UNCLE TED'S BED-TIME STORIES

Cox Will Fight For World Club Plan Woodrow Wilson Still Ruler of Democratic Party

"But Johnny says he is not," exclaimed Jack in a very excited manner, "and he ought to know because his father is a big Democrat."

"What's all the excitement?" asked Uncle Ted who just awoke to the fact that the argument of two red-blooded American boys was getting a little too warm.

Jack spoke up. "Tom says that President Wilson is still the leader of the Democratic party and that Gov. Cox will have to do just as he wants him to and Johnny says that isn't so."

"I'm afraid," interrupted Uncle Ted, "that Tom is right and Johnny very much wrong. I'll tell you kiddies all about it if you'll be good."

"Oh, Goody!" exclaimed Ruth who is always ready for a story.

"The Democrats must realize, although most of them won't admit it that the American people are very much disgusted with the way in which Mr. Wilson has run this government. They want no more one-man government and would never send Mr. Wilson back to the White House even if he were running again and they WILL NOT elect any man President who is dictated to or who says he will follow the policies of Woodrow Wilson. Before Gov. Cox was nominated on the Democratic ticket at San Francisco, he was not a strong supporter of the World Club plan. He had said he was in favor of reservations to protect America. But he WAS nominated on a ticket that carries a platform that says Mr. Wilson was right in his stand for the World Club. Many people thought even then he might see that the right thing to do was not to be too strong for the club. Today there is no doubt how he stands and how the MUST stand.

"On Sunday July 18, Gov. Cox was in Washington and had a talk with President Wilson at the White House. In the first place it must not make the people of the country feel very good to see the President giving Gov. Cox all the time he wanted to talk about campaign plans to keep the Democrats in power when the President has been and is (according to the reports from the White House) too ill to talk to people who want to see him about important matters connected with the welfare of the country. Aside from this fact this conference was very important because it proves, beyond any shadow of doubt, that Woodrow Wilson still dictates what the Democratic party shall do and that Gov. Cox will simply be a tool in his hands, doing whatever Mr. Wilson tells him to do. After the conference was over both President Wilson and Gov. Cox issued statements. These statements show that Gov. Cox was completely won over to support the world club plan just as President Wilson insists it should be and just as it has been turned down by the majority of the United States Senate, many Democratic Senators included. Gov. Cox said he pledges with all my strength', if elected to give 'what he promised.' In other words, kiddies, Mr. Cox talked with Mr. Wilson and when he got through Mr. Wilson said, in so many words, that the Governor was entirely satisfactory to him. And remember that no man is satisfactory to Woodrow Wilson unless he promises to do and think just as Woodrow Wilson wants him.

"Whether Gov. Cox agreed with the President about the World Club plan before he went to see him, I do not know, but I do know that when he got through he DID agree. The President, in his statement said that the American people gave their sons and their money during the war with the plain understanding that the world club plan would be formed and that he went ahead to start it so that the American people MUST accept it just as he says it should be. When Gov. Cox went to the White House he was talking about reservations and when he left he talked of nothing but the Wilson league. He may have talked to the President about various kinds of reservations which he thought necessary to keep the twenty-one Democratic Senators in the party who voted against the world club. If he did, Mr. Wilson soon changed his mind for him. It must be an awful blow to the Democrats who worked so hard at San Francisco to keep Mr. McAdoo and the other men close to the Administration from getting the nomination. Most of the delegates at San Francisco realized that the best thing the Democrats could do would be to get as far away from Woodrow Wilson and all his connections as possible. Then they nominated Gov. Cox and everybody was happy. But—on Sunday July 18 all their happiness faded away when they realized that Gov. Cox was going to be a real Wilson man, even to the extent of boldly promising to continue his policies, if he is elected.

Jack, you and Ruth will remember that last summer we saw what was called a Punch and Judy show. Little toy people who danced, walked and acted by being pulled with strings from behind in the hands of some man who did the talking. That is exactly the way this country will be run should Gov. Cox be our next President. Mr. Cox would be the Punch or the Judy and Mr. Wilson would pull the strings and do the talking.

"If the American people want four more years of Wilsonian one-man Government; if they want the Constitution of the United States again thrown to the four winds; if they want American boys sent to every country in the world to fight the battles of foreign nations; if they want us made the laughing stock of the whole world and to see the policies of the fathers, of George Washington and Abraham Lincoln trampled under foot, then they will vote for Gov. James M. Cox, of Ohio. The Democratic party is sure to be overwhelmingly defeated."

HOME BREWS FOR HOME USE ONLY.

