TRUSTEE'S SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT
In Westminster, Md.

The undersigned trustee will sell on the premises at the corner of Webster and High streets, in Westminster, Md.,

ATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25th, 1911,

at 1 o'clock p. m., a lot of land containing **17,272 Square Feet of Land,** more or less, improved by a substantial, two-story **Frame Dwelling House** and outbuildings, being the same property of which Bernard P. Fowler, late of Carroll county, died seized and possessed. For terms and particulars, see hand bills.

MICHAEL E. WALSH, Trustee.
Nicholas J. Walsh Auctioneer.
nov 3 4t

LUMBER, CORD WOOD
and Uncut Tree Tops at
Public Sale, Sat., Nov. 25, 1911

On the premises of Mrs. Nelson, near Smallwood will be sold at public sale

25 CORDS OAK AND HICKORY

wood, 10,000 Feet Boards, Oak Plank and Scantling, the latter being 2x4, 2x6 and 2x8. A credit of three months will be given. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M. GEO. W. STAIR.
nov 10 3t

TRESPASS NOTICE.

We hereby notify all persons not to trespass upon our property for the purpose of hunting, gunning or trapping.

LEWIS GREEN, Sr.,
PETER RITZ.
oct 27 4t

BOARDING.

39 Liberty street, Westminster, Md. Now open for permanent and transient guests.
oct 27 3t

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

HEREAFTER, and until further notice the County Commissioners of Carroll county will meet at their office in Westminster, EVERY MONDAY for the transaction of business.

By order, O. EDWARD DODRER,
feb10 09 Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

Brick House and Lot on E. Green street, opposite Westminster High School. Five Rooms, Bath and Basement Kitchen. Apply to

N. H. BAUMGARTNER,
Office Westminster Deposit and Trust Co.
dec 30 tf

S. MYERS, D. D. S. J. E. MYERS, D. D. S

DRS. MYERS, DENTIST,
Westminster, Md.

C. & P. Phone 96 W. jan 6 1y.

EDISON PORTLAND CEMENT.

On account of its Fineness, Color, Uniformity, Soundness and Sand Carrying Capacity is Unequaled for

CEMENT SIDEWALKS and BUILDING BLOCKS.

This Cement is now being used for construction purposes by the Tidewater Portland Cement Co. at Union Bridge.

FOR SALE BY THE
SACK, BARREL or TON
BY THE
WESTMINSTER FERTILIZER, CO.
d 29 tf Green St., Westminster, Md.

POISEL'S CAFE.

JOHN POISEL, Proprietor.
E. Main St. Westminster, Md

Meals at All Hours.
Permanent Boarding.
Ladies' Dining Room.
OYSTERS In and Out of Season.
Bar Stocked with choicest WINES AND LIQUORS.
BOWLING ALLEYS.
STABLE ROOM.
sept 2 10 1y

Wind and Hail Storm INSURANCE.

The Granger's Mutual Storm Insurance Company of Carroll county, will insure your

BUILDINGS AND CONTENTS AGAINST LOSS BY WIND STORMS AND YOUR CROPS AGAINST LOSS BY HAIL STORMS.

No Premium Notes required.
A share of your patronage is solicited.

JOHN HENRY LEISTER,
General Agent,
my 27 tf Westminster

Dr. Chas. A. Wolf, Registered Veterinary Surgeon

Union Mills, Carroll County Co., Md.
Charges reasonable. C. & P. Phone
june 9 tf

FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.

I am prepared to issue through the leading

FIRE, LIFE, HEALTH

and Accident Insurance Companies, Policies

Sick and Accident Benefits

from $7.50 to $25.00 per week

Rates reasonable. A share of your patronage solicited.

Call C. & P. Phone 45-K or write.

S. C. Stoner, Agent
145 West Main Street.
dec 19,09 1y Westminster, Md.

M. E. CAMPBELL, BUTCHER,
Dealer in Fresh and Cured Meats.

WANTED.—3000 lbs. of PORK a week Highest Cash Price Paid for Fat Cattle. Hogs Sheep, Calves and Beef Hides.
ap 3 08 1y

FOR SALE

T. T. Peerless Traction Engine, B-1 Seperator, Chase Shingle Mill and Eli Hay Bailer. To purchaser can give a good route lying within three miles of Westminster. Term to suit purchaser.

Buggies, Wagons, Binders, Mowers, Rakes and Tedders. Everything for the FARM.

