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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, Jan. 16, 1869.

INAUGURATION OF GOVERNOR BOWIE.—Hon. Oden Bowie was, on Wednesday last, installed at Annapolis, in his office as Governor of Maryland for three years. In consequence of the illness of Governor Swann, who was not present, the Secretary of State, Hon. John M. Carter, and General Latrobe, of the Governor's military staff, represented him on the occasion, and officiated in the transfer of the Executive Department to the new incumbent. The ceremonies were unostentatious, with a respectable attendance of citizens. Governor Bowie delivered a brief and very becoming address on the occasion, manly and fair in tone, breathing the true conservative spirit of Maryland, and indulging hopeful anticipations in regard to the coming administration of General Grant.

The only appointments as yet made by Governor Bowe are those of Hon. R. C. Holliday, of Talbot county, Secretary of State, and Samuel W. Bowles, reappointed messenger.

MARYLAND.—A Washington letter writer says:

"I learn that the House judiciary committee are likely soon to report a resolution declaring that Maryland has *not* a republican constitution—such as is contemplated by the constitution of the United States. It is not to be doubted that the House will accept the report by a nearly unanimous vote of its republican members. After such action by the present House, it remains to be seen whether the House to meet on the 4th of March next will admit the Maryland delegation lately elected to seats on the floor."

A correspondent of the Sun of Thursday, says:

The Forty-first Congress is expected to convene on the fourth of March, and when the names of the members elect from Maryland are called objection will be made to the oath of office being administered to them on the ground that an investigation is pending. The movers in this matter have been looking about for the best course to be pursued, and it seems now to be pretty well settled that the disfranchisement of the State, as herein indicated, will be attempted, and the proposition will no doubt receive, some support from the ultra radicals, but it is doubtful whether it can be carried. Mr. Frank Thomas, fortunately, will not be here to urge the matter.—At the present time, however, he seems to be confident of the strength of the testimony adduced, and it was at his instance that the conservative members from Maryland were invited to overhaul it and produce rebutting evidence. The conservative members are attending to that examination faithfully, but they have yet to discover anything in the testimony which seems to them to involve very serious consequences.

VIRGINIA.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says:

The members of the Virginia conservative suffrage amnesty delegation have had a pleasant and satisfactory interview with Judge Trumbull, Mr. Fessenden and other leading republicans. There is a general desire to reach some arrangement, and it is agreed by all that the Underwood constitution is not fit to be accepted as the organic law; but there is no agreement yet as to the details of the counter plan. There is authority for the statement that Mr. Washburne, Judge Trumbull, Gen. Butler and many other influential gentlemen are in favor of a settlement upon the basis of impartial suffrage and universal amnesty. The committee are therefore hopeful of good results. It is noteworthy that some of the Western democrats, and those in Congress from the border States, look on the Virginia movement with despair, and regard it as a mistake, affirming that the West is opposed to negro suffrage.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Times also says "should the Virginia movement succeed, it is not improbable that Mississippi will endeavor to obtain readmission to Congress on the same terms. Letters have been received from some of the most prominent citizens of that State, approving the course taken by Virginia, and deploring the stupidity which has caused them to follow less judicious advice for so long a time. The democratic Representatives are generally opposed to the projects of the Virginia delegation, regarding negro suffrage as unwise and unsafe under any circumstances."

The Baltimore *Commercial*, in an editorial article on this subject, says:

"This Virginia commission represents no part or portion of the people of Virginia, except the individuals who compose it, and the Richmond *Whig*, which we believe is entitled to the credit of its conception. From acquaintance with almost every organ of public sentiment, and from our knowledge of the people of that State, we do not hesitate to assert that they would prefer the deprivation of political privileges for all time rather than that negro suffrage should be put upon the State by the voice of its people. If forced upon them by Congress, they can do no more than submit, with the consciousness that they have not contributed to their own debasement. If the Congress of the United States cares anything for the popular will in Virginia, let no attention be paid to this Commission; they represent nothing and can speak only for themselves. If the subject of universal suffrage and universal amnesty is ever voted upon by the people of Virginia, it will be voted down by an overwhelming majority."

