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For the "Kent News."

Worton Agricultural Club.

Messrs. Editors:—The subject that has occupied the attention the Farmers' Club of Worton at the last two meetings has been "Home Made Manures," a subject that comes home to every farmer. Probably nothing evinces the improvidence of farming as now conducted in our county more plainly than this subject of "home made manures." Many of us pay from thirty to seventy or eighty dollars a ton for a compounded mixture (manufactured by parties at a distance), the ingredients of which the farmer knows nothing, whilst fertilizing materials, quite as valuable, on his own premises, are allowed to be wasted by exposure and want of care, and which, at much less cost than the purchased article, would produce better results. The Club considered it excellent economy to have a suitable place near the kitchen to receive all the ashes, sweepings, soap suds, and dirt of various kinds, cleanings of chicken houses, turkey houses, &c., together with various other things easily named and familiar to farmers, and which by the addition of a load or two of scrapings from fences and ditches or muck from the swamps at short intervals, would become in the course of a year, a large and valuable pile of compost. Attention was called to the muck in our creeks, and some of the members thought the time would come when this muck would be composted and largely used. When wet it is quite black, becoming brighter when dried, and is not only sediment from the water, but is the remains of thousands of years' growth of sea weed; and as the water in all the creeks where these deposits are is quite salt, the muck doubtless contains large quantities of saline properties, so beneficial to most crops.—Some of the members, and some visitors from the Farmers' Club at Rees' Corner, held that the cost of obtaining the muck, composting it, and applying it to the land, would be more than it would be worth. If some farmer who has the means and the opportunity would institute some careful experiments with this article, its worth could easily be decided, and if found to be valuable, and it could be obtained at a cost that would justify its use, an immense benefit would accrue to our county, and perhaps a large part of the money that is expended annually for foreign fertilizers would be retained. Your correspondent has a high theoretical opinion of its value, but has never made or heard of any reliable experiments to test its fertilizing qualities.

Considerable attention was given to what is known as barnyard manure, its manufacture, care, and application. It was held that fodder and straw by passing through animals gained no fertilizing qualities, and that if the straw and fodder could be applied to the land directly, better results would be obtained, but where an animal was fed on stronger food, such as grain, blades or hay, the straw used for bedding and litter was much increased in value by absorbing and retaining the valuable and volatile properties of the excrements. But in this connection it was stated that a gentleman of large experience, of unquestionable veracity, and a land owner in our county, had said that as a measure of economy he would prefer to purchase a certain manipulated fertilizer at its market price than draw the average of barnyard manure one mile. If chemistry and science have succeeded in discovering and combining articles that justify this statement, a very important era in farming has been reached, and it is in the power of every farmer to increase the fertility of his land *ad infinitum*, as it seems to be a fact that the supply of these mixed fertilizers is only limited by the demand. Yours, PARTICEPS.

CROPS IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the lateness of the spring, reports from the growing crops are generally favorable. It is yet too early for many important staples to make any certain development. There is no doubt, however, that a great breadth of cotton has been planted, and that, except in a few scattered localities, a good "stand" has been made. The season at the West has been extremely favorable to the sowing of the spring wheat, while of winter wheat the accounts are pretty generally favorable; from Ohio in particular the reports are all that could be desired. The lateness of the season in this quarter promises a good yield of fruits, which in an early spring are in danger, from premature budding and blossoming, of being nipped by untimely frosts. The current high prices of tobacco will undoubtedly stimulate a great effort to increase the growth of that staple, and it is evident that this may be done with perfect security, for the supplies of it in all the great markets of the world are much curtailed. A full yield in the coming season of such great staples as cotton, breadstuffs, provisions, and tobacco, will afford great aid to the effort to bring our currency to par of gold, and promote the return of the great industrial interests of the country to a period of prosperity.—*New York World.*

