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Babylon & Lippy Co.

This Special SEPTEMBER Sale of Satisfactory

Comforts and Blankets

has been arranged to meet a timely demand for such coverings, and prices are marked so low that you can afford to look well into your requirements NOW.

.75 Baby's Crib Blankets	.49
$1.25 Baby's Crib Blankets	.98
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$1.25 10-4 Blankets	.98
$1.50 11-4 Blankets	$1.25
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Comforts---Comforts

.98	Double size, Silkaleen covered (assorted patterns)	.98
$1.50	Double size, cotton filled, figured Silkaleen	$1..0

Something DOING In Our SHOE DEPARTMENT

A rare chance to get School Shoes at BARGAIN PRICES. These lots embrace nearly every size, but one thing sure, they are cut in price to nearly one-half and in some instances down to one-half and less.

$4.00 Men's Dee Vee Shoes $2.98

only 8 pairs in this lot, some Patent, others Box Calf, to close out $2.98.

$3.00 Men's Best Vici Congress Shoes	$2.29
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2.00 Men's Satin Calf Shoes (button and lace)	1.39
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1.25 Youths' Creedmoor and Satin Calf Shoes	.79
1.50 Youths' and Children's Shoes	1.15

This lot consists of 3 or 4 different kinds, and say one price for any pair.

$1.75 Ladies' Box Calf Bluchers	$1.35
3.00 and 3.50 Dolly Madison Shoes	1.98
2.50 Ladies' Patent and Gun Metal Oxfords	1.98
2.00 Ladies' Patent, Tan and Gun Metal Oxfords	1.49
1.50 Ladies' Patent, Tan and Gun Metal Oxfords	.98
1.25 Children's and Misses' Shoes	.89

None of these cut price Shoes returnable

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Shetland Pony

we are GIVING AWAY.

BABYLON & LIPPY CO.

YOU ARE GOING TO BUY

Stockers and Feeding Cattle

THIS SEASON

You want to buy where you can get the best cattle for the least money. Write or wire at once to

JOHN J. LAWLER

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UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO

Sound, safe, conservative, strict honesty and a square deal guaranteed.

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REFERENCES: Live Stock Exchange National Bank, Chicago
Any Mercantile Agency
Thousands of our satisfied customers

We handle more stockers and feeders than any firm in the world. A big selection at all times. Sales, 40 to 50 loads daily.

Come to Chicago and we will sell direct to you, or order at once by mail or telegram and we will ship just what you want direct to you at lowest market prices. Write at once for our plan of filling orders. We can save you money. Write us for quotations of prices before you buy.

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Authorized agents will call and deliver a Catalogue.

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Main-Court Hotel,

CORNER OF Main and Court Sts.,

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furnished and complete in every respect; advantageously located; AND READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

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HOTEL PROPERTY,
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will be offered as an ENTIRETY at PRIVATE SALE, with right of immediate possession. Apply to

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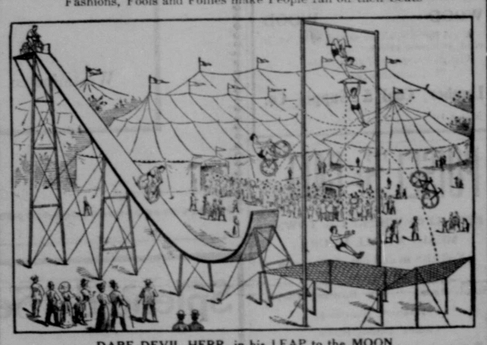
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FRANK A. ROBBINS'

New And Greatest All-Feature Shows

A Host of Clowns that Cater to a Nation

Whose Inimitable Burlesque of Popular Games, Prominent People's Fads and Fashions, Fools and Follies make People fall off their Seats



DARE DEVIL HERR, in his LEAP to the MOON

MOST SURPRISING BEASTS OF MANY SPECIES

In Cute, Cunning and Curious Antics to Charm the Children

AN ACTING ANIMAL MILLENNIUM

A GRAND FREE STREET PARADE, 10 A. M. DAILY

RAIN OR SHINE

2 PERFORMANCES--2 AND 8 P. M.

WESTMINSTER MONDAY Sept. 6th

. . . Great . . .

