msa_sc2901_scm1622-0751 copyright Maryland State Archives

The Kent News.

SATURDAY - - AUGUST 12, 1871.

Democratic-Conservative Ticket.

For Governor:
HON. WM. PINKNEY WHYTE,
OF BALTIMORE CITY.

For Attorney General:
ANDREW K. SYESTER,
OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.

For Comptroller:
LEVIN WOOLFORD,
OF WICOMICO COUNTY.

For the State Senate:
GEORGE W. SPENCER.

For the House of Delegates:
WILLIAM B. WILMER,
JAMES W. HURTT.

For Sheriff:
ARTHUR B. WHEATLEY.

For State's Attorney:
JAMES A. PEARCE.

For Judges of the Orphans' Court:
JAMES BECK, (of Geo.,)
THOMAS LUSBY,
CORNELIUS J. SCOTT.

For County Commissioners:
ROBERT S. GRIFFITH,
JAMES A. ROSEBERRY,
R. BENNETT WILLSON.

For County Surveyor:
F. HYLAND TAYLOR.

CURRENT POLITICS.

The Terre Haute (Ind.) *Gazette* publishes a letter from a distinguished Republican of that State, now in Washington, one of the most prominent members of the Convention which nominated Grant, from which we make the following extract:

"This is admitted (by all candid men) to be the *littlest, meanest* and most trifling administration that the country has ever had. How long will the people be humbugged by pretenders?"

This opinion of the present administration is not confined by any means to Indiana Republicans, but extends everywhere, in proof of which we give a few extracts from a letter of ex-Senator H. B. Stanton, of New York, to another Republican, wherein he says:

"If General Grant is nominated, a large body of Republicans will refuse to support him if the Democracy act wisely. What will you and I then do—we who have acted together for nearly twenty-five years? I supported Gen. Grant to finish up reconstruction. I have no taste for scouring the field to rifle the slain. The slavery controversy is ended, and the Republicans will find that they cannot construct a Presidential platform out of the *debris* of a demolished rebellion, nor elevate the negroes into undue prominence on the points of Federal bayonets.

"During the rebellion the administration went outside of the Constitution to suppress it. In the reconstruction era Congress kept outside about half the time. There is no excuse for remaining outside now. But having tasted of unlicensed power, the appetite of the Republican leaders grows by what it feeds upon.—Right there lies the danger. *Under the present regime the Government is lapsing into a consolidation, and unless we hasten back within the constitutional limits traced by the Fathers, our descendants will cringe at the footstool of a Dictator.* I, therefore, should not object to the election in 1872 of a State-Rights Democrat of the moderate type of our old friend Silas Wright.

"You tell me you want to see carpet-bag rule at an end. You are right. It is a mockery of representative government and is ruining the South, which it has involved in debt full one hundred millions. You also favor universal amnesty. But do you not fear that we cannot secure either of these ends while Grant or any President like him is in power?

"We both agree much more closely with the mass of Democrats than with the Republican managers on questions of taxation, finance, trade, &c. The old issues being out of the arena, this alone would have weight in determining my preference for a Democrat; would it not yours?"

In further proof of the general discontent, read the following from other distinguished republicans. In Nebraska, Senator Tipton was proscribed by the administration for opposing San Domingo, and for that reason only, though direct overtures were made for his support of that job by the Department of State. He "spurned the bribe," and was pursued with malice. He made a speech recently at Omaha, and said:

"I am unalterably opposed to the ruinous and corrupting course of the present administration, and I here pledge myself to make that opposition both open and uncompromising."

In Texas, also, Senator Hamilton has addressed a letter to Republicans, stating that "the evidences of mismanagement of public affairs and general discontent" are evident on all sides, and he admits that his party "took charge of the government under very favorable circumstances, having a large majority in both Houses of the Legislature, with scarcely any debt, and nearly half a million of dollars in the treasury." Now there is an enormous debt, extravagance and corruption, as the peculiar characteristics of the State administration. Mr. Hamilton concludes in this strain:

"The present rate of taxation will soon reduce the value of unproductive property to nothing. If it is the policy of the administration to compel property owners to disgorge, as is alleged, it will have the effect surely, but who will take and carry the property?"

It is evident from these revelations that the Senator has no faith in carrying Texas for his party, and attributes the evils now afflicting it to the misrule of the present Republican administration.

THE QUEEN ANNE'S RAILROAD.—We learn from the *Citizen* that the contractors finished their work on the Queen Anne's Railroad and discharged their hands last week. The road will pass into the hands of the company in a few days, when trains will be run regularly from Centreville.

HON. LEVI K. BOWEN, a prominent citizen of Baltimore county, died on the 1st instant, aged about 55 years.

