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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, July 9, 1870.

THE ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.—Some of the Senators are desirous of extending for at least ten days the time fixed for the adjournment of Congress, the 15th inst., being apprehensive that the necessary public business cannot be transacted by that time, but the House is not disposed to consent to such an extension, the members who have expressed their views upon the subject believing that, with less talking in the Senate, there will be no difficulty in adjourning at the time already agreed upon.

RE-ENACTMENT OF THE INCOME TAX.—The Senate, on Friday of last week, restored the income clause to the tax bill in a modified form. It is to run for two years, and the tax is to be 2½ per cent. on all incomes over $2,000. The press of the country without distinction of party condemn in strong terms this sudden backing down of the Senate from its former noble position.

REJECTION OF THE SAINT DOMINGO TREATY.—The United States Senate last week rejected the St. Domingo treaty, to the great disgust of the President. Gen. Grant, it is said, was so interested in the success of this treaty that he actually visited the Senate several times to press its acceptance. The General seems to be losing his personal influence with the Senate.

IDAHO has gone Democratic, electing Samuel Merritt delegate to Congress by a majority of from 800 to 900. Every county in the Territory heard from gives Democratic majorities on the general ticket with the exception of one, where there is said to be a tie vote. All the county officers elected, with a few scattering exceptions, are Democrats.

THE NEW FOUNTAIN HOTEL.—The subscription of $300,000 having been secured for the erection of a new hotel nearly upon the site of the old Fountain Hotel, Light street, Baltimore, the *Sun* says it is understood that the Messrs. Adams, the contractors, design commencing taking down the old building at once, and expect to have the bricklayers at work in less than thirty days.

IMPORTANT LEGISLATION.—A Washington dispatch dated July 6, says:

The Senate to-day in considering the House river and harbor appropriation bill adopted an amendment proposed by Mr. Vickers appropriating $42,000 for the improvement of the Patapsco river.—The engineer's estimate is $107,000, but as the sum named could only be used during this year it was thought best to appropriate it. Mr. Vickers also got through an appropriation of $12,000 for improving the waters at the mouth of the Susquehanna, and also an amendment to provide for surveying the harbors of Queenstown and Cambridge, Md.

AMALGAMATION IN THE ARMY.—By the appointment of negroes to West Point, Radicalism made its first direct onslaught upon the respectability and efficiency of the Army. This has been followed by the assignment of white recruits to the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry Regiments, composed of negroes. The excuse, such as it is, being that it is impossible to obtain negroes in replenishment of the ranks, owing to the demands of active service upon this branch of the Army. The infatuated desire of the present party in power to amalgamate the races in this country in every possible manner increases in force and ingenuity day by day. It is most surely hastening the end in the conflict of race; as to suppose that the white people of the land of any class or position will tamely submit to such indignities and degradations, is a mad folly to all but the wretched miscegenationists of the New England States. In this case it is an instance of particular outrage and infamy. The amalgamation and social contact of men in a regiment is inevitable and unavoidable; but it will work its own condemnation. This is the thin edge of the wedge. Other instances in other branches of the service will rapidly follow, and then as no white man with any pretence to decency or self-respect can be induced to enlist in our military forces, the army will be composed exclusively of negroes or the lowest and most debased of the white race. A pleasant picture of the future is thus drawn by the hand of Radicalism. If it be not social equality of the broadest type, what is it?

THE RICHMOND ELECTION CASE.—Judge Guigon, of the Hustings Court, has rendered a decision in the contested election case recognizing the Republican candidates as duly elected. The Richmond *Journal* of Tuesday afternoon says that the Court room was crowded to hear the decision, and that "although the Conservatives present, and particularly those deeply interested, were evidently disappointed, as they had expected, strangely enough, a decree in their favor, yet the majority of the people seem to be well satisfied."

NATURALIZATION.—The Senate dances forward and back as absurdly on the naturalization laws as upon the income tax. Its last decision is that Mr. Sumner's amendment striking the word "white" out was very dangerous, for that it permitted Chinese naturalization. That is now safely repealed, and only African naturalization permitted. Imagine the learned disciples of Confucius puzzling their brains to understand the philosophy of American legislation.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS now weighs seventy-six pounds.

