American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook - Editor.

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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1893.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The delegates elected by the Republicans of Carroll county, at the primary meetings held on the 2nd inst., are notified to attend the County Convention to meet in Firemen's Hall, in the city of Westminster, on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26TH, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket.

By order,

WM. H. BELL, JR.,
Chairman of Co. Central Com.
JNO. H. MITTEN, Secretary.

Fact vs. Dogmatism.

Commenting on the resolutions of the Republican county convention the *Advocate* says:

"There is not a statement of the prosperity of a year ago or of the changed condition now that is borne out by actual condition. There was no prosperity last year nor the year before. The present depression began three years ago."

If the facts be as stated the *Advocate* is certainly entitled to the honor of being the first to make the discovery. The situation has not so presented itself to anybody else. The assertion, however, is purely dogmatic and a few cold statistics will take the life out of it. Let two indubitable facts suffice. Here they are:

The McKinley tariff law was passed in 1890, but did not go fully into effect in all its schedules until July 1st, 1891. The import and export trade of the country for the year beginning with that date and ending June 30th, 1892, was larger by far than during any previous similar period. The imports exceeded $800,000,000, but large as they were they were less than the exports by more than $200,000,000. No country could have a surer sign of prosperity than is indicated by these statistics. That is fact number one.

Fact number two is in contrast. It is, that, according to "Bradstreet's,"—which ought to be good authority with the *Advocate*—463,000 persons were thrown out of work between June 1st and August 12th, 1893, in establishments reported, and no less then 800,000 to 900,000 in the whole country.

These facts, which are too well established to be denied, sufficiently attest the truth of the "deliverance" of the Republican convention. They prove, beyond a doubt, that the great business depression of 1893 does not antedate this year; that it did not have its beginning three years ago, nor even one year ago. They give the strongest ground for belief in the accuracy of the Republican contention "that the chief factor in producing this mighty change is the threatened reversal of the system of protection, begun by the election of a Democratic President and Congress pledged to the policy of free trade." The contrast they present is a sufficient arraignment of the anti-American policy of the Democratic party and present a practical object lesson so clear that the people are learning it rapidly. Dogmatic assertions will not obscure it; it will not grow less under the most emphatic denial.

The prospects of recovery from this unfortunate condition are not rose colored. Some mills, which were shut down temporarily, have resumed and others may do so. But other mills and factories are closing and numbers of those which have resumed have, with resumption, coupled the reduction of the wages of their employees. In most cases the workmen go back without protest against these terms, knowing well that even worse is threatening. The result is the practical fulfillment of the predictions made by the Republicans during the campaign of 1892 as the inevitable consequence of a Democratic triumph.

Silver in the Senate.

The discussion of the Sliver Purchase Repeal bill is dragging along in the Senate at a rate that renders speedy action improbable. The silver Senators are using dilatory tactics and speaking against time. Whether they hope to win assistance, to prevent repeal, from some of the moderate silver Senators who have indicated an intention to vote for the repeal bill, or anticipate that by delaying action some sort of compromise may be effected, is a question. The employment of obstructive tactics without hope of ultimately benefitting the silver cause would be puerile and childish. Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, has offered a compromise measure, or at least outlined such a measure in a speech delivered last week. Its main features are the calling in of all treasury notes of a lower denomination than $10, the coinage of all the silver bullion now in the treasury to be followed by further coinage at the rate of $2,000,000 a month until the volume of silver money in the country has reached $800,000,000, when the coinage will cease. As it would take about six years to reach the maximum the silver men would be given abundant opportunity to invest some other means of keeping up the silver trade against the plainest laws of practical finance. It would be rather remarkable if this should be the outcome of the administration's effort to secure the unconditional repeal of the purchase clause of the silver law.

Mr. Charles T. Westcott, chairman of the late Republican State Convention, has returned to his home from a visit to New York. He has not yet had time to consider fully the appointment of the committee to name the Republican candidate for comptroller. The convention vested in Mr. Westcott authority to name a committee, comprising one member from each congressional district, to select the party candidate in case of the declination of Mr. Joshua Horner, Jr. Mr Westcott is to be the chairman of this committee and the member from the first district. In a week it is expected that Mr. Westcott will be ready to announce the committee of twenty-one which is to take charge of the party organization in Baltimore city. He was also given power to name this committee.

The Tariff Hearings.

From the New York Tribune.

