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The Kent News.

SATURDAY - - - SEPT. 16, 1871.

Democratic-Conservative Ticket.

For Governor:
HON. WM. PINKNEY WHYTE,
OF BALTIMORE CITY.

For Attorney General:
ANDREW K. SYESTER,
OF WASHINGTON COUNTY.

For Comptroller:
LEVIN WOOLFORD,
OF SOMERSET COUNTY.

For the State Senate:
GEORGE W. SPENCER.

For the House of Delegates:
WILLIAM B. WILMER,
JAMES W. HURTT.

For Sheriff:
ARTHUR B. WHEATLEY.

For State's Attorney:
JAMES A. PEARCE.

For Judges of the Orphans' Court:
JAMES BECK, (of Geo.,)
THOMAS LUSBY,
CORNELIUS J. SCOTT.

For County Commissioners:
ROBERT S. GRIFFITH,
JAMES A. ROSEBERRY,
R. BENNETT WILLSON.

For County Surveyor:
F. HYLAND TAYLOR.

RADICAL PERPLEXITIES.

The Radicals of Dorchester county seem to be laboring under difficulties somewhat similar to those of their friends in Kent. We find the following in the Dorchester *News:*

"A man must have a hard heart not to sympathize with the radicals' complicated troubles. They want a ticket in the county, but as it is sure to be defeated, they would prefer to have democrats run an independent ticket; but there cannot be found enough dissatisfied ones to make up a full ticket, and if any radicals are placed on it none of the democrats will run, or allow their names side by side with the radicals. Then the radicals want the full negro vote, but this they cannot get unless they place negroes on the ticket, then the white radicals will neither vote the ticket or run with it. So they are really in a sad condition."

This is bad enough, but the Radicals of Kent are in even a worse condition than their friends in Dorchester. Here they have lost all hope of a split in the Democratic Conservative ranks, and knowing it would be no use to present a genuine party ticket, made up of blacks and whites, they are compelled as a last resort to go outside of their own fold to hunt up candidates. This is a new feature in politics, and the result will be looked for with no little curiosity. The time was, when there was not so much difference between parties, that such a thing might possibly be tolerated; but now, when the lines are drawn as distinctly as between darkness and light, midnight and noonday, such a proceeding would be contrary to reason and nature. Every man who is not wilfully blinded can see that the Republican party is striking for the complete leveling and amalgamation of races, and, unless the blow is speedily diverted, the intermarriage of blacks and whites will, in the course of a few years, become a common occurrence. The equality in the public schools, which the Radical party is now laboring to bring about, will naturally lay the foundation for this state of things.—And how any man, by whatever name he may have been, or may now prefer to be called in politics, or whether he is *nothing*, who has opposed the Radical party mainly on account of its affiliation with this negro business, can now, when it is taking advanced ground, *and continually advancing*, turn around and allow the use of his name or influence to promote the very measures which he professed to oppose and despise, is beyond the power of the human intellect to comprehend. The *name* of a party is nothing—it is the *principle* involved which makes the distinction; and a man who will let a name drive him from principle, has no principle at all, and is unfit to be trusted in any position to which he may aspire.

ANOTHER HEAVY DEFALCATION—*Half a Million of Government Money Stolen.*—Major John L. Hodge, a Deputy Paymaster of the United States Army, stationed at Washington, has been discovered to be a defaulter to the extent of $400,000. He has for some time past had charge of the bounty certificates, and many millions of dollars have passed through his hands. On Tuesday evening he was sent from Washington to Baltimore, and is now in confinement at Fort McHenry awaiting trial by court-martial. He fully confesses his guilt, and states that since 1866 he has from time to time used Government funds for purposes of speculation in stocks and gold, etc., and made fraudulent returns and statements to cover the deficit.

A SNUB FOR THE MARYLAND REPUBLICANS.—The New York *Tribune* of Wednesday last, thus snubs the Maryland Republicans:

"Baltimore is so near Washington that we are not surprised to see *National Capital influences* guiding the action of the Maryland Republican Convention yesterday. * * * The Convention would have done better if it had left the nomination of the next Republican candidate for President to some of the States who have some hand in *electing* the present Chief Magistrate, and can be counted on as sure to help elect the next one."

The *Tribune* also thinks that Mr. Creswell might be better employed in looking after the interests of the postal service than running Conventions.

THE Democrats and Conservatives of Baltimore county have nominated T. S. Davis, of Towsontown, for the State Senate, and Geo. Litzinger, Sam'l T. Shipley, Lewis Turner, Jervis Spencer, Jr., Andrew Banks and Sylvester Foard for the House of Delegates.

Republican State Convention.