HON. JOHN MINOR BOTTS, so long one of the most prominent of the public men of Virginia, died last week. He was in the 62nd year of his age.

Local Matters.

THE BANK DEFALCATION.—It is already generally known that Samuel W. Spencer, late Cashier of the Kent National Bank, was a defaulter to that institution to a large amount. The fact was ascertained a few days before the death of Mr. Spencer, and when confronted in regard to the matter, he immediately made restitution to the Bank to the full extent of his ability. He had a valuable real and personal estate, and it is believed that it will realize nearly sufficient to cover the amount of his indebtedness, so that his bond will suffer but little loss. The Bank is doing business as usual, and no apprehension is felt in this community as to its perfect ability to meet all its liabilities. The defalcation has of course been a general topic of conversation, but nothing like an excitement has prevailed. There has been much speculation as to what disposition was made of the abstracted funds, but it is most likely that they were mainly absorbed in extravagant living, as there is no evidence to show that any considerable portion of them were invested.

The manner in which the defalcation, which has extended through several years, was concealed from the other officers of the Bank, was by false entries and erroneous reports of the amount of individual deposits and accounts with city banks.—The cashier of a Bank has exclusive control of its funds, for the proper application of which his bond is given, and he has every opportunity to abstract and apply them to his own use if disposed to do so. No mention was made of this matter in our last issue from the fact that the amount of the defalcation had not been definitely ascertained, and even now it is not exactly known, but is supposed to be about fifty thousand dollars.

THE KENT COUNTY RAILROAD.—*A New Project.*—The Board of Directors of the Kent County Railroad, at a meeting on Friday of last week, passed a resolution authorizing a contract to be made for making the main track of the road on what is commonly know as "the ridge," to be completed by the first of January, 1870, and a branch road to Chestertown, to be finished by the first of July following.

This proceeding, if consummated, will of course leave our town without railroad facilities long after the main stem is completed, if not altogether, or compel the people thereof to build a connecting road at their own expense, and this too in addition to the stock they have already subscribed, which will be absorbed in the "ridge." It has been known ever since the accession of the present Board of Directors, that a majority of those chosen by the stockholders were disposed to ignore Chestertown, for the present at least, in the location of the road, but they were hindered from carrying their cherished plan into execution by the State Directors, who were opposed to such action. But taking advantage of the death of Mr. Spencer, a State Director, *which occurred on the day preceding the meeting above mentioned*, the Board immediately manifested its determination to accommodate "the ridge" interest at the expense of all others, and passed the resolution aforesaid. It is true that some of these gentlemen express a willingness to take more stock in order, as they say, to assist Chestertown, but it is well known that "more stock" is necessary to build the main track, and under this resolution this must be completed before the branch interest is subserved. Whilst some of the gentlemen who favor "the ridge" route express large and accommodating views in regard to all the interests connected with the road, there are others who seem to be actuated almost entirely by self interest, and it is strange that this latter class are allowed to exert such a controlling influence over the action of the Board. Such men should never be placed in public position, but unfortunately they are too often so found; all their actions look to self-interest, and when self is not to be subserved they are in *statu quo*. A railroad through our county without a connection with the county town, from whence it would derive its principal support, will be an anomaly in railroad enterprises, and will speak volumes for the wisdom and sagacity of the present Board of Directors, the majority of whose *individual* interests will be best subserved by its going in another direction.

Another meeting of the board was held yesterday, but it had not adjourned at the time of our going to press. It was expected that a contract would be made for building the road as above indicated.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—It will be seen by a card in another column that a change has taken place in the old and reliable house of Cox & Brown, commission merchants, Baltimore, by the admission of a new member. Mr. Merritt, it is well known, has been a member of the firm since the death of Mr. Brown. The new partner, Mr. Warden, is an old and highly respected merchant of Baltimore, who retired from business about a year ago, but preferring mercantile life, has again entered upon its active duties. He will attend principally to the flour trade, in which the firm are extensively engaged.

The U. S. Senate, on Wednesday, by a vote of 31 to 22 refused to allow the rotunda of the Capitol to be used for a ball on the occasion of the inauguration of the new President on the 4th of March.

