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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, Mar. 20, 1869

Cecil and the Kent Railroad.

We publish in another column the proceedings of a meeting held at Elkton, on the 11th inst., of citizens favorable to the construction of a railroad from Elkton to or near Galena, in this county, to connect with the Kent County Railroad. The proceedings show that there is considerable interest felt in Cecil on the subject. Several committees were appointed, including one to confer with the Kent Railroad Company. We learn that Mr. Eldridge, a member of the latter committee, was here on Tuesday last, and had an interview with the Directors at their meeting on that day. He represented that it was desired that the Kent road should be diverted from its present location so as to cross the Sassafras river near Georgetown. After the interview closed the Board passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That while this Board regard a road to extend from the Kent County Railroad to Elkton as very desirable, we cannot favor such a diversion of our road from its present location as is desired by our neighbors in Cecil county.

The line suggested by our Cecil county neighbors would no doubt give the people of Kent a shorter route to Baltimore, but would not connect with the Queen Anne's road, while a road from Elkton to Massey's would connect with both the Kent and Queen Anne's roads, and by a short line of perhaps nine to twelve miles from Hillsborough or some point above there on the Delaware and Maryland Railroad to the Queen Anne's road, Kent, Queen Anne's, Talbot and part of Caroline would all have the advantages of a more direct road to Baltimore. The Cecil road would thus secure the travel and business of a much larger area of country—a consideration which should make the connection at Massey's more desirable to those interested in the Cecil road than the one they have suggested.

THE CABINET.—The difficulty in the formation of General Grant's cabinet has been overcome by the nomination and confirmation of ex-Gov. Hamilton Fish, of New York, as Secretary of State; ex-Gov. Geo. S. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, as Secretary of the Treasury, (in lieu of A. T. Stewart, declined,) and General Rawlins, late chief of Gen. Grant's staff, as Secretary of War. Mr. E. B. Washburne, of Illinois, at first named and confirmed as Secretary of State, and who, it was understood, had accepted the position only temporarily, having withdrawn, has been confirmed to be United States minister to France, in place of General Dix, whose resignation had been received previously and accepted. General Schofield, who has been superseded by General Rawlins, held over from the previous administration, and remained in the War Office temporarily, at General Grant's instance.

Ex-Gov. Fish, the Secretary of State, is a very wealthy citizen of New York, formerly an old line whig, and as such represented one of the city districts in Congress. He was also at one time Governor of New York. In early life he studied law, but never practiced in the courts. He was also interested in mercantile pursuits, in which he invested his capital largely, but never gave trade his special personal attention.

Mr. Boutwell, the new Secretary of the Treasury, was Governor of Massachusetts in 1851-2. He has been in Congress since 1862, and at the last session acted as the leading spirit in the impeachment project.

General Rawlins, the Secretary of War, is known as having been active in the service throughout the late war, at first in the West and then in the East, in connection with General Grant's operations.

THE MARYLAND STRUGGLE FOR OFFICE—THE STATE GOVERNMENT INVESTIGATION.—The Maryland fight for the offices is growing lively, and new aspirants are continually appearing about the Departments for the postoffices and internal revenue offices of the State. But the great contest is for the collectorship of the port of Baltimore. This is a sort of triangular fight, in which Messrs. John L. Thomas, Jr., John Lee Chapman and Judge Bond are the principals. It was supposed a day or two ago that Mr. Chapman had been induced to fly the track by an offer of the appraisership, but he has again loomed up as a competitor for his first love, the collectorship.

Mr. Thomas and Judge Bond are endorsed by different wings of the republicans (white and black) of Maryland, and both have had their friends here urging their respective claims.

It was reported about the capitol this morning that the effort of last session to inquire into the form of government of Maryland was neither dead nor sleeping, but that the question would again be brought up; and it was also stated that a majority of the committee on the judiciary of the Fortieth Congress had signed a paper to the effect that, in their judgment, Maryland did not have a republican form of government, and recommending the Forty-first Congress to pursue the inquiry. But I have ascertained that both these reports are incorrect. The reports submitted last Congress have not even been printed, and with Mr. Frank Thomas's retirement the subject has doubtless died.—*Wash. Cor. Balt. Sun.*

James P. Drew, of Cecil County, Md., was drowned in Elk river, on the 6th inst., by the upsetting of a small skiff, in which he had embarked to catch a wounded duck.