THE REPUBLICANS:
Their Meetings and Failure, &c.

The Republicans of Kent county met in the several election districts on Saturday last to choose committees to meet in convention in Chestertown on the succeeding Monday to nominate a ticket. In accordance with previous arrangement the candidates for Sheriff only were voted for, leaving the remainder of the ticket to be selected by the committees. For this office Wm. H. Hamilton, Geo. C. Adkinson and J. Jones Pearce were the competitors. It created a smile when we looked upon

"Black spirits and white,
Blue spirits and grey,"

mingling together at the window of the Court House, the whites being scarcely a ninth part of the collection; so that the mixture was too dark to be called "pepper and salt." The "darkies," poor fellows, with printed tickets, which one in twenty could not read, seemed to think they were doing a big thing. They were, however, not unanimous. "Billy Perkins," who figured so largely last year with his black coat and white vest, was not idle. His want of success last autumn did not seem to repress his ardor in the least, and Billy was quite active in behalf of his partial namesake. He had attended the secret conclaves and there displayed his usual amount of blarney and cunning in behalf of his particular friend, in whose professed attachment to the idol of equality he seems to have every confidence.

This is a curious world of ours, and as the adage is, that "it takes all sorts of people to make a world," so it sometimes takes a variety to make a party. It was noticeable that the extreme white or "silk stocking" ring of the party, who attend the select meetings in Baltimore, did not go to the polls. They were at home, or at their places of business, or walking the streets; they seemed a little ashamed of the association, and declined to take a public part in the elbowing, the embracing or the voting. This is what may be termed the aristocratical or elite portion of the concern; they sufficed themselves with counselling and directing, previously, what ought to be done. As usual, the Baltimore Custom House was represented.

Verily human nature is a strange thing, at least in some of its surroundings. Men who formerly exhibited their antipathy to the negro in various ways, all at once, while looking through the mirror which office-hunters are so fond of presenting, have become so completely metamorphized that they now profess to look upon the negro as their equal in mental, moral, political and social qualities, attainments and relations. This modern Republicanism possesses wonderful properties—it can make a man believe in "color blindness," so that the colored brother is as white as the palest of the Caucasian race, and the latter appears of a hue as dark as the other. Odor as well as color lose their distinctive properties, and with them the counfounding and amalgamating process is rapidly progressing. They cast all "new departures" in the shade, and leave the friends of such so far behind that they cannot approach within gunshot of the high standard of equality which they have raised.

But the convention met. Billy Perkins, with his black coat and white vest, was a worthy and prominent member. They sat a whole day, we suppose at Billy's restaurant, with their Baltimore auxiliaries, and aided no doubt by the secret counsels of the *select*; and having nominated a candidate for the Sheriffalty (Wm. Hamilton) adjourned till after the 12th of September. They had not been able to prevail on any democrat or conservative to go upon their ticket. Knowing their weakness and the certainty of defeat as "black republicans," they were anxious to get some democrats or conservatives to lend the weight of their respectability and position to the ticket they wished to produce! It is said they went so far as to say to one gentleman that they would not ask him to abandon his party or to vote their ticket if he would only suffer them to run him on their ticket!! How very magnanimous, and how very complimentary to their opponents! The substance of their proposition may be stated in this form: "Lend us your name and position to break down your own party! While you profess to be democratic and conservative—to maintain the superiority of your race and of the Constitution—while you are desirous of putting an end to the corruptions of the party in power, of restoring an economical administration of the government, of electing a man to the Presidency who has the capacity to perform his duty and bring back the dignity of the office, and who will prefer to remain at his post in the discharge of his official functions rather than engage in witnessing trotting matches and races and fast driving at watering places, and who makes a business of distributing offices as rewards for party service, and of removing good men from office because they prefer to maintain their independence and to fulfill their duties; to fill their places with men who will do the work of party rather than the work of duty; however you may desire to have the tariff reduced to a reasonable standard, that the people, now burdened with taxation and made the subjects of "hard times," may be measurably relieved from oppression and be able to live and pay debts:—notwithstanding all these high and patriotic considerations, we ask you to forego and surrender them all for a short time, that you may have the privilege of running upon the ticket of a party to which you are opposed, and whose levelling and ruinous principles and policy you believe to be destructive of order, of the Constitution, and of the best interests of the country."

This is very modest on the part of these Republican politicians, who keep the loaves and fishes always in view, and who regard them as paramount to all other motives and objects. Another reason for this demoralizing course of the few white skin Republicans is, that some of the more respectable and "better off" would like to be candidates, but do not like to run on a simple republican ticket, without the added weight of a democrat or conservative; but they ought surely to know that no man of sterling integrity, of solid respectability, and of sound political principles, can be seduced into an affiliation with those whose principles and policy are in direct conflict with his own and against all his affinities and antecedents,—to say nothing of the unblushing assurance of such a proposition to a man of sound political views. The consideration is a promised office; thus appealing to the selfish and mercenary part of human nature, forgetting that, like the Tempter of old, they make promises which they have no power or capacity to fulfill.

