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The Kent News.

SATURDAY - - - - JULY 20, 1872.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY, of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN, of Missouri.

SENATOR BAYARD, in a letter, strongly advises the State Convention of Delaware, promptly and decidedly, to nominate an electoral ticket in opposition to Grant and Wilson, and in favor of Greeley and Brown, the only candidates who can be hopefully expected to beat them, and for whom he expects to vote on the 5th day of November next. He adds that it is the only alternative to a whole or half way aid to Grant's re-election, and so he trusts will think the entire Democracy of Delaware. This letter, it is well said, sustains, though nothing can increase the respect and confidence everywhere felt for the distinguished Senator as a statesman and patriot of no less sagacity than unselfish devotion.

AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER STATE ELECTIONS.—Previous to the great presidential contest in November, elections will be held in the following States; North Carolina, August 1; Kentucky, Montana, and Utah, August 5; New Mexico, September 1; California, September 2; Vermont, September 3; Maine, September 9; Colorado Territory, September 10; Dakota, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and District of Columbia, October 8; South Carolina, October 16; West Virginia, October 24. All the States vote for presidential electors on the 9th of November, and on the same day the following choose State officers; Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Tennessee, Virginia, and Wisconsin.—Arizona holds her territorial election on the 8th of November. The elections in August and September will be watched with solicitude by the politicians as affording clue to the result in November.

MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.—At a recent meeting of the officers of the Maryland State Agricultural and Mechanical Association, of which Gen. Geo. S. Brown is president and D. C. Trimble, Esq., general secretary, it was determined to commence the next annual exhibition of the society on Tuesday, October 8th, and to continue it several days. The last General Assembly of Maryland appropriated $5,000 to the society annually, with lesser sums to the county societies. This donation and the increased revenues of the society, it is said, will relieve it from all indebtedness and establish the association upon a secure foundation.—The premiums amount to nearly $10,000.

THE FISK MURDER TRIAL.—The case of Edward S. Stokes, charged with the murder of James Fisk, Jr., in New York, in January last, which has just been concluded on its first trial in that city, has resulted, as was to have been expected, in a failure of the jury to agree. The result illustrates the growing difficulty, whether in justice or not, of obtaining a verdict in capital cases in New York. In this case the most extraordinary and persistent efforts were made by the prisoner's counsel in his behalf, first by attempting to invalidate the indictment, then a denial of jurisdiction, then by putting the jurors themselves, as it were, on trial, and finally, in the course of the trial, endeavoring first to show that the shooting was in self-defence, secondly that the prisoner was crazy, and thirdly that the dead man really came to his death at the hands of his physicians rather than by the bullets of the pistol shot into him by the prisoner. It is stated that seven were for murder in the first degree, two for manslaughter in the third degree, and three for acquittal. The afternoon papers of New York comment severely upon the failure to reach a verdict, regarding it generally as a farce, and but the forerunner of an acquittal.

FIRE IN CECIL COUNTY.—The Maryland House, in Rising Sun, Cecil county, with its furniture, was destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon. The stables and all outbuildings belonging to the hotel, the old foundry adjoining, a dwelling, a coach shop and a stable were also destroyed.—It is estimated that the loss will reach $40,000, upon which there is but little insurance. It is not known how the fire originated.

DEMORALIZED POLITICIANS—*A Letter from Ex-Senator Stewart.*—The following letter from ex-Senator Jas. J. Stewart, of Michigan, gives some most interesting statements concerning affairs among doubtful republicans in Washington:

"Dear Sir: The administration forces in Washington are fearfully demoralized. Cameron was over last week, and is in great distress over the Pennsylvania situation, having endeavored, as I know, to invoke the good services of a friend of mine for a reconciliation with Forney.—He was told 'It was too late.' Robeson, also puffing in distress, asked what could be done in Heaven's name to save Pennsylvania, and was told 'nothing.' They are at their wits' end about Pennsylvania, and have lost head as completely as they did about consequential damages. What will they do when Governor Curtin arrives, as he will shortly, and takes the stump for Greeley and Brown? Colonel McClure assures me this is a fact. I mentioned it to Mr. Sumner in an interview I had with him on Friday, and he exclaimed, 'That settles the question.'"

