Postod

American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897.

Mr. N. C. Killam, who was engaged in business in this city for a short time, a year or more ago, is an applicant for the position of public printer. Mr. Killam is a Baltimore printer. Mr. J. Guest King, editor and publisher of the *Examiner*, at Annapolis, is also an applicant for the same office and is generally endorsed by the Republican editors of the State.

President McKinley has appointed Col. John Hay, who was one of President Lincoln's private secretaries, ambassador to England, and Gen. Horace Porter, who served on Gen. Grant's staff, ambassador to France. Both are admirably qualified to represent the country with distinction. Mr. Henry White, of Rhode Island, goes as secretary of the American embassy to England.

The first message of President McKinley to Congress, published elsewhere in the SENTINEL, will be read with interest. It is a plain, straightforward, unembellished statement of the condition of the finances of the country and recommends such legislation as will enable the government to meet current expenses without increasing the public debt.

The daily press of Thursday was filled with details of the brutal prize fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons, which took place at Carson, Nev., on Wednesday, and was witnessed by thousands of the gambling and sporting fraternity of the country. Fitzsimmons knocked his antagonist out on the fourteenth round and gained the title of champion slugger of the world, a distinction some people think more to be coveted than the highest honors that can be won by warriors, statesmen or patriots.

THE RESPONSIBILITY.

Our Democratic neighbor at Main and Centre streets is emphatic in denouncing congressional extravagance and superb in the sang froid with which it seeks to shift responsibility from Democratic to Republican shoulders. The appropriations made by the Fifty-fourth Congress, it says, "exceeded those of the previous Congress, which was controlled by the Democrats, by over fifty-four millions of dollars." The language quoted contains an insinuation that the Fifty-fourth Congress was controlled by Republicans. It was not. The Lower House was largely Republican, but in the Senate the Democrats and Populists combined formed a majority of the Senators. The Republicans were unable to pass any bill against the combination. The Executive Department was entirely under Democratic control and Congress was divided. Hence not only was the responsibility for appropriations divided, but the necessity for large appropriations was occasioned, in a great measure, by the course of the Fifty-third Congress, which was Democratic in both branches, as well as by the acts of the Democratic administration. The Republican party is always willing to bear the sole responsibility of legislation when it posseses the sole power to legislate. In this case it neither created the necessity for large appropriations nor made them. The appropriation bills were passed by a Republican House and an opposition Senate, and were signed by a Democratic President, in the closing days of a four-year's administration, during two years of which it was backed by a solid Democratic Congress.

It was during those two years, too, that the laws were passed which left the government without sufficient revenues, increased the public debt to such an extent as to add over eleven millions of dollars to the fixed interest charges and created deficiencies which had to be provided for by subsequent appropriations. By far the largest share of the responsibility, therefore, in the case, rests with the Democratic party. Our neighbor should make a note of these things for the enlightement of its readers.

RACETRACK GAMBLING.

At the meeting of the Republican Editorial Association of Maryland, at Annapolis, on Monday, Mr. V. M. Torbert, of the *Cecil Whig*, called attention to racetrack gambling in Cecil county, and requested his brethren of the press to take up the subject and urge the adoption of such a measure by the Legislature as will effectually destroy the evil.

Some years ago New Jersey was the chief seat of winter racing, and it became a stench in the nostrils of decent people. Racing was not pursued as a legitimate sport, nor for the purpose of promoting the improvement of racing stock, but purely as a method of gambling. Frequenters of tracks were chiefly of the blackleg profession or its victims. Races were held in all sorts of weather and on all sorts of tracks. Horses were run in mud up to their knees, under lash and spur, and treated with abominable cruelty, often breaking their limbs in their struggles through the mire. The politicians who controlled and plundered New Jersey were the protectors of the racetrack gamblers, who in turn aided materially in keeping their friends in official power. The reputable press, in and out of the state, took up the matter and after several years of energetic denunciation achieved a complete victory over the combination and rid the state of the immoral spectacle. The question was a factor, and a large factor at that, in the downfall of the Democratic party, by which the evil was fostered and protected in the state.

Driven out of New Jersey it has now found a home in Cecil county, Maryland, where the same unworthy scenes and methods that disgraced New Jersey are being re-enacted and pursued. At the last session of the Maryland Legislature a bill was introduced for the suppression of the vice, but it was mysteriously lost in the committee room at too late a period in the session to correct the mishap. Cecil county will appeal to the General Assembly again, in 1898, for such legislation as may be necessary to put a speedy end to the immoral and disgraceful practice. Let the Republicans of this county see to it that their convention speak out in no uncertain manner on the subject, and that their nominees for the House of Delegates be citizens who will take a lively and active interest in freeing Maryland from the reproach of such immoral scenes.