We shall conclude this article, already too lengthy, with a plain interrogatory, namely: What would the election of a Republican Sheriff in this county involve? It would be *to introduce negro jurors into the jury box whenever the Sheriff may be called upon to summon talesmen to fill up the panel*, which often happens in criminal cases, and *to introduce the black element to try the white man!* Are our people prepared for this? The next move will be to introduce the children of whites and blacks into the same school. A bill has already been introduced into Congress by a Radical member from Massachusetts to that effect. Laws, custom, usage, constitutions, lose all their force when assailed by the spirit of modern Republicanism.

Horticultural Visitors.

A party of agricultural editors, and others interested in fruit growing, propose spending the coming week in visiting the prominent orchards and shipping points in Delaware and Maryland. The Wilmington *Commercial* says the party will leave Wilmington on the 15th, and visit the extensive pear orchards of Randolph Peters, at Newark, and from thence to Middletown and Smyrna, where they will be joined by the leading fruit men of that section, and shown the points of interest there. From thence they propose going to the extensive orchards of Dr. C. H. B. Massey, Stephen Boyer, Esq., Col. Edw. Wilkins, and others, in Kent county.

As the party is composed of prominent pomologists, and writers on horticulture, their visit to our Peninsula will, we trust, be a pleasant and interesting one.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, Aug. 8.—On application of C. H. Baker, executor of Wm. T. Baker, a second warrant was issued to H. M. Thomas and B. F. Beck to appraise the rental value of the real estate of said deceased. Geo. H. Willson, adm'r of Richard J. Shaw, was ordered to give notice of dividend on the personal estate of said deceased. The Register was ordered to cite Thos. S. Wilmer, adm'r of James Pearce, to return his second administration account; also Isaac Caulk, col'd, adm'r of Joshua Caulk, col'd, to settle the personal estate of said deceased.

CAPT. TAYLOR'S schooner, the "George Washington," which went ashore and sprung a leak a short time since near the mouth of Chester river, has been gotten off and towed to Baltimore. The cargo, consisting of about 2,100 bushels of grain, was sold, we are informed, for less than $100. The vessel is being repaired and is expected to be ready for service in a few days.

LIVELY EXCURSIONISTS.—An excursion, under the auspices of St. Peter's Roman Catholic total abstinence and benevolent society of Baltimore, was made to this town on the steamer Wenonah on Thursday. It was by far the largest excursion that has visted our town this season, and their deportment was very creditable. The music was not of the first order, but it nevertheless discoursed for a few "rounds" in front of the court house, in which some of our own citizens participated.

PEACHES.—This fruit has completely glutted the market this season. The large crop and limited demand for canning purposes have reduced the price below paying figures. The same varieties of peaches which last year cleared $1.60 per box are now selling at 40 to 65 cents.

CHESTERVILLE CAMP MEETING.—This camp meeting, which commenced on Friday of last week, will hold over till Tuesday next. It has been largely attended, and the meetings have been characterized by a good degree of religious feeling.

CHURCH HILL CAMP.—The Methodist Protestants of Queen Anne's Circuit, F. T. Tagg, pastor, will hold a camp meeting at Church Hill commencing on Friday next, 18th inst.

STATE CONVENTION OF TEACHERS.—There is annually a large gathering of teachers of the whole State in the city of Baltimore for the consideration and discussion of subjects connected with their duties and responsibilities. This year it takes place on the 30th and 31st days of August.—The regularly announced speakers are Gen. Eaton, Commissioner of Education; Hon. J. P. Wickersham, State Sup't, Pa.; N. A. Calkins, sup't city schools, N. Y.; Dr. McGuffie, University Va.; Prof. Ed. Brooks, principal State Nor. School, Pa.; Hon. J. Morrison Harris, Baltimore, and others. All friends of education are invited, and we hope Kent will be, as usual, fully represented.

THE KENTUCKY ELECTION.—An election for Governor took place in Kentucky on Monday, resulting in the success of Leslie, democrat, over Harlan, republican, by a majority of 30,000 to 35,000. The result would indicate that the local questions of State policy, especially of finance, which have been for some time in agitation, have divided the democracy of the State to a considerable extent. The conclusion, however, is not a safe one. In 1868 Stevenson, the democratic candidate for Governor, had a majority of 88,678, and in the presidential election of the same year Seymour had 76,313. But at that time the new element of radical strength—the negro vote—had not been developed. This vote was brought out for the first time last year, when the democratic majority in the State in the election for members of Congress was reduced to 33,203. If the democratic estimates for the present election are correct, there would appear to be no actual falling off of the democratic vote except such as may be accounted for by other than purely political causes.