ICE.—Our citizens have not yet filled their ice-houses, and if the present mild weather continues much longer they will not have an opportunity of doing so this winter. During the freeze in the early part of December ice of sufficient thickness for housing was formed, but that opportunity was not embraced, and it is doubtful whether another will be offered.

BANK DIRECTORS.—At the annual election for Directors of the Kent National Bank, on Tuesday last, the following gentlemen were chosen: George B. Westcott, George Vickers, Richard Hynson, Edward Wilkins, Thomas B. Hynson, N. G. Westcott and Chas. T. Westcott.

ON DIT.—We think the *Centreville Observer* had better look after matters at home, and not be so ready to censure others for supposed dereliction in things which do not immediately concern it, and especially for that of which it is itself guilty. If we mistake not a big swindle occurred in that town some two years ago, and we have looked in vain for a single word in that paper in regard to it. Those who live in glass houses should not throw stones.

DECEASED.—The Easton papers announce the death of Wm. H. Groome, Esq., one of the oldest citizens of that town.—He was senior partner of the late firm of Wm. H. & P. Groome, a house well known in mercantile circles for many years and was a native of Kent Co. Mr. Groome retired from the mercantile business to live upon his ample fortune about fifteen years ago, since which time he filled the position of president of the Easton Bank up to the termination of its charter, and was president of the Easton National Bank of Maryland at the time of his death.

GEN. B. F. BUTLER made a long speech in the United States House of Representatives on Tuesday upon his bill to authorize the issue of "a national currency, to assure its stability and elasticity, lessen the interest on the public debt, and reduce the rate of interest." The speech of Mr. B. was strongly in favor of the legal-tender act and a paper currency, and in opposition to specie payments.

A LARGE WHALE came ashore on the beach in Worcester county, Md., on Saturday, which seemed not to have been long dead. Its length is 50 feet and 7 feet through. It was discovered by three men who are now engaged in taking out the oil. This is not the first time that these monsters of the deep have been cast upon our beach. It has occurred several times before.—*Worcester Shield.*

THE New York *Tribune* relates this interesting item of news: "It may not be generally known that the patent held by A. B. Wilson for the "four-motion feed" used in all family sewing machines for feeding along the cloth, expired on the 19th inst., and Commissioner Foote has refused to grand an extension. That important part of the machine may now therefore be used freely by any manufacturer, and an important step toward reducing the price of the machines is thus secured.—It is ascertained that the actual cost of manufacture of a good machine is only from $10 to $14, while the retail price is about $60. With this enormous margin of profit, it can hardly be doubted that the patentees are reaping ample remuneration for their ingenuity, and it is well that their rights should lapse as fast as the law allows. Yet Elias Howe's patent was extended after he had cleared $400,000 by his invention, and his heirs are now asking Congress for another seven years."

"Two young ladies of Iowa have taken up lands in that State under the homestead law, and purpose removing upon them to run a farm on their own account."

It would not surprise us to hear, before long, that the girls themselves had been taken up by some of the boys in that region. Some years ago there lived not far from St. Michaels, in Talbot county, Md., three sisters, who cultivated a farm of their own. Two of them labored in the field, and the other managed affairs indoors. For aught we know they may live there still. We once saw two of them in Easton. They were tall and angular, and had heavy beards like men, but were neatly shaven on the occasion we speak of. They were objects of much interest to all who saw them. They dressed neatly but plainly, were unmarried, and sustained a good character for industry and moral rectitude.—*Middletown Transcript.*

MISSIONARY ADDRESS BY CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE.—On Sunday evening last Chief Justice Chase appeared in a new *role* in Washington. Before a numerous and fashionable congregation at the Meth. E. church in that city he delivered an address on the subject of "Christian Missions," which he stated were destined to effect what all the conquerors of the world from Nimrod to Napoleon had failed to accomplish—the subjugation of the whole world. Though there were but 340,000,000 Christians against 600,000,000 anti-Christians on the globe, he believed the time not far distant when the world would be subjugated by the power of Him who said "Go ye and teach all nations." He saw all the signs of the coming religious unity. Nations were becoming fewer but larger; languages were disappearing; but the tendency to one common, universal language, understood by all nations, was making itself known.

