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A GREAT BANK ROBBERY.

A Daring and Successful Deed—Watchmen Gagged and Manacled—A Safe Broken Open —Large Amount of Funds Stolen, Etc.

One of the most daring and extraordinary bank robberies on record was perpetrated upon the Kensington National Bank, in Philadelphia, on Thursday night of last week. The following details we find in the Philadelphia *Press* of Saturday:

KENSINGTON NATIONAL BANK.

This institution stands on the east side of Beach street, just south of Laurel.—The building is an old one, three stories in height. Just as the hour of closing the bank had approached, on Thursday afternoon, a pretended police officer, with nothing about him to denote that he was not a conservator of the public peace, stepped quickly into the counting-room and asked for the cashier. This gentleman being busy hesitated a few moments before complying with this request, and the interim was improved by the official in taking a careful survey of the interior of that portion of the building devoted to the uses of the corporation. As there was nothing unusual in this gaping curiosity of the officer, and as he displayed his mace in a manner quite conspicuous, suspicion on the part of the bank officials was not aroused. Finally, Mr. William McConnell, the cashier, asked his business, and was started when he answered "there have been some suspicious characters lurking about the neighborhood lately, and the lieutenant of the district desired me to tell you that they might attempt to break in."

This intelligence was at once retailed to every attache of the bank, but no further action was taken regarding it than to call up the two watchmen who nightly guard the institution, John Holmes and Morris Murphy, and give them particular instructions to let no person inside the bank building after it was once closed.—The doors were then locked, and the watchmen were left in charge.

About 7 o'clock a rap was heard upon the door, which was repeated before the watchmen could draw the bolts to ascertain the matter. When the door was opened, two "policemen," fully equipped for night duty, were discovered, and one of them said: "The lieutenant has heard from good sources that this bank will be robbed to-night, and he sent us to aid you in protecting it."

All suspicion disarmed, and the watchmen, thankful for aid in the face of threatened danger, the pseudo officers were invited in and entered. After some general conversation about the rumor of the robbery, one of the strangers said, I am very dry; I wish I had a drink. "That you can have," responded one of the watchmen, and he started off to the end of a hall leading to a door issuing into the yard of the bank, followed by the man who had made the request. The other remained in conversation a moment with watchman No. 2, and then told him, "You had better look out of doors and see if you see any one coming." This watchman No. 2, Morris Murphy, agreed to do.

No sooner was the door closed upon him, however, than the policeman rejoined his compeer and watchman No. 1, Mr. John Holmes, who was at that time drawing a glass of water for his thirsty friend. But ere he had filled it, the two officers seized and gagged him, and in a moment had him manacled and stretched upon the floor. There they left him, mute and helpless, and started for the front door. Hardly was it reached when Mr. Murphy, the second watchman, entered from his investigation in the street. In a trice he was treated like his companion. Both lay now upon the ground, gagged and powerless for alarm or resistance.

THE WAY BEING CLEAR,

the robbers again proceeded to the front door of the bank and signaled a third person, who issued from some nook in the vicinity and entered the bank. With his aid the gagged and hand-cuffed watchmen were carried from the hall back of the counting desks and into the president's room, where they were kept guarded by the third man, who stood over them with a loaded pistol. Upon the safes the robbers now turned their attention. With little delay wedges and bits and steel saws and keys were produced, and to these were added sledge-hammers and jimmies. First they must get into the fire-proof.—This was built about in the centre of the lower floor, and its walls extended from floor to ceiling. Its length was ten feet, its width eight, and the thickness of its walls twenty inches. The only means of gaining an entrance were either to cut through its walls, or break off the iron doors. To the expert burglar the latter is far preferable.

The outer door to the proof was made out of a single plate of heavy iron. Between it and the jamb of the door five steel wedges were inserted, and these were forced in by repeated blows with sledges muffled in cloth, to deaden the sound. Soon an aperture appeared large enough to admit the point of a jimmy, and then the door was wrenched off in a few moments. This off, the robbers discovered a second obstacle of like nature.—This was the inner door of the proof.—But this was demolished just as the first had been, and then the proof stood at their mercy.