RADICAL SENTIMENTS IN VIRGINIA.—At the Radical meeting on Saturday evening, Dr. Bayne, the colored orator, thanked God for the great calamity that killed about seventy-five persons and wounded double that number in Richmond, three weeks ago. Bayne regarded this awful and appalling accident as a visitation of Providence upon the white race in Virginia. These sentiments were warmly and loudly applauded by the mass of sable listeners, and, strange, to say, there were in that audience men whose faces were white, who acquiesced in Bayne's sentiment and in the applause which followed its utterance without attempting to correct or reprove this worse than cannibal feeling, which gloated over the destruction of the lives of so many human beings.—*Norfolk Journal.*

ACRES OF STRAWBERRIES.—A correspondent of the Petersburg (Va.) Index states that owing to great profits which have been realized the cultivation of fruit in the vicinity of Norfolk has become almost entirely limited to strawberries.—The extensive peach orchards of former years have died out, and no pains taken to replace them. The number of acres in strawberries this season is represented to be about twelve hundred, the aggregate yield of which may be stated at hardly less than five millions of quarts. But the rapacious maw of the great northern markets, from Baltimore to Boston, is capable of taking in the whole, and the demand is for more.

MR. SHERMAN ON INCOMES AND THE PRESS.—In the speech of Senator Sherman on the national finances, in the Senate on Monday, he referred to the income tax, and stated that there are English authorities without number in favor of this tax, and, said he, it would be a very sorry spectacle for this Congress to repeal the only tax on property in this country, to relieve the 279,000 people who pay this tax. He loftily added:

"It does not speak well for their patriotism that they ask it. It is the most senseless clamor that has ever been raised in this country; it is most scandalous.—There is a great cry raised in the papers about this tax; that is a sign they are doing well, and they ought to be willing to pay it. If this Congress repealed the income tax he should be in favor of repealing all the taxes soon as possible.—To repeal this tax would, of course, be a very popular thing with the 279,000 well-to-do people who pay this tax."

The above is in Mr. Sherman's usual style, rather superficial and dogmatic.—The past winter having been unsuccessfully spent for the benefit of the monopolists, and all tariff reform gone by the board, the oppressive, unequal and inquisitorial tax on incomes, which as part of the internal tax system, and unlike the tariff, requires the services of a large army of officeholders, is now the order of the day. Mr. Sherman talks of the small number who pay the tax, not choosing to remember that if 279,000 people only day the tax, it is because more than that number perhaps evade it, and thus it becomes more unjust to those who are honest enough to pay. He speaks of the outcry raised by the papers against this injustice as a sign that newspapers are doing well, ignorant or reckless as he is of the fact that the most of those engaged in the conduct of newspapers are employees, whose income is earned by their daily labor, and by much harder labor than that connected with senatorial dignity, and who, when broken down by their incessant toil, will have nothing more to tax. The press people come in contact to the very largest extent, with those in the different walks of active, respectable employment, and it is the bond of sympathy running through this class of hardworking men that finds utterance in the press. The number of large capitalists who pay the income tax is probably but a small proportion to the class of which we are speaking. Yet because men whose humble industry is loaded with this heavy income burden presume to remonstrate, they are denounced for their "most senseless clamor," "most scandalous" clamor, and told that "it does not speak well for their patriotism," that virtue consisting in pecuniary deprivation in a vain effort to fill the sieve of the public revenue faster than it runs out. But the objection of the capitalist himself to the income is well founded also—in that it is inquisitorial and perplexing, to say nothing of the inequalities that come out of its evasion by many, in whole or in part. Any man of wealth or large income would prefer to pay the same amount of tax assessed in any other way. Mr. Sherman has become somewhat noted for *ad captandum* speechification, and also as a financial doctor who has one remedy only, always a surface one, being a fresh plaster for every new phase of disease.—*Balt. Sun.*

THREE THOUSAND HOGS ROASTED ALIVE.—The stock-pens of Gaff's distillery, in Cincinnati, containing 4,200 hogs, were burned on Wednesday morning. Three thousand hogs were roasted to death.—The scene is said to have been as grand as it was horrible. Great columns of flame, fed by the living fuel, shot upward thousands of feet, and rolled off in dense masses of black smoke. The outcry of the frightened animals as they crowded one above the other into the corners of the pens remotest from the fire, until its rapid approach first scorched and then consumed them, awed the spectators, who stood looking helplessly on. Every effort made at least to save a portion of the hogs, the greater proportion being hopelessly cut off. But a little over a thousand of the animals were gotten out in all, and the rest of the 4,200 were literally broiled alive.

