American Sentinel.

WESTMINSTER, - MARYLAND.

W. L. W. Seabrook, - Editor.

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1901.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

For Comptroller,
HERMAN S. PLATT,
Of Baltimore City.

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals,
THOMAS PARRAN,
Of Calvert County.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Associate Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit,
Charles T. Reifsnider,
Of Carroll County.

For the House of Delegates,
J. THOMAS HARRIS,
DR. HARRY F. BAER,
JOSEPH L. HAINES,
CHARLES J. H. GANTER.

For County Commissioner,
GUSTAVUS BARNES.

For Sheriff,
THOMAS A. BARNES.

For County Treasurer,
DR. J. H. T. EARHART.

For County Surveyor,
WILLIAM E. ROOP.

The new election law should have been entitled "An Act to obstruct the exercise of the right of suffrage."

This political campaign in Maryland is a new war for independence—independence of an absolute political autocrat and dictator. Democrats should really be more anxious to gain this independence for themselves than the Republicans are to gain it for them.

Judge Stake, of Washington county, has granted a mandamus to compel Col. Buchanan Schley, superintendent of the State census, to allow the Republicans access to the lists of non-registered voters and of voters removed from the precincts in which they were registered. Judge Stake rendered a lengthy opinion in the case, but his decision comes too late to do more than show that Democratic officials have arbitrariiy withheld, from the Republicans, information to which they were entitled, and in doing so have been guilty of a flagrant breach of official duty. Honest Democrats should resent the dirty trick of their managers by voting the Republican ticket.

Voters, in this county, no matter what their politics, who desire to be relieved of the perplexing conditions imposed in the method of casting their ballots under the new election law, should do their best to aid in giving a majority to the Republican candidates for the House of Delegates. Bad as are these conditions there is no guarantee that they will not be made worse if the Democratic bosses succeed in having a majority of their friends returned in both Houses of the General Assembly. By making the House of Delegates Republican any game of this sort will be blocked, and a fair step towards the future repeal of the law, which makes the exercise of the right of suffrage difficult to many worthy citizens, will be taken.

The Supervisors of Election in this county, and, in fact, all over the State, should furnish judges of elections with microscopes for the purpose of determining, in certain cases, whether any of the voter's marks, on the ballot, touch a line of any of the squares in which they shall be placed. The law, it is understood, requires the rejection of any ballot, upon which a line is touched by a voter's mark. Now the mark may be made to appear to touch a line, when seen only by the naked eye, but, in fact, without doing so, a condition that the microscope would disclose, save the voter from losing his ballot and possibly have a material influence upon the result of the election. The microscopes ought to be of good quality, with as many diameters as may be necessary to make them effective. Of course they will cost money, but that seemed to be a secondary consideration with our Democratic legislators when they passed the present election law. Democratic newspapers grumbled dreadfully about the expense of holding elections under the law of 1896, but their representatives got bravely over that trouble in 1901 and passed a law making it necessary to subdivide voting precincts and increase the number of election officials to the extent of thirty per cent, or more, and surely they cannot object to such a little thing as a microscope as a part of the necessary paraphernalia of the polling-place, under these circumstances.

The Republicans when in power in this State made every effort to protect voters in their just rights and to guard elections against unfair political trickery. In marked contrast with this action has been the course of the Democratic party since it regained control of the Legislature. It has made voting difficult, even for people of ordinary intelligence; provided numerous technicalities, by which ballots after being cast may be vitiated; introduced methods by which legal voters may suffer the erasure of their names from the registry lists, and appropriated to its own use information derived at the expense of the State, while refusing such information to its political opponents. All this has been done to prevent a fair expression of the will of the people by the ballot and to subject the State government to the control of a minority of its voters, in the interest of a party autocrat. Both Republicans and Democrats—at least Democrats who have any sense of justice and fairness—must realize that for the general political welfare of the State, to say nothing of its business interests, the schemes of the Democratic managers should be overwhelmingly defeated. More than this, every Democrat who does not want to become a mere political cipher, subject to the control of an autocratic boss, should by his ballot help to administer a sound drubbing to his party machine this year.