The Republican Editorial Association appointed a committee, consisting of Messrs. Torbert, Goldsborough and Nock, to consider the matter and report resolutions concerning it for action at the next meeting.

THE PROPOSED TARIFF BILL.

Chairman Dingley, of the ways and means committee of Congress by which the new tariff bill is being considered and discussed, estimates that upon the basis of the importations for the year ending June, 1896, the bill provides for an increase of $112,000,000 per annum in the revenue, divided among the several schedules as follows:

A—Chemicals, $3,500,000.
B—Crockery and glassware, $4,000,000.
C—Metals, $4,000,000.
D—Wood, $1,750,000.
E—Sugar, $21,750,000.
F—Tobacco, $7,000,000.
G—Agricultural, $6,300,000.
H—Liquors, $1,800,000.
I—Cottons, $1,700,000.
J—Jute, linens and hemp, $7,800,000.
K—Wool, $17,500,000; do. manufactures of wool, $27,000,000.
L—Silks, $1,500,000.
M—Pulp and paper, $58,000.
N—Sundries, $6,200,000.

As the increase in tariff rates and other causes will operate, to some extent, to lessen the importations the actual addition to the revenue will probably be considerably less than the estimate.

CONGRESS IN EXTRA SESSION.

The Congress of the United States convened in the Capitol at Washington, in extra session, at noon on Monday. Hon. Thomas Brackett Reed, of Maine, was re-elected Speaker. The vote was as follows: Reed, Republican, 199; Bailey, Democrat, 114; Bell, Populist, 21; Newlands, Silverite, 1. Mr. Reed was nominated for the Speakership on Saturday night, by the Republican Caucus, by an unanimous vote. Mr. Reed made the following speech in assuming the gavel:

"Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:

"It has been the custom for a hundred years for the Speakers elect to so fully express their gratitude and their sense of honor conferred that the language by which thanks are conveyed has been long ago exhausted. Will you pardon me if I confess that on all the occasions when I have stood here I have been more oppressed by the sense of responsibility than cheered by the sentiment of thankfulness?

"Yet I appreciate—no man more—the high honor of your vote and the confidence which dictated it. But, high as the honor is, it will surely fade unless your favor is permanent. I cannot, having had experience, expect to please all of you always, but I do hope, with your assistance and your kind forbearance, to administer justice to each member and to both sides of the chamber under the rules established by the House of Representatives, without fear, favor or the hope of reward."

After the organization President McKinley's first message to Congress was read in both Houses. Its full text is as follows:

"To THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES:

"Regretting the necessity which has required me to call you together, I feel that your assembling in extraordinary session is indispensable because of the condition in which we find the revenues of the government. It is conceded that its current expenditures are greater than its receipts, and that such a condition has existed for now more than three years.

"With unlimited means at our command, we are presenting the remarkable spectacle of increasing our public debt by borrowing money to meet the ordinary outlays incident upon even an economical and prudent administration of the government. An examination of the subject discloses this fact in every detail and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the condition of the revenue which allows it is unjustifiable and should be corrected.

A SURPLUS IN 1892.

We find by the reports of the Secretary of the Treasury that the revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30th, 1892, from all sources were $425,868,200.22 and the expenditures for all purposes were $415,953,806.56, leaving an excess of receipts over expenditures of $9,914,453.66. During that fiscal year $40,570,467.98 were paid upon the public debt, which had been reduced since March 1, 1889, $250,676,880 and the annual interest charge decreased $11,684,576.60. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1893, amounted to $461,716,561.94 and its expenditures to $459,374,887.65, showing an excess of receipts over expenditures of $2,341,674.29.

RECEIPTS LESS THAN EXPENDITURES.

Since that time the receipts of no fiscal year, and with but few exceptions of no month of any fiscal year, have exceeded the expenditures. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1894, were $372,802,498.29 and its expenditures $442,005,758.87, leaving a deficit, the first since the resumption of specie payments, of $69,803,260.58. Notwithstanding there was a decrease of $16,760,128.78 in the ordinary expenses of the government as compared with the previous fiscal year, its income was still not sufficient to provide for its daily necessities, and the gold reserve in the treasury for the redemption of greenbacks was drawn upon to meet them. But this did not suffice, and the government then resorted to loans to replenish the reserve.

