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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, May 15, 1869.

A London despatch of Wednesday says that steps have been taken for an alliance, offensive and defensive, between England, France and Spain against the United States—the rejection of the Alabama treaty, the tone of Mr. Sumner's speech, the alleged filibustering tendencies of General Grant's administration, and the reported connivance at expeditions from the United States against Cuba, being made the pretexts for a necessity for such alliance. No official information had been received at Washington confirming this report. All the indications point to a rupture between this country and England, and nothing but a conciliatory management of affairs can avert it.

Acquittal of Miss Cairnes.—The trial of Miss Martha J. Cairnes for the murder of Nicholas McComas, her alleged seducer, was concluded at Belair, Harford county, on Saturday last, having occupied three days. The jury, after an absence of ten minutes, returned a verdict of not guilty. The result is according to public anticipation, and gives general satisfaction. The previous good character of the woman was clearly proven, and also that her ruin was accomplished under promise of marriage. Killing under such circumstances is now generally sanctioned by public opinion, and, if followed up, there will be less of this species of villainy practised upon the innocent and unsuspecting.

POSTAGE.

It is the practice of some of the country postmasters to require postage to be prepaid on letters mailed to Senators and members of the House of Representatives, and only to recognize as free from postage, letters, packages and documents franked by such members. It will be seen, from a letter published below, from George Earle, Esq., First Assistant Postmaster General, to Senator Vickers, that all letters and packages weighing less than four ounces, when sent to members of Congress, are exempt from charge, and all documents of whatever weight. All letters and packages weighing less than four ounces, and all public documents when franked by them, are not liable to be taxed with postage.

Post Office Department,
Washington, May 11th, 1869.

Sir:—In reply to your letter of May 5th I have to say that the Act amendatory of the postal law, and relative to the franking privilege, *does not* impair the right of Senators and members of Congress to send and *receive* their mail matter free of postage, when restricted to letters and packets not exceeding four *ounces* in weight, and public documents.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully, &c.,
George Earle,
First Assist. P. M. General.
Hon. George Vickers,
Chestertown, Md.

The Pacific Railroad Opened.—The last rail on the Pacific railroad was laid at Promontory point, near the junction of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific roads, at noon on Monday last.

The formal consumation of so grand an enterprise deserves to be heralded by such an agent as electricity. Imperfect as the road is considered to be by those competent persons who had an opportunity of examining it, and unfortunate as it was that the President was arrested by his laborers for money alleged to be due, on the very day the work was supposed to be finished, it may be regarded virtually as an accomplished fact, no matter how large the amount that may yet be required make it what it professes to be.

Such a work is not only more valuable but more truly glorious than all the achievements of the war. The commercial and political consequence of this extraordinary achievement are almost beyond calculation. The region between the Pacific slope and the Mississippi Valley will be filled with hardy and productive settlers, the new Territories will be populated, the mining regions developed, the Mississippi Valley will become a great seat of manufactures, to say nothing of the Asiatic trade which may find its way across this national highway. In addition to all this, the Pacific States will be bound by ties of direct commercial and social intercommunication with the rest of the Union, identifying their interest with our own, and removing what Humboldt calls "the barriers that make men strangers--which is generally only another name for enemies; and nothing is so efficacious in accomplishing this end, so devoutly to be wished, as promoting intercourse between man and man." It is indeed a great work, not only of union, but of civilization, and even humanity, bringing into closer contact not only our Atlantic and Pacific States, but the oldest and the youngest empires of the world.

Railroad Meeting.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the Kent County Railroad Company, held at the Court House in Chestertown, May 10, 1869, on motion of Mr. Welch, Dr. T. C. Kennard was appointed chairman and C. Tylden Westcott secretary.

On motion of Mr. Shallcross the reports of the President, Treasurer and Engineer were read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Welch the reports were filed with the Secretary.

On motion by Mr. Francis, ordered that the Secretary prepare and publish a summary of the proceedings of this meeting.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

T. C. Kennard, *Pres't.*
C. Tylden Westcott, *Sec'y.*

Election of Directors.—An election for directors of the Kent County Railroad Company was held at the Court House in Chestertown on Monday last, resulting in the choice of the following gentlemen:—Hon. George Vickers, Thos. W. Eliason, John Gale, William Welch, William B. Wilmer, Richard C. Johnson, Charles Beasten, and Dr. L. M. Ricaud. At a subsequent meeting of the board, Hon. George Vickers was elected president, R. Hynson, Esq., treasurer, and C. T. Westcott secretary.