HANOVER FAIR

Silver Jubilee

Sept. 14, 15, 16, 17, 1909.

$4250 Racing Purses $4250

Trotting, Pacing and Running Races Every Day.

bigger show than ever before

new buildings - beautified grounds

FINE FREE ATTRACTIONS:

GRANADA AND FEDORA—Wonder Workers on the High Wire.
REX'S COMEDY CIRCUS—Beautiful Ponies and Bucking Mule.
MD'LLE OMEGA—Most Daring Artiste in the world.
CARL DAMMANN FAMILY—Gymnasts and Balancers, none better.
DOBLADOS TRAINED SHEEP AND PIG—The only act of the kind on record.

Fine Music Big Poultry Show

Admission 25 cents to all parts of the ground, except Race Track, Infield and Grand Stand.

Send for a Premium List.

M. O. SMITH, Sec'y.

R. M. WIRT, Prest. T. J. LITTLE, Treas.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE

WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

REV. T. H. LEWIS, D. D. L. L. D., President.

¶ A high grade College with low rates, $225 a year for board, furnished room, and tuition.

¶ Three courses leading to degree of A. B. Classical, Scientific, Historical, and a course in Pedagogy, entitling graduates to teach in Maryland without examination.

¶ Preparatory School for those not ready for College.

Forty-third Year opens Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1909.

jy 16 3 m

No. 4479 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County.

Mary A. Nelson, Mortgagee vs. Frederick M. Eckenrode and Mary E. Eckenrode, Mortgagors.

Ordered, this 27th day of August, A. D. 1909, that the account of the Auditor filed in this cause, be finally ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 27th day of September, next; provided a copy of this order be inserted for two successive weeks before the last named day in some newspaper published in Carroll county.

DAVID P. SMELSER, Clerk.

True Copy—Test: DAVID P. SMELSER, Clerk.
au 27 2t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Carroll county, Md., letters of Administration on the estate of

MARY J. HAINES,

late of Carroll county, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 16th day of March, 1910; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 16th day of August, 1909.

LEVI T. HAINES,
Administrator.
aug 20 4t

LIST of Election Officers Appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Election of Carroll County in the Place of those heretofore Appointed, who have since been excused or found Disqualified.

By virtue of Section 11 of the Code of Public General Laws of the State of Maryland, notice is hereby given that the Board of Supervisors of Election of Carroll County has appointed the following persons as Registrar and Judge and Clerk of Election, for the several districts and precincts of Carroll County, (as hereinafter mentioned) in the place of the parties heretofore appointed who have since been excused. Those under the heading "Democrats" being intended to represent the Democratic party, and those under the heading "Republicans" being intended to represent the Republican party.

DEMOCRATS:

Bryon S. Dorsey, Jr., Judge in 13th Election District, in place of William J. Brashears, deceased.

JOHN M. ROBERTS, Pres.,
HENRY S. MUSSELMAN,
WILLIAM WOOD,
The Board of Supervisors of Election of Carroll County.

Test:—Sam'l. J. Stone, Clerk. aug 27 3t

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

Commissioners' Office,
Westminster, August 16th, 1909.

In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly passed at January Session, 1888, I hereby give the following Notice to Taxpayers.

This is to give notice that the County Commissioners of Carroll county have made their annual levy on the assessable property of said county, for State and County Taxes for the year Nineteen Hundred and Nine, and that all persons or incorporate institutions that shall pay their County Taxes on or before the First day of September, next, shall be entitled to a reduction of two per centum on the amount of said taxes. On State taxes a deduction of five per centum will be allowed if paid on or before the first day of September; and if paid on or before the first day of October, next, a deduction of four per centum; and if paid on or before the first day of November, next, a deduction of three per centum; that said taxes will be in arrears on the first day of January, next, and bear interest from that date; that all persons or incorporate institutions failing to pay their State and County Taxes before the same shall be in arrears, will render the property and estate of such delinquent liable to be sold for the prompt payment of said taxes.

FRANCIS L. HANN,
County Treasurer.
aug 20 4t

NO. 4495 EQUITY.