Prohibition Commissioner Dodson is in receipt of two important rulings by the Internal Revenue Department in Washington bearing on the interpretation of the inforcement of the Volstead act. One gives a more liberal interpretation on the manufacture and use of home-made drinks. The other forbids the administering of whisky to workingmen injured in factories as "first aid." While it would seem that the housewife has gained something by the decision, still it contains the ominous words prohibiting beverages that contain more than one-half of one per cent. alcohol. Hence the ruling is expected to raise anew the question of how much alcohol must be contained in a home brew to give it a "kick." The ruling is important at this time because of the arrival of cider-making season It follows:

Section 29 of Title II, of the National Prohibition act provides that the penalties imposed in the act without a permit shall not apply to a person for manufacturing nonintoxicating cider and fruit juices exclusively for use in his home, but such cider and fruit juices shall not be sold or delivered except to persons having permits to manufacture vinegar.

The bureau's interpretation of the foregoing provision is as follows: Any person may, without permit and without giving bond, manufacture nonintoxicating cider and fruit juices, and in so doing he may take his apples or fruits to a custom mill and have them made into cider and fruit juices. After such nonintoxicating cider and fruit juices are made, they must be used exclusively in the home and when so used the phrase "nonintoxicating" means nonintoxicating in fact, and not necessarily less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol, as provided in Section 1 to Title II. of the said act.

Sale of Cider.

Or, if the person making such cider and fruit juices desires to do so, he may (1) sell such cider and fruit juices at any time to persons having permits to make vinegar; this he may do under the provisions of said Section 29; (2) if he preserves such cider and fruit juices at the time they are made, he may sell same to the public in general; this he may do under the provision of Section 4, of Title II, of said act; (3) or he may sell said cider and other fruit juices so long as they contain less than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol, but the purchasers thereof cannot use or possess the same after they contain more than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol. this he may do under the provisions of Sections 1 and 3, of Title II, of said act.

The cider in the home may be allowed to turn to vinegar if the owner desires, provided he adds no sugar or other fermentable substance to the cider or fruit juices to increase the alcoholic content thereof, inasmuch as such practice is held to constitute a mash fit for distillation within the provisions of Section 3282, revised statutes; he may sell said vinegar to any one who may desire to purchase it; this he may do under the provisions of Section 4, Title II, of said act

This regulation is not intended to cover the commercial use of cider and fruit juices, but merely the use of the same as applied to the home and as provision is made in Section 29, of Title II, of said act.

Not As First Aid.

Under a ruling by William M. Williams, commissioner of internal revenue, workmen in factories and industry generally must not be furnished with a drink of whisky as a "first-aid" treatment.

Secretary Houston, of the Treasury Department, has approved the new ruling, which repeals Section 74, Regulations 60, authorizing procurement of liquor for use in "first-aid" treatment at manufacturing, industrial and other establishments hitherto.

The regulation now reads as follows:

On and after the effective date of these regulations no permit will be issued to any person authorizing the use of intoxicating liquor in first-aid treatment at manufacturing, industrial and other establishments, as provided by Section 74 of Regulation 60.

Any person to whom such a permit has previously been issued may, prior to the expiration of the present calendar year, use any liquor heretofore procured by him under authority thereof for the purpose and at the establishment indicated in said permit, upon compliance with the requirements of the section above mentioned.

Such person will not, however, be permitted to procure further supplies of intoxicating liquor for such purposes, and the director will refuse to approve any application for permit to purchase Form 1,410 filed hereafter by such person. When the liquor now in the possession of such permittee has been, disposed of as above provided, his permit shall be inoperative.

It has been the custom of the attendant surgeon at "first-aid" stations at all industrial establishments to administer liquor in medicinal quantities as a temporary stimulant to men or women who have been injured while at work and who are awaiting transportation to the nearest hospital. Hereafter the patient must wait without a stimulant until the ambulance arrives to take him to a hospital.

A SPLENDID MARYLAND CAMPING SITE.

How many know that the State of Maryland owns about 1,000 acres of land which is open to the public for full camping privileges. In 1912 the Legislature appropriated the Patapsco Reserve. This is near Baltimore City on the border of Baltimore and Howard counties. Since then the trails have been constructed, firelines laid out and some forest planting has been done to protect the Patapsco river in places. Other improvements have been planned and some 200 camp sites are located for the use of visitors. There is good fishing, swimming, and canoeing, and a fine supply of drinking water. The Board is anxious that this be used for any and all who wish a real vacation, and it is ready for free use by the people of this State.

