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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, May 9, 1868.

The Impeachment Trial.

Mr. Bingham made the concluding argument on the part of the Managers, commencing on Monday and concluding on Wednesday. He elaborated at great length the position of those who had preceded him for the prosecution, and made a strong partisan appeal for the conviction of the President.

The arguments being closed, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of propositions which had been submitted during the progress of the trial, when the Chief Justice announced the first question to be on the motion of Senator Edmunds that when the Senate retires for consultation the official reporters be admitted to take down the debates, to be published with the proceedings. An amendment was offered that no member shall speak more than once, or more than fifteen minutes, unless with the consent of the Senate, without debate, when a motion to lay the whole subject on the table prevailed by yeas 28, nays 20.

Senator Drake moved, as an amendment to the twenty-third rule, that the fifteen minutes therein allowed shall be for the whole deliberation on the final question, and not for the final question on each article, which was laid over under the rule.

The Chief Justice stated the next question to be on the motion of Senator Sumner, that the Senate will proceed to vote on the articles of impeachment at twelve o'clock the day after the arguments shall have been concluded, but the adjournment took place without action on it.

It is impossible to say on what day the vote on the articles of impeachment will be taken. The fifteen minutes allowed each Senator for debate, together with new motions which will be made and discussed, will necessarily occupy several days, and the vote may not be taken before the middle of next week.

Mr. Evarts concluded his argument in defence of the President on Friday of last week, having occupied the attention of the Senate nearly four days. Mr. Stanbery, having sufficiently recovered to take part in the trial, followed Mr. Evarts on Friday and resumed on Saturday, speaking until his strength failed, when Mr. W. T. Peddrick, formerly of the Attorney General's office, read the remainder of the argument until near the close. Mr. Stanbery then resumed the floor and delivered the following impressive and eloquent peroration:

Senators, it was not at all necessary for the defense of the President that in the exercise of that discretion which the law allows to him he should be put to prove that his intentions were all right. He has gone far beyond the necessities of his case. Never were good intentions and honest motives more thoroughly proved than they have been proved in this case. I repeat it, that if everything else were made out, this great exculpatory fact must absolve him from all criminal liability. And now, Senators, I have done with the law and the facts of the case. There remains for me, however, a duty to perform—one of solemn import and obligation—a duty to my client, to my former chief, to my friend.

There may be those among you, Senators, who cannot find a case of guilt against the President; there may be those among you who are not satisfied that a case for impeachment has yet arisen, but are fearful of the consequences of an acquittal.—You may entertain vague apprehensions that, flushed with the success of an acquittal, the President will proceed to acts of violence and revolution. Senators, you do not know or understand the man. I cannot say that you wilfully misunderstand him; for I, too, though never an extreme party man, have felt more than once in the heat of party conflicts the same bitter and uncompromising spirit that may now animate you. The time has been when I looked upon General Jackson as the most dangerous of tyrants. Time has been when, day after day, I expected to see him inaugurate a revolution, and yet, after his administration was crowned with success and sustained by the people, I lived to see him gracefully surrender his great powers to the hands that conferred them, and under the softening influences of time I came to regard him not as a tyrant, but as one of the most honest and patriotic men.

Now listen for a moment to one who understands Andrew Johnson better than most of you, for his opportunities have been greater. When, nearly two years ago, he called me from the pursuits of my professional life to take a seat in his cabinet, I answered the call under a sense of public duty. I came here almost a stranger to him and to every member of the cabinet except Mr. Stanton. We had been friends for many years. Senators, need I tell you that all my tendencies are conservative? You, Mr. Chief Justice, who have known me for a third of a century, can bear me witness, law, not arms, is my profession. From the moment that I was honored with a seat in the cabinet of Mr. Johnson, not a step was taken that did not come under my observation, not a word was said that escaped my attention. I regarded him closely in cabinet, and still more in private and confidential conversation. I saw him often tempted with bad advice. I knew that evil counsellors were more than once around him. I observed him with the most intense anxiety, but never in word, in deed, in thought, in action, did I discover in that man anything but loyalty to the constitution and the laws. He stood firm as a rock against all temptation to abuse his own powers or to exercise those which were not conferred upon him. Steadfast and self-reliant in the midst of all difficulty, when dangers threatened, when temptations were strong, he looked only to the constitution of his country and to the people.

