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FALLEN PARIS—*The Last Sunday in the Unconquered Capital.*—The correspondent of the London *Times* in Paris, wrote on January 23: "Yesterday afternoon along the principal line of the boulevards, it was not easy to make one's way through the thick crowd of well dressed loungers enjoying their usual Sunday promenade as composedly as if there were no shells or short-commons to disturb the ordinary routine of their lives. The cafes were filled with guests, discussing, over absinthe or beer, busily but with less vehemence than might have been expected from French politicians at such a crisis, the downfal of Trochu and the hopes entertained of the more energetic Vinoy.—At the Theatre Francais a large audience was listening to one of Moliere's masterpieces, too absorbed to notice the frequent and now familiar explosions which filled up the pauses between the speeches of the actors. Masses of infantry lined both sides of the Champs Elysees, making the passers-by believe that the new Commander-in-Chief was resolved to make up for lost time, and that another sortie was already imminent, despite the crushing failure of the last. Nobody had probably a suspicion that at that very moment the troops were wanted for service scarcely a mile off, in the heart of Paris, and that French bullets got ready against the Prussians were piercing French hearts. While one party of citizens were applauding 'Tartuffe,' another were shooting each other from window and doorway across the open space in front of the Hotel de Ville. All the time the Prussian bombs as if to supply the key to the strange scenes enacting in Paris, and the answering cannon of the forts, made themselves almost continuously heard. A quarter of an hour's walk from the Boulevards or the Theatre Francais would have brought one within reach of the falling shells.—To complete the picture, I ought not to forget the silent worn-out crowds, composed principally of women, waiting wearily but patiently before the doors of some butcher's or baker's shop until their turn at last came round to get their pittance of meat or bread."

THE COLORED SCHOOLS IN MARYLAND.—The question having been frequently asked whether the colored schools in the several counties of Maryland are entitled to any portion of the public school State tax levied for school purposes, we publish, for the information of all interested, the following opinion of I. D. Jones, attorney general for the State, in response to inquiries made by John W. Doughery, Esq., secretary to the board of school commissioners of Wicomico county:

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 4, 1871.

John W. Doughery, Secretary Board of School Commissioners Wicomico county:

Dear Sir—In reply to your inquiry "whether the negro schools in the several counties are entitled to any portion of the public school State tax, levied for school purposes," I have to state that by section 18 of chapter 311 of the act of 1870, it was provided that "the total amount of taxes paid for school purposes by the colored people of any county, or in the city of Baltimore, together with any donations that may be made for the purpose, shall be set aside for maintaining schools for colored children."

I am of opinion that this provision includes both State and county taxes levied upon the property of colored people of any county. The mode of ascertaining the amount of such taxes is not specified in the law. The same section provides that the "schools shall be conducted under the direction of the board of county school commissioners," to whom the money arising from the school tax, both State and county, must be paid. The county school commissioners must, therefore, ascertain by the best means in their power what portion of the State and county taxes for school purposes has been paid by the colored people of the county. I suppose this may be done by a resort to the list of taxables and the assessment thereon for school purposes.

Very respectfully and truly,
ISAAC D. JONES.

THE AFRICAN.—Considering that the American blacks flourish in Africa, and that the average duration of the life of a white man in that country is not more than two years, and that the whole country is dotted with the graves of white missionaries, the practicability of using black missionaries to christianize and civilize the interior is being freely discussed. Bishop Janes, in this connection, is reported to have stated in a recent address that the colored people of the North were prepared to emigrate to Liberia as soon as they could, and added, what is undoubtedly true, that they would be valuable members of society. This country, he added, is large enough for our whole population, and we are all equal before the law, but there are prejudices against the colored race, and the colored man will not rest until he is independent and equal, socially, as well as before the law. He will, therefore, added the bishop, get to Africa as soon as he can. These statements indicate very clearly that the "absurd prejudices," which at the North they are so fond of ascribing to those of the South, as peculiar to that section, are quite as strong if not stronger, and of a character more hard to be borne, in the North than anywhere else.