KENT COUNTY RAILROAD—*Change of Route.*—A meeting of the Directors of the Kent County Railroad Company was held on Thursday, when the question of a change of the location of the road from Duyer's was discussed, and a resolution adopted unanimously that it should curve to Chestertown from that point, instead of following the "ridge," as had been agreed upon. All the Directors were present except Mr. Handy. This unanimity of action upon so important a matter should be a subject of congratulation by all persons interested in the success of the road. The change will no doubt have a salutary effect upon the sale of the Company bonds, and it is now expected to dispose of them at a price that will insure the completion of the road to its Western terminus at Deep Landing.

RESISTING AN OFFICER—*Case of Shooting.*—A colored man named Geo. Washington Vance was brought before Justice Russell on Saturday last, on the charge of perjury at the late corporation election in this town, and held in his own recognizance to appear for a hearing on Thursday. Failing to appear at the time appointed, a warrant was issued for his apprehension and placed in the hands of Constable R. P. Stewart, who found Vance at work on the farm of Mr. J. M. Hudson, near the Trappe. He refused to accompany the officer, and would not yield to persuasion, when Mr. Hudson was summoned to assist in making the arrest.—Vance then ran, followed by the officer, who fired at him three times, two shots taking effect in his right hip. He then yielded and was brought before Justice Russell, who held him in $100 for a further hearing, R. C. Crawford becoming his security. Dr. Whaland extracted one of the balls, and pronounced the wounds not dangerous.

ANOTHER ESCAPE FROM JAIL.—George Bordley, one of the negroes committed to our county jail some six weeks since on the charge of robbing the store of Mr. F. H. Harper, at Still Pond, effected his escape therefrom on Monday night last by forcing the window bars. This makes two prisoners who have recently escaped from our jail, and its insecure condition should command the attention of the county commissioners.

THE FOURTH.—There was no public celebration of the Fourth of July in Chestertown. The stores and offices were closed and business generally suspended. The Reed Rifles, Captain Perkins, had a dress parade morning and evening. Some enjoyed themselves in fishing, crabbing, and sailing, but the greater portion seemed disposed to take it easy, and were to be found sitting in shady places about the streets.

I. O. O. F.—The following gentlemen have been installed as officers of Amicable Lodge, No. 117, I. O. O. F., of Chestertown, for the present term:—N. G., S. L. Rawleigh; V. G., R. C. Crawford; Secretary, E. C. Rieche; Treasurer, S. W. Rawleigh; Warden, Howard Jefferson; I. G., Albert L. Usilton; O. G., H. O. Payne; C., A. J. Fiddis.

THE NATIONAL CAMP.—Arrangements have been made by the Superintendent of the Kent County Railroad Company by which round trip tickets will be issued from Kennedyville for the National Camp Meeting at Wilton Grove, Harford county, at $3.85, instead of $4.10, as heretofore advertised. The Chester River Steamboat Company will also issue round trip tickets for $3.00.

PICNIC.—The M. P. Sabbath School of Chestertown spent a very pleasant day in the woods at Airy Hill on Wednesday. Singing, swinging, playing, with a good dinner, and an abundance of ice-cream and cake, entered into the enjoyments of the day.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—The following are the officers elect of Kent Lodge, No. 40, K. of P., of Chestertown, for the present term:—V. P., J. A. Shaw; W. C., R. S. Usilton; V. C., J. K. Aldridge; R. S., J. N. Dodd; F. S., J. H. Plummer; B., L. S. Fowler; G., S. F. Smith; I. S., J. F. Howard; O. S., J. C. Usilton.

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.—The annual commencement exercises of Washington College will be held on Wednesday next.

THE population of Princes Anne is reported as follows: Whites 421, Colored 350—total 771. The "True Marylander" says: "This is rather disappointing to our citizens who were sure that we numbered 1000 souls, and some even claimed 12 or 1500 for us—But there is one consolation; what we lack in quantity we make up in quality."

THE Wilmington (Del.) Commercial states that the peach growers are refusing now to contract to deliver peaches on the railroad at $1 a basket for the coming season, believing that the crop will not be more than half as large as that of last year.

DROWNED.—The Centreville *Observer* states that Henry C. Harris and a son of William Harris, aged about 12 years, of Kent Island, were capsized and drowned on the 27th ult.

THE first peaches of the season, were shipped from Princes Anne, Maryland, on Tuesday last. They were of the Hale's Early variety.

THE contract for building a new jail and sheriff's house at Elkton has been awarded to John C. Comfort, of Cumberland, Pa., for $24,800.

