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The Kent News.

SATURDAY, - - JUNE 10, 1871.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.

THE DEMOCRATIC AND CONSERVATIVE VOTERS OF KENT COUNTY are requested to meet on SATURDAY, JUNE 17th, 1871, at 2 o'clock, P. M., in their respective election districts, at the usual places of meeting, for the purpose of appointing or electing a committee of three persons from each election district, who shall meet in Convention in Chestertown, at the Court House, on Monday, June 19th, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate one candidate for the State Senate, two candidates for the House of Delegates, one candidate for Sheriff, one candidate for State's Attorney, three candidates for Judges of the Orphans' Court, three candidates for County Commissioners, and one candidate for County Surveyor, to be voted for at the election to be held on the 7th day of November, 1871,—and also to appoint three delegates to represent Kent county in the Convention to be held in Baltimore on Wednesday, July 19th, to nominate candidates for Governor, Comptroller and Attorney General of the State.

The Central Committee of the county would recommend that no one be allowed to vote in the primary meetings who is not a registered voter in said district, or will not be duly qualified to vote in said district at the next election, and who will not pledge unconditional support to the nominees of the party.

JAMES A. PEARCE,
RICHARD C. JOHNSON,
RICHARD W. JONES,
State Central Committee for Kent county.

May 20th, 1871.

THE MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL AND LABOR CONVENTION.—The proceedings of this Convention, held in Baltimore on Thursday of last week, will be found on our first page. They are quite interesting, though the views of some of the speakers in regard to the best and surest means of securing immigration to the State are, we think, of questionable propriety, especially those of Mr. Earle. It would "cost more than it would come to."

THE cable announces that the communist prisoners, to the number of twenty thousand, are to be transported to New Caledonia, a desolate island in the South Pacific ocean, belonging to France.

THE MIDDLETOWN AND ELKTON RAILROAD.—Another meeting of the incorporators of this road was held in Elkton last week. Hon. Robert Fowler, of Baltimore city, was called to the chair, and Charles M. Ellis was appointed Sec'y.—Hon. Hiram McCullough sumbitted the report of the Chief Engineer of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, made upon a preliminary observation of the proposed route in which he stated that the road could probably be built for $175,000—12 miles—exclusive of land damages. It was, on motion of Mr. Tome, resolved to appoint committees to solicit subscriptions to the capital stock of the road. No part of the subscription is to be payable until sixty thousand dollars are subscribed, and sufficient guarantees are given that the road will be built from Elkton to Middletown, directly.

INTERVIEWING EXTRAORDINARY—*Hon. Jefferson Davis and Mr. Horace Greeley.*—During Mr. Greeley's sojourn at Memphis, among other prominent gentlemen, Hon. Jeff. Davis called upon the "agricultural editor." The Memphis Avalanche of the 4th inst., gives the following readable account of the meeting:

About twelve o'clock Hon. Jeff. Davis called at the Overton Hotel, and was ushered into the presence of Mr. Greeley, at whose hands he met a very cordial reception. The philosopher and his visitor sat facing each other in the centre of the room, the broad, open and plain countenance of the one in strange contrast with the wiry, nervous and somewhat delicate face of the other. Mr. Davis was dignified and somewhat formal in manner, while Mr. Greeley was frank, easy and quite talkative. There was scarcely a reference to the political situation. Mr. Greeley inquired concerning the health of Mrs. Davis with much warmth and earnestness, and referred to the high regard he entertained for that lady and of the family of which she came. Mr. Davis responded appropriately, and expressed the gratitude of himself and Mrs. Davis to the philosopher for his kindly services soon after the war. This brought up Mrs. Davis's interview with Mr. Greeley at Baltimore, at a time when she was in great distress of mind upon the arrest of her husband, on which Mr. Greeley seemed to dwell with great pleasure. In the course of conversation Mr. Greeley spoke of the Blairs, and especially of the seniors of that distinguished family, remarking, *en passant*, that Frank P. Blair, Jr., and others of the present generation did not do justice to the old stock, to whom he referred with apparent deep feeling. Mr. Greeley then passed on to subjects nearer home, and finally dwelt for several minutes on the memory of Gen. Quitman, of whom he spoke as a warm personal and political friend in times gone by. Not a word was said on either side concerning Mr. Davis's condition and prospects. All through the interview, which lasted ten minntes, Mr. Davis retained a very reserved demeanor, while, on the other hand, the face of the philosopher was wreathed in kindness and smiles, with occasionally a hearty laugh breaking the stillness. It was a scene worthy the pencil of an artist, one that would make a picture valuable now, and in future generations.

CONVICTION OF BOWEN.—C. C. Bowen, an ex-member of Congress from South Carolina, was convicted at Washington on Saturday of bigamy. The jury consisted of seven colored and five white men.

THE county rate of taxation in Cecil for the current year is 89¼ cts. on the $100—eight cents lower than last year's.

