American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook - Editor.

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1893.

IT "DRAPPED"--Did the Advocate HEAR IT?

From Advocate of November 4th, 1893.

We want to whisper to our Republican friends that on Tuesday next they will hear something "drap."

A Lost Opportunity.

While the Democratic majority in this county, at the election on Tuesday last, on the State ticket, exceeds 500, a glance at the returns is sufficient to show that its magnitude was not due to Democratic enthusiasm, but to Republican apathy; and that, in fact, the Republicans lost an opportunity to achieve a substantial victory. Two years ago the Democrats polled 3,889 votes for Frank Brown for Governor, while the Republican vote for Vannort was 3,448. The vote for the Republican candidate for Comptroller was 3,45[illegible] for the Democratic candidate 3,878. Even then there was a greater shortage in the Republican than in the Democratic vote. The returns of the late election show a less aggregate Democratic vote than that polled by the Republicans in 1891, under peculiar disadvantages. In the recent campaign the Democrats were unusually active and made the most strenuous efforts to poll the full party vote. The campaign was conducted by the ablest leader of the party in the county, supported by skilful and astute lieutenants. Headquarters were established and kept constantly open during the campaign. The influence of political patronage yet to be dispensed was freely exercised to induce activity on the part of party workers. Implied, if not open, threats were made through the columns of the party organ against Democrats found wanting in the fight, and promises of reward for fidelity to the cause, it is said, were freely made in every direction. This was supplemented by the free use of money, possibly for entirely legitimate purposes in the employment of such agencies as may have been necessary to bring out the vote, although the result in some quarters might give rise to a contrary suspicion.

The outcome of all this, however, shows a falling off of nearly five hundred Democratic votes in two years. With the same means, energy and effort the Republicans could probably have induced the recalcitrant members of their party to cast their ballots, and so have achieved a triumph. It was probably not indifference that kept most of them from the polls. Many had no faith in the opinion that any amount of effort would win, and thought it a useless waste of time to go to the polls. Some, doubtless, were influenced by unworthy motives. But, however that may be, the cause failed through their agency and the opportunity to place Carroll county in line with other localities that by substantial majorities have repudiated free trade, was lost.

We only refer to these causes of Republican absenteeism to give force to the opinion that the Democratic party has little to boast of in its victory in this county. Flushed with a great national victory; with large patronage at its disposal, and with the utmost energy possible in the conduct of its campaign, the Democratic party of Carroll county is short in its vote twelve or fifteen per cent. The stay-at-homes on that side, it is fair to presume, are not particularly enamored of the national Democratic administration.

Disgusted with Its Party.