Resolute Lodge, No. 85, I. O. of Good Templars, of Chestertown, is now fully organized, having received their Charter and the necessary books for the working of the order. The next meeting will be held on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at Miss Redue's school room on Princes St. It deserves the encouragement of the community. Great good has been accomplished in other places through its instrumentality, and we see no reason why the same results may not be obtained here. At Church Hill, in Queen Anne's county, the order has been in existence for some months, and has a large membership; its influence is seen in the marked improvement in the morals of that town. A number of Lodges are now organized in this county.

Town Election.—An election for Commissioners of Chestertown will be held on Monday, the 24th instant. At a meeting at the Town Hall on Wednesday evening the following ticket was nominated: John L. Ringgold, R. S. Usilton, John W Parsons, Jas. H. Thompson, George C. Adkinson, C. H. Davis, H. M. Stuart.

Camp Meeting.—An adjourned meeting of the joint committee of Still Pond, Kent Circuit and Chestertown Station will be held at the M. E. Church of this town on Tuesday afternoon next, at 2½ o'clock, to perfect arrangements in regard to the camp meeting to be held in Baker's woods, commencing on the 30th of July.

Religious.—The first meeting for the present year of the Quarterly Conference of Kent circuit, Meth. Protestant Church, will be held to-day, at 10½ o'clock, at the Queen street Chapel. At this meeting it will be decided whether or not to hold a Camp Meeting. The quarterly meeting religious services will be held to-morrow (Sunday) morning, at St. James'.

The "Reed Rifles," a military Company recently organized in this town, have received their arms from the State, and expect their uniforms in about ten days. The Company numbers about fifty members, and is attached to the thirteenth Regiment, as Company G.

At the election for Town Commissioners of Elkton, last week, the issue was "bailiff or no bailiff," and those who contended that the employment of bailiffs was a waste of public money, succeeded in electing three of the seven members of the Board.

Large Haul.—Mr. Alexander Wilson caught 1,560 shad and 4,000 herrings at one haul, at Bull's Mountain, Cecil co., a few days ago.

Errata.—The first page of our issue to-day is erroneously dated May 16th, instead of the 15th.

Wm. Rodgers has been appointed postmaster at Galena, in this county, vice S. P. Benny, removed.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Messrs. Editors:—The time for the election of new Commissioners is near at hand, and I hope such men will be chosen as will do what will secure the greatest good to the greatest number. Last fall provision was made to pave a gutter in front of J. J. Pearce's premises, and running down to Mr. Pippin's, which gutter empties itself into the street running down to the Market House. What has become of the material for said gutter?

It seems to me there should be something done to take the water from back street some other way than across Market Space and through the town before it can pass off; and also remove the gutter in front of Mr. Peace's premises, and take the dirty water in some other direction. This gutter is a considerable nuisance and inconvenience to those living in that locality, and I think our city fathers should make some provision for the protection of those families who live in that neighborhood. A. T. P.

The Steamer George Law.—*Trial Trip.*—The steamer George Law, of the Chester River Steamboat line, of which B. S. Ford, Esq., is the president, having been recently refitted wish copper bottom, new boiler, staterooms improved, repainted, &c., started from her wharf, pier No. 7, Light street, on Monday afternoon on a trial trip down the river. She had on board about three hundred invited guests. The fine steamer was gaily decorated with flags and streamers, and was under command of Captain P. S. McConnor. She proceeded as far as the mouth of the Patapsco, making elegant time, and there being music on board and a bountiful collation served, the company had an enjoyable time on the pleasant river.—*Sun.*

Validity of an Illinois Divorce.—A curious case, involving the validity of the Illinois divorce laws, was before the New York Supreme Court, general term, lately. The plaintiff, a Mrs. Kinnier, alleges that she obtained a diverce from her husband, a Mr. Pomeroy, by collusion, and while both parties were residents of Massachusetts. She then married a second time, and she now seeks a divorce from husband No. 2, on the ground that the first divorce was invalid, and that she is still the lawful wife of Pomeroy. The court gave judgment for the defendant, holding that the divorce was valid, both parties having submitted to the judgment of the Illinois tribunal.