It is important that voters should know that in making their marks, in the squares opposite the names of the persons on their ballots for whom they desire to vote, they must not let the pencil touch one of the lines forming an angle of any of the squares. The mark must be made in the form of an X and the ends of each line in the X must be entirely clear of the lines of the square in which it is placed. Every Republican should be careful to observe this precaution. Study the matter carefully, and, if you should be in doubt upon any question relating to the method of voting, seek information from a reliable source concerning it.

Gossip in relation to the sale of the Western Maryland Railroad is current and the Philadelphia North American has gone so far as to say that George Gould has secured control of the road for the purpose of gaining a seaboard outlet for the Wabash system, which he controls. The North American says that Gould sold the control of the Norfolk and Western to the Pennsylvania Railroad upon the latter consenting to his Wabash project. Of course the report is not correct. The city cannot dispose of its interest without foreclousure proceedings upon the mortgages it holds upon the road to secure the payment of its indebtedness to the city. Ex-Governor Whyte is quoted as having given an opinion to this effect and its soundness cannot be questioned. It is said that Mayor Hayes wants to sell, but it is perfectly clear that he is without authority to do so. Ex-Gov. White is further quoted as saying that any private sale of the city's interests as stockholder and mortgagee, would require the authority of an ordinance of the Mayor and City Council. The Ex-Governor was probably misquoted. An ordinance to sell at private sale, without foreclosure proceedings, would hardly be valid. But there is no such ordinance, there have been no foreclosure proceedings, and the city cannot speedily divest itself of its interest in the road. It is probable that Mr. Gould is endeavoring to secure control of the road, for the purpose already named, but the assertion that he has already done so has no foundation in fact.

A Tax Rate Device.

The *Advocate* returns to its old theory of lower taxation in Carroll than any other county in the State, and exhibits a list showing the rates in each county to clinch its argument in behalf of maintaining absolute and full Democratic control of the County Commissioners' office. The SENTINEL long ago pointed out and exposed the fallacy of the *Advocate's* threadbare plea. Tax rates are deceptive. The question is not so much the rate of taxation as the amount of money paid by citizens to run the county government. For the current year the amount levied upon the people of Carroll for this purpose was over ninety thousand dollars, or about $2.67 for every man, woman and child in this county. In Dorchester, in which the rate is $1.02½, the amount paid per capita by the people, for the county government, was $2.39. In Washington county, with a rate of 65, the amount per capita was $2.74. Caroline county, which has the highest rate in the State, paid $3.25 per capita. All this was for county purposes. Now, let us refer to the amounts paid for State purposes, taking the four counties already named. Carroll's rate per capita was 85 cents, Dorchester's 43 cents, Washington's 74 cents and Caroline's 52 cents. For purposes of comparison we have taken the counties showing, after Carroll, the extremes of the rates. Washington having the next lowest rate and Caroline the highest. The contrast in some of the other counties is still more marked. Even Somerset, which has a rate of 1.04, pays but $1.72 per capita for its county government and 39 cents to the State.

This old chestnut of the *Advocate's*, at any rate, has little or nothing to do with the matters at issue in this campaign. The election of a Republican member of the Board of County Commissioners would not change its political complexion nor give the Republicans even fair minority representation thereon. They pay at least as much, if not more, than Democratic taxpayers into the county treasury and it would not be at all unreasonable, on the part of the voters of both parties, to elect such a man as Gustavus Barnes, the Republican candidate for County Commissioner, by an overwhelming majority.

This is, however, a purely local question, and the people should not permit their minds to be diverted from the real issue of the campaign by a matter of this sort, however cunningly introduced. The issues presented by the Democratic autocrat to the voters of that party for their consideration, are not of a financial complexion. Reduced to a single proposition they involve simply the return of Mr. Gorman to the autocratic power wielded by him in the State previous to 1895. The methods by which this is to be accomplished, if the people will permit it, must, of course, be considered. It is not a matter of conjecture whether Gormanism could succeed by the free and untrammeled will of the people, freely and fairly expressed by the ballot. Nobody doubts that in that case he would be repudiated by an overwhelming majority.