On either side of this proof, in its interior, were ranged shelves, and packed densely on all these shelves were boxes and packages of valuables of every description, placed here for safe keeping by depositors. It is customary for all banks to receive what may be called special deposits, consisting of all manner of valuables packed together, endorsed with the name of the owner, and placed in the possession of the bank for "safe keeping," subject to certain charges and conditions. The shelves were stripped in a twinkling.

The amount lost must be very great, but there is no ready means of estimating it accurately, as the owners alone knew of the contents of the packages. The private watchmen are of the opinion that there were more than three persons engaged in the removal of these valuables, as they heard many strange voices outside. In their selections the marauders displayed good discernment, as they broke open the packages, carried off all the papers that could be turned to an account, and left the rest. The coupon bonds of the United States were taken, the registered left.

But in the fire-proof was another thing of supreme concern to the burglars. This was a medium-sized Lillie burglar and fire-proof safe. This, as was well known to them, contained the funds of the bank. The aggregate of these was probably unknown to them, but our reporter learned that at the time the assault was made upon the safe it contained, in valuables of all descriptions $1,000,000.

They made a desperate effort to get into this safe, and ignoring the customary plan, which is to bore into the lock and pick the combination, they went at it with sledges and wedges. In the interstices between the door and the jamb they inserted the fine-pointed wedges. These were hammered heavily. The strain was terrible. The entire right-hand jamb, a great piece of brittle iron, was forced off. Great seams opened in the top of the safe and along the left side, but yet the door did not budge, for the steel bolts from its four edges protruded far into the casing, and though one jamb might be forced off there were the others to prevent the door from coming out.

Although this safe was sadly worried, as its present appearance indicates, it withstood the strain, and the robbers had to give it up as a "bad job." In doing all that we have said they were engaged from half-past seven o'clock in the evening until three o'clock in the morning, and at this latter hour, according to the judgment of the watchmen, who all the while lay gagged on the floor, they left.

After their departure the watchmen set to the task of freeing themselves from their bonds, and after two hours' labor, working mainly with their teeth, succeeded in removing the shackles from their legs, and the gags from their mouths, their hands still remaining secured in steel manacles. Once upon their feet they lost no time in running into the street and giving the alarm. Genuine policemen soon arrived. The watchmen were taken to a locksmith's shop hard by, and a cold chisel and hammer applied to the removal of their handcuffs. The occurrence soon became noised about, and quickly a crowd of excited people gathered in the vicinity of the bank, the number increasing with the hours. The officers of the institution were summoned from their homes, and gazed upon the wreck of their safes at first with blank dismay, but then with less consternation when it became apparent that the smaller safe had not been forced, that the bank had not lost anything, and that the special depositors of valuables alone had suffered. The total loss is estimated by Mr. Yerkes, the president of the bank, at about $75,000.

ANOTHER RAILROAD PROJECT.—A correspondent of the Wilmington Commercial thus writes from Concord, Delaware:

"Numerous speculations are *on dit* in this part of Sussex, and, indeed, throughout the whole county, concerning public improvement in the way of railroads and better transportation. Influential men in Somerset county, Md., and also stockholders in the Crisfield road, wish to obtain a charter from the Delaware Legislature to project a railroad from the upper end of the Maryland line to Georgetown, or providing the Seaford and Georgetown road is constructed to connect with it at Concord. The object of this is to convey produce from the lower part of the peninsula by a direct route to New York city. In either case, whether this route is from Delmar to Georgetown or Delmar to Concord, this cannot fail to be of great commercial advantage to that part of the county through which the road runs, as well as to our neighbors of Eastern Maryland.

