American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook - Editor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1893.

The sub-committee of the Ways and Means Committee, which has for several months been incubating a tariff bill in secret, has finally hatched the monstrosity and exposed it to the gaze of an astonished and disgusted public. It is a nondescript, half and half sort of production, with here and there a sufficient remnant of protection to give the lie to the Chicago platform, but generally of a character to please the English, open American ports to products of cheap foreign labor, ruin American industries and impoverish American workingmen. The free list is greatly enlarged and heavy reductions made in the rates of duties on many articles which come into competition with the importations produced by the labor of poorly paid workmen abroad. While it will probably receive the commendation of the thick-and-thin Democratic press it will be antagonized by many Democrats and may not receive sufficient votes to enact it into law in its present shape. It is, however, an expression of the Democratic status on the subject and that party must be held responsible for the consequences of its introduction.

Strange Defence of an Improper Act.

The SENTINEL has devoted considerable space to the action of a Democratic challenger at the polling place at New Windsor. The challenger was there under the authority of the law and only acted as Republican challengers acted last year and this. The cause of the SENTINEL's indignation is Mr. Crabbs's failure to get the sixty Democratic votes there he and his friends expected, and he was defeated by Mr. Arnold by an overwhelming majority, when the whole Republican party—or at least, the ruling faction—expected a close vote, and some even believed Mr. Crabbs would be elected. There is no place in the world where elections are freer and fairer than in Carroll county, and everybody in the county knows it. The SENTINEL knows it, and its talk about the Democratic challenger at New Windsor is only intended to smooth off, as far as it can, the rough edges of the severe defeat the party received.

The above is from the *Advocate* of last week in reply to an article in the SENTINEL of the 18th ult., criticising the act of a Democrat who, at the polling place in New Windsor district, at the recent election, turned his attention to watching the voters while preparing and marking their ballots in the booths. The voters' movements were so perceptible that the watcher was able to see when a ballot was so marked as to indicate that it was cut, and when a Democrat voted for some one of the candidates on the Republican ticket his name was entered *on a slip or in a book*, kept by said challenger. In other words, he was "spotted." This, the SENTINEL believes, was a violation of the elector's right to cast a secret ballot, and was contrary to the spirit, if not to the direct letter, of the election law, no matter whether it was done by a challenger, whose presence in the polling room was authorized, or by some other person. To say that the challenger was there under the authority of the law, does not relieve him of the charge of unwarranted interference with the rights of the voters. To say, in addition, that he "only acted as Republican challengers acted last year and this," is the essence of puerility. With as much force could a murderer be exonerated because somebody else had committed a murder. If the *Advocate* knows of any Republican challenger who acted, either this year or last, as the Democratic challenger at New Windsor acted, let him be located and designated. The general assertion that such was the fact is not substantiated by a specific allegation. Let the *Advocate* prove it, if it be susceptible of proof. If true, the act was not less reprehensible than that of the New Windsor challenger and should be as unsparingly condemned.

Again, the culpability of the act in question is not affected by the relative fairness of elections in Carroll county. It is more than probable that the Democrats make use of their ascendency in some portions of this county to secure certain advantages in the registration, and perhaps otherwise; but whether they do or not has no connection whatever with the matter under consideration.

The partisan spirit of the *Advocate* has led it to become, by implication at least, the defender of an act that cannot be defended. The SENTINEL in calling public attention to it has only been actuated by a desire to see a repetition of the wrong rendered impossible, and in that spirit has brought the subject to the attention of the Election Supervisors. It will become their duty to provide means to prevent a renewal of this espionage of voters by protecting the booths from observation in the most convenient and perfect manner. If this isn't the purpose and intent of the law then the law itself is a deception and a fraud and should be promptly repealed or amended.

For the first time in the history of the country a customs revenue bill has been drafted, for passage by Congress, which it is admitted will not produce a sum sufficient to meet the necessary expenditures of the government. The Wilson tariff bill, it is estimated, will leave a deficit of fifty millions of dollars at least—and probably much more—to be provided for by internal revenue taxation. A partial return to war taxes may be necessary, the Democratic party stultifying itself on that subject, as it has done on so many others, merely for the purpose of carrying its plan of striking down American industries and reducing the wages of American workingmen.