Now, with the proposition to reinvest him with the authority of a dictator of party and public action, comes the scheme, concocted by the bosses and put in motion by the Legislature in extra session, to deprive many of the constitutionally eligible voters of the State of the necessary facilities to cast their ballots; to make it as difficult as possible for the Republicans to register new voters and to prevent the improper removal of others from the registry lists; to use information gained by the expenditure of public money to facilitate and maintain a full registration of Democratic voters, and in other ways to gain an unjust and unfair advantage on behalf of the rule of the old Democratic Ring.

This is putting it mildly, to be sure, but it ought to be sufficient to awaken every Republican to the importance of putting forth his best efforts to defeat the schemes so artfully conceived by Mr. Gorman and so submissively put in motion by his lieutenants and henchmen. Brought to the attention of such Democrats as desire to be free, themselves, from the iron rule of a political boss, it should prompt them to once and for all make the restoration of the former state of tyranny to which they were subjected an impossibility, by administering an overwhelming defeat to the nominees of their party, by their ballots at the polls.

Base Ingratitude.

When Gorman, Raisin, Baughman, Schley, Fledderman, Murray Vandiver and a few other machine Democrats bulldozed Governor Smith into calling an extra session of the Legislature, that movement received scant encouragement from the rank and file of that party in this county, although the officeholding crew here, which bows down and meekly worships at the feet of Gorman, did its level best to make it appear that there was a strong sentiment among Democrats in favor of such call. The senator and four delegates from this county gave their support to every measure enacted at the extra session. They yielded unreservedly to the sinister and overpowering influence of Gorman, who kept a close watch upon all that was being done, and at his command voted solidly for an election law purposely designed to, and which they well knew would, disfranchise and prevent more *whites* than colored men from voting in this county. They knew that out of more than 8,000 votes cast in Carroll there were but 539 colored voters; that in Myers', Manchester, Hampstead and Woolery's districts, polling over 2500 votes and giving more than 850 Democratic majority, there were all told but 15 colored voters, (none in Myers', 2 in Manchester, none in Hampstead and 13 in Woolery's) and yet, with a magnanimous spirit seldom equalled and never surpassed our delegates voted for Gorman and Rasin's infamous census and election law, with the hope and in the belief that they would disfranchise enough of colored voters elsewhere in the State to insure their party's success; and to accomplish that result they were willing, politically, to give their county goodbye, and put it beyond their party's power to carry it. Having supported all the demands, and assented to all the measures which the corrupt leaders required of them at the extra session, having done all this to the entire satisfaction of Gorman, our distinguished *five* returned home in all their glory, to receive the plaudits of their leaders and to hear them make the welkin ring with loudest shouts as they greeted them with the appellation, "Well done thou good and faithful servants, enter thou into the enjoyment of the rest *and seclusion which we will give you in the near future.* You were faithful to the Boss in a few things, *but now we want others who will be faithful to him in all things.*" So it happened. When the Democratic county convention assembled here to nominate their ticket, and to select men for the Legislature who could be most relied upon by Gorman, it was not Walsh, Norris, Anderson and (Budel) Hoffacker; (who were like the golden calf of old, set up to be gazed upon and worshiped by the faithful;) not they to have the endorsement of the party for their extra session work. Not for them was the opportunity to be given to vindicate themselves before the people of Carroll; but like old shoes cast in an out of the way place, they must needs be ignored, set aside and backseated for others,

> On whose immaculate and bran new skirt
> Clings no stain of the extra session's dirt.