THE BOND ISSUE.

"In February, 1894, $50,000,000 in bonds were issued, and in November following a second issue of $50,000,000 was deemed necessary. The sum of $117,171,795 was realized by the sale of these bonds, but the reserve was steadily decreased until, on February 8, 1895, a third sale of $62,315,400 in bonds for $65,116,244 was announced to Congress. The receipts of the government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895, were $390,573,203.30 and the expenditures $433,178,426.48, showing a deficit of $42,805,223.18. A further loan of $100,000,000 was negotiated by the government in February, 1896, the sale netting $111,163,246, and swelling the aggregate of bonds issued within three years to $262,315,400.

THE DEFICIT IN 1896.

"For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1896, the revenues of the government from all sources amounted to $409,475,408.78, while its expenditures were $434,678,654.48, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of $25,203,245.70. In other words, the total receipts for the three fiscal years ended June 30, 1896, were insufficient by $137,811,720.46 to meet the total expenditures.

GROWING EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES.

"For the first half of the present fiscal year the receipts of the government, exclusive of postal revenues, were $157,507,693.75 and its expenditures, inclusive of postal service, $195,410,000.22, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of $37,902,306.46.

"In January of this year the receipts exclusive of postal revenues, were $24,316,994.05 and the expenditures, exclusive of postal service, $30,209,380.29, a deficit of $5,892,386.24 for the month. In February of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were $24,400,997.38 and expenditures, exclusive of postal service, $28,786,656.03, a deficit of $4,385,660.28, or a total deficiency of $8,861,580.44 for the three years and eight months ending March 1, 1897.

INCREASE IN INTEREST CHARGES.

"Not only are we without a surplus in the treasury, but with an increase in the public debt there has been a corresponding increase in the annual interest charge from $22,893,883.20 in 1892, the lowest of any year since 1862, to $34,387,297.00, in 1896, or an increase of $11,493,414.40.

"It may be urged that even if the revenues of the government had been sufficient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the past three years, the gold reserve would still have been insufficient to meet the demands upon it, and that bonds would necessarily have been issued for its repletion. Be this as it may, it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the correctness of such a conclusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount of the deficiency, and business confidence immeasurably strengthened throughout the country.

REVENUES MUST BE SUPPLIED.

"Congress should promptly correct the existing condition. Ample revenues must be supplied, not only for the ordinary expenses of the government, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the principal and interest of the public debt. In raising revenues duties should be so levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market, so far as possible, to our own producers, to revive and increase manufactures, to increase our domestic and foreign commerce, to aid and develop mining and building and to render to labor in every field of useful occupation the liberal wages and adequate rewards to which skill and industry are justly entitled.

PROMPT PASSAGE OF THE TARIFF LAW.

"The necessity of the passage of a tariff law which shall provide ample revenue need not be further urged. The imperative demand of the hour is the prompt enactment of such a measure, and to this object I earnestly recommend that Congress shall make every endeavor. Before other business is transacted let us first provide sufficient revenue to faithfully administer the government without the contracting of further debt or the continued disturbance of our finances.

"WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

"Executive Mansion, March 15, 1897."

GRAND LODGE I. O. M.

The Grand Lodge, Independent Order of Mechanics, of Maryland, met in Uniontown, on Monday evening, and concluded its proceedings on Tuesday. Officers were elected and appointed for the ensuing year, as follows:

Senior grand architect, Geo. W. Spillman; grand architect, Elmer Bernhard; vice grand architect, Herbert L. Byrd; grand secretary, Col. Wm. Louis Schley; grand treasurer, Charles J. Gaebler; grand chaplain, George W. Kuhl; grand conductor, J. N. Engel; grand inside sentinel, Henry Sproker; grand outside sentinel, L. Steinberg; grand marshal, Geor.e Pilgrim; finance committee, Charles Ballauf, B. H. Hartogensis and John Hamman.

The order in this state is reported to be in a flourishing condition. From the report of the grand secretary it appears that during the past year there were 2-8 new admissions by initiation, 10 by card and 41 by reinstatement; a total of 349; and a total loss in membership of 253; membership in good standing, 2,557. Receipts for the year, $23 220 85; receipts since organization of the order, $677,887 25. Weekly benefits paid during the year, $7,303 50; funeral benefits, $4,458; donations to widows, $2 836 86; general, $379 96; total, $14 978 32. Gross benefit payments since organization, $380,496 23. Amount of receipts in lodges during the year, $58,629. Number of members, widows, etc., relieved during the year, 624. Deaths during the year, 44.