A REMARKABLE COLORED MAN.—There is a colored man now in Alexandria, Va., who says he came from Frederick, Md., who can at will, and without any apparent inconvenience, change the position of his heart to the left and lower portion of his abdomen, thence across to the right side of his abdomen, and then back again to his left breast. He also possesses the power of revolving his stomach, and of so extending the muscles between his ribs as to form a bony covering for the whole of his abdomen. These motions are all distinctly visible, and are certainly very remarkable—the transposition of the heart, considering its attachments, being almost inexplicable. Many persons, among them some of the medical faculty, have examined the man, and have been interested very much in the phenomena he exhibited.—*Alexandria (Va.) Gazette.*

MR. A. T. STEWART, of New York, makes the handsome gift to the sufferers in France of five thousand barrels of flour. The vessel sailed this week. Two steamships cleared from New York on Saturday with cargoes of provisions.

BURIED ALIVE—*A Remarkable Escape.*—A correspondent of the Plattsburg (Mo.) *Register* some days ago told this remarkable story, which happened in Grundy county:

"A Mr. John Andrews, a popular and well-to-do farmer in the neighborhood, had dug a well some forty feet deep, when it was discovered that the wall was about to cave in. Mr. Andrews gathered up an armful of short boards, and went down a pole ladder, fastened to the side of the well, to lay them across the wall, so as to prevent the dirt as it fell from filling up that part of the well walled up. He had not more than reached the bottom as it was thought, before the well caved in, filling up to a few feet of the top. The alarm was given, and the neighbors gathered, but all believing him dead they returned to their homes to make arrangements to come the next day and dig him out. Mrs. Andrews and two grown daughters and several smaller children refused to leave the spot, and sat on a log near the well, crying, until late in the evening, when all at once they saw Mr. Andrews emerging from the well, covered with clay and coming toward them.—The children all ran, screaming, to the house, bolted the doors and fastened the windows, believing it to be their father's ghost. But Mrs. Andrews ran to meet him, screaming at the top of her voice, "Oh, John! Oh, John! Is that you?—Is that you?" When she reached him she fell fainting at his feet.

"It seems that when he got to the bottom of the well he looked up and saw the top giving way, and believing he had not time to make his escape, he slipped under the boards which he had laid across the well, when the whole thing fell in upon him. All hope at first, gave way, and he was about to let himself drop into the water below and end at once his miserable feelings. But feeling above, he found the clay easily crumbled and hope revived. The pole ladder, it seems, was still standing, and taking hold of it with one hand, he, with the other, scratched away for dear life, the dirt falling into the water below as he dragged his body slowly upward. It seems he did not suffer much in breathing, as fresh air came down the pole, around which the dirt was loosely packed. In the incredible short time of six hours he scratched a hole some forty feet long, through which he made his escape. This is one of the narrowest escapes from a horrible death on record.

BANK RATES OF INTEREST—*The Price of Money.*—We do not agree with our correspondent "Justice," who would like to see those National Banks prosecuted whose officers take more than seven per cent. for the loan of money. We wish that all loans were free, as the price of flour, no matter who furnishes the money. It would be better for poor men and for men of good character if this were so.—The legal limit of seven per cent. does not fix the price of money, but the average rate is a little higher in consequence of the interference of the law. When money is scarce, or for any other reason rates of interest are high, this advance is the natural remedy for some existing difficulty. Place no restraint on this advance, and it effects a cure of the derangement, while in the meantime it lays a train for its own removal in attracting a large supply to the place, or in diminishing the competition or demand. If there is money enough in the world for its proper needs, the price of it will best regulate itself at a moderate limit; and if there is not enough a high price is the very best stimulant to the increased production of it. The farmers have been among the most prejudiced upholders of the old usury laws; but the difficulty of obtaining such accommodations as they need on bond and mortgage while they are hedged about with so many legal protections is beginning to open their eyes. In order to attract capital into that channel it is now proposed to exempt it from taxation. This is really to extend the limit of annual interest. The plainest, best way is to allow everybody of suitable age and discretion to make his own bargain for money at any rate acceptable to both parties, and only to fix a legal rate to govern in the absence of all positive written agreements.—*New York Jour. Com.*