Yes, Senators, I have seen that man tried as few have been tried. I have seen his confidence abused. I have seen him endure day after day privations such as few men have ever been called upon to meet. No man could have met them with more sublime patience. Sooner or later, however, I knew the explosion must come. And when it did come, my only wonder was that it had been so long delayed.—Yes, Senators, with all his faults, the President has been more sinned against than sinning. Fear not, then, to acquit him. The constitution of the country is as safe in his hands from violence as it was in the hands of Washington. But if, Senators, you condemn him; if you strip him of the robes of office; if you degrade him to the utmost stretch of your power, mark the prophesy: The strong arms of the people will be about him. They will find a way to raise him from any depths to which you may consign him, and we shall live to see him redeemed, and to hear the majestic voice of the people: Well done faithful servant, you shall have your reward.

But, if Senators, as I cannot believe, but has been boldly said with almost official sanction, your votes have been canvassed and the doom of the President sealed, then let that judgment not be pronounced in this Senate chamber, just here where our Camillus, in the hour of our greatest peril, single-handed, met and baffled the enemies of the republic; not here where he stood faithful among the faithless; not here where he fought the good fight for the Union and the constitution; not in this chamber whose walls echo with that clarion voice that in the days of our greatest danger carried hope and comfort to many a desponding heart, strong as an army with banners. No, not here; seek out rather the darkest and gloomiest chamber in the subterranean recesses of the capitol, where the cheerful light of day never enters. There erect the altar and immolate the victim.

Department of Labor and Agriculture.—Dr. Wm. S. McPherson, of Frederick county, the State Superintendent of Labor and Agriculture, has established his office at No. 31 North Calvert street, Baltimore. Farmers who wish emigrant labor can no doubt obtain the same by calling on Dr. McPherson, in whom they find a most agreeable gentleman and faithful public officer.

The Laws.—The law in relation to Corporations, being very lengthy, is issued, together with the Registration Act, in a supplemental sheet to the present number of the *News*. By this means we shall conclude the publication of the laws several weeks earlier than we otherwise could, and the sooner be able to give our usual variety of miscellaneous and literary matter.

Pardoned.—John V. Kendall, who was convicted in the United States District Court of carrying on a distillery without a permit, &c., near Galena, and sentenced October 2d, 1867, to be imprisoned one year in the Baltimore city jail and to pay a fine of $4,800, has been pardoned by President Johnson and released from jail.

School Matters.—Mr. W. F. Massey, of this town, has been elected Examiner for this county under the new school system. The salary of Examiner was fixed by the board at six hundred dollars.

An election was held at the public school house in this town on Saturday last for six trustees, when the following gentlemen were chosen: John L. Stam, W. H. Lambert, J. K. Hines, J. A. Pearce, Wm. H. Hamilton and A. H. Rockwell.

Railroad Directors.—An election for eight Directors of the Kent County Railroad Company will be held at the Court House in Chestertown on Monday next.

Hon. George Vickers, United States Senator, will accept our thanks for valuable public documents.

Galena.—Among the enterprizing merchants of Galena, Kent county, we know of none that can excell Mr. E. W. Purnell. His "Galena Cash Store" has now become firmly established, while the constantly increasing patronage which he receives is ample evidence of the popularity of his system of doing business. Mr. Purnell appreciates the advantages of advertising, and can doubtless attribute his success in a great measure to the fact that he has thus constantly kept his goods and place of business prominently before the public. He announces in to-day's issue of the *News* his second Spring opening of fresh goods, suitable for all classes of purchasers. Those wishing to save money should not fail to give him a call before making their selections elsewhere.

Circus.—Dan Gardner & Kenyon's Consolidated Circuses are advertised to exhibit in this town on Friday next, and at Sassafras on Saturday. This Circus has many of the performers formerly with Mike Lipman's Circus which exhibited here last year.

Severe Hail Storm.—The Somerset Herald of Tuesday last, says:

On Saturday last the lower part of our County was visited with the severest hail storm ever known in this section. The oldest inhabitants say that they never witnessed such a sudden and hightful storm nor such large drops of hail—averaging the size of turkey eggs.

Sale of a Farm.—The farm of Mr. G. Y. Comegys, in Queen Anne's county, near Centreville, Md., containing 363½ acres, was sold at private sale, on Tuesday, to Mr. S. E. Dyott, for $7,000.