GOING OVER TO GREELEY.—William C. Prime and James H. Parker, both delegates from Prince George's county, Md., to the recent Grant State convention, have followed Elector Saunder's example, and declared for Greeley and Brown.—Mr. Prime is one of the most influential republicans in southern Maryland. Mr. Parker is a colored republican, who stands well with his own race.

COLORED EXCURSION.—In consequence of the prevalence of small-pox in Baltimore, our town authorities some time since passed an ordinance prohibiting excursion parties from that city landing here. In defiance of this ordinance an excursion was landed here by the steamer Chester on Monday last. Before any steps could be taken to prevent it, the greater part of the excursionists had landed and were proceeding up town. As soon, however, as they were notified by the proper officer that such visits were prohibited, they returned to the boat in a quiet and peaceable manner, and after remaining a short time at the wharf, returned to the city. The excursion was under the auspices of a lodge of colored Masons, and they claim that they were not aware of the ordinance referred to and that the proprietors of the setamer guaranteed to land them at the wharf here and encouraged them to come. On the other hand, the proprietors of the steamer claim to have fully warned them of the prohibitory ordinance and gave no assurance of being able to do more than land them upon the wharf. Taking the statement of the proprietors of the boat as correct, they are yet partly open to censure for chartering the steamer to come here in the face of the passage of such an ordinance.

AGRICULTURAL FAIR AND EXHIBITION.—The Annual Fair and Exhibition of the Kent County Agricultural Society, No. 1, will take place on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1st and 2d. Attention is also called to the advertisement of the "Hawkins' Park Trotting Association," announcing that a Horse Fair will be held at their Park adjoining the show grounds on the same days. The names of the gentlemen composing the committees of arrangements for these exhibitions is a sufficient guarantee of their success, and we hope to see such a general interest awakened as that many counties will be represented on the occasion and compete for the premiums offered.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.—The Great Council of Maryland, I. O. of Red Men, kindled their Council fire in Chestertown, on Wednesday, July 17, 1872. The Order is in a flourishing and prosperous condition; and numbers near twenty-eight hundred members. During the past six months there have been two hundred and sixty one members added to the Order, and only six deaths. Amount of money received by Tribes, $9,756.51.—Paid for burying the dead, $245,00; for relief of brothers, $3,413.27; for relief of widows, $496,00; paid for education of orphans, $127,00; paid for library purposes, $285,21.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—The Grand Lodge of this popular and flourishing order, which met at Elkton on Tuesday, adjourned on Wednesday night. The report of the Grand Recording and Corresponding Scribe showed the order in Maryland to be in a highly prosperous condition, the membership having increased about seven hundred during the last six months. Vice Grand Chancellor Maddox having resigned on account of ill-health, an election to fill the vacancy resulted in the selection of Dr. E. A. Vannort, of Ivanhoe Lodge, of this county.

DEATH OF A METHODIST MINISTER.—Rev. James A. Massey, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. J. S. Robson, near Royal Oak, Talbot co., on the 9th inst. Mr. Massey had been in feeble health and superannuated for several years. Some three years ago he was attacked with paralysis. As he had been gradually failing his death was not unexpected. He was a native of this county, and entered the ministry in 1827; he was for several years Presiding Elder, and esteemed by all who who knew him as a sincere Christian.

HEAVY LOSS.—Col. J. N. Denning, of this town, lost $2,500 in 5.20 bonds while on a visit to Baltimore last week. He was stopping at a private boarding house, and the weather being very warm, slept with his room door open, and thinks that some one entered the room and robbed him during the night. Notwithstanding a reward of $500 was offered, nothing has yet been heard of the missing bonds.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, July 16.—The Court met with all the Judges present. In addition to the passage of sundry claims against deceased persons, Martha A. Biscoe, adm'x of Albert A. Biscoe, returned her first administration account, which was passed and ordered to be recorded.