A son of Benedict Dorsey, of Cecil co., died recently from hydrophobia, superinduced by a bite from a rabid dog over nine years ago.

ROBBERY.—The dry goods and clothing store of Geo. Spitzer, in Centreville, was robbed on Thursday night of last week, of goods amounting to about $300.

MR. S. S. BAKER and H. MEEZE, Esq., of this county, delivered temperance lectures in Denton last week.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The proceedings of the Sabbath School Convention, held in this town on Tuesday and Wednesday last, are published in full in to-day's issue. It is said to have been the most interesting meeting of the kind ever held in Chestertown. The schools generally were represented, and the subjects chosen for discussion were practical and elicited general debate. Some Sunday school men from Baltimore were present, and expressed themselves to the effect that it was decidedly the best meeting of the kind they ever attended, the discussion of topics exceeding in interest and ability even those of the State convention. It is gratifying to know that we have such talent enlisted in the Sunday school cause in Kent, and if properly directed and developed it must tell for good upon the rising generation.

BAKER'S WOODS CAMP MEETING.—The managers of this camp met in the woods on Monday morning last and appointed the various committees for making the necessary arrangements for the meeting. An effort was made to fix on an earlier day for commencing the meeting, but the farmers thought the 28th of July would suit them better, and that day was finally decided upon. A motion was adopted extending a cordial invitation to persons of other religious denominations to tent and participate in the exercises of the meeting. The bread tent and horse pound were put up at public sale, and the former was knocked off to Wm. H. Hamilton at $103, and the latter to John Walls at $73. It was decided to have three pumps put upon the ground, and a committee was appointed to have the matter attended to. This will be gratifying intelligence to all persons who expect to attend the camp, as the water at present, though good, is too distant, and always gets more or less muddy when there is a crowd in attendance.

We are requested to say that the committee on tents will meet on the ground on Monday morning next, at ten o'clock, and desire all persons who propose to tent to meet them at that time for the purpose of selecting lots.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—A lodge of this popular order was instituted on Tuesday evening last near Edesville, in the lower part of this county, by G. R. S. Upperco and Fry, of Baltimore city, assisted by P. G. C.'s Usilton and Hogg and D. D. G. C. Krusen and others, of Kent. It is called Chesapeake Lodge, No. 68. The following officers were duly elected and installed: P. C., Thomas W. Edes; W. C., John Downey; V. C., B. B. Adkinson; R. S., S. S. Bennett; F. S., H. H. Gresham; B., Geo. T. Hollyday; I. S., Wm. H. Dudley; O. S., Jos. Apsley.—There were eighteen charter members, and as the material in the vicinity is abundant, and the order a deservedly popular one, we predict a large and flourishing lodge at no distant day.

NEW SODA FOUNTAIN.—Our enterprising friends, Messrs. Wickes & Co., at Grey's Inn wharf, have erected a soda fountain in their store, and are prepared to furnish as good a glass of this very refreshing beverage as any one wants to drink. It will be a great accommodation to the many persons who congregate there daily awaiting the arrival and departure of the steamer.

SALE OF A FINE HORSE.—Mr. S. V. Farson, proprietor of the Voshell House, has sold his fine carriage horse "Dan" to Mr. Jas. E. Giffin, of Moorestown, N. J., for a gentleman of that place. The price paid was $562.50. These are large figures for a carriage horse, but he is believed to be well worth the money.

EARLY HARVEST.—Our farmers say that wheat harvest will be about a week earlier this year than usual. Some wheat will be ripe enough to cut by the latter part of next week, and general harvest is expected by the following Wednesday.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, June 6th, 1871.—S. Hepbron Blackiston, guardian to Philip A. M. Brooks, returned his guardian account for 1870. R. A. Brice, adm'r of O. F. Sutton, returned his second administration account.

THE following is the continuation of an interesting conversation between an "Old Defender" and his "boy," which was published in the *News* a short time since under the caption of "What can be Seen from Batter-Shell Hill:"

EAGLE-TOWN HILL.

"Well, my boy, at last we are here, although this bayside road is a miserable affair."

"Captain this is beautiful! and it is the place I have heard of so long and so much has been told me. It is another of those places where much is to be seen and a good deal more talked about. You promised to tell me something interesting of this vicinity—so let's have it, if you please."

"I will, my boy, as you are a good listener; and it is to such I love to tell the things I know. But we must be cautious how we talk, as already we are supposed to be somebody else. But we intend no harm—only to teach the young people the things of interest which surround them everywhere; and so we'll laugh at their wild guesses, and talk on all the more.