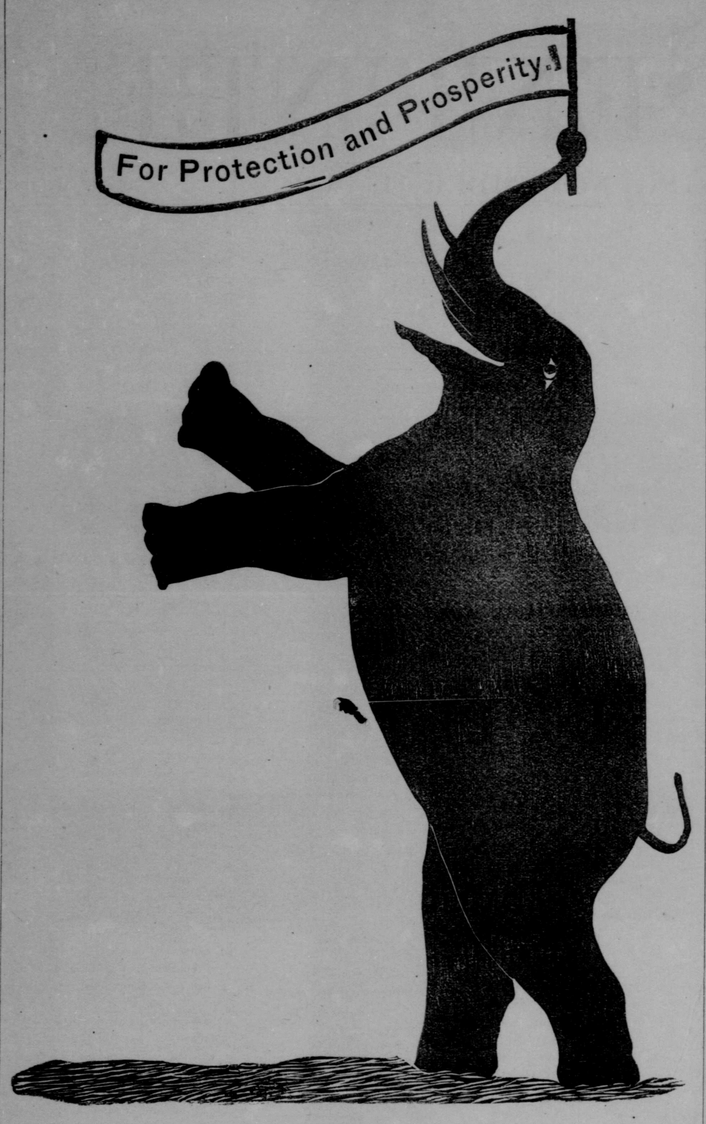
The New York *Post*, which deserted the Republican party on the tariff issue in 1884, and since that time has faithfully adhered to the Democratic side of the controversy and advocated the election of Democrats in State and Nation, has become thoroughly disgusted with its present associations. In an issue immediately proceeding the recent election it said:

"Every honest Democrat cannot fail to see that this nomination of Maynard, followed up as it has been by such defenses of it as Senator Hill has made, and by such preparation for sustaining it at the polls as the rascals of the party have made, has gone a long way toward justifying the position which so many men of intelligence and character have occupied throughout all the shortcomings of the Republican party, namely, that after all the Republican party is the only one to which a respectable man can belong. Whatever may be that party's faults, it is not an organized band of criminals who, in order to elect a criminal to office, override the courts, deprive citizens of their rights and lay plans to deprive the people of their will by cheating in the counting of their ballots."

The extra session of Congress closed on Friday of last week. The closing hours were marked by a determined effort on the part of Senator Cockrell, of Missouri, to force the adoption by the House, to the deficiency appropriation bill, of an item for the payment of private secretaries employed by Senators. Mr. Cockrell and several other Senators employed members of their own households in this capacity—wives and daughters in some instances—and the House refused to concur in the amendment to pay them. The consequence was the failure of the bill and the scoring of another evidence of the incapacity of the Democrats to conduct public affairs in a business-like manner. In the House the application of the Ways and Means Committee for authority to sit during the recess, for the purpose of continuing the work of preparing a tariff bill, was defeated for want of a quorum, the Republicans refusing to vote.

The *Advocate* keeps a bloody shirt handy for exhibition about election times. See leading editorial in its last week's issue.

Senator Hoar says that the republican victory in Ohio is the expression of approbation of the McKinley bill.



Overwhelming Republican Victories!!

British Democracy and Free Trade Repudiated.

THE PEOPLE SPEAK.

Protection for American Products, Industries and Wage Earners.

Immense Republican Majorities

In Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Iowa.

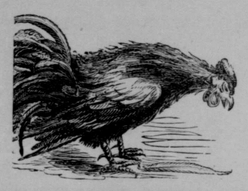
NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURE REPUBLICAN.

South Dakota in Line. Nebraska said to be all Right. Local Elections in Kansas, Michigan, Missouri and Elsewhere, Show Republican Gains.

McKINLEY'S SPLENDID MAJORITY.

No Show for a Thief on the Appellate Bench of New York. The Disgraced Maynard Badly Beaten.

CHICKEN CHOLERA IN THE ADVOCATE'S POULTRY YARD.