The W. H. Davis Co.
Cor. Main and John Sts.,
Westminster, Maryland.
feb 18 10 24 1

Farms and Town Properties for Sale.

The undersigned has Ten Farms for sale, containing from 1 to 175 Acres, and several fine town properties and 20 building lots. Apply to

THE REAL ESTATE CO. OF WESTMINSTER.
MICHAEL E. WALSH,
President, No. 175 E. Main St., Westminster, Md. dec 23 tf

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH **DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY**
FOR COUGHS COLDS PRICE 50¢ & $1.00 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Will You Sell Your Farm?

If you care to sell send me a postal for full information.

90 Acres good cropping Farm. Convenient. $50 per acre.

Exclusive agency of your property is not required.

C. C. BEACH,
Real Estate,
oc 27tf The Westminster Hotel.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

Pianos and Organs.

PIANOS:

BLASIUS & SONS,
LABRECHT & REGENT,
BEHR BROS & Co.

ORGANS:

ESTEY, WEAVER,
and Newman Bros.

All sold at MODERATE PRICES and on EASY TERMS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in good Second and Pianos and Organs.

Call and see goods and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN T. ROYER,
West Main Street, Westminster, Md.
oct 16 tf

Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.
oct 27

"BOULETTS"

The Ideal Cookstove

Coal

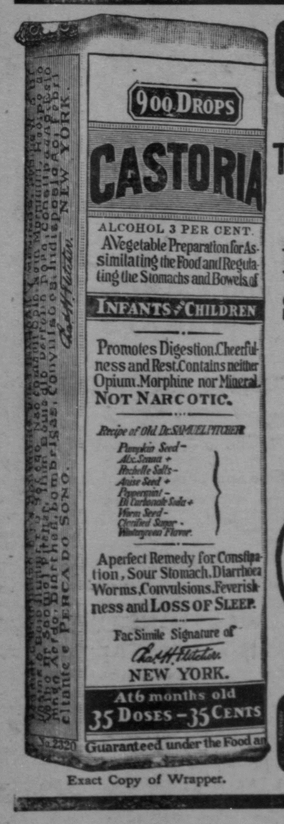
Ignites quickly and makes a hot fire.

No Clinkers

Lumber Coal & Supply Co.
Phone 138

New Australian Diamond Field.

New South Wales reports an important new diamond field, in the northeastern part of the province. As usual the diamonds are found near the crater of an extinct volcano.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Ready for Chicken Raisers with the BEST OIL

that can be Produced for that Purpose; true to name and Quality, we Guarantee It For

INCUBATORS AND BROODERS,

as it has been carefully TESTED by the LARGEST Hatchers in Carroll county, and for producing an even temperature IT CANNOT BE SURPASSED. We can give you references from the BEST PEOPLE of our county, who claim it is the CHEAPEST because it is

SAFE AND LASTS LONGER THAN THE CHEAPER OILS.

We also carry a Full Line of Foods and Supplies

Our Grocery and Confectionery Line Is Complete.

at the Old Reliable Merchant's BOTH PHONES. **GEO. R. GRUMBINE,** at Forks of Road, Westminster.
jan 11 10

STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!

Our doubts are traitors,
And make us lose the good we oft might win,
By fearing to buy a Berkshire.

My Berkshires have Breeding, Type and Quality to suit the most CRITICAL. Low Cost of Feeding, and Growth enough to suit the most PRACTICAL.

TYPICAL BERKSHIRES ONLY ARE WHAT I OFFER FOR SALE

STANDARD CALLS FOR—
Berkshire CHARACTER, QUALITY and SIZE, Backed by DESIRABLE BLOOD LINES.

REMEMBER!!
Things SEEN are greater Than things HEARD or READ.

LOCUST STOCK FARM, G. LYNN COANE, Prop., Westminster, Md



Money Saved ...ON... Furniture ...AT... ..LOCKARD'S..

The large Furniture Store on Liberty St., Md. The largest stock to select from anywhere to be seen. Prices lower than the lowest. Always money saved at

Lockard's

We also carry a nice line of VEHICLES. Prices very low.

Agents for the well known and tried out **Maxwell, Hudson and National**

Automobiles

Yours for business,

J. W. LOCKARD & SON, WESTMINSTER, - MD. C. & P. Phone 53 W.

Cruelty to Animals.