LECTURE.—The lecture of Hon. J. Morrison Harris, before the Young Men's Christian Association, at the M. P. Church, on Wednesday evening, drew together a very respectable audience, but not so large as we had hoped to see. "Paul, the Orator," was the theme, and the high estimate which had been formed of the lecture, from the complimentary manner in which it had been spoken of by the press, was fully sustained. The principal events in the life and labors of Paul were graphically described, and the sublimity and heroism of his character strikingly delineated. We had often read the history of the great apostle, and regarded him as one of the greatest men of whom the scriptures furnish an account, but listening to the recital of his manly deeds as portrayed by the eloquent speaker, we were led to form even a higher estimate of his character than before entertained. The lecture, apart from its literary merits, cannot fail to exert an influence for good; and, whilst showing how fully absorbed was the apostle in the great work to which he had devoted his life, shows also what complete self-denial and hardships those are prepared to endure who are "laborers together with God."

THE M. P. CONFERENCE.—This body, sitting in Georgetown, D. C., probably adjourned on Thursday, too late for us to publish the appointments in this issue.—The session has been a very interesting one. Rev. S. B. Southerland was re-elected President for the ensuing year, and Westminster, Md., selected as the place and the second Wednesday in March as the time for holding the next Annual Conference.

THE BUILDING ASSOCIATION.—Books were opened on Saturday evening last to receive subscriptions of stock in the Kent Mutual Building Association, and about one hundred and sixty shares were taken. Each share represents a par value of one hundred and twenty-five dollars. The success of the Association is now undoubted, and those who desire to take stock will have another opportunity this evening. The number of shares is limited.

THEFT.—The granary of Capt. Taylor, at the steamboat wharf of this town, was broken into on Wednesday night last and robbed of five bushels of clover seed, valued at $52.50.

For the Kent News.

A Certain Cure for the Bite of a Mad Dog.

Elecampane is a plant well known to most persons, and is to be found in many of our gardens. Immediately after being bitten, take one and a-half ounces of the root of the plant—the green root is perhaps preferable, but the dried will answer and may be found in our drug stores, and was used by me—slice or bruise, put into a pint of fresh milk, boil down to a half pint, strain, and when cold drink, fasting for at least six hours afterwards. The next morning, fasting, repeat the dose, using two ounces of the root; on the third morning take another dose, prepared as the last, and this will be sufficient. It is recommended that after each dose nothing be eaten for at least six hours.

I have a son who was bitten by a mad dog eighteen years ago, and four other children in the neighborhood were also bitten; they took the above dose, and are alive and well at this day. And I have known a number of others who were bitten that applied the same remedy.

It is supposed that the root contains a principal, which being taken up by the blood in its circulation, counteracts or neutralizes the deadly effects of the virus of hydrophobia.

I feel so much confidence in this simple remedy that I am willing you should give my name in connection with this statement. FRANKLIN DYRE.

[It may be proper to state, for the information of persons who are not acquainted with Mr. Dyre, that he is a highly respectable and intelligent farmer, residing near Galena, in this county.—EDS.]

COMMUNICATED.

Messrs. Editors:—Again, and somewhat briefly, we must notice the "Unknown." It seems that this issue has arisen from the application which we gave to the little word "our." He gave to it a general signification, whilst we construed it literally. As the teachers of this county were not thought of, &c., and as the articles could have no direct reference to them, we wish to give our reasons for applying them as we did. The words "our teachers" appear in a series of articles in a county newspaper; the writer, we thought, must be of a local reputation, as authors of a national repute do not usually write for such journals; and, with these premises, we gave to his remarks a local application. Was this construction, like our memory, "strained?" Matters of general interest appear in local sheets, but they are copied from periodicals of extensive circulation. Than to have misrepresented the gentleman, nothing was farther from our thoughts—nothing could be more repugnant to our feelings. Since he alludes to Horace, he must be a classic scholar, though we were not disposed to consider him as such in our former article. We know nothing of Horace except of the translations from him by some English poets; and of the classic authors read in our schoolboy days, very little remains. Our reading is not extensive. We have gathered here and there a scrap of literature, whilst the "broad field lies untraversed." We introduced some weighty names to illustrate the argument, and just before the insertion of those names, which we might have done with propriety had we never read a line of either—two of whom in the original we never did.—"Justice" is a teacher in an humble primary school—"only this, nothing more." With this communication our controversy with the "Unknown" ends.