EXCURSION.—An excursion, under the auspices of Kent Lodge, No. 40, Knights of Pythias, will take place on Thursday afternoon next. For particulars see advertisement. It is expected that members of other Lodges will generally participate in the excursion, and a large company and a pleasant time is anticipated.

THE CHESTERVILLE CAMP.—Notwithstanding reports to the contrary, the M. E. camp meeting at Chesterville will commence at the time designated, August 2d. Our Chesterville correspondent thinks it will be as large as that of last year.

"HARVEST HOME."—A three days' meeting, termed a "harvest home," will be held at St. James' M. P. Church, commencing to-morrow (Sabbath) morning. A number of ministers from abroad are expected to be in attendance.

KENT CO. R. R.—Attention is called to the change in the time table of the Kent Co. R. R., published on first page.

MR. CHARLES SUMNER, in a letter to a friend in St. Louis, says that Mr. Greeley and himself had been co-laborers in many things, that he honors him very much, and "between him and another person who shall be nameless," he is for him earnestly.

ONE CENT POSTAGE.—By a recent law of Congress, which went into effect on July 1st, any newspaper or other printed matter weighing less than two ounces now requires but a one cent postage stamp.

CHESTERVILLE ITEMS.

Messrs. Editors:—As yet we are without rain. The plentiful rains that have visited contiguous sections sprinkled us but lightly, hardly enough to lay the dust. Humanity is sweltering; vegetation is parching. Truly, we are "in a dry and thirsty land, where no water is," as the Shepherd King would say. If it does not rain soon, we will—well, we will be dryer still, and make the best of it. But, you know the old saying, "It's an ill wind," &c. For weeks past the wheelwrights have had many *tire*-less jobs in *fingering cradles!*

We hear it affirmed that none of the family of Mr. Peacock, who died recently of small-pox, have taken the disease, although Mrs. P. was with her husband till his death. It is said the whole family, except Mr. Peacock, were vaccinated last fall.

Preparations are making for the camp to be held in Clements' woods. On Saturday last there was a meeting on the ground of the various committees. Among other arrangements, was the giving out of the bread-stand and feed-pen—the former to Thos. A. Meredith and the latter to W. T. Vandyke. It is supposed the encampment will be about as large as that of last year.

A lively trade is now doing in the berry business. Traders are running through this and Queen Anne's county gathering up this product by the wagon load. One Wilmington man ships from fifty to seventy buckets of berries from Lambson's daily. Blackberries are worth here 25 cts. a bucket (8 qts.), huckleberries 50c.

Rev. J. E. Kidney, of Chesapeake City, will preach in the M. E. Church on Sunday afternoon next.

There *is* an improvement in the mails. The *News* reached us on Monday—a day sooner than last week.

Butter cannot be had here "for love or money;" eggs sell at 18 cts. WALTER.

Judge Fleming's Views.

The following is the conclusion of a letter written by Judge W. B. Fleming, of Georgia, one of the ablest men in that State. The Judge is a Democrat of the "old school," and consequently a life-long opponent of Greeley, but for the sake of the best interests of the country, and to relieve the persecuted people of his section, he is willing to forget the past, and join the Liberal Republicans in the effort to return to Constitutional Government.—The force of his views will be readily recognized:

"Bear with me a little longer and I will tell you why if Greeley is nominated I would support him. The great objection to Greeley is his past history—his bitterness towards us in the days that are gone, but ought we not rather to look at his present position? This argument against Greeley is a two-edged sword, for if it be sound, then we ought to vote for Grant—for Grant before he became President was a Democrat. Why are we opposed to Grant? It is because of what he is now, not what he has been in the past. If we support Greeley it will be because of what he is now, not for what he has been in the past. In Greeley's present position he may be supported, and his support involves no abandonment of principle. Look at his platform—true it is not all we could wish, but there is much true Democracy in it. The government under Grant has become centralized.—We wish to overturn this central despotism. Well, a plank in the Cincinnati platform recognizes the right of local self-government. This principle carried out will upset the centralism now resting upon us.