Prof. M. A. Newell has been re-elected principal of the State Normal School by the new trustees of that institution.

The Wicomico and Pocomoke railroad, between Salisbury and Berlin, Maryland, was formally opened last week.

Result of the Impeachment Trial.—A well informed and generally reliable correspondent, writing from Washington as to the probable result of the impeachment trial, says:

All the Senators have, during the trial, been remarkably silent, even among their most intimate friends, as to how they will vote on the subject, and, therefore, what the course of each will be is a matter of inference or conjecture. During the past week outside parties in favor of conviction and those against it have expressed alternate hopes and fears.

Under date of Tuesday last, however, the same correspondent presents a more hopeful view of the case. He says:

Since yesterday a great change in opinion as to the result of the impeachment trial has taken place with the extreme radicals. Among this class it has been conceded to-day that the impeachment scheme is a failure, and that the President will be acquitted.

The following is an extract from a letter of the same correspondent, writing under date of Washington, May 6th:

There is more excitement about impeachment to-night than has been manifested since the commencement of the trial. Rumors of the most extravagant character abound. What this Senator has done; what that one has said, what others propose to do, as to one or more of the articles of impeachment, are the topics of discussion in secret conclaves, and openly in the hotels and upon the streets. There is much talk of bets and banters for wagers as to the verdict, but there does not appear to be a great amount of money put up.

The impression among the best informed, generally, is that the President will be acquitted.

The radicals have an immense lobby in attendance to urge a conviction, many of whom gain admittance upon the floor of the Senate.

It is not expected that a verdict will be rendered until next week.

The *American's* correspondent, on the other hand, is sure of the President's conviction. Under date of May 6th, he writes:

An hour spent this morning in seeking information from prominent members of the House and others, whose opportunities for correct information cannot be doubted, procured a reiteration from all these quarters of a perfect assurance that the result of the trial would place Mr. Wade in the Presidential chair.

Effort to Postpone the Impeachment Verdict.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes:

Another strong effort is in progress among the republicans to postpone the verdict in the impeachment trial until after the meeting of the Chicago Convention. About a week ago a movement in this direction was started, but did not meet with sufficient encouragement to make it a success. But those who favor the project have started the idea again, and it meets with so much more general favor than was expected that considerable alarm is created among the Wade faction, who, assuming the certain conviction of the President, desire an immediate termination of the impeachment trial and the consequent possession of the White House, in order that they may have dispensation of official patronage and thereby possibly make sure of Mr. Wade's nomination at Chicago. Among those who favor the postponement of the verdict are several radical Senators. The friends of candidates for the Vice-Presidency, except the Wadeites, quietly favor the postponement.

Mr. Davis' Bail Bond Renewed.—The bail bond of Jefferson Davis was renewed at Richmond on the 2d inst., the accused to appear on such day during next term as the court may fix. The Judge said Chief Justice Chase told him he would be in Richmond to preside at the Davis trial within two days after the close of impeachment. The new bond given has Horace Greeley, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Gerrit Smith on it for $25,000 each, and the remaining $25,000 is given by citizens of Richmond. This was done by instructions from the parties named. The trial will probably take place the last of May.

A meeting of military men and civilians in favor of General Hancock for the Presidency, was held at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, in New York, on Wednesday night of last week. The meeting was numerously attended, and it is said those present were unanimously in favor of giving General Hancock the democratic nomination. There was considerable discussion in relation to the candidate for the Vice Presidency. Among others named for the latter office was Mr. Groesbeck, of Cincinnati.

The Day for Holding the Democratic National Convention.—The resolution adopted by the Congressional Democratic Executive Committee requesting the Democratic National Committee to reconsider their action designating the 4th of July as the date for holding the National Convention has not effected the purpose designed. This action having been addressed to the chairman of the national committee, Mr. Belmont, the latter has replied that it would now be impossible to get the committee together in order to effect this arrangement, and therefore insists that the day originally designated will have to continue.

The New York *Times* says it is reported that Senator Fessenden has said, openly and boldly, that he "will not perjure himself to please party friends." The more extreme of the Radical papers have already opened their batteries upon him as a renegade and traitor. But are they not a little too fast in drawing this inference from that remark? Do they not thereby concede that he must "perjure himself" in order to please his party?