Has any party ever exhibited baser ingratitude towards men who were so faithful to its master? Has the Democratic party, here or elsewhere in the State, ever before dealt so summarily, and from a party point of view, so outrageously, as it has done with its extra session members? Here in the Democratic convention no endorsement of their conduct was vouchsafed them; their names were not even mentioned, much less a nomination accorded to any of them. Croker, the boss of New York, the Squire of Wantage in England, could not more effectually squelch any of his followers than Gorman and his supporters here ignored and turned down the men who, under his guidance, voted for his census and election laws.

It is due to the delegates from this county to say, that if they had thoroughly understood the true inwardness of the so-called census law; if they had perceived, or been advised, that it was not so much to obtain the number of people in the State, as it was designed to collect political data at the expense of all the taxpayers *for the sole and exclusive use of their own party*; if they had for one momement believed that the $40,000 appropriated at the extra session was to be used in a large measure by their leaders to bring about the election of Gorman to the Senate; if they could have conjectured that there was such an intention, or that any part of this large sum of money was to be used for partizan purposes, even though used to advance the interests of their own party, we do not believe that they would have voted for it. On the contrary, we prefer to believe that they would have done as *Buckey and a few other Democrats did* —voted against its passage. They may now pathetically say, "Save us from such unscrupulous leaders."

> Buckey with a patriot's smile,
> With faith in a work well done,
> Points his finger at our five
> As he hears their clerical moan;
> Hears them wish they had never been
> With the Extra Session crowd,
> But with all men at home, like him,
> Feel as happy and as proud.

A new isthmian canal treaty has been negotiated between the United States and England, which will probably receive the sanction of the American Senate. Substantially it is said to embody the amendments made to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty by the Senate. At Washington it is not regarded as a surrender of England to the United States, but in other quarters a different opinion is expressed. A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says: "The German press, referring to despatches from Washington in reference to the new treaty between the United States and Great Britain regarding the isthmian canal, declares that Great Britain's 'renunciation' of her rights under the Clayton-Bulwer treaty without compensation, is a plain illustration of the paralysis produced by the war in South Africa." This is probably an unfair statement of the case, but at any rate, whatever may be the tone of outside opinion, it is gratifying to have the question settled in a manner satisfactory to the American people.

Ex-Mayor William T. Malster, of Baltimore, was the subject of a grand reception and ovation at the Columbian Club, in that city, on Thursday night. Mr. Malster has just recovered from a long illness, to the gratification of thousands of devoted friends, who took this method of exhibiting their joy at his restoration and their warm regard for him as a man. Most of those who attended the reception are political friends of the ex-mayor, but there were some Democrats in the crowd who heartily testified their respect for the man. One of these was ex-Mayor Ferdinand C. Latrobe, who greeted Mr. Malster as "Old Friend," and raised a storm of applause by saying, in tones loud enough to be heard by all: "I don't care what his politics are, there's no better man in this country than Wm. T. Malster."

The trustees of Grace Reformed congregation, Washington, D. C., where President Roosevelt worships, have decided to erect a new and handsome church. They have commissioned an architect to prepare plans for a house of worship that will cost $30,000 to $35,000, exclusive of seats and pulpit furniture. It is their intention to have them ready so that building operations may be undertaken early in the spring if they can make satisfactory arrangements for deferred payments. The building fund amounts to about $15,000 in cash and pledges upon which money may be realized.

A special reporter of the Baltimore *American*, who visited this county on Thursday, in Friday's issue of that paper gives some interesting facts, figures and impressions concerning present political conditions in the county, based upon information derived from various sources. The general tone of the article, which is probably without political bias, indicates that its author considers the situation rather favorable to the Republicans.

The Postoffice Department has decided to place the late President McKinley's head on the new issue of postal cards, which will appear shortly after December 1.

Never in all its history has the Cumberland Valley Railroad, it is said, shipped as many apples as it is now doing. Every day from 25 to 30 cars loaded with barreled apples are being shipped, and the traffic is only beginning. About 25 per cent. of the shipments are from Franklin county, Pa., and the remainder mainly from south of Hagerstown.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bough
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletch

BUSINESS LOCALS.

STOVES FOR SALE.—One Coal Stove, Wood Stove. Apply to John Bernstein, Main Street, Westminster.