"Again, under Grant, the bayonet is the supreme power in the State. A plank in the Cincinnati platform subjects the military to the civil authorities.

"Again, the government as administered by Grant, denies to our people the inestimable right of the Habeas Corpus. A plank in the Cincinnati platform accords to the people this right in all its strength and vigor.

"Now, I ask, if those principles can be carried into the administration of the government will there be nothing gained?—It does seem to me that the triumph of these principles would be a long stride on our return to constitutional government. And for one, if I can bring these principles into operation by the election of Greeley, I am willing.

"The conclusion of the whole matter is this; I am opposed to Grant—I am opposed to Greeley, but as between them I shall support Greeley, feeling that I can do so, in the contingency that I have to choose between them, without any abandonment of principle."

TERRIBLE FIRE IN ST. MICHAELS—*Six Houses Burned.*—On Thursday morning of last week, about 1 o'clock, a fire broke out in the town of St. Michaels and before the flames could be subdued, six houses fell prey to the devouring elements. It appears that the fire first broke out in the kitchen or under a shed on the premises of Mrs. Elizabeth Camper. From the kitchen the fire rapidly spread to the main building and then extended on either side. Before the progress of the flames could be checked the fine residence and store room of John K. Skinner, John Hambleton's mechanic shop, Alex. Hambleton's carpenter's shop, a building owned by Chas. Willey and a dwelling belonging to the Seth heirs, were entirely consumed. The Easton *Gazette* says that it is supposed that the lossess will very nearly reach $12,000. When the fire was first discovered Mrs. Camper was in her dwelling dangerously ill, and was removed just in time to prevent her from being burned to death. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary as there had been no fire in the place where the flames originated, for two weeks.

A SENSIBLE LAW.—The people of Michigan have become tired of reading about accidental murders caused by the handling of supposed unloaded guns and pistols, and have procured the passage of a law which makes it a punishable offense for an individual to point any kind of firearm, loaded or unloaded, at another.—This is a sensible law, and should be duplicated in every State of the Union, and not only duplicated, but thoroughly enforced.

THE OLDEST LADY IN KENTUCKY.—Mrs. Mary Gray, of Greenup county, is the oldest lady in Kentucky. She has entered her one hundred and fourteenth year, and is still in apparently vigorous health. Joseph Gray, her youngest son, is seventy years old. She has a daughter-in-law, widow of one of her sons, who is over eighty years old. Her grandchildren and great-grandchildren are counted by the score.—*Maysville Bulletin.*

LETTERS from Indiana to the Greeley and Brown Club gives most favorable prospects of the success of the conservative ticket in October. Even Congressman Kerr, who was very hostile to that ticket, concedes that it will sweep the State, and that a democratic Governor and Legislature will be secured. Judge Marshall, of Illinois, a member of Congress, also reports his State as quite certain to endorse the Baltimore ticket in November.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

Mr. Greeley's Acceptance of the Democratic Nomination.

The New York papers give the particulars of the interview of the democratic committee with Mr. Horace Greeley, appointed to formally notify him of his nomination for the presidency at Baltimore. The letter presented to Mr. Greeley, officially announcing the nomination, signed by all the members of the committee, is as follows:

THE FORMAL LETTER.

