AMERICAN SENTINEL
WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND

The Republican Paper of Carroll County

W. L. W. SEABROOK, Editor
GUY N. FRINGER, Manager

Published every Friday Afternoon by The American Sentinel Co., of Westminster, Maryland.

OFFICE:
MAIN AND LIBERTY STREETS

Entered at the Postoffice at Westminster, Md., as Second-class matter.

All communications for this office should be addressed to The American Sentinel Company, Westminster, Md.

A REMARKABLE TRIAL

A remarkable murder case has been on trial in a court of Paris, France; remarkable less for the fact of the homicide than for the course of procedure on the part of the court. It looked more like a farce than a drama. Yet it seems to be in keeping with the methods of French courts. The accused is a woman, Mme. Henrietta Caillaux, wife of Joseph Caillaux, a prominent French statesman. The victim was Gaston Calmette, editor of the Figaro, a Paris newspaper known all over the world on account of its brilliant standing in journalism. Mme. Caillaux is the second wife of the statesman, his first wife having been divorced and being still living. Caillaux obtained the divorce in order to marry the woman just on trial for murder. In this woman's conduct before her marriage there were certain compromising incidents which were known to Calmette and she was apprehensive that he contemplated telling the story in Figaro. And she shot him to death.

It is impossible for an American who has never witnessed a trial in a French court to understand fully the latitude allowed prisoners on trial, witnesses for the defence and prosecution, and others to express opinions, openly contradict each other and wrangle over questions that arise; but some idea of this may be gained by reading the reports of the proceedings in leading American newspapers. There seems, in this case, to have been very little order or regularity in the course of proceeding. Mme. Caillaux was permitted, in the outset, to explain in the most dramatic style her non-intention to kill Calmette. To assert that she only intended to shoot at his feet to give him a warning, but that some how the gun was discharged while it covered a vital spot. On her knees, with uplifted hands, she exclaimed, over and over again that she did not mean to kill him, and was overwhelmed with sorrow and anguish by the fatal result. An impression seemed to have been made that she intended to wound the man to keep her husband from killing him.

Caillaux' first wife has been a witness in the case and made an excellent impression by her ladylike deportment. But she was permitted to tell how the other woman attracted him by her beauty and wiles and won him away from her. On the witness stand Caillaux was permitted to interrogate her and say all manner of mean things to her, telling her, in substance, that his great misfortune was that he had ever married her. Other witnesses and persons in some way connected with the trial, but not counsel, have been permitted to wrangle and dispute over points in evidence.

To cap the climax a brother judge of the justice presiding on the trial criticised a ruling of the latter and charged him with being biased. And the justice thereupon challenged his critic to mortal combat on the field of honor. As this is being written the outcome of the challenge cannot be surmised. It will probably amount to nothing.

Caillaux, who was once premier of France, a position carrying great power and responsibility, stands by his present wife, asseverates his love and devotion for her and his detestation of her predecessor. French sympathy, however, is with the divorced and wronged wife.

It may be remarked that, notwithstanding the farcical incidents attending a trial of this sort in a French court there is something to be said in favor of the methods pursued and the Freedom of expression given to witnesses, one witness in this case having been permitted to give his testimony in the shape of what might have been called a stump speech. The object is evidently intended to get at the real facts involved and to permit nothing to be suppressed by technical objections to the admissibility of evidence. While French practice is no doubt carried to an extreme in this respect, it must be admitted that the ends of justice are often frustrated in American courts by the exclusion of testimony that may have an important bearing upon litigation. But that, however, is better than such farcical proceedings as marked the Caillaux trial. Perhaps there is need of reform in both methods.

Mme. Caillaux was declared not guilty by the jury in the case, which rendered its verdict to that effect on Tuesday.

IS IT DUBLIN AGAINST ULSTER?