Mr. Philip M. Hunter, of Westminster Lodge, and Dr. J. T. Shreeve, of Union Lodge, having served three years as district deputy grand architects, were elected members of the Supreme Grand Lodge.

For the SENTINEL.

"DIRECTOR OF FARMERS' INSTITUTES."

Cost to Tax-Payers—$3,000.

The truisms of one age become the fallacies of the next. It can no longer be said that he is a public benefactor who causes two blades of grass to grow where before there was but one. The skill, the industry or the number of the farmers has carried production to the point of disaster. Heavier harvests would be deeper disaster,—more to market for less money,—a blessing to buyer of fixed salaries and per cents, but bankruptcy to the tillers of the soil.

It takes less to flatter slaves than a man of sense. Farmers should unbend their burdened shoulders and think. Think, not how to reduce January eggs below one cent apiece and corn below one dollar a barrel, etc., but rather how to recover a measure of their former profits either by curtailment of production, (quite impracticable,) or by lessening the returns of others, when directly or indirectly drawn from them, to an equivalence with their own. They may think of many outrages more or less remediless, but they can think of none more within their power to correct nor more undoubted and damnable than official salaries and useless offices.

It is amazing magnanimity to stop at saying that almost every national, state, and county salary should, in unison with the times, be reduced by half. And of all useless offices what one could be more superfluous than that of the "Director of Farmers' Institutes"—a salaried state official to urge the further doing of what is already overdone. The most astonishing and pitiable feature of the whole business, however, is that the farmers by attending at the summons of the "Director of Institutes," and listening to men whose only success in agriculture is, doubtless, in farming the State treasury, have seemingly assented to the creation of the office and encouraged the future ingenuity of politicians in making new nests out of their greenbacks. Have the farmers so degenerated in intelligence that they need to be wards of the state in the matter of organization and association? That they attended, and pay the bill without dissent raises a strong presumption of the affirmative. Comparisons are often odious, but politicians plainly use the farmer much as Sambo does Tray, he is urged and wheedled to do great scratching but rarely gets more than a scent of the gain. Verily, had the farmers of Carroll been possessed of a becoming dignity they would have allowed the "Director of Institutes" to wither unnoticed in the streets of Westminster.

DAN. D.

The Mississippi river is on a rampage. In Arkansas 800 square miles of land are under water and thousands of persons are homeless. At Cairo, Ills., the river is 25 miles wide and the water is up to the fifty-foot mark. At the latest report the flood was still rising. Numbers of people have been drowned and the destruction of property is incalculable.

MARRIED.

Near Uniontown, February 19th, 1897, by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. Theo. W. Fringer to Miss Cordelia Fogle, both of this county.

Near Uniontown, March 14th, 1897, by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. Jacob Martin to Miss Martha E. Myers, both of this county.

Near Uniontown, March 16th, 1897, by Elder Solomon Stoner, Mr. Wm. T. Harris to Miss Ada M. Shorb, both of this county.

In Baltimore, March 16th, 1897, by Rev. G. E. Maydwell, Mr. Jno. Forrest, of near Union Bridge, to Miss Allie V. Dern, of near Double Pipe Creek.

In Manchester, March 11th, 1897, by Rev. S. M. Roeder, Mr. Jacob E. Musselman to Miss Hester M. Albaugh, both of Manchester.

In Baltimore, March 9th, 1897, by Rev. Curtis L. Laws, Mr. Chester M. Kilmer to Miss Grace C. Lantz, (formerly of Westminster,) both of Baltimore.

At the residence of the bride's parents near New Windsor, March 17th, 1897, by Rev. G. W. Baughman, Mr. Chas. J. Peltz, of Baltimore, to Miss Mollie E. Wilhelm, of this co.

At the Manchester Lutheran parsonage, March 14th, 1897, by Rev. C. M. Eyster, Mr. Daniel P. Miller, of Miller's Station, Md., to Miss Sevilla Rhule, of near New Freedom, Pa.

On March 16th, 1897, by Rev. W. G. Minnick, Mr. Harry E. Reck to Miss Minnie Linn, both of this county.

On March 11th, 1897, by Rev. T. Wagner, Mr. Lewis Reifsnider to Miss Alice V. Shoemaker, both of this county.

