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The Kent News.

SATURDAY - - - - MAY 11, 1872.

THE CINCINNATI NOMINEES.

The Liberal Convention held at Cincinnati last week selected Hon. Carl Schurz for permanent President, who, upon taking the chair, expressed his thanks for the honor of the position, and in a clear and forcible manner stated, in brief, his views upon the general questions at issue. The committee previously appointed reported an address and platform, both of which will be found in full in another column. Regarding the platform as a whole, conceding the questions involved in the constitutional amendments to be settled, no just exception can be taken to its leading principles. On the sixth ballot Horace Greeley, of New York, was nominated for President, and Gov. B. Gratz Brown, of Missouri, for Vice President, on the second ballot. This result was unexpected by many, both among the friends and opponents of the Cincinnati movement. A candidate more acceptable to the Democrats at large might have been selected, but at the same time Mr. Greeley can get more Republican votes than any man in the party who could be put up against Grant; and as a reform in the administration of the government, and a change in the policy that is to prevail for the next four years, are, of all things, now most desired, it will be a matter for the serious consideration of the Democratic National Convention to determine how that end can be most surely reached. If a straight out Democratic ticket is nominated, the vote cast for Greeley, if indeed he runs at all, will, in our opinion, be so insignificant that it will render certain the reelection of Grant; and if this be so, the path to reform is not in that direction.—Almost the entire Democratic press of the South endorse the Cincinnati ticket, and earnestly appeal to their brethren in all parts of the country to give it their support, as the only hope of delivering them from the cruel oppression to which they are subjected by the present administration. If we supposed that the Democratic party had any reasonable chance of success with three tickets in the field, we should not hesitate as to what course to suggest; but believing that it does not, as between a choice of evils we greatly prefer Greeley to Grant. It is universally conceded that Mr. Greeley is an honest man, a man of independence and courage, and that he is actuated by a genuine spirit of conciliation and peace. With the aid of the Democratic vote he could be easily elected, and we doubt not his administration would result in the restoration of that harmony and good feeling between the sections for which the country so fondly longs, and which are essential to national prosperity.

The Democratic National Convention, which meets in July, will no doubt act wisely, and do what in their judgment is best under the circumstances. We shall, of course, be guided by the decision of that convention, whatever it may be, and advise very member of the party to be governed accordingly.

Views of the Press.

There is a difference of opinion among Democratic journals as to whether the party should endorse the Cincinnati nominess or take a candidate from its own ranks. Nearly all of them express a willingness to abide the decision of the Democratic National Convention; but some of the more prominent, however, both North and South, have unalterably committed themselves to the liberal ticket.

Democratic National Convention.

The National Democratic Executive Committee met in New York on Wednesday, and decided to hold a National Convention in Baltimore on the 9th of July. The first motion entertained was that the call for a national convention be indefinitely postponed, which was lost. The committee did not feel at liberty to take the responsibility of determining the action of nearly three millions of voters in the coming election, and desired the voice of the party to be heard in its national representative capacity. The time fixed for the assembling of the convention is sufficiently late to admit of a full and thorough canvassing of the popular sentiment beforehand. The regular Republican convention at Philadelphia will have made its nominations, the issue between the two wings of the Republican party will be fairly made up, and all the elements of forming a correct judgment of the nature and exigencies of the situation will be fairly presented.

THE Republican (Grant) convention meets in Philadelphia on the 5th June. The *Baltimore American* says that the question whether the Liberal Republicans will draw enough votes from Grant to give them the victory will probably be nearer a settlement by the time this convention meets than it is now. The *American* further says: "Allowing him (Greeley) the utmost margin, we may for the sake of enforcing a lesson, admit that, *according to existing indications*, if the Democrats support him as a unit, *he will be elected the next President.*"

CHANGE OF NAME.—The Republican organ published in this town has changed its name from *Freeman's Journal* to *Republican Advocate*. We are pleased to note that under the management of its present editor, Mr. Burton, the paper is free from that persoual abuse and vulgarity that formerly characterized it, and is now a very respectable party organ.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—Dr. Charles E. Tarr, editor of the *Denton Journal*, died on the 2d instant, of inflammation of the liver. He was also a physician in large practice, and in every respect a most useful citizen. Dr. Tarr was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1867, which framed the present Constitution of the State.

HE WON'T WITHDRAW.—The Grant party are now greatly alarmed at the general appearance of the political field, and some of the organs are beginning to speak out and plainly intimate that the only way to beat Greeley and save themselves, is for Grant to withdraw and allow the Philadelphia convention to put forward a new man. But Grant says he won't do it.—That convention will be controlled by his office-holders, and they must do his bidding. To withdraw now would be to throw away that which has been his greatest concern, and to accomplish which the whole power and patronage of his administration has been directed. No, he won't withdraw; his mouthpiece, the *Washington Republican*, thus proclaims it, and demands that the office-holders shall fulfil their part of the contract by re-nominating him: "The leading statesmen of the party in this city believe that it would be utterly impossible to elect any one else. Gen. Grant *will seek a renomination* and a re-election from the party and the country."