Just how England is to settle the trouble which she has encountered in her efforts to establish home rule in Ireland is still, for her, a knotty problem. Ulster is as determined as ever to resist separation from her time honored connection with the home government and be forced to become a part of the new system granted to Ireland after probably a century or more of agitation of this project. The British Parliament is wrestling with the problem, which to observers on this side of the Atlantic looks like a very simple one. Why may not Parliament grant the demands of the Ulsterites and exempt them from the operation of the home rule law? But complications have arisen. King George has shown very plainly that the bent of his sympathy is with Ulster and he has gone farther than any English monarch of the last century in an effort to bring about a peaceful solution of the difficulty. But the real rulers of Great Britain, whom he called into conference on the subject, have not seconded his desire. Just where the difficulty lies it is not so easy, in this country, to understand, but apparently it lies in a difference of opinion concerning the extent of territory to be included in the exemption from the operation of the home rule system, it being stated that the whole of Ulster is not to be covered by that exemption. One statement to that effect was that King George favored conceding to the Ulsterites connection with the British Parliament in nine-tenths of the Province. Then the question as to where the line should be drawn arose to intensify the difficulty. In the meantime the Irish Nationalists, the people who are clamoring for home rule, are preparing to take a hand in armed conflict, ostensibly with Ulster. It came to the knowledge of the authorities that ten thousand rifles and 70,000 rounds of ammunition had been secretly landed somewhere on the west coast of Ireland and were being taken to Dublin, the capital. A battalion of soldiers from the King's Own Scottish Borderers was sent to sieze the guns and captured about 100 of them on Sunday. But the soldiery met a mob of Dubliners who impeded their efforts and used such violence as is commonly resorted to by mobs. Then a volley was fired into the mass of irate Dubliners, among whom, it is said, were many women, and four men were mortally wounded and numbers seriously hurt.

Exactly why the Nationalists are taking this position in the controversy is not clearly apparent. They have won their struggle for home rule and, whatever disposition may be made of Ulster, the rest of Ireland will have its own Parliament. There would therefore seem to be no occasion on its part to undertake the coercion of the Ulsterites. But the practical smuggling of 10,000 rifles has a sinister aspect. Why should Dublin be armed in the interest of home rule? It is reported that 1000 Dublin volunteers had marched openly to receive the arms, yet that statement does not tally with the story that telegraph wires had been cut and every precaution possible used to keep the government officials from knowledge of what was going on.

It is possible that reports cabled to this country of the events related were more or less colored by one side or the other in the controversy. But that Great Britain seems to be confronted with a serious difficulty is certain. It is to be sincerely hoped it will be settled without armed conflict and bloodshed and in justice and equity to all concerned. England must be lacking in broad-minded and able statesmen, if she is unequal to a peaceful and generally satisfactory solution of the trouble. The course of King George should win him respect in this country. He is showing that he wants to be something more than a mere putty man in affairs of serious import to his country.

THE USE OF COMPARISONS

It is not a reliable maxim that "comparisons are odious," unless it is that they are repugnant to those who are wilfully blind to the truth. To those who are seeking light on any subject or concerning an alleged fact that may be in dispute, they are not odious, except to those who may be shown, by their use, to be in error. In this respect they are at least unpalatable to those who cannot, or will not, see a difference between the condition of business in this country a year or two ago and today. It cannot, with any truth, be said that the country was not prosperous two years ago. Everybody knows that it was. It is also a fact that it was less prosperous a year ago and still less so today. With nature doing her best to fill up the gap by yielding the greatest crop of wheat in the agricultural history of the country, great numbers of freight cars are lying idle in the railroad yards and thousands of those who, a year or two ago, found employment on the railroads are idle today. In factories and machine shops the same condition is apparent. By a recent investigation in manufacturing centers it was found that the number of persons now employed is about 20 per cent. less than it was a year ago. The comparison is disheartening to those who are looking, but looking in vain, for prosperity.

The effect is apparent, but could not have an existence without a cause. And that cause can be found without searching for it. It lies plainly in the changed economic policies of the country. This country had the most prosperous era in the history of all the countries of the world, under the system of protecting its own industries which prevailed except when our friends, the enemy, have been in power, as they are now for the second time in twenty years. The comparison between conditions during these two periods and for all the other years of the past half century is too marked to be the result of accident or of chance. In fact, it is plainly apparent that, but for the cause that has thrown so many men out of employment, never has there been a period in any half century in all the previous history of the country that was as continuously prosperous. Nature and intensified farming are causing the soil to teem with its products and enrich its owners. But the man who earns his living in the sweat of his face is less fortunate. Enforced idleness deprives him of gaining the benefit that would accrue to him if he were not brought into disheartening competition with his brother laborer on the other side of the sea, who is doing the work that he would be doing if the new policies had not deprived him of opportunity. For, after all, the worst effect of those policies must be felt by the wage earner, though not all the evil effect falls upon him. Other interests are suffering severely, as the wool grower and others can testify.

Yet the free trader clings to his theory and closes his eyes against comparisons and his ears to the pleadings of impoverished and suffering laborers for work. This object lesson, however, will not be altogether useless. The people are waking up to a sense of conditions and the meaning of comparisons, and the prospect of a reversal of their action at the November election is growing brighter. They are learning in the school of adversity and, perhaps, severe as is the lesson, it may prove to be a blessing in the end.