CHESTERTOWN.
COMMUNICATED.

Messrs. Editors:—Can you inform the public whether the Commissioners of Chestertown intend to make the usual visitation of the premises of individuals? It is usually made in the month of June, and yet on the twelfth day of August no signs or notice of such examination has been given. The weather has been very warm and there has been some sickness—the town is unclean—rank weeds are permitted to grow in the streets, and the town seems to be given over to Black Republican misrule. The present board of Commissioners were elected by negro votes—by persons, nine-tenths of whom pay no taxes, have no interest in the town, its business or its health. And yet this is republicanism—a total disregard of the duties of corporate authorities, simply that it may be said that the town is under radical rule. The cleanliness, the health, the good order and prosperity of the place is to be totally disregarded if it can only be said that the election resulted favorably to the Republicans. The property holders have to pay taxes to support what may be termed equality with the negroes without receiving any corresponding benefits.

TAX-PAYER.

Our correspondent is in error so far as the formality of the annual visit is concerned, as we believe two or three of the Commissioners did take sufficient interest in the matter to perform that duty, but whether the sanitary condition of the town has received any further attention we are not prepared to say. It certainly needs it at this time. A gentleman who had been absent for several days remarked to us a day or two since, that he was forcibly reminded of a very unpleasant odor permeating the atmosphere immediately upon his return. In all sections of the town the malaria arising from hog pens, decayed vegetable matter, peach parings, &c., is evident to all, and unless immediate attention is given to the matter by the town authorities we may expect an unusually sickly season as the consequence.—EDS. NEWS.

The Church-Yard Cemetery.
COMMUNICATED.

Messrs. Editors:—From the constant trespasses upon the Church-Yard Cemetery one would suppose that no one had any control over it, except those who daily trespass upon the graves of the dead. It is understood that inasmuch as bodies were not now interred in those grounds that a sufficient fence was put up in places where the wall was low or weak, and also where gates formerly stood; that certain persons have wilfully taken down and removed the fencing, and especially where gates were formerly erected, for the simple purpose of pasturing horses, and of having easy ingress and egress to and from the same. Some of the best people who have ever lived among us—our ancestors, our fathers, mothers and children—lie buried within those sacred inclosures, and yet, without rebuke or interference, selfish people are suffered to profane and desecrate what it should be the pride and gratitude of all to preserve inviolate. Is not that property an especial trust of the Vestry of Chester Parish, to preserve and keep from the foot of the trespasser and his cattle? Is it not due to the memory of the venerated dead and to the cherished memories of the living, that such violations of law, duty and propriety, should not be tolerated with impunity.

A RESPECTER OF THE DEAD.

A FINE POTATO.—Mr. Howard Meeks handed us last week an Early Rose potato, grown by him at Fairlee, which weighed one pound and three ounces. This variety of potato is becoming very popular in this section of the country, though there are still many who adhere to the White Mercer.

TRUE.—The Washington *Patriot* says:

"While the colored people of the South are making busy themselves with politics, and surrendering themselves to the profitless work of advancing the interests of heartless politicians and demagogues, in some of the States their assurances of honest livelihood for themselves and their families are slipping away from under their feet. John Chinaman is coming in to do the work which they seem disinclined to undertake. Louisiana, for instance, is said to be going largely into the work of importing laborers from China, to perform the duties which the colored people formerly monopolized, but which they so frequently now neglect. There are several hundred of these Asiatics already employed in that State, and from the preparations made by the planters to secure the services of additional large numbers of this class in the future, it is not improbable that their presence in that State at no distant date will more than divide the labor to be performed. The Southern negroes who do the work of politicians should remember that the hounds which chase the stag and bring him to bay get little more than their labor for their pains. Others enjoy the benefits of the chase."

THE HERALD ON CAMP MEETINGS.—The New York *Herald*, in the usual religious reviews of its Sunday edition, made the following comment on Camp Meetings in last Sunday's issue:

But the Methodists are particularly distinguished, with their great camp meetings, for their religious summer campaigning in the country. More, perhaps, are they indebted to this peculiar institution of theirs than to any other for their multitudinous muster roll of churches, chapels and congregations throughout the land. They began this summer season with their great national camp meeting, lasting for ten days, at Round Lake, near Saratoga Springs, and their coming camp meeting below Long Branch will make the month of August a memorable month of this extraordinary summer to thousands of people. Never failing at these camp meetings to make numerous conversions to them from the most God-forsaken sinners, the Methodists have found it to be their true policy to keep up this popular and useful primitive institution. It combines religion with wholesome recreation and country air, and business with pleasure, and strengthens the Church among the masses of the people. And so we say success to the camp meetings of the Methodists and of every other sect calculated to make men and women better qualified for the duties of this world and the everlasting joys of the new life reserved for the faithful in the world to come.