THE ROTHCHILDS TO THE RESCUE.—It is stated that the Rothchilds have come forward to relieve France from the monetary exactions of the Germans. Their generous contribution to the poor of the city of Paris, it seems, is to be followed by the princely offer to advance the entire amount of the war indemnity levied by the Germans upon that municipality. It is plain that in the rehabilitation of France the power of this great house will be notably felt. It was the Lafittes who placed Louis Philippe on his throne by a similar use of immense treasure at their command, and it is not unlikely that other bankers may do such a service for the empire, of which they are strong friends.

WE hear complaints from persons engaged in the oyster-boating business about their bad treatment by city packers. It is alleged that the latter combine together and refuse to buy until the market is absolutely glutted, when they offer to purchase at about half price. We have been told that some vessel captains, peculiarly situated, have been forced to sell their cargoes at as low as 15 cents per bushel, in consequence of this combination of the capitalists. If these complaints are just, we think the sooner our own people go into the business on a large scale the better. Oystermen, as a general thing, have independence enough to resent outrages; and, if they have been treated in Baltimore, as is above hinted, they will not be slow seeking a market where they are more justly dealt with.—*Cambridge Herald.*

TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A distressing accident occurred on the Hudson Rive Railroad, on Monday night. An oil train was run into on the bridge at New Hamburg by an Express passenger train. The bridge took fire and gave way under the weight, precipitating the whole in a jumbled, burning mass into the water and ice below. Twenty persons—men, women and children—perished thus miserably.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.—B. Palmer Keating, Esq., was last week admitted to the practice of law in the Circuit Court for this county. Mr. Keating is a young man of fine talents, pleasing address, and a good debater, and we feel confident that a bright future io open to him. Our best wishes will attend him.—*Cent. Observer.*

OFFICERS IN DELAWARE.—The Legislature of Delaware has, by joint resolution, appointed Robert H. Davis, of Sussex, State Treasurer, and Dr. R. G. Ellegood, from the same county, State auditor.

A NORWEGIAN woman, with twenty children, recently arrived in Milwaukee. The children were all her own.

THE Harford Democrat suggests Hon. Henry D. Farnandis for Governor of Md.

A THRILLING TALE—*Two Hundred Men Adrift on an Ice Floe.*—A dispatch dated Pough-keepsie, New York, February 5th, says:

In Haverstraw bay, on Saturday, there were about one hundred and seventy fishermen at work with their nets. It was a terrible day. They were scattered all over the river, braving the piercing, cutting wind, intent only upon ending up the week with a "catch" full of profit and their going home to their families. At half-past four P. M. a cry of terror rang through the crowd. "The ice is moving! Go for the shore!" shouted a burly but pale-faced fisherman, as he hurried along to the westward, and in an instant the wildest excitement ensued. The entire field of ice, embracing the whole channel of Haverstraw bay, was on the move, and carrying with it nearly two hundred human beings. Pikes and nets were dropped, and then there was a rush for safety, while the air was filled with cries for help from the throats of the cut-off fishermen, who could be seen rushing about upon the ice wildly.

In ten minutes after both the western and eastern shores were lined with villagers, who ran wildly about the beach, scarcely knowing what to do. Finally a few of the more cool-headed launched four boats and started on a dangerous voyage of rescue. In the meantime scores of the fishermen had reached the edge of the ice nearest the shore, and trusting to luck, plunged into the freezing water and reached *terra firma* in safety, covered from head to foot with a thick coating of ice. It was then discovered that nine were left and that the surging tide was swinging the field of ice far out into the river, the Hudson at the point named being extremely wide. Again the boats started to the rescue, but before they reached the frozen island five out of the nine were in the river struggling frantically against death. Just as they were about giving up the boats reached them and they were dragged in completely exhausted, and two of them had fainted.—In an instant almost their clothing was frozen stiff, and the rowers with great difficulty kept them alive by constant and vigorous rubbing until the shore was reached. As soon as they were landed upon the beach the boats again started for the ice field to rescue the four surviving fishermen, whom they found in a terrible condition, with feet, noses, hands and ears frozen. They had given up all hopes of succor and expected death in a short time.