Thanksgiving Day in the United States originated in 1622, and for many years was observed in New England only. It is now, however, observed in every State. No people have greater reason for thangsgiving than Americans.

Striking the Farmers.

The love of the Democratic party for the farmer, whom it has been patting on the shoulder in the most affectionate manner during recent years, is strangely manifested in the schedule of duties on agricultural products and provisions, in the Wilson tariff bill just made public. Everybody recalls the extensive promises to farmers indulged in by the Democrats during the Presidential canvass of 1892, and the great sympathy exhibited for them as the supposed victims of a robber tariff. The election of Mr. Cleveland was to work a mighty change for the better in the prospects of the agriculturist. Wheat was to be promptly advanced to a dollar a bushel and prices of all farm products enhanced, while prices of clothing and other articles necessary to be purchased were to be correspondingly reduced. The producer now realizes by sad experience the worthlessness of these promises. Wheat is lower than ever and is produced without profit. Good prices have been maintained for the smaller kinds of agricultural products and the farmer's profits have been drawn mainly from this source. For this advantage he is indebted to the McKinley tariff law, which affords him adequate protection. Foreign potatoes pay 25 cents per bushel duty, eggs 5 cents per dozen and other articles of this class in about the same proportion. In 1892 the Canadians paid $522,195 duties on eggs. The Wilson bill proposes to make our Canadian neighbors a present of this amount annually and make up the loss by taxing our own people, on the theory, as an exchange puts it, "that the Americans can stand it better than the Canadians." Eggs go on the free list and the farmers, as well as an innumerable class of small poultry raisers, are to be deprived of the protection afforded by the duty. Many a poor family is now provided with groceries by the sale of eggs from a small stock of chickens. But Mr. Wilson says the protection must go. In our own county, under the stimulus of the five cents duty, a number of persons have engaged in poultry raising on an extensive scale and others are preparing to do so. But Mr. Wilson says, in effect, "Strike it down; protection is unconstitutional."

One farmer says his profit during the last year on four acres of potatoes was greater than on ten times that many acres of wheat. Potatoes pay 25 cents per bushel duty. But Mr. Wilson and his committee say it shall only be 10 cents hereafter, and the potato-grower of Prince Edward's Island will reap the fruits of the concession, while the American farmer must look in vain for some other product upon which to make a profit.

So on butter. Down goes the duty in the Wilson bill to 4 cents per pound. Even wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley &c., are to lose protection almost entirely, the rates of duties being reduced fully one-half, taking present prices into consideration, as ad valorem rates are substituted for the specific duties imposed by the McKinley law.

Oh yes. The Democratic party loves the farmer about election time, but now that it has no further present use for him he is to feel the direct consequences of Democratic hostility to his interests in the matter refferred to. And not in this alone, but in the production of wool, in which most farmers are interested to some extent, is the agricultural class to feel the hostile attitude of the present administration. Verily Democratic tariff reform is to be a besom of destruction, sweeping away the prosperity of the country.

Persecuting Pensioners.

For "ways that are dark" the Interior Department, presided over by Mr. Hoke Smith, is more than peculiar. Some of these ways have been exhibited in its dealings with Mr. William A. Chilcote, of New Windsor, who has been, until recently, in the receipt of a pension as a disabled union soldier. On the 12th of September last, the anniversary of the battle of North Point and the heroic defence of Baltimore against the assaults of the British army in 1814, Mr. Chilcote received a brief printed notice, without explanation or comment, that his pension had been suspended. He immediately wrote to Commissioner Lochren, requesting that he be informed of the cause of that action. No reply was received and he wrote again, and still again, with a similar result. A day or two after October 6th he received a notice, under that date, abruptly informing him that payment of his pension had been resumed, but offering no further explanation. Now he is the recipient of another notice, bearing date November 18th, conveying the information that his pension has been again suspended and notifying him that the medical evidence on file in the Pension Department is insufficient to establish his total disability under the act of June 27th, 1890.