The best essays on political economy which have been written for many a day are the luminous reports of the tariff hearings furnished by our Washington bureau. These reports are unpretentious, and do not attempt to analyze causes and effects in an academic way; but they contain a faithful reproduction of the statements of fact made by business men respecting the course of prices and the present industrial condition of the country. The witnesses are not theorists bent either upon justifying or controverting campaign platforms and arguments. They are plain business men who know what are the facts respecting the industries with which they are identified. With one consent they have borne testimony to the general paralysis of business caused by uncertainty respecting the tariff policy of the country. With few exceptions they unite in declaring that confidence can be restored and prosperity be regained if Congress will defer the revision of the tariff and speedily announce its intentions.

On Monday representatives of the iron and steel industries, in which 450,000 men are ordinarily employed, were heard. They gave a lucid account of the deplorable condition of their trade. After thirty years of unbroken progress and prosperity mines have been closed, furnaces and mills have ceased operation, and tens of thousands of workmen have been thrown out of employment. The main cause of this industrial catastrophe has been the memace of radical changes in the tariff. If this were removed, there would be a general revival of business; factories and mines would be operated on full time and thousands of idle workmen would be profitably employed. That is the testimony of representatives of nearly every other industry who have been questioned by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Democratic members have attempted without avail to confuse these witnesses. They have sought to wring from them admissions that consumers were burdened by Protection, that foreigners could not pay duties when their goods were shut out, and that with free raw materials American manufacturers ought to be satisfied with heavy reductions of the tariff. These practical business men have not allowed themselves to be entangled by hypothetical questions and Free-Trade polemics. They have known the facts about their business, and have stated them with clearness and precision. They have contended that consumers have not been burdened since prices have been lowered by competition; that foreigners have not been shut out since importations have steadily increased, and were never greater than during the year following the passage of the McKinley act, and that free raw materials, while they would destroy many great industries, would not compensate manufacturers for the reductions of duties and the disturbance and uncertainty caused by prolongod tariff agitation.

When Mr. Cobden was advocating Free Trade in England, fifty years ago, his great argument was that prices would be cheapened, and that the working classes would be fully employed at higher wages. The tariff hearings are demonstrating that both of these objects have been secured in the United States under Protection. Prices have been lowered decade after decade in consequence of industrial competition, and all sorts and conditions of men have been working at the best wages paid anywhere in the world. What, then, has the Free Trader to offer to the American people? Even if he could guarantee a further cheapening of prices, it would be no more than has been accomplished under Protection; and of what advantage would the reduction be, if the great body of workers were unemployed and unable to buy at any price? The revenue reformer does not venture to assume that wages will be higher or work more constant than in 1892, the last year of Republican prosperity and hope. He cannot do this when the mere menace of his activity has thrown thousands of workmen out of employment.

The Crops in Maryland.

Weather Crop Bulletin No. 23 for the week ended Monday, September 11th, issued by the Maryland Weather Bureau, Dr. C. P. Cronk, meteorologist in charge, is given for publication as follows:

The temperature the first four days of the week ranged slightly above the normal, and the last three days, below. The mean for the seven days averaged very near to the weekly normal. There was very little rainfall in all sections, but from reports, more fell in the western portions of Northern Central and Southern Maryland than elsewhere. Considerably less than the average amount of sunshine was given.

In Western Maryland farmers have begun cutting corn, and fall ploxing has commenced. Some wheat will be put in during the coming week. Late peaches much improved by recent rains; also grass. Apples below average in quantity, and late potatoes poor. Buckwheat all harvested, with a fair yield. Heavy frost in Garrett county on 3rd injured some late corn.

In Northern Central Maryland the ground is too dry for plowing, but some seeding is being done. Corn ripe and cutting commenced. Crop short on account of drouth. Pastures and all growing crops have improved greatly since the rains of last week. Potatoes about all dug up; crop light. Streams very low, and some wells have gone dry.

In Southern Maryland considerable tobacco has been housed, and the late crop improved by the recent rains. Corn in rather bad condition, fodder much damaged by the high winds and millet short. Early corn being cut. Pasture improved. The rains of Sunday will facilitate the plowing of sod land. Late cabbage poor, and other vegetable likewise stunted by the drouth. Fair yield of apples and peaches being gathered.

In Eastern Maryland the corn crop has been shortened by drouth and damaged by high winds; cutting begun. Pasture short. Good weather for saving remainder of peach crop and the damaged fodder. Dry weather has prevented much fallowing. Potatoes and tomatoes yield poorly on account of the drouth. Apples few.

During the past few days notices have been received in Baltimore dropping about fifty United States army pensioners from the list. They have been notified that proof of continued disability must be received within sixty days, if they be continued on the rolls.

Mr. Horner Declines.

Mr. Joshua Horner, Jr., who was nominated last week, by the Republican State convention, for Comptroller of the Treasury, has been forced to decline on account of his business, which demands all his attention. Following is his letter of declination:

BALTIMORE, Sept. 7, 1893.—MESSRS. Chas. T. Westcott, O. Y. Nicewaner, E. J. Waring, Committee. Gentlemen: Your letter notifying me of my nomination for the Comptrollership of the state reached me by messenger last night.