In the Circuit Court for Carroll County, in Equity.

EXPARTE. In the matter of the Trust Estate of Frederick Ludwig Henry Glendmeyer, Annie Louise Glendmeyer his wife and Fredericka M. Glendmeyer, Benjamin Frank Crouse, Francis Neal Parke, Joseph D. Brooks, Trustees.

Upon the aforegoing petition, it is this 19th day of August, 1909, by the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity, ordered and decreed that jurisdiction be, and it is hereby assumed of the trusts created in and by the aforementioned deed of trust from Frederick Ludwig Henry Glendmeyer and Annie L. Glendmeyer his wife and Fredericka M. Glendmeyer, to the said Benjamin Frank Crouse, Joseph D. Brooks and Francis Neal Parke, trustees; and that the said trustees proceed to administer the trusts in and by said deed of trust created under the supervision, direction and control of the Circuit Court for Carroll County, sitting as a Court of Equity; and it is further ordered that the said Benjamin Frank Crouse, Joseph D. Brooks and Francis Neal Parke, trustees, give the usual notice to the creditors of the said Frederick Ludwig Henry Glendmeyer, and Fredericka M Glendmeyer, who were such prior to the 19th day of August, 1909, to file their claims, properly authenticated with the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Carroll County, on or before the 21st day of October, 1909, by causing a copy of this order to be published in some newspaper published in Carroll County, once a week for four successive weeks prior to the 20th day of September, 1909.

WM. H. THOMAS.

True copy—Test:
DAVID P. SMELSER, Clerk, &c.
aug 20 4t

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A Valuable Farm

In Freedom Distrtict, Carroll County, Md.

The undersigned, trustee, by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, passed in a cause in said Court depending whe ein Virgia M. Shipley, infant, by Henry Klee, next friend, is plaintiff and Ella M. Shipley and others are defendants, being cause No. 4487 on the Equity Docket of the Circuit Court for Carroll county, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY, September 8th, 1909,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., all those tracts or parcels of land, lying contiguous to each other and containing in the aggregate 152 acres and 18 Square Perches of Land more or less, located on the Bartholow Road, leading to Sykesville, about 1 mile southeast of Gist and 2 miles from Eldersburg, in Freedom district, Carroll county, Md., adjoining the lands of Chas W. Allen and others



This property is improved by a Weatherboarded House, Bank Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon-Shed and other outbuildings, all in good condition. Said lands comprise 20 acres of first class Oak and Chestnut Timber, including some of the best building timber in the State. Ample supply of water at the house and barn, wind engine, and four springs of excellent water upon the lands. About 25 acres of these lands are in meadows and especially adapted to grazing. This is a most desirable property, is convenient to Churches and Schools, and the lands are the same described in said Equity Cause and are same of which Joshua Wilber Shipley died seized and possessed. This property will be offered as a whole, also in several parcels, and will be sold as may appear best.

Terms of Sale:—One third cash upon the day of sale, or ratification thereof by the Court, and the residue in two equal payments, one to be paid in one year and the other in two years from the day of sale, with interest, and to be secured by the notes of the purchaser or purchasers, with security to be approved by the trustee, or the whole of the purchase money may be paid in cash on the ratification of said sale by the Court.

HENRY KLEE,
Trustee.

E. O. WEANT, Solicitor.
E. N. DAVIS, Auctioneer.
aug 13 4t

WANTED.



Horses and Mules.

I want to buy within the next 30 days 100 head of Horses and Mules, of all grades, for which the Highest Cash Price will be paid. Call on or address.

F. P. GOODWIN,
Reisterstown, Balto. Co., Md.

P. S.—Also have on hand at all times 50 head of good serviceable Horses and Mules for sale or exchange, and satisfaction guaranteed.

my 14 tf F. P. GOODWIN.

PEACH Bottom and Bangor Slate kept in stock by Smith & Reifsnider.

EDITORIAL.

The Lonely Governor.