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, May 7th.—C. H. Baker, administrator of Lawrence M. Strong, returned a list of sales of the personal estate of said deceased. R. H. Corbally and Stephen Boyer were appointed to appraise the annual rental value of the real estate of the minor heirs of Benj. Hazell. Wm. Janvier, administrator of Wm. Marshall, returned his second and final administration account. George H. Willson, administrator of Rich'd J. Shaw, returned his first and final administration account. J. R. Lusby, administrator of L. L. Rollison, returned his first administration account. Wm. T. Elben, executor of Joseph Mann, returned his third and final administration account. Chas. H. Wilmer, administrator of Harriett Miller, colored, returned his second administration account, and guardian account to Chas. J. Wilmer, colored.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—When communications do not appear within a reasonable time after they have been received, correspondents may take it for granted that they have been rejected. Manuscripts are not returned unless the request accompanies them. Puffing of stores and the like is out of place in local correspondence—we have advertising columns for matter of that kind. Reports of base ball games is of no interest except to those immediately interested, and "they know how it is themselves!"

THE CONCERT in aid of the Catholic Church takes place at the Town Hall next Thursday evening. This is promised to be the grandest entertainment ever given in Chestertown. No one who was present at the last concert will hardly be absent from this.

RAILROAD ELECTION.—The election for Directors of the Kent County Railroad Co. will take place at the Court House in Chestertown next Monday.

COMPLIMENTARY.—The *Centreville Observer* pays a high compliment to Rev. T. O. Crouse, the junior Meth. Protestant minister on Kent Circuit, in the following notice:

"*Literarg Entertainment.*—Rev. Mr. Crouse gave a reading at the Court House on Thursday night, his selections being very fine, and his declamations excellent. Such difficult pieces as 'The Bells,' 'The Raven,' etc., were declaimed in a masterly manner. Mr. Crouse has fine command of his voice, and hurried from high to low and *vice versa* with great ease and grace. As a declaimer he excels anything we have heard, if he will permit us to except Murdock."

BOUNTIES.—The act in relation to bounties, which recently passed both houses of Congress and is now a law, provides—

"That every volunteer, non-commissioned officer, private, musician, and artificer who enlisted into the military service of the United States prior to July 22nd, 1861, under the proclamation of the President of May 3d, 1861, and the orders of the War Department issued in pursuance therof, and was actually mustered before August 6, 1861, into any regiment, company, or battery, which was accepted by the War Department under such proclamation and orders, shall be paid the full bounty of one hundred dollars, under and by virtue of the said proclamation and orders of the War Department, in force at the time of such enlistment and prior to July 22, 1861; *Provided*, that the same has not already been paid."

DRESS GOODS FOR SPRING.—W. M. Kennard & Co., for the present at Fourth & King streets, Wilmington, Delaware, invite the attention of buyers to their large and attractive stock of Dress Goods, comprising black silks, Japanese silks, silk work pongees, camlet cloths in all the new shades; plain, black and figured Grenadines, with a complete line of medium and low priced dress goods; also a large stock of piques, Victoria lawns and chintzes for summer suits. It is their desire to close out this stock before removing to their new store, and in order to do this they have fixed their prices much below the general retail price. This, in connection with their large and varied stock, will not fail to bring them a large trade. For a detailed statement of the many features here mentioned we refer readers to their advertisement elsewhere. The "*Every Evening*," a daily paper of that city, in speaking of this firm, says: "it not only deserves bet repays the attention of every purchaser of dry goods." *

WHAT SENATOR TRUMBULL SAYS.—Senator Trumbull, according to the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Bulletin*, (administration,) after saying that he would support the liberal ticket, added his belief that Mr. Greeley would be a popular candidate and make a successful canvass. From conversation with leading democrats he believed that the democratic convention would endorse the Cincinnati ticket or split the party. The Southern democrats are united in favor of Greeley, and they will insist upon the convention endorsing the nomination or break the party to pieces. Mr. Trumbull further said that Mr. Greeley's nomination would force the Philadelphia convention to nominate some person other than Grant, and that the coming presidential canvass would be the most exciting ever known in the history of the country. In conclusion, Mr. Trumbull said he hoped that all liberal republicans would rally to the support of Greeley and bury their personal preferences.

WORTON AGRICULTURAL CLUB.