INTERESTING DECISION.—The Easton (Md.) Star, in its report of the proceedings of the Circuit Court for that county, says:

"Judge Stump delivered the opinion of the court in the case of George Sutton, negro, who had been indicted at the November term for falsely swearing before Register Jump that he had not been convicted of an infamous crime, when in fact he had been convicted of larceny, and served a term in the penitentiary, before the adoption of the fifteenth amendment to the federal constitution. At the November term Mr. Martin, counsel for Sutton, demurred to the indictment on the ground that the presentment was made under an *ex post facto* law. The court discussed the demurrer at length, but ruled that apart from the issue raised, the indictment was defective, and, on motion of the acting State's attorney, it was quashed, and the prisoner held for the action of the grand jury in May. The opinion of the court differed somewhat from the decision rendered by Judge Magruder last fall in a similar case in Calvert county.

A PURE BLACK ON THE FLOOR OF CONGRESS.—A specimen of the colored representation of the new Congress appeared on the floor of the House on Wednesday in the person of Hon. R. B. Elliott, of South Carolina, a genuine African.—He was for some time in the seat of his predecessor, Judge Hoge, and attracted very general attention. The other colored members of the House are three-fourths white, but Elliott is a pure black. The republican members did not seem inclined to give him a very warm welcome, certainly not so cordial a one as was extended to Rainey and Long.

KING OF FRANCE.—The dispatches from France indicate the election of a majority of the members of the Assembly in favor of the restoration of the Orleanist branch of the Bourbons, with the Count of Paris as King. He is a son of the late Duke of Orleans, the eldest son of King Louis Philippe. He is now in his thirty-third year, and is known to many American army officers, having been on the staff of Gen. McClellan in the early day's of our late war. His mother was a German princess.

MR. WILSON'S REMOVAL.—With a strict adherance to his characteristic policy, Mr. Grant has succeeded in displacing another honest and capable official from a position of public trust and responsibility, to make way for a personal devotee, and an obedient party politician. The Senate last week removed Joseph S. Wilson, General Land Commissioner, and confirmed one Drummond in his stead. Mr. Wilson held his office for a period of thirty years, during which time he performed its duties and bore its responsibilities in a manner deserving of the highest praise. His habits of official industry were of the most arduous nature. His hours of daily labor at his own choice, comprised fourteen out of the twenty-four; and that he might be always at his post, he has for several years eaten and slept in apartments adjoining his office in the Treasury Department. The knowledge appertaining to the public lands of the Nation, gleaned in an arduous experience of thirty years, and possessed in the highest degree by Mr. Wilson, has been rewarded by a yearly salary of $3,000, out of which its recipient has not saved $100, and now considerably past the middle age of life, without private resources he begins the world afresh.

Mr. Wilson is ruthlessly displaced, not for cause but for effect. He dared to tell the truth in his official report, and he refused to transform his office into a political broker's shop. This did not suit Mr. Grant, looking forward to a second Presidential term, and so the country loses a worthy and invaluable public servant, and Mr. Grant gains a personal adherent with patronage at his disposal.

A SENSIBLE JUROR.—On a late trial before the Superior Court of New York City, after the judge had charged the jury, and considerable time had been spent in trying to get his honor to charge this and not to charge that, and the merits of the case getting into confusion worse confounded, a juryman could stand it no longer. "I protest," he called out to the judge, "against this sort of talking. It is only bewildering the jury, and if kept up will get us in such a muddle that we won't know anything about the case."