The Cuba Question in the Cabinet.—The Washington correspondent of the Balt Sun, writing on Tuesday, says:

It is represented on good authority that the question of recognizing the independence of Cuba formed the prominent theme of discussion at the cabinet meeting this afternoon, and that a majority of members took strong grounds in favor of aiding the Cubans. On the other hand, it is claimed that the government is in receipt of information from reliable sources that the Cuban insurgents are not making any headway, and that but little remains of Cuban forces but detached parties acting as guerillas. This kind of warfare, it is said, may last for some time but the Spanish army expect to put an end to the insurrection in a short time.—This information does not come from the Spanish side, but through an agent of our government in Cuba who has been a close observer of affairs in the Island.—It is also said that the opinion was expressed by a high official of the House of Representatives that the recognition of the provisional government of Cuba was only a question of time, and that but a few weeks more would pass before a *de facto* government would be established by the Cubans and duly recognized by the United States government.

We have intelligence from "the seat of war" that Ex-Judge Bond and R. Stockett Matthews having had occasion to visit Washington, immediately upon their arrival, the new United States Judgeship recently created by act of Congress, commenced to chase them around, both trying to avoid it. They have made excellent time, the Judgeship being left far in the rear. As these devoted patriots have faithfully served the public in the past, it is hoped that this new responsibility may not be thrust upon them against their will, but that they may be allowed to have a brief cessation from the arduous labors they have been so worthily performing in the past, and that some other one who has not done anything for his country may be forced to perform the work.—*Md. Jour.*

Mrs. "Dr." Mary Walker.—This noted advocate of woman's rights came up from Washington on Tuesday. Attired as she was in blouse and pants, with jaunty hat and streaming feather, her appearance upon the streets attracted a large crowd of men and boys; and woman, too, with her characteristic curiosity, struggled to obtain a sight of one who has for some time past figured so prominently in the public prints. At times the crowd so encompassed the "doctor" as to impede her progress, and she sought refuge in a store on Baltimore street, near Hanover. Her absence from the streets, however, did not disperse the impatient public, and her reappearance was greeted by a loud cheer. The crowd, which had now increased to some three or four hundred, followed her down Baltimore street, but indulging no improper remarks nor offering any indignity. Yet, of course, the lady was annoyed.—*Balt. Sun.*

Four Great Events.—One of the greatest events of the century occurred on Monday last. The present century has seen these four great events:

I. Morse's invention of the telegraph.
II. The laying of the Atlantic cable.
III. The death of slavery in the United States.
IV. Completion of the Pacific railway.

In twenty-five years the contineut has been spanned by the wires of the telegraph. Ten years ago the lightning began to run beneath the sea. Five years ago the war for freedom ended, and slavery died.—On Monday the iron track was made complete fram Portland to San Francisco.

The young man of to-day, who has seen all these things accomplished, will have tales to tell to his grandchildaen such as no grandsire of our day can summon from the stores of his memory.—*N. Y. Post.*

Fare by the Pacific Railroad.—In expectation of the consummation of their connection yesterday, the Central and Union Pacific railroads had made due arrangements to accommodate the trade and travel across the continent. The first thing upon which they had to agree was, of course, the rate of passage. The respective officers of the companies, after consultation, have come to a temporary understanding that the fare from New York to San Francisco for emigrant and second-class passengers should be $75, and for first-class passengers $175. Concerning freight nothing definite has yet been arranged. It is expected that the trip from shore to shore can be made in from six to seven days. For the present the time of running will be rather slower, as the track is new and needs ballasting. The Union Company, as also the Central, have each, it is stated, over 2,000 freight cars, and while the first has over 150 locomotives the latter counts 190.

Cattle Disease in Virginia.—There seems to be some fatal disease raging among the cattle in town and the country, and especially among the milch cows, which takes them off suddently. Last week Mr. George P. King, of Stafford, lost three, and several have died in town within the last week, all affected in the same way. They leave home of a morning and before night they are dead. The disease is thought to be a kind of colic, caused by their eating too much green clover and grass on an empty stomach.—It has been noticed that those that have been fed before being turned into the pasture have not suffered from the disease.—We have heard of but one case being cured which was done by sticking a keen knife in the animal's maw, by which means the wind can escape. One poor man refused seventy-five dollars for his milch cow the other day, and the next day she died.—The loss was heavy, as she was the main support of his family.—*Fred. Ledger.*

Higher and Higher.—Odessa Building Loan funds, at the last monthly meeting on Wednesday evening, touched 45½. This fact shows the stringency in the money market. The loan was all taken in Odessa. Middletown Building Loan funds sold for 37½ per cent. premium at the last monthly meeting on Thursday evening.

Caricaturing the President.—Frank Leslie's Journal has a caricature representing Grant grinding an organ, while compassionate people drop checks, title deeds for houses, &c. into his hat. Butler sits behind, figuring up the value of the gifts.