Messrs. Editors:—Unavoidable absence from the Worton Club has interrupted these reports, but to-day (May 2d) I made a duty of that which is always a pleasure, and attended the Club. With many brother farmers I often think that "business is too urgent to allow me to go to the Club to-day," but I generally find that by a little forethought and judicious planning, and arranging that kind of work for Thursday afternoon that is less complicated, I can be spared. Better motives than entertainment or pleasure brought so many of our farmers together this afternoon. The novelty having worn off, our Club is now anchored on firm ground. For the consideration of those members who allow themselves to be kept away unnecessarily, I would suggest that a well conducted farmers' club is a good institution in any community; that it elevates each individual member; that each is responsible to the other and to the community for the exercise of their proportion of this elevating influence, and just in proportion as this is neglected just in that proportion is the community and the individual hindered in advancing. When inclination or entertainment are not sufficient, let us fall back on that word DUTY, pronounced by the Hon. George Vickers the noblest in the English language, taking a wider range than the limits of our own corn fields, and thankful for the opportunity to combine and work with those who greatly desire the elevation of everything relating to our noble calling.

A resolution was offered providing for another strawberry festival by the Club, but it was postponed until another meeting that it might be carefully considered.

The conditions on which the Club offers premiums for the largest and next largest crop of corn per acre were announced. Competitors having peach trees in the acre are allowed to count one hill of corn outside of the acre for each tree. Each person entering for the premium pays the price of ten bushels of corn to the Club, one-half of which the Club retains; three-fifths of the remaining half is paid to the grower of the largest crop and two-fifths to the grower of the second largest.

The regular subject for discussion was "Mending Roads." It did not elicit as interesting a debate as we are accustomed to, perhaps because our roads are now in very good condition; may be, that the subject is more directly connected with engineering than agriculture. Perhaps the fact that so many of the members have navigable water at their doors or very close makes them independent of roads. Our beautiful county is so grandly intersected by navigable water-courses that roads do not attain to the importance they do in sections not so favored, and of course do not compare in quality; thus to some extent equalizing the situation, evidencing the great law of compensation that so generally obtains.

Our subject for discussion next Thursday is "Growing Sweet Potatoes." This delightful and excellent vegetable seems to be yearly growing in favor in this community, not as a source of profit, but for family use. No doubt the discussion will disclose the most successful methods of culture.

PARTICEPS.

COMMUNICATED.

Messrs. Editors:—Some time since you were so kind as to accept from me a series of articles entitled "Three days on a hung Jury;" I now propose to offer for your acceptance "Four days on the Grand Jury," delineating the character and powers of that body, its manner of transacting business, with its traditions and usages, with such comments as may suggest themselves. Many persons have but very limited knowledge of this august body, on whose shoulders rest so much responsibility for the welfare of the community, imagining perhaps, that the gravity of its action, with the secresy of its sessions, entitle it to the name of "*grand*." I shall have due respect to the obligation each member takes, not to reveal the proceedings of that body; but I opine that obligation has reference entirely to such things as if proclaimed would interfere with justice, or be calculated to create feeling towards certain persons, as for instance, the evidence presented before the Grand Jury; the various charges presented, and the action of individual members in reference to such charges. With regard to such things, not only the obligation, but justice, alike with wisdom and prudence, demand that the most inviolate secresy be maintained; but there are many things connected with this dignified assembly, that I think would not only be interesting but instructive to many of your readers. Your acceptance of this article will be my warrant for writing further.

Yours, NOTITIA.

THE VOICE OF THE SOUTH.—The following appears as the leading editorial in the Charleston News, a prominent democratic journal, under head of "The Voice of the South:"

"To us of the South the action of the national democracy must either bring confidence and assurance of speedy relief from the worst of our troubles, or else prolong indefinitely the reign of anxious doubt and flagrant misgovernment.

"If there be any portion of the democracy who have a right to object to Greeley as a life-long antagonist of their cherished political views, it is certainly the people of the Southern States. If there be any whom suffering and wrong and relentless persecution have entitled to a hearing, when the question of staking their fate upon the doubtful fortune of a triangular contest is raised, it is this same people; and we but give expression to the unanimous sentiment in South Carolina, and, as far as one can judge, in the entire South, when we urge and entreat our Democratic friends throughout the North to sink for a moment all personal prejudice and party pride, and give a death-blow to national corruption and sectional hate by a prompt, generous and hearty endorsement of the nomination of honest Horace Greeley."

SENATOR SCHURZ, in his speech at Cincinnati, among other sentiments, expressed the following:

"There is something more wanted than to beat Grant. We do not want a mere change of persons in the administration of the Government. We want the overthrow of a pernicious system; we want a Government which the best people of the country can be proud of. If we fail to select men who will carry out the reform we contemplate, it would be better had this movement never been undertaken. Unless I greatly mistake the spirit of the day, what the people most earnestly demand is not that mere good intentions, but that a superior intelligence, coupled with superior virtue, should guide our affairs. Not that a merely honest and popular man, but that a statesman be put at the head of our Government."

