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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, July 11, 1868.

The National Convention.

The Democratic National Convention assembled in New York on Saturday, the 4th of July, and we hoped to be able to announce in this issue, the nominees for President and Vice President, but, in consequence of the conflicting interest of different sections and other causes combined, we had received no intelligence of a nomination up to going to press yesterday afternoon. A permanent organization of the convention was effected by the selection of ex-Governor Seymour, of New York, as President, with a vice president and secretary from each State; Dr. Geo. R. Dennis is the vice-president from this State, and Outerbridge Horsey the secretary. The rules of the convention of '64 among which is one requiring the vote of two-thirds of all the delegates to secure a nomination, were adopted without discussion. Resolutions recognizing the fidelity of President Johnson in upholding the Constitution, and thanking Judge Chase for the manner in which he presided at the impeachment trial, were offered.

On Tuesday a platform of principles was adopted, which we publish elsewhere and ask for it an attentive perusal.

As soon as the platform had been adopted the Convention at once proceeded to balloting for a candidate for the Presidency. The candidates placed in nomination were Messrs. Pendleton, English, Church, Johnson, Packer, Doolittle, Hancock and Hendricks, but in balloting others were also voted for. Six ballots were had on Tuesday, the first as follows: Pendleton 105, Hancock 33½, Johnson 65, English 16, Hendricks 2½, Doolittle 13, Reverdy Johnson 8½, Parker 13, Packer 26, Church 33. Whole vote cast, 317—necessary to a choice, 212.

Mr. Pendleton, who had led in all the ballots the first day, went still higher on Wednesday, attaining to 156½ on the 8th ballot, but gradually fell off afterwards, Messrs. Hendricks and Hancock gaining in the meantime till the former reached 89, and the latter 144¼.

The following is a summary of Wednesday's ballotings, the latest received:

	BALLOTINGS.					
	7th.	8th.	9th.	10th.	11th.	12th.
Pendleton	137½	156½	147	147½	144½	145½
A. Johnson	12½	15	12	6	5½	4½
Hancock	42½	28	33½	34	32½	30
Packer	26	26	26	7	7	..
Parker	7	7	7	25	..	..
Doolittle	12	12	12	12	12½	12½
Hendricks	39	76	80½	82½	88	89

On the 12th ballot G. B. McClellan received one vote and Chase ½.

	BALLOTINGS.					
	13th.	14th.	15th	16th.	17th.	18th.
Pendleton	134½	130	129½	107½	70½	56½
Johnson	4½	..	5½	5½	6	10
Hancock	48½	56	79½	113½	137½	144½
Doolittle	13	13	12	12	12	12
Hendricks	81	84½	82½	70½	80	87½

There is little or no augury in these ballotings, as to who will be the final choice, though it would seem that Mr. Pendleton, personally, had gone by the board, notwithstanding that the convention has, in its platform to a considerable extent, accepted his ideas as to financial issues and policy. A nomination was probably made on Thursday.

On the first and second ballots all the Maryland delegates at large voted for Pendleton. Messrs. McCullough, Archer, Byrne, Seyster, and Maddox voted for Andrew Johnson, and the other delegates for Pendleton. On the third ballot Mr. McCullough voted for Mr. Pendleton. On the eighteenth ballot Maryland cast 6½ votes for Hancock and ½ for Hendricks.

The Democratic Soldiers and Sailors' National Convention adopted resolutions endorsing the Amnesty Proclamation and the general policy of President Johnson, recommending General Hancock and Mr. Hendricks as candidates for President and Vice President to the National Convention, but pledging their support to whatever nominees the National Convention selects.

NEW IMPEACHMENT ARTICLES.—Thad. Stevens, not content with the infamous notoriety he already has, is determined, if such a thing was possible, to lower himself still further in the estimation of decent men. His last role is new Impeachment articles against President Johnson.—These he presented, five in number, on Tuesday last, charging the President with various ridiculous offences. The House has however, become so disgusted with the impeachment business that no attention whatever was given to Stevens or his "articles," not even by Butler and Ashley; and the whole matter was postponed. Poor Thad. it is a pity that his feeble body outlasts his feebler mind. "The time was when a man's brains were out he died, and there's an end on't."