A TYPICAL SOUTH A[frican]

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, [illegible] Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of Africa, at which can be purchased from the proverbial "needle to an ox." This store is situated in a valley miles from the nearest railway station and twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Larson says: "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, to many of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by W. Scott Zepp.

SUMMER EXCURSION TICKETS TO BUFFALO, NIAGARA FALLS, AND OTHER SUMMER RESORTS.

On May 1, 1901, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. placed on sale the regular summer excursion tickets to all the principal summer resorts east of Pittsburg and Buffalo. These tickets will bear the usual summer excursion limit of October 31, 1901, except that the Niagara Falls tickets will be good to return until November 30, 1901. The summer excursion route book of the company for 1901, will be issued, as heretofore, June 1.

A FIENDISH ATTACK.

An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at Shaw Drug Company.

FOR SALE.—Two tons, more or less, new wheat Straw; low cash price to the party buying and hauling. Apply to
D. W. MULES, Carrollton.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

Henderson Grimett, of this place, was stricken with partial paralysis and completely lost the use of one arm and side. After being treated by an eminent physician for quite a while without relief, my wife recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and after using two bottles of it he is almost entirely cured.—Geo. R. McDonald, Man, Logan county, W. Va. Several other very remarkable cures of partial paralysis have been effected by the use of this liniment. It is most widely known, however, as a cure for rheumatism, sprains and bruises. For sale by W. S. Zepp.

When you wake up with a bad taste in your mouth, go at once to W. Scott Zepp's drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. One or two doses will make you well. They also cure biliousness, sick headache and constipation.

WOMEN AND JEWELS.

Jewels, candy, flowers, man—that is the order of a woman's preferences. Jewels form a magnet of mighty power to the average woman. Even that greatest of all jewels, health, is often ruined in the strenuous efforts to make or save the money to purchase them. If a woman will risk her health to get a coveted gem, then let her fortify herself against the insidious consequences of coughs, colds and bronchial affections by the regular use of Dr. Boschee's German syrup. It will promptly arrest consumption in its early stages and heal the affected lungs and bronchial tubes and drive the dread disease from the system. It is not a cure all, but it is a certain cure for coughs, colds and all bronchial troubles. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at W. Scott Zepp's Drug Store, Westminster. Get Green's Special Almanac. jy 6-1y

TOT CAUSES NIGHT ALARM.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Solder, of Crittenden, Ky., "it seemed it would strangle before we could get a doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's New Discovery, which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung troubles, 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at Shaw Drug Company.

Get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets at W. Scott Zepp's drug store. They are easier to take and more pleasant in effect than pills. Then their use is not followed by constipation as is often the case with pills. Regular size, 25c. per box.

STEPPED INTO LIVE COALS.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for 30 years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by Shaw Drug Company. Price 25 cents.

WHAT'S YOUR FACE WORTH?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin, all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25 cents at Shaw Drug Company.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Centenary M. E. Church.—Sabbath School Sunday at 9.15 a. m. Junior League 2.30 p. m. Epworth League at 6.45 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 p. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.45 p. m.
J. A. PRICE, D. D., Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church.—Sabbath School Sunday at 9.15 a. m. Midweek service on Wednesday evening at 8.00. Junior C. E. service at 2.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor at 6.30 p. m. Preaching at 10.30 a. m., and 7.30 p. m.
W. R. GRAHAM, D. D., Pastor.

Ascension Church.—Holy Communion at 10 a. m. Second Celebration and sermon at 7.30 a. m. Evening service at 7.30.
E. B. TAYLOR, Rector.

St. Paul's Ref. Church.—Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Preparatory service Friday, Oct. 11th, at 7.30 p. m. The Holy Communion Oct. 13th, at 10.30 a. m. Evening service 7.15 p. m.
CALVIN S. SLAGLE, Pastor.

Grace Lutheran Church.—Sabbath School at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.45. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6.45 p. m. Divine service 10 a. m., and 7.30 p. m.
P. H. MILLER, D. D., Pastor.