SAMUEL W. ROBERTS, Esq., a useful and enterprising citizen of Middletown, Delaware, died last week.

CABINET CHANGES.—A Washington dispatch to the Baltimore *Sun*, of Thursday last, says:

It was stated in these dispatches a few days since that Secretary Fish would probably resign this week, and it can be added now that his desire in that respect has already been communicated to the President, who is very loth to accept the resignation. Should Mr. Fish, however, insist on its acceptance, he will doubtless be tendered in turn a foreign mission, possibly that to England or Berlin. As Mr. Motley is to be re-called at once, it is thought that Mr. Fish will be nominated for the English mission. No one presumes to speculate on the name of the successor for the State Department, should a change be at once effected, but New Yorkers are confident that Edwards Pierrepoint is the coming man. Collector Grinnell, of New York, has been tendered the mission to Berlin, vice George Bancroft, to be removed, but has declined the tender, and prefers the naval office in New York, to which he has just been nominated by the President

THE ALARMING REPORTS FROM THE INDIANS.—Washington, July 6.—Notwithstanding the recent alarming reports from official sources, mentioning indications of immediate general Indian hostilities, the bureau here is inclined to think, from communications received from its agents, that the season has advanced to a period which will not favor any such movement among the Indians, and consequently regard the majority of the reports recently published as by no means entitled to credit.

Major Randall, of the Cheyenne agency, who is here in charge of the Sioux delegation, and whose experience in Indian matters, gathered this spring, is entitled to consideration, does not believe that all the uncivilized Indians on the plains and western reservations will have the temerity to war against the government; that vast numbers of them are so disposed, is, however, unquestionable, and the Bucks declare that unless the great father fills them up with meat all the plains Indians will go on the war path.—Reports are very contradictory, and while warlike statements come from one part of the Indian section, peaceful indications are detailed from others. The Indian office depreciates the stories from the West, which are frequent, and assert that the majority of them are very much exaggerated.

PAT WOODS IN CONGRESS.—The House of Representatives on Wednesday again took up the case of Patrick Woods, charged with assaulting Congresman Porter, in Richmond, on the 30th of May last, and proceeded to discuss the report of the majority of the committee and the resolution sentencing him to be imprisoned three months in the jail of the District, and the report of the minority of the committee and their resolution directing that Woods be returned to the Hustings Court in Richmond, to be dealt with according to law. There was no final result. General Butler proposed to confine him as long as this Congress lasts. Woods was present at the bar of the House during the proceedings. The democrats took the ground that as the evidence showed that Woods did not know Porter when he assaulted him, he did not, therefore, attack him for anything that came within the privileges of a member of Congress as defined by the constitution.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—William Darling, whilst engaged in assisting Mr. Wm. H. Wilmer to thresh his wheat on Thursday, was killed under distressing circumstances. It seems that he was engaged in pouring the unseparated wheat and chaff into the thresher, and in order to prevent the chaff from falling down his neck had bound a small boat sail, made of strong duck, around his neck, leaving a tail to it. Whilt pouring in a basketful of wheat and chaff the tail of the sail caught into the rod which connects the horse-power and thresher, and he was snatched against the thresher with such violence as to cause his death in a few minutes. His skull and breast bones were completely shattered. This should serve as a timely warning to others to be careful how they risk danger around fast machinery.—*Centreville Observer.*

SCARLET FEVER.—An eminent physician robs scarlet fever of many of its terrors, by prescribing for the patient warm lemonade, with a little mucilage as often as desired, and the applications of warmth to the stomach. He directs that a cloth should be wrung out of hot water and laid on the stomach, renewing it as often as it cools. Nothing else but the lemonade is to be given. With this treatment he guarantees that not one in a hundred cases will prove fatal. We have known cider alone to cure more than one obstinate case. A vegetable acid appears to be a specific in colds and fevers.

LEGALIZED HOLIDAYS.—The Senate having passed the House bill, making certain days legalized holidays throughout the United States, it will go into effect at once. The 22d day of February, New Year's Day, Good Friday, Fourth of July, and Christmas Day are made legal holidays by the bill.

STATE Treasurer Merryman reports that on the first of July there was on deposit to the credit of the State of Maryland $309,226.13 in the First National Bank, at Annapolis, and $134,650.62 in the Farmers' Nat. Bank at Annapolis.