ACCIDENTAL DEATH OF TWO PROMINENT NEW YORK POLITICIANS.—Peter Cagger, a noted New York politician, known as the leader of the Albany Regency, and a delegate to the National Convention, was instantly killed on Monday night by being thrown from a vehicle in which he was riding. John E. Develin, another prominent politician, who was in company with Mr. Cagger, was also so seriously injured that he has since died.

Governor Bowie has been selected as a member of the Democratic National Executive Committee on the part of Maryland.

LOCAL ITEMS.

The College Commencement.

Washington College commencement took place on Wednesday, 8th inst. On Tuesday evening, the annual address before the Mount Vernon Literary Society was delivered by Milnor Jones, Esq., of this town. The poetical sentiment of Bishop Berkeley, "Westward the course of Empire holds its way," was his theme. It was finely illustrated, though the illustrations in the main were drawn from the familiar classics, yet some of them had the force and attractiveness of originality. The audience gave decided evidence of appreciation of the talent of the speaker.

The order of exercises for the public day began with declamations by the students. In these they exhibited evidence of skillful training, and, some of them, considerable native genius. Original orations were delivered by J. E. M. Chamberlaine, Jr., and James E Carroll, both of whom acquitted themselves with credit. The highest academic honor conferred, that of Bachelor of Arts, was given to these gentlemen.

In the place of the usual baccalaureate address, Hon. J. Morrison Harris, of Baltimore, delivered a lecture upon the character of Moses. It was distinguished by gorgeous description, rather than philosophical analysis of the character of the distinguished subject. The speaker has wonderful power of word painting; and his gorgeous imegery is thrown upon the canvass with easy and graceful gesture, and his musical, sonorous voice falls pleasantly upon the ear, as he deftly measures out his rounded periods. His peroration was really grand, reaching a sublime climax in the sentence "and God buried him." The Hon. lecturer has gained reputation at the bar and in the halls of Congress, but neither forum nor tribune can ever bring so noble a crown as the one he proved himself worthy to wear when he stood, on that day, the champion of religion and the eulogizer of its distinguished representative.

Washington College is one of the links connecting the present with the historic past. It was the only institution in the country named after Washington during his life, by his sanction, as we learned from the address of Mr. Jones. It received of his munificence for its establishment, and its Mt. Vernon Literary Society was honored by an address from him. Its historic renown ought to perpetuate it as an eminent and popular institution. It has the benefit of a liberal State endowment, and the buildings are commodious and pleasantly situated. Its present Faculty consists of Professors Berkeley and Hogg, both of Virginia. The scholastic attainments of these gentlemen, their skill as teachers, and their high moral character, are such as eminently qualify them for the position they occupy.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. James Leaverton, residing in Quaker Neck, in this county, died very suddenly on Friday of last week. He was engaged in the harvest field of Mr. Thos. Lusby, and while resting for a few moments under the shade of a tree was observed to fall to the ground, and died instantly. The cause of his death is supposed to have been heart disease. The deceased was about forty-two years of age, and leaves a wife and five children.

THE WEATHER for the past ten or twelve days has been excessively warm, the thermometer ranging from 88 to 95 degrees in the shade. During the continuance of this weather persons cannot be too careful of their diet, or how they indulge in drinking ice-water. Much sickness has already been the result of carelessness with regard to these matters.

EXCURSION.—The Methodist Protestant Sabbath School of Kennedyville will have an excursion to La Belle Grove, on Wednesday next, on the steamer Geo. Law. The boat stops at the different landings on Sassafras River and at Buck Neck.—This will doubtless prove a pleasant occasion of social enjoyment and healthful recreation.