RESIGNATION AND APPOITMENT.—Gen. George H. Bier has resigned the position of Adjutant General of the State, which he has held for over two years, and Governor Bowie has appointed in his place Mr. Charles H. McBlair, one of the clerks in the adjutant general's office. Mr. McBlair was formerly in the army.

PIGEON MAILS.—It is stated that, on January 10th, a pigeon arrived at Paris with dispatches which, when printed, filled four columns of the newspapers, together with fifteen thousand dispatches for private individuals. This extraordinary compression of mail matter was due to microscopic photography.

A JOINT resolution appropriating $5,000 to Geo. F. Robinson for his services in saving the life of Secretary Seward, in April, 1865, has passed Congress.

SAMUEL S. STEVENS, a bond robber, committed suicide in the Tombs, at New York, on Tuesday night week.

Unanswerable Arguments.

Established facts are silent arguments which neither pen nor tongue can shake, and it is upon established facts that the reputation of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, as a health-preserving elixir, and a wholesome and powerful remedy, is based. When witnesses come forward in crowds, year after year, and reiterate the same statements in relation to the beneficial effects of a medicine *upon themselves*, disbelief in its efficiency is *literally impossible*. The credentials of this unequalled tonic and alterative, extending over a period of nearly twenty years, include individuals of every class, and residents of every clime, and refer to the most prevalent among the complaints which afflict and harass the human family. Either a multitude of people, strangers to each other, have annually been seized with an insane and motiveless desire to deceive the public, or Hostetter's Bitters, for no less than a fifth of a century, have been affording such relief to sufferers from indigestion, fever and ague, biliousness, general debility, and nervous disorders, as no other preparation has ever imparted. To-day, *while the eyes of the reader are upon these lines*, tens of thousands of persons of both sexes are relying upon the Bitters as a sure defence against the ailments which the present season engenders, and their confidence is not misplaced. The local potions which interested dealers sometimes endeavor to foist upon the sick in its stead, are everywhere meeting the fate that is due to fraud and imposture, while the demand for the great vegetable specific is constantly increasing.

MANTUAMAKING.

MRS. R. KENTON has removed to the house opposite the Blacksmith Shop of Chapman & Lambert. Thankful for the heretofore liberal patronage she has received, she will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same. j21-3m.

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

There is no class or remedial agents so extensively or so justly used as MEDICATED PLASTERS; the timely use of one of Alcock's or Wells' STRENGTHENING PLASTERS, will prevent much suffering and sickness, especially if predisposed to weak lungs, or any affection of the Chest or Back. They afford great relief in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, &c For sale at
jan9-tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

NATURAL MINERAL WATER
FOR THE DEBILITATED.
VICHY, KISSENGEN, CONGRESS
and other Waters, for sale at
jan7-tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

PURE SPICE.—Ginger, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mace, Allspice, Nutmegs, Sage, Mustard, Black and Red Pepper—all can be obtained, ground, at
jan7tf. WICKES' DRUG STORE.

BOOTS & SHOES! HATS & CAPS!
GROCERIES, &c.

WM. H. HAMILTON,

HAVING bought out the BOOT AND SHOE STORE of Mr. John W. Collins, adjoining the Post Office, has just returned from the city with a NEW STOOK OF GOODS, comprising a general assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS.

Special attention is called to my goods for

Ladies and Children's Wear,

and GENTS' FINE WORK. Side-lace, front-lace, Button and Congress Gaiters; Gents' fine Calfskin Sewed Boots and Gaiters, English Walking Shoes, Slippers, &c. Coarse Boots and Shoes of all kinds. Also, a large assortment of CHILDREN'S SHOES of every description, to which the attention of parents is invited. Also,

HATS AND CAPS,

for Men and Boys, of the latest styles, and for sale at the very LOWEST PRICES.

Also, a general assortment of GROCERIES.

Country Produce Wanted,

for which I will pay the highest market price.
☞Give me a call. jan7tf.