A Freak of Nature.—The St. Michael's *Comet* says that Mr. Isaac H. Sylvester has left at that office a very remarkable chicken, just hatched. It has five legs and five feet, twenty-six toes, and two wings. Four of the legs are perfect in formation, and grow directly out from the body, the fifth is a branch of another leg, but has a perfect foot. The wings are in the right place. Upon the whole, this is the most remarkable specimen of a chicken we have ever seen.

Disgraceful Scene in the House of Representatives.

If the political majority which controls the Fortieth Congress had not already rendered that body an object of deserved contempt at home and of ridicule abroad, the finishing stroke was given to it on Saturday last by a disgraceful debate, which, though transcending all Parliamentary rules, was allowed to go on and listened to with evident relish by the intellectual (?) body to which the remarks were addressed. One gentleman (?) deems his character to have been injured by a fellow member, and in order to regain his fair fame he proceeds to cover with filth and slime his assailant, so that he may appear clean and respectable by the contrast.—The language employed clearly demonstrates that there was not much to lose on either side, for no person could be so thoroughly imbued with the eloquence of Billingsgate, who is not either naturally depraved or sunk into such a condition by long association with vice. It was not to be expected, therefore, that Messrs. Donnelly and Washburne could well help the flow of disgraceful language when their mouths were opened and their tongues unbridled by the sense of decency which should have prevailed amongst those who were to listen to it. Possibly, and in this case certainly, the listeners were no better than the speakers; and hence they not only tolerated it, but made it the occasion for unbounded merriment.

Such passages as the following were doubtless keenly relished, as containing both force and delicacy of expression:

"Mr. Donnelly then went on to say:—I stand here repeating the challenge, that if anywhere on God's earth, down in the mire of filth and all nastiness, the gentleman can pluck up anything which touches my honor, let it come; I shall meet it on its merits. I have gone through the entire catalogue; I have analyzed the entire contents of the gentleman's foul stomach; I have dipped my hands in its gall, and I have examined the half-digested fragments which I found floating in the gastric juice. But, if it is possible for the gentleman from Illinois, by his peristaltic action, to bring up anything more loathsome, more disgusting, than he has vomited over me in that letter, in God's name, let it come."

And when after an hour's utterance of such choice language, interspersed with low wit and disgusting allusions, the speaker had apparently exhausted his stock of filth, the appetite of the House was not yet satiated, for it permitted Mr. Washburne to rejoin in a similar strain, winding up with the following condensed biography of the dignified Donnelly:

"I repeat, if I were called upon to make a personal explanation, I should make it with a member who is not covered over with crime and infamy; whose record is stained with every fraud—whisky and other frauds—with a man who has not proved false alike to his friends, his country, his constituents, his politics, his religion and his God."

The "Reasons" of Impeachment.—"Corry O'Lanus" says Andrew Johnson is to be impeached for "reasons," and he states them in order.

IMPEACHMENT CHARGES.

For being Andy Johnson.

For aggravating Congress by referring to an obselete document, known as the Constitution of the United States.

For insisting that the Union has not been dissolved.

For asserting that a white man is as good as a negro.

For maintaining that the President has a right to exercise powers conferred upon the office by the aforesaid Constitution.

Because Alabama did not swallow the black draught of the Radical constitution.

For violating the law against cruelty to animals, in trying to kick a dirty dog out of the War office.

Political Adventurers.—The impudence of the political adventurers from the North and West who are roaming through the Southern States, running for all the offices, from the highest to the lowest, is inconceivable. What would be thought in Massachusetts or Pennsylvania if some of the freedmen or radical whites of the South were to go there and insist on being made Congressmen, Legislators or Governors? Yet this is just what these loafing political lazaroni of the States north of Mason and Dixon's line are doing in the Southern States, through the instrumentality of the untutored freedmen, who are made to believe that in electing these interlopers to office they are exercising the proudest prerogative of freemen.

Murder of a Whole Family.—The Vicksburg Times of the 23d ult, gives the details of a horrible murder of a whole family by the name of Keenan at Omega Landing, Mississippi. The man was shot in the road for the purpose of plundering him, but not finding money upon his person, the fiends then went to his house and killed his wife and two children. The murderers proved to be two negroes, who were arrested, and confessed their deeds, and being committed for trial, and on their way to jail, were taken from the sheriff's hands by a band of negroes and burned on the spot for their crimes.