Yours, JUSTICE.

Capt. Geo. W. Russell, the well known Steamboat commander, died in Baltimore a few days ago.

Correspondence of the Kent News.

DENBEIGH, March 15.

Messrs. Editors:—I suppose I should feel very grateful for the flattering (?) notice Oula has given me in the *Transcript*, but you must remember that ingratitude is an inherent quality of the human mind, and we receive many blessings for which we are not sufficiently thankful. He judges from the flimsy mode of Wilkins Macawber's reasoning that he is not Wilkins after all, but Miss Betsy Trotwood, who has borrowed Wilkins' apparel—a part of it at least. He says "we will not remind you of a certain little fable." Does he mean that of the wolf in sheep's clothing? Æsop tells us: "A wolf clothed with the skin of a sheep mixed himself with a flock of sheep and daily killed some of them, which, when the shepherd had observed, he hanged him on a very high tree." Surely he is not afraid that any of his flock will be killed by so harmless a wolf as the one which has made its appearance among them, and I sincerely hope it will not meet with a fate similar to the one in the fable.

Well, suppose the writer is Miss Betsy instead of Wilkins, and should, as Oula advises, "stick up for the rights and privileges of her own sex." Why, I didn't know that they had ever been withheld. What are woman's rights? The right to make home a place of joy and sunshine; to be an example of patience and loving-kindness to children, guiding them in the paths of peace; the right to give to man words of cheer and comfort when he returns weary and heart-sick from his battles with the world. Though she may not battle for him, she may, with kind and gentle words, revive his drooping spirits and make him feel that life is not all shadow, but that there are gleams of sunlight still. The right to keep midnight vigils in the sick room, to cool the parched lips and fevered brow of the sufferer, to watch the life-tide ebbing slowly away, then

"Cross the hands humbly,"

and when the grave has closed over the dear one, bury the grief in her heart and wear a smile. These are the women's rights. We have no patience with the Rev. Miss Olympia Brown or Mrs. Matton, the Iowa "attorneyess-at-law." No, woman's province is home. Let her not usurp places intended only for the lords of creation.

The correspondent of the *Transcript* says he "would rather I quote our author as he wrote." I think I did. I feel sure that in the first line I wrote "*the* bells," not "*their* bells."—[Our correspondent is correct.—EDS.] Printers sometimes make mistakes, and I don't wonder. His pun on the Galena bank was deprived of life by having one little word left out. As to my making two lines of one, and thereby destroying the beauty of the poetry, I hold the opinion that nothing Poe ever wrote could have its beauty taken away by such a trifle as that. Suppose Oula were blind, and were to ask a friend to read "The Bells" for him, could he tell whether there were two or twenty lines in one? No, he could not; and I think in that case his reasoning is very much like

WILKINS MACAWBER.

COMMUNICATED

Messrs. Editors:—Much has been said about the Kent Railroad through the press, especially in the *Middletown Transcript*, and I like to see it, for these matters should be discussed through the papers, so that the stockholders and the community at large may know how things stand.

I have always had the opinion that Chestertown and Middletown should be the terminii of the Kent Railroad, and I think the fact has been pretty well established by the correspondents of the *Middletown Transcript*.

Chestertown should be the lower terminus, because it is the only town of any importance in the county; has at least one-twelfth of the population and three-fourths of the business; and it would make, by the Chester river steamers, a direct route to Baltimore. Middletown should be the upper terminus, because, as it is about the same distance from Massey's to Middletown as from Massey's to Townsend, and no one, of course, would want to ship grain, fruit, or any produce down the Delaware Railroad. It would save four miles freight on the produce, from Townsend to Middletown. And, furthermore, it is proposed, and in fact a bill is being prepared to present to the Delaware Legislature this session, for a charter to build a railroad from Warwick to the Delaware river, at or near Port Penn, then to connect with the Camden and Amboy, thereby securing a direct route to New York city. We know that the Delaware Railroad Co. has agreed to build a road from Massey's to Townsend, but there was enough stock subscribed at Middletown and Warwick to build the road from Massey's to Middletown, which, as the proposition was not accepted, the company did not get.

