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The Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN, MD.

Saturday, Aug. 13, 1870

THE ELECTION IN NORTH CAROLINA—*Great Conservative Triumph.*—The election held in North Carolina on Thursday of last week for members of Congress and the State Legislature resulted in the success of the conservatives by a large majority. The Congressional delegation will stand five conservatives and two republicans, and the conservatives have a majority of fourteen in the Senate and thirty in the Lower House of the Legislature. Under all the circumstances, this is the most signal political triumph that has been achieved in all the country for years.

The Washington *Chronicle*, republican, derives a "lesson" from the result of this election, which it thinks "ought to be a warning" to its party, an opinion with which most people will agree, though not in the sense indicated by that paper. It compliments Gov. Holden and his friends for "fighting a brave battle," which it is possible may mean fighting against great odds, a fact which would seem to be demonstrated by the heavy conservative majorities that were developed at the polls. It may be a recognized principle of the *Chronicle's* party tactics to fight battles against political majorities with muskets, torture and a reign of terror generally, and to persist in such a course of proceeding in this enlightened age and country may evince a degree of moral pluck, but does not seem altogether republican. The *Chronicle* says, "we have lost North Carolina alone because the republicans there have not been cordially united." It is to the credit of the republicans that they could not unite upon such a platform as that inaugurated by Governor Holden—a gallows platform; a platform of brute force and despotism in which whole counties of North Carolina were pronounced in insurrection, martial-law established, unoffending citizens arrested and imprisoned, and habeas corpus suspended for no sufficient reason that is apparent, unless it be that an important election was at hand. There is certainly a "lesson" in the want of union among the republicans of North Carolina under such circumstances which the leaders of reckless radicalism may study to advantage. It is that such proceedings as those of Governor Holden are revolting to the moral sense of conscientious men of all parties, and that they are inexpedient as well as wrong; for while they are disgusting to good men on one side, they do not terrify a brave people on the other, but on the contrary inspire them to a more energetic though peaceful maintenance of their political opinions and their rights as citizens. Any party which in this country and age expects to remain united, must not employ physical force to perpetuate political domination.

THE following account of the late Radical meeting at Princess Anne, Somerset county, is copied from the *True Marylander:*

Republican Meeting.—The negroes of the lower part of our county met last Wednesday in mass meeting near Crisfield, in response to a call from their leaders. They were dressed in their gay uniforms. What a thought for white men! The Radicals hope to put down our race and carry our county by means of secret negro societies, clothed in a military uniform.

Our reporter was present and gave us a graphic account of the affair. Mr. George Whittington (negro) made the first speech, after a dinner in which white radicals and their negro superiors dined together. Then came Mr. Torbert, their late candidate for Congress, and the man who is reported as about to be their next candidate.

Mr. Torbert (we charitably suppose him to have been drunk) indulged in blasphemy until he was called to order by one of the Republicans, supposed by our reporter to have been Captain William Lawson. We honor Captain Lawson for his publicly administered rebuke. But Mr. Torbert was not disposed to come to order, but cursed on to the end, saying that it was none of their d—d business, as he was not in church. Mr. Conover (white,) from Westover, then addressed the meeting. He and Captain William Lawson did not exactly agree. Mr. Butler (negro) then closed the meeting, saying it was too soon to quarrel—wait until after next Fall. Our reporter says that at this point the proceedings became *too strong*, and he left.

WHEN the Radicals in Congress passed high tariff bills their avowed object was to "protect American industry;" to procure for the American mechanic and laboring man a fair remuneration for his labor. This sounded very well and thousands of white men were beguiled into voting for the Radical negro equality ticket by it. Now that the Massachusetts capitalists are importing cargoes of low-priced Chinese laborers to take the place of white laborers, the latter begin to see how they have been duped. All these high tariff bills are deliberate schemes to plunder and rob the labor and industry of the country and put money into the well-filled pockets of manufacturing capitalists.

COLORED DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION.—This association, says the Baltimore *Sun* of Thursday, met last evening, at headquarters, No. 51 Holiday street. There was a large attendance of members from the fifteenth, fifth, ninth and twentieth wards. The president of the association, Jonathan Waters, stated that he expected in the coming election that the colored democrats of Maryland would cast as many votes for the democratic nominee as the colored republicans would cast for their candidate. The colored men of Maryland are commencing to see that all colored men are not bound to be republicans, and to think and act for themselves.

MRS. ADELA MCKEONS, of California, is an independent candidate for Congress from her district in her own State.