Expulsion of Members of City Council.—The City Council of Baltimore have expelled three of their members upon the charge of receiving bribes for the endorsement of certain bonds of the Western Maryland Rail Road. The members expelled were Messrs. Bullock, Charles and Oster. This prompt and decisive action of the City Council in expelling three of its members, who are guilty of such corruption is an evidence of the intention of the city authorities to purge themselves of such corruption and reform the state of things as they were under the administration of Chapman and his band.

Oysters.—The oyster statistics of the Chesapeake are given by a Baltimore paper. It appears that the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries now yield 11,000,000 bushels of these delicious bivalves annually. Over two-thirds of the trade goes to Baltimore. Seventy houses are engaged in the business, which gives employment to 15,000 persons, men, women and children. There are 1700 boats averaging 50 tons each, and about 3,000 canoes engaged in dredging and tonging for oysters.

Southern Crops.—In all parts of the South, according to report, heavy crops of cotton are being planted, and, warned by previous misfortunes, the planters are sowing a good deal of corn for home use.

Connecticut as an Index.

The Connecticut election was regarded, by both of the political parties, as an index to the Presidential contest. This point was admitted on all sides. The Radicals were particularly anxious to impress the Democrats with the significance of that election. It is therefore useless, since the smoke of the battle has cleared away, for the Radicals to belittle the Democratic victory in Connecticut. They might as well make an honest confession, and admit that they sustained a backset which augers badly for their cause next November. The fact is, that the whole Radical policy of impeachment, etc., was on trial before the people of Connecticut. This was the issue upon which the canvass was conducted. The gain which the Democrats made is a plain indication that the popular current is turning against the Radical party, and no amount of twisting or squirming on the part of the Radical leaders can change this aspect of the election. The Democrats have not only held their own, against all the influences and devices their opponents could bring against them, but they have made a substantial gain upon last year's majority. Connecticut is a small State, and although the actual number of changes in the vote is not large, the proportion is sufficient to make a marked change in a large state like New York, Pennsylvania, or Ohio. This victory not only insures Connecticut for the Democrats in November, but it plainly indicates a like result in other close States. Popular feeling is generally influenced alike in nearly all the Northern States, and as the current runs in one so it runs in all the others. With even a decent show of fairness in the elections for the unreconstructed States, the election of a Democratic President is, therefore, reasonably sure.—*New York Star.*

Cure for Whooping Cough.—The late discovery of a cure for whooping cough, by inhaling the odors of a gas house, is found to be of real benefit. It has been tried by some Hartford (Ct.) physicians, and it is said with success. The children are taken to the gas works where they breathe the not very pleasant air there produced, and there is something in the chemical combination that cures whooping cough. The people at the gas works state that during the last twelve months three hundred cases of whooping cough have been thus experimented upon.

The "early rose" potato has yielded only about a ton a half this Spring in Vermont. It sells at a dollar a pound. In Rhode Island, $130 was refused for 100 pounds. It was introduced only about three years ago.

The printing of the impeachment tickets alone cost six thousand dollars. To print the trial as Pub. Doc. will cost one hundred thousand dollars.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

Wheat—White		$3.20a3.32
"	Choice Red	3.00a3.15
"	Medium and good red	2.50a2.87
Corn—Good to prime White		1.14a1.15
" " " Yellow		1.22a1.25
Oats		87a88

MARRIED:

At the residence of the bride's parents, on Thursday morning last, by Rev. J. T. Murray, ARTHUR J. TOULSON, of Wilmington, Del., to Miss SALLIE E. GRAVES, of Chestertown.

On the 6th inst., by the Rev. Henry Thompson, THOMAS H. WRIGHT, Jr., to Mrs. AMELIA OCTAVIA TILDEN, all of this county.

On the 7th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Goodwin, EDWIN P. JANVIER to Miss MAGGIE J. GEMMILL, all of this county.

DIED:

Near Bell Air, in this county, on the 3d inst., Mrs. SARAH A. CROW, wife of Mr. William C. Crow, aged about 50 years. [Cecil papers please copy.]

On the 24th of April, at the residence of her husband in Queen Anne's county, Mrs. KATE LYSINGER, of chronic bronchitis, aged 28 years, 3 months and 13 days. She was an affectionate wife, a kind and indulgent mother, and was beloved by numerous friends.