TERRIBLE HAIL STORM.—A terrific hail storm passed over Bolingbroke Neck, Trappe District, on Friday last. We learn that the hail lay in some places as much as six inches in depth on the ground, with some stones as large as hen's eggs. The wheat was mashed flat to the ground, and where corn was up, it was of course served in the same manner. The fruit trees suffered, and the entire damage was of a very considerable amount.—*Easton Journal.*

TO THE POINT.—A Boston merchant expresses his opinion that "if Congress would adjourn for ten years; business would start up, and the country would soon be in a prosperous condition."

Shaking and Burning.

It is not necessary to journey from the tropics to Alaska in order to experience the extremes of heat and cold. Thousands undergo all the inconveniences of this thermometrical change every day, or every other day, as the case may be, without the trouble of moving over the threshold. A word with these involuntary shakers. What are they doing to expedite their return to a medium temperature?—to break the chills and banish the fever? Are they dosing themselves with quinine, thereby imperiling the soundness of their bones and impairing the vigor of their brains and nervous system? Some of them are, no doubt, but not the majority of them, it is believed. The value of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a harmless and certain specific for fever and ague is understood and appreciated in all parts of the country where intermittents prevail. The residents of such localities begin to take it early in the spring as a protection against the miasma by which they are surrounded; not all of them, perhaps, for a blind adherence to error is the specialty of some people, but the greater number.

If there is any fixed fact in therapeutics, it is this: that the Bitters are a far better safeguard against all the varieties of periodic maladies produced by unwholesome exhalations than any drug or compound in the materia medica of the profession. This assertion is made with all due respect to the faculty, but being an important truth, and one that nearly concerns the health of large settlements in various parts of the country, and indeed of the public at large, it is made fearlessly. Founded on ample and unimpeachable testimony, it defies disproval.

To break up chills and fevers, as well as to prevent them, there is nothing so reliable as this wholesome vegetable restorative.

$2,000 A YEAR AND EXPENSES to agents to sell the celebrated WILSON SEWING MACHINES. The best machine in the world. *Stitch alike on both sides.* One Machine without money. For further particulars address 25 N. 9th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. mh12-3m.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of one writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Circuit Court of Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of George B. Ford, use of John Brice, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Stephen A. Biddle, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Stephen A. Biddle, of, in and to all that

FARM or TRACT OF LAND,
And the Improvements thereon,

situated two miles from Chestertown, on the Stage road to Elkton, adjoining the lands of Jas. A. Pearce, David Biddle and others, and generally known as

"ROSE HILL,"
Containing 274 ACRES,
MORE OR LESS,

this being the same property, recently sold by M Bannon, Esq., as attorney for Stephen A. Biddle, and purchased by David Biddle.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 28th of May,* 1870, at 3 o'clock, A. M., at the Court House door in Chestertown, I will sell the said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

JOSEPH E. GILPIN, Late Sh'ff.
Sheriff's Office, May 7, 1870—ts. [6 25]

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of 2 writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by Thomas J. Britton, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent County, one at the suit of Samuel Johnson, use of Henry S. Pratt, against Wm. Hurtt as security for George Rasin, and one at the suit of S. W. Boyer, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Wm. Hurtt, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said William Hurtt, of, in and to the following property, to wit:

ALL THAT TRACT OF LAND,
Called "Ringgold's Adventure,"

which was conveyed to said William Hurtt by Joseph Morris, Trustee, containing

50 Acres, more or less,

and adjoins the lands of David C. Blackiston, Esq., and others.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 4th day of June,* 1870 At Two o'clock, P. M., in Millington, I will sell the said property so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said writs, interest and cost due and to become due thereon. JOHN H. THOMAS,
my14-ts. [5 50] Constable.

Constable's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued by James Graves, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of John K. Willis, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Jacob Toomy and Catharine Toomy, negroes, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Jacob Toomy and Catharine Toomy, in and to all that

HOUSE AND LOT,

in Chestertown, on Bridge Street, adjoining the property of W. Perkins, negro, and called "The Great Eastern Oyster Saloon."