Confederate Dead Unearthed—*Twenty Acres of Human Bones.*—The Richmond Dispatch says:

"While our ladies are mounding and decorating the graves in Oakwood, and while the massive stone monument to the memory of those who lie in Hollywood is gradually approaching completion, it is distressing to hear of the neglect of the bones of those who are buried where they fell—on the hillsides and in the valleys in other parts of the State. The reports that reach us of the sacrilegious conduct of many Virginia farmers are so shocking that we hesitate to give them credence, although our duty as journalists requires us to lay them before our readers. A few weeks ago we published an account of the state of affairs at Fort Harrison, which subsequent investigation proved too true. Now comes a most harrowing story from Malvern Hill, where so many of our best and bravest with their last drops of blood sealed their devotion to the Southern cause. On the northwest side of the fort a most terrible scene presents itself. Thousands of Confederate soldiers having been buried where they fell, twenty acres or more have just been plowed up by the owner of the field, and the plowshare turned to the surface all the skeletons. Over the whole tract the bones are strewn in profusion, and grinning skulls stare the visitors in the face on every hand. When the farmer was questioned he said the land was now the richest piece he had, and, in justification of the sacrilegious act, stated that "he didn't put em there, nohow." The writer learned afterward that the bones had been taken away by the cart load and sold to fertilizing mills in Richmond.—Two humane men, too poor to do anything else, came one day we were there and attempted to burn some of the bones to prevent the wretches from carting them off."

Mr. Motley's Instructions.—It has been reliably ascertained that the instructions of this Government to Minister Motley do not suggest any mode of adjusting the pending questions between the United States and Great Britain, nor do they require him at present to propose the reopening of the negotiations for the settlement of the Alabama and other claims.—Our Government will act with deliberation due to this important subject, and carefully avoid any cause of offence while firmly presenting the American side of the question to her Majesty's Government, when occasion shall require. No one connected with the administration, including the President, nor does the British Minister apprehend injurious consequences from the almost unanimous rejection of the Alabama claims treaty by the Senate, and this is stated on the authority of gentlemen, who, fearful of serious difficulties, made special and private inquiries in official circles, and satisfied themselves of the truth of this statement.

Sudden Death.—Mrs. Louisa Lane, residing near Queenstown, widow of the late Thomas Lane, retired on Sunday night in her usual health, and in a few minutes was attacked with a choking sensation and died in a few minutes.—*Centreville Observer.*

Mrs. Harriett Beecher Stowe gives up her Florida plantation, as she bought it at a military tax sale, which holds not good, and the former owner makes successful claim, paying Mrs. Stowe the price she paid for the estate.

Rust and Smut.—These monosylables make long faces and short purses among our agricultural friends at this season sometimes, and farmers are as sensitive to those watchwords during the ensuing five weeks, as some old men are to the presence of a cereal barometer in their boot during the approach of a storm.

We therefore call attentian to a mode of arresting these pests by the "Persicator," as advertised in this paper under the auspices of one of the oldest and most respectable houses in Baltimore. Hon. S. T. Earle, of Queen Anne's county, B. T. Biggs and Dr. David Stewart, of Delaware, are referred to as having used it with entire success.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

Wheat—White	$1.90a2.10
" Choice Red	2.12a2.15
" Medium and good red	1.65
Corn—Good to prime White	80a81
" " " Yellow	80a84
Oats	60a70

MARRIED:

In Philadelphia, at the St. Paul's M. P. Parsonage, April 8th, 1869, by the Rev. William Paxson, THOMAS E. WILSON, of Georgetown, Del., to EMMA P. MALIN, of Chestertown, Maryland.

At Middletown, Del., on the 6th of February, 1869, EDWARD CARTY, of Chestertown, to SARAH E. ALLEN, of Delaware, daughter of Isaac Allen.

In Baltimore on the 11th instant, by the Rev. J. S. Inskip, WILLIAM B. HOLLIS, of Kent county, Md., to HANNAH E TOWNSEND, daughter of John Townsend, of Delaware.

DIED:

On the 4th April, of Consumption, JOSEPH L. LECOMPT, aged 38 years, 1 month, 9 days.

Thou wilt not come to us again
To share our toil and tears,
Thou art removed from sin and pain,
From sickness and from fears.

But we may go to thee above,
Where death can never come,
And share the blessed life of love,
In one eternal home. A SISTER.