Now, would it not be well, since a road is to be built from Warwick to the Delaware river, (and we have no doubt it will be built, since it is in the hands of wealthy and influential gentlemen,) for the Directors of Kent Railroad to reconsider the matter and still bring their road to Middletown via Warwick; then it would only be necessary to build a road from Middletown to the Delaware river, and Kent county would then have a direct route to New York for their fruit, and by having the lower terminus at Chestertown would have a direct route to Baltimore for their grain.

A branch road would be built from where it curves in to Chestertown to some point on the Chesapeake bay, and then by steamer a connection could be made with Norfolk, Va., securing the most direct route to the South from New York.

Yours, &c., RAILROAD.

Our correspondent is behind the times. Since the people of the lower part of the county have been taxed to aid in the construction of the road, it would be manifestly unjust to stop it at Chestertown; and, as the board of directors have agreed with the Delaware Railroad Company to to make the road from Townsend to Massey's, and the work has already been commenced, it would be equally unjust to make the connection at another point.

Special attention of purchasers is invited to advertisement of Eyre & Landell, Fourth and Arch Streets, Philad'a, in this issue. Of the well established character of this old and reliable Dry Goods House, it is unnecessary for us to speak. Give them a call.

Railroad Meeting at Elkton.

A large meeting of citizens favorable to the construction of a railroad to or near Galena, in Kent county, to connect with the Kent county railroad, was held at Elkton, Md., last week. The Elkton Democrat has the following report of the proceedings:

Hon. Hiram McCullough was called to the chair, and G. W. Cruikshank appointed secretary. Mr. Cruikshank made a statement of the plans and object of the meeting, demonstrating the feasibility of the measure. He stated that the distance of the road to be built is but two miles farther to Elkton than to Middletown, while the distance from Elkton to Philadelphia is seven miles shorter than from Middletown to Philadelphia. By this route the distance to Baltimore would be lessened more than fifty miles, and Baltimore be allowed equal chance with Philadelphia, and the great tide of commerce, now drifting to other ports, could be saved to those of our own State. Local improvements would spring up, and the tendency to form strange alliances would be checked. The scheme is now practicable, but if neglected will be hereafter impossible.

Mr. McCullough stated that of his knowledge she, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company favored this measure, and would do all consistent with its province to aid it.

Col. Heckart suggested the want of a charter, and further, that the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company could, under their charter, confer the power to build the road thro' Cecil.

Mr. George T. Money, of Delaware, stated that a majority of the directors of the Kent county road favored the divergence of the road to this terminus, and would cheerfully co-operate with us, if assurance were given them of a practical effort to aid them. He advised that a committee be appointed to confer with the Kent Railroad Company.

Col. Heckart thought it more practical to form committees to procure subscriptions, and demonstrate the practicability of our measure before conferring with the Kent company.

Committees were appointed to go to Chestertown to confer with authorities respecting this measure; to visit Baltimore and confer with railroad men, capitalists, and others there, looking to this interest; to make investigations of the old surveys made at various times, of this route, and a committee to solicit subscriptions.

The Democrat adds:

It seems hardly possible that a project so practicable and which must embrace the interest of so many, can be allowed to languish for want of proper interest. We trust that the people of Kent and Cecil counties, and indeed the whole Eastern Shore, will be induced to take an active part in this enterprise, and that Baltimore will not remain inactive when a scheme upon which depends so much of that city's commercial and perhaps political welfare is struggling into existence.

THE TENURE-OF-OFFICE LAW.—The Washington Chronicle pronounces against the bill reported from the Senate judiciary committee to postpone until next December the operations of the tenure-of-office law, in lieu of the House bill to repeal the same. The Chronicle says:

"We regret this half-way action on the part of the Senate for many reasons.—Foremost of these is the fact that it looks like a manifest flying in the face of the will of the people, whose representatives in the lower house have passed the repealing bill by an almost unanimous vote.—That they have in this vote correctly expressed the wishes of their constituents there is every reason to believe, and none to doubt. For the Senate to hesitate under such circumstances is to assume a very grave responsibility, and can hardly fail to excite a suspicion that this hesitation is due to a reluctance to part with power quite as much as by a regard to the public interests."