Replying, therefore, I would say the distinguished honor done me by the convention, coupled with the very kind request preferred by you urging me to accept the nomination, makes my position exceedingly embarassing, believing as I do that a citizen's most imperative duty and highest privilege when called upon to do so is to serve the public.

Knowing me as you do, you will not misunderstand the motives of a declination that is accessarily forced upon me.

My business obligations alone, which are not altogether private, would preclude the possibility of my accepting the very trying responsibilities attendant on so important a canvass.

Fully esteeming the high compliment paid to me by the convention, and thanking you for the good will expressed in your letter, I beg, under the circumstances, to be permitted to decline. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully and truly yours,

JOSHUA HORNER.

For the SENTINEL.

Letter from Mr. Geo. W. Albaugh —His Visit to the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, September 7th, 1893.

DEAR MR. EDITOR:

It affords me much pleasure to write a few lines to your paper from this great city. Excuse me for not doing so sooner. Having finished the sights at the fair and being now ready to take in the parks and the balance of the sights of Chicago, I am ready to give you a short account of our trip up to this time. Our company consisted of the following: Rev. Wm. A. Crouse, Prof. Simpson and daughter, B. F. Crouse and wife, Wm. F. Derr and wife, Louis M. Sellman, Miss Mary B. Shellman, J. Walter Shunk, my wife, son Carroll and myself. We left Baltimore at 11.20 Saturday morning, via Pennsylvania Railroad, and arrived in Indianapolis Sunday morning at 9 o'clock. Saw something of the city of Indianapolis and left with the full party, except Miss Shellman, for Chicago at 11.30 and arrived at Grand Crossing Station, Chicago, at 6 30 in the evening. We at once proceeded to Mrs. Laura Sellman and Miss Hartsock's house on Oglesby avenue. On soon found the sights of the fair were to us nothing but pleasure. We found our home at Mrs. Sellman's a delightful place. Many other Carroll county people have been on her register and we would advise all those who wish first-class accommodations, at reasonable rates, to go to this "Maryland House," and they will be well treated. On Monday morning we all started for the Fair, which is a 10-minutes' ride from "Maryland House," and to all it seemed to be certainly a World's Fair. The first thing on the program was a lunch which we were advised to buy on the outside of the grounds, which afterwards we regretted, finding on the inside elegant eating places, at reasonable rates, run by Wellington & Co., and thereafter during our stay we put up with them and were well pleased. The idea people entertain that extortioning is carried on on the inside or outside of the grounds is absurd. On the inside as well as outside of the grounds things to be bought, whether eatables or souvenirs or any other marketable thing that met our eye, are more reasonable in price than the same things when I visited Chicago a year ago and saw Old Grover nominated. After entering the grounds the first thing we did was to go to the Maryland Building and register our names, and we are glad to say that Maryland is not disgraced, neither by her building, nor her exhibit, nor by the people who are in charge of her exhibit; but glad we are to say that we found for Maryland a building in keeping with the majority of buildings erected by other States, and that the exhibit in the building surpassed many, and was equal to the most of the State exhibits there. We found everything well arranged and well kept. The SENTINEL and Advocate were there for us to read, as well as Baltimore papers. A nice and complete sitting room with an elegant table and plenty of space to sit around and write as a party. We found an elegant veranda, with comfortable seats and we are glad to say that we had the pleasure of meeting face to face one of our representatives, Mr. C. T. Davis, who, with Mr. Geo. L. McCahan, has charge of the Maryland building and Maryland exhibits. We were invited to call on Tuesday and meet our Governor, Hon. Frank Brown, Carroll county's favored son, but our party on that day got badly separated and could not get together at the hour named, so that we failed to enjoy the great pleasure it would have given us.

We took the elevated railroad for a trip around the inside of the grounds, station near the Maryland building, and we had a bird's-eye view of the buildings, &c. The sight was a very fine one. After going around we decided to stop at the administration building and commence, in reality, the hard work of seeing all that was to be seen. We found in the first building we visited the Columbian Postal Cards, and at once used several in writing to our friends at home. The next thing of value to us was the transportation building which we found 100 per cent. larger than anticipated. We spent about half a day there and could have spent much more had time allowed us to do so. Then the mines and mining building with all its curiosities; then the manufactures and art building, covering 43 acres, with exhibits of all things imaginable in manufactures and arts. The Tiffany exhibit, with its valuable diamonds, was one of the best things to be seen on the main aisle, while France's, Germany's, Sweeden's, Italy's and in fact every country's exhibits were simply wonderful. At night we saw the electric building and electricity handled by man at will and the building, being lit as it was on the interior as well as exterior, presented a most beautiful sight and an exhibition never before presented to a people. On Tuesday we saw the woman's exhibit and building, children's building, horticultural hall, agricultural hall, government building, fisheries and art exhibits, with the foreign buildings and their exhibits of their wares, habits and nationalties.