INITIATIVE OF REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN 1896.

The result of Tuesday's elections in Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Iowa and South Dakota, indicate a tremendous reaction in public sentiment on the question of protection. All the States named gave overwhelming Republican Majorities. In Ohio protection was the only issue, and it was, we believe, the principal cause of the victory in the other States referred to. In New York it was supplemented by a local fight against the corrupt Tammany ring, and the bossism of Hill, Sheehan, Croker and McLaughlin. Judge Maynard, who stole a certified election return from the office of the State Comptroller, was an individual issue, and the Brooklyn scandals added force to the Democratic revolt. Schieren, the Republican candidate for Mayor of that city, was victorious by upwards of 28,000 majority.

For the first time in many years, the Legislature of New Jersey is Republican, and the State has been redeemed from the control of a gang no less corrupt than the Hill-Tammany machine and the Brooklyn ring.

Nebraska is safely Republican on all the State officers except, possibly, a supreme court judge.

In the local elections in Kansas, Republican gains over the Populists are indicated all over the State.

Local elections in Michigan show Republican gains, and even in Missouri the same drift of public sentiment.

Maryland, Virginia and Kentuckey are the only safely Democratic States in which elections were held on Tuesday.

In Chicago, Judge Gary, the Republican candidate who presided in the anarchist Hay-market murder trials, is re-elected.

The Democratic majority in this State is 18,000 to 20,000, but the Republicans recover Frederick, Washington and other counties and elect six Senators and twenty-four members of the House of Delegates. Harford County elects a Republican Senator and County Commissioners.

The latest returns from Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts and Iowa add thousands more to the great Republican majorities first reported. Here are the figures received up to date.

Ohio, 83,791.

Pennsylvania, 138,084.

New York, 34,680 for Palmer, for secretary of state; 89,665 for Bartlett, for judge.

Massachusetts, 35,000.

Iowa, 40,000.

Nebraska, 6,000.

South Dakota, 3,000.

In the states in which the Republicans elected their state ticket they also elected a majority of the legislature, and, in addition, they have secured control of the New Jersey legislature. Following is the standing of the several legislatures, as shown by the latest estimates based on revised returns:

Ohio—Senate—Republicans, 24; Democrats, 7. House—Republicans, 82; Democrats, 25.

New York—Senate—Republicans, 18; Democrats, 13; Independent Democrat, 1. House—Republicans, 75; Democrats, 53.

Massachusetts—Senate — Republicans, 33; Democrats, 7. House— Republicans, 153; Democrats, 18. Thirty-nine districts not heard from.

New Jersey—Senate—Republicans, 11; Democrats, 10. House—Republicans, 34; Democrats, 29.

Iowa—Republican majority of 30 on joint ballot, insuring election of a United States Senator.

Governor McKinley carried 64 of the 88 counties in Ohio. He has 80,000 plurality over Neal and 30,000 majority over all of his opponents. The legislature will stand: Senate—Republicans, 24; Democrats, 7. House—Republicans, 82; Democrats, 25.

Returns from all the mining and industrial sections of Pennsylvania show heavy Republican gains. Nine counties that in 1891 gave Democratic majorities are now largely Republican. The majority in the state is likely to reach that given to Grant—the top notch of Republican majorities in the old Keystone State. Griffin, Democrat, was elected to Congress for the First Michigan district.

The Republican candidates for supreme judges in South Dakota are elected by from 2,000 to 4,000 plurality.

In Virginia the Democrats have about 50,000 majority on the state ticket and an overwhelming majority in the legislature. The Populists made a poor show.

Populists contest the claims of the Republicans for supreme judges in Nebraska. Republicans elect the balance of the state ticket.

Colorado declared for woman suffrage by a majority of 4,000.

The Republicans elect a majority of the members of the Constitutional Convention to be held in New York; a very important matter.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, November 3.—The President this afternoon issued the following Thanksgiving Day proclamation:

By the President of the United States of America: A Proclamation.