GEN. GRANT AND THE OFFICES.—It is currently asserted in the most positive manner, that the President will make no further important nominations until the tenure-of-office matter is disposed of by the Senate, although it is difficult to see what effect the action of the Senate on the law can have on the appointments already decided upon. The President, however, has made answer to an applicant for a certain office, "Why, that place is not vacant," which would seem to indicate that General Grant does not intend to make appointments to offices except where vacancies now exist, until the repeal, modification or suspension of the objectionable law, holding to the principle of his inaugural, that the best way to obtain the repeal of an obnoxious law is to rigidly enforce its provisions. Whatever may be the cause of the delay, the nominations are awaited by the Washington public with much interest, and by the applicants with much anxiety.—*Wash. Cor. Tribune.*

BISHOP LAY.—Advices from Right Rev. Henry C. Lay, the newly elected Protestant Episcopal Bishop of the diocese of Easton, now in Arkansas, where he has been missionary bishop since the close of the war, represent affairs in Arkansas as being in a very unsettled condition.—Business has revived but little, and no respect is paid to the administration of civil law. Bishop Lay will be compelled to sacrifice his personal effects and other property, as it is impossible to dispose of property in Arkansas for anything like its value. In view of these circumstances a purse is being made up in the diocese, to be forwarded to the bishop, to facilitate him in his removal, and to compensate, in some degree, the losses he sustains.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$2.15@2.25
" Choice Red	1.55 1.76
" Medium and good red	1.95
CORN—Good to prime White	82@85
" " " Yellow	83@85
OATS	60@70

DIED:

Near Sassafras, on the 7th instant, JENNIE, daughter of Thomas A. and Eliza F. Jacobs, aged 6 years.

At his residence in Millington, DAVID R. LONGFELLOW, aged 63 years.

In Tomkins county, New York, Feb. 11th, after a brief illness, SOPHIA B., wife of Thos. M. Boyer, in the 56th year of her age.

The deceased was a native of Kent county, Maryland. She was a woman of rare intelligence—a loving mother and devoted christian, and leaves a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn her death.

POSTS AND RAILS.

The subscriber offers for sale about 300 CHESTNUT and CEDAR POSTS, and 2,000 CHESTNUT RAILS. THOS. RASIN, Jr.,
m20-7t* near Still Pond Cross Roads.

GARDEN SEED.

Just received, a well selected assortment of ROBERT BUIST'S GENUINE GARDEN SEED, embracing the earliest and best of all varieties, which are now offered to the public at Philadelphia prices.
m20-tf J. L. STAM & SON.

HEDGING.—The subscriber is prepared to lay Hedges at 10 cents per Rod. Hedges Trimmed at 2 cents per rod.
Address JOHN LONG,
m20-3t Chestertown, Md.

FOR RENT, a HOUSE at Turner's Creek, suitable for two Families. Apply to
m20-3t GEO. W. JONES.

LUMBER AT COST.

The subscriber is now SELLING OFF his stock of Lumber at cost, and those who want bargains would do well to give him a call.
Yard at Turner's Creek.
m20-tf GEO. W. JONES.

MILLING & SAWING.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public that he is carrying on his Mills, and asks a share of patronage.
m20-tf W. BACCHUS.

Osage Orange Quicks.

100,000 No. 1 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS, for sale by SAM. H. CRAWFORD,
m20-3t* near Warwick, Md.

NOTICE to All Whom it MAY CONCERN.—All persons against whom I hold CLAIMS or EXECUTIONS are hereby notified that unless the same are settled or some satisfaction given before the 30th of March, 1869, in every case, without respect of persons, I shall proceed to collect the same according to law. JOHN H. STRONG,
m23-2tacetw Constable

FOR SALE.—A large lot of Railroad Wheelbarrows, several Road Scoops and Plows, one Straw Cutter; also one Slusser's Patent Excavator, the greatest machine for moving earth ever invented.
Apply to D. A. BENJAMIN,
m20-3t Chestertown.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

THE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION of Kent County will meet at the School House in Chestertown, SATURDAY, March 27, at 10 o'clock A. M. Mr. J. J. HOGG will deliver an Address before the Association.

Subject for Discussion: The comparative importance of branches taught, and the time to be employed in teaching each per day.

HOWARD MEEKS, Pres't.
m20-2t S. S. BAKER, Sec'y.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF KENT COUNTY will meet at their office in CHESTERTOWN, on

TUESDAY, the 30th day of March next,

AT TEN O'CLOCK, A. M.,

and will continue to meet at the same place and hour every

Tuesday and Wednesday

Until the 18th day of May next.