"But now to begin: there is

A LOCAL TRADITION

about this place, and the last Indian, who was shot by 'SUGAR DICK' just near where we now stand. But the Indian did not die until he got over on to Fairlee just there by *the Shell Banks*, where we must soon go, and afterwards talk about them in the papers. The next morning after Dick shot him,

'LO, THE POOR INDIAN'

was found lying dead upon the mounds of his fathers. Seven years from that night Dick's house was burned to the ground and he perished in the flames. It was once in seven years that this Red-man came from across the country to visit the graves. Dick took advantage of this fact to shoot him. But how come Dick's house to burn on the anniversary of that deed no one knows. But, boy, this is not all. They say that since that time, once in every seven years, about the midnight hour on new-year's eve, can be heard the most unearthly yells, repeated three times, then all is quiet as the grave. Certain it is that no one ever lives there now for a longer time than seven years, and the old people will give you this as a reason."

"Thank you, Captain, for the story. I should so love to hear 'those yells and cries.' But take it altogether this is a romantic spot—such steep hills, and that deep, dark valley, all tangled and matted with great vines. It looks indeed a fitting place for such a deed as you have told. It makes me shudder to look at this place at so late an hour as now."

"Yes, my boy, that is all true. And then this beautiful, clear stream of water. And listen, as it so softly gushes o'er the pebbly bottom, then loses itself in yonder tangled mass of vines, as on it goes toward 'Rock Spring.' There is always water about here. This fact, together with its being between the two separate parts of the Great Swamp, so that the birds can get both food and water, makes it

THE MECCA OF PIGEON HUNTERS."

"Now, Captain, why is this called Eagle-town? Is it because it belonged to old Sol Eagle's family?"

"Oh no, my boy. Many persons think this; but it came from the fact that a great many eagles used to infest this woods—just like a few years since they did at Rock Hall, when everybody turned eagle hunters—and for a long time a bald eagle built its nest upon that hill undisturbed. A fine place it is for these birds, right between such large fish ponds and so near the bay. Yonder is

GRESHAM HALL

right across there; you see that tenant house and big barn. The 'OLD HALL' was of brick and nearer the bay on the bluff there you see. That has been a beautiful place, and long been celebrated as a fishing ground."

"Captain, is there where Alex. Wheat lived? Him whom I have heard of so often?"

"Yes, young man; and many's the time your father and I have been out here fishing with Alex, and he was the greatest fisherman I ever knew."

"A son of Isaac Walton, may be, Captain?"

"I don't know boy about *your Ike*, but if he beat *our Alex* he must have fished. But, as I was going to say about Alex—poor old fellow! he has long since got his last bite—and landed many a hundred dozen fish ere he dropped a line. He used to say to me, 'Captain, when I die of old age you may quake.' Ah! me, he's gone this many a year before *my* time. He was crippled with rheumatiz for years before he died, but he rarely ever refused to go fishing, particularly if you had along a good snack and 'a wee drop of the critter,' for, poor old fellow, he did so love to *'tech her once agin,'* as he would always say—just as he *smole a smile*—upon the water; and Alex always declared that them lawyers in Chestertown (not the present bar) kept the best whiskey and knowed how to swing it at a fellow better than any people he ever seed. One jug, with a horn pressed on the side, and the words 'Horn Hall' above, used to make Alex laugh all over when he saw it—for with that jug he said they always caught something."

"Captain, *I've* seen that old brown jug and heard of Alex's luck. But what large mansion is that above us?"

"That, my boy, is 'Tolchester,' better known to people about here as

'THE MITCHELL FARM,'

from the former owners, who were one of the oldest and richest families about here. In the times of *old* Joe Mitchell it was known as the

THE MODEL FARM OF KENT,

and at one time I thought it was the prettiest place I ever saw. In the old man's time there were more negroes upon that place than any two in the county. Mr. Mitchell was a Catholic, and was strict about the moral and religious teaching of his slaves. They were regular and devout at morning and evening as they attended family prayer. But Mr. Rees gave forty thousand dollars for it and cut down most of the fine shade trees, and did not keep up the garden as it used to be.

"The *garden* of the Mitchell farm used to be the standpoint from which all others were measured. It was beautifully laid off and kept, and had all the fruits and vegetables one could wish for. But it is now a valuable estate. Right across this ravine is J. H. Gale's farm, where his father lived and introduced 'the Gale Wheat' to our people. Mr. Gale was a prudent man, and raised this wheat, I am told, from eighteen grains given him of the 'New York Golden Flint.' And he did a great deal for his family and his church. This wheat had a run for some time, but the greatest yield I heard of was upon what is known as the 'Old Sledge Field,' now owned by Mr. Lamb and Mr. Walker. This field produced one crop of 2,250 bushels, and it was sold at $3.10 per bushel. The next farm belongs to Mr. J. L. Gale. His place is known as

THE OLD WILMER FARM,

and was years back the best fruit farm of any about here, having all the rare fruits known to us at that time. It is noted for the house having the thickest walls of any in the county, perhaps in the State, being five to six feet thick; and yet the British put three cannon balls clear through as they sailed down the bay after THE BATTLE. The balls are now there as mementoes. This was at the same time they took off Mr. Mitchell from his bed by the side of his wife. Ah! she was a fine woman, and went across the bay the next day in a yawl boat rowed by her own negroes, and brought her husband back released."