On the 6th instant, in Queen Anne's county, Mrs MARY JANE HALEY, in the 42nd year of her age.

In Baltimore on the 5th inst., Mrs. FRANCES E SPENCER, relict of John B. Spencer, of Queen Anne's county, Md.

FOR SALE, A FIRST-RATE MILCH COW, with her Calf. Apply at the Kent News office. May 9, 1868—3t.

FOR SALE, SEVERAL GOOD BUILDING LOTS on Queen Street, well located, and terms accommodating. Apply to A. A. BISCOE. May 9, 1868—3t.

TO FARMERS!

We have made extensive arrangements for supplying those in want with the best CAST-STEEL CULTIVATOR TEETH. These teeth are of a superior pattern, and will be furnished as cheap as the cheapest.

my9-3t. CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

The Public Schools of Kent county will be closed on Friday, May 8th, and will remain closed until Monday, May 25th.

All persons intending to apply for positions as Teachers under the new system, are required to present themselves for examination at the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, May 16th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the Board,

JOHN O. SLAY, Pres't.

W. F. Massey, Sec'y. m9-1t

DAN GARDNER

To the good people of Kent Co.

I WILL say, in justice to the proprietor of the CIRCUS advertised to show here on Friday, the 15th instant, that I am in no way connected with the above gentleman, and fearing that my *very* unpopular record might in some way deter persons from patronising the Old Favorite, I make this explanation.

I keep as usual, Tobacco, Cigars, Brandy, and a great many other useful articles. For my heavier articles I refer you to the generosity of Sheriff Gilpin.

Very respectfully,

my9-3t. B. H. GARDNER.

The Old Stand

OF

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT

IN FULL BLAST!

WE are now, as in the past, prepared to do ALL KINDS OF

BLACKSMITHING

AND MACHINE REPAIRING,

such as Reapers, Threshers, &c., in a superior manner by skillful workmen on the different branches.

Persons in want of good CAST STEEL CULTIVATOR TEETH, of a superior pattern, can be supplied at our shop as low as the lowest.

Particular attention paid to Zincking Boxes and Balancing Cylenders.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

Chestertown, May 9, 1868—6m.

New Spring Goods

JUST RECEIVED.

For sale at VERY SMALL PROFITS, by

May 9th. T. W. ELIASON & SON.

T. W. ELIASON & SON have just received an assortment of CALICOES, DELAINES, Glace Poplins, French Jaconets, Pure Mohair Alpacas, Balmoral Skirts, Table Covers, &c.

T. W. ELIASON & SON have a large assortment of WHITE GOODS, such as Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambrics, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nansooks, Plain and Plaid Swiss, Irish Linens, Bird Eye Linens, Table Linens, Toweling, Shirt Fronts, Hdk'fs, &c., &c.

T. W. ELIASON & SON have a full line of Bl'ch'd Muslins, embracing in part, the Artics, Arlingtons, Hills Semper Idems, Forestdales, Fruit of the Looms, Williamsville, New York Mills, &c.

T. W. ELIASON & SON have a large Stock of Domestic Goods, such as Brown Muslins, Denims, Tickings, Drillings, Plaid Domestics, Linens, Cottonades, Ducks, Osnaburgs, &c.

T. W. ELIASON & SON keep a large stock of Men's and Boys' HATS of a variety of styles and prices. Men's Hats from 75 cts. to $4 00. Boys' Hats from 50 cts. to $2 50. Also common and fancy Straw Hats.

T. W. ELIASON & SON have for sale at reduced prices, White and Check MATTINGS, Floor & Table OIL CLOTHS, STEP CLOTHS, Plain and Twilled Carriage Canvass, Window OIL CURTAINS, Green Curtain OIL CLOTH, Curtain Trimmings, &c., &c.

T. W. ELIASON & SON keep always a large stock of Ladies', Misses, Children and Infants' plain & fancy BALMORAL BOOTS & SHOES. Also, have now on hand Men's and Boys' Fine FRENCH CALF BOOTS, received direct from the manufactures.

☞ We invite the buyers of Kent to call and examine our large stock of goods. We have on hand now the LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THIS MARKET, and will take pleasure in showing our goods to all who may favor us with a call.

T. W. ELIASON & SON.

May 9, 1868.