On Wednesday we took in the Forestry and the other exhibits of curiosity and the State buildings. Wednesday evening saw us in the midway plaisance, and we saw the big Ferris Wheel, the streets of Cairo, German village, &c., and found them all very interesting. The whole affair is wonderful and it looks to a stranger as if Chicago is the only place and they are the only people who would have taken the thing by the horns as they have done and made it the great, grand success it is. Although I am carried away with the magnitude and splendor of the Fair I must admit I am a convert, as I had not intended going and had it not been for my wife's persistent efforts I would have missed the greatest thing ever on hand in this or any other country. Hoping this will find you ready to visit, "the World's Fair," I am yours,

GEO. W. ALBAUGH.

The east-bound New York express train on the Lake Shore Railroad was robbed Monday night near Kendallville, Ind., by twenty masked men, who stopped the train with a red light, covered the trainmen with rifles and blew open the express car with dynamite and looted it. The engineer, who attempted resistance, was shot and the express messenger was knocked senseless.

Jos. H. Hartstock, a promiuent citizen of West Falls district, Frederick county, is dead, aged sixty-seven years. He was a man of considerable wealth, and was very generally known.

Another Link Added.

From the Baltimore American, 13th inst.

On September 12, 1892, the Western Maryland Railroad opened its Potomac Valley Extension from Williamsport, Md., to Cherry Run, the success of which from the start was almost phenomenal, and until the recent almost panic prostrated all interest. Yesterday the company celebrated "Maryland Day" in opening up its new extension from Porters, on the Baltimore and Hanover division, to York, Pa., the first link in the line of the company's proposed final extension to Chickies, Pa., on the one hand, and Bowmandale and Harrisburg on the other, which extension, when completed, will complete the road building and afford a most valuable connection with the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad system. Even with the present extension—to York only—there is a most satisfactory prospect of a good business, and for York, which has hitherto had to rely solley on the Pennsylvania road, the advantages will prove rich and immediate from the competing lines

The fifteen miles of road from Porters to York, completed at a cost of about $225,000, is excellently well built and ballasted with stone, and the bridges are all of iron. The smoothness of travel, for a new road, was generally remarked yesterday. While the distance from York to Baltimore is seven miles greater than by way of the Northern Central Railway, the grades are much lighter, and the line of the Western Maryland road straighter. The line is for the most of the way through an open country, all richly cultivated. The most important point is Spring Grove, where are located the extensive paper mills of P. H. Gladfelter and a bright and flourishing town. Nashville and Thomasville are also important stations, and will become much more so. The train service will be four passenger trains and one freight train in each direction daily, running between York and Hanover, with close connection at Porters, for Baltimore. Captain Wm. H. Lanius is president of the road, which is leased to the Western Maryland at five per cent. upon its cost. The stock of the company belongs to the Potomac Valley road, which in turn is owned by the Western Maryland.

Geo. Bartholomew, of Lancaster, Pa., and Charles C. Rowe, of Emmittsburg, Frederick county, met with a peculiar and serious accident at Mount St. Joseph's Academy, near Emmittsburg, which nearly resulted in their death. They were repairing an ice-making machine, and supposed that all the ammonia gas was out of it, but when they removed a leaky valve to repair it, a large volume of gas rushed out upon them, burning Bartholomew's breast and arms into blisters, his shirt, where the gas struck it, being frozen stiff. Dr. John B. Brawner attended to their injuries.

Maryland Day at the Fair in Chicago was a success. A large audience was present in Music Hall, where prayer was offered by Cardinal Gibbons, an address made by Govenor Brown, an oration delivered by Hon. Jno. V. L. Findlay and a recitation of "The Star-Spangled Banner" given by Miss Martha Ford. In the evening a reception was held in the Maryland Building and a fireworks display took place outdoors.

If it be true, as asserted by some of the daily newspapers, that Mr. Cleveland was subjected to an operation, during his visit to Buzzards Bay the past season, for the removal of a cancerous affection of the face, and that several teeth and a small particle of the jawbone were removed, it is equally true that he appears to be in reasonably good health, and, it is to be hoped, will so continue to the end of his term.

Immense timber fires, covering many miles in extent, are raging in various portions of the Black Hills, in South Dakota. The damage to growing timber is very great, while the loss in cordwood alone will amount to $50,000. Several adjacent mining towns are threatened, and the inhabitants are using every effort to check the flames.

