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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, June 20, 1868

MINISTER TO ENGLAND.—Hon. Reverdy Johnson, of Maryland, was nominated by the President as Minister to England on Friday of last week. The Senate immediately went into executive session and unanimously confirmed the nomination without going through the formality of referring it to the usual committee—a very high compliment from his brother Senators. Mr. Johnson has signified his acceptance of the position, which will necessitate his resignation of the office of United States Senator. It will devolve upon the Governor of Maryland to appoint a Senator to fill the vacancy, and it is surmised that Governor Swann will resign, and Governor Bowie, succeeding to the gubernatorial chair, will appoint his predecessor to the vacancy. The senatorial term of Mr. Johnson does not expire until the 4th of March, 1869, when that of Hon. Wm. T. Hamilton, of Washington county, will begin.

The New York *Post*, one of the ablest and most dignified of the republican journals, says of Mr. Johnson's appointment:

"The Senate complimented the President and honored itself by at once and unanimously confirming the nomination. Senator Johnson has spent a considerable part of his life in the public service. He is a lawyer of sound and well-earned reputation, and a man of independent thought, who has never submitted to party shackles. Mr. Johnson will represent the country with dignity and credit at the British Court. He is a gentleman of wealth, culture, fine manners, and he has had sufficient experience and knowledge of our foreign relations during his service in the United States Senate to make him familiar with the duties of the post."

THE campaign of 1868 will be fought upon a single issue—civil authority against military despotism. The absolute supremacy of the civil power of the State will be maintained by the Democrats and Conservatives, while the Radicals will affirm, under color of "loyalty," the right to subvert civil government and set up in its stead a despotism supported by an armed force.

This single question, and those that logically belong to it, obscure, if they do not extinguish all other issues that under ordinary circumstances would mark the contest.

STATES ADMITTED.—Both Houses of Congress have passed bills for the readmission into the Union of the States of Arkansas, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina. The voters of Alabama rejected the constitution under which she has been admitted. The bills have not yet been signed by the President, and a veto is not improbable.

POLITICIANS IN WASHINGTON.—A correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette writes from Washington as follows:

The city is unusually full of leading Democrats from a distance. At quite a gathering last night the approaching New York Convention was the subject of grave remark. It was generally conceded that some reliable man would be the selected standard bearer of the party, and that he would be placed upon a platform short, plain and to the purpose. As to the course of the Southern delegates, of whom two or three are here, it was thought they would unitedly and cheerfully yield a ready acquiescence in what should appear to be the wishes of the real representation of the Democratic party at the North, but that they should not be regarded or treated as cyphers, but as peers. Another very important matter was discussed—that of the famous two-thirds rule. It was contended that whatever considerations in by-gone days might have been urged in its favor, time had demonstrated that its observance had rather distracted than cemented the party. There cannot at this day be a single sound reason advanced in favor of its continuance, and in the opinion of wise heads it should be formally abandoned, as soon as the 4th of July Convention assembles. As a substitute it was thought at the gathering referred to a rule preliminary pledging every member to abide by and support the choice of a majority might answer all profitable purposes.

A WHOLE CONGREGATION POISONED.—The entire congregation of the Dunkard Church at Napierville, Illinois, were poisoned last Sunday in celebrating a love-feast by eating meat prepared in a copper kettle and allowed to remain there until the liquid had become oxydized. It was found upon actual count that no less than one hundred and thirty were more or less affected, the major portion, however, but slightly, they having partaken of but a small quantity of the food. About twenty were found to be in a dangerous condition These were removed to their homes, and every attention paid them, and before morning many of them were out of danger. Those who were but slightly affected, with some little assistance got home, and in a short time were fully recovered.

THE Surratt case has been again postponed, but this time only until Monday next, when, as Judge Wylie stated, if the counsel for the prosecution were not ready to go to trial, or did not show good cause for a continuance, he would admit the prisoner to bail.

THE National Intelligencer of Monday publishes a lengthy editorial, arguing the necessity of the removal of Secretary McCulloch at once, and setting forth the grievances of the friends of the administration urged against McCulloch.

LOCAL ITEMS.