The Republican Convention which met in Baltimore on Tuesday nominated Mr. Jacob Tome, of Cecil county, for Governor, Hon. Alexander Randall, of Annapolis, for Attorney General, and Lawrence J. Brengle, Esq., of Frederick, for Comptroller. The convention also passed resolutions declaring in favor of the renomination of Gen. Grant for the Presidency, sustaining the general policy of Congress and the Radical party, claiming common school privileges for blacks and whites, endorsing Mr. Creswell as Postmaster General, and condemning the democrats generally. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Fulton, of the Baltimore *American*, pronouncing in favor of the annexation of San Domingo, but it was voted down. A number of delegates expressed themselves as personally in favor of annexation, but some of their constituents were opposed to the measure, and they thought it better that the convention should take no action in the matter "lest some of these might be offended."

The endorsement of General Grant and of Congress carries with it, of course, the endorsement of all the extreme and revolutionary measures of the present Administration, including the amendments to the Constitution, usurping the control of the elective franchise which was guaranteed exclusively to the States, the enactment of the Ku-Klux bill with all its unconstitutional provisions, and all the negro equality schemes that have been passed by Congress from time to time. The whole category of diabolical legislation has been sanctioned right strait through, with not one word of dissent, or a desire for more moderate enactments in the future. One of the resolutions even eulogizes the Administration "as one of the most beneficent and successful" we have had "since the foundation of the Government." Well, the people of Maryland will soon pass judgment upon these matters, and then it will be seen how their views accord with those of the few windy and sycophantical politicians who concocted the convention's resolutions.

The Baltimore *Gazette* remarks:

It was a curious gathering that, which assembled at the Law Building on Tuesday last, under the style and title of the Republican State Nominating Convention. The active elements of the Convention were the Hon. John A. J. Creswell, Mr. Fulton, of the *American*, and Mr. Archibald Sterling, Jr., United States District Attorney. These pensioners of the Government, supported by the Federal officials, with a few outsiders hungering and thirsting after place, and a slight sprinkling of negroes—just for the look of the thing—made up the bulk of the Convention. The nominations for State officers were easily made, because it was well known that none of the nominees would be elected, and that they only accepted the empty honor to give them hereafter a stronger claim upon the Administration for any office that might be within its gift.

Of course, in a Convention made up principally of officeholders, a resolution declaring it to be the unanimous opinion of the Republicans of Maryland that Gen. Grant should be renominated by the next "National Convention" was adopted by acclamation. It is quite natural under that Presidential favor which enables them to lead a life of ease and profit, and especially when looking forward to other and still more substantial favors in the event of their patron's re-election.

The charges brought by the convention against the Democratic Administration in Maryland are simply weak and puerile. The present school system is, we are told, defective; the oyster laws a nuisance; the Militia bill—a thing of the past—is killed over again, and there is a low wail uttered over the troubles of the fishers of oysters, who are often curiously perplexed to find out the dividing line between Maryland and Virginia. As this is the heaviest bill of indictment the Radicals can frame against "the Democratic Administration in Maryland," we may well laugh it to scorn. No soap bubble wes ever lighter, or more easily bursted.

We will not say, saucily, to the Convention—"And now, what are you going to do about it?" though we know very well it can do nothing. It has simply set up its "ten-pins" to be bowled down. It cherishes no other hope. But it was necessary for it to meet, and talk, and pass resolutions, and make a declaration of loyalty and subservience to the powers that be, if only to show that the Radical party in this State is "alive and kicking."

THE New York *Commercial Advertiser*, a Radical paper, truthfully says: "That there should be any necessity for martial law in South Carolina, is a most telling condemnation of the policy of federal interference in the internal affairs of that State, and of the malignant influences of carpet-bag government. No better evidence is needed to show that the men foisted upon the people by violence or chicanery are as incompetent as they are corrupt." Admitting that there is a bad spirit at work in the State which needs curbing, the same journal pertinently suggests that possibly the power regulating entirely its own affairs would put the State on its propriety. Congressional interference is by no means the best and safest method. It has been tried for these five years and its results are certainly not altogether encouraging.

YANKEE HOSPITALITY.—The Baltimore *American* has no confidence in the pretension to hospitality of some of its Northern friends. A Boston paper is anxious for the next National Republican Convention to meet at the "hub," in order to show their brethren what is meant by New England hospitality, and in noticing this invitation the *American* says:

"The only city in the Union that has a national reputation for hospitality is Baltimore. We therefore put in a claim for Baltimore, where hospitality is an assured thing, rather than trust to promises in this respect, even from Boston. The last National Republican Convention met in Chicago, and notwithstanding all the inducements and pledges made in its behalf, *a convention of cattle drovers would have attracted more attention* and have secured more kindness and hospitable treatment from the people. They were shown the "crib," and there the matter of reception and entertainment ended."