John B. Adams, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, has appointed Dr. George R. Graham of Baltimore, Md., surgeon-general, Jas. M. Meech, of Boston, adjutant-general, and Louis Wagner, of Philadelphia, quartermaster-general. Dr. A. Trego Shertzer, of Baltimore, has been elected medical director of the Naval Veteran Corps.

At noon Saturday last the wife of President Cleveland gave birth to a daughter. This is the first time that a child of a President has been born within the White House. Ruth Cleveland was born October 3, 1891, at the then home of the Clevelands, on Madison avenue, New York city.

The twenty-seventh National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, held at Indianapolis, Ind., adjourned on Thursday, 7th inst., to meet in Pittsburg, Pa., next year.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Annual State Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held September 26th, 27th, and 28th, at Annapolis. Mrs. Eugenia F. St. John, of Topeka, Kansas, is expected to attend, and a good time is anticipated. White Ribboners of Carroll, when at the Throne of Grace remember our coming convention, imploring God's special guidance and blessing upon it.

LIZZIE L. HERR, Westminster, Md.

Bethany Sunday School, Methodist Episcopal Church South, will hold its annual celebration on Saturday, the 16th inst., commencing at 12 o'clock, M., and continuing after night. The Winfield band will furnish the music and several prominent speakers will deliver addresses.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Church of God, at Frizellburg, will hold a festival on Friday and Saturday evenings, 15th and 16th inst., on the lawn adjoining the church.

The Sunday School of Benjamin's Reformed Church will hold its pic nic at Little's Woods, on next Saturday, 16th. Ice Cream and Cake for sale on the grounds.

FOR SALE.—A large Canvass, in good condition, suitable for covering buildings or stacks. Apply to Babylon & Gilbert, Westminster, Md.

The Union Sunday School at Jerusalem Church (Bachman's) will hold an afternoon pic nic in Mr. Garrett's grove, one mile north of the church, on Saturday, September 23rd. The Carroll County Reed Band will be present to help enliven the occasion. Addresses will also be made by prominent speakers. Refreshments in abundance will be sold on the ground for the benefit of the school. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to be present.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Methodist Protestant Church.—Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30. Sunday School Sunday at 9.15, a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. Meeting at 6.30, p. m. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.45, p. m.

A. D. MELVIN, Pastor.

Centenary M. E. Church.—Sunday School at 9.15, a. m. Epworth League service at 7 o'clk, p. m. Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.50, p. m. Class meeting immediately following prayer meeting. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.30, p. m.,

J. L. WALSH, Pastor.

Grace Ev. Lutheran Church.—Sunday School 9, a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7.30, p. m. Y. P. S. C. E 7, p. m. Preaching at 10.30, a. m., and 7.45, p. m. Morning, "Harvest Thanksgiving Services." Evening, "God's Preparation for His People in Heaven."

P. H. MILLER, Pastor.

St. Paul's Reformed Church.—Sunday School at 9.15, a. m. Divine service at 10.30, a. m., and 7.30, p. m.

CALVIN S. SLAGLE, Pastor.

Carroll Charge, Reformed Church.—Benjamin's Church.—Sunday School at 1.30, p. m. Preaching at 2,30, p. m.

St. Matthew's Church.—Pleasant Valley.—Sunday School at 9, a m. Preaching at 10, a m

H. J. MACALISTER, Pastor.

Salem Charge, Lutheran Church.—Benjamin's Church.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Harvest Home service at 10, a. m. Catechise on Saturday at 2, p. m.

St. John's Church.—Sunday School at 1, p. m. Harvest Home service at 2, p. m. Catechise on Saturday at 9, a. m.

S. A. DIEHL, Pastor.

Rev. L. H. Selby will fill the pulpit of Rev. Geo. W. Sellhamer, in Uniontown, Sabbath morning and evening. Preaching in Frizellsburg at 2.30, p. m.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's parents, this city, September 12th, 1893, by Rev. Thos. Meade, Mr. John H. Cunningham and Miss Mary Bruce, daughter of Capt. P. H. Irwin, all of this city.

At Broadway M. E. Church, Baltimore, September 13th, 1893, by Rev. H. S. France, Rev. Thos. E. Coopes, of this county, and Miss Mary M. Norris, of Baltimore.

At Woodberry, Md., September —— 1893, by Rev. Chas. A. Smith, Mr. Thos. Bowers, of Woodberry, and Miss Nellie G. Wentz, of this city.

On September 10th, 1893, by Rev. J. P. Koontz, Mr. George C. Sipe, of Pleasureville, Pa., and Miss Ida V. Frock, of this county.