A HOTEL BURNED—*Loss of Life.*—The Halliday House, at Kenosha, Wis., was burned early on the morning of Tuesday week, resulting in sad loss of life. It almost equals in horror that of the Spottswood Hotel in Richmond, Va., a few months ago. Mrs. J. B. Merrill and her four children, who occupied a room on the second floor, perished in the flames. Two men named Osmond Capron and S. Fuller, were so badly burned that their recovery is doubtful, and a man named H. R. Chase was badly injured by jumping from a third-story window. Several others were slightly injured and burned.

Unanswerable Arguments.

Established facts are silent arguments which neither pen nor tongue can shake, and it is upon established facts that the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as a health-preserving elixir, and a wholesome and powerful remedy, is based. When witnesses come forward in crowds, year after year, and reiterate the same statements in relation to the beneficial effects of a medicine *upon themselves*, disbelief in its efficiency is *literally impossible*. The credentials of this unequalled tonic and alterative, extending over a period of nearly twenty years, include individuals of every class, and residents of every clime, and refer to the most prevalent among the complaints which afflict and harass the human family. Either a multitude of people, strangers to each other, have annually been seized with an insane and motiveless desire to deceive the public, or Hostetter's Bitters, for no less than a fifth of a century, have been affording such relief to sufferers from indigestion, fever and ague, biliousness, general debility, and nervous disorders, as no other preparation has ever imparted. To-day, *while the eyes of the reader are upon these lines*, tens of thousands of persons of both sexes are relying upon the Bitters as a sure defence against the ailments which the present season engenders, and their confidence is not misplaced. The local potions which interested dealers sometimes endeavor to foist upon the sick in its stead, are everywhere meeting the fate that is due to fraud and imposture, while the demand for the great vegetable specific is constantly increasing.

MANTUAMAKING.

MRS. R. KENTON has removed to the house opposite the Blacksmith Shop of Chapman & Lambert. Thankful for the heretofore liberal patronage she has received, she will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same. j21-3m.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

There is no class or remedial agents so extensively or so justly used as MEDICATED PLASTERS; the timely use of one of Alcock's or Wells' STRENGTHENING PLASTERS, will prevent much suffering and sickness, especially if predisposed to weak lungs, or any affection of the Chest or Back. They afford great relief in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, &c. For sale at
jan9-tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

NATURAL MINERAL WATER
FOR THE DEBILITATED.
VICHY, KISSENGEN, CONGRESS
and other Waters, for sale at
jan7-tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN BALTIMORE!

MORTON D. BANKS,
(Successor to D. Banks,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Furniture, Chair and Mattrass
MANUFACTURER.
WAREROOMS—No. 59 South Street.
FACTORY—No. 396 E. Baltimore Street.
GIVE ME A TRIAL.

TO FARMERS.

SHELL LIME,
Delivered at 8 Cts. per Bushel.
BOWEN & MERCER,
d3-3m No. 65 S. Gay street, Baltimore.

LIME! LIME!

THE undersigned, agent for the RAMBO LIME, is prepared to receive orders for the same. Delivered at any landing in Kent or Queen Anne's counties. Parties desiring to buy are referred to Messrs. John Brice, A. Hurlock, and other farmers who have used it. WM. H. HAMILTON,
nov26-tf. Chestertown.

The Oldest Episcopal Publishing House in this Country.

EPISCOPAL REGISTER

PHILADELPHIA.

THIS IS A LIVE

CHURCH

NEWSPAPER

JUST SUCH A JOURNAL

AS SHOULD BE IN

Every Church Family.

THE LOW PRICE

AT WHICH IT IS PUBLISHED,

ITS NON-CONTROVERSIAL

CHARACTER

HAS MADE IT THE

MOST POPULAR

OF

CHURCH PAPERS.

ITS CIRCULATION HAS

NEARLY DOUBLED

SINCE DEC. 1.