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 4th of June,* 1870, at Eleven o'clock, A. M., at the Market House in Chestertown, I will sell the said property at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

JOHN H. GREENWOOD,
my-14ts ($4 75) Constable.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

THE KENT COUNTY R. R. CO.
Having made arrangements with me to
RUN A HACK DAILY
FROM CHESTERTOWN
to connect with the
Railroad at Kennedyville

I will leave the Voshell House at 5.30, A. M., and returning will leave Kennedyville on the arrival of the train, say about 1 P. M., and arrive at Chestertown at or about 2.30. I will call for passengers anywhere in Chestertown when notified in due time.

Persons wishing to procure passage on this line going from Chestertown are requested to register their names, &c., the previous evening on a slate kept for that purpose at the Drug Store of John L. Stam & Son, or notify me personally. Small bundles or packages will be carried and attended to for Express or otherwise, when left at the said Drug store, properly and plainly marked. Packages for Express will be carefully attended to, and the Express Company's receipt taken therefor. Reasonable compensation asked and pre-payment required from Chestertown to Townsend.

I will call at Mr Stam's store every morning before leaving, and will leave the following places for Kennedyville at the hours named:

Voshell House at	5 30 A.M.,	Fare 75c.
Junction near College Hill	5.40 "	" 75c.
Chincopin Lane at	5 55 "	" 70c.
Goose Hill at	6 10 "	" 60c.
End of Quaker Lane at	6.25 "	" 40c.
Urieville at	6 30 "	" 30c.
Arrive at Kennedyville at	6.50 "	

All baggage over 50 lbs will be charged extra.
JOHN W. RASIN.

☞ Persons will observe by the above arrangement that a trip can be made from Chestertown to Middletown, New Castle, or as far as the Wilmington Junction, and return by 2½ o'clock. m21-tf

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!!
—AT—
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
T. W. ELIASON & SON

Invite the attention of Buyers to their
Large Assortment of
CALICOES, DELANES, GINGHAMS
ARMURES, LINENS, COTTONADES,
Bleached and unbl'd MUSLINS, TICKINGS,
PLAID DOMESTICS, DUCKS,
DRILLINGS, &c.

They invite particular attention to their assortment of SPRING CASSIMERES FOR BOYS' WEAR, very low, and to their new stock of BLACK ALPACAS, at reduced rates, and to their very large assortment of
Ladies, Misses, Children's and Infant's
PLAIN AND FANCY
BOOTS & SHOES, GAITERS, &c.
Also, to an attractive stock of *Men's, Youth's and Boys' Plain and Fancy HATS of the Latest Styles.*

☞ THESE GOODS have been purchased *at the present Low prices,* and are offered at a *very small advance on cost.*
Chestertown, April 16, 1870.

Attention Farmers.

The undersigned having taken the
WHEELWRIGHT SHOP
In connection with the
BLACKSMITH SHOP
AT KENNEDYVILLE,

is prepared to do all kinds of work in both branches in a workmanlike manner.

☞ SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO REPAIRING of all kinds.

I intend to keep a good stock of material on hand, and will be prepared to furnish all kinds of NEW WORK usually made in country shops.

I keep on hand Smyrna CASTINGS; also on hand a large lot of Steel Cultivator Teeth, &c.

Thanking the public for its past patronage, I hope a continuance of the same.

TILGHMAN SHAFER,
ap2-6m. KENNEDYVILLE, Md.

Public Local Laws,

Passed by the General Assembly of Maryland at the January Session, 1870.

Act for the Protection of Bridge over Sassafras River.

CHAPTER 415.