"*Baltimore, July* 10, 1872.—Dear Sir: It is our pleasure, in conformity with the instructions of the democratic party, as represented in national convention assembled in this city, to inform you that you have been unanimously nominated as candidate for the presidency of the United States. The convention, consisting of seven hundred and thirty-two delegates, representing every State and Territory in the Union, adopted, without amendment, the declaration of principles as formed at Cincinnati, which has already received your approval, and has been strengthened by the terms of your endorsement.—The action of this great body of delegates proves that they are with singular unanimity determined, under your leadership, upon the patriotic duty of restoring purity and integrity to the administration of the government, and that independence in all its departments which regards the constitution as both the source and the limit of federal power. Laying aside the prejudices of the past, abandoning all purpose of mere partizan advantage, asking no pledges other than fidelity to the principles to which they have given their deliberate and resolute adherence, and which they believe will command the approval of a large majority of the American people, they ask you to accept their nomination, confident that peace and good government will be inaugurated with your administration."

The committee, consisting of one from each State, formed in procession two and two, Augustus Schell and Senator Doolittle leading. They walked from their meeting room down the main staircase, through the grand hall of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, down Fifth avenue, past the Glenham headquarters, through Twenty-first street, past Broadway, to the Lincoln Club House, where Mr. Greeley was then awaiting them. The delegates ranged themselves about Senator Doolittle and Augustus Schell took station at the right of the candidate. Senator Doolittle spoke as follows:

EX-SENATOR DOOLITTLE'S SPEECH.

"Mr. Greeley: It is my pleasing duty as chairman of this committee, appointed by the Democratic National Convention at Baltimore, to notify you of its nomination for the presidency. We were informed that it would be agreeable to you to meet you here, and we have come in a body accordingly. The published proceedings of that convention show great unanimity and cordiality, but those only who had the opportunity of witnessing them can realize the enthusiasm with which it resolved to sustain the liberal republican movement and the principles enunciated at Cincinnati, and resolved also, as the surest mode of giving expression to those principles, to place you in nomination.—We both witnessed and felt that cordiality and enthusiasm. You will now permit me to present to you the official letter of notification, and also to present to you the members of the committee."

FRIENDLY GREETINGS.

Mr. Doolittle hereupon handed Mr. Greeley the letter printed above, and then introduced the members individually to him. When Illinois was called, Mr. G. H. McCormick, the inventor of the reaping machine, advanced, and Mr. Greeley, shaking him warmly by the hand, said, "No need to introduce us. We are old agricultural friends."

"I have especial pleasure," said Mr. Doolittle, "in introducing to you ex-Senator Chesnut, of South Carolina, one of the Senators of 1860."

The ex-Senator, a short, compact man, with silvery gray hair and whiskers, fierce dark eye and dark complexion, clad in gray, stepped forward and shook hands with the philosopher, who towered above him like Pelion upon Ossa. It was a somewhat suggestive meeting, this of the earliest rebel of South Carolina, the Senator who first left his place in the United States Senate to follow the fortunes of his fiery little State, with the old abolition chief. The introductions being concluded, Mr. Greeley cleared his throat and spoke as follows:

MR. GREELEY'S SPEECH.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee of the Convention: I should require time and consideration to reply fitly to the very important and, I need not say, gratifying communication that you have presented to me. It may be that I should present in writing some reply to this. However, as I addressed the Liberal Convention at Cincinnati in a letter somewhat widely considered, it is, perhaps, unnecessary that I should make any formal reply to the communication made other than to say I accept your nomination, and accept gratefully with it the spirit in which it has been presented.—My position is one which many would consider a proud one, which, at the same time, is embarrassing, because it subjects me to temporary—I trust only temporary—misconstruction on the part of some old and life-long friends. I feel assured that time only is necessary to vindicate not only the disinterestedness, but the patriotism of the course which I determined to pursue, which I had determined long before I had received so much sympathy and support as has so unexpectedly to me been bestowed upon me. I feel certain that time and in the good providence of God, an opportunity will be afforded me to show that, while you in making this nomination are not less democratic, but rather more democratic, than you would have been in taking an opposite course, that I am no less thoroughly and earnestly republican than ever I was. [Great applause.]