FAILURES IN NEW YORK.—During the past ten days failures to the extent of about four millions of dollars have occurred in this city, among jobbing and commission houses in the dry goods trade.—Business in this line has been very dull for nearly two years; it has not paid.—The recent failure of one of the largest dry goods houses was due to heavy losses through customers in the Northwestern States. There are apprehensions that a few other houses may be forced to succumb, but the leading dealers hope by rigid retrenchment to overcome present difficulties. No alarm is necessary as we are informed on excellent authority.—*N. Y. Times.*

Business Prospects in the South.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce gives the following interesting statements in relation to the South:

"There seems to be every prospect for a revival of business interests in the Southern States. Certainly the evidence is ample that capital is seeking an outlet in that direction. Many persons pass through here every week on their way southward to look for lands and at other business enterprises. A gentleman now here, who has just returned from a long business tour through that section, tells me that business is reviving, confidence is growing, as increasing prospects of quiet and prosperty are manifesting themselves.—This is especially true of the States along the seaboard, and of the rich cotton and sugar regions.

"The opportunities for investing in lands are excellent. The terrible depressions of the past few years have of course thrown many thousands of acres into the market, under the bankrupt act and by the action of individual owners themselves. There is much greater willingness to sell, both to Northern men and to the laboring population also. Judging by the official advertisements of land sales under bankruptcy orders in the Virginia papers authorized to publish them, there is to-day at least five hundred thousand acres offered for sale in that way alone. Millions of acres of good land can be purchased now at small prices. Other interests are also arousing themselves. Planters find that with a smaller number of acres and more thorough cultivation they do better than was the case in the old slovenly style.—Manufacturing enterprises are projected, and mining will be entered into vigorously in many sections where nothing of that sort has ever been done. My informant considers the prospects of renewed prosperity most excellent, and believes the South to be fast accepting the practical results of the many great changes."

TENURE-OF-OFFICE REPEAL—*The Outs and Ins.*—A New York letter says:

"The passage through the House of the bill repealing the tenure-of-office act was received by the employees of the custom-house, post office and internal revenue department in New York as their death-knell, the understanding being that Gen. Grant is desirous of making a clean sweep there, and that the repeal will place the broom in his hands. A powerful lobby of New York politicians have been at Washington during the week past, urging the passage of the bill. These gentlemen represent the 'outs,' and have endeavored to make it appear that all departments of the government service in this city are so corrupt that nothing short of a thorough change of men could effect a reform. This lobby is composed chiefly of conservative republicans. On the other hand, the office holders have likewise had their lobby agents at the capital, doing what they could to counteract the strategy of the 'outs.' The Tribune here has also been fighting their battle. This afternoon, however, one of the ablest of their number telegraphed that 'the game was up,' and that 'the bill having been rushed through the House by so large a majority, nothing could be hoped from the Senate.'"

HENRY CLAY'S son, Theodore, is an inmate of the lunatic asylum at Lexington. An editor who witnessed a recent ball given in that institution, says: "The most noted of the male inmates are Theodore Clay and "Boss" Liter. The former is of small stature, thin, with gray hair and whiskers. He is partly bald, and keeps his face smoothly shaved. He seldom speaks, recognizing those who address him by returning the salute politely and with dignity. On the contrary, "Boss" Liter is very loquacious. He is a portly, farmer looking man, and so harmless that he is allowed to go and come at his pleasure. He is under the delusion that he owns the asylum and grounds."

INGREDIENTS OF NEW YORK WHISKY.—It is asserted that whisky is manufactured extensively in the city of New York according to the following recipe: Common whisky 40 gallons, water 40 gallons, tincture of pellitory 1 quart, acetic ether 2 ounces, and strong tea 1½ gallon. The alcohol in this mixture is so much reduced in strength that the drugs must be added to restore the taste, which burns the palate like fire. The dealer thus makes eighty-five gallons of imitation whisky out of forty gallons of common stuff."