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE AGITATORS.—The executive committee of the Woman's Suffrage Association at Boston have decided to address a memorial in behalf of woman suffrage, to the State conventions of every political organization, asking each to express an opinion in favor of woman suffrage, and to take steps to promote it.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, Sept. 12th.—C. H. Baker and A. A. Strong, adm'rs of L. M. Strong, returned an inventory of the personal estate and obtained an order for the sale of the same. B. F. Beck and J. Nichols were appointed to estimate the rental value of the real estate of the heirs of the late L. M. Strong. Alex. Wilson and T. C. Lynch were appointed to appraise the undivided interest of Jno. Clark, dec'd, in certain real estate. Sarah Anderson and Thomas Slaughter, adm'rs of Wm. C. Anderson, returned their fourth and final administration account. R. L. Raymond and Wm. L. Bowers, exec'rs of Ann E. Allen, returned their first and final administration account. Wm. J. Griffith, exec'r of Jacob Caulk, returned his second administration account. An agreement between J. A. Wickes and Wm. B. Usilton, adm'r of Samuel Frazier, was filed, referring matters in controversy relative to a certain contract in regard to wood to the arbitration of the Court, and an award was made agreeably thereto.

GET REGISTERED.—The registration of voters will commence on next Monday. All new voters should appear before the register of their respective districts and get registered, and all who have changed their place of residence since the last registration should see that their names are properly transferred. Let none neglect this important duty. The registration lasts but three days, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 18th, 19th and 20th.

OCTOBER JURORS.—Judge Wickes, on Thursday, drew the following jurors to serve at the October term of the Circuit Court for Kent county, which will commence on Monday, the 16th:

Grand Jurors.—Geo. W. Jones, N. G. Westcott, Sewell Hepbron, R. C. Johnson, John M. Gale, Owen Connelly, John W. Corey, Jos. E. Gilpin, Jeremiah Peacock, J. Evan Thomas, Turbitt C. Meginniss, Geo. W. Howard, Thos. S. Wickes, Rob't Nicholson, Wm. T. Hepbron, T. W. Eliason, Jr., John W. Jarman, Sr., Benj. R. Meginniss, Thos. DeC. Ruth, Comegys Cosden, Geo. W. Davis, Geo. T. Holloday, Isaac Perkins.

Petit Jurors.—Edw. B. Woodall, David Clements, John H. Cummins, James P. DeCorse, Edw. Slaughter, Rich'd Peacock, Thos. J. Vickers, S. W. Aldridge, F. H. Greenwood, R. W. Jones, Stephen Boyer, E. N. Roland, W. T. Adkinson, Geo. H. Willson, C. H. B. Massey, John W. Loud, Henry T. Jump, Geo. R. Beck, David C. Blackiston, P. F. Rasin, A. B. Wheatley, Daniel C. Willson, Isaac Parsons, Fred'k Worrell, William J. Maslin.

LAND FOR SALE.—The desirable real estate of Richard Peacock and the farm of Thos. G. Jarman, situated on the public road between Galena and Chesterville, will be offered at public sale at Galena on Wednesday next.

HEAVY POSTOFFICE DEFALCATION IN NEW York.—Following the alledged Tammany frauds, comes another financial sensation from New York. It appears that John W. Norton, Assistant Postmaster, is a defaulter to the amount of $150,000, and that the money has been fraudulently drawn by Norton during the past eighteen months or two years. Norton, to make restitution, has surrendered all his property, which will more than cover the defalcation.

"NEW ENGLAND MONSTROSITY."—Gen. Hawley, of Connecticut, and a Republican of distinction in his State, expresses his opinion of Ben. Butler in the following language:

"I think General Butler the most reckless, unscrupulous, dangerous demagogue this country has seen since Aaron Burr, and it is to me a patriotic duty and high pleasure to oppose him. There is a satisfaction in the reflection that a man with such a hole in his head, where the moral faculties ought to be, cannot have good judgment or real shrewdness. He may make a good deal of trouble, but he will kill himself. He might succeed in Paris, as Robespierre and Rochefort succeeded, but he is a monstrosity in New England."

THE SOUTHERN ADVENTURERS.—Ex-Governor Hamilton, of Texas, draws the following picture of the Southern adventurer of the period:

"When we see a poor, miserable cuss, who never had $150 in his life, come to Austin, borrowing money to pay his expenses, and presently finding him losing a thousand dollars a night at faro, driving around in a fancy team, making liquor bills, wine bills, and all sort of bills, and buying a buggy and fine horses to go home in, we know he is a thief as well as if we had seen him steal."

A COUNTY TEMPERANCE CONVENTION WAS held in Centreville last week, and resolutions adopted to circulate petitions for signatures, to be presented to the Legislature asking a modification of the license laws so as to leave the voters of election districts, wards or corporative towns the privilege of saying whether liquors shall be sold within the respective limits of such district, ward or town, and also to make the venders of intoxicating liquors responsible for all damage that may be done to person and property by persons under the influence of liquor purchased at their establishment.