GOLD is coming down. The bids for the one million sold by the government in New York on Wednesday ranged from 110½ to 111½. On Friday there was another sale of over two millions on account of the sinking fund.

JAMES MURPHY, a police officer of Baltimore, was murdered by three rowdies on Monday, the offence being that he had interfered with their blackguardism of females on the street. They were arrested and committed for trial.

THE *Easton Star* says "it is thought that Judge H. H. Goldsborough, of Talbot county, will be the Radical candidate for Congress in this district."

THE city tax of Wilmington, Del., for the present year is $17 on every $100 of assessable property! So much for radical economy.

IT is said that Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton intends to run for Congress in the First Ohio district.

THE population of Port Deposit, Md., is 1,810—thirteen more than Elkton.

THE LESSON FROM THE PACIFIC.—There is something more in the Oregon victory than appears on the surface. At this distance it seems nothing more than the ordinary thrashing we are giving the Radicals every day, while the fact is, the Oregon Democracy were fighting against the whole strength of the Administration, thrown against them with a desperation seldom before known on the Pacific coast. The cause of this unusual conflict was the desire of the Administration to secure the return of George H. Williams to the United States Senate. With the exception of Mr. Trumbull, and perhaps Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, Mr. Williams is the intellectual superior of every other Radical in the Senate. Unlike most of the leading men of his party in that body, he is an unwavering supporter of Mr. Grant and his policy. Hence the anxiety of the administration to keep him in his place for another term. Plotting has been going on in Washington for several months. Money was sent across the continent and freely distributed, as a corruption fund, among the large towns. Federal office-holders were changed about to suit the whims of certain localities. Appropriations for improving the Columbia river and building sundry courthouses and postoffices were pushed through Congress, Mr. Williams being conspicuously their promoter. Further than this, Congress changed the election day in Washington Territory so as to correspond with that in Oregon, because it had been charged that repeaters from the Territory had carried the last State election for the Democrats. In spite of all this money, this intrigue and this official influence, the Democrats have succeeded in electing the new Legislature and defeating the aspirations of Mr. Williams. The triumph is no ordinary one. It shows that the great reaction against Radicalism is as strong on the remote borders of the country as in the vicinity of the national capital. The Administration, with all its power and patronage, is unable to carry one of the weakest of the States.—*New York News.*

THE PROPERTY OF MARRIED WOMEN.—A bill, giving married women the right to the control of their own property and earnings, has passed to its second reading in the British Parliament, and seems likely to become a law. In the course of the debate, one member said that at present a woman in Great Britain forfeited by marrying all that she possessed, all that she might derive through legacies, and all that she might earn through her own industry. All passed to the husband. It was an honorable state, no doubt, on which the woman entered through marriage; but as respected her personal property, it had the same effect as a conviction for felony. In the case of the rich, the woman was protected through settlements, which, though ignored by courts of law, were enforced by courts of equity. But that was a protection which could scarcely be obtained by women with small fortunes, and was wholly inapplicable to the case of married women earning wages.—By the last census, there were in the country 800,000 of such women. Another member said that he never went to his manufactory without having inquiries addressed to him as to when this bill would pass. He knew of scores of cases in which the earnings of poor women were taken out of their hands by their husbands on Saturday evenings, and spent in drink. The Solicitor-General also supported the bill, as demanded by every consideration of justice and good policy.

THE OFFICE SHOULD SEEK THE MAN.—William P. Preston, Esq., in answer to a question from one of the voters of the second congressional district, whether he is a candidate for the nomination for Congress at the approaching election, says: "My answer simply is, if the democratic party choose to select me as the standard-bearer of the district, I will accept the position, and endeavor to convince those who honor me with their confidence that they have not misplaced it; but if I am never to get to Congress until I manipulate my own nomination I shall never go there. I would rather remain at home than feel that, instead of representing the unbiased will of the people, I owed my position to cunning contrivances which secured my nomination. Truly thankful to the kindness of my friends, I owe it to myself to say I am among those who believe the office should seek the man, and not the man the office." This is the true principle, and worthy of example by the patriotic seekers of elective offices.