At Salem Lutheran parsonage, this city, March 14th, 1897, by Rev. S. A. Diehl, Mr. Lee A. McGee, of Brummel, to Miss Emma L. Hosfelt, of Cranberry.

DIED

Obituaries, poetry and resolutions of regret on deaths charged for at the rate of five cent, per line. The regular death notices published in this city, March 19th, 1897, Mrs. Francina, widow of Geo. P. Albaugh, in the 59th year of her age.

Near Snydersburg, March 9th, 1897, Elisha Lovell, aged 85 years, 2 months and 8 days.

Near Sams Creek, March 11th, 1897, Henry Bart, aged 79 years, 5 months and 5 days.

In Baltimore, March 16th, 1897, Barnes Wright, formerly of Uniontown, in the 67th year of his age.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

A seven per cent. ground rent in Baltimore city, also a six per cent. mortgage. Apply at this office. mr-20-3t

May C. Gardner,

EAST MAIN STREET, WESTMINSTER,

will display, from March 27 till April 1, the latest styles in New York and Baltimore Millinery. The public kindly invited to call. mr-20-3t M. C. GARDNER.

FOR RENT.

A house with 6 rooms, and hall, fine cellar, out kitchen, stable and all necessary outbuildings, with lot containing 2¼ acres of land, more or less, with excellent water and fine apple fruit thereon. Apply to MARTHA W. CHEW,

No. 141 Prospect Ave., Roland Park, mr-20-3t Baltimore, Md.

LECTURE.

HON. GEORGE L. WELLINGTON,

U. S. Senator for Maryland, will deliver his famous lecture on Martin Luther at GRACE LUTHERAN CHURCH, this city, TUESDAY, APRIL 6th, 1897. Doors open 7.30 P. M. Lecture begins at 8 o'clock. It will be for the benefit of the library of the Sunday School. Admission 25 cents. Tickets can be had at Mr. H. B. Grammer's store, nearly opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

NO. 3506 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Charles T. Reifsnider, assignee, vs. Peter H. Wilhelm and Martha Wilhelm, his wife. Mortgagors.

ORDERED, this 16th day of March, A. D. 1897, that the Account of the Auditor filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 5th day of April next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

BENJ. F. CROUSE, Clerk.

True Copy.—Test:
mr-20-3t BENJ. F. CROUSE, Clerk.

[redacted]

Announcement!

Change of Business Method at S. P. Engler & Son's Mill, New Windsor.

The undersigned hereby announce that on and after April 1st, 1897, they will conduct their business, at New Windsor, upon a

STRICTLY CASH BASIS.

Goods will be sold only for cash.

This method will enable us to make a decided reduction in prices, to the advantage of all purchasers.

mr-20-2m* S. P. ENGLER & SON.

THE SUMMER TERM

OF UNION BRIDGE

ELEMENTARY AND HIGH SCHOOL

WILL BEGIN APRIL 12th, 1897, AND CONTINUE TEN WEEKS.

Pupils of the public schools, which close April 15th, can enter at any time, and will be charged only from date of entrance.

Terms moderate and according to grade.

Persons preparing for teaching, or for teachers' examinations, will do well to take advantage of the NORMAL COURSE in this school. The course of study will also be arranged to meet the wants of students preparing to enter college.

EDWARD REISLER, A. M., Principal.
LULA M. REISLER, A. B., Assistant.
mr-20-1m Union Bridge, Md.

Bark Wanted

AT

Schlosser Tannery.

We will pay Five Dollars and Fifty Cents ($5.50) per ton of 2,000 lbs. for

Prime Chestnut or Spanish Oak Bark,

of this year's peeling, delivered in good order at the tannery at the Schlosser Tannery, before the 1st day of July, 1897.

ENGLAND & BRYAN, Proprietors.
Jas. S. Baer, Supt. mr-20-2m

THE FIGHT IS OVER

In Nevada, but it has only begun at Medford. We want to impress on you the fact, that since we have adopted the cash system we have reduced the price of all our goods from 10 to 15 per cent. not only on some few leading articles but on everything. Some of our competitors may get under us on an article that they have decided to sacrifice because they want to get rid of it, but if you will compare our prices right through on staple goods, you will be forced to acknowledge the merits of our system. We have had good words from a great many of our customers encouraging us to keep right on.