A BOY sixteen years old, named King, became weary on the second night of his confinement in the lockup at Lewistown, Me., and with a nail made a saw of a case-knife, with which he cut off the bars of his cell. He had nearly escaped when the police discovered what he was doing, and put him in another cell. In a short time he had nearly worked out of his cell, badly smashing the walls as well as cutting bars. They then put him in a third cell, with bracelets on his wrists, and went on their rounds. In forty minutes King had cut off two bars and made his escape.

LAND SALES.—The home farm of the late John C. Ruth, lying on Corsica creek, in Queen Anne's county, containing 400 acres, was sold last week by J. B. Brown, trustee, at $56.20 per acre. Wm. J. Price purchaser. A small farm adjoining, called "Jerusalem," containing 90 acres, unimproved, was purchased by the same gentleman for $7.25 per acre.

THE committee appointed to select and purchase a residence for Bishop Lay met in Easton last week, pursuant to appointment. Several pieces of property in and near Easton, and in and near Oxford, were examined, but the committee deferred further action until its next meeting in November.—*Star.*

THE Republicans in California elected their State ticket in the election of September 6th.

JUSTICE FROM A POLITICAL OPPONENT.—It is quite refreshing in these piping times of corruption, abuse and general villiany of the party in power, to find the black horizon of the enemy illumined occasionally by an honest light. We are satisfied the editor of the Chicago *Tribune* has either joined the church or quit the Radical party, else he could never have penned the following concerning the abuses and vexations of the Southern people. It is in keeping with the truths we keep constantly before our readers. Here is the article:

"There are, indeed, acts of violence; but the wonder is that there are not more. Just consider the situation in which the so-called "rebel" class is placed. Among them are included nearly all the men of wealth and influence of the period preceding the war. These find themselves stripped of nearly all their personal property, destitute of money, household goods and agricultural implements, and left on their backs, "land poor," and generally discouraged, but taxed heavily on their land, and without means of raising money to pay taxes; and not only taxed beyond measure, but taxed for the purpose of filling the pockets of loafers, demagogues, carpet-baggers and unwholesome negroes, while the public institutions of the State are left to suffer even worse than during the war period. Add to this the taunts and menaces which are constantly hurled in their faces by the newly dominant element, and the consciousness that the law neither gives nor promises them any relief, and you can see some of the principal provocations to violence. The carpet-baggers levy an outrageous tax on land. Then they send around an obstreperous sheriff, with a squad of negro deputies, and sell out the plantation to one of their own ring for taxes, and perhaps somebody gets Ku-Kluxed soon after."

ISN'T HE LIKE WASHINGTON!—The Baltimore *American* goes the length of comparing Useless S. Grant, the Present Taker, with George Washington! As there are very few officeholders whose enthusiasm amounts to such a height as this, we have taken a little pains to enquire into the cause, and a very powerful cause it turns out to be. The editor of the *American* and his relations appear to be provided for at the public crib as follows:

C. C. Fulton, editor, appointed to print the laws of Congress. He is also the Present Taker's candidate for Governor of Maryland.

Alexander M. Fulton, editor's brother, Supervisor of Internal Revenue; place worth $15,000 a year.

Edington Fulton, editor's brother, Surveyor of the port of Baltimore; salary $5,000 besides pickings and his share of seizures.

John M. Fulton, editor's nephew, clerk in the Appraiser's office; salary $1,800 a year.

Capt. Agnes, editor's son-in-law, lately Assessor of Internal Revenue, but transfered to a desk in the *American* office in consequence of something having been said about the Fulton Family having too many places. Mr. John Keyser was taken from that desk and sent to the former place of Capt. Agnes in the Internal Revenue office, where he now is, dividing fair.

Patsy McGarigle, editor's manager, Special Agent of the Post Office Department on Mail Depredations. Salary $1,600 a year and $3 a day.

For a small town like Baltimore this will answer pretty well. What else could Fulton do than pronounce Grant equal to Washington, considering the number of offices and rich pickings that he and his relations enjoy? Through what timely presents the great Fulton family have thus been prospered must be left to conjecture. —*N. Y. Sun.*

MR. A. T. STEWART'S MANSION.—The new dwelling erected by Mr. Stewart, in New York city, is now fully completed. The *World* says:

The grounds command a frontage of 126 feet on Fifth avenue and 165 feet on Thirty-fourth street. The building itself is 116 feet long on the principal or Thirty-fourth street front, and 62 wide on the avenue. It is of pure white marble, four stories high above ground, and inclusive of the basement, cellars and mansard roof, embracing eight stories. The style is composite, with perhaps a prevalence of the Roman order. The Corinthian design is also displayed in the capitals of the massive fluted columns. Some hints of the Italian Renaissance appear in certain details of the ornamentation, and the roof, with its ornamented ridge finish, is purely French, as are also certain portions of the carving, borrowed from the Louvre. The whole is effective, graceful and withal substantial, and indeed the prevalent idea throughout the structure is the air of solid grandeur and the perfect absence of any pretence of artificiality.