2d SPRING

OF THE

CASH STORE

AT

GALENA.

Impeachment of High Prices!

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AND FRESH INSTALLMENTS EVERY WEEK.

Splendid Assortment of Ladies'

DRESS GOODS,

AND GENTLEMEN'S

Spring Cassimers,

Embracing the Latest Styles, at City Retail Prices.

LADIES' WHITE GOODS,

NOTIONS,

GENTS' WOOL AND STRAW HATS,

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,

AT NET PRICES.

☞ I CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION to my stock of Ladies' and Misses' Fashionable SHOES, made to my order, and warranted to give satisfaction.

A full line of all Saleable Goods.

☞ GROCERIES A SPECIALITY.

E. W. PURNELL.

N. B.—COUNTRY PRODUCE of all kind equivalent to cash.

Galena, Kent Co., May 9, 1868.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE

OF

Personal Property.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Kent County, the subscriber as administratrix of the goods and chattels of Charles T. Lusby, deceased, will offer at public sale on

TUESDAY, the 19th day of May inst.,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the late residence of the deceased, the following property:

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

HORSE CART AND GEARS,

Endless Chain Horse Power & Thresher,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

AND INTEREST IN CORN and OAT CROPS.

TERMS OF SALE.—All sums of $20 and under cash; over that amount six months credit, with approved security.

my9-ts. MARY A. LUSBY, Adm'x.

Wool Wanted,

WASHED AND IN THE FLEECE,

And for which the highest ruling market rates will be paid during the entire season.

THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, May 9, 1868.

Fashionable Dress Making.

Mrs. Bates respectfully informs the Ladies of Still Pond and Vicinity, that she is prepared to do all kinds of plain and fashionable Dress Making at short notice, and on reasonable terms. She solicits the patronage of the Ladies, feeling assured that she can give satisfaction. my2-3t*

NEW MILLINERY.

MRS. SUSAN A. USILTON

Has just opened a new stock of SPRING MILLINERY and FANCY GOODS, embracing all the styles in season. Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Trimmings, &c. The Ladies are invited to call.

STAMPING done at short notice. Store adjoining Mr. A. W. Sparks. my2-3t.

NEW GOODS.

MISS EARLE

Has opened her SPRING GOODS, of

Fringes and Braids,	Edges and Insertions,
Buttons and Ribbons,	Linen Cuffs & Collars,
Crape,	Crape Cloth,
Children's & Ladies' Hose,	Children's and Ladies' Gloves,

and other Goods suitable for the season.

May 2, 1868—3t.

FOR RENT, SEVERAL DWELLING HOUSES at Urieville, Kent county, for the balance of the present year. Apply to

apr25-3t. W. T SMITH.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A House and Lot of Ground situated on Calvert Street in Chestertown, will be sold upon reasonable terms. Apply to

WM. S. LASSELL, Attorney.

DITCHING!

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

Any Farmer wanting Ditching done will find a man to do such by enquiring at the office of this paper for EDWARD C. BROWN.

April 25, 1868—3t*

VALUABLE

Town Property, &c.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale all or part of his Town Property, beautifully located on High Street and elsewhere, with good Gardens attached, consisting of

Eight Dwellings,

all in good order, and most of them recently built.

Further description is deemed unnecessary, as parties wishing to purchase will examine for themselves.

Ladies residing in the country and wishing to remove to town for the education of their children, have now a rare opportunity to secure a good dwelling.

I will also sell

Four Houses and Lots

at the village of BELL AIR, one of them a beautiful residence, with TEN ACRES of land attached, in a high state of cultivation, and all the necessary out-buildings, and a pump of excellent water. Also,

Twenty Acres of Land

near Crawford's Mill, called "Godwin's Delight," in a high state of cultivation, with a comfortable Dwelling, new Barn, and other out-buildings.

Any of the above property remaining unsold on the first of October next will then be offered at public sale. Titles indisputable.

Terms—one-half cash, and reasonable credit for the balance.

For further particulars enquire of the undersigned at Bell Air.

RICHARD SMYTH.

May 2, 1868—3t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of Attachment issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of the State of Maryland, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Benjamin H. Gardner, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Benjamin H. Gardner, of, in and to the following property, to wit:

Lot of Whiskey and Brandy,

Lot of Groceries and Confectionery,

Fish, Hams and Bacon,

Tobacco, Segars, Snuff and Pipes, Pistols, Gun Caps and Cartridges. Also,

Household and Kitchen FURNITURE.