THE RAILROAD.—We understand that the contractors are making preparations for the speedy commencement of work on the Kent County Railroad between Duyer's and Kennedyville. Lumber is being hauled and tents erected on the line for the accommodation of workmen.

LAND SALES.—R. Hynson, Esq., trustee, sold in Chestertown, on Tuesday, the "Smith farm," containing 275 acres, at $71 per acre—William R. Cochran, of Middletown, Del., purchaser. Also, the "Hines farm," containing 185 acres, at $71 per acre—purchased by John P. Cochran, of the same place.

LAND SALES NEXT WEEK.—On Wednesday next, at Crumpton, R. Hynson, Esq., as Trustee, will offer at public sale the valuable real estate of the late Henry B. Slaughter, consisting of farms, town lots, &c.

J. A. Pearce, Esq., as Trustee, will offer at public sale at the Voshell House, on Tuesday next, the farm of the late Capt. Morgan Brown, in Quaker Neck.

CAMP MEETING.—The Methodist Protestant Camp Meeting will be held in Mrs. Baker's woods, commencing on Friday, August 21st. The following persons constitute the camp meeting committee: Rev. J. T. Murray, Robert Nicholson, Wm. Stevens, John T. Dodd, A. A. Biscoe, A. W. Melvin and A. B. Wheatley. There will be a meeting of the committee at the Chapel in Chestertown, on Saturday, June 27th, at two o'clock, P. M.—Applications for the bread tent and horse pound will be received at that time.

Excursion to Baltimore.

The managers on the part of the Methodist Protestant Sabbath School have announced an Excursion to Baltimore. It is to be made on the steamer Geo. Law, on Wednesday, the 24th instant. The boat will leave Chestertown at a quarter past seven o'clock, and will stop at the principal landings on the route. We understand that the Law has been repaired and fitted up with especial reference to the accommodation of excursion parties.

It appears that Excursions to Baltimore have become annual affairs with the M. P. Sunday School of our town. They have proven alike profitable to the school and agreeable to the public; they have therefore become established among annual events. As long as they continue to be as delightful to those who patronize them, as they have heretofore been, the managers may be assured of drawing a large company.

Such an excursion to Baltimore offers many inducements to persons to go upon it. They can go to the city and return the same day, and at half the usual price of such trips; they have time enough to attend to business errands; and, withal, have a special occasion of social enjoyment and healthful recreation.

The Kent Cornet Band will afford sweet sounds to the ear, and the managers will furnish sweet meats for the appetite. A more substantial repast, in the way of a LUNCH, will be furnished by the more delicate hands of the ladies of the school.

THE Festival for the benefit of the M. E. Parsonage of Chestertown closed on Thursday evening, after a continuance of three days. The amount realized has not yet been definitely ascertained, but the festival was very liberally patronized.

THE RAILROAD.—The work on the railroad is being pushed ahead with rapidity. The laborers are reported to be south of Suddlersville. We learn that the case of R. B. Pierce vs. the railroad has been compromised by allowing the complainant $1,400 damages for crossing his land.—*Centreville Observer.*

SECRETARY OF STATE.—It is announced in the Easton Star that Gov. Bowie has tendered the position of Secretary of State to Richard C. Hollyday, Esq., of Talbot county, and that Mr. Hollyday has accepted the appointment. Mr. Hollyday was Secretary of State under Governor P. F. Thomas. His experience and superior qualifications for the position make the appointment an excellent one. Mr. Hollyday was a member of the late constitutional convention.

McCLELLAN AND HANCOCK.—Gen. McClellan has written a letter from Europe to General Hancock, stating that he will arrive in this country in August next, and that he will not let his name be used in connection with the presidency. He cordially endorses General H., or any other good man who may be selected at the July convention in opposition to the radical nominations, and will take the stump in their behalf.—*Wash. Express.*

WOOLLEY, Butler's imprisoned witness, has been released by the House of Representatives, he having answered all proper questions put to him by the "Inquisitors." It was fully proved that, instead of Woolley's $20,000 having been expended to buy votes of Senators to acquit the President, it was all the time securely locked up in the safe at the Metropolitan hotel. Thus ended the farce, in which Butler sought to play the hero, and succeeded with about as much success as he did at Fort Fisher.