PRESIDENT GRANT has ended the contest between Secretary Boutwell and Commissioner Pleasanton by suspending the latter under the tenure of office law. On Monday evening he requested Gen. Pleasanton to resign, which the latter refused to do, and appealed to the President to submit the questions at issue between him and Mr. Boutwell to the decision of Attorney General Akerman. The President then issued the order of suspension, and appointed as Commissioner of Internal Revenue Mr. J. W. Douglass, the former Deputy Commissioner. Mr. Douglass was Deputy Commissioner during Secretary Delano's administration of the Revenue Bureau.

A FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.
The Scalp Torn from a Woman's Head and Replaced!

An accident occurred at the watch factory in Elgin, Illinois, on Monday last, which is described as being one of the most frightful ever known in that part of the country. The Elgin Gazette gives the following account of the affair:

Miss Mary Tyrrell, an employee of the company, was standing in a chair, having been placing some cases of watch parts upon a shelf near a shaft that is attached to the upper ceiling of the room, when, as she turned to get down, her hair was caught in the coupling of the rapidly revolving shaft. In an instant she was jerked off her feet, for a brief second suspended by her locks in the air, and, while giving one wild shriek of terror, the scalp was torn from her head, leaving the poor mutilated victim to drop to the floor a hideous-looking object. Falling upon her hands and knees she instantly sprang to her feet, raising her hands to her head, and walked out to the office door, (the office is a place about ten feet square, enclosed by a railing.) On coming to the door she turned around, looking up to the shaft, when she saw her scalp still attached, wheeling with almost lightning rapidity, and with each turn striking against the ceiling with a dull heavy sound, that to the poor girl seemed like the voice of doom; her feelings finally found expression in the exclamation: "My God, must I die; can no one help me?" Supported by friends, she walked into an adjoining room, where the wound was dressed by the physicians, after which, with little support, she walked to and got into the carriage, that conveyed her home, where, some seven hours after the accident, the scalp was replaced upon the head by Dr. E. Winchester, assisted by Dr. A. L. Clark. Since the accident the patient has suffered but little pain, sleeps easily, converses quite freely and with occasional sparkles of levity, and expects to get well.

Strike a line from between the eyebrows through the centre of the left ear to the back of the neck; from the back of the neck around just below the right ear to the point where the eye opens, and you have very nearly the outline of the wound; the entire scalp above that line having been torn off, carrying with it both eyebrows, the half of one ear, and the whole of the other, leaving the entire skull exposed, white and ghastly; and it is the united opinion of those who saw the accident that if she had been permitted, as she desired within a few minutes after the occurrence, to look at herself in a glass, the sight would have killed her. Old soldiers who were in the room unanimously pronounce it the most frightful sight to look upon they had ever seen.

The issue was upon the question whether the scalp should be replaced upon the head or not after it had been off for seven hours, Dr. Winchester thinking it should be, and Dr. Clark thinking it should not. It was finally decided to adopt Dr. W.'s theory, and it was replaced. Four days have elapsed and the experiment bids fair to prove successful. Should she recover and the scalp attach itself, it will be one of the most wonderful cures on record. The attending physician expresses no opinion in regard to it; other practitioners seem to think that recovery is next to impossible.

THE Democrats of Anne Arundel county have nominated ex-Judge Wm. H. Tuck for State Senator; Dr. George Wells, Dr. Eli J. Henkle and Dr. Joseph S. Duvall for House of Delegates; and Henry Chairs for Sheriff.

COL. JAMES WALLACE, of Cambridge, has been experimenting in shipping peaches in boxes and baskets, and finds that prime peaches will pay fifty per cent more in baskets.

Baltimore Price Current
[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$1.40a1.50
" Choice Red	1.45a1.50
" Medium and good red	1.33a1.40
CORN—White	72a74
" Yellow	65a70
OATS	45a48

DIED:

At Radcliffe Hall, near Chestertown, Kent county, Md., on the 4th day of August, 1871, Mrs. COURTNEY C. HANSON, beloved wife of Col. George A. Hanson.

On Thursday morning last, near Chestertown, GEORGE W. McKENNEY, aged about 60 years.

On the 5th inst., near Chestertown, JAMES MANOR, aged about 70 years.

On the 8th instant, BESSIE, daughter of Gustavus L. and Lizzie B. Usilton, aged 11 months and 22 days.