ON Friday of last week, at the Bay shore fishery, on Spesucia Island, Cecil county, there were 50,000 herring and 1,800 shad taken at one haul.

REV. MR. CURTIS, formerly rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in Chestertown, has connected himself with the Roman Catholic Church.

SUNDAY SCHOOL MEETING.

CHESTERTOWN, May 8, 1872.

The preliminary meeting of the Kent County Sunday School Convention met pursuant to call, in the M. E. Church.

Rev. Dr. J. J. Murray was called to the chair, and Samuel Vannort appointed secretary. Prayer by Rev. A. W. Milby.

R. S. Griffith, by request, stated the object of the meeting, and moved that a County Convention be held in Chestertown on the first Tuesday and Wednesday in June. Adopted.

E. P. Janvier moved a committee of three be appointed to make arrangements for the Convention, and the Chair appointed the following: Rev. A. W. Milby, Wm. J. McFeely and Geo. Hudson.

Rev. W. M. Strayer moved a committee of five be appointed to report questions for discussion at the Convention, viz:—E. P. Janvier, R. S. Griffith, Revs. W. M. Strayer, E. P. Aldred and Caldwell.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Strayer, E. P. Janvier was appointed to wait upon the directors of the Kent Co. Railroad and Chester River Steamboat Co., and ask them to carry delegates to and from the Convention at half fare.

S. Vannort moved that Jas. Shuster be appointed to wait upon the Sassafras river line of steamers for the same purpose.

Rev. W. M. Strayer moved that each school in the county be instructed to raise not less than one dollar to defray the expenses of the Convention. Adopted.

On motion of R. S. Griffith, it was resolved that each Superintendent bring to the Convention statistics of their schools and the number of the members brought into the Church during the year.

Mr. Griffith moved that every minister and S. S. Superintendent be a member *ex officio* of the Convention, and that each school send two delegates to the convention. Amended by Rev. Mr. Strayer, that the active members of the school be selected.

Assistance from abroad was referred to Mr. Smeltz.

Rev. Mr. Strayer moved that Dr. Grammer be invited to attend the convention and contribute to its exercises.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Caldwell.

Afternoon Session.

The meeting convened at 2½ o'clock, and was opened with prayer by Rev. E. P. Aldred.

The committee on Questions reported as follows, and the report was received and adopted:

The committee appointed to prepare questions for discussion in the prospective convention beg leave to report:

Question 1. Are Uniform Lessons for the whole school to be recommended?—2 How shall we secure efficient working teachers? 3. What is the best division of S. S. time? 4. The necessity for and best methods of training our S. S. children to support the institutions of christianity. 5. What is the best method to impress parents with the importance of religious instruction, and of making the S. S. auxiliary thereto? 6. Is it expedient to continue S. S. Libraries? 7. Should the formation of adult classes be encouraged? 8. What place should be assigned to the Moral law in S. S. instruction?

The following committee on programme was appointed: E. P. Janvier, George Hudson, Rev. A. W. Milby. It was resolved that the subject of hymns and music be referred to this committee, and that the programme be published.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That we invite to participate in the proceedings of the convention, all Protestant denominations in the county.

Resolved, That the Sabbath Schools throughout the county be invited to attend one session of the convention.

Resolved, That schools elect their delegates as early as practicable, and send the names to Rev. A. W. Milby, chairman of the committee of arrangements.

The meeting then adjourned.

J. J. MURRAY, Chairman.

S. VANNORT, Secretary.

THE TRIBUNE ON THE TICKET.—The New York *Tribune*, Greeley's paper, the morning after the nominations, said:

We make no comments on the ticket presented at Cincinnati. The people, without distinction of party, are considering it, and will in due time indicate their judgment thereon.

The platform has been to us throughout an object of much greater solicitude than the nominations, and our interest has centered in what should be said bearing on protection and free trade.

There is an honest and serious difference among Republicans and Reformers on this question. Our convictions are strong on one side; others, at least equally patriotic and intelligent, hold opinions antagonistic to ours. We did not wish the Convention to say we were right; we did not see with what propriety, to what profit, it could pronounce us in the wrong. To declare for either protection or free trade would repel some—perhaps many—from the support of the Liberal movement, while it would win over no opponent to that movement. We, therefore, urged the Convention simply to remit this question to the people as one on which we are not agreed, asking them to pronounce judgment thereon in the choice of members of Congress, by whom, and not by the Executive, it must be discussed and decided.