During the discussion of the difference between the high cost of living and the cost of high living at the Curbstone club the ancient carpenter vouchsafed the following: "It just seems like everything conspires to make things harder for a man when prices are high. Now, for instance, I know that all of my hens intentionally stop laying when eggs are worth their weight in gold—just when they ought to do their very best!"

"Smoke up! Your pipe's going out!" sarcastically exclaimed the real estate man

"Fact," continued the ancient carpenter. "But I fooled the critters. I got a sign painted with words, 'Eggs 10 cents a dozen,' and hung it in the coop. Now the hens are laying two and three eggs every day, and some of them are even working nights."—Youngstown Telegraph.

Art of Punctuation.

A man went into the Jewell County Monitor office and asked the young apprentice what rules of punctuation he followed. The boy replied: "I set as long as I can hold my breath and then I put in a comma, when I gape I insert a semi-colon, and when I want a chew of tobacco I make a paragraph."—Kansas City Journal.

Daily Thought.

One thorn of experience is worth a whole wilderness of warning.—Lowell.

Conscientious.

An editor of a New York magazine recently received a story of which the scene was laid in the state of Washington. He wished to have the story illustrated, and in order to obtain the best local detail he sent the manuscript to a young artist out in Washington. Before doing so, however, he scrawled hastily across the top of the first page the address of the writer, which did not otherwise appear on the manuscript. It was "Shelton, Wash." With the story the editor sent a letter asking the artist to make a wash drawing of a certain effective scene and forward it as soon as possible. By return mail the editor received an anxious reply from the youthful artist, saying: "I note that you wish me to use Shelton wash. I do not know of any such wash, nor do any of the dealers out here. If you can send me a tube I shall be glad to make the drawing."

Small Girl's Protest.

Little Marma's father employed help who spoke Norwegian, which Marma could not understand. One day her mother and aunt were spelling what in their conversation Marma was not to comprehend. With a little sniff she said: "I don't like spelling; just like Norwegian."

Emanate Cheer.

If you cannot lift people out of their woes, you can cheer them on by making them forget, for at least a little while, there is such a word as trouble.

A LITTLE BIT HUMOROUS



One Honest Rough Resort.

"Don't rough it too much on your summer vacation," said Dr. Phineas L. Raycroft, the hygienic expert of Des Moines. "See that you get plenty of baths and plenty of good food. Otherwise your vacation will be apt to do you harm.

"I once thought of spending my mid-summer holidays in the Tennessee mountains. So I wrote to a mountaineer whose picturesque homestead had been highly recommended to me, and in the course of my letter I asked the man if there was a bath in his house.

"In reply he said:

"'If you want a bath you had better take it before you come.'"

Success at Sea.

A youthful Canadian, who is possessed of the romantic idea of "going to sea" is meeting with much parental opposition.

"The sailor never amounts to anything, my boy," urged his prosaic father. "He works hard, has few holidays and never achieves great success."

"That's where you're mistaken," exclaimed young Canada, triumphantly. "Look at King George! He started out as a sailor and now he's got to be the head of the empire."—Kingston Whig.

THOSE FEMININE CRITICS.



Miss Critic—So she was led to the altar at last.

Miss Spite—Led! Led! I guess you didn't see her. She didn't have to be led. When she started down the aisle you couldn't have headed her off with a regiment of cavalry.

A Hard Job.

It is easy to hustle
From morn till night,
But it's hard to do nothing
And do it right.

An Explanation.

Visitor—How old are you, my poor fellow?

Prisoner—Fifty.

Visitor (thoughtfully)—Didn't you say 45 at the trial?

Prisoner—Yes; but the judge gave me five years.—Puck.

Shunned.

Mrs. Howard—Who is the person most interested in the missions and charities of your church?

Mrs. Flowerd—Now, let me see! What is the name of that woman every one tries to avoid?—Harper's Bazar.

The Modern Idea.

"What did your friend say after the study class took up Dante's Inferno?"

"She remarked that it was a pity when Dante made his celebrated visit to the infernal regions that picture post cards had not been invented."

Circumstantial Evidence.

"From an actor's point of view Bacon must have written the Shakespeare plays."

"Why so?"

"Because they have so many 'fat' parts."

A Bonanza.

First Starving Author—What would you do, old man, if you could get 5 cents a word for your stuff?

Second Starving Author—That's easy. I'd write a dictionary.—Town and Country.

A Finisher.

He—Was it a very bad play, then?

Fair First Nighter—Bad! Why, my dear boy, even the lights went out at the end of the second act.—London Tatler.