On September 10th, 1893, at Saint Pius' parsonage, by the Rev. C. P. Elbert, Mr. Leonard L. Ritter and Miss Mary R. Schnell.

At the Lutheran parsonage, Manchester, September 7th, 1893, by Rev. C. M. Eyster, Mr. Nathan J. Doll, of Glenville, Pa., and Miss Minerva E. Rinehart, of this county.

At the M. E. Parsonage this city, September 11th, 1893, by Rev. J. L. Walsh, Mr. Wm. H. Shaffer and Miss Mary E. Basehore, both of Baltimore county.

DIED.

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions of regret on deaths charged for at the rate of five cents per line. The regular death notices published gratuitously.

In Washington, August 27th, 1893, George L. Kauffman, of this county, in the 43rd year of his age.

Suddenly, near Bixler, September 7th, 1893, Edward Royer, aged 18 years, 2 months and 7 days.

And we have parted, Eddie, thou art dead,
On its last resting place we have laid thy head;
A little while—a few short years of pain,
And one by one we'll come to thee again.

Your kind old father shall seek out the place,
And rest with thee, the dearest of his race:
Your dear, dear mother, broken with sorrow and grief,
Shall lay her head by thine in sweet relief;
Sisters and brothers and your faithful friend,
True from the first and tender to the end.

By his Parents.

Our dear brother sweetly sleep, in Jesus sleep,
No more we'll look for thee on earth,
This world of grief pain,
But yet we hope in God to see
Our dear brother Eddie again.

Farewell dear brother, thou hast left us,
All our hearts are broken,
'Twas hard to give thee up,
But God has called him from us,
Farewell, dear Eddie, dear.

By his Brothers and Sisters.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

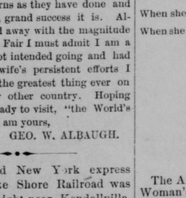
THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

HENRY MAYER,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 11th day of April, 1893; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 11th day of September, 1893.

SAMUEL H. MAYER,
Administrator w. a.
se-16-4t



Fruit Growers, Farmers and others, ATTENTION!

You can save fifty per cent. in the purchase of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, &c., by obtaining them at the

Westminster Nursery.

All my stock is grown by myself, in this State and in Kansas, and is guaranteed to be healthy, sound and true to name. Can furnish Peach budded on Russian Apricot.

Instead of placing your orders with agents for high priced stock, call and learn my prices.

E. STONER,
Office and residence No. 76 Pennsylvania avenue, Westminster, Md. sep-9-6m

CLEARING SALE
OF
Summer Goods
At Half Price.

Entire Stock of Summer Goods must be sold within the next 30 days—no matter what the loss.

S. Kann, Sons & Co.,
11 E. MAIN STREET,
Westminster, Maryland.

Figured Lawns, regular price, 6¼ cents, clearing price, 3¾ cents.

New Challies, regular price, 6¼ cents, clearing price, 3¾ cents.

Bleach Muslin, regular price, 12½ cents, clearing price, 6¼ cents.

Unbleach Muslin, regular price, 8 cents, clearing price, 5 cents.

Fine Percales, regular price, 12½ cents, clearing price, 8 cents.

Best Calicoes, regular price, 8 cents, clearing price, 5 cents.

Figured Sateens, regular price, 12½ cents, clearing price, 8¾ cents.

Dress Ginghams, regular price, 12½ cents, clearing price, 8¾ cents.

Double width Cashmere, regular price, 15 cents, clearing price, 10 cents.

Fancy Dress Goods, regular price, 25 cents, clearing price, 15 cents.

Plaid Cashmeres, regular price, 35 cents, clearing price, 15 cents.

All Wool Cashmeres, regular price, 60 cents, clearing price, 39 cents.

Plaid Cloths, regular price, 75 cents, clearing price, 39 cents.

Cotonades, for Men's Wear, regular price, 25 cents, clearing price, 19 cents.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests, regular price, 25 cents, clearing price, 10 cents.

Ladies' Fancy Hose, regular price, 15 cents, clearing price, 11 cents.

Children's Colored Ribbed Hose, regular price, 25 cents, clearing price, 13 cents.

Men's Paper Collars, regular price, 12 cents, clearing price, 5 cents.

Men's Negligee Shirts, regular price, 50 cents, clearing price, 35 cents.

Men's Half Hose, regular price, 12 cents, clearing price, 7 cents.

Umbrellas, with Gold and Silver Handles, regular price, $1.25, clearing price, 69 cents.

All our Millinery Stock Half Price.

Ladies' Hats, regular price, $1.25, clearing price, 39 cents.

Mattings, good quality, regular price, 25 cents, clearing price, 15 cents.

Ingrain Carpet, regular price, 65 cents clearing price, 39 cents.