All persons who have sold or transferred any assessable property since the general valuation and assessment of 1868, are particularly requested to attend at an early day and have their tax accounts adjusted.

After TUESDAY, the 18th day of May next, no alteration in the assessments will be made during the present year.

Persons making application for transfers of property will be required to comply with the following sections of Article 81 of the Code of Public General Laws:

Sec. 18. Whenever any person shall make application for an allowance or deduction on account of the sale, transfer, alienation, loss, or removal of any property, or the collection or payment of any public or private security for money, the County Commissioners or Appeal Tax Court shall interrogate him in reference thereto, and the disposal of the same, and especially inquire of him to whom the same has been sold or transferred, and the amount of the purchase money, or the money collected, and how the same has been invested.

Sec. 19. They shall also interrogate said person on oath in reference to any acquisitions or investments made by him and not already assessed, and the amount of all such acquisitions and investments shall be added to his assessable property, and if he refuses to answer no allowance or deduction shall be made on his assessment.

COLLECTORS,

(ONE FROM EACH ELECTION DISTRICT,)

And Standard Keeper,

will be appointed on TUESDAY, the 6th day of April next. The Salary of the Standard Keeper has been fixed at Thirty Dollars for the present year.

All persons having ACCOUNTS AGAINST THE COUNTY are requested to bring in the same on or before

TUESDAY, the 18th day of May next,

otherwise they will not get into this year's levy. All accounts presented to the Court will be required to be under oath.

All new applications for Pensions must be in writing, stating the residence, condition and circumstances of the applicant, and signed by two or more persons having a knowledge of the facts therein set forth.

JOHN RUSSELL, Clerk
To Commissioners for Kent county.
March 20, 1869—tim.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Sophia A. Freeman, late of Washington, D. C., deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 21st day of September, 1869, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 16th day of March, 1869.

RICHARD HYNSON, Adm'r.
March 20, 1869—4t.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent County, letters of administration on the personal estate of Maria Cahall, late of said County, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of September, 1869, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 16th day of March, 1869.

WM. H. LAMBERT, Adm'r.
March 20, 1869—4t.

To the Farmers of Kent County.

THE undersigned is now prepared to fill your orders for

Fertilizers of all kinds,

STONE AND SHELL LIME,

Delivered at your nearest landing, on as reasonable terms as any other dealer in the county.

He is also agent for McConaughey's Patent Corn Dropper. Try it.

W. A. MUSGROVE,
m13-tf Locust Grove, Kent Co., Md.

A Useful Machine.

ONE THAT EVERY FARMER SHOULD HAVE!

THE undersigned, having purchased the County Rights of Kent and Cecil, of

MOHR'S PATENT POST AND RAIL MACHINE,

offer it to Farmers and others at a very low price. This Machine will bore holes in any size post and clean them out; point rails ready for fencing; saw fire-wood, or do anything in the shape of Sawing or Chopping. It will do as much work in a day as ten men, and will recommend itself to all who use it.

The Machine is on exhibition at the shop of John T. Dodd & Son, Chestertown, where persons are invited to call and examine it.

JOHN T. DODD,
ISAAC CORDRAY.

N. B.—The Right for Cecil county will be sold on reasonable terms

Address, JOHN N. DODD,
m20 3m. Chestertown, Md.

WEEKLY ARRIVALS OF NEW GOODS.

T. W. ELIASON & SON

INVITE the attention of Buyers to their present stock of Seasonable Goods, in

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HARDWARE,

Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Curtain Cloth, Oil Cloth Curtains. Collars, Bridles, Rope Traces, Hames, Castings, &c., &c.

BLACK ALPACAS.

A fine medium to choice Alpacas, at reduced rates, for sale by
m20. T. W. ELIASON & SON.

Bower's Complete Manure,

ALTA VELA PHOSPHATE,

WHANN'S SUPER PHOSPHATE,

AND

BERGER & BUTZ'S

Excelsior Super Phosphate of Lime,

FOR SALE, delivered in Chestertown at $62 per ton of 2,000 lbs.

On a credit of six months to approved purchasers, with interest thereon from date of delivery. Subject to a discount of $6 per ton if paid within 30 days, or $3 per ton if paid by Sept. 1st, 1869—thus reducing them when paid within 30 days to $56 per ton, or when paid by Sept. 1, '69 to $59 per ton.

m20-tJ1 By T. W. ELIASON & SON.