But these matters require grave consideration before I should make anything that seems a formal response. I am not much accustomed to receive nominations for the presidency, [laughter,] and cannot make responses so fluently as some others might do. [Great laughter.] I can only say that I hope some, or all, if you can make it convenient, will come to my humble farmer home, not far distant in the country, where I shall be glad to meet all of you, and where we can converse more freely and deliberately than we can here, and where I shall be glad to make you welcome—well, to the best the farm affords. [More laughter.] I hope that many of you, all of you, will be able to accept this invitation, and I now simply thank you and say farewell. Take the 8.15 train.

MR. GREELEY AS AN ORATOR.

One individual, charmed with Mr. Greeley's off-handed speech, spoke to Whitelaw Reid about it:

"Did he write that speech," asked he, "and committ it to memory?"

"No," responded Reid; "he couldn't write a speech any more than you can talk an editorial."

A RICHMOND man has worn the same pair of linen trousers forty-nine summers. They have been in style seven times.

AWAY DOWN SOUTH IN DIXIE.

Dear News:—Having recently been on a tour "away down South in Dixie," I offer you a few observations upon such things as came to my notice. My line of travel was from Baltimore via. the B. & O. R R. to Alexandria, Va. Thence by the Orange and Alexandria railroad to Lynchburg. This part of the route runs through the historic fields of the late war—Manassas, Culpepper, Rapidan, etc. The waste of war is rapidly disappearing before the reviving industry and enterprise of peace. The country presents a cheering aspect compared with the desolation we observed in passing through it just after the war. Lynchburg is the great tobacco mart, and for some time trade has been dull, awaiting the settlement of the tax question. By the way, I am an enemy to the nasty weed, and wage war upon it by burning as much of it as I think safe for good digestion. The process of destruction has a very soothing influence.

From Lynchburg I proceeded by the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio railroad to Bristol, Tennessee. This part of the road runs through a magnificent country. The mountain peaks present a continuous chain of huge pyramids, among which the most noted are the celebrated "Peaks of Otter." These we looked upon in the evening hour, when these vast twin cones, with a soft bluish appearance rested against the horizon, to which the brilliant rays of the setting sun gave a background of exceeding lovliness. In this part of Virginia we saw pasture lands which we do not think can be exceeded for their luxuriance of products. Fine herds of cattle were grazing upon these meadows. We were informed that the wheat crop of the present season is the fullest that has been reaped in many years. Corn is flourishing, and with continued favoring season, will be an abundant crop. For a residence, outside of Maryland, the vicinity of Max Meadow, eight miles from Abingdon, Va., is the place where we should choose our lot.

From Bristol, Tennessee, by way of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, we traveled to Dalton, Ga.—Knoxville lay along our line of travel, but we did not stop to see Parson Brownlow, but made an involuntary halt near that city for nine hours, waiting for some wrecked cars to be cleared from our track. During this day's travel we saw a Rooster with silvery feathers covering head and crest, sitting on a wheat rick, philosophically viewing the surrounding scene, and we dubbed him Greeley. He seemed to be getting ready to *crow*. This part of the country is gently undulating, and of average productiveness. The crops seemed to be of medium growth. From Dalton our line of travel to Atlanta was the Western and Atlantic railroad. Atlanta, as it was, suffered a terrible shelling by Sherman, and what was left by the shells was committed to the flames; but Atlanta, as it now is, bears no mark, to the eye of one who never saw it before, to indicate that war had ever disturbed its repose or destroyed its edifices. The "Gate City," with a cosmopolitan population of 50,000 people, seems to be in the full tide of prosperity, and is destined to become a city of great importance. We spent a day and night at the "Kimball House," a hotel of vast proportions, covering an entire city block. It is to have capacity for entertaining six hundred guests. Mrs. Gen. Lee was one of the guests while we were there, and a corps of noted Confederate officers were also sojourning there, among whom we observed Gens. Walker and Garland. We conversed with a number of gentlemen who were prisoners during the war, who made earnest inquiries concerning Baltimore ladies who had ministered to them while suffering in prison. They were warm in their expressions of appreciation of this kindness.