Rev. Mr. Edwards will preach in the Queen Street Chapel TO-MORROW (Sunday) AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock. m15-1t.

$1,000 TO LOAN for one or two years, on good security. Apply to C. TYLDEN WESTCOTT, my15-tf. Court Street.

A CARD.

MRS. MARTHA BISCOE

Hast just returned from Baltimore with an assortment of SPRING MILLINERY, which she will sell very low for the cash, or to prompt paying customers on time, and would also request those indebted to call and pay their bills, as it is unreasonable to ask longer indulgence. my15-3t. MARTHA BISCOE.

NOTICE
TO SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

All estimates for repairs, &c., to be paid out of the levy of 1869, must be filed with the Secretary of the School Board on or before Thursday, May 28th, 1869, otherwise they will be too late for consideration this year.

W. F. MASSEY,
my15-2t. Secretary and Treasurer.

Life Insurance Agent Wanted.

A first-class Company in New York (dividends 50 per cent.) is in want of an experienced MAN in LIFE INSURANCE, or an energetic man who will push the business. To such a liberal arrangement will be made. Address F. MEDCALFE, General Agent,
my15-4t. 57 Second St, Baltimore, Md.

MORE SPRING MILLINERY
LATER STYLES!

MISSES MIDDLETON & WYATT have just received their second purchase of

SPRING MILLINERY,

embracing the LATEST STYLES in HATS, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, &c., to which the attention of the Ladies is respectfully invited.

Store at the old stand of Miss Anna Earle.
May 15, 1869—3t.

SELECT ACADEMY,
CHESTERTOWN.
Principal, J. W. MACBETH, A. M.

THIS SCHOOL having reached fifty pupils in its first quarter of eleven weeks, the Principal heartily thanks his patrons. Having prepared youths for the Sophomore Class at Yale, for instance a son of Mr. Higgins, of St. Georges, Del., he hopes that other young men preparing for the better Colleges will be put under his tuition. Having conducted a class of teachers at Denton, who aimed at the highest grade certificates, he invites such as mean to make teaching their profession, to study with him. Already he has pupils in Book Keeping, Latin, Greek, French, Algebra, Natural Philosophy and German. Special attention to the plain English branches. From 8 to 9 morning, his rooms open to pupils noble enough to come then to prepare their lessons, when he will be present to aid them. A weekly report sent to such parents as desire that indispensible check on young people. Prizes given every month. Mrs. M. teaches Primary branch. Patronage in the rural districts sought. School kept open till end of July Second quarter begins May 17th. Terms very moderate. m15-3t.

Sabbath School Convention.

THERE will be a Convention of the Sabbath School Workers of Kent county, held at Chestertown, on

Wednesday, June 16th,

beginning at 10 o'clock, A. M., in the Meth. Protestant Church, and continuing through the afternoon and evening.

Its object is to discuss Sabbath School topics and awaken a greater interest in the work.—Several prominent Sabbath School men from Baltimore will be present, to aid in the discussions. All friends of the Sabbath School cause of whatever name or denomination, are cordially invited to attend, and each Sabbath School in the county is requested, if possible, to send as many as four delegates, besides their Pastor and Superintendents, who are delegates *ex officio*. A good time is expected, and a day of much profit to all. my15-5t.

To the Public.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Will you allow me a small space in your paper to make some explanation in regard to the fence, for which I was tried and fined in Court? The public may think I enclosed a few feet of land in order to obtain that which did not belong to me. In 1858 there was a commission issued by the Levy Court to make C. W. Spry, C. R. Hackett, S. W. Boyer examiners, to straighten and widen the road from Galena to Massey's X Roads and Chesterville. The road from Mrs. Hurtt's to Miller's Corner had several curves in it. The line of the road was changed from one corner of my farm to the other; my fence necessarily had to be moved in the line. About four-fifths of it was taken in, some of it as much as twelve or fifteen feet. In two places it was set out for a short distance, from one to four feet, one of which I was presented for. It had to be done to make the road straight as the plot called for. My fence was put on the line as laid down by the surveyor.

I had nothing to gain by taking in a few feet of wet land in a bottom, that has never been cultivated, and turning out ten times the quantity. But I was compelled to take my fence in and had the privilege of setting it out to the line. The law (which was necessary to make a straight road as the plot called for,) and the commission required it. There was no other way to widen and straighten the road, only by taking off the curves and setting the fences in and out as the case might require.—On my home farm my fence crosses the old road several times, and takes all the road and some land from the opposite farm in places. Instead of taking anything from the county I gave ten feet through for the road, on my home place.