Constable's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of 6 writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued by D. U. Dewees, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, three at the suit of William Vannort, one at the suit of the Patapsco Guano Company, one at the suit of Augusta Camp, and one at the suit of Tilghman Shafer, administrator of H. C. Rile, deceased, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Joseph C. Rasin, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Joseph C. Rasin, of, in and to the following property:

1 HORSE, 1 DEARBORN,
And One CARRIAGE & HARNESS.

Also, a House and Lot of Land,
In Still Pond X Roads,

FARM IN STILL POND NECK

adjoining the lands of John Kelley, H. T. Jump, and others.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, 18th of February*, 1871, At 10 o'clock, A. M., at Still Pond, I will sell said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said writs, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

JACOB SUTTON, Constable.
Jan. 28, 1871—ts [6.00]

Clear and Harmless as Water!

NATTANS' CRYSTAL DISCOVERY
FOR THE HAIR!

A PERFECTLY clear preparation in one bottle, as easily applied as water, for restoring to gray hair its natural color and youthful appearance, to eradicate and prevent dandruff, to promote the growth of the hair and stop its falling. It is perfectly harmless and entirely free from any poisonous substance and will therefore take the place of all the dirty and unpleasant preparations now in use. In everything in which the articles now in use are objectionable, CRYSTAL DISCOVERY is perfect. It is warranted to contain neither Sugar of Lead, Sulphur, Litharage, or Nitrate of Silver. Bear this in mind when you want anything for your hair.

Clear and clean as water, it does not soil the scalp or clothes, is agreeably perfumed, and makes one of the best dressings for the hair in use. It restores the color of the hair more perfect and uniformly than any other preparation, and always does so in from 3 to 10 days. Virtually feeding the roots of the hair with all the nourishing qualities necessary to its growth and healthy condition, it restores the decayed and induces a new growth of the hair more positively than anything else. The application of this wonderful discovery also produces a pleasant and cooling effect on the scalp and gives the hair a glossy appearance.

☞We call especial attention to the fact that a limited number of trial bottles will be given away gratuitously to those desiring to try it. You will notice that in pursuing this course our aim is to convince by the actual merits of the article. ARTHUR NATTANS, Inventor and Proprietor, Washington, D. C., to whom all orders must be addressed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 5, 1870.

Mr. Arthur Nattans:

Dear Sir—I do not hesitate to say that your Crystal Discovery deserves to supercede all other preparations claiming to restore the growth and color of the hair. I have used it a week now, and my hair has already returned to its natural color, and has ceased falling almost entirely. I cheerfully recommend it.

Respectfully,
fe11y. MRS. ANNIE MORRAIN.

C. F. STAM & BRO.

WE call the attention of PHYSICIANS to the ELEGANT

Pharmaceutical Preparations

of JOHN WYETH & BRO., of Philadelphia. They are made with scrupulous exactness and have the reputation of being the best in the market. We give the names of a few of them:

Elixer Calisaya Iron and Bismuth.
" Cinchona—Ferrated.
" Bromide Potassum.
" Bismuth.
" of Valeriante of Ammonia.
Bitter Wine of Iron.
Wine of Pepsine.
Comp. Syrup of Phosphates (Chemical Food.)

We receive orders for all kinds of BOOKS, and furnish them at City prices.
jan21. C. F. STAM & BRO.

Removal--New Goods.

MRS. A. M. SMITH

HAS removed to the store room lately occupied by Mr. B. H. Gardner, opposite the Voshell House, where she keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of

Groceries, Confectionery
NOTIONS, &c.,

Consisting in part of Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Flour, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Salt Fish, Vinegar, Molasses, Soaps, Buckets, Brooms, Tobacco and Segars, Snuff, Pipes, Oil, Lamps and Lamp Chimneys, Notions, Nuts and Candies of various kinds, and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

Thankful for the patronage heretofore extended to her, she asks a continuance of the same.
jan28y. MRS. A. M. SMITH.

BAKERY! BAKERY!

FRESH BREAD, CAKES AND PIES.