While the American people should every day remember with praise and thanksgiving the divine goodness and mercy which have followed them since their beginning as a nation, it is fitting that one day in each year should be especially devoted to the contemplation of the blessing we have received from the hand of God, and to the grateful acknowledgment of His loving kindness.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 30th day of the present month of November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise, to be kept and observed by all the people of our land. On that day let us forego our ordinary work and employments, and assemble in our usual places of worship where we may recall all that God has done for us, and where from grateful hearts our united tribute of praise and song may reach the throne of Grace. Let the reunion of kindred and the social meeting of friends lend cheer and enjoyment to the day, and let generous gifts of charity for the relief of the poor and needy prove the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

Witness my hand and the seal of the United States, which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington on the third day of November, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and of the independence of the United states, one hundred and eighteenth.

[Seal.] GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President.

WALTER Q. Gresham, Secretary of State.

A telegram from Hanover, Pa., under date of the 5th inst., says: About two months ago Mrs. Joseph Slentz, who lived near this place, apparently died, and was buried. Recently the surviving members of her family determined to have the grave walled up and cemented, and yesterday workmen opened it for that purpose. Upon removing the top from the rough coffin they were horrified to find the cover of the casket forced open and the glass broken into small pieces. The corpse was partly turned and the face cut and bloody. The whole appearance of the body indicated that the unfortunate woman had been buried alive, and that her sufferings and struggles in the dark tomb must have been horrible in the extreme.

The Republicans of Adams county, Pa., had a share in the great victory in that State on Tuesday. For the first time in forty years they elected the County Commissioners. They also divided the remainder of the ticket with the Democrats, electing the Sheriff, Register and Recorder, Director of the Poor and Auditor. The Republican State ticket carried the county by 153 majority.

Tuesday's Election Returns.

Below we give the official vote of Carroll county at the election on Tuesday, showing a slightly increased Democratic majority over that of two years ago, on a very light vote.

The returns from the State indicate a falling off in the Democratic majority of two years ago, of 8,000 to 9,000 votes. The Republicans carried Allegany county by 800 to 900 majority; Garrett, 300 to 400; Washington, 150 to 400; Frederick, 150 to 500; Charles, 50 to 100; Calvert, about 200; St. Mary's, about 100; Somerset, about 100, and elected county officers and members of the Legislature in all except Charles, where one Democrat and one Republican were elected to the Legislature. Western Maryland was entirely redeemed, every officer chosen from Garrett to Frederick being a Republican, except Boyd for Chief Judge, in Garrett, Allegany and Washington counties. Richmond, the Republican candidate, was defeated by a small majority, the Democrats having concentrated all their efforts to secure Boyd's election by abandoning all their other candidates. Harford county is divided, the Republicans getting the Senator and County Commissioners and the Democrats the other officers.

CARROLL COUNTY OFFICIAL.

ELECTION, NOVEMBER 7th, 1893.