DANGEROUS COUNTERFEITS.—Counterfeit $100 National bank notes are in circulation. They are exceedingly well executed, and will deceive the majority of persons in whose hands they fall. The engraving is very fine, and the printing as perfect as it could be done. These notes are on the Central National Bank of New York, and on the Ohio National Bank of Cincinnati. Twenty-dollar bills altered from fives on the First National Bank of Boston are also in circulation.

Ruling Passion Strong.

The great and good Benjamin Franklin Butler, Doctor of Laws, so-called, Member of Congress, from near the "hub," late Manager of Impeachment, late Major General of volunteers, and Guano Investigator of the late lamented Impeachment Carcass, who has everything handsome about him, particularly plate, has determined to pursue his old avocation in Washington, and for the more vigorous prosecution of his business has taken charge of the House Representatives. The "Gen'l" continues to practice slight of hand, and occasionally adds a thousand or so, to his ill-gotten gains. We *rather* think the following testimony of how the learned Doctor attempted to appropriate a thousand of Woolley's money, will have a tendency to set the *gentleman* down as a wilful thief. The following is the statement of the witness:

Butler—What became of the money Woolley left in your hands?

Witness—I have it in my pocket.

Butler—Produce it and the papers contained in the envelope.

Witness—Here is the money, but the paper you can't have.

Butler received the package of money and directed witness to leave the room, which he declined to do, saying he was responsible for the money and was not willing to leave it in Butler's hands.—Butler threatened to arrest him, but witness denied his right to do so. At last Butler proceeded to count the money and said: I find here $16,100.

Witness—I'll swear I handed you $17,100.

Butler—Then you had better count it yourself.

Witness—If you will raise that newspaper I think you will find a thousand dollar bill under it.

Manager Logan now for the first time interfered and remarked:

Yes, General, I see a corner of the note sticking out.

Butler—Oh, yes; I did not see it.

MANY republicans are dissatisfied with the present condition of the Republican party, and are wondering how it could have grown so odious in so short a time, when it was so immensely popular in 1864. The reason of it is obvious. The management of the party has fallen into the hands of a few corrupt renegade Democrats, who are now playing ultra Radical to ingratiate themselves into the good graces of the rank and file of their old opponents. Beast Butler, "Black Dan" Sickles, General Logan, John Cochrane, General Grant, Joe Browne, and other Radical "managers," are all renegade Democrats, and they would ruin any party they might get the lead of. They all left the Democratic party because they could not rule it for their own selfish, corrupt and ambitious purposes, and have gone over to the Rodicals, where they have taken orders as "high priests" in the synagogue.—*Easton Star.*

TRAVEL IN AND OUT OF NEW YORK.—We have made a comparative estimate of the travel in and out of this city daily of what may be termed strangers, that is, of persons not doing business here, who come in and go out daily. On an average there are about twenty thousand strangers coming in and the same number going out every day. That would be about seven millions a year. From this estimate we exclude the two to three hundred thousand emigrants arriving every year and all those living outside and doing business in the city. The strangers we speak of are pleasure seekers, travellers and those who come on business. Supposing each individual spends only ten dollars this would bring to our hotels, restaurants, places of amusement and other establishments an income of over seventy millions a year, to say nothing of the much larger amount spent at the dry goods and other stores.—*N. Y. Herald.*

LOGIC IS LOGIC.—Yates, of Illinois, threw a bombshell into the radical camp by his speech in the Senate last week.—He took direct issue with the Chicago platform, and ridiculed its claims to regulate suffrage in the Southern States, and not in the Northern. He affirmed if Congress can regulate suffrage in one State, it can in all, and declared that unless the Radical party at once asserts the right of Congress to regulate suffrage in all the States, it is doomed to certain defeat.—Yates' honesty is commendable. He takes the ground which the party threatened to take, which it would have taken if it dared, and which it will surely take if it be successful next fall. His logic, too, is good, but unfortunately it recoils. The Constitution fixes the question of suffrage with the States. It cannot mean one thing for one State, and another for another,—the Chicago platform to the contrary notwithstanding.