THE present census is the ninth that has been taken by the general government. The first was taken in 1790. The following are the total populations of the country as returned by the previous censuses; 1790—3,929,827; 1800—5,305,925; 1810—7293,814; 1820—9,638,131; 1830—12,866,020; 1840—17,069,453; 1850—23,101,876; 1860—31,445,089. It is a noteworthy fact that at the taking of the first census the State of New York was but fourth in order of population.—By rapid strides it gained the first rank in 1820, a position which it has since maintained.

FIRE.—On Wednesday afternoon of last week a fire occurred about two miles from Chesapeake City, by which the dwelling and barn of Mr. Samuel Stephens were destroyed and one of Mr. Stephens' children perished in the flames. His mother was also burned, whether severely or dangerously, we could not learn. A small colored boy residing with the family, is charged with setting the house on fire, which was communicated to the barn by the wind. There was no insurance on the buildings.

THE OCEAN YACHT RACE.—The yachts Dauntless, American, and Cambria, English, have begun their race across the ocean to New York, the former having the start. The vessels may be expected off Sandy Hook about July 17 or 18.—They have arranged to signal passing steamers on their route, and we shall doubtless have full intimation of the precise time at which they will pass the lightship which marks the end of the race.

GREAT TROTTING RACE.—At a trotting race on Monday, at the Fashion Course, New York, the field consisted of five of the finest horses in the country. Lady Thorne won the trot, beating George Palmer, George Wilkes, Lucy and American Girl. The winner's second mile was made in 2.28. The purse was for $5,000.

LEGAL CONSTRUCTION OF THE TERM "MODERN IMPROVEMENTS."—In the Circuit Court in the case of the Germania Savings Bank, against Gissel and Decker, the trustee, R. G. Keene, sold, by order of the court, at public auction, a house and lot on the east side of Eden street, near Madison, to Wm. A. Boyd, who subsequently filed exceptions to the ratification of the sale. The exceptions filed were that the house was advertised to be sold "with all modern improvements;" that exceptant did not have the privilege of examining the house, as he had been informed that the occupant would not allow any one to enter on the premises for that purpose; that, relying on the advertisement he had purchased the property; that subsequently, when admitted to the premises, he found the fixtures removed, and that the property did not contain "all modern improvements." Judge Pinkney on Saturday last filed an opinion in the case, in which he says that the term "with all modern improvements" is uncertain and indefinite and was not a binding representation in cases free from fraud, and ordered the sale to be ratified.—*Balt. Sun.*

GENERAL AMNESTY.—The time we think has fully arrived when our government should, not only in view of generosity, of liberality and of justice, but obedient to every other consideration, proclaim a general amnesty to the people of the South and of the whole United States.

We fought that we might live together again in national unity consonant with the true spirit of Republican liberty.—The war was waged to maintain the integrity of the Union and restore its citizens to their original rights. How can this be done if a portion of them are ostracised and debarred these privileges?

The strength of our nationality and permanency of our institutions must rest upon harmony of action and the free exercise of rights alike guaranteed to all.—This never can be unless amnesty is declared, and citizenship knows no political distinctions.

It is now five years since the war closed. To a great extent its animosities have been forgotten. The situation has long since been accepted. Let our government, therefore, annul disabilities and give an equal chance to her people.—Nothing short of an immediate General Amnesty can effect this object.

GRANT AGAIN BLEEDING THE OFFICE HOLDERS.—The Boston *Post* observes: President Grant is now in easy circumstances for all his life, made so by gifts from patriotic gentlemen who have found their reward in Cabinet offices and other positions for themselves and their relations. He has sold one gift house at a round profit, and got another, beside a lot of land in New Jersey, on which he doesn't set a large price. But this does not prevent one of his Secretaries sending a brother-in-law over the country, with a letter of introduction, asking subscriptions for the purpose of buying the President a paid up life insurance policy of $50,000. This will cost $27,000, cash, and it is the purpose of the brother-in-law of the Secretary to get the amount out of office holders and aspirants to office. When the policy is obtained, it is supposed that the President will be satisfied, having secured his own comfort during life and a tolerable portion for his family after death.

MASSACHUSETTS is not honest upon this question of negro suffrage. The Sumners and Butlers are not willing to take the "black draught" straight. The Legislature of that State had before it during its late session two amendments to the Constitution, which affected the right of suffrage. One of these, abolishing the payment of taxes, was lost, while the other requiring voters to be able to read and write, was promptly carried. Massachusetts is quite willing to force the ballot into the hands of 750,000 negroes for the South, but when it comes to Massachusetts it puts on checks and balances, so that not even the half regiment of black voters in the State will have the ballot.