Also, all that Farm,

CONTAINING 80 ACRES more or less, lying on the new road leading from Chestertown to Millington, and adjoining the lands of Christopher Bryan and John Watkins.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 9th of May,* 1868, at the Market House in Chestertown, between 11 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M., I will sell at public sale for cash the said property, so seized and taken in execution, to pay and satisfy said writs, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

JOSEPH E GILPIN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Chestertown, April 18, 1868. } tds.

COLLECTOR'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of May, 1868, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M., at Edesville, I will sell at public sale for cash,

2 HORSES, 1 COW AND HEIFER,

And 7 HEAD OF HOGS,

levied on as the property of Isaac Gale, to pay taxes due from said Gale for the years 1864 and 1865, with interest and costs.

JOHN P EDES,

April 25, 1868—ts. [$2.] Late Collector.

STANDARD KEEPER'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Standard Keeper for Kent county, hereby gives notice to

MERCHANTS, SHOPKEEPERS,

and all others interested,

that he will, by order of the County Commissioners, attend at the following places, on the days named, for the purpose of inspecting and adjusting all Beams and Scales,

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES,

used or intended to be used in this county, viz:

MONDAY, May 11th—Chesterville, Crumpton, Millington, Massey's X Roads.

TUESDAY, 12th—Head Sassafras, Galena, Locust Grove, Harmony, Kennedyville.

WEDNESDAY, 13th—Chestertown.

THURSDAY, 14th—Still Pond, Smithville, Worton Heights and Bell Air.

FRIDAY, 15th—Rees' Corner, Edesville, Rock Hall, Trappe and Quaker Neck.

The small stores and shops at unnamed places in various parts of the County, will be attended to at convenience in passing from one more prominent point to another.

L. L. ROLLISON,

apr18-4t. Standard Keeper.

Dividend Notice.

ESTATE OF JOHN H. COLEMAN.

On application ordered, that David Biddle, administrator of John H. Coleman, dec'd, give notice by advertisement that a dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made in this Court on TUESDAY, the 26th day of May, 1868. Test: EDWIN CROUCH, Reg. of Wills.

N. B.—All creditors of John H. Coleman are hereby notified and requested to file their claims properly authenticated, with the Register of Wills, on or before Tuesday, the 26th of May, 1868, or they will otherwise be excluded from the dividend in the personal estate.

DAVID BIDDLE, Administrator.

m2-3t.

Look at this Notice.

Kent County being entitled to a FREE SCHOLARSHIP in the St. Mary's Female Seminary for three years from the beginning of the present term, applications for the appointment should be made to the County Commissioners at an early day. By order,

JOHN RUSSELL,

Clerk Commissioners Kent county.

April 25, 1868—3t.

NOTICE.

THE PAROCHIAL SCHOOL of CHESTER PARISH will open on Monday, Sept. 30th. The course of studies will embrace all the elementary branches of an English education.—The instruction will be thorough, and the discipline firm. For entrance, terms, &c., apply to the REV. MR. GOODWIN, Queen Street.

Chestertown, Sept. 7, 1867—tf.

Final Notice.

THE subscriber gives notice to all persons indebted for Taxes for 1866 and 1867, in the Fifth Tax District of Kent county, that if said taxes are not paid before the 20th day of May, he will in every case, without respect of persons, proceed to collect the same according to law. Navigation has been open for some time, and all have had an opportunity to sell their grain. I have already shown more leniency than I should have done in justice to myself, and the taxes must now be paid.

my2tf. S. G. COPPER.

Notice to Creditors.

I am very much in need of money, and will make one more appeal to those indebted to me. Please come and lets have a settlement. You that owe me know it is time that I had my money. I wish to settle my bills myself, as it is very unpleasant to me to proceed to collect according to law. Come in and see me; you will not find me unreasonable; if you have not enough to pay all, bring me a part and lets have a settlement. I will take good paper at a reasonable discount. Yours, respectfully,

my2-3t. J. M. VANDYKE.

DR. W. T. URIE,

HOMŒPATHICIAN,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Chestertown and vicinity.

He may at all times be found at his Office under the Vosbell House, when not professionally engaged. d14-tf.