DISTRICTS.	Comptr'll'r. Smith, D.	Comptr'll'r. Perkins, R.	Chief Jd'g. Roberts, D.	Asso. Jd'g. Revell, D.	House of Delegates. Selby, D.	House of Delegates. Sullivan, D.	House of Delegates. Seasman, D.	House of Delegates. Biggs, D.	House of Delegates. Sweigart, R.	House of Delegates. Lighter, R.	House of Delegates. Murray, R.	House of Delegates. Shriver, R.	House of Delegates. Diehl, P.	House of Delegates. Hess, P.	House of Delegates. Taylor, P.	House of Delegates. Houck, P.	County Comm'r. Stem, D.	County Comm'r. Conaway, R.	County Comm'r. Myers, P.	Sheriff. Arnold, D.	Sheriff. Crabbs, R.	Sheriff. Shivers, P.	County Treasurer. Reese, D.	County Treasurer. Zile, R.	County Treasurer. Chew, P.	County Surveyor. Yelser, D.	County Surveyor. Hoop, R.	County Surveyor. Straw, P.	Constitutional Amendment. For	Constitutional Amendment. Against.
Taneytown	167	395	171	167	161	148	163	167	400	422	395	397	11	11	11	10	188	393	13	144	423	9	168	393	13	165	395	13	19	16
Uniontown	210	250	209	211	212	236	236	239	236	260	250	250	13	13	13	13	311	258	14	207	263	13	210	250	13	211	250	13	22	10
Myers	272	94	273	275	269	265	261	269	96	93	98	137	12	12	11	11	272	96	12	274	95	12	272	96	12	274	95	12	23	9
Woolery's	366	61	367	365	363	363	364	364	61	60	60	60	9	9	9	9	351	61	9	351	61	9	350	61	9	350	61	9	13	5
Manchester	557	148	558	556	556	555	557	557	141	133	145	148	11	11	11	11	538	150	11	538	150	11	538	150	11	538	150	11	31	14
Westminster, Pre. No. 1	347	236	354	350	347	346	339	328	240	236	236	236	10	10	10	10	328	240	10	328	240	10	328	240	10	328	240	10	30	9
Westminster, Pre. No. 2	239	346	232	247	242	239	237	234	345	344	344	343	23	22	21	20	278	345	23	278	345	23	278	345	23	278	345	23	30	9
Hampstead	278	148	280	276	280	280	279	279	149	146	170	148	19	20	17	20	377	149	19	370	148	20	378	149	20	378	149	20	30	9
Franklin	168	161	167	167	167	166	166	166	161	159	161	162	11	11	11	11	166	166	9	165	164	11	165	164	11	165	164	11	33	12
Manchester	313	97	313	311	311	311	311	311	97	97	97	97	34	34	34	34	313	97	34	313	97	34	313	97	34	313	97	34	34	12
New Windsor	174	230	180	173	173	173	173	173	230	230	230	230	9	9	9	9	174	230	9	174	230	9	174	230	9	174	230	9	42	14
Union Bridge	96	139	102	97	96	96	98	98	144	141	141	138	11	11	11	11	96	139	11	96	139	11	96	139	11	96	139	11	43	14
Mt. Airy	143	100	143	143	138	143	143	143	95	100	100	100	24	25	24	24	143	100	25	143	100	25	143	100	25	143	100	25	43	14
Totals	3418	3013	3431	3434	3407	3407	3428	3411	3023	3017	3017	3021	279	291	260	259	3446	2809	286	3402	2902	286	3402	2902	286	3402	2902	286	381	138

Vote of the State--Unofficial.

Counties.	Perkins, R., 1892.	Smith, D., 1892.	Bruce, Pro., 1895.
Allegany	4193	3363	336
A. Arundel	2287	3372	156
Balto. City	30083	40437	2422
Balto. Co.	3885	496	.....
Calvert	1117	902	97
Caroline	1166	1682	118
Carroll	2913	3418	288
Cecil	2406	2708	.....
Charles	1288	1341	.....
Dorchester	2270	2590	.....
Frederick	5248	5116	285
Garrett	2270	2590	.....
Harford	2445	2809	348
Howard	1186	1618	108
Kent	986	1878	328
Montgomery	2511	2921	.....
P. George's	2335	2509	23
Queen Annes	1399	2110	219
Somerset	1834	1733	265
St. Marys	1598	1492	19
Talbot	1864	2428	132
Washington	4356	4237	.....
Wicomico	1214	2036	353
Worcester	878	1151	.....
Total	80,712	99,602	.....

Smith's plurality, 18,890.

Smith's plurality in 1891, 27,697.

For the SENTINEL.

This Calls for Investigation.

NEW WINDSOR, MD., NOV. 9TH, 1893.