Naturally, Mr. Chilcote is annoyed by this vacillation on the part of the pension officials. It is a singular proceeding, to say the least of it, but seems to have no better basis than prejudice against the soldier who fought to save the Union, while Mr. Hoke Smith, who has been placed in authority as head of the department to which this soldier must look for the just recognition of his services, was serving the cause of secession in the field. Mr. Chilcote is a worthy pensioner. He was a brave soldier and is suffering from the effect of disabilities consequent upon the strain and exposure incident to the service. He proved his claim to a pension to the satisfaction of the department and it was granted upon the evidence submitted by him. Its suspension is an act of arbitrary authority and, we believe, is illegal. The question ought to be tested in the courts and the system of persecution adopted by the Department promptly nullified. Pensioned soldiers may be certain that nothing short of legal process will arrest the injustice to which they are being subjected under the Cleveland administration.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* "extends its sympathy to Governor McCorkle, of West Virginia, and the host of Democrats in the Southern States who protested against taking the duty off bituminous coal. The President's map of the United States knows no Middle States, no border States, no West. It is made up of New York city, a little of New England, and the cotton, sugar and rice growing sections of the South—the old South. The new South isn't in it.

Dogs are killing a number of sheep for Queen Anne's county farmers.

The Democratic press and Democratic orators generally seemed to find special pleasure in denouncing the sugar bounty, provided by the McKinley law, as downright robbery and an unmitigated violation of the Constitution. Before many a Democratic audience in Carroll county the changes were rung on this subject, by local speakers as well as by orators from abroad, the home talent, as a rule, having been most emphatic in its condemnation. And now the Wilson bill recognizes, not only the propriety but the constitutionality of the bounty, by providing for its continuance, with a gradual reduction of one-fourth cent per pound, annually, until 1902, when it is to cease altogether. Of course this is utterly inconsistent with the Chicago platform, being, in fact, the most explicit and direct method of protection, which that instrument denounces as unconstitutional and a fraud. Equally of course its object is to protect Louisiana sugar planters, in a measure, and to prevent the political consequences to the Democratic party, in that State, of a failure to provide other means of protection by an increased duty on sugar, the rate, in fact, on sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard, being slightly reduced. The purpose of the McKinley law was to stimulate the production of cane and beet sugars and so to provide another remunerative American agricultural industry. The Republicans believed the measure constitutional and enacted it for the general welfare of the country. The Democrats, declaring it unconstitutional, propose to re-enact it solely for partisan reasons. And now it will doubtless receive the commendation of the newspaper and politicians heretofore most glib in its denunciation.

One of the most objectionable features of the proposed Democratic tariff bill is the form in which most of the duties are to be levied under it. Attempted frauds upon the customs revenues are of constant occurrence, and ceaseless vigilance on the part of customs officials has been necessary to frustrate them. The experience of such officials, almost without exception, has demonstrated that ad valorem duties afford much greater opportunities for the perpetration of fraud than is offered when the rates are specific. In the case of ad valorem duties, undervaluation may almost be said to be a common practice, while, as a rule, specific duties cannot be readily evaded. On this account the duties levied under the existing McKinley tariff law were made, as far as possible, specific. The Wilson bill, as the measure now proposed is called, has repudiated this feature and provides, in large part, that duties shall be levied ad valorem. So freely has this system been incorporated in the various schedules that it would not be inapt to term it a bill to promote frauds upon the revenue.

Prof. William D. Alexander, for twenty years Surveyor General of Hawaii, and for a long time President of Oahu College at Honolulu, has written a review of Commissioner Blount's proceedings in the Hawaiian Revolution investigation, in which it is clearly demonstrated that Mr. Cleveland's representative was strongly prejudiced against the Provisional Government, and ignored information coming from sources favorable to it. Instead of a judge he became an advocate in the matter and concentrated his energies upon an effort to establish his preconceived theory that the deposition of the queen was the work of the American naval force landed at Honolulu at the request of United States Minister Stevens. The most reliable testimony obtainable thoroughly controverts this theory and makes it plain that the revolutionary movement had culminated before the landing of the American sailors, who were not stationed in a body at a point to threaten the queen and her cabinet and supporters, as Mr. Blount alleges, but were divided and posted where they could best protect the interests of American citizens if an armed conflict between the adherents of the queen and the forces of the Provisional Government had ensued.