HARVEST.—The wheat harvest is now generally over, and some farmers have commenced threshing. The crop in this county is not large, but better than was expected a few weeks since. In some sections it has been materially damaged by the rust.

LAND SALE.—James A. Pearce, Esq., as trustee, has disposed of at private sale the farm of the late Capt. Morgan Brown in Quaker Neck, containing 204 acres, to Mr. James F. Wilkins, for $48 per acre.

DEATH OF EX-GOVERNOR GRASON.—Ex-Governor Grason of this State died on the 2nd inst., at his residence in Queen Ann's county, at the age of 82 years. He was the first Governor elected in Maryland by the people under the remodelled Constitution of the State, which, after an exciting struggle, well remembered by the older inhabitants of Maryland, and which begun in 1836, terminated in 1838 in favor of reform. Prior to that period Mr. Grason had served creditably in both branches of the General Assembly, and being identified with the democratic party, then known as republican, who were the reformers, was made their candidate and elected to the chief magistracy. Mr. Grason served as governor for three years, and at the expiration of his term retired to his estate in Queen Anne's, where he has since sojourned in possession of the general respect of his fellow-citizens.—Governor Grason was a fine specimen of the republican Maryland gentleman of the olden time, an upright and honorable man, faithful to the discharge of his public and social duties.—*Centreville Observer.*

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

The National Democratic Convention on Tuesday unanimously adopted the following platform of principles. In it the people of the whole country, without reference to party organizations or sections, will find an embodiment of their feelings and thoughts, and a vitalizing recurrence to sentiments and principles in which they have found safety and prosperity heretofore. There is in it, indeed, a clear ring of the old metal of that constitutionalism which was recognized in former days as the safeguard and glory of the States and the people of the country:

The democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, discrimination and justice of the people, standing upon the constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the government, and the guaranteeing the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war, or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or reagitated do, with the return of peace, demand:

First. The immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second. Amnesty for all past political offences and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third. The payment of the public debt of the United States as soon as practicable; and that all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the government economically administered, be honestly applied to such payment; and where the obligations of the government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including bonds and other public securities.

Fifth. One currency for the government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth. Economy in the administration of the government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the freedmen's bureau, and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace, and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh. Reform of abuses in the administration; expulsion of corrupt men from office; abrogation of useless offices; the restoration of rightful authority to, and the independence of, the executive and judicial departments of the government; the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad, the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and individual rights, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the radical party for its disregard of right and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After a most solemn and unanimous pledge of both houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the government and the preservation of the Union under the constitution, it has repeatedly violated the most sacred pledges under which alone rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory; instead of restoring the Union, it has so far as in its power dissolved it and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy; has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its President, we will meet as a subjugated and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the constitution.

And we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British crown the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of coequal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so-called) of Congress, as such, are usurpations and unconstitutional, revolutionary and void; that our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption of homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the government.—When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard. Upon this platform the democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative element and all who desire to support the constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people; and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship and hail all such co-operating with us as friends and brethren.

Resolved, That in the future, as in the past, we will adhere, with unswerving fidelity, to the Union under the constitution as the only solid foundation of our strength, security and happiness as a people, and as a frame-work of government equally conducive to the welfare and prosperity of all the States, both Northern and Southern.

Resolved, That the Union established by the constitution is a Union of States, federal in its character, composed of States thereby united, and is incapable of existing without the States as its continuing integral parts, and therefore the perpetuity of the Union in its integrity depends on the preservation of the States in their political integrity, the government of the United States being a federal republic and not a consolidation of the whole people into one nation.

Resolved, That the perpetuity of the Union and the maintenance of the government, as both were established by the constitution, and as both under the constitution, have been expounded in the foregoing resolutions, in conformity with the venerable teachings of Jefferson, Madison and Jackson, have ever been held as cardinal doctrines of the democratic party, and they are now reiterated with increased earnestness, under the solemn conviction that constitutional liberty can be preserved on this continent only by bringing back the administration of the government to those time-honored principles on which, for sixty years, there was such unparallelled happiness and prosperity, and in rescuing it from the hands of those who have ever held the constitution itself to be no better than a covenant with death and an agreement with hell, whose revolutionary policy and measures have brought such general discord, strife and war, with its attendant ills, upon a large portion of the country, and such widespread demoralization throughout the whole of it.