"A brave act, Captain, and equal to widow Mott's, of the Revolution."

"My boy, we had 'em brave then—none of your squealing things, living on air, afraid of a worm, and toating on their heads a bag of hair. And the men were too; for as the red coats sailed on down past Huntingfield, old Elburn (Jackson) left his plow and horses to go down upon the bank and *"cuss 'em,"* shaking his fist all the time—and the boats were close in too, and threw bullets all around him; but he was a brave old fellow, sure.

"But, my boy, I'm wandering in my talk now. So let's go home, or *Tea* will be waiting for us, and you know she don't like to wait for even me."

"Captain, are all these stories reliable?"

"You mean do I believe them? Yes, boy, I believe in the local traditions of Kent. But what of that? We old fellows are apt to credit all such things, and you young bucks would smile at us for our ignorance and superstition. Well, perhaps they are smarter than we are, and if they are it is all the fault of this new school law. But still, we old fogies plod slowly on, like the story of 'the hare and the tortoise,' believing the stories told us in childhood and advocating the principles of '76, that we and our fathers fought for in the Revolution and Caulk's Field, and you young fellows lost when playing brag in the late rebellion, as the Yankees call it, to signify that you were not successful. But as I was saying, we believed in our cause and won. And now we believe that the moon does have some influence upon the things planted in the ground, for we notice and so may you, that them who plants and kills the right time of the moon has always the most corn and potatoes and the best pork. But still there may be nothing in it all, and I guess it's all as our preacher told us last Sunday:

'Where ignorance is bliss
'Tis folly to be wise.'"

"Go on, corn planter!"

"Boy, we must hang up, or night and darkness will catch us."

"Well, Captain, *let her rip.*"

OLD DEFENDER.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

In pursuance of the call recently made, representatives from twenty-six Sunday Schools in Kent county met in the M. E. Church, Chestertown, on Tuesday morning. Rev. H. C. Cushing was called to the Chair and Mr. S. S. Baker appointed secretary pro. tem. The meeting was opened with appropriate religious exercises.

On motion the chair appointed Messrs. Milby, Strayer and Copper a committee to report permanent officers for the Convention. The committee reported the following officers:

President—Robert S. Griffith.

Vice Presidents—C. H. Baker, David Jones, Samuel Vannort, Thos. Mallalieu, and Robert P. Stewart.

Secr'ys—S. S. Baker, T. M. Pinkind.

Treasurer—C. H. Baker.

The President, on taking the chair, stated the object of the meeting in a few appropriate remarks. On motion of Mr. E. P. Janvier, it was ordered that every person who may be present, interested in the Sabbath School cause, be recognised as a delegate and requested to participate.

By Mr. Hammond, resolved, that the opening address upon each of the questions upon the programme be limited to ten minutes, and that the arrangement as to the five minutes as also the ten minute period be strictly enforced.

On motion, the Superintendent of each school, or some one of the delegates, was requested to report the condition of the school represented by him, when the following reports were made:

Methodist Episcopal Schools.

Bond Chapel—C. H. Baker, Super't—the school in excellent condition.

Salem—Jas. Kendall, Sup't—the condition of the school very good; interest increasing.

Hynson's Chapel—J. F. Copper, sec'y—school increasing in interest.

Worton Mission—John Perkins, sup't—school in a favorable condition.

Eastern Neck Mission and Piney Neck—Rev. D. C. Ridgway reported in a very flourishing condition.

Rock Hall—at a stand still.

Chesterville—T. Meredith reported the school in a favorable condition.

Galena—Rev. E. P. Aldred reported in good condition; interest increasing.

Millington—Thos. Mallalieu reported this school doing well.

St. John's—Mr. Falkner reported condition prosperous.

No report from Blackstone, Holden or Masseys.

Still Pond—Dr. J. Haman reported in a prosperous condition. Two schools, one at Betterton, the other at Locust Grove, have been opened under the auspices of the Still Pond school, and are doing well.

Union—Thos. Bryan, sup't, reported in good condition.

Chestertown—in good condition.

Methodist Protestant Schools

Nichols' Chapel—Rev. H. C. Hayghe, reported in good condition.

Chestertown—Rev. H. C. Cushing reported the school in good condition, but needs more faithful teachers; the cause, he hoped, progressing.

St. James'—James Shuster, sup't, reported in good condition.

Wesley Chapel—Rev. W. M. Strayer, reported in good condition; does not die in winter, only sleeps, wakes in the spring well rested and ready for work.

Kesley—T. M. Pinkind, sup't—prosperous condition; sleeps in winter.

Rehoboth—R. S. Griffith reported neither dying nor sleeping in winter; condition good all the year round.