Both the Religious and Secular Press have pronounced it

The Most Elegant and Cheapest Episcopal Paper Published.

PRICE $2 PER ANNUM.

ADDRESS

McCALLA & STAVELY

237-9 DOCK STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

feb4-3t.

Constable's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of 6 writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by D. U. Dewees, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, three at the suit of William Vannort, one at the suit of the Patapsco Guano Company, one at the suit of Augusta Camp, and one at the suit of Tilghman Shafer, administrator of H. C. Rile, deceased, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Joseph C. Rasin, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Joseph C. Rasin, of, in and to the following property:

1 HORSE, 1 DEARBORN,
And One CARRIAGE & HARNESS.
Also, a House and Lot of Land,
In Still Pond X Roads,
FARM IN STILL POND NECK
adjoining the lands of John Kelley, H. T. Jump, and others.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, 18th of February*, 1871, At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Still Pond, I will sell said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said writs, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
JACOB SUTTON, Constable.
Jan. 28, 1871—ts.[6.00]

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias, issued by James Graves, a justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland in and for Kent county, one at the suit of the State of Maryland, and one at the suit of Bennett & Fiddis, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Thomas Hanson, colored, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Thomas Hanson, col'd, of, in and to the following property:

ALL THAT LOT OF LAND,
WITH IMPROVEMENTS,
Situated on Scotch Point in Chestertown.

AND I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that on *SATURDAY, the 11th February*, 1871, At 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Market House in Chestertown, I will sell the said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said writs, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.
JOHN H. GREENWOOD,
Jan. 21, 1871—ts [4.75] Constable.

C. F. STAM & BRO.

WE call the attention of PHYSICIANS to the ELEGANT
Pharmaceutical Preparations
of JOHN WYETH & BRO., of Philadelphia. They are made with scrupulous exactness and have the reputation of being the best in the market. We give the names of a few of them:
Elixer Calisaya Iron and Bismuth.
" Cinchona—Ferrated.
" Bromide Potassum.
" Bismuth.
" of Valeriante of Ammonia.
Bitter Wine of Iron.
Wine of Pepsine.
Comp. Syrup of Phosphates (Chemical Food.)
We receive orders for all kinds of BOOKS, and furnish them at City prices.
jan21. C. F. STAM & BRO.

A NEW ERA IN BELTING.

PAGE'S PATENT
Tanned Leather Belt.

Tanned in Oil and by the same process as Lace Leather, by PAGE BROS., inventors and manufacturers of the celebrated Page's Lace Leather.

These Belts are perfectly soft, and hug the pulley like pure rubber, thus giving 25 per ct. more driving power than any other belt.

They also have eighty per ct. more strength than the best oak-tanned belts.

They have been placed on pullies running 9,000 turns per minute, and in places where all other belts have failed, have given entire satisfaction, outwearing every other belt 50 per ct.

The fact that they are driving out of the market in the East, very fast, the other kinds of belt, is sufficient testimony.

All the large Eastern Factories now use them.

The following are a few of the many testimonials we have received:

Messrs. Charles E. Inloes & Co.:

GENTS:—We have been using Page's Patent Belt in our factories for over a year, and believe it to be the best and cheapest belt made. Best, because it is stronger and more durable than oak-tanned; and cheapest, because its adhesive qualities give it so much more driving power. Very respectfully,
R. H. THOMPSON,
Sup't Union Mfg. Co. of Maryland,
Ellicott's Mills.

Messrs. Charles E. Inloes & Co.:

GENTS:—The fourteen-inch Page's Patent Belt, bought from you, has been in daily use ever since, and gives perfect satisfaction, and you are at liberty to use our name in endorsing the qualities you claim for it, in every respect, as we believe it to be the best Belt made, and shall adopt it altogether in our mills. Very truly,
W. W. TUNIS & BRO.,
Oakland Steam Saw Mills,
Talbot Co., Maryland.