WAR NEWS FROM EUROPE—*Another Battle.*—The French and Prussians had another severe battle on Friday and Saturday of last week. The French forces under General McMahon opposing the Prussian left, under the Crown Prince, in the vicinity of Worth, and on the line to Bitche and Metz, met with a disastrous defeat on Saturday, losing 4,000 prisoners, thirty guns, two standards and six mitrailleuse. Gen. McMahon was reported wounded. Worth is about twelve miles southwest from Weissenburg, twenty-five miles north from Strasbourg, and sixty miles east from Metz. It is on the east side of the Vosges mountains, and is distant from Bitche, on which the French retired, about eighteen miles.

The Prussian right advanced on Saarbrucken, which they reoccupied after the French abandoned and partially destroyed it, engaged the French troops under Gen. Frossard in a strong position west of the town, and, after a very severe fight, drove them from the field, the French covering their retreat with artillery.—The losses in both engagements are officially reported as very heavy on both sides. The Emperor Napoleon, in an official proclamation, acknowledges the defeat of McMahon and the retreat of Frossard, adding that "all can be re-established." In view of the serious aspect of affairs, and the imminency of another and a decisive battle, the French Chambers have been convoked and Paris declared in a state of siege.

A cable despatch states that Strasbourg is surrounded by an army of sixty thousand South German troops, and that the city must surrender, as the French garrison consists of but seven thousand soldiers. An advance of the right wing of the Prussian army from Saar-Louis and Treves commenced on Tuesday, with Prince Frederick Charles in command.—The Prussians now occupy Haguenau, Marshal McMahon's headquarters during the battle of Friday and Saturday.—There has been no engagement of moment since that day. There is said to be an immense uprising of the people of France to repel the Prussian invasion, and a Paris despatch says that the people of that city are clamorous for new leaders. Recruiting is very active in Paris, and reinforcements are being rapidly forwarded to Napoleon. The course of Austria is still undefined, and Paris papers state that Prussia is keeping her quiet with promises. The French army is concentrating at Metz, and the defeated army of McMahon is expected to make a stand at that point. The last of the French army left Rome on Monday, and the evacuation of the Capital is now an accomplished fact. Italy, according to Parisian journals, is now prepared to send one hundred thousand armed men to the assistance of France, and the correspondent of a Manchester paper writes from Paris that Austria and Italy both send one hundred thousand men to battle against Germany. Napoleon had been advised to go back to Paris, but replied that he would "only return dead or victorious." An exciting scene occurred at Tuesday's session of the Corps Legislatif. Minister Ollivier attempted to explain the position of the Ministry, and during his defence of its action was frequently interrupted by the members. The session terminated in a general row, members assaulting one another, the Republican members who had criticised Ollivier's speech being lashed into a passion by a remark from the Duke de Grammont that they ought to be shot. Subsequently another session was held, when resolutions sustaining M. Ollivier and his Cabinet were voted down, and a proposition declaring that the Chamber of Deputies was desirous of ensuring energy in the National defence was adopted. This vote of censure and rebuke to the government had its effect. Ollivier and his Cabinet tendered their resignations to the Empress; they were at once accepted.

A new cabinet has been formed, with Count Palikao as war minister. General satisfaction is given, it is asserted, by the new appointments, and "the nation is united." The official despatches from both sides represent the slaughter in the recent engagements as perfectly frightful. This may account to some extent for the present inaction of the two armies.

THE camp meeting near Church Hill will commence to-day, in the same woods in which it was held last year. The camp now in progress near Sudlersville will close on Monday.

FIRE.—Mr. Rash, residing on "Tolchester," on the bay shore, lost by fire about three hundred bushels of oats on Saturday last. The fire originated from a spark from the steam engine in use, and is attributed to burning wood from the shore.

THE Coroner's inquest on the murder of Mr. Nathan took place in New York on Tuesday. Nothing new was developed, except that a newsboy saw a man pick up a piece of paper from the steps three-quarters of an hour before the murder was discovered. The affair is shrouded in deep mystery.

SUICIDE.—Patrick Barry, an aged man, who was for more than twenty years in the employ of the Ricketts family, near Elkton, Md., put an end to his existence on Tuesday last by drowning himself in Marley mill-race.—*Cecil Democrat.*

BERLIN is growing more rapidly than any city in Europe. In 1832 it was the eighth in order of European capitals, its population being 250,000; in 1869 it was the third, only London and Paris its superiors, its population being 800,000.

GENERAL LEE denies having tendered his services to Louis Napoleon during the French Prussian war. He says he has sheathed his sword forever.

MANY of the small country towns of New England show a considerable decrease of population by the present census, but the Western States are the gainers.

A Loan Association has been organized in Elkton under the permanent or serial plan.

Queen Victoria invites guests to breakfast at 5 o'clock, P. M.