Resolved, That the democratic party in sustaining the federal administration in the late unhappy conflict of arms did so in good faith, with the hope and earnest wish to maintain the principles above set forth, and with no view of waging war on the part of the Northern States in any spirit of oppression against their brethren of the South, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of those States, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired. The subjugation of these States, or holding them as conquered territory, would be, in the judgment of this Convention, the destruction of the Union itself.

Resolved, That the highest meed of patriotism is due and should ever be extended to all those who in the recent war periled life or fortune for the maintenance of the Union and the beneficent system of American government thereby established upon the fundamental principles set forth in the foregoing resolutions; but we have neither thanks nor sympathy for those who entered and carried on the contest for the subjugation of States and for the subjection by federal authority of the white race in any of the States to the domination of the black; the right of suffrage, or who shall exercise political power, is a matter that rests under the constitution exclusively with the several States; there it properly belongs, and there it should continue ever to remain.

The Odd-Fellows Celebration in Centreville.

The fourth of July was appropriately celebrated by St. Tammany Lodge No. 25, I. O. O. F., of Centreville. For some time preparations have been making for a grand festival and reunion of Odd-Fellows, and on Saturday morning a number of Lodges were expected to be in procession, but owing doubtless to the excessively warm weather, as well as to the fact that many of the members of country Lodges were engaged in reaping their wheat, only a few visiting Odd-Fellows were present. Richland Lodge, of Halltown, Kent Lodge of Galena, and Unity Lodge of Church Hill, were represented. The procession, headed by Grand Marshal W. I. Gibson, with mounted aids, formed at 11 o'clock, and marched to the grove, lead by the Easton Cornet Band, Prof. Minnick. Arriving at the grove, the procession was drawn up before the speaker's stand, where the opening ode was sung, and Rev. A. S. Smith, of the P. E. Church, offered a very earnest and feeling prayer. The lodge being called down, Hon. H. F. Geary, of Baltimore, was introduced, and delivered an eloquent and able address of about a half hour's length. He was followed by Dr. Stiles Kennedy, of Halltown, who also delivered a fine speech, devoting his time principally to temperance. After the conclusion of Dr. Kennedy's speech, and the nominations of candidates for "Queen of Love and Beauty," the audience repaired to the tables where a sumptuous dinner had been prepared, to which full justice was done. After dinner Rev. Dr. John J. Murray, of Baltimore, addressed the audience in an able and feeling speech of three-quarters of an hour, after which the election of a Queen and her Maids of Honor was proceeded with. Miss Katie Blake, the daughter of P. F. T. Blake, Esq., of this town, having received the highest number of votes was duly elected Queen, and Miss E. J. Reynolds and Miss Annie Gibson, having received the next highest number, were declared duly elected maids of honor. The coronation address by John T. Hand, Esq., was a touching and eloquent production, and did credit both to himself and to the subject he discussed.—*Centreville Observer.*

THE "JUGGLELY" OF THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM ON SUFFRAGE.—The New York *Tribune* affects to be delighted with the Chicago platform. The following views of the *Tribune* just before the meeting of the Convention, and the suffrage plank in the platform, present an edifying picture:

From the Tribune.

"Republicans in all the States had better make up their minds at once that there cannot be two policies in the party at once—one for the North and one for the South We cannot give the *ignorant millions* of freedmen in the *rebel* States the ballot, and the same time refuse it to the *educated thousands* in the North. If we attempt such a jugglery, we shall find out that we have not cheated the negro, but ourselves.

From the Platform.