The following are a few of the parties now using it in Baltimore:

R. Sinclair & Co.,	Murrill & Keiser,
W. E. Hooper & Sons,	W. Wilkens & Co.,
Magne & Chipman,	J. W. Butler & Co.,
Liberty Mining Co.,	Johnson & Waters,
P. S. Chappell,	L. M. Beebe & Bro.

Congressional Globe Printing Office, Washington.

The Laps are all short, and besides, the usual copper rivets and glue are fastened by two rows of pegs guaranteed not to come out, which is a great advantage.

Send for circulars and price lists to—
CHAS. E. INLOES & CO.,
35 South Charles St., Balt.
Sole Agents for Maryland.

Dealers in Mill, Railroad, Machinists' and Gas Fitters' supplies of all kinds.

A full line of Rubber and Oak Tanned Belt always in store.

AGENTS FOR
N. Y. Rubber Co., Hose, Belt and Packing,
Miller's Soapstone Packing,
Peet Patent Globe Valve Co.,
Fairman's Chucks,
Cameron's Steam Pumps,
The Tanite Emery Wheels & Saw Gummers,
Morris, Tasker & Co.'s Boiler Flues.

Gas and Water Pipe and Terra Cotta Drain Pipe of every size, always on hand.

CHAS. E. INLOES & CO.,
35 South Charles Street,
jan28-6m. BALTIMORE, MD.

Middletown Nursery and Fruit Farm,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

PEACH TREES & SMALL FRUITS a Speciality. Peach trees in present nursery *all sold*. A Fine Stock of Small Fruit Plants, and Osage Orange Quicks for the Spring of '71 at reduced prices. For Catalogue and Price List, Address E. R. COCHRAN,
dec3-6m. Middletown, Del.

BLACKSMITHING
—AND—
WHEELWRIGHTING.

WE take this method of informing our friends and the public that we have connected Wheelwrighting with our former business, believing it will be better for ourselves and our customers too, as we will be able to work much lower where there is but one profit.

We have Good Seasoned Stock
And Good Workmen in our employ.

We intend to have the Wood work done as we have had our Blacksmithing—that is to say, IN THE VERY BEST MANNER; and we are willing for the public to be the judges. Our experience is that "the best is the cheapest."

We will have
Plows, Cultivators,
AND HARROWS, FOR SALE.
We shall also put up New CARTS,
Wagons, Dearborns, Express Wagons,
&c., in good style.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

Our work will be done as low as at any other establishment here or elsewhere in the State, or outside of it. We are determined to leave no excuse in the way of those who have heretofore been sending their money out of our own community—where it is so sadly needed—to build up manufacturers at a distance.—We challenge a comparison of our work with that done anywhere else, as to price, material, workmanship, style, finish, or any other essential.
CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.
Chestertown, Jan 7, 1871—tf.

Removal--New Goods.

MRS. A. M. SMITH

HAS removed to the store room lately occupied by Mr. B. H. Gardner, opposite the Vushell House, where she keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of

Groceries, Confectionery
NOTIONS, &c.,

Consisting in part of Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Salt Fish, Vinegar, Molasses, Soaps, Buckets, Brooms, Tobacco and Segars, Snuff, Pipes, Oil, Lamps and Lamp Chimneys, Notions, Nuts and Candies of various kinds, and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to her, she asks a continuance of the same.
jan28y. MRS. A. M. SMITH.

BOOTS & SHOES! HATS & CAPS!
GROCERIES, &c.
WM. H. HAMILTON,

HAVING bought out the BOOT AND SHOE STORE of Mr. John W. Collins, adjoining the Post Office, has just returned from the city with a NEW STOOK OF GOODS, comprising a general assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS.