Kennedyville—J. R. Nelson, sup't, reported in excellent working condition.

The Convention then adjourned.

Benediction by Rev. Mr. Aldred.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Opening services by Rev. Mr. Hayghe. Messrs. Bolgiano and Baker, of Baltimore, were introduced.

On motion of S. S. Baker it was ordered, that the fourth session of the Convention be held in the M. P. Church.

The first question for discussion—"What is the end of Sabbath School instruction?"—was then taken up, and Rev. Mr. Aldred appointed by the President to open.

Mr. Aldred said the impressing of Gospel truth to the immediate conversion; and the sooner the mind of the child was stirred with Christian doctrine the better for the child; it would keep out poisonous matter.

Rev. Mr. Cushing endorsed all that Mr. Aldred had said, and said he would simply speak about the aim of the Sabbath School teacher. He thought every teacher ought to have the work at heart; the primer and spelling-book ought not to be used; but the mind of the child should be fed from the Bible.

Mr. James Shuster thanked God for Sabbath Schools. Teachers should talk to the children about Jesus.

Rev. D. C. Ridgway said he thanked God that we are waking up to the importance of Sabbath School training, thereby supporting and feeding the Church from the Sabbath School.

Mr. James Kendall said the great end was to get children converted.

Rev. Mr. Milby said in looking over the history of the Church, he had every reason to be encouraged. Since the days of Wesley and Whitfield the evangelical Church had been prospering. He thought the great end was to impress upon the child's mind "What think ye of Christ?"

Mr. Baker, from the Md. S. S. Union, spoke of the advantages of Sabbath Schools in connection with the Church.

Second Question—"What are the peculiar demands of our Sabbath Schools?"

Mr. Haman said, comfortable rooms to meet in; maps, instrumental music, and the black-board.

Mr. Shuster said he endorsed what Mr. Haman had said.

Mr. Kendall said he believed the demand was for affectionate teachers and Superintendents.

Mr. C. H. Baker endorsed what Mr. Haman said and thought good, competent and earnest teachers were the secret of good Sabbath Schools.

Rev. Mr. Cushing said Mr. Baker had touched the key-note.

Mr. Mallalieu said he approved of maps, black-boards and music, but he thought there ought to be comfortable rooms.

Mr. Janvier thought there ought to be a greater effort made to get children to the Sabbath School.

Third Question—"How shall we secure the attendance of children at the S. S.?"

Rev. Mr. Strayer opened. He said the question implied two things—first, getting them in; second, keeping them there. He said children ought to be interested with pleasant little stories.

Rev. Mr. Aldred said that there had been false impressions; he thought if the parents would go into the Sabbath School and take an interest in the cause, instead of sitting around idle, talking politics, horse-racing, etc., our schools would be in a more prosperous condition.

Rev. Mr. Milby said persons should go and ask for places in the Sabbath School instead of being asked to go.

Mr. Kendall thought it well to notice children *out* of the school as well as in it.

Rev. Mr. Hayghe endorsed what Mr. Kendall had said, and thought teachers should use every effort to interest the children during the session of the school.

Mr. Janvier thought that many children could be taken to the school by persons having vacant seats in their carriages.

The Convention then adjourned.

Benediction by Rev. Mr. Strayer.

THIRD SESSION—TUESDAY EVENING.

Opening services by Rev. Mr. Strayer.

Fourth Question—"How shall we create and maintain an interest in the Sabbath School work, on the part of both teachers and scholars, without resorting to questionable means?"

Opened by Mr. Janvier, who said that earnestness on the part of teachers when talking to the children would create and maintain an interest. The teacher and superintendent should impress upon the mind their love for the child. We must convince children that we are not frozen.

Rev. Mr. Strayer said he could not endorse one remark made by Mr. Janvier, that none should be teachers but those who are religious.

Rev. Mr. Cushing preferred religious teachers.

Mr. Haman preferred religious teachers if they can be obtained; if not, then those approaching nearest to Godliness.

Mr. S. S. Baker held that a man could not teach what he did not know, and consequently none but religious workers can lead the heart of the child to Jesus.

Mr. Pinkind coincided with Mr. Janvier in the opinion that Christians only are fit workers in the Sabbath School.

Rev. Mr. Milby's plan for maintaining an interest on the part of teachers, is to form them into classes under the charge of the pastor.

Mr. C. H. Baker suggested the regular meeting of teachers to form some definite plan to accomplish their aim. Teachers should prepare themselves in the lesson for the day. This is essential to his usefulness in the school.

Mr. Griffith advised that where there are several denominations neighboring, and unable to sustain separate schools, a Union school should be supported by the labors of all sects of Christians.

Mr. Kendall made some spirited remarks advising the employment of live, Holy-Ghost workers.