Governor Crothers, criticising the plank in the platform adopted by the State Republican convention on Wednesday, which calls attention to the failure of the State Good Roads Commission to accomplish anything in the way of good roads building, says:

"The Good Roads Commission comes in next for a share of abuse. It is natural for the convention to attempt to make even the improvements undertaken by our party to look like mismanagement. It is only a part of the general abuse.....This point in their platform simply shows that they are opposed to the State's policy of building good roads. The books of the commission are open to the public..... The work it has accomplished stands as a monument to its efforts....."

That the "policy" of the Good Roads Commission is not the States policy (if by the State her citizens are meant) is clearly shown by the fact that the plank of the Republican State platform is in harmony with the general sentiment of the people of the State, irrespective of party, hitherto expressed again and again, and that the Governor in standing by that policy is very much alone, is shown by the following facts:

CARROLL COUNTY RESOLUTION.

Among the resolutions adopted by the Carroll County Republican convention, on August 17th, was the following:

"We favor the adoption of some practical system of road making, by which public highways will be improved in such manner as to be most beneficial to all citizens. We have as yet looked in vain for some practical results from the five-million-dollar appropriation for good roads made by the last Legislature. If this amount is to be expended upon a few bob-tail highways for the especial benefit of a few favored individuals or particular localities, it will only be a pernicious waste of the people's money."

FROM DEMOCRATIC ADVOCATE.

The Democratic Advocate, of June 4th, reporting the proceedings of the annual meeting of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association, held June 1st, 1909, said:

"Mr. Steele (Guy W. Steele, Esq.,) also read the report of the committee appointed by the association to meet the Good Roads Commission and present the claims of Westminster in the selection of highways to be improved by the State.

Mr. Steele said that he had had several talks with members of the commission but had never been able to get any satisfaction. He said that Westminster had not only been given the cold shoulder in the matter of the selection of routes, but that the commission was rubbing it in by starting the work of road-building on the borders of the county instead of beginning at Westminster. If the roads cost as much as the proposals would indicate, he said it would be years before we see any picks and shovels in the neighborhood of the county seat."

The Advocate' report is correct, the committee's report, to which it makes reference, reads as follows:—

"The commitee also desires to call attention to the fact that the Good Roads Commission intends commencing the roads to be improved in the Southern section of the county at Sykesville; THIS IS CONTRARY TO THE COMMISSION'S PROMISES and a direct slap at the county seat."

The SENTINEL in reporting the meeting said:

"After a full discussion of the subject in which many of those present participated, it was the unanimous conclusion of those present that resolutions be passed strongly condemnatory of the POLICY of the Good Roads Commission &c."

The Advocate further reported a series of resolutions prepared by M. E. Walsh, Esq., which after araigning the policy of the Good Roads Commission, declare:

"And whereas it is alleged that the proposed plan of ignoring the county seat of this county is prompted by the desire to serve individual interests.

"And whereas good judgment would prompt said commission to begin the construction where there is abundance of road-making material and where the larger number of people would be benefitted;

"Therefore, Be it resolved that this association hereby enters its earnest protest against a plan which seems to have for its sole purpose a desire to serve a very few selfish men."

WHAT SENATOR BLAIR LEE THINKS.

At the great farmers' gathering at the annual picnic of St. Louis' Catholic Church, on Wednesday, August 25th, 1909, Senator Blair Lee, Democratic Senator for Montgomery county, was the chief speaker.

According to the report in the Baltimore Sun, Senator Lee's powerful arraignment of the policy and methods of the State Good Roads Engineer, which are of course the policy and methods of the Good Roads Commission, inasmuch as the State Engineer acts under the direction of that body, was received with vociferous applause.

Among other things Senator Lee said:

"They tear up the good solid stone of the old Frederick pike and substitute something that could never last. We are afraid to give up our old pikes for the Shoemaker roads.

"The STATE ROADS COMMISSION tore up on that road from 12 to 18 inches of stone and substituted 6 inches of soft limestone. It spent $11,000 a mile, and Mr. Crosby says it will be necessary to spend $3,000 more on each mile.....In our county not less than 3 per cent of each mile of road laid down by Mr. Crosby has had to be torn up and repaired.