Special attention is called to my goods for
Ladies and Children's Wear,
and GENTS' FINE WORK. Side-lace, front-lace, Button and Congress Gaiters; Gents' fine Calf-skin Sewed Boots and Gaiters, English Walking Shoes, Slippers, &c. Coarse Boots and Shoes of all kinds. Also, a large assortment of CHILDREN'S SHOES of every description, to which the attention of parents is invited. Also,
HATS AND CAPS,
for Men and Boys, of the latest styles, and for sale at the very LOWEST PRICES.

Also, a general assortment of GROCERIES.

Country Produce Wanted,
for which I will pay the highest market price.
Give me a call. jan7tf.

B. STRAUSS
AT THE OLD PLACE YET!
Notice to the Public in General

THE undersigned having re-rented the store room in Burchinal's Building, will still continue to keep on hand

CLOTHING
AND
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

as heretofore. The Holidays being over and desirous of closing out my entire Winter Stock I will sell at

REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

I will be pleased to receive a call from my friends and the public generally, and shall endeavor, by fair and honorable dealing, to merit a share of your patronage.
Respectfully, B. STRAUSS,
Corner of High and Cross Streets,
Jan. 7, 1871. Chestertown.

TO THE LADIES!

LAIRD'S BLOOM OF YOUTH,
For BEAUTIFYING and PRESERVING the COMPLEXION and SKIN.

Mr. Laird has every confidence in recommending his BLOOM OF YOUTH to the Ladies, as being the only perfect and reliable toilet article now in use. For sale at
jan7tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

BLACKSMITH
—AND—
WHEELWRIGHT SHOPS
AT WILLIS' X ROADS.

THE subscriber having rented the above Shops and employed competent workmen, is prepared to do all kinds of work, in either branch, in the BEST MANNER and at REASONABLE PRICES.

Feeling confident of giving satisfaction, a liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. WM. H. WARREN.
Jan. 14, 1871—y

$50 REWARD!

STOLEN from the subscriber on the evening of January 17, 1871, a **Light Sorrel Horse**, with Saddle and Bridle on. Description: he is light sorrel, stands 14 or 14½ hands high, blaze face, with white spot on left side of his neck, both hind feet white to the knees, also very much pinto ed in the hind feet.

Twenty Five Dollars will be given for the Horse, or the above reward for the recovery of the Horse and capture of the thief.
M. N. WILLITS,
jan21-3t* Middletown, Delaware.

FOR SALE,
ONE PAIR OF MULES,
And a good DRIVING MARE.
Also, TEN THOUSAND CHESTNUT RAILS.
jan21-3t. G. R. PARROTT.

LOST, on the evening of the 13th inst., in front of my house, a LADIES' FUR MUFF. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at my store.
jan21-3t. W. A. VICKERS.

PURE SPICE.—Ginger, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Allspice, Nutmegs, Sage, Mustard, Black and Red Pepper—all can be obtained, ground, at
jan7tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

THE WEED
"F. F."—Family Favorite,
Sewing Machine!

LOCK STITCH! STRAIGHT NEEDLE!

The Most Simple, Elegant, Economical and Desirable of any in use.

"THE WEED" was awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUM for family purposes, in an exciting contest with EIGHTY-TWO others, and is the Best Finished Instrument of the kind in the whole Exhibition.—[Report Paris Exposition, Galignani's Messenger, (French) June, 1867.]

ALSO, THE
"M. F."—Manufacturer's Favorite,

Having a space of nearly twenty inches under the arm—a positive feed on three sides of the needle. Without Cam, Cog Wheels, Compound Cranks, Wire Springs or Revolving Shafts.

SILENT! RAPID! POWERFUL

These Machines are in use by many families in Chestertown and Kent county, and are universally preferred over all others by Ladies who have used different kinds. Every family should have one.

Send for Circulars and Samples.
HINES & BURCHINAL,
AGENTS,
d3 tf. Adjoining the Bank, Chestertown.

HO! FOR THE CREAP STORE. UP TOWN!