By consent of the convention the fifth question was passed, and the sixth question—"The importance of training children in the habit of systematic giving"—was opened by Mr. Mallalieu, who said it was necessary, in order to sustain the financial stability of the Church; and that giving to the support of religious interests was amply repaid by the Lord.

The question was then passed until the morning session and the Convention adjourned.

FOURTH SESSION—WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Convention met at the M. P. Church and was opened with singing and prayer by Mr. Mallalieu.

The following resolution, offered by Mr. Janvier, was adopted:

Resolved, That this Convention, by a rising vote, tender its kindest thanks to the citizens of Chestertown for their most excellent hospitality, with the earnest wish that the material encouragement they have thus extended to the Sunday School work, may be returned to them a hundred fold in spiritual blessings on themselves, and their Sabbath Schools.

The following, offered by Dr. Haman and C. H. Baker, was adopted:

Resolved, That we urge upon pastors and superintendents throughout the county, the importance of either weekly or monthly teachers' meetings, as essential to the Sunday School work.

Mr. C. H. Baker moved that the funds remaining in the treasury, after the expenses of the Convention are settled, be paid to the Md. S. S. Union. Carried.

The following, offered by C. H. Baker and T. M. Pinkind, was adopted:

WHEREAS, the youth are the hope of our church; And, whereas, the Sabbath School is second only to the ministry in bringing our youth to Christ and into the church,

Resolved, Therefore, that it is the sense of this convention, that it is the duty as it is the privilege of our churches, especially the official bodies thereof, to place the maintainance of the Sabbath Schools second only to the support of the Gospel and to Christ, and to support the same by their prayers, their living co-operation, and by providing suitable places for the Sabbath Schools to meet in, and suitable furniture for the school rooms.

Resolved, That the accommodations that are right and becoming for adults in the house of God, are not calculated to make the Sunday School rooms attractive or comfortable for teachers and children.

The following resolutions, offered by Rev. H. C. Cushing, were adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the chair, of which the President of this Convention shall be Chairman, to be called the standing Sunday School Committee of Kent county, Md., who shall have general supervision of Sunday School work in the county, and shall also be authorized to represent the work among us abroad.

Resolved, That said committee shall appoint the time and place for holding the next annual Convention, arrange the Programme, invite Speakers, and assign to each the duty of opening the discussion on each topic suggested, and perform such other duties as may be necessary to render our annual Convention a blessing to the Sunday School cause.

Resolved, That said Committee shall remain in office until the adjournment of the next county Convention.

The sixth question was then re-opened.

Rev. Mr. Cushing thought the giving to or withholding from the support of the Gospel by children is controlled by their training at home.

The President (Mr. Griffith) said there is system in all God's works, and that far more will be accomplished with system than without it.

Mr. Bogliano thought that to teach giving we should give; and giving frequently, though but little, lessens the burdensome feeling of giving but once or twice during the year.

Rev. Mr. Ridgway said that if system be worth anything anywhere, it is worth an incalculable amount in the Church.

Mr. Mallallieu said parents should help their children to give as well as giving themselves.

Rev. Mr. Hayghe gave an illustration of a covetous Church.

The seventh question—"Are S. S. Libraries an advantage or disadvantage to our children?"—was then taken up and opened by Rev. Mr. Milby. He thought Libraries were an advantage.

Mr. Janvier advocated their use.

Rev. Mr. Cushing admits that a Library is an important auxiliary in conducting Sunday School work, but there is much exceptionable matter in many of the books, which should be discarded.

Rev. Mr. Hayghe said library books should have a sound scriptural basis.

Mr. Bogliano said, children are naturally fond of reading and must either be furnished with libraries or they may be supplied from less religious sources. He thought critical committees should be appointed to select books.

Dr. Haman said he finds it difficult to discriminate between what is exceptionable and what is unexceptionable.

Rev. Mr. Strayer said he could see a wide difference between books published long ago and now.

The Convention then adjourned.

FIFTH SESSION—WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

The convention was opened with singing and prayer by Rev. Mr. Aldred.

The following standing committee was appointed: R. S. Griffith, Tho. Mallalieu, Dr. Haman, C. H. Baker, Jas. Shuster.

The hour for the Children's Meeting having arrived, Mr. Baker, of Baltimore, was introduced and delivered an interesting address, after which the entire concourse joined in singing "The Fountain of Life." Mr. Bogliano, of Baltimore, was then introduced and entertained the audience with an instructive address.

After singing "Little Jewels," the children were dismissed, and on motion of Mr. S. S. Baker, the Convention tendered a rising vote of thanks to the brothers from Baltimore for their able and interesting remarks.