GAMBLING CLERKS IN NEW YORK.—The officers of the New York Society for the Prevention of Gambling report that during the past year over one thousand clerks and others were reported to their employers as frequenting gambling houses, and that three hundred and seventeen of these places were closed through the workings of the association. It is said that fear of exposure has deterred many clerks from gambling, thus materially diminishing the revenue of gambling saloons.

MR. FORNEY tells us that Mr. Washburne will not go into the Cabinet, but without doubt will obtain the French mission. It is added that he is in poor health and needs scientific medical attention, which, we are left to infer, cannot be had in this country. We should think that home would be the best place for a confirmed invalid; and instead of nursing himself at the public expense in Paris, he should retire to private life in Illinois.

OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant-Governor of Louisiana and President of the State Senate, is a full black, over six feet high, and broad and stout in proportion. He is a native of New Orleans, born of free parents, has been in business a number of years, owns some considerable property and speaks English correctly.

WM. G. WEBSTER, son of Noah Webster, author of Webster's Dictionary, died in New York recently, aged 53. He had himself much to do with the famous dictionary of his father and edited subsequent adaptations of that great work.

An energetic effort is now being made to have the President pardon Dr. Mudd and Spangler, convicted by military commission of complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln.

Hon. J. P. Stockton has been elected United States Senator from New Jersey.

A Terrible Oath.

We have heretofore published an account of the horrible tragedy at New Albany, Indiana,—the lynching of the Reno brothers and Charles Anderson. It was perhaps one of the most high handed outrages ever perpetrated in civilization, yet horrid as the lynching of these four men was, it has found a parallel in the oath of a sister of one of them which she uttered over the dead body of her brother after he had been cut down. An exchange says:

"After the bodies of the Reno brothers and Anderson, lynched in the New Albany jail, had been taken down, the wives of Frank Reno and Chas. Anderson were admitted. A deeply affecting scene ensued. An account says: The outburst of grief ended, the quiet of despair settled upon the faces of the women. But not long did one of them remain under the burden. The sister of the three Reno brothers, an intelligent and handsome young lady, dried her eyes with her handkerchief, then taking the grief-stained piece of linen, she placed it over the face of her brother William, who to the last declared his innocence, then she kneeled beside the dead man and laid her left hand over his heart, and raising her right hand toward Heaven, she took this terrible oath: "Oh, my poor murdered brother, may God curse your sister if she avenge not your death terribly and fully. This I will do, so help me God!"

THE WEALTH OF ROTHSCHILD.—We believe that it was John Jacob Astor who said that "the only difficulty in accumulating a fortune was to get the first million, and after that money multiplied itself."—The genius which some few men have for turning everything which they touch to gold is something amazing, and when we read of such fortunes as that left by the late Baron James de Rothschild, the old story of Midas begins to lose its fabulous aspect. De Quincey once discoursed about "murder as a fine art," and an even more interesting essay might be written with the title, "money-getting as a science." The Rothschilds have endeavored not only to increase their wealth, but to retain it solely in their own family, and the united fortunes of those who bear the name would amount to a sum that would almost stagger belief.

The late Baron James de Rothschild bequeathed to his wife Betty $40,000,000, the Chateau Ferriere, which contains an art collection valued at more than $4,000,000, and also his magnificent house in the Rue Lafitte at Paris. His eldest son, Adolphus, succeeds to the largest share of the estate, and his portion is estimated at something like $100,000,000. The second son, Gustavus, gets $40,000,000; and the third son, Edmund, $30,000,000.—To his grandson, the son of the late Solomon Rothschild, the Baron bequeathed the comparatively insignificant amount of $10,000,000. There were a number of other legacies, but these alone amount to $224,000,000. It is hardly possible to form an estimate of such a sum of money at this, and the question naturally suggests itself, what good did it do the possessor? Beyond a certain amount, wealth can do nothing towards procuring the means of enjoyment in life, and the care of such an immense fortune must entail labors that few men would be able to bear. The late Baron Rothschild had the reputation of being charitable to the poor of his neighborhood; and when we consider the depths of poverty that exist in Europe, and the amount of human suffering that the possessor of such an amount of wealth had it in his power to alleviate, it is to be hoped, for the credit of his memory, that his charities were as extensive as they should be in proportion to his abilities.—*Phila. Tel.*