"If under our form of government, we are going to let a lot of people who are half crank and half professional and who won't let us use our good local stone, have their way, then we're softheaded. If we don't take an interest in this important question we do not deserve good roads."

THE GOVERNOR AND THE PLATFORM.

If the governor considers the plank in the Republican platform as "abuse" of his party, what must he think of the utterances of members of his own party and of the public generally? In comparison that plank is couched in mildest language.

THE PLANK.

We charge the present Democratic State administration with gross inefficiency and mismanagement. We point to the first session of its Legislature, which has been marked by unprecedented extravagance, by the most shameless multiplication of useless State employees at the public's expense, by a brazen refusal to even respectfully consider the recommendations of economical procedure, offered by Governor Warfield in his retiring message, and by many and other evidences of the fact that this administration, so prolific in promises, has failed lamentably in performance. We point to the record of the Good Roads Commission, which, for more than a year and a half, has been organized and under pay, and which brings us to the edge of a second winter with pitifully small results for a commission with such plenary power and such ample funds. We take exception to the unbusiness-like methods of that Commission, which is charged with the expenditure of five millions of dollars of the people's money, and in the name of the people we ask for some public statement of their work and methods and some proper auditing of their accounts.

We favor a progressive, practical and enlightened policy of good roads construction by the State.

LETTER FROM ABROAD.

Special to the American Sentinel.

(By W. B. Seabrook.)

Cardinal Rampolla, the Great Prelate, Tells Why Painters and Sculptors Decorated Walls With Pictures of Drunken Noah.

Venice, Italy.—The royal yacht Victoria & Albert is anchored in the lagoon, opposite the ducal palace, with a family party of crowned heads on board, including Queen Alexandra of England and the Queen Mother of Russia, Maria Fedorowna. The Venetian populace, accustomed to royalty, pays little or no attention to their presence, and the Italian loafers clustered around the pedestal at the base of the lion-surmounted column in the Piazzetta would walk further to see a cock-fight than a congress of emperors; but we poor Americans, who have never seen a real, live queen, stand in a gaping line along the quay and gladly miss our suppers for the privilege of watching the two august ladies leave the yacht and drift by in a gondola.

When they pass we are surprised and even feel a bit provoked with them because they look so much like other ladies; their simple, tailored costumes, the comfortable and cozy way they lean among the cushions of the gondola without making the least effort to appear regal or stately, quite upset our American notions of the way queens should comport themselves in public. But these ladies have been queens so long that they have got used to it—maybe even tired of it, who knows?—and take themselves altogether as a matter of course. Why, any little department cashier or sentimental nurse-maid, provided she has read a few of Laura Jean Libby's yellow-backed novels dealing with high society life in England, could play the part more satisfactorily!

These two casual queens have already been shopping in the jewelry stores beneath the arcades, strolling past the shop-windows, stopping when something pleased them, asking the price of a string of beads or an enameled brooch. Yesterday the elder of the two ladies was observed purchasing a package of colored picture-postals, doubtless destined to delight the royal babeskis and infantile serene highnesses at St. Petersburg.

The royal yacht is the object of enthusiastic admiration on the part of all seafaring men in the harbor, and she really is a beauty. Close beside her is her armed escort, a squat, gray gunboat, lying low like a faithful watchdog, dozing with one eye open, ready to spring at any moment. Each evening the yacht rigging, and that of the gunboat as well, are festooned and decorated—the yacht with garlands of electric bulbs, and the gunboat with the sailors' underwear hung up to dry. The combination is very effective as we view it from the shore.

Two or three hundred jackies from the latter vessel come ashore almost every night, to drink enormous quantities of beer in the taverns along the waterfront, or invade the villainous dives in the narrow streets behind St. Mark's, but except for their bibulous and amorous propensities they are an orderly crowd, though a habit they have of drinking every time they raise their glasses to the damnation of Kaiser Wilhelm, whom most of them have seen and whom all of them hate like poison, has led to occasional brawls with subjects of that monarch. It is an open question whether the English sailors can beat the Germans fighting, but they can certainly beat them at their own game of drinking beer. I have seen more than one of the Englishmen drink a gallon at a sitting with several "slugs" thrown in "on the side," but I have never seen one of them drunk. So far as that is concerned, the only drunken man I have encountered in Venice, or in all Italy, is the marble Noah beneath his vine, sculptured on the north-east corner of the ducal palace, but he, the shameless old patriarch, is drunk enough to make up for all the rest. His legs are wobbly, his beard is soaked with the dregs of wine, and the overturned cup is falling from his hand, while two sons are peeping around the angle, from the direction of the Bridge of Sighs, horrified to see their aged father in such a disgraceful state.