Salem Charge, Lutheran Church.—Benjamin's Church.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Preaching at 2 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 3 p. m.
Catechise on Saturday at 2 p. m.

St. John's Church.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. Preaching at 10 a. m. Catechise on Saturday at 9 a. m.
S. A. DIEHL, Pastor.

Carroll Charge.—Reformed Church.—The Holy Communion at Bachman's at 10 a. m. Divine service at Benjamin's at 2 p. m.
JAMES B. STONESIFER, Pastor.

Uniontown Charge, Lutheran.—Communion services will be held in the charge as follows:
Baust Church—Oct. 13th.
Uniontown Church—Oct. 27th.
Mt. Union Church—Nov. 3rd.
Preparatory service on the Saturday preceding at 2 p. m.
G. W. Baughman, Pastor.

MARRIED.

At the parsonage, October 8th, 1901, by Rev. C. S. Slagle, Mr. L. A. Warner, of Sterling, Ills., and Miss Ella A. Keefer, of this county.

In Union Bridge, October 9th, 1901, by Rev. Mr. Brungs, assisted by Rev. A. E. Slagle, Mr. Henry A. Broadbelt, of Baltimore, and Miss Bertie M. Malambre, of Union Bridge.

On October 9th, 1901, by Rev. S. F. Tholan, Mr. Hampton Folk, of Baltimore county, and Miss Lydia M. Landis, of Carroll county.

DIED.

In Baltimore, October 8th, 1901, Alfred S. Warner, in his 51st year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The President and Directors of The Westminster Savings Bank have this 5th day of October, 1901, declared a semi-annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on Capital Stock and TWO PER CENT. on Weekly and Monthly Deposits, payable on and after October 15th, 1901.
oct-12-3t THOS. E. REESE, Treasurer.

MULE COLTS FOR SALE.

I will have for sale a lot of Mule Colts—weanlings and two and three-year-olds—at the East End Hotel, Westminster, on
WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY,
October 16th and 17th, only. Also a few select Horses for sale or exchange.
oct 12-1t H. A. SPALDING.

Do you want Job Printing? If so give us a call. We can print anything you want from a small Card to a large Poster.

TO SCHOOL TEACHERS.

The School Commissioners request that the teachers have their attention called to Section 2, page 12 in the Teachers' Hand Book, under regulations governing the Public Schools of Carroll county.

The number of hours is according to the Public School Law of Maryland, and the regulation requires opening promptly at 9 o'clock, A. M., and closing at 4 o'clock, P. M.

The State Board of Health requests that the teachers again have their attention called to the subject of Vaccination, so that all proper means may be employed to prevent the spread

List of Election Officers appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Election of Carroll County in the place of those heretofore appointed who have since been excused, or found disqualified.

By virtue of Sec. 10 of Art. 23 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, as amended by Chapter 464 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at its January session, 1900, notice is hereby given that the Board of Supervisors of Election of Carroll County has appointed the following named person as an Officer of Registration and Judge of Election, in the place of the party heretofore appointed, he having, since been found disqualified, the one whose name now appears being intended to represent the Republican party.

District No. 7, 2nd Precinct.—Joseph H. Krichten, Westminster, in place of Charles E. Royer, disqualified.

JOHN M. ROBERTS, President;
HARRY S. MUSSELMAN,
CHARLES E. MCKODEMUS,
Board of Supervisors of Election of Carroll County. oct-12-3t

Miller Bros

WE ARE READY.

The Store Shows More Complete.

Scarce a counter or shelf in this store that is not filled with those stylish and worthy goods that you are always accustomed to get here. We don't know of a want in this general line of

DRY GOODS

that couldn't be fil'ed, and should it be something out of the ordinary we will be glad to get it.