AN IMPROVING COUNTY.—The Cambridge (Md.) *Herald* notes, under the head of "strange circumstances," the encouraging fact that citizens of that part of Dorchester county have begun to pay off the mortgage debts upon their farms, and goes on to add that in some instances creditors have desired them to keep the money at six per cent. interest, while one year ago money could not be borrowed in that neighborhood for less than ten to fifteen per cent. The last circumstance follows the regular course of financial law.—Where the principal is secure and payment of interest prompt, money can of course be had at the lowest rates. The improvement in the financial aspect of Dorchester affairs must be attributed in good part to the success of fruit growing, made possible by railway connections.

THE COUNSEL of Rosenzweig, the quack New York doctor, who stands accused of causing the death of Alice Bowlsby, made application before Judge Cardozo, Sept. 7th, for the release of his client on bail. He made an elaborate argument, to which the Judge said it was unnecessary for the District Attorney to reply, inasmuch as a careful reading of the evidence before the coroner had satisfied him that the case was one in which bail could not be properly allowed. He remanded the prisoner to jail.

CHINESE PRINTING.—The compositors' cases in the missionary house, in China, have each over six thousand compartments for the reception of the numerous letters of the Chinese alphabet. The cases are built in the form of an amphitheatre, and the compositor stands in the middle, and every letter he sets up he selects from the 6,000.

EBEN FRAGER, the murderer of Jno. A. Eliason, now serving out a life-term in New Castle jail, is having a nice time of it. Recently he went on a fishing excursion down the Bay with a number of friends and one of the jailors, named Folls. "A nice way to live," verily.—*Smyrna Times.*

THE Wyoming election, held Sept. 4th, gave the Republicans a majority of two in the Senate, and the Democrats a like preponderance in the House.

MR. GREELEY INTERVIEWED.

Horace Greeley, as is well known to many, is now making a tour of the West, for agricultural purposes ostensibly, but really to find out the "political situation" in that region. He reached Chicago on the 6th. The New York Sun gives the following interview between Mr. Greeley and certain prominent gentlemen in the West, among whom was Hon. John Wentworth. After having received the "Philosopher," the subject of conversation naturally turned upon politics.

Mr. Wentworth said: "Grant has not a shadow of a chance for even the nomination," and added that throughout the whole West, and particularly in Illinois, there is a quiet feeling of contempt for the nepotist that cannot be overcome. Both Senators Trumbull and Logan are openly and avowedly Grant's enemies, the latter particularly so. Gen. Logan says that his whole influence shall be directed to prevent Grant's renomination. Mr. Grinnell said he could promise the State of Iowa for Mr. Greeley, if he will allow his name to go to the convention. At this Mr. Greeley smiled complacently, and said that he was in charge of his friends. So far as he was concerned, it was of no account whether Grant was nominated or not, but politically he was opposed to the nomination. Mr. Greeley added: "If we nominate Grant, we shall certainly be defeated. The public will stand no more horse-jockey and present-taking Presidents; we have had enough of them. I tell you, gentlemen, we must take a new departure, and I assure you that we of the East are determined that it shall be done. I have been rather quiet about it so far, but I want everybody now to understand what I think. When we take hold of Grant, it will not be with silk gloves on our hands. It has got to be done. We must throw Grant overboard or we shall be defeated."

"But," said Mr. Grinnell, as if asking for information, "what would you have us do, Mr. Greeley? Suppose we throw Grant over, what can we do? You know our people don't want to jump out of the frying pan into the fire. Now if you will give us the slightest hope that you intend to put your own name forward, we would willingly throw out Grant."

At this Mr. Greeley looked rather mysteriously at Mr. Grinnell, and said:

"All I want is to have a good man nominated, who, if elected, will consent to give up the office at the end of his term. Besides, I want to nominate a man who, if elected, will elevate the office to where it was in former days; a man who will not take presents or use the military or his office-holders to advance his own aspirations for a second term, and in the meantime neglect the interests of those whose ruler he is. Besides, I want a man who is above mere pleasure-hunting; a man who will not dawdle away one-fourth of his term amid the follies and frivolities of a watering place, and one who, when called upon for an expression of his views on political and other subjects of national interest, can give them in clear and comprehensive language. That's the kind of a man the people want, and," bringing his fist down on the table, "*that is the kind of man we hav'nt now.* I want you, gentlemen, to tell your people here in the West that we are going to fight against Grant to the extent of our ability. We will not remain passive or indifferent, but, to use his own words, we are going to fight it out on this line."