AMONG all the Radical Congressional nominees running in Virginia, not one is a native of the "Old Dominion." One is from Washington, one from Maine, one from New York, and several from Massachusetts and Connecticut. The candidate for Governor is from Michigan, and all the candidates on the State ticket are Northern men. So barefaced is the thing, and so outrageous have been the proceedings of the Radical nominating conventions, in thus excluding all native Virginians, black and white, from office, it is thought that even the negroes will vote against them.

RADICAL PROPHECIES.—Thad. Stevens predicted that if impeachment failed, the Radical candidate for President would be ignominiously beaten at the coming election; and John W. Forney in one of his "Occasional" letters to the Press, declared that unless Andrew Johnson was removed the Radicals would not carry six States. We believe the predictions of Stevens and Forney will come true, not solely because impeachment has failed, but because the people are thoroughly disgusted with Jacobin rule.—*Ex.*

THE President has formally tendered to Hon. William M. Evarts the position of Attorney General. It is not known that he will accept.

A MAINE postmaster died the other day who had been appointed by Andrew Jackson, and had been in office ever since.

GENERAL GRANT.

When General GRANT accepted the nomination of the Radical party as its candidate for the Presidency, his first duty was to have resigned his command of the army. His apologists may allege, in justification of his course, that neither General SCOTT nor General TAYLOR surrendered their commissions when they received a similar nomination. But the cases are so entirely different that they will not admit of comparison. It is true that SCOTT was the senior officer of an army which in his day numbered but some eight or ten thousand men. That, however, was before politics entered into military affairs; when it was rare for a soldier to vote at all, and rarer still for an officer to exercise control over that vote. So far, also, as General TAYLOR was concerned, he was in a subordinate command and could not exert any political pressure upon the soldiery. Even if it had been in his power to have done so, he would indignantly have rejected any proposition to that end. General GRANT, on the contrary, is not only General-in-Chief of an army numbering, in the aggregate, some fifty thousand men, but he has also been made virtual Dictator over ten States of the Union, divided into Military Districts and ruled by military commanders instructed to report to him only, and whose acts are subordinated to his will. Exercising thus, vicariously, despotic powers over nearly one-third of the population of the Union, he holds a position incompatible with that of a candidate for the Presidency if the election, in accordance with what was once supposed to be the genius of our institutions, is to be based upon the free votes of a free people. It does not need that there shall be a direct interference on his part. There is a system of terrorism silently at work which can quite as well fulfil his purposes. The Radical Republicans who have nominated him as their candidate, and upon whose platform of principles he has consented to stand, have already, by a series of usurpations of the grossest kind, assumed the right to hold the Southern States as conquered provinces and to dictate who shall and who shall not vote. A Radical Congress has clothed the five military satraps with full authority to carry out its decrees; has given General GRANT absolute power to regulate the acts of his subordinates, and has peremptorily forbidden the PRESIDENT from interposing in any manner except through the medium of the General-in-Chief.—*Baltimore Gazette.*

DROWNED PERSONS.—A French physician, Dr. Labordette, claims to have discovered a process for restoring life to drowned persons after an immersion of half an hour and more. Indeed, it is said that it has proved effectual where the patient has been under water as much as six hours. Heretofore fourteen minutes has been considered the extreme limit of time during which the vital spark can be preserved without air, and in most cases five minutes of suffocation is fatal. The process is not fully described in the account given of it in the French papers, but it seems to involve the use of an instrument for opening the windpipe coupled with kneading and rubbing the body.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$2.70a2.72
" Choice Red	2.62a2.60
" Medium and good red	2.40
CORN—Good to prime White	1.10a1.11
" " " Yellow	1.06a1.10
Oats	88a90

MARRIED:

At St. Paul's Church, Kent county, on the 11th inst., by the Rev. E. H. C. Goodwin, Mr. SOLOMON B. WRIGHT, of Wye Mills, Talbot county, to Miss MARY A. ROBINSON, of this county.

DIED:

In Quaker Neck, on the 17th inst., JACOB KNOTTS, aged about 66 years.

On the 11th inst., at his residence near Rock Hall, STEPHEN KENDALL, in his 78th year.