Classifying Himself.

Eve (on seeing him for the first time)—Who are you, sir?

Adam—I'm Exhibit A, madam.

Sextant Has Grown Smaller.

The sextant in use today by sea captains and others is a small affair, measuring only a few inches in any direction. About the year 1000 of our era the sextant then in use by astronomers had a radius of 59 feet 9 inches.

May Make Nettle Valuable.

Experiments with a process for obtaining a textile fiber, with merits between those of cotton and linen, from the nettle are being fostered by the Austrian government.

GREAT CARE SHOULD BE USED IN CONSTRUCTION OF A SILO

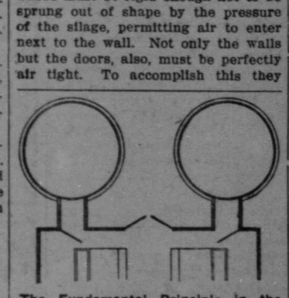
Many of Failures That Have Discouraged Introduction of Huge Tanks Are Due to Faulty Building—Air Should be Excluded to Prevent Consequent Decay of Silage.

(By J. B. DAVIDSON and M. L. KING, Iowa.)

The importance and value of the silo in furnishing succulent food for dairy cows and other farm animals is now being more generally appreciated. Only a trial is necessary to convince stock raisers that silage is an economical feed for the production of beef as well as for the production of milk. Silage when included in the ration for steers makes it more palatable, and in this manner is an active agent in bringing about more rapid gains. Also in many cases well preserved silage has been found a cheap and successful feed for sheep, swine and horses.

The silo may be made an ornament to any group of farm buildinggs. Its form is such that it may be made to add to the appearance of any style of construction. One or more conical silo roofs when viewed from a distance, or in the full height of the curved walls at a closer range, gives a very pleasing effect when placed in a setting of rectangular buildings.

It is the purpose of any silo, regardless of its construction, to exclude air as far as possible from the silage, and in this way prevent decay. To prevent the air from reaching the silage, all silos must have air-tight walls. These must be rigid enough not to be sprung out of shape by the pressure of the silage, permitting air to enter next to the wall. Not only the walls but the doors, also, must be perfectly air tight. To accomplish this they



The Fundamental Principle in the Preservation of Green Forage When Placed in a Silo Is the Exclusion of Air.

Silo 16 Feet in Diameter. Four Feet Passage From Feeding Stable to Silo. Convenient Arrangement for Feeding.

should be well fitted and the joints made more perfect by felt pads or gaskets. It is a good practice where the silo door sets against a shoulder to place clay worked into the consistency of putty in the joint. The clay is placed on the bearing surface and the door placed over it, and when the pressure of the silage comes against the door an air-tight joint is obtained. Tar paper is successfully used by some silo owners, either in strips to cover the cracks around the doors or in widths sufficient to cover the entire door and lap a few inches on the silo walls.

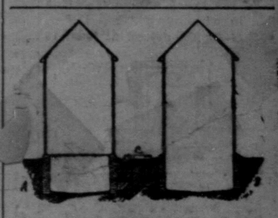
Not only should the walls be tight and rigid, but they should also be perfectly smooth on the inside to permit the silage to settle without forming air pockets, which cause a certain amount of the adjoining silage to rot. Several failure have been caused by a shoulder being made where the walls join the foundation. The foundation wall, and in fact the walls of the entire silo, should be as smooth as possible. If due care is used in tamping the silage during the filling, doors which extend into the silo are not a serious objection, though perfectly flush doors are certainly an advantage. A vertical wall is the only satisfactory wall to use, as a wall inclined outward will support the silage to a certain extent and prevent it settling satisfactorily, thus creating air pockets. When the wall is inclined inward the silage will settle away from it. In the case of concrete silos with tapered walls, these should be vertical on the inside.

Best results are obtained where the silage is uniformly distributed throughout the silo and is carefully packed near the walls and around the doors by tramping. Care should be taken that the heavy and light portions shall be uniformly mixed. Some silo owners are of the opinion that a great amount of tramping is unnecessary, but the investigations of the writers would indicate that where tamping was not followed there was always a certain amount of spoiled silage and that the money spent for labor used in thoroughly tramping the silage in the silo when filled brought good returns.