JOHN WAIBEL

Has again commenced the *Bread and Cake Baking Business*, in Chestertown. I have built a Bakery on Queen Street, adjoining Mrs. Biscoe, and hope to supply my old customers and the public with BREAD, CAKES, PIES, &c.

I am determined to sell at the very lowest prices, and will do all in my power to please my customers. Give me a call.
d24. JOHN WAIBEL.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, Letters Testamentary on the personal estate of

JOHN P. SMITH,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August, 1871, otherwise they may by law be excluded from the benefits in said estate. Given under my hand this 7th day of February, 1871.

EDWIN SMITH,
Feb. 11, 1871—4t. Exec'r.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate of

MELVINA BAKER,

late of Kent county, deceased.

All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August, 1871, otherwise they may by law be excluded from the benefits of said estate.

Given under my hand this 7th day of February, 1871.

CHARLES H. BAKER,
Feb. 11, 1871—4t. Adm'r.

BLACKSMITHING
—AND—
WHEELWRIGHTING.

WE take this method of informing our friends and the public that we have connected Wheelwrighting with our former business, believing it will be better for ourselves and our customers too, as we will be able to work much lower where there is but one profit.

We have Good Seasoned Stock
And Good Workmen in our employ.

We intend to have the Wood work done as we have had our Blacksmithing—that is to say, IN THE VERY BEST MANNER; and we are willing for the public to be the judges. Our experience is that "the best is the cheapest."

We will have
Plows, Cultivators,
AND HARROWS, FOR SALE.

We shall also put up New CARTS,

Wagons, Dearborns, Express Wagons,

&c., in good style.

ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING
DONE AT SHORT NOTICE.

Our work will be done as low as at any other establishment here or elsewhere in the State, or outside of it. We are determined to leave no excuse in the way of those who have heretofore been sending their money out of our own community—where it is so sadly needed—to build up manufacturers at a distance.—We challenge a comparison of our work with that done anywhere else, as to price, material, workmanship, style, finish, or any other essential.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.
Chestertown, Jan. 7, 1871—tf.

A NEW ERA IN BELTING.

PAGE'S PATENT
Tanned Leather Belt.

Tanned in Oil and by the same process as Lace Leather, by PAGE BROS., inventors and manufacturers of the celebrated Page's Lace Leather.

These Belts are perfectly soft, and hug the pulley like pure rubber, thus giving 25 per ct. more driving power than any other belt.

They also have eighty per ct. more strength than the best oak-tanned belts.

They have been placed on pullies running 9,000 turns per minute, and in places where all other belts have failed, have given entire satisfaction, outwearing every other belt 50 per ct.

The fact that they are driving out of the market in the East, very fast, the other kinds of belt, is sufficient testimony.

All the large Eastern Factories now use them.

The following are a few of the many testimonials we have received:

Messrs. Charles E. Inloes & Co.:

GENTS:—We have been using Page's Patent Belt in our factories for over a year, and believe it to be the best and cheapest belt made.

Best, because it is stronger and more durable than oak-tanned; and cheapest, because its adhesive qualities give it so much more driving power. Very respectfully,

R. H. THOMPSON,
Sup't Union Mfg. Co. of Maryland,
Ellicott's Mills.

Messrs. Charles E. Inloes & Co.:

GENTS:—The fourteen-inch Page's Patent Belt, bought from you, has been in daily use ever since, and gives perfect satisfaction, and you are at liberty to use our name in endorsing the qualities you claim for it, in every respect, as we believe it to be the best Belt made, and shall adopt it altogether in our mills. Very truly,

W. W. TUNIS & BRO.,
Oakland Steam Saw Mills,
Talbot Co., Maryland.

The following are a few of the parties now using it in Baltimore:

R. Sinclair & Co.,	Murrill & Keiser,
W. E. Hooper & Sons,	W. Wilkens & Co.,
Magne & Chipman,	J. W. Butler & Co.,
Liberty Mining Co.,	Johnson & Waters,
P. S. Chappell,	L. M. Beebe & Bro.