$2,500 REWARD.

HAVING just returned from the city, I will open for inspection the finest and best selected stock of SPRING GOODS ever offered in this or any other market, consisting of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Valises, Umbrellas, &c., &c.

A Man Found Dead

in one of the highways of this county, was taken to the nearest town, and upon close examination he was found to have worn one of B. Strauss' fine suits. A coroner's inquest was immediately held and the verdict was:—That the unknown came to his death from natural causes.

The above reward will be given to any one who can produce cheaper goods than can be bought at B. STRAUSS',
m20 Cor. High & Cross sts. Chestertown.

March 13th, 1869.

SPRING GOODS.

Something New and Beautiful

NOW OPENING AT THE

PEOPLE'S POPULAR STORE.

Especial attention is called to our Beautiful BLACK ALPACAS, unsurpassed in this State; being your cheap goods and compare, which will ensure us sales. Bleached Sheetings, bleached and brown Muslins, Chintzes, new styles Prints, Tickings, Cambrics and Fancy Goods.

We are waiting for some of our friends to settle their last year's accounts. Credit in the city is unknown. Respectfully,
m13-tf WM. A. VICKERS.

COME BACK.

THE subscriber, having leased the GOOSE HILL MILL, will be pleased to see all of his old customers, and all new ones that are willing to give him a trial.

I am now prepared to give all a good turn in Flour and Meal. I will have constantly on hand Flour by the barrel or small, to suit the purchaser's wish.

Wheat, Corn and Oats bought at the Mill and Store in Chestertown.

I have for sale all kinds of Groceries, Meat, Tobacco, Segars, Fish, Poultry, Potatoes, Butter, &c. Wanted, all kinds of Country Produce, such as Butter, Eggs, Lard, &c., for which the highest market price will be paid in cash or goods.

At the store you will find all kinds of chopped food for hog and horse.

Grain left at the Store will be taken to the mill, ground, and brought back. If it is wished, Grocery Stores will be supplied with meal. We pay cash, and sell for the same.
m13-tf WM. F. BAKER.

SCHOOL

FOR SMALL CHILDREN.

MISS MOLLIE USILTON respectfully informs the parents of Chestertown, that she has opened a School for Small Children, at the corner of Queen and Cannon Sts. The room is pleasant and every attention will be paid to the comfort of the pupils. Terms moderate.
March 6, 1869—3t.

PEACH TREES.

The subscriber offers for sale about 3,000 PEACH TREES of choice varieties, well grown and guaranteed to be as represented
Address ISAAC REYNOLDS,
feb27-5t Chestertown.

FOR SALE,

SAGE PLANTS one year old 25 cts. per doz. CONCORD GRAPE VINES two years old, very fine, 25 cents each.
W. F. MASSEY,
feb20-tf Chestertown.

EDWIN CROUCH, JR.,

MILLINGTON, MD.,

AGENT FOR THE SALE OF **Schuylkill Lime.**

Delivered at any landing on Sassafras or Chester Rivers. mh6-t

SEED OATS.

THREE HUNDRED BUSHELS of good Seed Oats for sale by GEO. R. PARROTT,
mh6-3t. Still Pond.

WANTED, an Active Partner, with a Cash Capital of two or three thousand dollars; or will sell the entire stock on good terms. The business is well established in Chestertown and increasing yearly. For particulars address A B C, Chestertown P. O. m13-3t

THE MISSES CHAMBERLAIN will open the Spring term of their SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, in Newark, Delaware, on Wednesday, April 7th, 1869. A limited number of Boarding Pupils will be received.—Boarding and tuition in English branches and French for the spring term $75. Circulars sent when requested. m13-4t

FOR SALE

A YOKE OF GOOD OXEN.
Apply to A. J. WALLIS,
mh6-tf. Near Kennedyville.

CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES, CARRIAGES.

J. M. COX & BROTHER,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF

CARRIAGES.

ALL WORK FROM THIS ESTABLISHMENT WARRANTED

TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

REPAIRING promptly attended to.

March 20—6m.

KENT Co. R. R. Co.

NOTICE to STOCKHOLDERS.