This view, we rejoice to say, has prevailed. But its prevalence is no triumph over free trade, much less over "revenue reform," be that what it may. It is simply a reference of the whole subject to the decision of the people, unprejudiced by any dictum of the Convention. If the majority are for free trade, or against it, they are nowise precluded by the Liberal platform from making their judgment known and respected. On the contrary, they are exhorted to do so, with an assurance that their wish, thus authentically expressed, shall not be overborne by Executive power. This is as we think it should be, and we do not see why any who have faith in the people should be alienated or offended by such a reference of the subject.

THE LIBERAL CANDIDATES AND THE PRESS.—It is a noteworthy tribute to the press that both the candidate for President and the candidate for Vice-President on the Cincinnati ticket were of the press "craft." Mr. Greeley commenced his career as a printer's apprentice. He was then a journeyman and then a publisher and editor. Governor Brown founded the St. Louis Democrat, and made his reputation as its editor. On the press, every day, more and more devolves the burden of counsel and direction in all public and social matters. Independent journalism fashions legislation, hunts down roguery, and holds up honesty wherever it may be found. The great populace rest upon it—why, therefore, should it not furnish the people with candidates for their service in the highest offices of their gift? There is no higher officer it is true, than that of journalist. But when a man has already done a great work in the press, the "craft" may spare him for a time in some such special service as the presidency, vice-presidency, or other political position for which a good, effective and honest man is needed.

CONSULTATION OF RADICAL REPUBLICANS. —*Campaign Policy Discussed—Grant's Hope in the Democracy, &c.*—The correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, writing from Washington on the 7th inst., says:

An important consultation of administration republicans was held to-day in the marble room of the Senate chamber, to discuss the course to be pursued towards the republicans who had joined the Cincinnati movement One or two Senators like Chandler and Edmunds favored a war-to-the-knife policy, and denounced them as traitors to the republican party.

Other Senators, including Mr. Wilson, favored a peace policy for the present, with the future hope that the democrats would nominate a straight ticket, and that the liberal republicans would thereupon all return to the fold. It was intimated that the President held that view, and so far as this conference could bind anybody, it was agreed to pursue a lenient course. *A proposition that Grant should withdraw, and let the republicans unite, was seriously discussed.*

POSITION OF THE DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun*, writing on the evening of the reception in that city of the news of the Cincinnati nominees, says:

A very general informal conference was held by the Democratic Senators and members during the afternoon, and it was determined, with great unanimity, that on their part there should be no public individual approval of the Cincinnati ticket, but that the members of the Democratic party in Congress should delay their preferences until the voice of the whole party should be heard in the National Democratic Convention on the Cincinnati ticket, and that, whether the Convention should be for or against it, every member should be bound by its decision. It was thought that in no other way could the harmony and organization of the Democratic party be maintained. Several democratic members, however, spoke in approval of the liberal nominees.

JEALOUSY AND REVENGE.—JNO. B. Wilkinson, a man of hitherto respectable character, living at No. 98 McElderry street, Baltimore, got up Saturday night and murdered his wife who yet lay sleeping in her bed, inflicting at least twenty horrible wounds with a butcher's cleaver, and all so swiftly and noiselessly that the mother and little daughter of the deceased were not awakened by the noise. The murderer fled the house, and the deed was not discovered till next morning, when the victim's mother went to call her, and found her lying on her back in bed, with two frightful gashes on the left side of her face and head, several on the opposite side, and her hands hacked to ribbons. The bed was saturated with her blood, and the cleaver found under the sheets covered with blood and feathers.

Deceased was a very beautiful woman, the daughter of a highly respected citizen of East Baltimore, and the cause of her brutal butchery seems to have been jealousy on the part of her husband of an intimacy between a good looking partner of his, named Griswold, and his wife, but there was no evidence submitted at the inquest to show that this intimacy was of an improper character, nor that there had ever been any reason for suspecting that it was; therefore the verdict of the coroner's jury on the case was as surprising as it was presumptuous, in attempting to settle in advance the cause of the crime and provide it with an excuse before the criminal had ever been on trial. It was as follows:

"That Emma Laura Wilkinson came to her death by blows with a cleaver, inflicted by the hand of her husband, John Wilkinson, superinduced by jealousy, caused by the intimacy between his wife, Emma L. Wilkinson, and William Griswold, thereby causing a partial derangement in the mind of John Wilkinson when the fatal deed was perpetrated."