Suddenly, JOHN E. H. CALEB, son of the late John and Harriett Caleb, aged 2 years.

OBITUARY.—Died, on the 4th of June, near the Trappe, Kent co., Mr. JOHN WHEALTON JONES, in the 74th year of his age, (not 80th, as erroneously published in your columns.)—His native place was in the vicinity of Upper Trappe, Somerset co., Md. Here he was married Nov. 19, 1818, to Miss Zipporah W. Jones, a neighbor but not a relative. Soon after his marriage, both he and his wife were converted to God, by the instrumentality of the Methodist E. Church. They quickly joined this church, and in faithful membership with which they spent the remainder of their lives. He was early made a class leader and a Circuit Steward.—While I was one of the preachers of the old Annamessex Circuit, which then included Upper Trappe, I formed their acquaintance and often partook of their hospitality. This was in the year 1831—thirty-seven years ago. He emigrated to Kent county about twenty-eight years ago, and transferred his membership to Hynson's Chapel. He never became very extensively known in this county. But the members of the old Hynson's Chapel society soon learned to appreciate him, and formed a warm Christian love for him. His health has been very poor for several years—indeed, for the last few years he altogether lost the power of locomotion, and could only reach a place of worship by being carried to his vehicle in the arms of his friends, and in the same way into the church and back again to his carriage. This made it so difficult that he declined to tax his friends very frequently, especially as his infirmities incapacitated him for hearing with much satisfaction, except at camp-meetings, where he could hear while reclining upon a bed. But, though constitutionally rather gloomy and melancholic, God often made him very happy in his love. On my last visit to him, more than a week before his death, he had lost the power of articulation, but while I was singing and praying in his room his countenance lightened up, as if with religious joy. His children, who have most diligently watched, waited upon and nursed him, for wearisome months, may rejoice in the assurance that if they make the Lord their portion, as he did through life, they shall be welcomed by him to that heaven into which he has preceded them. J. A. M.

[Princess Anne and Salisbury papers will greatly oblige by inserting the above in whole or in part.]

Camp-Meeting.—Providence permitting, a Camp Meeting for Millington Circuit will be held in Mrs. Covey's woods, near Chesterville, to commence on Saturday, Aug. 8th. The neighboring charges of Still Pond, Kent, Chestertown, Cecilton, and such parts of Sudlersville Circuit as may find it convenient, are invited, with their pastors, to come over and tent with us. All interested in the Camp are requested to meet on the ground, Wednesday, June 24th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

JOHN HOUGH,
C. W. PRETTYMAN,
June 20—1t. Preachers in Charge.

FESTIVAL.—The Ladies of Chester Parish will hold a Festival at the Sunday School room of the Episcopal Church on the afternoons and evenings of Tuesday and Wednesday, June 23d and 24th. Doors open at 2 o'clock on Tuesday and at 5 o'clock on Wednesday. Supper will be provided on each afternoon, together with a supply of Refreshments and Fancy Goods. The public are invited to attend. j20-1t

A CARD.—I desire to give a brief history of the passage of the law at the January session eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, amending the local laws of Chestertown in relation to town elections. The petition of sundry citizens requesting the amendment was read and referred to the *Kent and Queen Anne's delegations.* As chairman of that committee, after consultation with *all* its members, I reported favorably the Bill which afterwards became a law. When the vote was taken on the passage of the Bill, Mr. Boyer was not present, and his name does not appear among those voting for it. The Bill was afterwards amended in the Senate, came back to the House, and was passed as amended, Mr. Boyer voting in the affirmative. In confirmation of the above statement, I refer to the Journal of Proceedings of the House of Delegates, pages 558, 565, 637, 1037, 1257 and 1258.

I raise no question of veracity with Mr. Boyer in reference to the statements in his Card published on the 5th inst. He may have forgotten some of the proceedings above mentioned.—Neither do I desire to excuse myself for voting for the law, or to relieve myself of any share of the odium (if any) which has grown out of its passage. The petition was largely signed—there was no counter petition or remonstrance, and I voted for the law supposing it to be what the people of Chestertown desired.

June 20, 1868—1t. H. BECK.