Refering to the Wilson tariff bill an exchange says it is not a "protective measure, and yet it distinctly recognizes protection as a principle, and thus, again, is untrue to the Democratic pledge. There is a very decided tendency to protection in some instances. Tennessee marble is protected, although the building stone of New England is assailed. Products of the Northern and Western farm are left unprotected, but the rice of South Carolina and the oranges and lemons of Florida are spared free competition. Indeed, there is a studied attempt to break down the great industries of the North, while the interests of the Southern States are carefully looked after, the intention being, of course, to hold all the Southern Democrats in line for the bill. For the North protection is unconstitutional and a fraud. For the South it is a thing to coddle. We have, then, not the principle of protection for the entire country and for every interest, but class legislation, individual protection, rank discrimination that is offensive."

Mr. Robert Kirkwood Martin, chief engineer of the Baltimore water department, died suddenly of heart disease at his office, in the City Hall, at twenty minutes after 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, 24th ult. Up to within a few minutes of his death Mr. Martin was apparently in the best of health. He lived at the Carrollton Hotel and breakfasted with Mrs. Martin between 8 and 9 o'clock. He laughed and chatted with his wife and seemed in particularly good spirits. As he was about to enter the door of his office he sank to the floor and immediately expired. Mr. Martin was a prominent member of the Masonic Fraternity and on the Wednesday night previous to his death had been re-elected Deputy Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Maryland. He was buried by the Grand Lodge with Masonic honors.

Hon. Jeremiah M. Rusk, ex-Secretary of Agriculture, left an estate valued at $50,000. He bequeathed $1,000 to Henry Casson, of Washington D. C., who was his private secretary, and the remainder to his family.

Knitting mills at Amsterdam, N. Y., and other places are closing down, owing to the prospects of changes in the tariff. Two woolen mills at Raritan, N. J., have reduced wages because of the dullness in trade, due to the tariff agitation.

Hon. Chas. Foster, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, has notified his creditors that he can settle with them on the basis of 50 cents on the dollar.

C. E. Union Fourth Annual Convention.

The state executive committee of the Maryland Christian Endeavor Union has gotten out an advance bulletin regarding the fourth annual convention of the society, to be held in Brantly Baptist Church, Baltimore, December 5, 6 and 7. A preparatory devotional service will be held on Tuesday, 5th, in Memorial Evangelical Church, Edmondson avenue and Fremont street, from 4 to 5 P. M., conducted by Dr. F. E. Clark. At 7:30 P. M. the convention will be opened with a service of song in Brantly Church. Rev Dr. H. M. Wharton will deliver the address of welcome; Rev. H. L. Elderdice, of Pocomoke City, will respond. The feature of the evening will be an address by Dr. Clark on "The Problem of the Unemployed." On Wednesday morning the convention sermon will be preached by Rev. Maltbie D. Babcock. There will also be four addresses by prominent speakers on "The Pledge," "Committee Work," "The Prayer-Meeting" and "Christian Fellow-ship." In the afternoon the report of Secretary Belt will be read, followed by the "Pastor's Hour." The juniors will also hold their rally at this session. At night the report of President Perkins will be heard; also, two addresses, "The World for Christ" and "Applied Christianity." Mr. Anthony Comstock, of New York, will deliver on Thursday morning an address on "Christian Endeavor and the Unchurched." The afternoon session will be devoted to conferences of the various committees, an address by Mrs. Scudder, of Jersey City, on "How to Save the Children," and a parliament on junior work, conducted by Mrs. Scudder. The night session will be the closing one. The committees will report, the officers will be elected, and the banner presented. Two addresses will also be delivered, one by Rev. Dr. Burrell, of New York, and one by Rev. Dr. T. H. Lewis, of Westminster. The consecration service, which is of so much interest to Endeavorers, will close the convention. Arrangements are being made for noonday business men's meetings, on 6th and 7th, at a point near the business sections. Early morning prayer-meetings, beginning at 6:30, will be held in Brantly Church.