THE LIBERAL CANDIDATES.—Mr. Greeley was born in Amherst, New Hampshire, February 3, 1811, and was the son of Zaccheas Greeley, a farmer. In 1821 the family removed to Westhaven, Vermont. In 1826 he entered the office of the "Northern Spectator," at East Poultney, Vermont, as an apprentice to the art of printing. In August, 1831, he went to New York, with a scanty wardrobe and only $10 in his pocket, in quest of employment, which he soon obtained. In 1834 he started the "New Yorker," a weekly journal, and on April 10, 1841, the "Daily Tribune," with which his name has ever since been identified. In 1848 he was elected to Congress to fill a vacancy, and served in that body from December of that year to March 4, 1849, distinguishing himself chiefly by his opposition to the abuses of the constructive mileage system and franking privilege.—Mr. Greeley is also a considerable author.

Mr. B. Gratz Brown, now Governor of Missouri, represented that State in the United States Senate for some time during the war. He is a man of eminent ability and courage, and descended from a Scotch-Irish stock in the Valley of Virginia.

FIRE.—A very destructive fire occurred at the Bowen farm belonging to Jos. K. Cook, Esq., on Tuesday. Mr. Montague, the tenant, was at the barn preparing his corn for planting, and after having applied to it a quantity of gas tar directed a boy to get some ashes to sprinkle over it, presuming of course that the boy would get them from the ash house. This, however, the boy did not do, but took them from the stove. When he brought them to the barn Mr. Montague ran them through a sieve, and the large lumps (coals) he threw out a window among some straw. In a few moments the straw was discovered to be on fire, which spread to the barn, the dwelling, meat house, etc., until in a few moments the whole premises were on fire, and every building on the place was burned to the ground, together with a large quantity of corn, farming implements, etc., including a fine wagon, a wheat thresher, reaper and many valuable implements. Even hens on their nests in the poultry house were burned. Mr. Montague saved most of his furniture by moving it out in a field. The loss is at present unknown.—The property, we understand, was insured for $4,200 in the Montgomery Company, Messrs. Gibson & Feddeman, agents. Mr. Montague estimates his loss at $500. —*Centreville Observer.*

GREELEY ENDORSED BY NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.—The National Democratic Association, a political organization recently formed in New York under the auspices of Ben. Wood, passed a resolution on Tuesday night endorsing Greeley and Brown. During the meeting Wood stated he had had an interview with Greeley, and had asked him whether, and in what event, it was possible he would withdraw as a candidate. Greeley, in reply, assured him that he would remain in the field, no matter whom the republican convention at Philadelphia might nominate, but that his withdrawal was possible should the democratic national convention make an independent nomination.

A DUCK with four legs was hatched in Talbot county last week. It died and is at a drug store in Easton.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

WHEAT—White	$2.00a2.12
" Choice Red	2.00a2 20
" Medium and good red	1.75a1.80
CORN—White	74a76
" Yellow	73a75
OATS	53a56

DIED:

OBITUARY.—On the 1st of May, calmly and sweetly fell asleep, Mrs. CATHARINE JANE WOOD, wife of C. G. Wood, in her 44th year. The subject of this notice made a profession of religion when about sixteen years of age and joined the Meth. Protestant Church, in Baltimore. She removed to the Eastern Shore after her marriage, and joined the Church in Worton. She next became a member of the Old Brick, afterward of the Church at Kennedyville, where she remained a member until her death. Her upright walk and chaste conversation showed that she was a sincere christian. All who knew her loved her. She was always ready to lend a helping hand to the needy.—She was a loving and faithful companion, a tender and affectionate mother, devoting her time assiduously to her husband and children, six of whom survive her.

Alas! that she could not have been spared longer to impress her lovely example upon those whom she loved, and yet a faithful christian's prayers may be answered long after the anxious heart has ceased to beat, and the dear earthly form has crumbled into dust. Such is the faithfulness of the Heavenly Shepherd, in whom this believing saint trusted.

She sweetly sleeps in Jesus now—she will sorrow no more. She uttered no parting word to those who hung about her dying couch, but the striking piety manifested in her life will remain as an example to those she left behind. It is sad indeed to think we must give up those we most love, but we must bow the stricken head and say "Thy Will, O Lord, not mine, be done." Yet we sorrow not as those having no hope. God help us to live so that our last moments may be like hers.

"Children's hearts are dreary and sad,
And deep their tears must fall;
The loved of all lies cold in death
Upon a funeral pall.

"Lonely the house and sad the hours
Since our dear mother is gone,
But, oh, a brighter home than ours
In Heaven is now her own." ANNA.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS—a prime article, at JAS. E. TAYLOR'S.

WHITE-WASHING and BUILDING LIME, MOLASSES and COAL OIL, May 11. At JAS. E. TAYLOR'S.

OILS.—Linseed, Lubricating, Whale, Neat's Foot and Lard Oils, for sale by May 11. C. F. STAM & BRO.