THE following section of the Act of March 8th, 1856, incorporating the Kent County Railroad Company, is published for the information of Stockholders:

"SECTION 8. And be it enacted, That upon every such subscription, there shall be paid to such person or persons appointed to receive such subscriptions, such instalments as the President and Directors of said Railroad shall require; provided, that no payment shall be demanded until at least thirty days public notice shall have been given in at least one newspaper in the county in which said payments shall be demanded; and should any subscriber fail or neglect to pay such instalment, or any part of said subscription thus demanded, for the space of sixty days next after the time the same shall be due and payable, the stock on which it is demanded shall be forfeited to the company; but the President and Directors may remit any such forfeiture, on such terms as they may think proper. Provided always, that in addition to the forfeiture aforesaid, the said company shall be entitled to receive, sue for, and recover the said instalment and subscription due as aforesaid, in such manner as other debts and claims are now recoverable by law."

The Board of Directors of the Kent County Railroad Company, being desirous to relieve the Stockholders who are in arrears on the instalments which have been called for by the Board, at a meeting on the 4th of Feb'y, 1869, passed the following order:

"Ordered, that any Stockholder who has forfeited his Stock by failing to meet the instalments previously called for, shall be reinstated by the payment of the first three calls on or before the first day of April next.

By order of the Board,
C. TYLDEN WESTCOTT,
m13-3t Secretary.

Examiners' Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the County Commissioners of Kent county to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a

PUBLIC ROAD,

commencing near and above Lynch's Corner, and running by and with the private road of Thomas E. and Wm. P. Norris and John Kilpatrick, to the most eligible point on Still Pond Creek, hereby give notice to all persons interested, that they will meet on

MONDAY, the 12th of April, 1869,

(if fair, if not on the first fair day thereafter,) at 9 o'clock A. M., at Lynch's Corner, to execute the duties of their commission.

JOHN WILSON,
LEWIN UTILTON,
WM. W. STEPHENS,
March 13, 1869—5t. Examiners.

Ratification Notice.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County, as a Court of Equity

January Term, 1869.

ORDERED that the sale made and reported by GEORGE B. WESTCOTT and RICHARD HYNSON, Trustees for the sale of the Real Estate of James L. Davis, dec'd, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 20th day of May next; Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the twentieth day of April next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $14,450.00.

JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.

True copy, Test:

JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.

March 13, 1869—4t.

New Spring Goods!

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE GOODS.

GROCERIES ON HAND PREVIOUS TO THE LATE ADVANCE.

FARM HARDWARE and PLOW CASTINGS

PLOW GEARING of Superior Manufacture.

A full line of SHOES and HATS.

READY-MADE CLOTHING of fine grades.

GOODS OPENED on MONDAY, 8th instant.

THOMAS S. WICKES.

Chestertown, March 6th, 1869.

1869. SPRING 1869.

OPENING OF NEW SILKS,
OPENING OF NEW SHAWLS,
OPENING OF NEW CHINTZES,
OPENING OF NEW POPLINS.

Full stock of Staple and Fancy Spring Goods.

EYRE & LANDELL,
Fourth and Arch streets, Philadelphia.

N. B.—Jobs from Auction daily received.
March 13, 1869—6t.

IRISIN,

THE COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF

IRIS VERSICOLOR.

This powerful VEGETABLE ALTERATIVE will cure *SCROFULA* in its various forms, and other Constitutional Affections and taints, whether hereditary or acquired, such as Eruptions of the Skin, Incipient Consumption, &c.

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

It is an infallible preventive and cure for Neuralgia, Sick Headache and Nervousness.

Diseases of Women, Diseases of the Liver, Kidneys and Urinary Passages.

Its tonic properties make it a valuable remedy in Dyspepsia and General Debility.

By taking IRISIN the Blood (which permeates all the tissues, and is the life and nutrition thereof,) is purified, rendering the whole system perfectly healthy.

Formula of DR. JOHN WILKINS, of Baltimore Md. Sold by all Druggists. m13

CONSUMPTION can be CURED by Dr. C. G. Garrison's New Process of Treatment. Call or address Dr. C. G. Garrison, 211 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

P. S.—Special attention given to THROAT and LUNG Diseases. fe27-y.

IF you want the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for all kinds of Country Produce and Fur, go to SAPPINGTON'S, opposite Geo. E. Lambert's Coach Factory. mh6.