I certainly knew better than to move my fence in the road, unless I believed I had the right to do so. Let me or any other person do it and it would not be twelve months before there would be a presentment for it, instead of nine or ten years.

One of the witnesses for the State, if I am not mistaken, testified positively that my fence was on the road. And with such positive evidence the Court could do nothing else than fine me for it. I had no witnesses to prove that it was not on the road; I did not wish them to do it. I would not have testified positively it was not myself. They did say, however, that the hedge on the other side bent into the road far enough, had it been straightened, to have made the road forty feet; and they further said, that my fence was straight on a line with the road.

The plot of the road is a straight line from Mrs. Hurtt's to Miller's corner. If my fence is straight with the road, as it was proved to be, all on that line must have been on the road, or none of it was, as two straight parallel lines cannot come together or cross each other.

The witness for the State, when asked by my counsel if he did not survey the road and stake the line, said that he did. When Mr. Morris, my witness, testified that my fence was put on the inside of the stakes, that is, the field side, he (the State witness) then said, that that part of the road was forty feet wide and it was not surveyed. I know nothing about surveying, but I ask how can a narrow, crooked road, be widened and straightened—the courses and distances laid down and plotted—without a survey? I think it impossible.

Mr. Taylor has told me that his hedge was on the road; that the line was not staked, or badly staked, and that he did not know how to run it. The other witness has told me the same, that is, Taylor's hedge was on the road, but it had been standing so long he would say nothing about it. They now say, or have said, they meant some other place, not where it bent into the road. I would like for them to say where they do mean, as that is the only place where it bends into the road.

A number of persons have talked to me about the road and fence. I have yet to meet with the first one that believes my fence to be on the road, except the two witnesses for the State, and one of them is an interested party. If my fence is not on the road his is.

I write this that public opinion may not condemn me for that of which I am innocent. If I have erred in any thing I have said I am ready and willing to be corrected.

N. B.—Since writing the above I have seen the supervisor; he says there is a number of places between Galena and Massey's X Roads only about thirty-six feet wide. Some one's fence must be on the road at these places. Why am I presented and no one else? I wait for an answer. WILLIAM GOODING,
May 15, 1869—1t.

CHANGE OF TIME
OF CHESTER RIVER
STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

ON and after Tuesday, the 11th of May, 1869, the STEAMER GEORGE LAW, will leave Baltimore for Chester River at 7 o'clock, A. M., stopping at all the Landings on the River. Returning—Leave Crumpton at 6½ o'clock. ROBERT C. SMITH,
May 15, 1869. Agent.

NOTICE.—The members of the Young Men's Christian Association, and friends of the organization, are invited to attend the meeting of the Association on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 19th inst. Subject for discussion: "What are the best means for this Association to bring the young men of Chestertown under Christian influence?" After the opening speeches are concluded the question will be opened for general discussion, and any one so desiring will have an opportunity to offer his views.
May 8, 1869—2t.

DR. W. T. URIE
Has Removed his Office
To Mr. Levi Fiddis' house, next door to Mr. T. S. Wickes. m1-3t.

THE "PERSICATOR,"
OR PEACH MANURE.
SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE OF POTASH.

THE exterminator of RUST, SPORES and INSECTS that infest Corn and Wheat.

The "Top-dressing" for Grass and Clover.

For Tobacco and Corn it affords the most concentrated form of Soluble Phosphates and Potash, the food which forms the mineral part of the plant, so well known to all intelligent planters, furnishing the very elements that are removed with every crop, and are deficient in cultivated soils, both in Europe and America, and in all farm manures.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD ASHES,
Supplying the peculiar elements of the Peach.

ORCHARDS manured with the 'Persicator' bore last year abundantly amid hundreds of thousands of trees in the same neighborhood, not thus manured, that did not yield a single Peach. DISEASED TREES, with yellow leaves, under the influence of the 'Persicator,' produced a dark green foliage in a few weeks.

CORN stands "to a hill," even in the midst of other hills, injured by the insect, that were not manured by it.

No LIME should be applied to land without its co-operation, as its influence is largely increased as lime, and, when slacked with it, other advantages result in the economical use of the Potash

For sale by WM. CRICHTON & SON,
Agents and Patentees,
Bowly's wharf,
m15-1m. Baltimore, Md.

FIRST DISTRICT.

BARGAINS
IN
SPRING GOODS,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
PURNELL'S
CASH STORE,
GALENA.
May 15, 1869.