IT is reported that Surratt has in course of preparation for the press a complete history of his wanderings during his efforts to avoid the Government detectives and escape arrest, and that he will divulge everything he knows bearing in any way upon the parties concerned in the assassination of President Lincoln.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$2.08a2.15
" Choice Red	2.10a2.15
" Medium and good red	2.00
CORN—Good to prime White	81a86
" " " Yellow	85a88
Oats	72a75

MARRIED:

On the 10th instant, by Rev. A. W. Mather, ROBERT E. BUCHANAN to MRS. ANNA REBECCA BOYER, all of this county.

Jan. 12th, by Rev. J. B. Quigg, EZEKIEL H. HAGUE to Miss SARAH C. MIDDLETON, all of this county.

DIED:

In Quaker Neck, suddenly, on Monday morning last, of Pneumonia, KATE, wife of Francis Baker, aged about 38 years.

At Sassafras, in this county, on Monday last, S. W. BOYER, aged about 60 years.

In Washington, D. C., a few days since, Mrs. S. A. FREEMAN, formerly of Chestertown, aged about 60 years.

In Morgan's Creek Neck, on the 13th inst., JOHN LOUIS, son of William W. and Mary J. Wallis, aged 3 years.

Religious Notice.

REV. A. B. BALDWIN, of the M. E Church (South) will preach in the Chapel of the M. P. Church, Chestertown, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 2½ o'clock. jan16.

WANTED to Hire, a good, industrious man, with a smal! family, (one who understands gardening preferred.) Fire wood will be furnished. Apply at this office. Jan. 16, 1869—3t.

BOARDING Can be had for THREE or FOUR GENTLEMEN—two with lodgings—on reasonable terms. Inquire of MRS. SARAH PEARCE, Corner of Spring Avenue and Market Space. Jan. 16, 1869—3t*

FOR SALE, A YOKE OF YOUNG OXEN, well broken and work well. Also, one YOKE OF YOUNG STEERS, three years old. Apply to R. E WALLIS, jan16-3t* near Kennedyville.

STOLEN from the stable of the subscriber, near Kennedyville, on the night of the 12th inst., a BAY MARE, with a very small star in the forehead—five years old next spring. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to the undersigned, or for information that will lead to her recovery. jan16-3t* EDW. ROBINSON.

SETTLE UP! All persons indebted to TURKHEIMER & CATLIN will call and settle their bills on or before the 15th day of February next. We are in need of money and are compelled to make collections. TURKHEIMER & CATLIN. Jan. 16, 1869—5t.

LAST NOTICE! The Taxes due me are owed to the State of Maryland, and in justice to my bond I hereby give notice that any remaining unpaid Feb. 1st, 1869, will be collected in the shortest legal manner. This notice applies to all persons indebted to me and will be enforced to the letter. If any tax-payers, therefore, see their property advertised they need not complain. jan16-3t. JOHN W. DUYER.

Copy of a Resolution passed by the Board of Directors of the Kent County Railroad Company:

CHESTERTOWN, Jan. 8th, 1869.

MR. PRESIDENT:—We have just learned with deep regret, of the death of a member of our Board, SAMUEL W. SPENCER, Esq., and condole with the family and friends of the deceased in their bereavement.

Resolved, That we attend his funeral in a body, and send a copy of these proceedings to the family of the deceased, and to the newspapers of our town for publication.

WM. T. SPRY,
WM. B. WILMER,
A. J. REES,
R. NICHOLSON,
WM. STEVENS,
T. J. SHALLCROSS,
J. B. FENIMORE,
ISAAC PARSONS.

TEST:—C. TYLDEN WESTCOTT, Sec'y. jan16—1t.

COX, WARDEN & MERRITT, SUCCESSORS TO COX & BROWN, **Commission Merchants,** FOR THE SALE OF **Grain, Flour and Country Produce,** Nos. 8 BOWLY'S WHARF & 72 SOUTH ST., BALTIMORE, MD.