The sites lie in two groups. Those between Hollofield and Oella, and Ilchester and Avalon. Many good trails reach the camp sites. The nearest to Carroll county would be Hollofield to Ellicott City, Howard county side, Oella to Hollofield on Baltimore county side and the river road throughout Howard county. For beautiful views the trail leading up cascade branch at Orange Grove is suggested to those who have a tender feeling for the rustic unchanged whims of nature. Many people have found the Patapsco much to their liking. Community camps of families is a fine thing. Where cleared ground lies near their camp there is no objection to the vegetable gardens for those who summer there. The reserves are about one-half hour ride on the B & O. from Baltimore. It it a place for all the family for all summer.

Mr. Bessley State Forester, is glad to have the people of the state make use of this splendid camping site. Miss Everett, at the County Agent's office, has leaflets describing the camp, also map showing the location. If anyone is interested call 72-M.

BERRETT

Sunday, August 1st, Sunday school at Messiah Lutheran Church at 9.45 A. M., preaching service at 10.45 A. M., by pastor Rev. McLinn.

At Brandenburg M. P. Church there will be Sunday School at 9.30 A. M. and Christian Endeavor at 8 P. M.

On August 8, preaching service at 10:30 A. M. Revival services begin in the evening at 8 o'clock. Special music Let's give a good attendance.

July 31st, beginning at 6 P. M. the annual Sunday school picnic will be held in Shipley's Grove. All are welcome to that also.

Rev. McLinn visited at Freter's, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Brandenburg and family spent Sunday afternoon at U. L. Fleming's.

Mrs. Carrie Paynter and son visited at Mrs. Reese Shipley's, on Sunday.

Mrs. Ursula Wilson and Marguerite, of Gist, spent Sunday with Bertha Freter.

Many farmers threshed the past week.

Miss Mary Shipley has been suffering severely this week with gall stones.

Mr. Mahlon Grinn, who is in Church home hospital for appendicitis, is doing nicely.

Mrs. Helen Sellman is spending some time with Mrs. Florence Grimm.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WARM FIGHT ARISES OVER HIGHWAY SIGNS

State Forester Invokes Old Law To Prevent Erection Of Warning Signals.

Those 2,000 brightly flashing metal warning signs that the State Roads Commission hoped to place at every danger point on Maryland thoroughfares it was thought would be just the thing to keep motorists out of pitfalls. They have succeeded, however, in steering Chairman Mackall, of the commission, and State Forester Besley straight onto the rocks of a warm feud over whether or not they shall be erected.

Mr. Besley says that they are in violation of the State forestry laws and will not be erected if he can prevent it.

Major Mackall says that they are badly needed on the roads and will be erected, "even if we have to fight Mr. Besley's old laws in the courts for two years or more."

According to Major Mackall, the whole controversy hings on the fact that three spaces for advertising are provided on the base of each sign.

This, Mr. Besley says, is in violation of the law passed by the Legislature in 1914, under the title of the "Roadside Tree act." Major Mackall claims that the Legislature never intended that the State Forester be given supervision over roadside signs, and he is prepared to contest the point in court.

Was Ready To Order Signs

Major Mackall says that he was about prepared to enter into a contract for 2,000 of the signs with the same firm that built the buoys in the harbor when the wind was taken out of his scheme by the State Forester's objections.

The signs ordinarily cost $300 each, but they were not to cost the State a penny. The company was to be reimbursed by a three-year contract with advertisers totaling $100 a sign for each year.

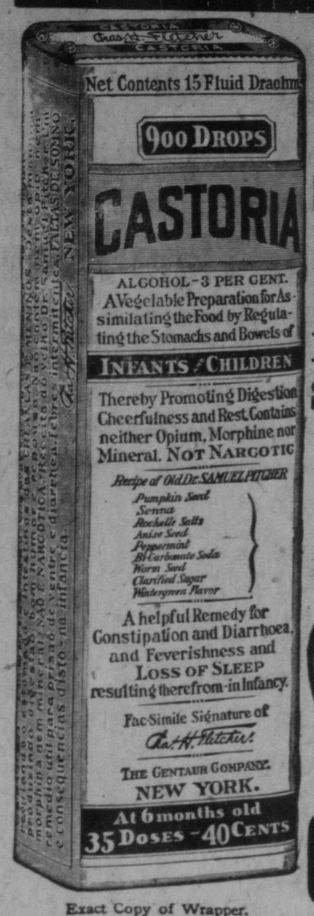
Major Mackall would go ahead and erect the signs and trust to the courts to uphold his action were it not that the manufacturing company probably will not care to enter into contracts when the permanency of the signs is at stake.

$100 REWARD, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh aCtarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

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