MR. EDITOR:—At the polls in New Windsor, on Tuesday last, severel Democrats assumed espionage of the individual votes as they were cast. One man was placed directly in line in the rear of the voter, so that he could see him use the stamp, and if he did more than once his name was at once given to another gentleman, who kept a list of the names of all said voters, whether for the scrutiny of the bosses or the curious, or for what purpose deponent knoweth not. Does the law authorize this? Does the law allow this? Was this done all over the county, or was this act of insult, intimidation and humiliation practiced only on the voters of this district?

Some of these gentlemen may be before the people in the near future, and this outrage may be so well remembered by voters of both parties that they may feel it their duty to stamp their condemnation of this high-handed outrage and in vindication of a

FREE AND SECRET BALLOT.

If our correspondent is correct in his statement of the facts related, we believe the election law has been grossly violated in this case and that a searching judicial inquiry should be made into the matter. The law contemplates a secret ballot and provides the means to protect the voter against espionage.

For the first time in the history of Little Falls, N. Y., women were allowed to vote on Tuesday. Seven of them voted Challenges were left for them, but the inspectors received their ballots.

The chiefs of several Indian tribes met at Montreal Tuesday to form a confederacy of the North America Indians, independent of the United States and Canadian governments.

A Frightful Catastrophe.

A cablegram from Santander, Spain, under date of Sunday, 5th inst., says:

The steamship Cabo Machicaco, from Bilbao with a cargo of dynamite, lying at a quay in this city, took fire Friday evening. An explosion followed which resulted in the killing of about three hundred persons, including the governor, prefect, chief of police, two judges, twenty-seven civic guards, and the whole police force except two members.

"Up to this evening the bodies of 165 persons had been recovered and the search was still in progress. Many persons are missing. One hundred and ninety persons are under treatment for injuries. The damage to property amounts to several million francs.

"A train which was entering the station when the explosion occurred was set on fire by flying pieces of burning wood. The station began to burn a moment later. The station master was burnt to death and many passengers were suffocated. Dozens of persons living near the Bay of Biscay fled from their burning houses and in terror threw themselves into the water.

"The steamship was discharging 2,000 tons of iron and many barrels of petroleum and flour and several wine casks. The captain had declared only twenty cases of dynamite. Otherwise he had not been allowed to dock. The fire started at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon in the coal bunkers. The customs officers and police hastened to remove the 20 cases of dynamite, which soon were landed at a safe distance from the vessel. A tug was then chartered to tow the Cabo Machicaco seaward. Meantime desparate efforts had been made to quench the flames. The captain and crew of the steamer Alfonso the Twelfth boarded the burning vessel to help fight the flames. They worked for an hour and a half without success. At the end of that time the fire reached the petroleum.

Then came a series of awful explosions as the flames flew from barrel to barrel of petroleum until they reached the contraband dynamite. The tug had just been moored alongside the vessel and many townspeople had gone aboard, either to satisfy their curiosity or to help extinguish the fire.

"Then came the explosion of the dynamite. All on board the Cabo Machicaco and many along the dock were blown to atoms. The tug vanished. The quay, with its enormous crowd of spectators, rose slowly in the air. The people were scattered in every direction into the sea and on the land. Firebrands fell in showers over sea and land for a radius of a mile and a half.

The Cabo Machicaco's anchor was hurled 800 yards and fell on the balcony of a house, which is completely wrecked. It then sank deep in the pavement below. The shock was felt in every part of the city. Houses rocked to their foundations, and more than one hundred were set on fire by falling firebrands."

Subsequently many other bodies were recovered, many of them in a shockingly mutilated condition.

The General Assembly of Md.

SENATORS.

Allegany County—James M. Sloan, rep.

Baltimore City—Wm. Cabell Bruce, dem.

Calvert County—Thomas Parran, rep.

Caroline County—Thomas A. Smith, dem.

Cecil County—Charles C. Crothers, dem.

Charles County—Sydney E. Mudd, rep.

Dorchester County—Joseph H. Johnson, dem.

Garrett County—Robert A. Ravenscroft, rep.

Harford County—William B. Baker, rep.