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by Wm. Medders, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, at the suit of Peter Brinsfield against Joseph Elburn, col'd, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Elburn, of, in and to all that **House and Lot** on the new road leading from Chestertown to Millington.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6th*, 1869, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises of the said Jos. Elburn, I will sell the said property to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and cost due and to become due thereon. JOS. E. GILPIN, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Jan. 16, 1869.

Kent County, to wit: I hereby certify that A. L. Corey, farmer of Kent county, brought before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, this 14th day of January, 1869, as a stray trespassing upon his enclosures, one WHITE MALE HOG, supposed to weigh 120 pounds, long nose and tail, both ears split. WM. BACCHUS, J. P.

NOTICE.—The owner of the above described property is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away, otherwise it will be sold according to law. jan16-3t* A. L. COREY.

Notice to Creditors. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent County, letters of administration on the personal estate of George Covey, minor, late of said County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 3rd day of August, 1869, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in the said estate. Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of January, 1869. ELIZABETH COVEY, Adm'rx. Jan. 16, 1869—4t.

SPECIAL NOTICES. TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure* for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost nothing and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, 165 South Second St., Williamsburgh, Kings county, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and direction for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers, wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, ja16y. No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

CASH SYSTEM! I take this method of informing my customers and the public generally that, hereafter, I shall sell for **CASH OR TRADE,** or to prompt paying customers only, on three months time. I also embrace this opportunity to return my thanks for the liberal patronage received in the past, and respectfully ask a continuance of the same. A choice assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS for sale very low. C. W. WARREN, Jan. 9, 1869. Kennedyville.

EDWIN L. USILTON, With WM. SMITH & CO., *Wholesale Commission Merchants,* Dealers in all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, No. 52 N. Water St., PHILADELPHIA. All consignments of Produce, Grain, Fruit, &c, will receive personal attention, and returns promptly made. j9-y.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST. The undersigned is now receiving the names of persons desiring to subscribe for the "American Agriculturist," one of the best agricultural journals in the country. Subscription $1 per annum. C. H BAKER. Chestertown, jan9-3t.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to make payment immediately, as I am in want of money. A word to the wise is sufficient. jan9-3t. R. S. USILTON.

FOUND, on Monday, January 4th, in Chester river, on the drift ice, a SKIFF. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away. C. DILINOT, jan9-3t* Quaker Neck Wharf.

NOTICE. On and after Monday, January 4th, 1869, my son, COLIN F. STAM, will have an interest in my business. The title of the firm will be JOHN L. STAM & SON. All persons indebted to me are respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts either by note or cash, as it is important to me that my old accounts should be settled to pay my own indebtedness. My son, COLIN, is authorized to settle up my old business. j9-3t. JOHN L. STAM.

VENDUE. THE subscriber, wishing to discontinue the farming business, will sell on **Thursday, Jan. 21st, instant,** at 10 o'clock; A. M., his entire Stock and Farming Implements, consisting in part as follows: **3 Good Horses,** one a fine Driver. **7 HEAD OF CATTLE,** 4 of them SUPERIOR MILKERS, **4 HEAD OF SHOATS,** 1 Weston House Thresher and Power, 1 Pennington Reaper, 1 wire-tooth Rake, 2 Wagons, one Jersey make, 1 Guano Drill, 1 Grain Fan, 1 barrel Sheller, 2 hand do., Harrows, Ploughs, Cultivators, Forks, Hoes, &c. Also, 1 Dearborn, 1 Coal Box Trotting Buggy nearly new; 1 Family Carriage and double Harness. 1 Sett Tools. 5 Tons Hay, 1,000 bundles Blades, 42 Acres seeded in Wheat, 230 lbs. Phosphate to the acre. Terms made known on day of sale. S. W. BOYER, JR., jan9-ts. near Sassafras, Md.

LARGE *AND ASSORTED STOCK OF* **WINTER DRY GOODS!** STOCK ON HAND CONSTANTLY REPLENISHED AND KEPT FULL DURING THE ENTIRE SEASON. **THOMAS S. WICKES.** Chestertown, Jan. 9th, 1869.