Last week we called your attention to the fact that we could save you money on Paints and Fertilizers. We have perfected arrangements which enable us to offer very low prices on two other articles. First, the source of the "STAFF OF LIFE," Flour, at 60 cents per barrel less than the same grade is sold elsewhere. We also have "PILLSBURY'S BEST." The other article you will need when you come for the Flour, that is, good harness. We have them at prices that defy competition. We issue a circular giving prices which we will be glad to send to any person interested.

MEDFORD CASH STORE.

Public Sale

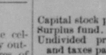
—OF—

Personal Property.

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at Wakefield Roller Mills in Wakefield Valley, on the road leading from New Windsor to Westminster, on

TUESDAY, MARCH 23rd, 1897,

beginning promptly at 8:30 o'clock, A. M., and continuing until all is sold, the following Personal Property, to-wit:



6 Good Work Horses, 40 Head of Cows and Young Stock, from registered sires, a number of which will be fresh by day of sale; SEVERAL FINE YOUNG BULLS, 1 BROOD SOW, 10 SHOATS, 1 Sleigh, 4 Stone Beds, 2 Spring Wagons,

THREE BROADTREAD WAGONS,

1 Narrowtread Wagon, 1 new Corn Planter, 1 Hoosier Corn Drill, 1 Farmers' Friend Grain Drill, 1 new Bickford & Huffman Grain Drill, Victor Grain Drill, 2 Horse Rakes, Hay Tedder, 5 ft. Osborne Mower, 5 ft. Champion Mower, 4½ ft. Advance Mower,

1 GOOD AS NEW OSBORNE BINDER,

1 DEERING BINDER,

2 Corn Shellers, Winnowing Mill, Hay Knife, Tornado Feed Cutter, Hay Fork and Rope, 2 Springtooth Harrows, 2 AA Harrows, 3 Oliver Chilled Plows, 2 Hagerstown Plows, 4 Iron Corn Plows, 2 Corn Plows, Single and Double Shovel Plows, Cultivators, 1 Horse Power and Separator, 1 Jack, Harness, Furniture, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

CORN BY THE BARREL,

POTATOES BY THE BUSHEL.

Terms of Sale.—All sums of $10 and under, cash; on all sums above $10 a credit of TEN MONTHS will be given.

For the convenience of persons who wish to attend the sale, conveyances will meet all morning trains at Wakefield Station, W. M. R. R.

For further particulars see hand bills.

DAVID ROOP & SON.

J. Thos. Roop, Auct.
M. G. Shaw D. M. Shorb, Clerks.

Sawed Lumber.

THE undersigned is prepared to fill orders or Sawed Oak Lumber of all kinds, for House and Barn Frames, Fence Boards, Palings &c. I have for sale White Oak Lumber, in any length or thickness. All orders will be delivered if desired.

WILLIAM Y FRIZZELL,
oct-21-tf Bloom, Carroll county, Md.

Notice of Stockholders' Meeting

OF THE

Washington, Westminster and Gettysburg Railroad Company.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11th, 1897.

Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Washington, Westminster and Gettysburg Railway Company will be held at the Company's office at Westminster, Md., on Wednesday, the 21st day of April, 1897, at one o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing seven directors of said Company, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Incorporators.

GEORGE COTTON SMITH, Chairman.

H. A. CADY, Secretary.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 11th, 1897

Referring to the above notice the public is informed that books will be immediately opened for subscription to the stock of the above named Railway Company in Rockville, Westminster, Mt. Airy, Union Mills, Maryland; and Littlestown, Pa., and also in Washington, D. C. All desired information can be had of either of the following incorporators:

George Cotton Smith, Chairman; J. B. Colegrove, Vice-Chairman; H. A. Cady, Secretary and Treasurer; Wm. B. Thomas, James A. C. Bond, C. T. Reifsnider, T. H. Shriver, Stilson Hutchins, H. Stewart Roberts, Milton Schaeffer, J. A. Shorb, J. H. Cunningham, D. Cowan, Jr., J. L. Reifsnider, E. J. Lawyer.

By order of the Executive Committee of the incorporators.