Montgomery County—Hattersly W. Talbott, dem.

Prince George's County—William D. Bowie, dem.

Queen Anne's County—Woodland F. Finley, dem.

St. Mary's County—Washington Wilkinson, rep.

Talbot County—Oswald Tilgmam, dem.

Worcester County—Jno. Walter Smith, dem.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Allegany County—Joseph B. Stottlemyer, rep., William Sleeman, rep., John H. Shuck, rep., Hugh McMillan, rep., John H. Jones, rep.

Anne Arundel County—James R. Brashears, dem., Charles Sappington, dem., George W. Hyde, dem., George M. Murray, dem.

First Legislative District, Baltimore—George C. Keenan, dem., Edward D. Fitzgerald, dem., Joseph W. Hazell, dem., George A. Vernetson, dem., William H. B. Fusselbaugh, of J., dem., Samuel E. Atkinson, dem.

Second Legislative District, Baltimore—Thomas S. Baer, dem., Charles H. Carter, dem., Archibald H. Taylor, dem., Charles W. Field, dem., John Hemsley Johnson, dem., James H. Preston, dem.

Third Legislative District, Baltimore.—Daniel W. Stubbs, dem., Henry Hassenkamp, dem., Joseph P. McGonigle, dem., Philip Singleton, dem., Wm. D. Robinson, dem., John F. Williams, dem.

Baltimore County—James B. Councilman, dem., John C. Bosley, dem., Frederick S. Myerly, dem., Osborne I. Yellott, dem., George F. Kieffer, dem., Thomas G. Carter, dem.

Calvert County—Wallace Owings, rep., Wm. H. Dowell, rep.

Caroline County—Henry R. Lewis, dem., Albert W. Sisk, dem.

Carroll County—Benjamin F. Selby, dem., Noah Sullivan, dem., Johnzie E. Beasman, dem., John Wesley Biggs, dem.

Cecil County—George S. Woolley, dem., Frank H. Mackie, dem., Richard L. Thomas, dem.

Charles County—James A. Franklin, dem., George Medley, rep.

Dorchester County—Francis P. Phelps, dem., William F. Applegarth, dem., Levi D. Travers, dem.

Frederick County—Melvin P. Wood, rep., Col. John R. Rouzer, rep., James P. Perry, rep., Andrew A. Annan, rep., George W. Crum, Jr., rep.

Garrett County—A. Frederick George, rep., J. George Kalb, rep.

Harford County—Samuel S. Bevard, dem., Harold Scarboro, dem., Dr. Thos. B. Hayward, dem., John O. Stearns, dem.

Howard County—Louis P. Haslup, dem., Humphrey D. Wolfe, dem.

Kent County—Enoch George Clark, dem., Thomas Romaine Strong, dem.

Montgomery County—Elisha C. Etchison, dem., William H. Lamar, dem., Robert M. Mackall, dem.

Prince George's County—Joseph S. Wilson, dem., George M. Smith, dem., Dent Downing, dem.

Queen Anne's County—Wm. Henry Legg, dem., John O. Phillips, dem., Chas. W. Clements, dem.

Somerset County—Oliver P. Byrd rep., Wm. A. Tull, rep., Philetus H. Cannon, rep.

St. Mary's County—Wm. F. Chercly, rep., John S. Jones, rep.

Talbot County—Ormon Hammond, dem., William Collins, dem., Francis G. Wrightson, dem.

Washington County—Norman B. Scott, Jr., rep., John H. Harp, rep., Tilghman J. Fahrney, rep., Jeremiah B. Cromer, rep.

Wicomico County—Thomas S. Boberts, dem., Albert W. Robinson, dem., Ebenezer G. Davis, dem.

Worcester County—Lloyd Wilkinson, dem., Jerome T. Hayman, dem., Peter Whaley, dem.

TERMS OF SENATORS.