LOOK HERE.—Wanted, forty men and women to stand on the corners and at the gates, for one week, in the village of Galena, to make remarks at persons passing through, so that the inhabitants can have an opportunity to attend to their business, and domestic affairs. [1t.] O. G.

FLY NETS!

FLY NETS! FLY NETS!

A large assortment, of various colors and prices, just received and for sale at the "People's Harness Store" of

je20 JOHN F. HOWARD.

40,000 Cabbage Plants Large Flat Dutch, for sale by C. C. HYNSON, at the residence of his father T. W. Hynson. Price 20 cents per hundred.

June 20, 1868—3t.

For Sale Low, a good REAPER, with self rake, in good order. Any person desirous of purchasing one can call at my residence near the village of Still Pond, and examine it. LOUIS HEPBRON.

June 20, 1868—3t.

NOTICE.—Found at Fairlee Creek, on the 5th instant, a SEINE, 2 Guns and 2 Oars. Supposed to have been stolen. They are now in possession of the undersigned at Bell Air, where the owner or owners can procure them on paying charges.

je20-3t* JAMES KENDALL.

At Private Sale.

A FARM containing 205 ACRES, Situated on Swan Creek, adjoining the farm of Mr. Walter Miller. Persons wishing to purchase will call and examine the premises.

Terms made very easy.

je20-6t* THOMAS COLEMAN.

FOR SALE, the Hull and Spars of a BATTEAU just completed, and not yet launched; finished with deck cabin and private centre board. Dimensions: length 40 ft., breadth beam 11 feet, depth hold 33 inches. If immediate application is made the above will be sold at less than the cost of building. Enquire of

C. A. LEARY & SON,
je20-2t. Near Rock Hall, Kent County.

WOOD AND COAL.

THE subscriber has in his yard, and is prepared to supply OAK, HICKORY and PINE WOOD at regular prices. He also gives notice that he will be prepared in a few months to furnish COAL of all sizes and quality. Persons wishing to engage their Coal, will be supplied as cheap as it can be furnished in this market. WM. H. HAMILTON.

June 20, 1868—tf.

1868. HARVEST. 1868.

NEW GOODS

OPENED THIS WEEK.

THOMAS S. WICKES calls the attention of Farmers to his large and varied stock of HEAVY GROCERIES just purchased, to meet the demands of the approaching Harvest.

BROWN SUGARS, COFFEES, LIQUORS for field hands, at a low figure; MOLASSES, OILS, TIN-WARE, &c., &c., &c., all offered at reasonable advances.

Chestertown, June 20, 1868.

WINE BOTTLES for sale by the dozen, by

June 20, 1868. TH S. WICKES.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent County, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Stephen Kendall, late of said County, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 5th day of January, 1869, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 16th day of June, 1868.

SAMUEL G. FISHER, Exec'r.

June 20, 1868—4t.

ICE CREAM, ICE CREAM!

W. HUDGINS would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has fitted up his Saloon, and is now ready to supply the public with ICE CREAM, CAKES and SODA WATER.

Thankful for past patronage I would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

NOTICE, NOTICE!

PARTIES, PIC-NICS, EXCURSIONS and FESTIVALS supplied on the most reasonable terms.

All in want of BREAD, RUSK, PIES and CAKES, wholesale and retail, fresh every day, should apply to

WASHINGTON HUDGINS,
je20-3m, Opposite Post Office.

EXAMINERS' NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Commissioners of Kent county, examiners to view and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening, condemning and laying out a

PUBLIC ROAD AND LANDING

on Eastern Neck Island, in the Fifth District—beginning at a point on the County road where the lands of C. B. G. Mitchell and Mrs. R. A. Bogle meet, and running the line between said lands a certain distance, then through the lands of C. B. G. Mitchell, to a point on the shore of Chester River, at or near the mouth of Bogle's Creek, also to locate a Public Landing at the said point,—hereby give notice that they will meet on

WEDNESDAY, July 22nd, 1868,

at 8 o'clock, A. M., at the beginning of the proposed road, to execute the duties of their commission.

RICHARD W. JONES,
S. A. J. WICKES,
JOHN DOWNEY,
June 20, 1868—tm. Examiners.