Lace Caps, regular price, 40 cents, clearing price, 19 cents.

Ladies' Bordered Handkerchiefs, regular price, 8 cents, clearing price, 3 cents.

Ladies Corsets, regular price, 50 cents, clearing price, 39 cents.

4-Ply Linen Collars, regular price, 15 cents, clearing price, 10 cents.

Toilet Soap, regular price, 10 cents, clearing price, 5 cents.

Wide Table Oil Cloth, regular price, 25 cents, clearing price, 17 cents.

Men's Overalls, regular price, 50 cents, clearing price, 39 cents.

Men's Cheviot Shirts, regular price, 35 cents, clearing price, 22 cents.

All the above are seasonable goods and will be sacrificed.

S. Kann, Sons & Co.,
11 E. MAIN STREET,
NEAR DEPOT, WESTMINSTER, MD.
oc-1-92-6

HALF RATES to the World's Fair by Pennsylvania R. R.

Yielding to the popular demand and to afford an additional opportunity to the public to visit

THE WORLD'S FAIR, THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO has arranged to run a Second Series of Special excursions from Washington and Baltimore to Chicago, at the rate of

$17.00 FOR THE ROUND TRIP,

for tickets good within Ten Days for return. The dates decided on for this series of popular excursions are

MONDAY, SEPT 18TH,
MONDAY, SEP T 25TH

The special train will leave Baltimore (Union Station) on each of the above dates at 11.10 A. M. and tickets will be accepted for passage returning on trains leaving Chicago at 315 and at 1130 P M The special train will be composed of the Company's latest production in passenger coaches, arranged with all modern convenience

Excursion tickets at the rate of $26.00—FOR THE ROUND TRIP,

are also being sold, good on all trains except the Limited, and valid for return passage until November 15th, conveying stop over privileges at

CRESSON SPRINGS,
NIAGARA FALLS,
AND WATKINS GLEN.

Choice of routes given going or returning. The Pennsylvania Railroad presents a service between Baltimore and Chicago unequalled for safety, comfort and speed

Trustee's Sale
OF VALUABLE
WOOD LOTS,
Near Pleasant Valley, Carroll county, Md

By virtue of a deed of trust from Theodore Bankert and wife, to the undersigned, duly executed and recorded among the Land Records of Carroll county, I will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, the 23rd of SEPTEMBER, A. D., 1893, at 2 o'clock, P. M., all that part of a tract of land called "Fogelcasong Good Luck," containing

13 ACRES, 1 ROOD, and 34 SQUARE PERCHES, more or less, that was conveyed to the said Theodore Bankert by Elias Bankert, by deed dated March 16th, 1892, and recorded among the Land Records aforesaid in Liber B. F. C. No. 74, folio 155, &c.

This property is situate about 500 yards from the road leading from Stonersville to Pleasant Valley, and about ¾ of a mile from the last named place, adjoining the lands of Jeremiah Koontz, the heirs of John Wentz, deceased, and a wood lot of Ephraim Bish. The timber thereon consists of Oak, Hickory and Chestnut.

The property will be surveyed previous to the day of sale and laid off in two lots, and a plat of the same made and exhibited on the day of sale, and will be offered in two separate lots and as one entire parcel and sold as may appear to the best advantage. Any one may obtain further information in regard to the property by calling on Mr. Jeremiah Koontz, near the premises.

Terms of Sale:—One-half cash on the day of sale, or on the ratification thereof, and the other one-half in six months from the day of sale; the credit payment to be secured by the note of the purchaser or purchasers, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; or all cash at the option of the purchaser.

ALFRED W. BISH,
Trustee.

Reifsnider & Reifsnider, Solicitors.
Wm. Brown, Auct. se-2-ts

Sunnybank Home School
For Young Ladies and Small Children.

REOPENS SEPTEMBER 11th, 1893.

Address,
MISSES A. AND C. MERING,
se-2-3t* Linwood, Carroll county, Md.

Registration Notice.

To the Voters of Carroll County.

SEPTEMBER SITTINGS.