AND GOLD CONTINUES TO GO OUT

Does it mean nothing to this country that when the Democratic party is in power, gold goes out instead of coming in, while the opposite effect prevails during Republican administration? It went out during the second Cleveland administration and bonds had to be issued to replenish the reserve. It is going out now, under the Wilson administration and financiers are becoming alarmed lest the same effect will be produced. Of course, Secretary McAdoo sees no danger of such a result, but the President and his Cabinet, as well as the newspapers which support them, are altogether optimistic on this and other subjects calculated to cause anxiety Having laid out a course of action in advance the government, under this prearranged program, is adhering to it persistently, and is unwilling to acknowledge an error of judgment no matter what the consequences. And so the gold is going out. It was announced on Tuesday that during the previous five days the amount exported was $28,850,000, thus running up the aggregate since the first of May to about $109,000,000. It is a repetition of the old story of what occurred in years previous to the Civil War, which found the government in a practically bankrupt condition, because the gold of California had gone to fill the coffers of European governments and bankers. And there are yet thirty-one months of the sort of administration that is bringing about danger of a similar condition.



ELLSWORTH PLUMSTEAD

"This world's a hollow bubble, doncheknow, a painted bit of trouble, doncheknow." This the blase, languid pessimist, speaking through the imitative lips of Ellsworth Plumstead, the civer impersonator who will occupy the platform one afternoon of the Chautauqua Week here. Mr. Plumstead doesn't believe that at all. He recites it merely to contrast his own cheerfulness, his own joy in life and sunshine and laughter, and incidentally, he recites it because it is so exaggeratedly gloomy that it never fails to get a big laugh from his audience.

Ellsworth Plumstead's business of life is to make people laugh. It's a successful business when Plumstead runs it, because his every movement is funny, his imitations are so artistically clever and his facial expressions so expressive that the person who can see him in one of his most humorous impersonations and not smile, is a chronic gloom, a hopeless dyspeptic, a human weeping willow, whose blood is all indigo.

Ellsworth Plumstead could give the town Seven Joyous Days all by himself; he could be a whole Chautauqua Week, because his message is inspiring, his slogan clean fun, his interpretations of poetry realistic and correct, his whole repertoire educative. Perhaps Mr. Plumstead could not furnish the music promise of the Chautauqua Week; he might tell you that he could make verbal music of a sort to please the Muses themselves, so delightful is his appreciative recitation of poetry. He does not say so at all; in fact no one has consulted Mr. Plumstead on the matter and he continues to be only one of the thirty-one events of the Chautauqua Week to be held here during the week of August 28—September 3.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss
Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.
7 3 4-t

WILSON & WILSON Sale Stables,
Westminster, Md.
We have 9 good Virginia Draft Horses.
4 good Driving Horses,
1 Special fine Riding and Driving Horse,
2 pair good Broke Mules.
We Buy, Sell and Trade.
Come and see us. WILSON & WILSON.

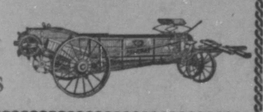
Farmers Supply Co.
Wm. T. Kimmey, Manager
11-13 Liberty Street Westminster, Md.

GRAIN DRILLS
Farmer's Favorite Grain Drills
Ontario Grain Drills
Thomas Grain Drills
Superior Grain Drills
These drills are carried in stock by us in both hoe and disc styles. If you are in need of a grain drill we invite you to call and look these over. These machines are the best on the market and the prices are moderate.

FERTILIZERS: PAR RIDGE AND STANDARD BRANDS

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

Cloverleaf and Low Lift Manure Spreaders



Capital $50,000.00 Surplus and Profits $140,000.00
THE
Westminster Savings Bank
Don't Carry Large Sums of Money.
BUT if you must, do so only until you Can get to this Bank.
We Pay 4% on Time Deposits
We Combine absolute Safety with Satisfactory Service. You Cannot go wrong when you are in NEED of MONEY, or when you have MONEY to DEPOSIT by calling at
The Westminster Savings Bank
Westminster, Md.
ELIAS O. GRIMES, President. CHAS. BILLINGSLEA V. President.
JACOB H. HANDLEY, Treasurer.