Warning Against Small-Pox.

Dr. James A. Steuart, secretary of the State board of health, has issued a public warning in view of the prevalence of small-pox in other States than Maryland. Dr. Steuart says: "There exists at this time no small-pox in this State so far as is known to the State board, but that fact does not remove the obligation of obedience to the law or the moral obligation of protection from this loathsome disease toward the community and the family. One tramp with small-pox tramping through an unvaccinated community may give rise to direful consequences." State laws relating to vaccination and the spread of infectious diseases are appended to the warning. In Maryland parents or guardians are required to have their children vaccinated within twelve months after birth if the children are in proper physical condition or as soon after the period as possible.

Ex-Minister Stevens tells the story of his acts and those of the lamented Capt. Wiltse, of the Boston, in a lengthy letter, published in the daily newspapers of Thursday. He charges Commissioner Blount with untruthfulness, and adduces convincing proof of the truth of the charge. The fact is, the more the proceedings of Cleveland, Gresham and Blount are ventilated the more plainly it appears that their sole object was to discredit the acts of their predecessors without regard to consequences to the better element of the people of Hawaii or to the interests of the United States. A thorough investigation of the course of the administration is not only in order, but is demanded by every consideration of justice and fair-play.

Some of the radical points of the Wilson tariff bill are the addition to the free list of wool, coal, iron ore, copper, lumber, sulphuric acid and salt, the reduction of the duty on pig iron from $6.72 per ton to 12½ per cent., which at present prices is $1.50 to $2.25 per ton; on steel rails from $13.44 per ton to 25 per cent., or about $4.50 per ton at present prices; on glass and linens from 40 per cent., upwards, averaging about one-half. Every change enumerated will seriously effect some valuable and extensive home interest. Under the iron schedule many furnaces, North and South, will be closed. Farmers, miners, workingmen and others will feel heavily the removal of protection from wool, coal, and other commodities mentioned.

The Western Conference of the Md. Lutheran Synod, in session at Hagerstown, adjourned on Wednesday, having selected Martinsburg as the place for the next meeting. A movement was made to place the conference on record in a protest against the appropriation of money by the Maryland Legislature for denominational schools. Revs. C. L. Keedy, D. D., and J. E. Bushnell, of Kee Mar College, who desire Kee Mar to get an appropriation, opposed taking such action, as did one or two other ministers, who thought the proposed resolution would have little effect either way. After prolonged discussion, the matter was dropped.

Thursday afternoon, while Mr. John Humphreys, residing about three-quarters of a mile from Alberton, was endeavoring to drive a vicious bull into the stables, the animal became enraged and made a plunge at his owner, knocked him to the ground, and broke his collarbone. Mr. Humphreys, fortunately, was able to extricate himself and flee to a place of safety. Dr. T. Watermyer was hastily sent for and promptly responded. It is thought that the injuries are not serious.

William Leonard, an Englishman, was convicted at Rockville, on Wednesday, of murder in the first degree for killing Jesse T. Anderson, a well-known resident of Frederick county. The prisoner will be sentenced Monday next. The murder was committed in Frederick county.

David H. Ames died on Wednesday at Jerseyville, Ill., aged one hundred and two years. His remains were taken to Holland county, N. Y., where he was born. His father lived to be one hundred and two years old. He has six children living.

Kuchan, a town in Northern Persia, was utterly destroyed by successive shocks of earthquake between the 17th and 24th of November. Twelve thousand persons perished in the ruins and the survivors suffered terribly.

Governor Brown, in the Charles county contested election cases, issued commissions to the Democratic candidates for county commissioners and surveyor, and the Republican candidate for sheriff.

The United Brethren council, at Johnstown, Pa., adopted plans for developing the church educational institutions and assigned the bishops to the several districts.

Thirty persons were killed and many injured in a railway collision near Milan, Italy. The wreckage took fire, and a large number of the victims were burned.