STILSON HUTCHINS,
JOHN L. REIFSNIDER,
mr-20-5t J. B. COLEGROVE.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

First National Bank of New Windsor, at New Windsor, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 9th, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$75,502 20
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	641 01
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	55,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	3,300 00
Stocks, securities, etc	31,128 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	6,600 00
Due from National Banks, (not reserve Agents)	300 29
Due from approved reserve agents	17,740 96
Checks and other cash items	10 99
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	6 14
Lawful money reserve in Bank, viz: Specie $ 2,741 00	
Legal tender notes 3,500 00	6,241 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation).	2,475 00
Total	$199,584 59

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$55,000 00
Surplus fund	5,250 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,981 97
National Bank notes outstanding	49,500 00
Due to other National Banks	4,919 81
Dividends unpaid	485 10
Individual deposits subject to check	81,497 71
Total	$199,584 59

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, NATHAN H. BAILE, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NATHAN H. BAILE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of March, 1897.

CHARLES P. BAILE, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

SAMUEL HOFFMAN,
JOSEPH A. STOUFFER, } Directors.
JAMES ERHARD,

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

First National Bank of Westminster, at Westminster, in the State of Maryland, at the close of business, March 9th, 1897.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$180,513 31
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	810 37
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	84,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	6,093 59
Stocks, securities, etc	77,817 28
Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures	27,089 93
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	4 233 10
Due from State Banks and bankers	1,789 36
Due from approved reserve agents	14,559 49
Checks and other cash items	409 60
Notes of other National Banks	780 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	1'0 64
Lawful money reserve in Bank, viz: Specie $ 11,625 35	
Legal tender notes 12,440 00	24,065 35
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)	3,780 00
Total	$426,001 73

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$125,000 00
Surplus fund	50,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,645 68
National Bank notes outstanding	72,950 00
Due to other National Banks	6,876 02
Due to State Banks and bankers	22 413 44
Dividends unpaid	1,115 01
Individual deposits subject to check 143,998 98	
Certified checks 2.69	144,001 58
Total	$426,001 73

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, GEO. R. GEHR, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. R. GEHR, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of March, 1897.

FRANK R. CASSELL, N. P.

CORRECT—Attest:

GRANVILLE S. HAINES,
JOHN L. REIFSNIDER, } Directors.
JACOB J. WEAVER, JR.,

MILLER BROS.

SPECIAL TO MEN!

We have been offering so many unusual bargains to the Ladies, this week we give the Men a chance.

24 doz. Men's beautiful style

SPRING TIES

in all the newest creations, Tecks, Four-in-Hand and Flowing Ends. Not a Tie in the lot ever sold before for less than 50 cts. Your choice while they last 25 cents. See display in Clothing Window.

MEN'S SPRING OVERCOATS.

We opened this week a line of Spring Overcoats to which we invite your inspection.

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT.

Our line of Suitings this season is larger than ever before. All the new styles in Plaids and Fancy Mixtures, and you know our reputation for fit can't be equaled, and that is the main object in having a suit made to order. We are showing a big line at $15.00.

We will have a Special Announcement for the Ladies next week. Watch for it.

SPECIAL.

Read our special AMERICAN QUEEN ad. in local columns.

We are still giving out Coupons and will continue to do so till April 1st, 1897, but we will not redeem them after that date. All persons holding coupons but not having enough to get the article they want, can get the same by paying 5 per cent. in cash on the balance.

For example, party having $20.00 in Coupons wanting a $25.00 Coupon Chair, can get the same by paying 5 per cent. (25c) on the $5.00 balance of Coupons.

MILLER BROS'.

POPULAR STORES.

Leaders, Originators and Promoters of Low Prices.

Spring of 1897!



OUR WELL KNOWN BRANDS OF

FERTILIZER,

especially prepared for

ALL SPRING CROPS,

have been sold for years and with results entirely satisfactory to the users. This in itself is a guarantee of its merits.

WE HAVE FERTILIZER FOR

OATS, CORN, POTATOES and all Trucking.

Clover, Timothy and Orchard Grass Seeds always on hand.

We solicit your orders,

Very respectfully,

N. I. GORSUCH & SON.

mr-20-tf

New Coach and Carriage Factory,

PFEFFER & SON,

Manufacturers of

VEHICLES of all KINDS.

REPAIRING AND PAINTING done in the best manner.

Thirty years' experience.

We guarantee that all work entrusted to us will be turned out in the most satisfactory manner.

Call and see us, we will save you money.

LIBERTY AND GREEN STS., WESTMINSTER, MD.
fe-6-1y

REMOVAL.

G. E. BAUGHMAN, D. D. S.

SUCCESSOR TO DR. CHARLES BILLINGSLEA,

DENTIST.

Office 114 East Main Street, Opposite Union National Bank, Westminster, Md.