LEWIS' WHITE LEAD, And COLORS, Turpentine, Varnishes and Paint Brushes, For sale by C. F. STAM & BRO. May 11, 1872.

FOR SALE, A Second-hand FARM WAGON, in good repair, will be sold low. Apply to J. B. SAPPINGTON, my11-3t. Chestertown.

WOOL WANTED FOR MALLALIEU & BRO., By E. N. ROLAND, May 11—4t* Fairlee, Md.

PAY UP!—I am greatly in need of money at this time, and most respectfully but earnestly request those indebted to me to call and settle BEFORE THE END OF THE PRESENT MONTH. I hope those interested will give this notice prompt attention, and not compel me to resort to harsh measures. May 11—3t. JAMES A. SHAW.

For Sale or Rent.

The Large BRICK HOUSE And Premises adjoining, situate on the Corner of High and Front Sts., in Chestertown. An undivided one-half interest in the Stable Yard and Buildings thereon, will be disposed of with the house. Possession given on 1st day of July next. Apply to P. L. WICKES, May 11—4t. York, Pa.

THE MAY QUEEN

Floral Drama and Basket Pic-Nic, BY THE PUPILS OF GALENA SEMINARY.

THE patrons and friends of this Institution, together with the public generally, are cordially invited to attend the above MAY PARTY, on WEDNESDAY, May 15th, in Franklin Dyre's woods, near Galena. No especial invitations given. We will be happy to see all who will favor us with their presence. Floral exercises will commence at 12 o'clock. Many preparations have been made to render this an interesting occasion, and every exertion will be made to have the guests enjoy a pleasant day. Hotel accommodations for any desiring to come from a distance. 1t.

SCHOOL NOTICE.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS for Kent county, held this day, (May 7th, 1872,) the following persons were appointed to act as TRUSTEES or "THE SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARD," in their respective Districts, and to serve one year from the first day of May, 1872, or until their successors shall have been appointed. In Schools not designated there has been made no change, and therefore the board now acting shall be and are hereby continued.

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

School District No. 3.—J. W. Hurtt, G. M. Beasten, Samuel Merritt.

No. 5.—George W. Howard, Wm. T. Hepbron, J. J. Webb.

No. 7.—L. S. Hepbron, Wm. Ayars, John Wilson.

No. 8.—James A Roseberry, Wm. Hepbron, Thomas Gale.

No. 9.—S. Sparklin, Joseph H. Hossinger, Robert Loud.

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT.

School District No. 4:—George R. Stephens, Lewin Usilton, Geo. S. Diehl.

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

School District No. 5.—Dr. J. T. Twilley, James Brice, Wm. W. Parks.

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

School District No. 3.—A. J. Wickes, Benj. Durden, C. A. Leary.

No 4.—Thos. R. Strong, Harrison Gresham, John P. Edes.

The persons who have the delivery of Books for their respective Districts will please keep strict account, and render a full and complete statement of all Books, Stationery, &c., on hand and to whom sold, together with amount that each Teacher is charged with, at the end of each quarter, as hereafter no teacher will be settled with on his Report for the term until such returns from all the Districts shall have been made to the School Board.

By order of the Board,
CHAS. G. RICAUD,
Sec'y, Treasurer and Examiner.
May 11, 1872—3t.

IT IS A FACT WELL WORTHY THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS, THAT

T. W. Eliason, Jr.,

IS NOW OFFERING AT PRICES THAT GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION

ONE OF THE LARGEST LINES OF DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses', Children's and Infants' BALMORAL BOOTS, GAITERS and SHOES,

Carpets, Mattings, &c, IN KENT COUNTY.

Do not fail to call and examine his stock. May 4, 1872.

"BROMO CHLORALUM."

The Most Powerful Deodorizer and Disinfectant Known!

PREVENTS SMALL POX—CURES DIPTHERIA, SORE THROAT, &c.,

For sale by C. F. STAM & BRO., Chestertown.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, sitting as a Court of Equity, and passed in the case of George W. Boulden *versus* E. W. Purnell and others, the undersigned will offer at public sale at Galena, Kent county, Md., on

WEDNESDAY,
THE FIFTH DAY OF JUNE, 1872,

At 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

ALL THAT LOT, PIECE OR PARCEL OF GROUND,

situate, lying and being on the Eastern side of the street leading to Georgetown, and adjoining the properties of Philip Medders, Jos. Morris, and the heirs of O. F Sutton; being the same lot, piece or parcel of ground which was conveyed to the said E W. Purnell by Philip Medders and wife, by deed bearing date the eighth day of March, 1869, and recorded in Liber J. K. H., No. 7, folio 644, &c., one of the Land Record Books of Kent county, aforesaid.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

Consist of a good, substantial *FRAME STORE HOUSE*, twenty-four by sixty feet, two stories high; Upon the first floor is a sales room twenty-four by twenty five feet, and the Counting Room and Grocery occupy the balance. The upper story is divided into three rooms. The house is plastered from bottom to top, and is in complete order, with large show windows, superior counter, drawers and shelves.