II. The guaranty by *Congress* of equal suffrage to all loyal men *at the South* was demanded by every consideration of public safety, of gratitude and of Justice, *and must be maintained;* while the question of suffrage in all the loyal States properly belongs to the people of those States.

CHURCH MATTERS AT BELAIR.—The Methodist Protestants have erected a tabernacle at Belair, in which they will hold religious services, until they are ready to build a more substantial house of worship. Rev. J. T. Murray will preach there on to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon at 3 o'cl'k.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$2.35a2.40
" Choice Red	2.52a2.60
" Medium and good red	2.50
CORN—Good to prime White	1.10a1.11
" " " Yellow	1.06a1.11
Oats	80a82

DIED:

In Chestertown, on Monday morning last, EMMA MAY, daughter of George H. and Florida Bennett, aged 2 months and 14 days.

In Chestertown, on Thursday July 9th. WILLIAM KESLEY, aged 7 months and 24 days, youngest and beloved child of John W. and Charlotte A. Collins.

On the 29th June, of Congestion of the lungs, WILLIE C. PARSONS, son of Harrison and Annie Parsons, aged eighteen months, two weeks and two days.

Dearest Willie thou hast left us,
We thy loss most deeply feel,
But in Heaven we hope to meet thee,
When all our sorrows will be healed.

Wanted to Rent in Chestertown, a SMALL HOUSE, or part of a house, (unfurnished,) for a family of two. Address, stating terms, location, &c., &c., H. H. H., Post Office, Baltimore, Md.
jy11-3t*

A Young Man from Baltimore with a small Capitol, would like to become a Partner in some profitable and respectable Business in Chestertown, Maryland.
Address, stating Business &c in confidence H. H. H., Baltimore P. O.,
July 11—3t Baltimore, Md.

NOTICE.—Intending to close my Business all Parties indebted to me are hereby notified that they must come foward with the money or give a bankable note. From and after this date positively no goods sold except for Cash. STEVENSON CONSTABLE.
July 11—3t.*

LOST SHEEP.

Strayed from the premises of the subscriber, in Quaker Neck, about the first of June, 7 OLD SHEEP and 4 LAMBS, marked with fork and underbit out of each ear. A suitable reward will be paid for any information that will lead to their recovery. THOS. LUSBY.
July 11, 1868—3t.

R. W. RASIN,
51 WEST FAYETTE ST., BALT.,
Has FARMS in Maryland and Virginia at from $5 to $30 per acre, some of which will produce on an average, without fertilizers, from 25 to 35 bush. wheat and from 40 to 60 of corn; oysters, fish, &c., in abundance. Buildings good. Call on the Editors for pamphlets, giving descriptions. I have hundreds of Farms south of the Potomac. jy11-6t.*

Take Notice!

HARVEST is now over, and I take this method of notifying all persons in arrears for taxes for '66 and '67, that unless IMMEDIATE settlement is made, I shall proceed to collect according to law, by the shortest process. Those who desire to save themselves additional costs and expense will, therefore, do well to give prompt attention to this notice.
JOHN W. DUYER,
jy11-3t. Chestertown.

EXCURSION
TO LA BELLE GROVE
By the Kennedyville M. P. Sabbath School, on
WEDNESDAY, the 15th July, 1868.

The splendid steamer GEORGE LAW having been chartered by the Meth. Protestant Sunday School of Kennedyville, for an excursion to the celebrated LA BELLE GROVE, on West River, will leave Georgetown at 6, A. M., touching at Fredericktown, Cassidy's, Reybold's, Shallcross', Turner's Creek, Betterton & Buck Neck.

Ice Cream, Confectionery, Lemonade, &c., at moderate prices.

A LUNCH, embracing the substantials and delicacies of the season, will be provided by the Ladies, and disposed of at reasonable rates.

It is hardly deemed necessary, on the part of the School, to do more than allude in general terms to the inducements offered by this trip to the seeker of rational enjoyment. The fame of this celebrated grove as a summer resort, the beautiful scenery of West River and the fine view, and fresh bracing breezes of the Chesapeake, are well known to almost every one.