For the Kent News.

KENNEDYVILLE, August 10.

Messrs. Editors:—As I frequently see communications in your paper from different sections of our county, with your permission I will say something of our highly improved section of country. Kennedyville, our beautiful little village, eighteen years ago contained only one house, which was inhabited by an old negro by the name of Mace Allen, who tilled a small patch of corn, dug wells, &c. He always planted two kinds of corn, white and yellow. His reason for doing so was that he wanted to have both kinds when the people came around looking for stolen corn. But old Mace has passed away, with his dwelling, where now stands the hotel. There are three stores in the place, wheelwright and blacksmith shops, quite a number of new, substantial dwellings, and a M. P. Church. The surrounding country has been highly improved and is now very productive. Land that was purchased here eighteen years ago for $15 per acre will now bring from $100 to $150. The Kent County Railroad runs through the village, by which the farmers are shipping their produce by daily trains to New York, especially peaches, which are bringing good prices, although generally very indifferent as regards quality. So, Messrs. Editors, you can see that our section of country is second to no other in the county.

A *cloud* visited our quiet little village on last Saturday evening. The larger portion of it looked very black and threatening, while the smaller portion apparently not so black, but was in reality the blackest and most dangerous of the two. The darkest portion of it made its appearance first, then came what seemed to be the lighter portion, but was much the darkest of the two. One portion watched the movements of the other, but neither gave signs of a very violent storm. They passed each other to and fro, seemingly not noticing each other, but each knew the other's movements and objects, and finally one took the other by the hand and retired to the house of Nehemiah Clark for the purpose of holding a Republican political meeting without regard to race or color. They organized by electing Dr. Walter Melvin chairman and Joseph C. Rasin secretary. They then proceeded to nominate and elect committees and delegates for various purposes, which seemed to be the object of the meeting. The meeting was not largely attended, there being not over six or seven whites in the room, namely, Thomas E. Norris, Robert Comly, James Leary, and those named above. I have understood since that there were one or two more present. William Anderson, colored, was the principal one of his race in the organization—the balance of the colored men had nothing to say, if I am any judge. James Leary made a few remarks. He entreated his colored friends to stand firm in the Republican ranks; we are the men, said he, that removed the shackles from your feet, and we are the men that will stand by you and we want you to stand by us. He stated that the Republican party was two thousand strong in the county, and he wanted them to stand firm, that the Democrats were making every exertion to defeat them. Some of you are living in their houses, and they threaten to turn you out if you vote the Republican ticket, but do not, he said, be intimidated in that way, as Congress had passed laws protecting you in that particular and the penalties are heavy.

I do not believe there is a Democrat in the county that has threatened to turn one of them out of a house for political purposes, or has ever asked one of them how he is going to vote, nor need they care how they vote. If Leary or any of the rest of them can ride into office on the negroes' back, that is all that they care for, and do not care what becomes of the negroes afterwards. The Yankees sold them to the Southern people for money, and they will sell them again whenever they can get an opportunity.

KENNEDYVILLE.

THE PRUSSIAN AND FRENCH LEADERS.—It is likely that European armies will learn the same truth which was so clearly shown in our late war, that young men are the best generals. The Crown Prince of Prussia, who has the chief glory of the defeat of the French army, is not yet 39 years old, and before he was 35 had made himself a great name at Sadowa. Prince Frederick Charles, the King's nephew, who commands the Prussian right, and is esteemed the ablest of all King William's generals, is 42 years old. Most of the fighting at Sadowa was done by his army. The French have not a young man in a prominent position, if we except Trochu, recently made major general of the army. The Army and Navy Journal two weeks ago predicted that he would win the laurels of the war, and he now has an opportunity to show his ability in releasing the French army from its position. Nearly all the French leaders are old men.

THE FRENCH FLEET.—At an early day we shall have tidings of the Franco-Prussian war at sea. Another squadron of the French fleet, consisting of nine ironclads, has passed Dover to join the squadron already cruising in the North sea.—A day's steaming will readily place them at the mouth of the Rhine, and less than a week will enable them to turn the Skagerrack and Cattegat, and appear before Stettin and Dantzic. They expect material aid from Denmark, and will not find Prussia unprepared. The French are so much stronger than the Prussians in their navy that their success would have been considered certain before the battle of Weissenburg. As it is, a diversion is created, whose importance remains to be seen. The prompt departure of the ships attest afresh the determination of the Emperor and the people to recover late losses if possible.