WM. C. A. THOMPSON,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he is still in the
Grocery & Provision business,
and is prepared to furnish them with all such at the very lowest figure. He has on hand and for sale a choice selection of the above goods, consisting in part of

Flour,	Bacon,	Buckets,
Sugars,	Lard,	Brooms,
Coffees,	Butter,	Powder & Shot,
Teas,	Eggs,	Tobacco & Segars
Spices,	Molasses,	Snuff, Pipes,
Soaps,	Vinegar,	Yeast Powders,
Candies,	Oil,	Notions,

and other articles too numerous to mention.

RABBIT'S SOAP, one bar warranted to make three gallons soft soap. Kitchen Crystal Soap, for cleaning Tins and Paints.

Tonic Beer and Mineral Water for sale.

My motto is—Not to be undersold.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Thankful for patronage heretofore extended and with a determination to please I ask a continuance of the same.

I buy for cash and sell for cash ONLY.
aug27. WM. C. A. THOMPSON.

BAKERY! BAKERY!

FRESH BREAD, CAKES AND PIES.

JOHN WAIBEL
Has again commenced the
Bread and Cake Baking Business,
in Chestertown. I have built a Bakery on Queen Street, adjoining Mrs. Biscoe, and hope to supply my old customers and the public with BREAD, CAKES, PIES, &c.

I am determined to sell at the very lowest prices, and will do all in my power to please my customers. Give me a call.
d24. JOHN WAIBEL.

Notice to Delinquent Tax-Payers.

ORDERED by the Commissioners of Kent County, that the following advertisement be inserted once in each week for and during four weeks successively, in some newspaper printed and published in Chestertown.

Test: JOHN RUSSELL,
Clerk to Commissioners for Kent Co.

A TRACT OF LAND

in the Third District of Kent county, chargeable for the payment of taxes due to THOMAS H. KENNARD, Collector for said District for the year 1869, together with the name of the party chargeable with the payment of the same, and there being no personal property in the county liable for and chargeable with the payment of said taxes, as by return of said Collector to the said County Commissioners, will appear, viz:

BENJAMIN S. STARTT—a Tract of Land, containing 22¾ Acres, more or less, lying in Worton, near the St. James' M. P. Church, adjoining the lands of George R. Reed and others, and commonly known as the "Lizer property." Taxes due for 1869 $18.90

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That unless the charges on said land shall be paid to said Thos. H. Kennard, late Collector for said District, on or before the 14th day of February next, or within thirty days after this notice is completed, the lands so charged as aforesaid, or such parts thereof as may be necessary to raise the sums due thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder for the payment of the same, pursuant to the Act of Assembly passed November Session, 1797.

By order of the Commissioners for Kent county. JOHN RUSSELL, Clerk.
January 10, 1871.

By the County Commissioners of Kent county, Maryland, Ordered, That Thomas H. Kennard late Collector of said County, after thirty days previous notice at the Court House door, and at the most public places in said county, and also in some newspaper published in said county, proceed to sell to the highest bidder the foregoing lots of land, or such parts thereof as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and legal charges thereon due, and the same when sold, to transfer by deed or bargain and sale to the purchaser thereof.
jan14-5t. JOHN RUSSELL, Clerk.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL Cure of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this Admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York,
dec3 Post Office Box 4,586.

PILES OR HEMORRHOIDAL TUMORS, ALL KINDS positively, perfectly and permanently cured by W. A. McCANDLESS, M. D., No. 2001 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

I desire to say to those afflicted with any kind of PILES, Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding, or Itching that there is positively no kind of deception in the cure of these diseases, the cure is perfect and permanent, and without the slightest danger, without the slightest injury to the patient in any way, and without caustics or instruments. I also cure Fistula Fissures, Prolapsus, and Ulceration of the lower bowels. Patients must visit me and can remain at my house till cured if they desire.—Can refer you to over 1200 persons cured in Philadelphia alone. oc8.

A CHEAP LOT OF
Black and colored ALPACAS,
are offered for the inspection of the public, by
Nov. 6. L. S. FOWLER.