Mr. Wentworth seemed delighted at this expression of Mr. Greeley's views, and promised to circulate them far and wide whenever it was necessary.

THE PRESS AND THE BENCH.—Harford county editors have a remarkable luck in receiving judicial honors. No less than three of them having taken a turn in that direction in about as many years. First, Mr. Bateman, editor of the Ægis, was elected Judge. After filling the position about three years, he resigned, and Mr. Maynadier, his successor as editor of the Ægis, became, by executive appointment his successor on the Bench, for the vacancy ensuing previous to the next general election. On the 2nd instant, under the "Crawford County System," a warm contest ensued for the position for the remainder of Judge Bateman's term, and again the contest was between Editors. Mr. Maynadier, of the Ægis, and Mr. Watters, of the Democrat, were the contestants, and the choice fell on Mr. Watters. As this nomination is equivalent to his election, Harford may be said to have conferred judicial honors on three of her Editors.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.—Scholarships for three and five years tuition in this institution can now be purchased for *fifty* and *seventy-five dollars.* These terms are very liberal indeed, and we hope and expect that those having sons to educate will avail themselves of the excellent opportunity thus offered, and that the number of students during the coming session will be largely increased. Session commences first Wednesday in October. Catalogues can be had on application to J. T. Carlisle, Vice Principal.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$1.53a1.66
" Choice Red	1.60a1.72
" Medium and good red	1.38a1.50
CORN—White	75a84
" Yellow	71a76
OATS	46a52

MARRIED:

At the M. E. Church, Church Hill, on the 6th inst., by Rev. Mr. Redman, Mr. ROBERT T. ARMSTRONG and Miss ALANNA C. MASSEY, eldest daughter of the late Josish Massey.

DIED:

At his residence, in Still Pond, on the 9th inst., JOSHUA CLARK, aged about 72 years. The deceased was a prominent member of the M. E. Church for many years. In all the relations of life he sustained the reputation of a good citizen and upright man.

Suddenly, of a congestive chill, on the 13th inst., ANNIE, daughter of Mr. Samuel Rolph, of Queen Anne's county, aged 20 years.

At Still Pond, on the 12th instant, after a short illness of typhoid fever, ANNIE, daughter of Mr. John B. Parrott, aged about 22 years.

At the residence of his son, in Fairlee Neck, on the 11th inst., WILLIAM SHUSTER, aged about 70 years.

FESTIVAL.

The Ladies of the Prot. Episcopal Church, in Chestertown, will hold a Fair and Festival in the Town Hall during the October Court.
Sept. 16—3t.

NOTICE.—All persons are positively forbidden, on any pretense, from trespassing on my property known as Drayton, with dog or gun. E. P JANVIER.
Sept. 16, 1871—4t.

RAIL ROAD.

THE Stays on Judgments for the Kent Co. Railroad expired on yesterday, the 15th inst. The Board of Directors have ordered immediate and urgent proceedings to recover the money. The work on the Road has been suspended for some time for the want of these funds, and the Company cannot in justice delay longer. On Friday next the Sheriff will necessarily be obliged to advertise in all cases of failure to pay, without respect to persons.
RICHARD HYNSON,
Attorney and Treasurer for K. C. R. R.
Sept. 16, 1871—3t.

TAKE NOTICE!

WE WANT MONEY, and respectfully request those indebted to call and settle immediately. Those who have given us notes cannot be so unreasonable as to expect us to wait longer for the money.
sep2-3t. CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale his FARM on Swan Creek, where he now resides. It contains

About 190 ACRES,

140 arable, and the residue in WOOD AND TIMBER. The arable land is divided into five fields and two lots, all well and substantially fenced. The soil is naturally good and has been limed, and is well adapted to cereals and fruits. The situation is desirable, being convenient to Churches, Schools, &c., and is within a mile of the Steamboat Wharf at Rock Hall; and not over two and a half miles from the Steamboat Landing on Grey's Inn Creek, while upon its Shores there are Several Fine Landings for Grain and Lime; and within a short distance lie some of our finest Fishing Grounds, Oyster Beds and Ducking Points.

THE IMPROVEMENTS
ARE A

TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING,

with a large ONE-STORY BACK BUILDING, and all necessary outbuildings; all in complete order.

A Peach Orchard of 1800 Trees,

5 years old and very thrifty. The fruit is of the best market varieties. A young APPLE ORCHARD of 150 Trees, 250 Concord Grape, 600 Philadelphia Raspberries and a lot of improved Blackberries.