LEGISLATIVE DEMORALIZATION IN THE SOUTH.—Attorney General Akerman, in a conversation on Wednesday, remarked that the present condition of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and several other Southern States is deplorable, because, among other reasons, the Legislature, instead of paying strict attention to such business as would advance their material welfare and fully establish themselves in their former prosperity, have yielded to railroad and other lobbyists.

THE election in Utah has resulted in the success of the Brigham Young party. It is stated that the Mormon women generally voted.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD.—The Board of School Commissioners held a meeting on Tuesday, Aug. 2d. All the members being present, and I. C. Taylor, Esq., President, in the Chair. Miss Mary Smith obtained a recommendation to the Normal School. A letter from J. A. Pearce, Esq., giving his opinion in relation to the title of the County to certain School House lots, was presented and placed on file. Very few lots are held by deed, but indisputed possession will give sufficient title. Orders were accepted and bills passed for payment amounting to $599.83. Bill of R. F. Moffett rejected; bills of W. T. Miller and Geo. B. Westcott referred to Secretary for examination. Ordered that the Sec'y and Treas'r collect the amount due this Board, $81, for School House at Galena, sold July, 1869. Mr. Covington submitted a letter from Mr. Raymond, offering to donate on certain conditions a site for new school house from the land of Miss S. E. Raymond, near Urieville. The offer was accepted and the Secretary instructed to prepare the deed for execution. Messrs. H. M. Rollison, S. C. Sparklin, and Joseph H. Hossinger were appointed District Commissioners of this new District. Messrs. B. F. Sappington and Thomas Glenn were associated with David Jones as District Commissioners of the new District on Eastern Neck Island, in place of R. B. Willson, and Dr. Thomas Willson, thrown out of the District by the divison. Tuesday, Aug. 30th, was fixed for examination of candidates for schools. Ordered to apply the funds on hand to the payments of Teachers as far as they will go. The District Commissioners of the School at Hibernia be authorized to make certain needed repairs as economically as possible. Resolved, that a sum not to exceed $25 to each School, be appropriated for the purchase of fuel for the Schools, and that Joseph P. Ireland, Esq., be appointed to contract for the whole supply. Resolved, that the District Commissioners be authorized to proceed with repairs heretofore allowed, provided these can be done on reasonable long time, but that no further action be taken in relation to building new houses, except where parties interested will consent to wait until after the levy of 1871 can be realized. The following resolution was laid over until Aug. 30th: Resolved, that the additional sum of $300 be applied to building a new school house at Still Pond, provided that an equal amount be raised by the citizens of that school district, and the whole amount to be paid from the levy of 1871. The Board took into consideration the readjustment of salaries of teachers for the next year, but without arriving at any definite conclusion adjourned to meet on Tuesday, 30th inst.

"The War between the States, its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results." By HON. ALEX. H. STEPHENS.

Three years ago the announcement by the National Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, of the speedy publication of this great work, created a profound sensation throughout the country. The press of both sections hailed the appearance of the book with delight, for it was admitted by all that the task of transmitting to posterity the Southern version of the history of our great civil war could not have been confided to an abler pen than that of Mr. Stephens, the greatest living statesman of the South. The colleague and friend of Clay, Calhoun and Webster, he is a connecting link between the present and the glorious past, and as Vice President of the late Southern Confederacy, he is peculiarly fitted for the task, by his opportunities of knowing the most secret details of the history of the War. Above all, his high character as a man, which has always won him the respect of his political enemies, enables us to rely upon his statements with an absolute certainty. In the first volume of his work, Mr. Stephens confined himself exclusively to the *causes* of the War, reserving the narrative of the actual struggle for the second and concluding volume. The success of the former volume was extraordinary, reaching a sale of over 60,000 copies. The book is sold by subscription only, and agents are wanted in every county.

PAUL SCHOEPPE.—We gave yesterday authenticated transcripts of judicial documents relating to the crimes, trial, condemnation and final departure from prison, in Germany, of Paul Schœppe, now under sentence of death at Carlisle, Pa., for the murder of Miss Stinnecke, of Baltimore. It is one of the most surprising narrations of subtle and audacious villiany that we have ever read. The record itself has the minuteness of detail and exactness of a daguerreotype. It gives the parentage, the birthplace, the day of the birth, the religious denomination, the branch of military service, the conduct while there, the first act of crime, and then every particular of its successive stages. It then describes the man's person, his precise height to the twelfth of an inch; it does not leave out small scars and warts; it even opens his mouth, as a jockey would the mouth of a horse, and compels him to disclose the exact state of his incisors and grinders. Yet, wonderful to tell, this prison convict, thus marked and branded all over, of whom the Berlin court says "the uncommon degree of education and the shrewdness of Paul Schœppe render him a peculiarly dangerous criminal," comes to this country, between which and his native land there was such constant communication, settles in a section where many of his countrymen or their immediate descendants live, flourishes as a physician, and with his plausible, ingenious talk imposes himself without difficulty upon the credulous public as a person of respectability and character. Those medical associates who, when *Doctor* Schœppe was convicted of the murder of Miss Stinnecke, expressed their sympathy with a brother physician in difficulties, must now concede, in view of the fact that Paul Schœppe was no doctor, that he must have been a very sagacious man to have imposed on so learned a profession. Perhaps on the whole, they may derive from it the lesson that class sympathies of this kind are not safe, and that even if a man has a medical diploma, it does not become him to kill outside the legitimate sphere of his vocation.—*Balt. Sun, 10th.*