WE ARE READY TO SUPPLY:

That New Dress, Tailor-made Suits,
Skirts, Waists, Blankets, Underwear,
Gloves, Carpets, Millinery, Clothing,
Shoes and Hats (for Men, Boys and Children,)

besides all the many lines contained in this great establishment. The store that makes a child as safe a buyer as the best judge of goods, because

THERE IS ONLY ONE PRICE TO ALL.

TWO TELEPHONES AND OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT AT YOUR SERVICE.

MILLER BROS.

Popular Cash Stores, Westminster, Maryland.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WESTMINSTER, AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPT. 30th, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$ 209,876 67
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	271 43
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	125,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	6,250 00
Stocks, securities, etc	190,685 39
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	27,089 93
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	1,607 89
Due from State banks and bankers	888 24
Due from approved reserve agents	4,519 37
Internal Revenue stamps	18 85
Checks and other cash items	1,291 95
Notes of other National Banks	80 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	43 08
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	$38,863 70
Legal-tender notes	2,295 00
	40,998 70
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	3,050 00
Total	$611,571 50

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 125,000 00
Surplus fund	50,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	27,948 80
National bank notes outstanding	124,960 00
Due to other National banks	20,131 46
Due to State banks and bankers	1,594 97
Due to Trust Companies and Savings Banks	773 04
Dividends unpaid	
Individual deposits subject to check	253,359 34
	261,133 23
Total	$611,571 50

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, George R. Gehr, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
GEORGE R. GEHR, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of October, 1901.
Chas. E. Hering, N. P.

Correct—Attest:
SAMUEL ROOP,
JACOB J. WEAVER, Jr.,
GREENBURY T. PALMER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FARMERS AND MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPT. 30th, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 186,194 84
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	540 09
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,300 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	12,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	2,796 12
Due from State Banks and Bankers	2,068 96
Due from approved reserve agents	4,230 88
Internal Revenue Stamps	125 00
Notes of other National Banks	985 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	16 50
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	$ 7,706 00
Legal-tender notes	5,006 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	12,803 00
	2,500 00
Total	$275,560 38

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 50,000 00
Surplus fund	30,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	3,788 93
National Bank notes outstanding	50,000 00
Due to other National Banks	8,741 91
Dividends unpaid	721 79
Individual deposits subject to check	122,357 75
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	10,000 00
Total	$275,560 38

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, John H. Cunningham, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. H. CUNNINGHAM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of October, 1901.
James H. Billingslea,
Clerk Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Correct—Attest:
JAMES A. C. BOND,
H. WIRT SHRIVER,
DAVID STONER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NEW WINDSOR, MD., AT NEW WINDSOR, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, SEPT. 30th, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 82,670 61
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	578 55
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	55,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc	50,691 29
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	6,000 00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	675 45
Due from approved reserve agents	5,275 66
Checks and other cash items	20 00
Notes of other National Banks	650 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	69 84
Lawful money reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	$ 8,860 00
Legal-tender notes	2,760 00
	11,670 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2,750 00
Total	$ 215,760 30

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 55,000 00
Surplus fund	11,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	15,757 03
National Bank notes outstanding	53,200 00
Due to other National Banks	4,363 05
Dividends unpaid	441 00
Individual deposits subject to check	75,999 22
Total	$ 215,760 30

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, Nathan H. Baile, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
NATHAN H. BAILE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of October, 1901.
J. Wm. Snader, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
GEO. P. L. HOOVER,
CHARLES J. HIBBERD,
DAVID E. STEM,
Directors.

PLAIN and fancy Printing, Posters, Sale Bills, &c., done at short notice at this office.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE WESTMINSTER SAVINGS BANK, AT WESTMINSTER, IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, 30th, 1901.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$ 203,327 95
Stocks, securities, etc	307,915 00
Banking-house, furniture and fixtures	6,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned	285,157 63
Due from National Banks	3,333 27
Due from Private Banks and Bankers	1,756 72
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	45 68
Money in bank, viz:	
Specie	$ 370 00
Legal-tender notes	475 00
	845 00
Total	$ 708,381 25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$ 10,000 00
Surplus fund	30,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	10,550 61
Interest due on Special Deposits	7,000 00
Dividends unpaid and accrued	3,900 00
Weekly and Monthly Deposits	177,045 58
Special Deposits	469,885 06
Total	$ 708,381 25

State of Maryland, County of Carroll, ss:

I, Thos. E. Reese, Treasurer of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
THOS. E. REESE, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of October, 1901.
Chas. E. Hering, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:
ELIAS G. GRIMES,
F. THOMAS BABYLON,
CHAS. BILLINGSLEA,
Directors.