STEWART'S BEST CAST STEEL AXES, Jersey pattern, short bitt and heavy pole. A large lot and WARRANTED. For sale by Jan. 9th. TH. S. WICKES.

HARRIET JOHNSON, vs. JAMES JOHNSON.

On the Equity Side of the Circuit Court for Kent County, Dec 26th, 1868.

THE object of this bill is to procure a Decree for a divorce *a vinculo matrimoni* from James Johnson.

The Bill states that on or about the year eighteen hundred and fifty-six the complainant was lawfully united in marriage with James Johnson, then of Kent county, in the State of Maryland. That they cohabited and lived together as man and wife, from that period until about the month of January, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-three, when the Defendant left and abandoned the home and board of the Complainant without any sufficient or reasonable cause, and that since said abandonment and desertion the said defendant has contributed in no wise to the support and maintenance of the complainant, and that since said desertion and abandonment the complainant has never heard of and does not now know the whereabouts of the said defendant, James Johnson.

The Bill further shows that during the time of her marriage and up to this time that the complainant has resided in Chestertown, Kent county, Maryland, and she is advised that she is entitled to a divorce *a vinculo matrimoni* from the said James Johnson.

It is thereupon, by me, Jesse K. Hines, Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, adjudged and ordered, that the complainant, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some newspaper published on the Eastern Shore of Maryland once in each week for four successive weeks before the sixth day of February next, give notice to the absent defendant of the object and substance of this bill; and warn him to appear in this Court in person or by solicitor, on or before the seventh day of May next, to answer the premises and show cause if any he has, why a decree ought not to pass as prayed. JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.

True Copy,—Test: JESSE K. HINES, Clerk. jan9-4t.

Examiners' Notice. THE undersigned, appointed by the County Commissioners examiners, to determine whether the public road in the Fifth Election District from its intersection of the road to Swan Point, running parallel with the Bay, between the lands of H. Smith and Morgan Brown, James H. Gale, W. T. H. Miller, and others, and through the lands of D. R Brown, and Abel J Rees, to the Oak Grove School House, or where the said road intersects the road through Caulk's Field, should be widened; hereby give notice to all parties interested that they will meet on *Wednesday, the 10th of February*, 1869, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Swan Creek Bridge, to execute the duties of this commission. WILLIAM P. FRANCIS, JOHN BRICE, GEORGE BECK, Jan. 9, 1869—tm. Examiners.

Notice to Creditors. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Robert McNamee, late of Wilmington, Del., deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 13th day of July, 1869, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand and seal this 22nd day of December, 1868. MARGARET McNAMEE, Adm'rx. Jan. 9, 1869—4t.

Ratification Notice. *In the Circuit Court for Kent County, as a Court of Equity.* DECEMBER 5th, 1868.

ORDERED that the sales made and reported by GEORGE VICKERS and RICHARD HYNSON, Trustees for the sale of the Real Estate of Hugh M. Wallis, deceased, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the seventh day of March next; Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed at Chestertown once in each of three successive weeks before the first day of January next. The Report states the amount of sales to be $22,687.20. JESSE K. HINES, Clerk. True copy, Test: JESSE K. HINES, Clerk. Dec. 12, 1868—4t.

SPECIAL NOTICE. The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Still Pond and vicinity, that we have rented the WHEELWRIGHT SHOP belonging to the estate of D. W. Turner, and expect to conduct the Wheelwright business in all its branches. Would solicit the patronage of the public. N. T. HYNSON, JR. & BRO., d26-3t. Still Pond, Kent Co.

DISSOLUTION. The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was dissolved on the 1st Oct., 1868, by mutual consent. The business is now conducted by GEO. E. LEARY, who is authorized to settle up the affairs of the firm. WILLIAM S. ELBURN, GEORGE E. LEARY. Forktown, Jan 7, 1869—3t.

STRAYED, from the undersigned about four weeks since, a dark red COW, without marks, except the tips of her horns being sawed off; she is about nine years old. A liberal reward will be paid for any information of her whereabouts. JOHN HALL, j9-3t* "Exchange Hotel," Chestertown.