AN ACT for the better protection of the Bridge over Sassafras River, from Fredericktown in Cecil County, to Georgetown in Kent County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That all persons passing over the Sassafras River Bridge on horseback, in carriages, carts, wagons, sleighs or other vehicles, shall be required to put their horses in a walk, otherwise to be fined five dollars for each and every offence. It shall be the duty of the Bridge tender to see to the enforcement of this Act; any Justice of the Peace for either Cecil County or Kent County in which any party violating the above provisions may be found, shall have jurisdiction in the matter. Said penalty to be recovered in the name of the County Commissioners of said Counties in an action for debt.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That all Captains, owners, masters and sailors of vessels going through the draw of said bridge, shall be required to lower and to take in as much sail as shall be necessary to prevent damage by carelessness, before going through the same, and at a sufficient distance therefrom to remove liability of injury or damage to said drawbridge by the headway of such vessels, and shall use in the management of said vessels reasonable care to prevent injury.

Section 3. And be it enacted, That any person or persons who by reason of gross neglect or inattention shall violate the second section of this Act, shall be fined twenty-five dollars for each and every such offence, and pay all damages that may be done to the said bridge.

Section 4. And be it enacted, That this act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 4th, 1870.
ODEN BOWIE, Governor.
May 14, 1870—3t.

Act to Regulate the Trial Fees of the State's Attorney.

CHAPTER 261.

AN ACT to regulate the Trial Fees of the State's Attorney for Kent county.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That in all criminal cases which may be tried in the Circuit Court for Kent county, the Judges of said Court may in addition to the sum allowed by law, as an appearance fee, allow to the State's Attorney for said County such compensation in each case by way of trial fee, as the said Judges may think just and proper; to be levied by the County Commissioners.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That for the services rendered by the State's Attorney for Kent county before committing magistrates in preliminary examinations, the Judges of the said Circuit Court for Kent county, may allow to said State's Attorney such compensation, not exceeding the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars for any one year, as the said Judges shall think just and proper.

Section 3. And be it enacted, That on or before the fifth day of June in each year, the State's Attorney for Kent county shall make up and present to the Judges of said Court, or to one of said Judges, for their inspection and approval, his account for services rendered during the fiscal year past, which account when approved by said Judge, or Judges, shall be filed with the County Commissioners for levy.

Section 4. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 4th, 1870.
ODEN BOWIE, Governor.
May 14, 1870—3t.

Act authorizing the County Commissioners to widen the Public Road at Massey's.

CHAPTER 178.

AN ACT to authorize the County Commissioners of Kent county to open, and enlarge the Public Road, in said County, passing through the village known as Massey's Cross Roads, in said County.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the County Commissioners of Kent county be, and they are hereby authorized, and empowered, to enlarge and widen the Public Road, running through the village known as Massey's Cross Roads in said County, and to enlarge the same twenty-five feet on either side, in addition to the present width, and that their mode of proceedings shall be according to the provisions of the twenty-third Article of the Code of Public General Laws of the State, prescribing the mode of opening, altering, and closing public roads in this State.

Section 2. And be it enacted, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 4th, 1870.
ODEN BOWIE, Governor.
May 14, 1870—3t.

PURNELL
HAS RECEIVED
A NEW STOCK
OF
Spring and Summer GOODS!

EMBRACED IN WHICH IS A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

MR. WM. GREENBURG, the NEW YORK TAILOR, occupies rooms over his Store, and guarantees a fit. Call and see him at
GALENA.
April 30, 1870.

New Spring Goods
NOW BEING RECEIVED and OPENED.

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS
READY MADE CLOTHING,
SHOES in Full Variety,
Both for Fine Wear and Farm use.
Full Stock of GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.

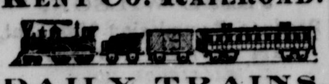
OUR GOODS ARE ALL BOOGHT AT THE CLOSEST CASH FIGURES, and our old acquaintance and buyers generally shall have no cause for complaint about prices. Our present stock is very complete and is expected to be kept full during the entire season, despite the severe strain of the Times.

THOMAS S. WICKES.
Chestertown, April 16, 1870.

LA PIERRE HOUSE,
Opposite Calvert Station, Baltimore.

THE undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to his friends of Kent and the adjoining counties, that he has leased the large and commodious Hotel, situated on the corner of Calvert and Franklin street, where he would be pleased to see all his old friends who heretofore so kindly patronized him. Terms $1.50 per day. Yours, very respectfully,
apr23-tf. JOHN C. VOSBELL.

KENT Co. RAILROAD.



DAILY TRAINS.