Church Dedication.

On SUNDAY, the 21st instant, at 11 o'clock, A. M., the M. E. Church, South, at Chesterville, will be dedicated by Rev. S. S. ROSZELL, D. D je13-2t.

LOST, on the night of the 6th inst, a SLEEVE-BUTTON with lava head. A suitable reward will be paid for it if left at the Kent News Office je13-3t.

A CARD.—A. W. SPARKS most respectfully requests all persons whose accounts are still unsettled, to call at his old stand in Chestertown, and settle the same. He is badly in want of money. I shall be in town a few days only. A. W. SPARKS.

June 6, 1868—3t.

FOR SALE a good WESTINGHOUSE THRESHER AND MIX HORSE POWER, in good order. Will be sold cheap. Terms easy. Apply to

G. H. BRICE,
je6-4t. Head Sassafras, Kent Co.

ANNUAL EXCURSION

OF THE

M. P. Sabbath School

OF CHESTERTOWN!

THE FINE STEAMER GEO. LAW,

has been chartered by the Meth. Prot. Sabbath School of Chestertown for an EXCURSION TO BALTIMORE, on

WEDNESDAY NEXT, June 24th.

The boat will leave Chestertown at a quarter past seven o'clock, A. M, touching at Rolph's, Wilkins', Booker's, Grey's Inn Creek and Kent Island, going and returning.

The GEORGE LAW has been newly fitted up, with a view to run excursions during the summer season, and is furnished with an extra supply of seats, &c., for the comfort of excursionists. The steamer will remain at the wharf in Baltimore some hours, giving time for persons to either make calls on friends or attend to matters of business. Excursionists may thus combine business with pleasure in this trip.

THE KENT CORNET BAND has been engaged for the occasion.

A SUBSTANTIAL LUNCH will be provided under the management of the Ladies of the School, and may be had at any time during the day. Also, Confectionery, Ice Cream, &c.

TICKETS $1 25. Children 75 Cents.

☞ The Managers refer with great satisfaction to the very pleasant and satisfactory character of their former excursions, as an inducement for persons to patronize the one of the present year. They pledge themselves as heretofore, to use all possible efforts to promote the comfort of their patrons, and make this a delightful occasion of social and healthful recreation. [June 20, 1868—1t.]

New Summer Goods.

New Summer Goods.

T. W. ELIASON & SON

Will open on Monday next,

A LARGE STOCK OF SEASONABLE GOODS.

June 20, 1868.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

T. W. ELIASON & SON will have in store for sale next Monday, a large assortment of BOOTS AND SHOES, embracing in part:

Men's Fine French Calf Boots, ½ D. sole,	
" " " " " pump "	
Boys' " " " "	
Men's Balm'l Boots,	Misses' Mor. Boots,
Boys' do. do.	" Goat Boots,
Ladies' last'g Anklets,	" Fancy "
" " Gaiters,	" Buff "
" Mor. Bal. Boots,	Childrens' Gaiters,
" Goat " "	" Fancy Boots,
Misses' last'g Anklets,	" Buff "

Infants' plain and fancy Kid and Morrocco and Patent Leather Shoes. June 20.

JAMES W. PATTEN

Has added to his stock CHILDREN'S SHOES of various kinds and sizes; LADIES', likewise. MEN'S work and Dress Shoes. Men's and Boys' Hats. Also, a lot of DRY GOODS, which I will dispose of at a fair profit. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.

Now, allow me to tell you
Where I can be found,
It will be by travelling
Pretty well down town.
If this is not sufficient
I will tell you more,
I am now selling goods below
T. B Hynson's brick store,
Now for the rest I leave it with all
Whether you will or will not
Give me a call.
Now, my respects
I send unto all,
Hoping at the same time
They will give me a call.

June 20, 1868. JAS. W. PATTEN.

VALUABLE LOTS FOR SALE

At Public Auction.

BY proper authority,

ON TUESDAY,

THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JUNE, 1868,

the undersigned, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, at 11½ o'clock, A. M., will offer at public sale

TWO LOTS OF LAND,

lying a short distance from Chestertown, in Morgan's Creek Neck, Kent county, Maryland, containing about TEN ACRES.