The subscriber has determined to quit farming and will sell his farm at anything like a fair price, and upon reasonable terms. For further particulars he refers to R. HYNSON, Esq., his Attorney, in Chestertown.

JOHN DOWNEY.
Sept. 16, 1871—3t.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

THE undersigned, as Trustee, will offer at Public Sale on

FRIDAY, the 29th September, 1871,

AT THREE O'CLOCK, P. M.,

at Millington, Kent county, Maryland, the Real Estate of Wm. Riley, situate and lying in the First Election District of Kent county, as follows:

A TRACT OR LOT OF LAND,

in Riley's Neck on the public Road leading from Millington to Smyrna, and opposite the lands of Edward Turner, Esq.,

Containing about NINE ACRES.

THE IMPROVEMENTS
ARE

Two Frame Dwellings,

with Stable and Carriage House and other Out-Buildings in good order.

Also all the undivided claim, interest and estate of the said Wm. Riley, in and to that

Lot or Parcel of Land,

in the village of Millington, containing about an Eighth of an Acre, that was sold and conveyed to the said Wm. Riley and one Jas. F. Sprigg, by Thomas R. Quimby. This Lot is improved by a good TWO-STORY DWELLING, nearly new.

THE TERMS are Cash, but may be modified to suit purchasers.

RICHARD HYNSON,
Trustee.
Chestertown, Sept. 16, 1871—ts.

To Our Friends
OF THE
FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT,
AND
THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

WHEREAS, we have conducted a credit business with all reliable persons for about ten years, we hereby give notice that from the First of October next, our terms to ALL PERSONS and for all descriptions of goods, will be NET CASH on delivery, with prices suited to the terms.

We will keep a large and good assortment of goods constantly on hand.

C. A. LEARY & BRO.
Rock Hall, Sept. 16—4t.

SHAKE NO MORE

MATIN AGUE MIXTURE,

Contains no Quinine, is agreeable to the taste, is a fine tonic, and will cure any case of Chills and Fever, or money will be returned to purchaser.

IT NEVER FAILS.

It has been tried in many cases in Kent County this season, and always with success, and I am directed by the manufacturer to return the money in every case where it fails to effect a cure.

PRICE $1.50 per bottle.
For sale by R. B. RUSSELL,
Sole Agent, Chestertown.

CARMINATIVE MEXICAN
DIARRHOEA MIXTURE,

A CERTAIN CURE FOR DIARRHOEA, and other Bowel Diseases, for sale by
sep16-3m. R. B. RUSSELL.

Chester River Steamboat Company.

ON and after Sept. 12, the Steamer **George Law** will leave Baltimore from Pier No. 7, Light Street Wharf, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 o'clock, A. M., stopping at Kent Island, Queenstown, Grey's Inn Creek, Corsica, Spencer's Quaker Neck, Booker's, Rolph's, Chestertown, Round Top and Crumpton. Returning, leave Crumpton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6½ A. M., making the above stops.

N. B.—Freight received Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, until 6 o'clock, P. M.

A. T. JOYNES,
Agent Chester River Steamboat Company.
Office Pier No. 7, Light St. Wharf.
Sept. 16, 1871

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

THOMAS DEPUY,
37 SOUTH SECOND ST.,
Above *Chestnut, East Side,*
PHILADELPHIA,

Would call the attention of those wishing to purchase *Carpetings*, to his large and choice line of Foreign and Domestic, both in relation to qualities as well as styles. Also, *Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, Stair Rods, &c., at the lowest cash prices.*

N. B.—Mr. J. Stewart Depuy is not at 253 S. 2d St., but is with *Thomas Depuy.*
Sept. 16, 1871—3m.

NOTICE.

PURCHASERS at the sale of the late John M. Hudson, are hereby notified that the Notes are due on the 8th of September. Please give immediate attention, as it is very important that the estate should be closed at the earliest practicable moment. I shall be at Chestertown on Tuesdays.
sep2-3t. ROBERT J. LUSBY, Adm'r.

NOTICE.

MISSES MIDDLETON & PHILLIPS would inform persons indebted to them that their accounts are made out, and would be thankful for an early settlement. As they are in need of funds to prosecute their business, they hope this notice will not require repeating.
sep2-3t.

NOTICE.—Purchasers at the sale of the undersigned last fall, are hereby notified that their notes were due Sept. 7th. Intending to remove to the city this fall, all interested will please be prompt in lifting their notes.
JOS. J. HOWARD.
sep9-3t.

NOTICE.—My customers whose accounts are unsettled, will oblige me by paying up at once. I need money to carry on my business, and I hope that this request will be promptly responded to.
sep9-3t. MRS. S. A. USILTON.

NOTICE.—My friends will please remember that their notes and accounts are due. Payment of the same at once is very much desired. I am greatly in need of money.
Respectfully,
sep9-3t. WM. W. PARKS.