THE KENT COUNTY RAILROAD being completed to Kennedyville, Trains will be run daily (Sundays excepted) for FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS between Kennedyville and Townsend, where close connection will be made with trains of the Delaware Railroad, commencing on MONDAY, MAY 2nd, 1870, and run as follows until further notice:

GOING EAST.

Leave Kennedyville	7.00 A. M.
" Black's	7.10 " "
" Lambson's	7.25 " "
" Massey's	7.50 " "
" Morris'	8.00 " "
" Vandyke's	8.15 " "
Arrive Townsend	8.20 " "

GOING WEST.

Leave Townsend	11.40 A. M.
" Vandyke's	11.55 " "
" Morris'	12.05 P. M.
" Massey's	12.25 " "
" Lambson's	12.40 " "
" Black's	12 50 " "
Arrive Kennedyville	1.00 " "

☞ Passengers from Kennedyville, and all Stations on the KENT COUNTY RAILROAD, will reach Wilmington at 10.15, A. M.; Philadelphia at 11.45, A. M., and Baltimore at 1.05 P. M.

Passengers for the KENT COUNTY RAILROAD will leave Baltimore (President Street Depot) at 7.25, A. M.; Philadelphia (Depot corner Broad Street and Washington Avenue) at 8.30, A. M., and Wilmington at 10.10, A. M.

A STAGE WILL RUN
BETWEEN
CHESTERTOWN & KENNEDYVILLE

making close connection at the latter place with trains East and West. It will leave Chestertown at 5.30, A. M., and returning, leave Kennedyville on arrival of train, and reach Chesterlown about 2.30, P. M.

J. B. WINGATE,
Chief Engineer and Superintendent.
April 30, 1870—tf.

OBSTRUCTIONS ON RAIL ROADS.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION is invited to the following sections of the Public General Laws of Maryland, under the title "Crimes and Punishments:"

SEC. 159. If any person shall place anything, or cause anything to be placed, on any railroad in this State, calculated to obstruct, overthrow or direct from the track of such railroad any car, vehicle or carriage, travelling or passing on such railroad, or shall break or injure in any manner any railroad in this State, with the view or intent to obstruct or overthrow any car, vehicle or carriage, such person so offending shall be deemed guilty of felony, and upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to the penitentiary for not less than two years nor more than ten years.

SEC. 160. If the death of any person shall be occasioned by the overthrow or obstruction of any railroad car, vehicle or carriage, produced by the placing of any thing or obstruction on any railroad, or by breaking or injuring any railroad, or any bridge attached thereto, in violation of the preceding section, then the person so placing the thing, or obstructing, or breaking or injuring, shall be deemed guilty of murder.

The above law will be rigidly enforced so far as it relates to railroads under the control of the Kent County Railroad Company.

J. B. WINGATE,
m7-9m Eng'r and Superintendent.

BOWER'S COMPLETE MANURE,
FOR SPRING CROPS,
At Reduced Rates!

THE ABOVE FIRST CLASS FERTILIZER WE ARE OFFERING AT
$56 AND INTEREST PER TON
OF 2,000 POUNDS,
On TEN MONTHS TIME
To parties with approved security, subject to a Discount of 40 cents per ton per month, thus reducing the price to
$52 Cash.
ap2-tf. T. W. ELIASON & SON.

HOPE
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK.
Branch Office: 4 POST OFFICE AVENUE
BALTIMORE.
WISONG & CAVERLY, *Managers.*

BALTIMORE LOCAL BOARD:
John C. Bridges, John Duer,
Robert R. Kirkland, Alexander M. Carter,
William D. Shurtz, George Bailey,
Alexander P. Woods, R. Levering, Jr.

This is the most liberal Life Insurance Company in the United States, and the *only* company endorsing a *cash surrender value* in the policy, thereby making it a
BANKABLE PAPER.
The rates are lower than any other Mutual Company in the United States.
THE COMPANY WILL MAKE
Cash Loans on all its Policies.
All Policies Incontestable.

AGENTS can secure good territory in Maryland by addressing the
BALTIMORE OFFICE.
April 16, 1870—3m.