The Managers will use every effort to promote the comfort and enjoyment of all.

TICKETS $1.25. Children under 12 years half price. jy11-1t.

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, the subscriber as administratrix of the goods and chattels of Richard Hodges, deceased, will offer at public sale, on
SATURDAY, July 18th, 1868,
at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Edesville, the following property:

One Fine Milch Cow,
2 GOOD SHOATS,
All the Stock of Medicines on hand,
Mortar, Scales, Weights and Fixtures of the Apothecary's Shop, and
Household and Kitchen Furniture.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of $10 or less will be cash; over that amount a credit of six months, on note with approved security, will be given, the maker paying for stamp.
MARY M. HODGES,
July 4, 1868—2t. Adm'x.

Farm for Sale.

A FARM OF 137 ACRES,
THREE MILES FROM GALENA,
Near Shallcross' Wharf on Sassafras River, where steamers run to Baltimore and Philadelphia; 1½ miles from the Kent county Railroad now building; within one mile of Post Office, School House, Mill, stores, &c.

The Improvements
consist of a
DWELLING HOUSE
containing two rooms below and three above, besides Kitchen, all nearly new and in good repair; a BARN 28 by 35 feet, containing corn crib, threshing floor, four garners, feed room, hay mew, fodder loft, and Stabling for six horses; Cow Shed, Carriage House, Poultry House and Meat House; with stone Cellar. Buildings all lately put up and in good order.

There is about 120 acres cleared land, highly improved with lime, bone dust, plaster, &c.

A Peach Orchard of 2300 Trees
just in full bearing. 300 GRAPE VINES, just coming to bear; a small APPLE ORCHARD, 8 years old. Pear Trees Standard and Dwarf. Choice variety of Cherry Trees now bearing, &c. The Farm is under good Chestnut fencing, and well watered. For terms apply to
L. S. VANSANT,
Or GEO. R. VANSANT,
Locust Grove, Kent county, Md.
July 11.—3t

VIRGINIA FARM FOR SALE.

THIS valuable Farm, known as "FREEPORT," is situated on the Piankatank river, in the county of Gloucester. Freeport contains
408 ACRES,
about one-fourth of which is well wooded in Pine, Oak, &c., supplying an abundance of timber and fuel for the place. The remainder is open and arable, and in an improving state of cultivation. The open land consists of beautifully situated highlands, with about 150 acres of fertile river flats.

There is a comfortable
Dwelling,
containing six rooms, which is beautifully situated, commanding a fine view of the river and surrounding country.—Barns, Stables and Tenant Houses in good condition. There is also on this Farm a good STORE HOUSE, where a profitable mercantile business might be conducted. The facilities for shipping grain, wood, &c., are most convenient, the river being navigable for large-class vessels, with good landings.

The Farm will be sold a great bargain and payments made easy. H. M. BASH,
Govanstown, Baltimore county, Md.
July 11, 1868—8t.

EXECUTORS' SALE
OF A
Very Valuable Farm,
IN TALBOT COUNTY,
NEAR HILLSBOROUGH.

BY VIRTUE OF AUTHORITY CONTAINED in the last Will and Testament of William W. Morgan, deceased, the undersigned as Executors, will offer at PUBLIC SALE, in front of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on
TUESDAY,
The Twenty-Second of September next,
AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M., THAT
Farm or Plantation,
situate in Chapel District, Talbot County, Maryland, called
"THE COTTAGE,"
near the town of Hillsborough, whereon Henry C. Morgan now resides, CONTAINING THE QUANTITY OF
247 ACRES,
1 ROOD, AND 1 1-2 PERCHES,
More or Less, being the farm devised to the said William W. Morgan by his deceased father, Jacob Morgan.