PRIVATE SALE
Of Valuable
"Antrim" Farms
Adjoining Taneytown
Three Farms belonging to the "Antrim" Estate of the late Judge Harry M. Clabaugh, situated immediately outside the limits of Taneytown, and bordering on the new State Road, are offered at private sale.
Each farm has a fine House and barn, in excellent condition, newly painted, and all the necessary outbuildings.
Can be bought as a whole, containining about 400 ACRES, or as separate farms. One contains about 160 acres, one about 180 acres, and one 60 acres.
For further information apply to—
D. W. GARNER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
TANEYTOWN, MD.
7 26 tf

Got A Kodak? If So Send Films To Us

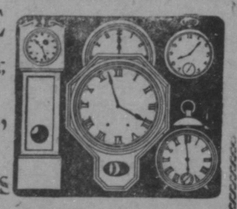
PRICE LIST
Developing only---Per Roll 5c
Film Packs, any size, each 10c
Developing and Finishing Per Roll of 6
Brownie No. 2 20c
Brownie 2A 23c
3¼x4¼ & 3½ sq., 30c
4x5, 35c
2¼x5½, 35c
5x7 or 5x8, 65c
Finishing Only, Per Print
Brownie No. 2, 2½c
Brownie 2A, 3c
3¼x4¼ & 3½ sq., 4c
4x5 or 3A, 5c
5x7 or 5x8, 10c
Bromide Enlargements Mounted
5x7 or smaller, 30c
6½x8½, each 40c
8x10, each 60c
10x12, each 80c
11x14, each $1.00
14x17, each 1.20
Mitchell's Art Gallery,
C. & P. Phone 21 F. Westminster, Maryland.
Everything Photographic Films Always Fresh

BICYCLES!
Also New Wheels from $19.50 and up.
Second-Hand Wheels and full a line of sundries constantly on hand.
Graphophone and Gun Repairing
F. A. LOGUE,
Fairground Hill,
PHONE 6-W Westminster, Md.

READY FOR CHICKEN RAISERS
with the BEST OIL that can be produced for that purpose; true to name and quality,
We Guarantee It For Incubators And Brooders
as it has been carefully tested by the largest hatchers in Carroll county, and for producing an even temperature it cannot be surpassed. We can give you references from the best people of our county, who claim it is the cheapest because it is safe and lasts longer than the cheaper oils.
We also carry a full line of Foods and Supplies
For Sale: 6 BLACK MINORCA COCKRELS
Our Grocery and Confectionery Line is Complete
At The Old Reliable Merchants, Geo. R. Grumbine, At Forks of Road, Westminster, Md.
Both Phones

Dr. Geo. E. Baughman
SURGEON DENTIST,
Westminster, Md.
All kinds of Crown and Bridge Work.
Teeth extracted; also Filling.
All work guaranteed.
OFFICE 114 EAST MAIN STREET
Opposite Union National Bank.
sep 1e 19

ALL THE TIME
We aim to carry a full and complete stock of "up to grade,"
Lumber, Millwork, AND Building Supplies



And Sell Them At Reasonable Prices.
GET OUR PRICES - - - SEE OUR STOCK
GIVE US YOUR BUSINESS.
SMITH AND REIFSNIDER.
"We guarantee to please in every particular."

OPERA! OPERA!
You may be sure of seeing something worth while.
Phone 273, and ask what is on to-night.

FRANK T. SHAEFFER
Opposite Anchor Hotel, - - - Westminster, Maryland
Plumbing, Heating and Tinning
General Repair Shop : : : :
¶ I am ready at all times to do any work in my line. Bids on heating and plumbing cheerfully given. Give me a call and save money.
C. & P. Phone 95-w My Work Speaks For Itself

1914
Overland
35 H. P.
The World's Best Car.
5 Horse power more than any other car selling for $1200.00 or less.
4 inches longer than any car selling for $1200.00 or less.
The Real Go and Come Back Kind.
Call up 75 W and we will come and show you.
The W. H. Davis Co.
Westminster, Md.

HAVE YOUR
Pictures Framed Artistically
AT
FILMS DEVELOPED AND PRINTED The Lewis Studio HIGH CLASS PORTRAITURE
Better Work for Less Money than any Studio in the State
Watch us prove it.
THE LEWIS STUDIO,
Studio Phone: 81 F. Res. 59 W. Westminster, Md.
Next door to Post Office.

The Hunter Market
Fresh and Salt Meats, Fish Fruits and Vegetables
always on hand.
Your patronage solicited.
GEO. N. HUNTER,
Wantz Building, - Westminster, Md.
C. & P. Phone 18-W

THE NYAL STORE
New Windsor, Md.
Drugs, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Rubber Goods, Candy, Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens, Kodak Films, Dielman's Baking Powder, Baile's Liquid Horse Medicine, for Coughs in Horses; Soda Water, Cigars and Cigarettes.
Careful Prescription Work a Specialty.
J. J. WOLFE, Pharmacist.

POISEL'S CAFE
Meals at all Hours. Permanent Boarding.
Ladies Dining Room.
Bar Stocked with Choice Wines Liquors and Cigars
Bowling Alleys. Stable Room.
Oysters in and out of Season.
POISEL'S CAFE
JOHN POISEL, Proprietor.
E. Main St., - Westminster, Md.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc2900_scm2307-0253