At the residence of Aug. L. Vannort, Hanesville, on the 6th inst., of Dysentery, JOSEPH WALRAVEN, aged 41 years.

On the 7th inst., at same place, of Consumption, AMANDA WALRAVEN, wife of the late Jos. Walraven, aged 36 years.

At Bacchus' Mill on Tuesday last, after a short illness, WILLIAM ADKINSON, aged about 62 years. The deceased was employed at this mill in the capacity of miller, for many years, both before and since it passed into the hands of its present proprietor, and enjoyed the confidence of all by whom he was employed. He was quiet and unobtrusive in disposition, and respected by all who knew him.

Near Chestertown, Aug. 2d, CHARLEY E., youngest son of Peter V. and Sarah A. Reed, aged 7 months and 20 days.

We had a little Charley once,
He was our joy and pride;
We loved him, ah, perhaps too well,
For soon he slept and died.
We lift to Heaven our tearful eyes,
And bow in sadness here,
For cold in death our Charley lies
Upon the lowly bier.
Then we'll not weep for Charley,
Nor sigh around his tomb;
Oh, what a lovely flower
We have in Heaven to bloom. MOTHER.

FESTIVAL.—The Ladies of St. Paul's Church, will hold a Festival at the Church on the afternoon of WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY, the 23d and 24th of August.
2t. COMMITTEE

NOTICE.—A Pic Nic for the benefit of the Catholic Church of Chestertown, will be held in Mr. John Brice's yard, near the Trappe Corner, on the 31st inst. A pleasant time is promised to those that attend. Those who cannot give much toward building a Church will be able to contribute in a small way and get the worth of their money.
The managers will please meet at the Court House on Tuesday next, 15th inst.
By order of EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
Aug. 12, 1871—3t.

FOR RENT, for the year 1872,
THE STORE HOUSE on High St., opposite Stam & Bro.'s Drug Store, now in the occupancy of Mr. Wm. Conyer.
For terms, &c., apply to
aug12-tf. C. T. WESTCOTT, Attorney.

SETTLE UP!
The undersigned respectfully requests all persons indebted to her to call and settle as she is desirous of closing her books at an early day. CLARA RAWLEIGH,
aug12-3t. Queen Street.

C. T. WESTCOTT,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.
Special attention given to the collection of claims in the counties of Kent, Cecil and Queen Anne's and Caroline. ag12y.

PEACH CRATES
CAN BE HAD
IN ANY QUANTITY
If applied for immediately, from
JOSEPH E. WEER,
aug12-3t, Kennedyville, Md.

House and Lot at Private Sale.
THE DWELLING and Premises situated near Belair, Kent county, Maryland, now tenanted by Thomas Joiner, is offered at private sale. The Building is a ONE-STORY FRAME, with shed kitchen; Meat House, Poultry House, Carriage House and Stable for one horse, and a well of good water in the yard.
For terms apply to E. F. PERKINS,
aug12-tf. Chestertown, Md.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS
OF THE
FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.
MY BOOKS for 1871 are now ready, and prompt payment is earnestly requested. To delinquents for 1870 I must urge an immediate settlement. Those not settled by Oct. 1st, I shall collect according to law.
I shall be in Chestertown on TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
aug12-2m. WM. A. THOMAS, Coll.

LAST NOTICE!
ALL PERSONS indebted to the undersigned
are hereby notified to settle their accounts
IMMEDIATELY, otherwise we shall
proceed to collect the same
according to law.
L. HECHT & BRO.
2t.

TAKE NOTICE!
ALL PERSONS indebted to me are earnestly requested to call and settle their accounts by the FIRST DAY OF SEPTEMBER. All accounts not settled by that time will be placed in the hands of an officer. Persons will oblige me very much by doing so, as I intend to leave Chestertown by the 1st Sept., 1871.
FOR RENT.—I will rent for the balance of the present year my STORE, on reasonable terms.
Inquire at B. STRAUSS' CLOTHING STORE.
GOODS SOLD BELOW COST.
aug12-3t. B. STRAUSS.

SCHOOL NOTICE.
TEACHERS whose Certificates have expired and all persons intending to apply for Schools, are hereby notified that a
GENERAL EXAMINATION
will be held at the office of the School Board, in the South end of the School Building, in Chestertown, on TUESDAY, 29th inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M.
Punctuality is essential to success.
HOWARD MEEKS, Examiner.
Aug. 12, 1871—3t.