This is one of the most beautiful inland farms in Talbot county. The land is of rich loam, highly improved and easily cultivated. It is located convenient to Churches, Mills and Schools. The Maryland and Delaware Rail Road, now nearly completed to Hillsborough, crosses the southeast corner, giving all of the advantages of a railroad without any loss or inconvenience therefrom. The station at Hillsborough will be located within one mile of the dwelling, rendering it very valuable as a truck farm, as early Fruits and Vegetables may be shipped daily by rail to the Northern markets.

The Improvements
consist of a large and well built
TWO-STORY FRAME
DWELLING HOUSE
With BACK BUILDING, KITCHEN, a Meat House, Dairy, Ice House, Barn, Stables, Corn House, Carriage House,
in short all necessary Out-Buildings for the Farm. It has a beautiful LAWN, set with large oaks, and delightful shade trees around the Dwelling. There is on the Farm a
Fine Apple Orchard,
and an abundance of
WOOD & TIMBER,
for the farm purposes. It has an abundance of fine Water. The Farm is well adapted to the growth of Wheat, Corn, Oats, Grass, Fruits and Vegetables of all kinds, and Stock.

Persons wishing a beautiful residence, and a really productive farm, should examine this property before the day of sale. Its fertility of soil, delightful location, and proximity to the rail road station, give it advantages seldom met with. Possession will be given on the 1st day of January, 1869.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, and the balance in one and two years from the day of sale, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Executors, bearing interest from the day of sale. Stamps and title papers at the expense of the purchaser.
ELIZABETH H MORGAN,
JAMES B. MORGAN,
jy11-3t. Executors.

BLACKSMITHING
And Wheelwrighting
AT HANESVILLE, KENT CO.

HAVING been thoroughly reconstructed, and possessing a republican form of government, the
Hanesville Manufacturing and Repair Shops,
(in the rear of A. L. Vannort's store.) are now prepared to build to order NEW WORK, or make any repairs in their line of business.

Mr. Benjamin Owens in charge of the Wheelwright Shop, and Mr. Joseph Henry of the Blacksmith Shop, are very obliging gentlemen and study to please. With the best of material and perfect workmanship, we hope to merit the patronage of our friends generally.
jy4-6m* E. A. VANNORT.

ICE-CREAM.

MRS. M. A. WILSON respectfully informs her friends and the public that she has opened an ICE-CREAM SALOON in Chestertown, on the corner, nearly opposite the Bank, and hopes to receive a share of public patronage. jy4-3t.

FOR SALE,
A GOOD FEATHER BED.
For particulars apply to
July 4, 1868—3t. M. A. WILSON.

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, the undersigned, as administrator of John Kilpatrick, deceased, will sell at public sale at the late residence of said deceased, in Still Pond, on
SATURDAY, the 11th of July, 1868,
all the personal estate of said deceased, consisting in part as follows:

1 Gray Mare,
1 YEARLING COLT;
28 HEAD OF SHEEP,
FIVE LAMBS,
4 HEAD OF SHOATS,
1 Buggy and Harness, 1 Wagon and Harness, 1 Horse Cart and Harness, 1 Wheat Rake, 1 Grain Fan, Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, &c. Also,
Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

TERMS:—All purchases of $10 and under cash; all over that sum a credit of six months on note with approved security.
JOHN B. KILPATRICK,
Adm'r of John Kilpatrick, dec'd.
July 4, 1868—ts.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF
VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

AS TRUSTEES under the deed of John H. Gemmill and W. Georgetta Gemmill, his wife, which has been duly executed, acknowledged, and recorded among the land records for Kent county, the undersigned at half-past twelve o'clock, P. M., on
TUESDAY,
THE TWENTY-EIGHTH OF JULY, 1868,
at the Voshell House, in Chestertown, will offer at Public Sale Mrs. Gemmill's Farm, on which she and her husband now reside, called
Mount Pleasant,
CONTAINING
296 ACRES,
1 Rood, and 7 Perches.