In localities where freezing occurs, it is necessary to construct the silo so as to prevent, as far as possible, freezing of the silage. It is difficult to make a comparison between the merits of the various types of silos in this respect, owing to the inability to find them under like conditions. Freezing of silage is due to loss of heat, first through the silo wall; second, to the air in contact with the feeding surface. The first loss may be reduced by using a non-conducting wall in the silo, and the second by preventing the circulation of air above the silage in the silo.

Any kind of an air space will partially prevent freezing, depending upon how little the air circulates in this space and also upon how much connecting material is required to tie the outer and inner walls together.

The King and Gueler silos were among the first to make use of an air space to prevent loss of heat through the walls, but the air spaces were so deep that circulation of air from the top to the bottom of the wall was quite free and readily transmitted heat from wall to wall in this manner.



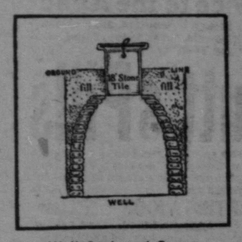
A. Incorrect Method of Constructing Silo Foundation. B. Correct Method. C. Ground Line.

COVERING FOR A FARM WELL

Practical and Economical Method For Keeping Out Leaves, Dust and Undesirable Things.

Here is a sketch of how I cover my well on Richwood farm, says a writer in the Farm and Home. The 18-inch tile makes a most excellent curb. Then a lid cut out of boiler iron to just fit within the flange of the tile will keep out all leaves, dust and other undesirable things. A handle can be placed on the upper side of the lid, and a hook on the underside on which to hang the bucket and rope will make a most complete arrangement.

If your well is in the branch or creek bottom and the floods get over it they cannot damage it, for the water cannot get under the lid to raise it. I fixed one in the bed of a creek



Well Curb and Cover.

10 years ago and the floods have been over it many times, yet when a dry spell comes and the owner is compelled to resort to well water, he cleans the sand from around the lid, pries it up and goes to drawing water. Every other device to keep a well in the bottom of the creek bed has failed.

Around the barn lot and for a stock well there are no boards or timbers to rot and let the stock fall into the well, nor to harbor rats and snakes. A well drawn in and covered in this manner seldom freezes over in winter and the water is kept cooler in summer than in an open well or one over which only boards are laid.

Managing Ducks.

In managing ducks for market it has been found highly desirable to emphasize cleanliness, pure drinking water, good ventilation and to provide ample feed consisting of three parts cornmeal, two of bran and one of meat meal or beef scrap. In two to four weeks this ration and way of managing has always proved satisfactory in fattening the birds.

CEMENT FLOOR IS SUPERIOR

Not Only Practicable but Will Return Big Profits in Saving Manure—How to Build One.

In response to a query regarding a cement floor for saving manure, Mr. S. S. Staley of Ohio, makes the following reply in the Breeder's Gazette:

Bulletin No. 188 of the Ohio Experiment Station says that the saving of manure from 58 head of cattle, 28 on hard earth floor and $4 on cement floor, was $50 more on the cement than on the earth floor. It is stated also that half the cost of the cement floor was saved in six months' feeding. So one sees it is not only practicable but will pay big returns in saving manure, to say nothing of having the cattle wading knee-deep in the mud.

A concrete yard floor can be put down directly on the earth, after scraping off the top-soil until a hard level floor is obtained; but it is best to excavate 10 or 12 inches and fill in with 6 or 8 inches of gravel or cinders, so that water will not stand under the concrete and cause it to heave by frost. A curb or wall of concrete 18 inches deep should be built all around to keep out rats, and also from being undermined by hog wallows. For cattle the floor had best be 6 inches thick and for the hog floor 4 inches. A mixture of 1 cement, 2 sand and 4 parts of crushed stone passing through an inch mesh, will make a good floor. If pit or creek gravel is used, which has about that proportion of sand and gravel, our custom here is to use one barrel (4 sacks) to one yard of gravel. All this work can be done by the farm help, if some one with some knowledge or experience can be had to superintend it.

Raising Calves.

The future usefulness of the cow depends a great deal upon how the calf is brought up during the first year. It should have plenty of water and salt presented in clean vessels, sudden changes of diet avoided and regularity of feeding practiced. Warm, dry quarters are necessary if the weather is damp. Plenty of roughage should be fed and not too much grain, for then a large capacity for handling food, so desirable in dairy animals, will be developed. When six months old milk should be omitted from the calf's ration and a full roughage and grain diet substituted.

Separating Milk.

The best time to separate milk is immediately after it is drawn from the cow, before it gets cold.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2900_scm2304-0586