TO FARMERS!
"EXCELSIOR."

Containing Ammonia - - 6 *per cent.*
Super-Phosphate equivalent to Bone Phosphate of Lime, 57 "
Potash and Soda - - - 5 "

We again call the attention of the Farmers of Maryland and Virginia to our EXCELSIOR, composed of 700 pounds of No. 1 Peruvian Guano, and 1,300 pounds of Soluble Phosphate of Lime, (bones dissolved in sulphuric acid,) potash and soda, forming the most concentrated, universal and durable Fertilizer ever offered to the Farmer—combining all the stimulating properties of Peruvian Guano, and the ever durable fertilizing properties of Ground Bones.

Excelsior is in fine dry powder, prepared expressly for drilling, and can be applied in any quantity per acre, however small; and it is the opinion of many close calculating Farmers, after TWELVE YEARS experience in testing it side by side with other popular fertilizers that an application of 100 pounds of Excelsior is equal to 200 to 300 pounds of any other fertilizer or guano offered for sale, therefore is fully 100 to 200 per cent. cheaper.

☞ *The very best evidence we can offer of the value of our Excelsior as a crop grower and fertilizer, is the fact of its being imitated and counterfeited in this and other cities.*

☞ Farmers should see that the ANALYSIS name of J. J. TURNER & CO., are branded on every bag in *RED LETTERS.* All others are counterfeits.

Price $35 per Ton.
J. J. TURNER & CO.,
42 Pratt Street, Baltimore, Md.
April 2, 1870—2m.

A CHEAP LOT OF Black and colored ALPACAS, are offered for the inspection of the public, by Nov. 6. L. S. FOWLER.

☞ THE OLDEST ☜
ESTABLISHED
CLOTHING HOUSE
ON THE
EASTERN SHORE.

JOSEPH A. CATLIN,
SUCCESSOR TO
TURKHEIMER & CATLIN,

After an experience of years, a thorough acquaintance with the City Markets, and a knowledge of the wants of the trade in this locality,

Offers to the citizens of this and the adjoining Counties,
A COMPLETE
AND
CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK
OF
CLOTHING.

MEN & BOYS' CLOTHING,
OF EVERY KIND,
AND AT ALL PRICES.

Furnishing Goods!
Furnishing Goods!
Hats and Caps!
Hats and Caps!

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER,
In the Best Style and Finish.

I have secured the assistance of
MR. WM. J. McFEELEY,
AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN, LATE OF CENTREVILLE.

I AM DETERMINED, NOT ONLY TO SUSTAIN THE REPUTATION OF THIS HOUSE, BUT TO EXTEND ITS PATRONAGE BY KEEPING
AT REASONABLE PRICES,
A STOCK OF GOODS to MEET THE WANTS OF THE PEOPLE.

☞ *A call and examination of my Goods is respectfully solicited.*

JOSEPH A. CATLIN,
CHESTERTOWN.
January 15, 1870.

Wm. Crichton & Son's
AMMONIATED SOLUBLE
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

Furnishing the Essential Elements OF WHEAT, CORN, TOBACCO, COTTON and of all CEREALS which are removed from the soil in every crop.

THE TOP DRESSING for WHEAT IN THE SPRING.

Put up in Strong Bags, of 167 lbs. each, Twelve to each Ton.

Send for Pamphlets, containing Directions and Certificates.

We annex the following testimonials from hundreds received by us, of the value of this Fertilizer:

Letter from Rev. S. A. Gayley.

Coloro, Cecil co., Md., June 10, 1869.

Messrs. Crichton & Son—Dear Sirs: Your "AMMONIATED SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE" I regard as the best manure I have ever used. I dressed a lot of corn with it in the hill, putting one bag on *two and one-eighth* acres by actual measurement, (you will see that the allowance to each hill was very small.) It has acted like a charm. That lot of corn is the best in the neighborhood, of any planted at the same time. From what it has done for me I give it the preference to any I have ever tried.

Yours, respectfully, S. A. GAYLEY.

Annapolis Junction, Md, June 27, '69.

"I used the AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATES manufactured by you, with the greatest success on my wheat and vegetable garden.