Rust and Smut in Wheat & Oats

THE CAUSTIC HOTASH PHOSPHATE
CALLED
"PERSICATOR."

A fine, dusty powder, sown as plaster, it reaches every plant and destroys the spores of these pests—Rust, Smut and Insects everywhere.

One bushel will save an acre of wheat, and pay seven-fold as a permanent manure thereafter.

Try only one barrel, leaving the rest of the field unmanured by the Persicator for comparison.

Price $3 per barrel, for trial only.

Send for a Circular to
WM. CRICHTON & SON,
Wood street, Bowly's wharf,
m15-1m. Baltimore

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by James Graves, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent County, at the suit of B. F. Starr, against William T. Smith, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Wm. T. Smith, of, in and to the following property:

1 Pair of Horses,

ONE CARRIAGE AND HARNESS,
AND THE
Mill Property at Urieville.

And I hereby give notice, that on

SATURDAY, the 5th of June, 1869,

at Urieville, at three o'clock, P. M., I will sell the said property so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

m15-ts. S. S. USILTON, Const.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of George Vickers, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of William T. Urie, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said William T. Urie, of, in and to all that

LOT OF GROUND

in the village of Millington, Kent county, on the corner of Sassafras and Cypress streets, with the BRICK HOTEL and all other BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS THEREON.

And I hereby give notice, that on

WEDNESDAY, the 9th of June, 1869,

on the porch of the said Brick Hotel, in Millington, at 11 o'clock, A. M, I will sell the said property for cash, to pay said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

JOS. E. GILPIN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, May 15, 1869—ts.

To Mr. H. M. Rollinson
AND ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I hereby warn you and all others not to trespass on or cross my Mill Dam on horse back or in carriage or other vehicle, nor to interfere with my fence in any manner, as I shall hold every one responsible for any violation of this notice. The Bridges require repairing to be made safe and secure against accident. The bridge across the mill race near the stable, is secure for public travel—the public road is across the latter bridge, but the dam is private property. I have been always willing, upon suitable terms to concede to the public the privilege of crossing my dam, and desire to do so; the County Commissioners can make a reasonable arrangement with me on the subject, but until they do so this notice and warning will remain and be enforced by law.

WM. T. SMITH,
May 8, 1869—3t. Urieville, Kent Co., Md.

CULTIVATOR TEETH.

100 Sett of our CELEBRATED CULTIVATOR TEETH have been made up to supply farmers. These teeth, after two year's use, are acknowleged by competent judges to be the best in use, and will be sold at prices to suit these hard times. CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.
May 8, 1869—5t.

NOTICE.—The arrangement entered into by John W. Hines and Wm. D. Burchinal, of Chestertown, Md., on the 18th Sept., 1868, under the name and firm of John W. Hines & Co., for the special sale of Peruvian and Pacific Guano, Whitelock, Crosdale, Grimes', and Patapsco Fertilizers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be settled by Wm. D. Burchinal, who will immediately forward by mail or otherwise, statements to all parties who have failed to make settlement, to which quick returns will be required. JOHN W. HINES,
WM. D. BURCHINAL.
May 8, 1869—4t.

NOTICE.—All persons against whom I hold Executions or Claims, as Constable, are notified that unless the same are settled or satisfactorily arranged on or before the 20th of May, instant, I shall be compelled to proceed to collect the same by the most speedy legal process. This notice is POSITIVE, and all concerned may understand it accordingly.
May 1, 1869-3t. S. S. USILTON, Const.

CAUTION.

My wife, CHARLOTTE KELLY, having left my bed and board, without just cause or provocation, all persons are hereby warned against harboring or trusting her on my account. THOS. KELLY.
May 1, 1869—3t.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
OF A
VALUABLE FARM
ON CHESAPEAKE BAY.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Equity, the undersigned as Trustee, will expose to public sale, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, Kent County, Maryland, on

TUESDAY, the first of June, 1869,

at 11 o'clock, A. M., all that

Valuable Farm,

or TRACT OF LAND, in Kent County, Maryland, commonly called

"KENNARD'S POINT,"

of which the late Dr. William M. Gemmill died seized, and containing

510 ACRES,
MORE OR LESS.

The Farm is situated on Chesapeake Bay and is bounded by the same and Churn and Still Pond Creeks; adjoins the lands of E. P. Janvier and others, and is about twelve miles from Chestertown. The situation is one of the most elevated and salubrious in the County.

THE DWELLING
is of Brick, new, capacious and finished in modern style.