The people of the South, everywhere we had opportunity of conversing with them, accept the political situation with hopefulness. They seem to have but one desire, and that is for peace and fraternity, and they look to the election of Horace Greeley as the return of the era of good feeling and of prosperity to the country. They seem to be unanimous for the farmer of Chappaqua. The opposition of Wise in Virginia they think will be of advantage to the liberal candidates. Stephens' opposition in Georgia will do no appreciable damage. The people accord to him honesty of conviction, but will not be influenced by him.

By the Atlanta and West Point railroad we went to Newman, Ga., and thence by private conveyance to Bowden, at which place the Bowden College is located.—There we heard the commencement sermon, preached by an ex-Pastor of the M. P. Church in Chestertown. You have often heard him preach, and must use your own judgment of the probable quality of the sermon, as it is my purpose to write of other things.

By the way, I was near enough to hear of another gentleman who formerly lived in Chestertown. I refer to the genial and scholarly Prof. Alex. Hogg, formerly of Washington College. Prof. Hogg now occupies the chair of Mathematics in the Auburn (Ala.) Mechanical and Agricultural College. This Institution is established on a broad basis, and is I believe liberally endowed by the State, and is rising to a commanding position. We have reason to believe that Prof. Hogg has exerted considerable influence in advancing the interests of this college, and I can but regret that his practical talent and enthusiasm in his profession and energy of purpose are not employed in some of the Institutions of his own State, Virginia, or in Maryland, which he seems to love next to Virginia.

That part of Georgia which we visited, as to the character of the country, is similar to Maryland. It is somewhat mountainous, abounding in magnificent timber, and the soil possesses a good degree of fertility. The climate is more agreeable than one would expect in that southern latitude. Instead of producing lassitude, as we supposed, it is rather bracing to the system. The crops, on an average, seemed to be good. Recent copious rains have brought all the products of the soil into a vigorous condition. The cotton fields, now in bloom, promise an excellent crop. There is room for vast development in Georgia, and the new order of things in respect of labor, will do much for the material prosperity of the State; and the change in the social condition, it is believed, will every way work for good.—The negro population is not so great as we expected to find it. We saw less colored people than we would find in traveling an equal distance through our own State. The people are courteous and hospitable, but not to that degree that we find on the Eastern Shore of Maryland. In general, they live in a simple, frugal manner, and a good state of morals exists among them. Excepting the discomforts of travel, we enjoyed our trip to the South, and are glad of having had the opportunity of seeing the people and the country found in this part of Dixie; but we are not prepared to say:

"In Dixie's land I'll take my stand,
To live and die in Dixie."

VIATOR.

"Shoo Fly!"—Handsome and serviceable Fly Nets, "bran new," for $1.50 cash, at THE LITTLE STORE ON THE CORNER, at Chestertville.

BY Fly, beautiful and cheap for "Cash or Trade Only," at THE LITTLE STORE ON THE CORNER. 1t.

DIED:

Near Kennedyville, on the 5th instant, Mrs. RACHEL COMSTOCK aged 40 years, 1 month and 2 days.

In Chestertown, on the 11th inst., WILLIAM H., only child of Dr. Wm. H. and Margaret Meeteer, aged 10 months and two weeks.

In Chestertown, on Monday, 15th instant, EDWARD T., youngest son of Edward T. and Mary N. Willis, aged 1 year and 9 days.

At the residence of E. T. Willis, on same day, ANNA H., infant child of C. Mariah and Benjamin Skinner, aged 4 months and 14 days. [Centreville papers please copy above two.]

In Chestertown, on Thursday, the 4th July, ISAAC C., youngest son of A. L. and Hellen Benjamin, aged 1 year 2 months and 17 days.