Noah's drunkeness, by the way, is a subject which occurs with astonishing frequency in the cathedral sculpture of Europe, and in the bas reliefs decorating edifices of religious and semi-religious character. There is scarcely a single big, mediaeval church in France or Italy upon the walls of which one does not find this edifying story chiselled, oftenest with revolting fidelity to the details.

Time and again I had wondered why Christian artists, decorating Christian buildings, so often chose such a disgraceful old theme, illustrating no moral truth, describing no vital historic fact, in no wise exalting the scriptures, but rather taking advantage of a good man's one moment of weakness and for his one sin holding him up to everlasting scorn, fastening him in a marble pillory to be mocked at and made fun of by future generations.

Why hadn't they depicted Noah building the ark, or sending out the dove, or doing something creditable? Why had they hit upon a subject so little calculated to instil in the public mind a wholesome respect for scriptural characters, but rather ridiculing this mighty Old Testament hero?

One day in the early spring, as I was standing in Rome before one of these curious bas reliefs of the middle ages, it happened to be my privilege to be introduced to Cardinal Rampolla—he whom the Romans hope will succeed Pius X on the papal throne. To him I expressed surprise that the old artists had so often used their chisels to reflect discredit on the builder of the ark, and asked the great Catholic statesman if there was any reason for it. His answer was so odd and interesting, so curiously illustrative of the fact that human nature is the same in all ages, that I believe it will amuse American readers.

The artists of the middle ages, said the cardinal, were frequently jolly, irreligious rakes, who, like many of their less talented prototypes today, had scant reverence for anything in heaven or on earth, and were always watching for a chance to have their little joke at the expense of the sober priests who employed them to decorate their houses of worship; furthermore in some cases, during the time when the papal power was temporal, the artists were not consulted as to whether they wanted to be employed or not, but were forced to do work distasteful to them, and in such instances spite as well as their unholy sense of humor kept them on the alert to give the church a sly dig with brush or chisel every time they got an opportunity.

Frequently a sculptor would be instructed to decorate part of a new cathedral and would be told to cover a certain wall with a series of subjects taken from the Old Testament. The artist would mildly acquiesce, build a little scaffolding around the portion of the wall to be carved, shut himself in from the public gaze with sheets and curtains, and work in secrecy for six or seven months. Then when the veil was drawn, there among the other patriarchs would be poor old Noah, naked as a jay-bird, with wine spilled all over his betousled beard.

"How shocking!" would exclaim the aged prelates, and threaten sending the irreverent artist to prison.

"But the drunkenness of Noah is a subject taken from holy writ," the artist would reply.

This answer may not have always satisfied the churchmen, and they may have put the sculptor in jail for the rest of his life on a bread and water diet, but they couldn't well efface his work—and there it remains until this very day.

AGED RESIDENTS OF YORK.

Their Recollections Of The Great Drought of 1822.

(The Hanover, Pa., Herald, of last week published the following reminiscences of two aged residents of York. The former is the father of Dr. M. L. Bott of this city.—Editors.)

The city of York has two aged residents who possess remarkable memories. One of these is Henry Bott, who was born early in the year 1818. Mr. Bott is spending the summer months at his old home in the borough of Seven Valley, this county, where he followed the occupation of a merchant for nearly half a century. During the past ten years he has resided at York.

Mr. Bott keeps in touch with the current news of the day and reads the newspapers as carefully as he did thirty years ago. One of the incidents of his career as a merchant in Seven Valley he describes with eagerness. This incident occurred on the afternoon of June 27, 1863. On that day the villagers were visited by about four hundred Confederate troopers under Colonel White, who had been sent through Hanover to Hanover Junction by General Early to burn the bridges along the railroad above and below Seven Valley. This occurred the day before General Early with nine thousand soldiers took possession of York and remained two days in and around that town.

