PUBLIC SALE.

OF VALUABLE

REAL and PERSONAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of the last will and testament of George Utz, late of Carroll county, deceased, and of an order of the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, the subscriber, as Executor, will sell at public sale, at the late residence of said deceased, on

Thursday, the 13th day of February, 1890, the following Real and Personal Property, viz:

A farm, being the late residence of said deceased, situated in Manchester District, about one mile from Cranberry School-house, and about midway between the road leading from Manchester to Westminster and the road leading from Fridinger's Mill to Westminster, being about half a mile from either road, and adjoining the farms of Christian Hunt, David J. Brown, H. Haines and others, containing

89 ACRES, 1 ROOD AND 24 PERCHES OF LAND, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements consist of a large and commodious Log Dwelling House, well built preparatory to be cased with brick, and well arranged inside, having four rooms on the first floor and four on the second, with an excellent basement under; a bank barn with wagon shed and corn crib attached, carriage house with tool shed, granary and tool shed, hog house, smoke house, and other outbuildings. There is near the dwelling a spring of water unsurpassed by any in the county, and a new dairy at the same. About twelve or fifteen acres are in young and thriving timber, and there is a due proportion of meadow land, the balance being farming land, laid off in convenient fields, well supplied with water by numerous springs and a branch running through the farm, and is well supplied with different kinds of fruit. This property offers very great advantages to persons of limited means, being naturally of a kind and productive soil, and at one time produced equal to any farm in that neighborhood; but through the infirmities of old age the deceased was unable to manage properly and the farm was somewhat neglected. A little energy and industry, however, will restore it to its original condition, and thereby enhance the value very much. This place is also unsurpassed in the county for the poultry business, having the advantage of the morning and noon sun and sheltered from the cold winds, and a spring branch running in front of the yard, all of which are great advantages to poultry.

Also the following personal property, viz: One horse, 2 excellent milk cows, one of them may have a calf by the day of sale; 2 very fine heifers that are expected to have calves by the day of sale; 3 fine shoats, 1 two-horse wagon and bed, 1 old four-horse wagon, 1 threshing machine and power, wheat fan, 1 grain drill, 1 springtooth rake, furrow plows, shovel plows, cornforks, harrows, 1 buggy and harness, horse gears, wagon saddle, bridles, collars, lines, halters, triple, double and single trees, log, fifth and cow chains, wheelbarrow, grindstone, hoes, shovels, axes, mattocks, maul and wedges, with many other articles belonging to the farm.

Also Household and Kitchen furniture consisting of bedsteads and bedding, tables, chairs, bureaus, corner cupboard, sink, parlor stove, carpets, copper kettle, brass kettle, meat tub, barrels, tubs, buckets, and numerous other articles too tedious to mention.

Terms of Sale of real estate.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale or upon the ratification thereof by the court, and the balance to be paid in two equal annual payments, the credit payments to be secured by notes, with approved security, bearing interest from date; or all cash at the option of the purchaser.

Terms of Sale of personal property.—All sums under five dollars to be paid cash; on sums of five dollars and upwards a credit of six month will be given, the purchaser or purchasers to give their notes, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.

Sale of personal property to commence at 10 o'clock on said day; sale of real estate at 2 o'clock of the same day, and due attendance given by the undersigned.

PHILIP H. L. MYERS,
Executor of George Utz, Deceased.
Jacob Hoffman, Auctioneer.
J. Wm. Earhart, Clerk. jan-18-4t

New Liquor Store.

THE undersigned announces to the public that he has opened a Wholesale and Retail Liquor Store, in the basement of the Zieber building, No. 44 West Main street, corner of John street, where will be found a full line of Foreign and Domestic Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Wines, &c., for medicinal and family purposes, which will be sold at the lowest prices. A call is solicited. Orders promptly filled.

oc-5-1y JOHN A. McNEAL.

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale at Bethel, Md., at 12 M., Wednesday, February 12th, 1890, 1 Cow, stack Hay, lot pine flooring, oak boards, white pine shingles, hemlock laths, frames for two houses, sash and glass for 20 windows, 6 doors, 1 mantel, nails, bricks, cooking stove, bureau, bedsteads and bedding, &c. For terms see handbills.

jan-18-3t WM. B. THOMAS.

For Rent.

A comfortable two-story Brick Dwelling House, on Madison Avenue, Westminster, near Green street; water, good cellar, and all necessary outbuildings. Possession given at once. Apply to

M. SCHAEFFER & CO.,
de-7-tf Main street, Westminster.

PRIVATE SALE.

OF

Agricultural, Seed and Implement WAREHOUSE.

A RARE CHANCE.

THE undersigned, intending to leave Union Bridge, offers at private sale his large Agricultural Implement Warehouse and stock, on Elgar street, near the Depot, Union Bridge, Md. The building is frame, 25x40 feet, and substantially built, with shed attached, and is complete in every respect to conduct the Agricultural business. Being located in a good farming community, and in close proximity to the depot, makes it a good stand for the business. This is a rare opportunity for any one contemplating going into business, as property presenting such advantages is seldom offered in this market. A good seed trade has been done at this house during the past season, and it could be made a first-class Seed House in connection with the Implement trade. The reason for desiring to dispose of the business is on account of ill health. For terms and further particulars apply on the premises, or address the undersigned.

HARVEY F. CAYLOR,
jan-11-tf Union Bridge, Md.

Assignee of Mortgagee's Sale

OF A DESIRABLE

FARM!

BY virtue of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Simon H. Golibart, and Emma K. Golibart, his wife, to Jacob M. Zimmerman, bearing date October 31st, A. D. 1885, and recorded among the Real Estate Mortgage Records of Carroll County in Liber G. A. M., No. 23, folio 43, &c., and duly assigned to the undersigned, I will sell, at Public Sale, at J. Oliver Wadlow's store in Freedom, Carroll county, Maryland, on

Saturday, February 8th, A. D. 1890, at the hour of 2.30 o'clock, P. M., all that parcel of land described in and conveyed by said mortgage, containing

117 ACRES, 3 ROODS AND 3 PERCHES, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements thereon consist of a large and convenient, newly erected two-story Frame Dwelling House, with attic, excellent cellar, stable, corn house, barnrack, carriage house and other necessary outbuildings; water convenient to the buildings, orchard of apple, peach and other fruit trees in good bearing condition. About 25 Acres is GOOD TIMBER LAND; there is a due proportion of meadow land. The land is in a good state of cultivation and produces good crops.

This Farm is a part of the "Purvis" property, is situate in Freedom district, Carroll county, Maryland, is on the Liberty Turnpike road, about 15 miles from Baltimore, 1½ miles from Eldersburg, and 3 miles from Sykesville on the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road, is now in the occupancy of the said Simon H. Golibart, and ad