THE yacht race for the Queen's Cup took place in New York bay on Monday, and the prize was won by the American yacht Magic. The winner is one of the smaller vessels, the wind not being strong enough to give the larger racers a chance to display themselves. The Cambria was in trouble from the start and made a poor run. The America and Dauntless also came in behind many of the smaller yachts.

PETER SCHURTZ, a farmer living in Clinton, N. Y., has in his barn hay that was cut fifty-four years ago. It is said to be as bright and sweet as any cut this summer.

IS IT MEDICINE?—A friend of ours, who hails from one of the upper districts of South Carolina, called at the Pick office, and among other novelties, he mentioned "Wolte's Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," and stated as a fact, that in his section of the country, nearly all the physicians, in certain cases, when they deemed ardent spirits necessary to prolong or save life, invariably used these "Schnapps," justly regarding it as the only spirits that could be procured pure and unadulterated. He also stated that this medicine or "Schnapps" was becoming the only beverage sold on the great stage or railroad routes. He says those physicians who have used and analyzed it, state that for diseases such as gravel, gout, rheumatism, &c., it is incomparable.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White, new	$1.65a1.80
" Choice Red	1.50a1.55
" Medium and good red	1.25a1.35
CORN—White	1.12a1.16
" Yellow	1.05a1.06
OATS	44a48

MARRIED:

At Salem M. E. Church, on Thursday afternoon last, by Rev. J. B. Quigg, WILLIAM C. CROW, Sr., to Mrs. RACHEL J. PENNINGTON, both of this county.

DIED:

Near Chestertown, Aug. 6th, of cholera infantum, ROBBIE, infant of R. P. and Lizzie L. Stewart, aged six months. [Cecil papers please copy.]

"Weep not—he hath gone home—that little one."
Gone home! gone home! how many a prayer of love
Breath'd out its ardor, to detain thee here.

In Chestertown, on Sunday evening, Aug. 7, after a severe illness, ALFRED H., infant son of Alfred H. and Augusta F. Rockwell, aged 9 months and 5 days.

Like the fairest rose of summer,
Allie bloomed and Allie died,
Oh how lone this world without him,
For he was our hope and pride.

Allie, yes my angel Allie,
Lives among the angels now;
One more harp is heard in Heaven—
Several more are wrecked below.

Yet again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled,
Then with joy we hope to greet thee
Where no farewell tear is shed. .....

FOR RENT, For the ensuing year, A DWELLING IN CHESTERTOWN. For terms, &c, apply to MRS. M. A. BAKER. Aug. 13, 1870—3t.

FOR SALE. A Very Fine LARGE NEW WAGON, with shifting bodies, for farm and peaches.—Will hold 100 baskets of Peaches and 100 bus. Wheat. Peach Rigging will be sold separate if desired. Apply at once to aug13-3t. C. H. BAKER.

LOST, or taken in mistake, on Thursday, Aug. 4th, from the Steamer Chester, a flat-top BLACK TRUNK. The name was put on with two copper tacks. The finder will please forward it to Grey's Inn Wharf, and will be thankfully received by the owner. aug13-3t. GEORGEANNA GLENN. Centreville Observer copy.

NOTICE. The Vendue Notes taken at the sale of the personal property of the late Sam'l A. Smith are now due; also a number of store accounts. Payment is demanded. Such as are not settled by the first of September next will be placed in a legal train for collection. S. FRANKLIN SMITH, aug13-3t. Adm'r.

CAUTION.—All persons are warned against buying or negotiating the following papers, lost by the undersigned on or about the 3rd inst: Two Due Bills, drawn in favor of Mrs. Reamy, one for $55 and the other for $25, accepted by R. Hynson, Esq., and transferred to B. Strauss, against A. F. Wroth. Also, one due bill for $13 82, from Lewin Crew; one for $30 accepted by D. James Blackiston, Esq.; also, three notes drawn in favor of B. Strauss. A reward will be paid for their recovery. B. STRAUSS. Aug. 13, 1870—3t.