The following preamble and resolutions were offered by Revs D. C. Ridgway and H. C. Cushing, and adopted:

WHEREAS, in the session of the Sabbath School Convention of Kent County, now just closing, we have beheld the delightful spectacle of brethren, both clerical and lay, of different branches of Christ's Church, meeting on one common level and inciting each other by loving competition and in holy ambition to labor in the vineyard of the Lord. And, whereas, we hail these exhibitions of brotherhood, as hopeful evidences of that hoped for unification, wherein we shall "see eye to eye" and wherein we shall be *laborers together* with God. And, whereas, Christ's presence has been evidenced; as the Master has met with his laborers, and the blessed influence of the Holy Spirit has been upon us, deepening our love and filling our hearts, therefore—

Resolved, 1st, That we recognize in the Sunday School Convention a powerful incentive and an efficient aid to profitable Sunday School work.

2. That we pledge ourselves to go forth to our labors in the Sunday School cause with increased earnestness and a deeper sense of our responsibility to God and the world.

3. That we will keep ever in view the object of Sunday School instruction as recognized by this Convention, viz: the conversion of the children.

4. That we will do all that in us lies to make this, the Kent County Sunday School Convention, a permanent and successful institution.

5. That we cherish with joy the hope of assembling again in our capacity of a Sunday School Convention, and by God's grace assisting will bring to our next session a better account of our labor and more of cheer to the lovers of the Sabbath School.

Mr. Baker, of Baltimore, conveyed Mr. G. S. Griffith's regrets at his inability to be present with the Convention.

Dr. Haman offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That all Pastors and Superintendents are hereby urged to organize, in connection with their Sabbath Schools, Juvenile Temperance and Anti-Tobacco Societies.

The following resolution, offered by Dr. Haman, was adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are hereby tendered to the committee of arrangements for the manner in which they have done their work; to the President, for Christian courtesy and firmness, to the Secretaries for their efficiency, and to Miss Janvier for the excellent music furnished.

Rev. Mr. Aldred then delivered a closing address, and the Convention adjourned *sine die* with benediction by Rev. D. C. Ridgway.

The Court House Green.

Messrs. Editors:—Business having called me to one of the public offices, I was surprised to find the public inclosed grounds so filthy, and seemingly unfit for citizens or strangers to look upon. I have been told that the law places these grounds in the charge of the County Commissioners. Formerly there were seats provided for persons coming from the country, who need some private place for pleasure or business. In Queen Anne's county, I have been told, Iron Settee's are provided by the county, and the Court House yard is placed in charge of a keeper, who sees that no one tresspasses upon it, not not even boys, and who keeps it decently and in order. Would it not be well for our clever and gentlemanly County Commissioners to take this subject into consideration. PUBLIC.

NORTHWESTERN KU-KLUX.—The Chicago Republican finds this list of offenses announced in its northwestern exchanges in a single day, not one of which is charged to the Ku-Klux, but all of which would be, had they been committed in the South: "Deliberate murders, 6; suicides, 5; supposed poisoning, 3; highway robberies, in which the victims were nearly killed, 7; shootings, growing out of domestic difficulties, 5; and six forgeries in amounts of over $5,000."

THE Democratic City Convention of Baltimore, Monday night, unanimously nominated Hon. Joshua Vansant for next Mayor of Baltimore.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$1.80a1.90
" Choice Red	1.58a1.60
" Medium and good red	1.52a1.55
CORN—White	77a79
" Yellow	72a75
OATS	66a67

MARRIED:

At the Protestant Episcopal Church in Chestertown, on Wednesday morning, June 7th, by Rev. J. H. Eccleston, GEORGE T. BEALL, Jr., of Baltimore city, to Miss LUCIE HOUSTON, daughter of Dr. B. F. Houston, of Chestertown.

In Lynn, Mass., June 1st, by Rev. Edward L. Brown, Hon. H. H. GOLDSBOROUGH, of Easton, Talbot county, Md., to Miss KATE H. CALDWELL, of Boston.

DIED:

At the residence of her husband in Eastern Neck, Kent Co., Md., on the 4th inst., ANNE R., wife of James M. Downey.

In Chestertown on the 6th June inst., JOHN WILSON, son of Edward and Marie E. Lambert, aged 6 months and 9 days.

On the 1st inst., in Quaker Neck, MARIETTA F., youngest child of Wm. J. and Hellen M. E. Shriver, in her 18th month. "The Lord gave and He hath taken away."

Our little child, alas, has gone
To dwell in scenes above,
But oh! we know she's not alone,
She dwells in Jesus' love.

Hard by the throne our Mary stands,
With those that's gone before;
And sweetly sings that happy band
While echo rings from shore to shore.

Then father, why weep for our babe,
She's but gone home to rest;
To Him who in the manger laid
She sleeps in Jesus' breast.

The pang is sharp but well we know
That Jesus will sustain:
And Mary, too, stands by his side
And bids us Heaven gain. MOTHER.

REV. DR. E. J. DRINKHOUSE will preach in the Methodist Protestant Church in Chestertown, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 8 o'clock. 1t.