I planted corn with it last May, and from present appearances it will not be surpassed by any in my county. I prefer your combination of Plant Food to Peruvian Guano, even at same price." A. P. GORMAN.

Centre Cross, Essex co., Va., July 27, '69.

"The corn upon which this fertilizer was applied at the same rate looks stout, vigorous and promising, and the "oldest inhabitant" does not claim to ever have seen a more flourishing sweet potato and watermelon patch than I have this season, from the use of a handful of this manure to the hill." Truly yours,
R. P. W. FAUNTLEROY.

Newbern, N. C, Feb. 19, 1870.

Last season I purchased the AMMONIATED SUPER PHOSPHATE from your agent in this city, and applied it upon Corn. I am satisfied that it increased the yield fully one-half.
CHAS. H. LATHAM.

WM. CRICHTON & SON,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.
April 2, 1870—2m.

TO CORN GROWERS!
J. J. TURNER & CO.'S
Ammoniated Bone Super-Phosphate

ANALYSIS:

Ammonia	2.88
Soluble Phosphate of Lime	29.51
Bone Phosphate of Lime	10 67

For Corn, Oats and Spring crops generally it has no superior. Very high encomiums have also been paid its efficacy in the growth of Wheat and Tobacco the past three years, ever since its introduction. Composed of the most concentrated materials, it is richer in Ammonia and Soluble Phosphates than any other fertilizer sold, except our "Excelsior," and is made with same care and supervision—uniform quality guaranteed. Fine and dry, in excellent order for drilling. Packed in bags and barrels. PRICE $55 PER TON.

J. J. TURNER & CO.,
ap2-2m. 42 Pratt Street, Baltimore, Md.

MORO PHILLIPS'
GENUINE IMPROVED
SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.
STANDARD GUARANTEED.

REDUCTION IN PRICE, and IMPROVED IN QUALITY BY THE ADDITION OF POTASH.

This article is already too well known to require any comments upon its agricultural value. Ten years experience has fully demonstrated to the Agricultural community, its Lasting qualities on all Crops, and the introduction of Potash gives it additional value.

PRICE $52.00 PER TON, 2,000 pounds.
☞ Discount to Dealers.

PURE PHUINE,
SUPERIOR to PERUVIAN GUANO
Patented April 29, 1860.
MANUFACTURED BY
MORO PHILLIPS.

PRICE $52.00 PER TON, 2,000 LBS.
Discount to Dealers.
For Sale at Manufacturer's Depots:
110 S. DELAWARE AV.,
Five Doors below Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,
—AND—
95 SOUTH STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
And by Dealers in General throughout the country.
MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.
April 2, 1870—7m.

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Come One and All, to
ROBERT E. HOLTZ'S
Carriage Factory,
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Where you can have built to order out of the best material, the Latest Styles of
BUGGIES, SULKEYS, JAGGERS, ROCKAWAYS, PHÆTONS,
GERMANTOWNS and EXPRESS WAGONS,
PAINTING, TRIMMING
and REPAIRING, done with neatness and dispatch, and twenty per cent. lower than you can get elsewhere, and guaranteed at that.—Look what a saving that will be.

Feeling sure that I can give entire satisfaction I most respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. ROBERT E. HOLTZ,
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Persons wishing to improve their Lots in Public Cemeteries and Private Burial Grounds, will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call and examine our large and new stock of
ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE MONUMENTS,
MONUMENTAL TABLET HEAD
AND
FOOT STONES,
VASES AND STATUARY,
All of new and beautifully proportioned designs, at the STEAM MARBLE WORKS of GADDESS BROS.,
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PILES or HEMORRHOIDAL TUMORS, INTERNAL and EXTERNAL, BLIND, BLEEDING AND ITCHING, positively, perfectly and permanently CURED without pain, danger, instruments or caustics, BY W. A. McCANDLESS, M. D., 1826 SPRING GARDEN ST., Philadelphia, who can refer you to over *Eleven hundred* of the best citizens of Philadelphia, who have been cured. A practice of *eleven years* as a *specialty* in this *disease* without a failure, *warrants a cure in all cases.* 6 29-y.