This Farm is eligibly located, in one of the most thrifty neighborhoods in the County; is convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c; not over a mile from the PUBLIC LANDING on Still Pond Creek, and about the same distance from the Kent County Railroad now under contract, and is within seven miles of Chestertown.

The soil is naturally kind, and has been improved. It is well adapted to grain, grass, fruits and vegetables.

The farm has an abundant supply of
WOOD,
ABOUT 25 or 30 ACRES,
And a Fine growth of Young Chestnut.

The balance, about 232 Acres, is arable, and divided into eight fields, all under good fencing, and without an acre of waste land.

The Improvements
Are a Frame DWELLING,
with three rooms below and four above, and a KITCHEN attached. A Brick Meat House 12 by 14 ft.; a Granary 24 by 34 feet; a Stable and Carriage Shed 34 by 40 feet, with a large loft; a Henhouse, Carriage House and Ice House.

A Peach Orchard
IN ITS PRIME, OF 3,000 TREES.
And a Young Peach Orchard of 5,000 Trees, not yet in bearing

The fruit in both Orchards embrace the most choice and saleable varieties.

This Farm, in view of its location, the natural and improved quality of its soil, and its ready and convenient access to our best markets presents far more than the usual inducements to purchase.

TERMS OF SALE:

These terms are proposed, subject to such modifications as may be found expedient:—Twenty-five hundred dollars cash, or within sixty days, and Twenty-five hundred dollars on the first day of January, 1869; the residue in two equal annual instalments from the 1st day of January next. The payments to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security approved by the undersigned, bearing interest from the 1st of January, 1869.
GEORGE VICKERS,
RICHARD HYNSON,
Chestertown, July 4, 1868—ts. TRUSTEES.

EXAMINERS' NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Commissioners of Kent county, examiners to view and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening, condemning and laying out a
PUBLIC ROAD AND LANDING
on Eastern Neck Island, in the Fifth District—beginning at a point on the County road where the lands of C. B. G. Mitchell and Mrs. R. A. Bogle meet, and running the line between said lands a certain distance, then through the lands of C. B. G. Mitchell, to a point on the shore of Chester River, at or near the mouth of Bogle's Creek, also to locate a Public Landing at the said point,—hereby give notice that they will meet on
WEDNESDAY, July 22nd, 1868,
at 8 o'clock, A. M., at the beginning of the proposed road, to execute the duties of their commission.
RICHARD W. JONES,
S. A. J. WICKES,
JOHN DOWNEY,
June 20, 1868—tm. Examiners.

LUMBER.

JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE AND SUPERIOR
STOCK OF LUMBER,
to which we invite the attention of consumers, comprising in part of Select Cullings, 4-4, 6-4 an 8-4 White Pine, 5-8 Siding.
Yellow Pine Dressed Flooring,
White Pine Scantling and Bill Stuff,
Hemlock Joist, Scantling & Bill Stuff,
White Pine and Hemlock Fencing,
White Pine and Cypress Shingles,
Laths, Pales, Window Sash glazed, and Window Shutters.
A large lot of Prime Cedar Post, which will be offered very low to cash and prompt paying customers, at short dates with interest.
July 4. WILLIAM VANNORT.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration C. T. A., on the personal estate of Abiah Baily, late of Chester county, Pennsylvania, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 5th day of February, 1869, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 30th day of June, 1868.
JOHN BAILY, Adm'r C. T. A.
July 4, 1868—4t.

LOOK! LOOK!—*REMOVAL.*—Farmers and others are invited to call and examine the large stock of New Harness, Saddles, Fly Nets, &c., at JOHN F. HOWARD'S NEW STAND, opp. Court House, formerly occupied by Mr. A. W. Sparks. jy4.

CITY-MADE WORK.—SHOES.—We have just received some fine goods for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children, that can't be surpassed, at the People's Store.
July 4. WM. A. VICKERS.

BEE HIVE, or the People's Popular Store. There is a great Rush to see the New Goods at the Old Time Prices. The New System works well for VICKERS. July 4th.