Congressional Globe Printing Office, Washington.

The Laps are all short, and besides, the usual copper rivets and glue are fastened by two rows of pegs guaranteed not to come out, which is a great advantage.

Send for circulars and price lists to—

CHAS. E. INLOES & CO.,
35 South Charles St, Balt.
Sole Agents for Maryland.

Dealers in Mill, Railroad, Machinists' and Gas Fitters' supplies of all kinds.

A full line of Rubber and Oak Tanned Belt always in store.

AGENTS FOR
N. Y. Rubber Co., Hose, Belt and Packing,
Miller's Soapstone Packing,
Peet Patent Globe Valve Co.,
Fairman's Chucks,
Cameron's Steam Pumps,
The Tanite Emery Wheels & Saw Gummers,
Morris, Tasker & Co.'s Boiler Flues.

Gas and Water Pipe and Terra Cotta Drain Pipe of every size, always on hand.

CHAS. E. INLOES & CO.,
35 South Charles Street,
jan28-6m. BALTIMORE, MD.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HAVING recently refitted Store No. 10, Light Street, Baltimore, and having supplied it with an

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF GOODS
FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

It will afford us pleasure to have the public call and examine them.

Our Staple CLOTHS, DOESKINS and SUITINGS are superior, and our FANCY CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c., are of the latest novelties in design and style.

OUR SYSTEM OF CUTTING is by actual measurement, and the fit of all Garments is guaranteed. Prices moderate. Terms cash.

P. WEIKEL & CO.,
feb4y. No. 10 Light Street, Baltimore.

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN BALTIMORE!

MORTON D. BANKS,
(Successor to D. Banks,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Furniture, Chair and Mattrass
MANUFACTURER.
WAREROOMS—No. 59 South Street.
FACTORY—No. 396 E. Baltimore Street.
☞*GIVE ME A TRIAL.*☜

TO FARMERS.

SHELL LIME,
Delivered at 8 Cts. per Bushel.
BOWEN & MERCER,
d3-3m No. 65 S. Gay street, Baltimore.

LIME! LIME!

THE undersigned, agent for the RAMBO LIME, is prepared to receive orders for the same. Delivered at any landing in Kent of Queen Anne's counties. Parties desiring to buy are referred to Messrs. John Brice, A. Hurlock, and other farmers who have used it. WM. H. HAMILTON,
nov26-tf. Chestertown.

The Oldest Episcopal Publishing House in this Country.

EPISCOPAL REGISTER

PHILADELPHIA.

THIS IS A LIVE

CHURCH

NEWSPAPER

JUST SUCH A JOURNAL

AS SHOULD BE IN

Every Church Family.

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AT WHICH IT IS PUBLISHED,

ITS NON-CONTROVERSIAL

CHARACTER

HAS MADE IT THE

MOST POPULAR

OF

CHURCH PAPERS.

ITS CIRCULATION HAS

NEARLY DOUBLED

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Both the Religious and Secular Press have pronounced it

The Most Elegant

and Cheapest

Episcopal Paper

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☞ ADDRESS

McCALLA & STAVELY

237-9 DOCK STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

feb4-3t.

THE WEED
"F. F."—Family Favorite,
Sewing Machine!

LOCK STITCH! STRAIGHT NEEDLE!

The Most Simple, Elegant, Economical and Desirable of any in use.

"THE WEED" was awarded the HIGHEST PREMIUM for family purposes, in an exciting contest with EIGHTY-TWO others, and is the Best Finished Instrument of the kind in the whole Exhibition.—[Report Paris Exposition. Gallignani's Messenger, (French) June, 1867.]

ALSO, THE

"M. F."—Manufacturer's Favorite,

Having a space of nearly twenty inches under the arm—a positive feed on three sides of the needle. Without Cam, Cog Wheels, Compound Cranks, Wire Springs or Revolving Shafts.

SILENT! RAPID! POWERFUL

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