The southern soldiers entered Mr. Bott's store at Seven Valley and took everything that could be used as clothing, as well as boots, shoes and hats. They paid for these goods with Confederate money and in the meantime tried to persuade Mr. Bott that their money would be worth as much as gold or silver within a year or two. These soldiers believed that the South would win, for said one of them to Mr. Bott: "We will capture York and Harrisburg tomorrow and then march with our whole army under Lee to Philadelphia and New York. When New York is captured we will march to Boston and dictate terms of peace to the Yankee government at the foot of Bunker Hill Monument."

"Well, we will see," said Mr. Bott, as he took the Confederate money and put it in a drawer. Six days later the battle of Gettysburg had ended in a victory for the Union army. After the army under Lee returned to Virginia Mr. Bott failed to keep the money given to him by his Southern friends, for the prophecy of the Confederate soldier never came true.

In a recent letter Mr. Bott mentions that he has a dim recollection of the drought which occurred in York County in 1822. Very little rain fell in Southern Pennsylvania from April to August. The farmers' crops were almost a total failure. The large streams which traverse this county were nearly dry. Only a few grist mills could be operated. Farmers took their grain to mills a distance of twenty miles or more to be ground into flour. The drought was broken in August, which gave the farmers a chance to sow their wheat and rye for the next season's crops. Fortunately, 1823 was a year that all the crops were abundant.

Mr. Bott has a recollection of events ten years before the first railroad in America was built, on which locomotives were used. He remembers when the Davis engine, made at York in 1832, was hauled in that year in wagons to Baltimore. In the fall of 1832 the Davis engine won a prize of $3,500 given by the B. & O. R. R. It succeeded in drawing a train of freight cars from Baltimore to Ellicott's Mills at a rate of twenty-three miles an hour. Mr. Bott remembers when nearly all the wheat and rye of this section was cut by the sickle, for the grain cradle was a new farm implement in 1832. He remembers when there were only twenty-four States in the Union, and recalls the election of John Quincy Adams, in 1824, Andrew Jackson in 1828, and 1832, and Martin Van Buren, in 1836, to the office of President of the United States.

A few months ago Mr. Bott celebrated his ninety-first birthday by writing on one side of a postal card the Ten Commandments, Lord's Prayer and the Doxology. His hand writing on this postal card can be read by any person having keen sight.

The other aged resident of York is Mrs. Louisa A. Fritz, who was born in that town in February, 1818. She recalls the visit of General LaFayette to York in 1825. During that year Mrs. Fritz was attending a school on North George street. She stood at a window of her school room and saw the great French soldier ride in an open barouche up George Street to Center Square. Lafayette stopped one night at the Globe Inn, then the leading hotel in York. Mrs. Fritz in her early days was an excellent musician. She was the leading soprano voice in the choir of the Moravian Church, seventy-five years ago.

Oysters Growing On Tree.

From the Baltimore Sun.

St. Michaels, Md., Aug. 29.—As the opening of the oyster tonging season approaches the usual conjecture as to the quality of the oysters and their plentifulness are current.

So far as Miles and Wye rivers are concerned it is said that the outlook is very bright, oysters being in good condition and young growth is plentiful, spat having caught on almost any available object. Only a few days ago a gentleman picked from the flats in Wye river a small branch of a tree that had become submerged and, it is said, the oldest tongmen had never seen small growth so plentiful on such a frail object.

In the Choptank river in the neighborhood of Broad and Ham's creeks the growth is so great as to prevent the smal oysters from growing to a marketable size, and it is said that an effort to have the coming Legislature pass a special bill in reference to that particular locality will be one of the issues of the coming campaign.

Last season St. Michael's packers shipped to the West approximately 150,000 gallons of shucked oysters almost the entire output, while from Cambridge, Tilghman and other Eastern Shore town shipments were even larger.

The old "bugboats," which for so many years sailed from these points to Baltimore, have greatly decreased, Eastern Shore packers shipping direct to Western markets.

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