In compliance with Article 33, Code of Public General Laws, title "Elections," sub-title "Registration," and the amendments thereof, notice is hereby given that the Officers of Registration for Carroll county will sit as hereinafter stated for the purpose set forth in said Article. The undersigned, Officers of Registration of Voters for their respect election districts of Carroll county, will sit for their September sittings, in the year 1893, in their respective election districts, at the places on the days named below, from

8 o'clock A. M. to 8 o'clock, P. M.

for the purpose of ascertaining and registering the persons qualified to vote and of striking off persons disqualified to vote at the next ensuing election, in the election districts and each of the election precincts of which they are respectively Officers of Registration for three successive days in September, 1893, namely, on

MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th, 19th and 20th, as follows:

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 1, CALLED TANEYTOWN DISTRICT,

J. Sylvester Fink, the Officer of Registration, will sit during said three days at the Tin Store of P. J. Fink, on Frederick street, in Taneytown.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2, CALLED UNIONTOWN DISTRICT,

HARRY H. Weaver, Officer of Registration, will sit during said three days at his residence, on the Main street, in Uniontown.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 3, CALLED MYERS' DISTRICT,

Herbert S. Yingling, Assistant Officer of Registration, will sit at Geo. W. Yeiser's store, in Union Mills, on September 18th and 19th, and at Fox's Hotel in Silver Run, on September 20th.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 4, CALLED WOOLERY'S DISTRICT,

John H. Taylor, Officer of Registration, will sit on Monday, September 18th, at A. W. Davis' store, Smallwood; on Tuesday, September 19th, at Nicholas Benson's store, Gamber, and on Wednesday, September 20th, at Conrad Mann's Hotel, Finkburg.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 5, CALLED FREEDOM DISTRICT,

Dr. Daniel B. Sprecher, Officer of Registration, will sit during said three days at the Postoffice in Sykesville.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 6, CALLED MANCHESTER DISTRICT,

George Shower, Officer of Registration, will sit on September 18th at J. H. Blocher's store at Alesia, and on September 19th and 20th at his residence in Manchester.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 7, CALLED WESTMINSTER DISTRICT,

William L. Corbin, Officer of Registration, will sit on September 18th and 19th in the first precinct at No. 185 East Main street, adjoining Huber's drug store, in Westminster, and on September 20th will sit in the second precinct at No. 14 Pennsylvania avenue, adjoining Mrs. Sherman's millinery store, in Westminster.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 8, CALLED HAMPSTEAD DISTRICT,

John T. Basler, Officer of Registration, will sit on September 18th and 19th at Elisha Snyder's store at Hampstead, and on September 20th at Wells' store, Honeksville.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 9, CALLED FRANKLIN DISTRICT,

Lewis C. Franklin, Officer of Registration, will sit at Winfield on September 18th and at his residence in Franklinville on September 19th and 20th.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 10, CALLED MIDDLEBURG DISTRICT,

George W. Shank, Officer of Registration, will sit during said three days at the store of Stephen C. Chipley in Middleburg.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 11, CALLED NEW WINDSOR DISTRICT,

Wm. D. Lovell, Officer of Registration, will sit during said three days at his residence on Main street in New Windsor.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 12, CALLED UNION BRIDGE DISTRICT,

Charles H. Danner, Officer of Registration, will sit during said three days at his residence corner of Broadway and Benedum streets in Union Bridge.

IN ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 13, CALLED MT. AIRY DISTRICT,

Oscar M. Spurrier, Officer of Registration, will sit on September 18th at Anderson's store in Mt. Airy, and on September 19th and 20th at his residence on the Harrisonville road, near the Westminster and Mt. Airy road, about three miles from from Mt. Airy.

It is thought proper to publish in connection with this notice part of the subjoined section of the registration law which bears particularly upon the powers and duties of the Register and the rights of the citizens:

SECTION 15—All persons * * * * * * who shall vacate and remove from their actual domicile, abode, dwelling place or habitation out of the State shall be conclusively presumed to have lost their residence in this State, and shall in consequence thereof become disqualified to vote, unless at or about the time of such removal or within ten days thereafter they shall go in person before the clerk of the circuit court for the county from which they shall so remove, or before the clerk of the superior court of Baltimore city, if such removal be from said city, and shall make and acknowledge before him an affidavit declaring that notwithstanding such removal from their domicile, dwelling place or habitation, they do not intend thereby to change their legal residence, but that they have a fixed and definite purpose to return to this State on or before six months preceding the next succeeding election in November; * * * and if the person making such affidavits shall fail so to return and take up their actual abode, domicile, dwelling place and habitation in this State on or before six months next preceding such November election, they shall be conclusively presumed to have abandoned such declared intention and shall thereupon become disqualified to vote in this State, and the officers of registration shall refuse to register them as qualified voters, or shall strike off their names from the registry if their names be entered thereon; * * * said officers of registration shall require the production of such affidavits duly recorded, or a duly certified copy thereof; in all cases where they shall have reason to suspect that the person applying to be registered as a qualified voter has lost his residence by reason of his removal from the State as hereinbefore mentioned, and they may also in any such cases put any question which they may deem proper to such applicant concerning the place where he dwelt in the county or legislative district before such removal out of the State, his occupation before such removal and since, the time when he so removed, and when he returned, and all other pertinent facts and circumstances touching the right of such person to be registered and they may require the truth of the answers of all persons to