Will visit the following places:
UNION BRIDGE—1st Wednesday of each month. 23-tfe

JNO. E. ECKENRODE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Coaches, Carriages, Jagger Wagons, Buggies, Phætons, &c.,

WESTMINSTER, MD.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRING.

All orders promptly filled and work of every kind warranted.

I have on hand a complete stock of

Harness of all Kinds.

Fine Light Driving Harness, Phæton, Buggy and Cart Harness, at prices that defy competition. Come and see my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I can save you money.

Factory Corner Liberty and George Sts.
no17 1y

AN OPEN LETTER.

WESTMINSTER, April 10, 1890.

Mr. Jos. B. Boyle:

Dear Sir:—For many years I have suffered intensely, on taking cold, from a very troublesome cough, for which I have used a number of various remedies, and obtained but temporary relief. During the past Spring I was again troubled with the same cough, and through a friend was induced to try your Pectoral Syrup, which not only gave almost instant relief, but a permanent cure. It gives me great pleasure to say that I believe it to be the best remedy I ever used for the purpose for which it is recommended. Hoping that any person afflicted as I was may be fortunate enough to give it a trial, I am,

Truly yours,

EDWARD LYNCH.

For sale by all Druggists and merchants in the county. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Take no other. fe-20-tf

ELECTION NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the members of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Dug Hill, Carroll county, Md., will be held on SATURDAY, MARCH 20th, 1897, between 12 M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., at the Company's Office, in Manchester, Md., for the purpose of electing Twelve Directors for the ensuing year.

JOHN R. STREVIG, Secretary.
ma-6-3t

Wm. N. Keefer,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

GOOD CHEAP GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE.

Full and complete assortment of Chamber Sets, Tea Sets, Lemonade Sets, Lamps, Etc., at rock bottom prices.

Our Special in Lamps.

Fine Large Bowl Lamps with pretty shades, regular $1.25, reduced to 99 cents.

Groceries of all Kinds.

New Fresh Goods always cheap. Half pound box of Possum Baking Powder for 25 cents, and a Glass Berry Set Free! This alone is worth more than the price. Big stock of Munyon's Remedies at 20 cts. bottle

Flour and Feed.

We carry all the popular brands of Flour, by barrel or sack. The famous Pillsbury is our leader.

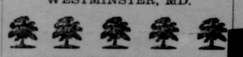
SHORTS, BRAN, CORN, OATS and FEED OF ALL KINDS AS YOU WANT IT.

Bailed Hay and Straw, at

WM. N. KEEFER'S
Cheap Grocery,
fe-2-1y Westminster Md.

Stoner's Nurseries,

WESTMINSTER, MD.



ATTENTION FARMERS AND FRUIT GROWERS.

I have a fine assortment of Apple, Peach, Plum, Apricot, Pear and Cherry Trees, Blackberries, Raspberries, Japan Wineberries, Lucretia Dewberries, Juneberries, Asparagus, Currants, Gooseberries, H. P. Roses and Climbing Roses, and all kinds of Ornamental Trees, all in thrifty condition.

I have a block of Apple, Peach, Persimmon and Apricot Trees, I must take up this Spring to make room to plant new stock on. I will sell Trees lower than I have offered them before, all No. 1, healthy and true to name. Come and examine them for yourself or send your order in soon.

My trees will be ready for delivery about the first of April, 1897.

Want good reliable men to sell Fruit Trees. I will pay a good commission. Apply at my office.

E. STONER,
Office 168 West Main street, Westminster, Md.
se-15-1y.

Special Notice.

Persons having Real Estate for sale or exchange and wishing to dispose of the same will do well in conferring with

GEORGE W. ALBAUGH,

Westminster, Md.

LOANS NEGOTIATED

dec-24-96-1y

WEDDING INVITATIONS, Cards, Circulars, &c., printed at this office.

J. T. Orndorff's Sons.

We want to start the Spring Fever.

We want to start everybody talking

Spring and Spring Goods,

that's the reason why we put such ridiculously low prices on our new goods. Our Dress Goods counter during the past week reminded one of a beehive and swarm of bees. Our shelves are loaded down with new Spring Goods.

New Dress Goods.

Plaids, Checks, Mohairs, Foulards, Novelties, Plain Weaves and Black Goods at low prices.

New Silks.

Trimming Silks, Brocaded Satins, Wash Silks and Foulard Silks at low prices.

New Calicoes, Percales, Shirting Prints,