CAMP-MEETING. As announced some weeks since, Galena, Millington, Cecilton, and Still Pond Circuits, propose holding a Camp-Meeting in Mr. David Clements' woods, near Chesterville, to commence Aug. 5th, 1871. The Board of Managers, and those interested in the Camp, will meet in the woods Saturday, July 8th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to locate tents, give out privileges, etc. E. P. ALDRED, Pres't Board of Managers. je10-4t.

A CARD.—The undersigned hereby withdraws as a candidate for the office of Sheriff. He feels deeply grateful to his friends for the flattering support which he has received, and would continue to receive had he remained in the canvass; but believing that his withdrawal would contribute to the success of the ticket, and esteeming that of the *first* importance, he respectfully informs his friends that he is no longer a candidate. R. P. STEWART. m27-3t.

REAPER FOR SALE.—A Light Two-Horse RUSSELL REAPER, nearly new, first class Reaper, cuts 6 feet, mowing attachment; two setts of Reaping Knives and two setts of Mowing Knives, all in good order, for sale for want of use. Will be sold cheap.—Terms easy. JAMES P. CAROTHERS, m27-3t. Kennedyville, Md.

FOR RENT.—Having removed to Baltimore, the undersigned offers for rent for the balance of the present year, the DWELLING HOUSE on Mill street, recently occupied by himself. Rent $50. Apply to Mrs Davis, next door. je3-3t. WM. H. BLAKKENEY.

NO-TOP BUGGY WAGON for Sale. Built of very best materials and workmanship, in Baltimore, to my own order, used some six or eight times. Expecting to be absent the greater portion of the Summer, will sell it very low either for cash or six months credit, for note and security. Apply at once to JOHN N. DENNING, je3-3t* Chestertown, Md.

TRIAL OF REAPERS!

On THURSDAY NEXT, June 15,

A TRIAL FOR THE CHAMPION REAPER will take place on the farm of John N. Usilton, Esq., near Chestertown.

The agents of all kinds of Reapers and Mowers are invited to enter their machines.

The Farmers of both Kent and Queen Anne's are invited to attend.

The trial will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. BELL & BRO. 1t.

NOTICE.

A DESIRABLE STAND and STOCK

At Kennedyville, Kent county, Md.,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

I have reduced my stock quite low by auction, and what I have left is in good order. Any person wishing to purchase can do so by applying to C. W. WARREN, je10-tf. Kennedyville.

THE

150 BERRY PICKERS

ADVERTISED FOR LAST WEEK, TO COME AFTER THE 15th inst.,

Are WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

N. BARNARD, je10-3t. near Still Pond.

AUCTION SALE of DRY GOODS,

THIS SATURDAY,

At the Store Room under the Voshell House

Commencing at 3½ o'clock, P. M.,

And again at 7½, P. M.

Sums over $10 note with approved security. This sale will positively go on, and the goods sold for what we can get. A. W. SPARKS, 1t* Agent for owner.

EXCURSION!

THE undersigned having chartered the STEAMER KENT will give an Excursion from Chestertown to Holly Grove and Baltimore, on WEDNESDAY, June 28th, 1871. For further particulars see handbills and advertisement in next issue. MARION DAWSON, 1t. F. W. NEAVITT.

TO ALL BUSINESS MEN!

ON RECEIPT OF Fifty Cents, I will forward to any address a RECIPE FOR PREPARING A BLACK INK, which is so indellible that even Oxalic Acid will not remove it from anything that it is used upon. It is one of the very best writing fluids, and it cannot be beat as a marking ink. It is a jet black from the beginning, and flows beautifully from the pen, and costs only about Six Cents PER GALLON.

Address all letters to W. A. STEWART, je10-6m. Easton, Talbot county, Md.

ROAD NOTICE.

THE undersigned hereby give notice that they intend to petition their Honorable Body to appoint Examiners to view and determine whether the public convenience would be promoted by opening a public road, beginning on the new Quaker Neck road at a point between the road leading to Col. Edw. Wilkins' and Baker's school house, and running thence through the lands in the direction of Beck's Mill.

THOMAS BAKER,
WILLIAM LAMB,
EDW. WILKINS,
CHAS. H. BAKER,
JOHN W. LOWD,
R. M. WILKINS,
WILLIAM FORD,
June 10, 1871—5t. and others.

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned, intending to discontinue farming, will sell his

Farm, Stock,

And FARMING IMPLEMENTS

AT PRIVATE SALE.

Terms made to suit purchasers. Possession given at any time after sale. Apply to F. STEWART, je3-5t* near Chestertown, Md.

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

SUPERIOR CASSIMERE CLOTHING!

Low Priced Clothing!

We beg leave to inform our Customers and Buyers generally that we are keeping a

Full Line of Ready-made Clothing,

ON HAND THIS SEASON,

and are constantly replenishing our Stock with purchases of FRESH AND DESIRABLE GOODS in the way of

Coats, Pantaloons and Vests.

We keep nothing in Stock that is not up to