SMYRNA SEMINARY. A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL for both sexes. A full corps of experienced and well qualified teachers employed. Fall Session will begin Monday, Sept. 5th. For particulars please send for a Catalogue to T. H. BEAN, Principal, or Dr. J. E. CLAWSON, Smyrna, Delaware. Catalogues can be obtained also at this office. Aug. 13, 1870—3t.

NOTICE. All persons holding receipts of John H. Strong, as Constable, are requested to deliver them to either of the undersigned, his securities. Persons against whom said John H. Strong holds claims, as Constable, are requested *not* to make payment to him. L. M. STRONG, H. M. THOMAS.

FOR SALE—TWO MARES, 1 Yearling COLT, Carriage and Harness, and Sleigh. Apply to L. M. STRONG. Aug 13, 1870—3t.

FOR SALE A HARMONIUM, suitable for a Sabbath School, made by McNutt of Philadelphia. Apply to JOS. E. WEER, June 30—3t. Kennedyville.

$5.00 REWARD! Strayed from Shallcross' Wharf, on Wednesday, July 20th, Three CALVES, bought from Wm. Stewart: one a pale Heifer, one red Bull, and the other a red Yearling with a large wart under its jaw. Any one giving information at Kennedyville so we can get them, will receive the above reward. ag6-2t* CLARK & LONG.

LOST! LOST! LOST! On Wednesday evening, Aug. 3d, a POCKET BOOK containing Thirty Dollars in money, and some notes of no value except to the owner.—The finder can keep the money by returning the papers and notes. B. STRAUSS, Clothing Store, aug6-3t. Chestertown.

THE HAY SCALES. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that on and after this date, all charges for weighing must be paid CASH. No certificate of weight will hereafter be given until such charges are paid. By order of Town Commissioners, JOHN W. PARSONS, Aug. 6, 1870—3t. Weigher.

FOR SALE, Several Thousand CHESNUT RAILS, FOUR YOUNG HORSES, Two yoke young OXEN and two fresh COWS. Apply to the subscriber. JOHN T. SKIRVEN, aug6-3t. Worton Point.

THE CHEAPEST BASKET! *THE MELLISH PEACH BASKET* in large quantities, For Sale at Barnard's Wharf, at 12½ cents. ag6-tf. N. BARNARD.

FOR RENT, For the year 1871, The DWELLING and STORE HOUSE in Chestertown, now in the occupancy of Dr. W. T. Urie. For terms apply to T. A. FIDDIS or the undersigned. LEVI FIDDIS. Aug. 6, 1870—tf.

FRUIT JARS. THE BEST and the CHEAPEST FRUIT JARS in use, for sale by je25. L. S. FOWLER.

MACHINE OIL, THE NATURAL LUBRICATOR, For sale cheap by je25. L. S. FOWLER.

VENDUE. BY VIRTUE of an order of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on **WEDNESDAY, 24th of August next,** ALL THE PERSONAL ESTATE of the late WM. THOS. BAKER, at his late residence, the following property:

EIGHT HEAD OF HORSES, SOME FINE ROADSTERS, and ONE VERY HANDSOME COLT, 3 years old.

1 Yoke Large Oxen, 1 LARGE ROAN BULL, 3 years old, of Superior Stock, quiet and gentle.

16 Superior Milch Cows, *Several Beautiful HEIFERS, Very Fine Large Shoats, and several Superior Brood Sows.*

1 NEW FARM WAGON with Peach Rigging, that will carry 100 baskets of Peaches; one of the best Wagons ever made in the county.

ALSO, ANOTHER FARM WAGON, CARTS, MACHINES, Clover Huller, **DRILL, RAKE, MOWER, REAPER HORSE-POWER,** PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, HARROWS, &c. A large lot of good Clover Hay.

Household & Kitchen Furniture. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. THE TERMS OF SALE, as prescribed by the Court, are a credit of six months on all sums of and over $20, with approved security. No property to be removed until the terms are complied with. C. H. BAKER, Executor of William T. Baker. Aug. 13, 1870—ts.

PUBLIC SALE. THE subscriber will offer at Public Sale on the New Design Farm, near Fairlee Mills, on THURSDAY, the 25th of August instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

1 Pair of MULES, 1 YOKE OF OXEN, All excellent Workers, and large size. Terms at sale. GEO. S. DIEHL. Aug. 13, 1870—2t.

OFFICE OF Board of School Commissioners *OF KENT COUNTY.* CHESTERTOWN, Aug 5, 1870. AN EXAMINATION of applicants for employment as TEACHERS in the Public Schools of Kent county, will be held in the School Room, (lately Miss Potter's,) in Chestertown, on *TUESDAY, the 30th of August,* 1870, At Ten o'clock, A. M. All interested will please attend punctually. The Schools will not open until Monday, September 5th. By order of the Board, HOWARD MEEKS, Examiner. Aug. 13, 1870—3t.