Dividend Notice.
ESTATE OF RICHARD J. SHAW.—On application ordered, that George H. Willson, administr'r of Richard J. Shaw, deceased, give notice by advertisement that a dividend on the personal estate of said deceased will be made in this Court on TUESDAY, the 5th day of September, 1871.
Test: EDWIN CROUCH,
Reg. of Wills.
N. B.—All creditors of Richard J. Shaw are hereby notified and requested to file their claim properly authenticated, with the Register of Wills, on or before TUESDAY, the 29th day of Aug., 1871, or they will otherwise be excluded from the dividend in the personal estate.
GEO. H. WILLSON, Adm'r.
Aug. 12, 1871—3t.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by James Graves, Esq., a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland in and for Kent co., at the suit of John W. Wright against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Isaac Caulk and Martha Caulk, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Isaac Caulk and Martha Caulk in and to the following property, namely:
8 Acres of Land
in Morgan's Creek Neck, adjoining Edw. Slaughter and others,
and the CORN CROP on the land occupied by said Isaac Caulk, near the Fountain Church.
And I hereby give notice, that on
SATURDAY, the 2d day of Sept. 1871,
between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 2 P.M. at the Market House in Chestertown, I will sell the said property to the highest bidder for cash to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
a12-ts[5.00] CHAS. H. DAVIS, Cons.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by James Graves, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of Isaac Caulk, use of M. L. Sparks, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Isaac Sampson and Julia E. Jones, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of Julia E. Jones, col'd, of, in and to
5 ACRES of LAND
MORE OR LESS,
Situated in Morgan's Creek Neck, in Kent co., adjoining the lands of Arthur J. Wallis, and others.
Also, the Crop of Corn growing on same.
And all the interest of Isaac Sampson, in
20 ACRES OF LAND,
MORE OR LESS,
adjoining the property of Raymond and others near the Fountain Church.
Also, the Crop of Corn growing thereon.
And I hereby give notice, that on
SATURDAY, the 2nd September, 1871,
between the hours of 12 and 3, P. M., at the Market House in Chestertown, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay said writ, interest and cost due and to become due.
CHAS. H. DAVIS, Constable.
Aug. 12—ts.[6.75]

CONSTABLE'S SALE.
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued by James Graves, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of R. S. Usilton, use of M. L. Sparks, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Jacob Toomy and Catharine Toomy, negroes, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Jacob Toomy and Catharine Toomy, in and to all that
HOUSE AND LOT,
in Chestertown, on Bridge Street, adjoining the property of Wm. Perkins, and called "The Great Eastern Oyster Saloon."
And I hereby give notice, that on
SATURDAY, the 2nd of Sept. 1871,
at Eleven o'clock, A. M., at the Market House in Chestertown, I will sell the said property at public sale to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
JOHN H. GREENWOOD,
Aug. 12—ts[$5.00] Constable.

THE CAMP-MEETING of the M. E. Church South, will be held at Black's Woods, near Sudlersville, commencing THURSDAY, August 17th. Committees, and persons wishing to aid in putting up seats, &c., please meet Monday, Aug. 14th, at 9 o'clock, A. M., on the ground. C. G. LINTHICUM,
jy29-3t. GEO. T. TAYLOR.
[Centreville Observer please copy.]

FOR SALE.
Four Good FARM HORSES,
on accommodating terms. Apply to
SAMUEL L. RAWLEIGH,
aug5-3t. Chestertown.

CAUTION.—All persons are cautioned against trespassing with dog or gun upon my farm. The law will be enforced in every case. SARAH R. NEALE.
Aug. 5, 1871—3t*