It is one of the best business locations in the village.

THE TERMS OF SALE

As prescribed by the Decree are as follows: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; the balance in two equal instalments of four and eight months, to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with approved security, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

The cost of Deed and Stamps to be paid by purchaser.

REUBEN HAINES, Trustee.
E. E. MILLER, Auct'r. my11-ts.

1872. SPRING 1872. —AND— SUMMER TRADE.

THOMAS S. WICKES, begs leave to inform his customers and buyers generally, that he has now in store and is offering at moderate advances

ONE OF THE LARGEST AND MOST VARIED STOCKS OF Seasonable Goods TO BE FOUND IN THIS MARKET

Goods bought at the closest Cash figures, and selected with most careful and laborious attention and with special reference to the wants of consumers at this period of the year. His general line of all kinds of goods usually kept by him is as full as at any former season, and having been bought upon terms as advantageous as are possible to legitimate business transactions, he can of course compete in prices with any Concern in this community doing a regular business.

A call and examination will be appreciated at all times.

Chestertown, May 11, 1872.

COLIN F. STAM. LOUIS K. STAM.

C. F. Stam & Bro., Apothecaries, BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, Corner High and Court Streets, CHESTERTOWN, MD.

We tender thanks to our patrons of the year 1871, for the liberality extended to us, and beg a continuance of the same.

Having a large and well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Chemicals, we are prepared to compound Prescriptions with accuracy and neatness at all hours.

ORDERS BY MAIL promptly attended to. May 11, 1872.

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of four writs of fieri facias, issued by James Cohee, one of the Justices of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, one at the suit of J. A. Kennard, use of S W. Caleb; two at the suit of Hanson Crew, and one at the suit of James Cohee, and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Joseph C. Rasin, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Jos. C. Rasin, in and to the following property:

HOUSE AND LOT

in the village of Still Pond, where the said Rasin now resides.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 25th of May*, 1872, At the Village of Still Pond, at 2 o'clock, P. M., I will sell the said property so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writs, interest and cost due and to become due. EDWARD PLUMMER,
Mary 4—ts (5 00) Constable.

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of five writs of Venditioni Exponas, three issued by Thomas I Britton, one by Wm. J. Blackiston, and one by Wm. Medders, and to me directed; one at the suit of J. A. Edwards, use of McDowell & Co.; one at the suit of R. B Roberts, one at the suit of Passmore Rhodyback, one at the suit of Isaac Bell, and one at the suit of Thos. H. Horsey, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Joseph Morris, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Joseph Morris, of, in and to

All That FARM or PLANTATION

in Kent county, called "Bright Helmstone," near the Head of Sassafras, and containing

About 236 Acres.

Also, all the lands and premises, situated at or near Galena, which were conveyed to Jos. Morris by deed from R Hynson, Esq., trustee, dated on or about Sept 13, 1861, and containing about SEVEN ACRES OF LAND, more or less, together with the Buildings and Improvements thereon.

Also, all That Lot of WOODLAND in Kent county, containing TWENTY ACRES more or less.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 11th of May*, 1872, at the Hotel porch of Mr. John Pennington, in Galena, at 2 o'clock, P. M., I will sell the said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writs, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

Sale positive, and the creditors are notified to attend.

JOHN H. THOMAS, Const.
April 20.—ts. [6 75]

CABBAGE PLANTS.

50,000 LARGE EARLY YORK CABBAGE PLANTS, for sale by WM. N. G. ANDERSON, my4-3t. Near Crumpton, Kent Co., Md.

NOTICE.—The Vendue Notes taken at the sale of the late John Greenwood's personal estate are due May 4, 1872. Prompt payment is necessary and will be required.

JAS. A. PEARCE,
GEO. W. GREENWOOD,
May 4.—3t. Administrators.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE OF Very Valuable Real Estate IN KENT COUNTY.

BY VIRTUE of authority conferred by a Power of Attorney contained in a mortgage made by Abel J. Rees and Mary Augusta Rees, his wife, to William I. Rasin, and dated March 24th, 1869, and duly recorded among the Land Records for Kent county, in Liber J. K. H., No. 7, folio 624, &c., which mortgage was duly assigned to James S. Gemmill, June 1st, 1869 and by said Gemmill duly assigned to Joseph B. Baker, December 17th, 1869, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, at the Voshell House, in Chestertown, Maryland,

ON THURSDAY,
The Twenty-third day of May, 1872,
AT ELEVEN O'