Senators for four years were elected in the following counties:

Allegany, Dorchester, Pr. George's, Caroline, Garrett, St. Mary's, Cecil, Harford, Talbot, Charles, Montgomery, Worcester.

The Senator elected in Baltimore is for four years.

The Senators elected in Calvert and Queen Anne's counties are to fill vacancies for two years.

HOLD-OVER SENATORS.

The following Senators hold over for two years:

Anne Arundel—Robert Moss.
Baltimore City—Chas. H. Evans.
Baltimore City—Thomas G. Hayes.
Baltimore County—John Huber.
Carroll—Pinkney J. Bennett.
Frederick—Jacob N. Newman.
Howard—John G. Rogers.
Kent—Wm. T. Hepbron.
Somerset—Levin L. Waters.
Washington—David Seibert.
Wicomico—E. Stanley Toadvin.

During a performance of the opera of "William Tell" at the Lyceum Opera House, Barcelona, Spain, on Tuesday last, bombs were thrown from the gallery. One of the bombs exploded, blowing the seats to pieces and tearing up the floors in spots. The house at the time was crowded with the elite of the city and a number of foreign visitors. A wild panic followed the explosion and many persons were trampled. The dead numbered twenty-three. Among them were an American gentleman and a wealthy German. The wife of the American accompanied him to the performance. She was injured. As yet she is not aware of her husband's death. The second bomb thrown struck a gentleman on the back and failed to explode.

Several considerable shocks of earthquake were felt in the City of Mexico, on Tuesday. Some people were so affected thereby as to become sick. At the same time the volcano of Colima became very animated.

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Housekeepers, Bakers and consumers of Flour

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Excellent Merits and High Grade

is especially spoken of by the judges of this great Fair. Persons using our Flour can depend upon its excellent quality.

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OUR FEED

are fresh made from our own Wheat—no WESTERN FEED—and is admitted to be worth, by persons who have had experience,

Two Dollars a Ton More

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Very Respectfully,

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Vestings, &c., that has ever been offered to the trade in this county, and am prepared to make up Suits and Overcoats at the lowest possible prices. A fit always guaranteed or no sale are the terms. Also the largest

LINE OF UNDERWEAR

ever offered in this city or county at all prices. My line of GLOVES cannot be surpassed outside of the city. I have a special line of Fur Goods, such as Gloves and Collars, of the Updegraff manufacture. They are very fine and will be sold at bottom figures.

I am always in the lead in the

Gents' Furnishing Line.

I make a specialty in Neckwear; always looking for the latest.

DRESS SHIRTS A SPECIALTY,

in stock or made to order. I have a special line of

GUM COATS

to show you; a special line of Mackintoshes, ranging in price from $6 to $18. I call special attention to the Mackintosh Box Coat. It certainly is a knobby coat—the very thing for a stylish coat. Can be used as an overcoat.

I certainly have the goods for the season. Come and examine my stock and prices before you buy.

oct-25 J. T. ANDERS.

Fall and Winter

ARE

KNOCKING AT OUR DOOR,

And it will cost you nothing to look at our line of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, Valises and Umbrellas.

They are satisfactory in quality and they are satisfactory in prices. The whole world wants to buy the best. The best is our bid for your business. The fall and winter buying has been done with a view of offering you the best qualities at the best figures.

Men's Boots, from $1.50 and upward.

Men's Shoes, from $1.00 and upward.

Women's Shoes, from 75 cents and upward.

Children's Shoes, from 25 cents and upward.

Our line of Ladies' and Misses'

FINE HAND-MADE SHOES,

and other lower grades, will be sold at prices that cannot help but please.

Our stock of Soft and Stiff Hats is large; our goods are new and our prices low. The latest in style; the finest in quality.

Our Trunk, Valise and Umbrella department for fall and winter offerings will not and cannot be surpassed.

Inspect us, criticise us, know us, and you will find we deal fair and save you dollars.

U. L. REAVER,
Next Door to Postoffice,
feb-2-1y Westminster, Md.

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