THE STORE HOUSE AT EDESVILLE,
occupied at present by Mr. J. Wilmer Vanlear, is for rent for the next year (1872.) For terms apply to MARY M. HODGES.
jy29-4t* Edesville.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.
BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, sitting in Equity, the undersigned as Trustee, will offer at PUBLIC SALE, on
TUESDAY,
The Twenty-ninth day of August, 1871,
At 3 o'clock, P. M., at the "VOSHELL HOUSE," in Chestertown, Maryland,
The Real Estate
OF THOMAS D. BURGESS,
late of Kent county, deceased. This Real Estate is a FARM, lying in the Fifth Election District of Kent county, directly on the public road leading into Eastern Neck.
It contains about
60 Acres of LAND.
The soil is good and particularly well adapted to Peaches, Small Fruits and Truck.
The situation is most eligible for Fruit and Garden culture.
It is not over half a mile from the Steamboat Landing on Grey's Inn Creek,
near Rock Hall on the Bay, and not far from Deep Landing, the western terminus of the Kent county Railroad, now under construction. In other respects the situation is desirable, being convenient to Churches, Schools, &c., and also, our best Ducking points, fishing grounds and Oyster beds on Chester River and the bay.
THE IMPROVEMENTS
ARE A
Frame Dwelling
And the usual OUT-BUILDINGS, all in good order, and a
PEACH ORCHARD
OF GOOD MARKET VARIETIES.
Also, a fine collection of Small Fruits.
This place offers rare inducements to purchase to any one who may desire to engage in canning fruit and oysters, and horticulture.
TERMS OF SALE:
The terms of sale prescribed by the Decree are as follows: Fifteen hundred dollars cash on the day of sale or on its final ratification, at the option of the Trustee; the residue on balance in equal instalments of six, twelve and twenty-four months from the day of sale; payment to be secured by bond of the purchaser with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale.
R. HYNSON, Trustee.
By the direction of the Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, in Chancery, for the sale of the real estate of Thomas D. Burgess, late of Kent county, deceased, the Trustee to sell said property hereby notifies the Creditors of the said Thomas D. Burgess, deceased, to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, with the Clerk of said Court within four months from the day of the sale of said property.
R. HYNSON, Trustee.
Chestertown, Aug. 5, 1871—ts.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A
VALUABLE
Peach & Truck Farm,
In Kent County, Maryland.
THE undersigned, by virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Equity, will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, on
TUESDAY, the 22d of August, 1871,
AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,
At the "Voshell House," in Chestertown,
All that Desirable Farm,
belonging to Edw. T. Wroth, situated in Still Pond Neck, Kent county, Md., containing
89 Acres, 2 Roods and 37 Perches,
MORE OR LESS.
This Farm is situated on the public road leading from Still Pond Cross Roads to Fishing Valley, adjoining the lands of Alexander Clements, and lies directly on Chesapeake Bay and less than three hours run from Baltimore city. Sail boats run regularly from Fishing Valley, and a daily line of steamers to and from Baltimore and Philadelphia run by the farm taking off produce, and touching at Barnard's Wharf, about two and a half miles from the farm.
The soil is light and peculiarly adapted to the growth of Fruit and Vegetables. The peaches grown on this farm are pronounced the very best that go to the Baltimore market.
There are 3,000 PEACH TREES
on the farm, two thousand in prime condition and bearing the choicest fruit.
THE DWELLING
IS A STORY AND A HALF frame, with three rooms on each floor, and Kitchen attached, all in good order. The BARN is large, and a Stable for six horses.
There is also a good Dairy, Carriage House, Meat House and Poultry House.
The Water on the farm is good. The fencing is Chestnut and in fair condition.
There is no waste land on the farm, and the half mile of Bay shore affords the greatest abundance of Wood.
Directly off "Fishing Valley," on the farm, is ONE OF THE MOST CELEBRATED
FISHING GROUNDS
ON CHESAPEAKE BAY.
For Peaches, Small Fruit and Truck this land and its location offers advantages superior to most any other in the county. An examination of the premises is invited.
TERMS OF SALE:
The Terms of Sale as prescribed by the Decree are as follows:—One-half cash on the day of sale, or the ratification thereof, and the balance in one year from the day of sale, the credit payments to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser or purchasers, with surety or sureties to be approved by the Trustee.
EBEN F. PERKINS, Trustee.
Chestertown, July 29, 1871—ts.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.
BY VIRTUE of a writ of fieri facias, issued by T. W. Russell, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of John Schwearer, assignee of Comegys Cosden, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Samuel W. Caleb and George R. Jones, I have seized and taken in execution all the interest of the said George R. Jones, of, in and to all that
Farm in Broad Neck,
Called "New Key," containing
100 Acres, more or less,
adjoining the lands of Benj. F. Beck, William H. Davis, and others.
And I hereby give notice that on
TUESDAY, the 29th of August, 1871,
at the Market House in Chestertown, between the hours of twelve o'clock, M., and two o'clock, P. M., I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the said property so seized and taken in execution, to pay said writ, interest and cost due and to become due.
CHAS. H. DAVIS, Constable.
Aug. 5—ts.[5.00]

A MILLER WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
A married man with small family who understands keeping Bars in order and doing country work—industrious and study habits will be required. Apply to
ag5tf. WM. BACCHUS, Chestertown.

RACING AND TOURNAMENT!
It has been decided to have Racing and a Tournament at the TRAPPE about the middle of September. The programme will be fully determined upon and published next week. In the meantime any person desiring information in regard to the affair may address the undersigned at Chestertown.
1t. S. A. CAMP.

TIN FRUIT CANS
CAN BE HAD AT
HARPER'S, in Still Pond,
at $1 per dozen. Bottle Wax for the same at 12½ cts. per lb. Home-made VINEGAR at 40 cents per gallon. For CHEAP GOODS go to HARPER'S, in Still Pond. aug5-4t.

1871.
WHEAT SEEDING!

Composed of 700 pounds of No. 1 Peruvian Gu