Mrs. Catharine Gaul, of Mechanicstown, daughter of Major George Martz, of Frederick, died suddenly on Wednesday of heart disease, in the seventieth year of her age.

Green & Kelly's livery stable and David Russell's carriage factory, Lexington, Mo., were burned Monday. In the stable twenty-one horses were burned to death.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Commissioners' Notice.

THE County Commissioners of Carroll county will meet at their Office, in Westminster, on the FIRST MONDAY of DECEMBER, 1893, for the transaction of business.

By order, CHARLES BRILHART,
nov-11-1m Clerk.

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Yours Respectfully,
ja-3-1y G. W. DEMMITT, Dentist.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

DANIEL LYNN,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 20th day of June, 1894, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under our hands this 20th day of November, 1893.

ABRAHAM LYNN,
DANIEL H. LYNN,
nov-25-4t* Administrators.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the estate of

CHARLOTTE RUDISEL,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 20th day of June, 1894; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 20th day of November, 1893.

JACOB RINEHART,
nov-25-4t Administrator.

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Citron,
Figs,
Dates,
Nuts of all Kinds,

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ATTENTION!

You can save fifty per cent. in the purchase of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubbery, &c., by obtaining them at the

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All my stock is grown by myself, in this State and in Kansas, and is guaranteed to be healthy, sound and true to name. Can furnish Peach budded on Russian Apricot.

Instead of placing your orders with agents for high priced stock, call and learn my prices.

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FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

J. W. Lockard's new Furniture Store is the place to get your furniture. I have bought my partner, P. M. Hunter, out, and I intend to sell at the very lowest price. Do not buy until you have examined my stock of fine furniture. I have all kinds,

Parlor Suits, Bedroom Suits,

and all kinds of household and kitchen furniture. Also Sash, Doors and Blinds, always on hand.

J. W. LOCKARD,
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PRIVATE SALE

OF A VALUABLE

SMALL FARM.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale his very desirable small farm, lying on the road leading from Pleasant Valley to the Plank Road, one-fourth mile from said Village and containing 70 acres, more or less. The land is in an excellent state of cultivation and productive, is under good fencing and well watered. The improvements are a large 8-room Brick Dwelling House, large Bank Barn and all other necessary outbuildings, in excellent repair, with running water at barn. An abundance of fruit of various kinds. Terms easy.

THEO. J. MYERS,
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Dr. J. W. Helm, Surgeon Dentist,

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New Windsor, Carroll County, Md.

OFFERS his professional services to the Public in all its branches. He will visit TANEYTOWN—on the 1st Wednesday of each month.

☞ Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.

A liberal share of public patronage solicited.

Respectfully,
iy-20 1y J. W. HELM, D. D. S.

Special Notice.

WESTMINSTER, MD., Nov. 15th, 1893.

I have this day associated with me Mr. Chas. E. Goodwin in the Insurance business.

HENRY I. WILSON.

The business of Insurance will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of

WILSON & GOODWIN,
no-18 3t 17 W. Main Street.

S. Kann, Sons & Co.,

11 E. MAIN STREET.

Special Bargain Sale!

to which we call your attention and cordially invite your inspection.

Dress Goods,

of which we have the largest and most carefully selected stock ever displayed in this city, look after themselves, for the cost is fully twenty-five per cent (or a "quarter" on every dollar) below the regular

Rental Price,

while our Novelties in

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S COATS, LACE CURTAINS,

LINENS, LADIES' AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS

Try hard to get ahead, and our

REMNANTS,

on which we beat the country, never fail to attract your eye.

Perhaps the best thing we can do is to

Give you an Insight

of what you can get by picking here and there from the various departments

Specimen Bargains,

which shall serve as fingerposts to guide you.

WHO DO NOT KNOW

What a Special Bargain Sale

of our

Mammoth Establishment Means,

to come here early and stay here late and secure choice and

SEASONABLE BARGAINS.

Follow us up very closely and carefully and you can pin your faith to our promises. We're doing more than we tell you—much more because we have learned that it is better to make the promises as small as possible and the performance as big as possible.