SENATOR DRAKE of Missouri, declared in the Senate the other day, that, if a Democratic President should be elected, then would come the first real civil war in this country. There is no law that forbids the quacking of ducks, and drakes have the same privilege of course. So let the Missouri Drake quack on.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White, new	$1.60a1.70
" Choice Red	1.55a1.60
" Medium and good red	1.28a1.36
CORN—White	1.18a1.19
" Yellow	1.05a1.06
OATS	62a64

MARRIED:

June 28th, at Major John F. Lee's, Hall Creek farm, by Rev. Wm. Eggleston, THOMAS H. WILSON, of Chester county, Pa., to Miss M. N. SHEA, late of Chestertown, Md.

DIED:

At Rock Point, in Worton, on the 1st inst., HENRY E. TAYLOR, aged about 43 years.

On the 1st inst., at his residence in this county, MOSES SNEED, aged about 50 years.

At her late residence in this county, on the 1st instant, MARGARET F., wife of Asba B. Gill, aged 40 years.

FOR RENT,
For the ensuing year,
A DESIRABLE FARM on CHESTER RIVER, containing 300 acres of arable land.
Address "A B, Chestertown, Maryland."
July 9, 1870—3t.

WANTED, A YOUNG MAN of two or three years' experience, as Clerk and Book-keeper in a Country Store. Address Box 392, Middletown, Del., giving real name and reference. jy2-4t.

Peach Baskets.
20,000 PEACH BASKETS—Cheapest and best in the market, at $16.66 per hundred. For sale by
A. T. STOOPS,
jy2-4t. Massey's.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned are hereby notified that their accounts will be due July 1st, at which time they are positively requested to call and settle.
JOS. A. CATLIN.
Chestertown, June 25—3t.

Washington College COMMENCEMENT.
THE Annual Commencement Exercises will be held in the public hall on
Wednesday, July 13th,
at 8 o'clock, P. M.
The friends of the College, and the public generally are invited to attend.
R. C. BERKELEY, Principal.
July 2, 1870—2t.

PROPERTY AT KENNEDYVILLE
At Private Sale.
THE subscriber offers at private sale his
HOUSE AND LOT
WITH IMPROVEMENTS,
at Kennedyville. The lot is 120 feet front by 150 feet deep, and is improved by a new Two-story and a half FRAME DWELLING, containing four rooms. Also, Stable and Carriage House, Meat House, Hen House, &c., and a Pump of good water. This property is near the R. R. depot, and is a good business stand.
Persons desiring to purchase can consult the subscriber on the premises, or address him at Kennedyville. The property will be sold low, and a credit given for a part of the purchase money.
JOHN STAUFFER.
July 9, 1870—3t.

National Camp.
Round Trip Tickets.
Round trip tickets, at one fare, to the "Oakington Camp," will be sold on the KENT CO. RAILROAD, good from the 5th to the 31st of July. Fare from Kennedyville $ 3.85.
jy9-3t. J. B. WINGATE, Sup't.

CHEAP FARE
TO THE
NATION'L CAMP MEETING
To be held at WILTON GROVE, near Oakington.
Arrangements having been made with the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Rail Road, so as to furnish through tickets to the above Camp Meeting and return, for the
LOW PRICE OF $3.00,
by the way of Steamer GEORGE LAW and Philadelphia Railroad.
Tickets to be had on board of Steamer—good from 5th to 31st July, 1870.
A. T. JOYNES,
jy9-3t. Agt. Chester River Steamb't Co.

NATIONAL CAMP.
Kent Boarding Tent.
WE call the attention of the public to the preparations we have made to furnish
BOARDING,
At the Wilton Grove National Camp,
commencing July 12th and ending July 22nd.
Our tent is located in one of the shadiest parts of the Grove, and is 30x100 ft. in size
We have procured the very best cooks and waiters, and no trouble or expense has been spared to make our accommodations first class in their character.
Persons wishing to secure board will address
A. D. ALLEN, Havre de Grace, Md.,
A. L. VANNORT, Hanesville, Md.
June 25, 1870—3t.