B. B. PERKINS & SON ARE SELLING THEIR **ENTIRE STOCK** *AT THE NETT COST,* Without adding the expense necessarily incurred in getting the goods, such as travelling expenses, boxes, freight, &c. We mean positively the NETT COST, for the entire stock. We selling DECIDED BARGAINS for CASH ONLY. Come and see. Aug. 6, 1870—3t.

POUDRETTE. Twenty Years Success. *The Cheapest and Best Fertilizer extant.* $22 PER TON; 40 CTS. PER BUSH. Especially prepared for Wheat, Rye, Turnips and Grass. It has no equal for all kinds of Grain and Vegetables, substantiated by references unsurpassed for reliability. Is a NATURAL MANURE free from adulteration. Every ton is taken from the privy well under our own supervision, it being an important branch of our business, having for twenty years sold it on its own merits and the demand constantly increasing we have extended our facilities for procuring night soil thus to accommodate new customers, while retaining our old patrons with the best fertilizer at a fraction of the extravagant prices of the many manufactured compositions called fertilizers. It is safe to predict at no far distant day experience will prove there are but two fertilizers besides good farm yard manure, "Poudrette and Guano, the only natural manures in the market." The farmer can illy afford to squander his money on the many manufactured compositions emblazoned through the columns of the rural press as fertilizers. The POUDRETTE is free from odor and agreeable to handle or apply. Our factories are open for the inspection of all interested in the use of Poudrette. Price $22 per ton. CHARLES E. STEWART, (Successor to A. Peyson,) Office, No. 6 Goldsmith's Hall, 420 Library St., back of Post Office, PHILADELPHIA. aug13-7t.

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE, *WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.* THIS INSTITUTION offers the best advantages for the complete education of YOUNG LADIES. Healthy location, excellent accommodations, and reasonable expenses. The next session will begin Tuesday, Sept. 6th, 1870. For Catalogues address jy23-4t. JOHN WILSON, President.

NOTICE.—Being engaged in other business, and having a large number of accounts on books still remaining unpaid, and wishing them closed as soon as possible in justice to my bondsmen as well as myself, I have placed them in the hands of Mr. B. F. SAPPINGTON for collection, with full power and authority to use my name in collection of all taxes unpaid for the years 1866, 1867 and 1868. jy30-3t. SAMUEL G. COPPER.

NOTICE. The tax books and accounts of S. G. Copper for 1866, '67, '68, have been put in my hands for collection. For the convenience of those that have not paid these taxes, I will be at Mr. S. A. J. Wickes' store, Grey's Inn Creek, every Saturday morning until September 1st, after that time, in justice to Mr. Copper and to myself, none need expect any further indulgence. June 30—3t. B. F. SAPPINGTON.

NOTICE. By order of the Orphans' Court, this is to notify all persons, as administrators or Guardians, that have not passed any account within twelve months from this date, if not attended to on or before the TWENTIETH DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, 1870, that all delinquents will be cited up after that date. E. CROUCH, Reg. Wills. July 23, 1870—tf.

NOTICE. The undersigned having made arrangements to RUN A LINE OF BOATS from BUCK NECK TO PHILADELPHIA to carry Peaches, will leave Buck Neck Wharf punctually at 2 o'clock, P. M., stopping at Barnard's Wharf. B. LORE, Commission Merchant, ag6-3t. No. 116 North Wharves, Phila.

AT PRIVATE SALE, THE VERY DESIRABLE FARM OF THE LATE AUGUSTINE BOYER, IN Kent county, Maryland, situated about a mile from Sassafras, on the road leading to Smyrna. The location is one of the most healthy, convenient and pleasant in the county, being about a mile from a station on the Kent county Railroad, and two and a half miles from a landing on the Sassafras River.

The Mansion House is of Brick, well and carefully built, and in good order, with a dry, cool cellar, and the Grounds and surroundings have been arranged and attended to. The fields may be arranged to be watered from a running stream. The Farm is in good order, with an ample supply of Chesnut and other timber for repairs. The land is considered of the best quality, producing grain, fruits and grasses in perfection. The Farm contains **375 ACRES,** More or Less. As it is supposed that any one desiring to purchase would wish to view the premises they will be shown with pleasure by the occupier, Mr. Edward Boyer. A plot of the property is in the possession of the undersigned, and for terms of sale apply to GEORGE VICKERS, jy30-4t. Chestertown, Md. [Middletown Transcript copy 4t.]