DIED

at Jersey City, August 31st, 1901. Mrs. Alexander Dauphin, nee Frances Gilliss, a native of Carroll county, Md.

Any living female relative may address, for particulars,
M. FOLEY,
11 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

The deceased had not been home in some years and did not know whether her mother or any of her sisters were living.
oct-5-3t*

WANTED.

A bright active Boy to learn the Baking business. Apply to
MAURICE MITTEN,
No. 229 East Main Street, Westminster.
oct-5-3t

PERSONAL.

Refined gentleman, 31 years of age, formerly of Carroll county, wishes to correspond with a nice young lady in the country. Address
W. J. HARPER,
Roland Park P. O., Baltimore county, Md.
sep-28-3t*

Assignee of Mortgagee's Sale

of a very Desirable Property, situated in Melrose, Carroll county, Md.

By virtue of the power contained in a mortgage from Mary Jane Yost and Levi Yost to Enan Arter, dated December 6th, 1893, and duly recorded among the real estate mortgage records of Carroll county, in liber B. F. C. No. 34, folio 222, and by successive and proper assignments thereof, I will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, 1901,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., all the land and premises described in said mortgage, containing ¼ of an Acre of land, more or less. The improvements thereon consist of a two-story Dwelling House, Stable and other necessary outbuildings.

Terms of Sale.—Cash; or these terms may be changed to suit purchaser, by applying to Ivan L. Hoff, atty. at law, Westminster, Md.
IVAN L. HOFF,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
sep-14-5t

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

In Mt. Airy District, in Carroll County, Md.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, sitting as a Court of Equity, passed in cause No. 3908, wherein Winter D. Jones, executor, &c., is the complainant and Rodney T. Glisan and Margaret T. Glisan, his wife, are the defendants, the undersigned trustee will offer at Public Sale, on the premises situate on the public road leading from Mt. Airy to Watersville in said Carroll county, and State of Maryland, and about 1½ miles from Mt. Airy, on

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31st, 1901,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the real estate of said Rodney T. Glisan and wife, containing

252 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less. This property will be first offered as a whole, to-wit: the trustee reserving the right to offer it in two separate tracts as follows, to-wit:

1st. All that tract containing about

162 ACRES OF LAND, more or less,

situate on the south side of said public road leading from Mt. Airy to Westminster in said county, and adjoining the lands of Albert Jones, James H. Steele, Jr., and others. The improvements thereon consist of a two-story Frame Dwelling House, Stable, Granary, Wagon Shed, Dairy, Meat House and all necessary outbuildings, a fine spring near the house, well of water at the stable, a fine Orchard and Vineyard. About 25 Acres of this tract is in TIMBER.

2nd. All that tract containing about

90 ACRES OF LAND, more or less,

on the north side of said public road in said county and State. The improvements thereon consist of a frame Tenant House. There is a fine spring near the house. About 30 Acres of this tract are in Timber.

The above described several tracts being the same land which was conveyed to the said Rodney T. Glisan by Samuel Glisan and wife, by deed, bearing date on the 10th day of December in the year 1894, and which is recorded among the land records of Carroll county, in liber B. F. C. No. 80, folio 95, &c.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash on the day of sale or upon ratification by the court, one-third in one year and the other one-third in two years from the day of sale, with interest, the credit payments to be secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers, with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.
WINTER D. JONES,
Trustee.
Roberts & Crouse, Solicitors.
oct-5-4t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the estate of
MARY ROYER,
late