FOR RENT, for the year 1871, the DWELLING HOUSE on Cross street, in Chestertown, recently occupied by William Cannon. For terms, apply to
n19-tf WM. VANNORT.

MARYLAND
State Agricultural & Mechanical Fair
FOR 1871,

BALTIMORE, OCTOBER 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th.

ORATOR:
HON. D. W. VORHEES, OF INDIANA.

TRIALS OF SPEED EACH DAY.

LIBERAL MONEY PREMIUMS.

HALF RATES CHARGED BY RAILROADS AND STEAMBOATS.

PREMIUM LIST to be had at the office of the Association, corner Charles and Lexington Streets, Baltimore.

JOSEPH H. RIEMAN, President.
D. C. TRIMBLE, Secretary.
Sept. 9—3t.

1871. 1871.
FALL TRADE.
NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS
NOW BEING RECEIVED.

STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS,
CASSIMERES, KERSEYS,
FLANNELS, &c.

NEW FALL PRINTS.

OUR present stock of Goods will be found very full, and we expect to keep it well replenished during the entire season.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to our
Shoe Department
Men's Fine Calf Boots and Gaiters, and all descriptions of Shoes for Children.

NEW FALL HATS
JUST OPENED.

We have also just invoiced a fine lot of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
enabling us to show our customers a much fuller line of COATS, PANTALOONS and VESTS than usual at this early period of the season.

THOMAS S. WICKES.
Chestertown, September 9, 1871.

Crumpton Saw Mill.

WM. BOWKER,

IS prepared to do SAWING OF ALL KINDS at short notice, and the lowest rates.

The Mill is near the Wharf of the Chester River Steamboat Co., Crumpton, Md.
Sept. 9, 1871—6m*

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of L. HECHT & BRO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

L. HECHT is alone authorised to collect and receipt for outstanding debts of the firm, and will settle all claims against the same.

LIEBMAN HECHT,
MOSES HECHT.
Chestertown, Aug. 21, 1871.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of L. HECHT & BRO., are hereby notified that unless payment is made on or before the NINTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1871, their accounts will be put in a legal train of collection.
aug26-3t. LIEBMAN HECHT.

Clothing! Clothing!

GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS.

BOOTS & SHOES!
HATS AND CAPS, &c.

L. HECHT, having bought out the interest of his brother in the above business, will continue the same at the old stand on his own account, and on a more extensive scale. His stock consists of such goods as are suited to this market, and will be sold at such prices as to

DEFY COMPETITION!

Particular attention will be paid to the Department of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

SUITS OF THE BEST QUALITY will be MADE TO ORDER, and a fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thankful for the patronage extended to the late firm, he hopes by strict attention to business and a determination to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

L. HECHT.
Chestertown, Aug. 29, 1871—tf.

1871. FALL TRADE. 1871.

Guns, Guns, Guns.

Double and Single Barrel Guns,
Breechloading and Muzzleloading Guns,
of English, French and German manufacture,
AT ALL PRICES.

Single Guns at $2.50, 4.00, 6.00, 8.00, 12.00 to $20 each.
Double Guns from 7.00 to $200.00 each.

Pistols. Pistols. Pistols.

Smith & Wesson, Colt's, Allen's, Sharp's, and all the popular and approved kinds

Ammunition for Guns, Pistols & Rifles.

Sportsman's Goods
OF GREAT VARIETY.

BEST QUALITY and LOWEST PRICES.

Country Merchants and Sportsmen are invited to call and examine our large and well selected stock of the above Goods, which we import direct and buy from the manufacturers. We guarantee quality equal to, and prices as low as any responsible house in this country.

Orders by mail filled promptly, and sent by express, C. O. D.

POULTNEY, TRIMBLE & CO.,
200 W. Baltimore Street,
sep2tf. Baltimore, Md.

JOHN T. DODD & SON,

UNDERTAKERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Lumber, Sash, Doors and Shutters.

We are prepared to furnish COFFINS, CASKETS and BURIAL CASES upon short notice. Metallic Cases furnished to order.
Sept. 9, 1871.

Miss Redue's School.

THE DUTIES of MISS REDUE'S SCHOOL will be resumed on the FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

It will be greatly to the advantage of the pupils to enter on the first day.

TERMS:—Seven, Six, and Four Dollars per quarter, according to standing. There will be an extra charge of one dollar for the Fall quarter, and also for the Winter quarter.

EXTRAS—French, three dollars, and Music on the Piano, Ten Dollars per qurater.

Chestertown, Sept. 2—3t.

COAL! COAL!

ALL persons who wish to lay in their coal at a reduced price can do so by leaving their orders with J. T. TWILLEY or F. ALDRIDGE,