Virginia Land for Sale I WILL SELL MY FARM IN VIRGINIA. This Farm lies immediately on the Rappahannock river, in the county of Middlesex, and six miles above Urbanna. **It contains 612 Acres.** The land is good and easily cultivated. It has upon it a good and *Commodious Dwelling House,* almost new, and all necessary Out Houses.—Also, a good ORCHARD. It is well watered and has upon it an abundance of TIMBER for the support of the farm. The neighborhood is good. Fish, oysters, &c., are abundant. TERMS.—Thirty dollars per acre for six hundred acres, (I will throw in the 12 acres.) Five thousand dollars to be paid between this and the first of December next; and the residue in ten years, to bear six per cent. interest from the first of January, 1871, to be secured by a lien upon the land, and the interest annually paid. Possession will be given the 1st of Jan., 1871, and the privilege to seed a crop of wheat this fall. Those who wish to purchase are invited to examine the premises; but none need apply who cannot comply with the terms stated. R. L. MONTAGUE, jy30-4t* Saluda, Middlesex Co., Va.

Constable's Sale. BY virtue of a writ of Vendi Exponas, issued by T. W. Russell, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, to me directed, at the suit of John Waibel, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Anna Bordley and John Bordley, colored, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Anna Bordley and John Bordley, colored, of, in and to all that **LOT OF GROUND** and Improvements, in Quaker Neck, *Containing SIX ACRES, more or less,* adjoining the lands of Thos Lusby and Edw. Wilkins. And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 13th of August,* 1870, at the Market House in Chestertown, at 2 o'clk, P. M., I will sell said property to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon. CHAS. H. DAVIS, Const. July 23, 1870—'s [4.50]

BLACKWELL BROTHERS, Commission Merchants, AND DEALERS IN *FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,* 88 Murray St., New York. THE undersigned will be in New York the present season to attend the sale of all Peaches consigned to the above firm. Peach Growers will find it to their interest to give them a trial. Peach Boxes will be furnished to persons making application, free of any charge whatever. GEO. M. BEASTEN, July 30—3t. Locust Grove, Md.

WM. P. FRANCIS OFFERS his services to the Fruit Growers of Kent and Queen Anne's counties.—Having had experience as a fruit grower, and believing that his knowledge as a salesman will enable him to obtain prices that will be satisfactory to the grower of fruit, will be thankful to receive fruit on consignment, or anything that the farmer may have to sell. Returns made promptly: sent by check or private bands when ordered in writing. WM. P. FRANCIS, WITH WM. TOMLINSON & CO., July 30—2m. 112 *Light St. Wharf.*

PEACH BOXES! 40,000 PEACH BOXES—The undersigned having erected a **Steam Saw Mill and Box Factory** on Grey's Inn Creek, within half a mile of the Steamboat Wharf, are prepared to furnish Peach Growers with Boxes of the very best quality, at as low or a lower price than any firm on the Peninsula, or Baltimore city. No agents are employed. Those buying from us get their Boxes 20 per cent. cheaper than any agents can sell them. DIEHL, LEARY & CO., jy9-6t. Rock Hall, Md.

TO FRUIT GROWERS! WORDEN & EVANS call attention to their superior PEACH and BERRY BASKETS and CRATES, which they are manufacturing, and which cannot be surpassed in the market. Call and examine them at the Smyrna Steam Saw Mill and Machine works. Address WORDEN & EVANS, July 2, 1870—tf. Smyrna, Del.

PEACH BOXES & BASKETS, *For Sale at Buck Neck Wharf.* WE invite the attention of Peach Growers to our supply of **FRUIT BOXES** and BASKETS, for sale at the following prices for cash: BOXES 18 cts.; Baskets 15 to 22c. jy23-2m. J. BELL & BRO.

50,000 Lath for Sale, AT BUCK NECK—suitable for Box covers. jy23 2m. J. BELL & BRO.

CEMETERY NOTICE. Persons wishing to improve their Lots in Public Cemeteries and Private Burial Grounds, will do well before purchasing elsewhere, to call and examine our large and new stock of ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE MONUMENTS, MONUMENTAL TABLET HEAD AND FOOT STONES, VASES AND STATUARY, All of new and beautifully proportioned designs, at the STEAM MARBLE WORKS of GADDESS BROS., ap3-y. Sharp and German sts., Baltimore.

TO THE LADIES.—The Latest and most improved HOOP SKIRT, just out, and other articles of comfort, to be found of course July 16. at VICKERS'.