The Land has been limed, is of excellent quality, and productive. The farm has a sufficient quantity of WOOD, and receives large amounts of Drift Wood from the Bay. There is a considerable PEACH ORCHARD on the Farm. There are

TENANT HOUSES

and OUT HOUSES, in fair condition. Vessels sail weekly from each of the above named Creeks to the City of Baltimore.

The Farm is divided into fields sufficient for cultivation. This is considered one of the finest estates in the County.

TERMS OF SALE, cash on the day of sale, or on the ratification of the sale, at the option of the Trustee. JOSEPH B. BAKER, Trustee.
May 8, 1869—ts.
[Del. State Journal copy 1awtds.]

NEW GOODS
For Spring of 1869!

SELECTED FROM PHILAD'A and NEW YORK MARKETS.

T. W. ELIASON & SON,

ARE now prepared to offer to the buying public a large assortment of

NEW GOODS,

embracing a large line of the following goods:
SPRING CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Jeans, &c.
SPRING DRESS GOODS, Alpacas, Armuns, Delanes, &c.
LAWNS, GINGHAMS, CALICOES, &c.
Plaid and Striped Cambrics, Swiss, &c.
Men's and Boy's Fur, Wool and Straw Hats.
Ladies', Misses and Children's plain and fancy Morocco, Goat and Lasting Bal. BOOTS and GAITERS.
HOSIERY, NOTIONS, &c.,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
SUGARS, COFFEES, SPICES,
MOLASSES, COAL OIL, &c.

We invite the attention of buyers to the above goods, and are confident that prices, quality and styles will give satisfaction.

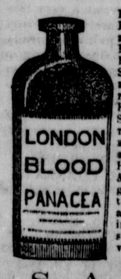
T. W. ELIASON & SON.
Dealers also in LUMBER and FIRST CLASS PHOSPHATES. May 8, 1869.

WOOL!
SUMMER OF 1869!

WOOL WANTED, Washed and in the Fleece, and for which the highest market rates will be paid in Cash during the entire season.

THOMAS S. WICKES.
Chestertown, May 8th, 1869.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!
LONDON
BLOOD PANACEA.
The Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.



For the cure of Scrofula or King's Evil, Cutaneous Diseases, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples, and Blotches on the Face, Sore Eyes, Yellow Jaundice, White Swellings, Mercurial Diseases, General Debility, Palpitation and Fluttering at the Heart, Consumption, Asthma, Syphilis and Syphilitic Affections, Bladder and Kidney Diseases, Gravel, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Sick Headache, Female Complaints, &c. To the broken down female it gives life and energy by restoring the lost powers of nature. Persons all weakness and lassitude, by using the PANACEA are soon restored to perfect health, bloom and vigor. Try it.

Price $1.00 Per Bottle.

S. A. FOUTZ,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States.

FOR SALE BY
S. WICKES & SON, Chestertown, Md.
S. P. BENNY, Galena. my16y

Public Notice.

ORDERED, that the public be notified thro' the County papers, that *they* are empowered to remove the obstructions upon the public road across the Mill Dam at Urieville, and the County Commissioners will sustain them against any action that may be taken by Wm. T. Smith.

JOHN RUSSELL, Clerk
To Kent County Commissioners.
May 8, 1869—3t.

Dividend Notice.

ESTATE OF ABSALOM DOBBS.

On application ordered, that Wm. Vannort, administ'r of Absalom Dobbs, dec'd, give notice by advertisement that a dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made in this Court on TUESDAY, the 25th day of May, 1869. Test: EDWIN CROUCH,
Reg. of Wills.

N. B.—All creditors of Absalom Dobbs are hereby notified and requested to file their claims properly authenticated, with the Register of Wills, on or before Tuesday, the 25th of May, 1869, or they will otherwise be excluded from the dividend in the personal estate.

May 1, 1869-3t. WM. VANNORT, Adm'r.

CEMETERY NOTICE.

Persons wishing to improve their Lots in Public Cemeteries and Private Burial Grounds, will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call and examine our large and new stock of

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE MONUMENTS,
MONUMENTAL TABLET HEAD
AND
FOOT STONES,
VASES AND STATUARY.

All of new and beautifully proportioned designs, at the STEAM MARBLE WORKS of GADDESS BROS.,
ap3-y. Sharp and German sts., Baltimore.

WANTED, a SITUATION in a Dry Goods or Drug Store, by a YOUNG MAN who has had two years experience at the business. Reference given if required.
Address "H," Chestertown, Md. a24-3t.