PEACH BOXES!
40,000 PEACH BOXES—The undersigned having erected a
Steam Saw Mill and Box Factory
on Grey's Inn Creek, within half a mile of the Steamboat Wharf, are prepared to furnish Peach Growers with Boxes of the very best quality, at as low or a lower price than any firm on the Peninsula, or Baltimore city.
No agents are employed. Those buying from us get their Boxes 20 per cent. cheaper than any agents can sell them.
DIEHL, LEARY & CO.,
jy9-6t. Rock Hall, Md.

PEACH BASKETS!
THE MELLISH PATENT PEACH BASKET $15 per hundred—the excelsior Baskets of the age. Send in your orders early.
For sale by A. T. STOOPS, Maseys.
jy2-4t.

CAMP MEETING TENTS.
THE undersigned having made arrangements with a Tent Manufacturer of Baltimore, will furnish Canvas Tents to persons wishing to tent at the Camp to be held in Clement's Woods, near Chesterville, Md., commencing July 20th, at the following rates:

For tent 20 by 30 ft.	$30 00
" " 14 by 20	15 00
" " 12 by 16	12 00
" " 10 by 12	10 00

The tents will be put up and taken down at my expense. Address orders to
WILLARD MELVIN,
jy2-3t. Chesterville, Kent co.

NOTICE!
I SHALL require of all indebted to me to July 1st, 1870, whether by *note* or *account*, a *full* payment of such indebtedness prior to the 15th proximo. Croaking about bad crops will not be accepted any longer as an excuse for non-payment. Those failing to comply with this notice, will find legal process against them.
G. W. COVINGTON,
July 15—3t. Still Pond, Md.

TO FRUIT GROWERS!
WORDEN & EVANS call attention to their superior PEACH and BERRY BASKETS and CRATES, which they are manufacturing, and which cannot be surpassed in the market. Call and examine them at the Smyrna Steam Saw Mill and Machine works. Address
WORDEN & EVANS,
July 2, 1870—tf. Smyrna, Del.

London Brown Stout.
E. & G. HIBBERT'S EXPORTATION.
GUARANTEED GENUINE,
And recommended for people laboring under debility during hot weather, in store and for sale by
THOMAS S. WICKES.
July 2d, 1870.

AT A MEETING of the Farmers' Club of the Third District, held on June 16th, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That under present circumstances, the rates for freighting Grain are too high, and that 5 cents for Wheat or Corn, and 4 cts. for Oats are remunerative prices.

Resolved, That this Club, as a Club and as individuals, are determined to patronize vessels that will carry grain at these rates.
STEVENSON CONSTABLE,
je25-3t. Secretary.

DRIFT BOAT.—Found adrift in Chester river, about a half mile below Chestertown, on or about the 1st of June, a BATEAU, painted green and white, 21 ft. 9 in. long, 6 ft. wide; with washboards and sail.—The owner is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take it away.
HOWARD JEFFERSON,
July 2, 1870—3t* Chestertown.

FRUIT JARS.
THE BEST and the CHEAPEST FRUIT JARS in use, for sale by
je25. L. S. FOWLER.

MACHINE OIL,
THE NATURAL LUBRICATOR,
For sale cheap by
je25. L. S. FOWLER.

WALL BRUSHES, Shoe Brushes, Buckets, Tin Cups, Tin Plates, common Knives and Forks, com. Tea and Table Spoons, com. and good Plates and Cups and Saucers, Bowls, &c., and a general assortment of Queensware, for sale at low prices, by
je25. L. S. FOWLER.

A LOT of STONEWARE at Factory prices, Pans, Jugs, Jars and Pitchers.
je25. L. S FOWLER.

HANNA'S DIAMOND WINDOW POLISH, for sale at the Tin, Stove and Hardware Store of J. E. ALDRIDGE.

FARM FOR SALE.
THE undersigned offers at private sale his FARM, situated in Broad Neck, Kent Co., three miles below the Trappe, and
CONTAINING ABOUT 156 ACRES.
It is divided into four fields and a lot, under good fencing. There are 1000 Peach Trees, four years old, in full bearing, and 100 Apple Trees, beginning to bear.
The DWELLING is a TWO-STORY BRICK, with four rooms, and a large Kitchen. The Out-Buildings are ample and good. Water good. For further particulars, terms, &c, enquire of the subscriber.
je25-tf. JOHN J. MASLIN.