These lots are in a good state of cultivation and are susceptible of being made very valuable at a small expense.

The Improvements are a Frame Dwelling, nearly new, and some Out-houses, upon one lot, and upon the other a GOOD FRAME DWELLING.

THE TERMS OF SALE are, one-third of the purchase money in six months, one-third in nine months and one-third in twelve months; the purchase money to be secured by bond with approved security, bearing interest.

je6-3t. WM. S. LASSELL.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE

IN VIRGINIA.

THE owners offer for sale in Amherst Co., Va., SEVEN CONTIGUOUS FARMS, of very valuable land, well watered and well timbered. These lands comprise an aggregate area of 1255 ACRES, and vary in size from 134 to 200 acres. Six of these farms are enclosed with good fences, and all have comfortable Dwellings upon them.

LOCATION.—Five miles from the James River Canal, ten miles from the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, and fourteen miles from Lynchburg. PRICE—$12.50 to $35 per acre.

For further particulars apply to

R. C. BERKELEY,
Principal of Washington College,
je13-4t* Chestertown, Md.

[Cent. Observer and Easton Star copy 4t, and send bill to advertiser.]

FARMERS!

YOU need not go any further than Chestertown now to get your

Reapers, Mowers, Rakes,

THRESHING MACHINES

OR HORSE POWERS.

They are all kept by

HINES, WOODALL & CO.,

at the Foundry of Mr. CHAS. A. ESTES, in Chestertown.

REAPERS.—Woods' self-rake Reaper, and Woods' Reaper and Mower combined; New Yorker self-rake Reaper, and New Yorker self-rake Reaper and Mower combined; Johnson's self-rake Reaper, and Hoffkin's self-rake Reaper.

MOWERS.—Monitor Mower, Woods' Mower and Hoffkins' Mower.

RAKES.—Harman Wheat and Hay Rake.—Sinclair Wheat and Hay Rake; Hoffkins' wheat and Hay self-discharge Rake.

THRESHERS.—Guesser Thresher, large and small size.

All kinds of Horse Powers.

For other articles we refer you to the advertisement of R. Sinclair & Co., for whom we are acting agents. All the above articles for sale by HINES, WOODALL & CO.

June 13, 1868—4t.

Great Attraction.

THE Trustees of the Wesley Chapel M. P. Church propose to offer to their friends a course of SIX LECTURES to aid in the liquidation of their Parsonage debt.

The first of the course will be delivered at the Chapel on FRIDAY EVENING, 26th inst., if fair, if not on the succeeding evening by

Prof. J. W. MACBETH,

of Chestertown. Subject, "The agreement of Science with Religion."

Tickets 50 Cents, to be had of the Committee; of J. W. Collins, Chestertown; A. T. Thomas, Broad Neck; Geo. R. Beck, Worton; Joseph E. Weer, Kennedyville.

J. E. MALOY,
HOWARD MEEKS.
WM. T. ATKINSON, Treas'r. je6-3t

JUNE, 1868.

BEAUTIFUL STOCK

OF

NEW GOODS,

AT THE

"PEOPLE'S POPULAR STORE."

The New System of doing Business in Chestertown meets the approbation of Cash and Short Time Buyers.

JUST OPENED

The Third Purchase

FOR INSPECTION.

WE WILL DUPLICATE ANY BILL OF DRY GOODS PURCHASED IN CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, OR BALTIMORE CITY.

OUR STOCK

FAR SURPASSES

Any Stock in Chestertown.

Splendid Stock of CASSIMERES and LINENS,

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS OF EVERY GRADE,

VERY CHEAP AT WM. A. VICKERS'.

NOTICE!

WE OFFER NO BAITS!

WE HAVE SUCH A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS IT IS IMPOSSIBLE FOR US TO ENUMERATE.

ANY ARTICLE

IN BALTIMORE CITY

WILL BE FURNISHED

AT CITY PRICES,

IN ONE DAY'S NOTICE.

Highest Price paid for Produce.

34 and 45 CENTS PAID FOR WOOL.

Wm. A. Vickers.

JUNE 20, 1868.