500 yards 36 inches wide Dress Goods in all shades, sold everywhere at 30 cts., now only 18 cts. — 18 cts. 18 cts.

750 yards all Wool 38 inches wide Plaids, regular price 50 cts., bargain price 39 cts. — 39 cts. 39 cts.

350 yards all Wool Serges and Cashmeres 38 inches wide, sold at 60 cts., we cut down to 48 cts. — 48 cts. 48 cts.

30 Dress Patterns, all Wool Serges and Cloths, regular price $1.00, get your choice for 69 cts. per yard. — 69 cts. 69 cts. 69 cts.

Here is your pick and choice of a magnificent lot of Lace Curtains, in good lengths, cut down to the paltry price of 49 cts. a pair. — 49 cts. 49 cts. 49 cts. 49 cts.

Here's your pick and choice of about 500 Lace Curtains Ends, that no store in the world sells under 50 cts., only 21 cts.; get first pick. — 21 cts. 21 cts. 21 cts. 21 cts. 21 cts.

Here are about 15 to 20 dozen All Linen Bordered Towels, 54 inches long and 24 inches wide, cut from 35 cts. to 25 cts.; Tremendous values. — 25 cts. 25 cts. 25 cts. 25 cts.

50 pieces of Amoskeag Apron Gingham, worth 10 cts., cut down to 8 cts. — 8 cts. 8 cts. 8 cts.

10 pieces 38 inches Hop Sacking strictly all wool, the season's choicest dress fabric, only 39 cts. — 39 cts. 39 cts.

Here's a stunner, 20 dozen Ladies' French Kid Gloves, in all shades, sold for strictly $1.00, cut down to 49 cts. Now what do you say? — 49 cts. 49 cts. 49 cts.

1000 yards of half bleached 4-4 Muslin Remnants positively worth 8 cts., mind you only 6½ cts. — 6½ cts. 6½ cts.

4500 yards of Pacific Print Remnants, in correct styles, positively worth 8 cents, we sell always for the old price at 5 cts. — 5 cts. 5 cts. 5 cts.

Don't miss these Dress Patterns.

New Millinery at Half Price.

Our stock is by far the largest and best selected to be found in this city. We want you to see it and tell us what you think of it. As the holiday season is approaching we have decided to make an extra reduction in this line and we assure you that we can sell you any grades from 25 to 40 per cent. cheaper than any exclusive millinery house in this city.

Our Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats

are too numerous to mention and will only tell you that we marked all Garments at such a low price, that no other business house in this city will dare to compete with.

We made the same reduction in all other departments, and whether you're ready to buy or not, we must see you here—and you must see how much we have done for your pleasure, as well as for your pocket-book. Spread the tidings of this great bargain sale, so that everybody may enjoy it. We specially request you to run up on our second floor and see our Cloak Department.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

We are getting ready for our Christmas displays, and will have the fullest and most complete stock of TOYS and Holiday Novelties for presents ever seen in Westminster.

Look out for our holiday advertisement in about two weeks.

S. Kann, Sons & Co.,

11 E. MAIN STREET,

NEAR DEPOT, WESTMINSTER, MD.
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FLOUR AND FEED!

We take great pleasure in informing all

Housekeepers, Bakers and consumers of Flour

that we stand at the head of the

FLOUR AND FEED BUSINESS.

OUR FLOUR

has just taken the

FIRST PREMIUM

at the GREAT

Washington County Fair

and its

Excellent Merits and High Grade

is especially spoken of by the judges of this great Fair. Persons using our Flour can depend upon its excellent quality.

For sale by all first-class Grocers.

OUR FEED

are fresh made from our own Wheat—no WESTERN FEED—and is admitted to be worth, by persons who have had experience,

Two Dollars a Ton More

than Western Feed.

Farmers Exchange Business especially solicited.

Very Respectfully,

N. I. Gorsuch & Son,

WESTMINSTER, MD.
no-16-tf

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MERCHANT TAILOR,

34 WEST MAIN ST., - - WESTMINSTER, MD