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE.
THE subscriber offers at private sale his HOUSE AND LAND at Smithville. The House is a two-story Frame, with three rooms and Kitchen below and four rooms above. There are about
Eight Acres of Land,
divided into three Lots, under good fencing. One lot in Peach Trees in full bearing.
For particulars enquire of the undersigned, or at the Kent News office.
apr30-tf. SAMUEL L. USILTON.

Constable's Sale.
BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, at the suit of the State of Maryland, and one writ of fieri facias, at the suit of John W. Wright, issued by James Graves, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent County, against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Isaac Caulk, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Isaac Caulk, col'd, in and to the following property, to wit:
ALL THAT TRACT OF LAND,
adjoining the African Church, Morgan's Creek.
Also,
Two Horses, Wagon and Harness, Dearborn, Carriage, and Boat and Seine.
And I hereby give notice, that on
SATURDAY, the 9th day of July, 1870
at Eleven o'clock, A. M., at the Market House in Chestertown, I will sell the said property so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said writs, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
ROBERT P. STEWART,
je18-ts. [5 00] Constable.

TO FARMERS!
THE HIGHEST PRICES
PAID FOR GRAIN,
DELIVERED AT ANY STATION
ON THE
Kent County Railroad
ON THE ORDER OF
ELIHU JEFFERSON, New Castle, Del.
GRAIN BOUGHT EXCLUSIVELY ON COMMISSION, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Orders filled for RAMBO & WHITE'S LIME.
PHOSPHATES.
WHANN'S,
BAUGH'S,
RHODES',
MORO PHILLIPS',
BOWER'S COMPLETE MANURE,
ALTA VELA, &c., &c.
THE MELLISH PEACH BASKET
20,000 PEACH BASKETS for sale low.
$15 per hundred.
White Oak Split Baskets at Reduced rates.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.
A. T. STOOPS,
jy2. Massey's, Kent Co., Md.

The WILSON SHUTTLE SEWING MACINE.
A NEW PATENT.—It makes a double thread Lock Stitch, precisely alike on both sides.
HAVING obtained the agency for this Celebrated Sewing Machine for Kent county, I am determined to sell it at a
LOW CASH PRICE,
within reach of every household in the land.
THIS MACHINE is simple, reliable and durable, and only costs you about one-half the price of other Machines, although it bears testimony of being superior to any other Sewing Machine in the market.
It will stitch the finest Mainsook up to the heavy shoe sole,
I am also agent for SILVERS' PATENT ELASTIC BROOM, which I am now about to introduce. Address
JOHN H. STRONG,
je25-6m, Chestertown, Md.

Ratification Notice.
JOHN GALE use of NATHAN PUMPHREY,
VERSUS
A. H. ROCKWELL.
In the Circuit Court for Kent County, in Equity.
IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the sale made and reported by MICHAEL BANNON, trustee for the sale of the real estate mentioned and described in the above entitled case, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or beforethe twenty-first day of August next; provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent County once in each of three successive weeks before the twenty-first day of July next. The Report states the amount of sales to be $3,155.00.
JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
True copy,—Test:
JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
June 25, 1870—4t.

CEMETERY NOTICE.
Persons wishing to improve their Lots in Public Cemeteries and Private Burial Grounds, will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call and examine our large and new stock of
ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE
MONUMENTS,
MONUMENTAL TABLET HEAD
AND
FOOT STONES,
VASES AND STATUARY,
All of new and beautifully proportioned designs, at the STEAM MARBLE WORKS of
GADDESS BROS.,
ap3-y. Sharp and German sts., Baltimore.

CHEAP GOODS!
COME UP TOWN and look at a Stock of seasonable goods, under the sign of A. W. SPARKS. Goods can be had there for almost nothing. The stock consists in part of Brown and Bleached Muslins, Cambric, Swiss, Jackonet, Nansook, Bobinets, Ladies' Dress Goods, Cassimers, Sattinets, Flannels, Prints, Delaines, Black Cloths, &c. A lot of Groceries, Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Vinegar, Coal Oil, Rice, Teas, and a large lot of NOTIONS. je25-3t.

1 CENT REWARD.
Ranaway from the subscriber, an indentured colored girl, named Catharine Lewis. All persons are cautioned against harboring or employing her on my account.
je18-3t. LOUISA SEWARD.

STRAW HATS,
WOOL HATS
and FUR HATS,
of various styles and qualities, at the Lowest Cash prices by L. S. FOWLER.
Chestertown, June 25, 1870.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR for sale by
je4. W. F. BAKER.