On the 18th inst., GEORGE, infant son of Richard C. and Willie Smyth in the second year of his age. "Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

On the 10th instant, of cholera-infantum, HARRY BAXTER, infant son of R. H. and Annie Rouse, aged 4 months and 16 days.—And Jesus said, "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

At Fairlee, on 9th inst., JOHNNY ALLEN, infant son of Stephen and Martha Kirby, aged 8 months and 17 days. He has crossed the dark waters, and is now safely landed upon the flowery coast of a world of fadeless bloom.

Then weep not for little Johnny,
His gentle spirit's fled,
He sweetly sleeps with Jesus
Among the silent dead.
Shed not one tear of sorrow
Around his quiet tomb,
Thick what a lovely flower
In Heaven you have to bloom.

GRANDMOTHER.

Obituary.—REV. JAMES AUGUSTUS MASSEY was born Aug. 3rd, 1808, near Massey's Cross Roads, Kent county, Maryland, and died July 9, 1872, near Royal Oak, Talbot county, Md.

From his earliest years he was the subject of deep religious convictions, and was remarkable among his fellows for uniform upright conduct and a firm adherence to the right. About the age of sixteen years, at the altar of old Light St. Church, in Baltimore, he gave himself fully to the service of God. How complete this consecration was, let the long years of his self-sacrificing, untiring ministry bear witness. He received license to preach in 1826, and in 1827 was admitted a member of the Philadelphia Annual Conference of the M. E. Church. For forty years his only object was to preach Christ and Him Crucified; this object he kept steadily in view at all times, and his sermons were constructed more with the design of convincing sinners of the error of their ways and leading them to the Savior, than of attracting attention to the preacher by brilliant rhetorical flourishes. The greater portion of his life was spent upon the Eastern Shore of Maryland and his image is enshrined in thousands of hearts led by his influence and example from darkness to light. As a Pastor he was beloved as few pastors are; but he never suffered an opportunity to pass for reproving sin in high or low places, and always insisted upon a strict observance of all the ordinances of the Church by all his flock. Feeling keenly his responsibility as a watchman upon the walls of Zion, he never hesitated to sound an alarm to any who seemed to be getting careless for their safety. In the height of his usefulness he was overtaken by failing health and finally, yielding to the earnest solicitations of his family, he retired from the active work of the ministry, but still cherished in his heart the purpose of again returning to it when health would permit. Even after he was stricken by the disease which finally terminated his life he was constant in his efforts to do good, and frequently when no longer able to stand, did he plead the cause of God seated in the pulpit. We cannot understand here why such a devoted servant of God should be called to go through the long years of helpless affliction which fell to his lot; but this we know, that in all his suffering no murmur escaped his lips, but in humble submission he calmly waited without a doubt or fear the summons of the Master he had so faithfully served.

Who can now lament the lot
Of a saint in Christ deceased?
Let the world who know us not,
Call us hopeless and unbless'd,
When from flesh the spirit freed,
Hastens homeward to return.
Mortals cry, "A man is dead!"
Angels sing, "A child is born!"
Born into the world above,
They our happy Father greet:
Bear him to the Throne of Love,
Place him at his Savior's feet;
Jesus smiles and says "Well done
Good and faithful servant thou,
Enter and receive thy crown;
Reign with me triumphat now." F.

REV. MR. ROBERTS will preach at Still Pond on MONDAY, July 22d, at 8 o'clock, P. M. 1t.

S. S. HARVEST HOME.—Superintendents and the friends of Sunday Schools are requested to meet TUESDAY, July 23d, at 10 o'clock, in the M. E. Church, Chestertown, to arrange for a Grand County Sunday School Harvest Home, to be held at such time and place as may be thought best.

R. S. GRIFFITH,
SAM'L VANNORT,
E. P. JANVIER,
1t. S. S. Executive Comm. for Kent Co.

FOR SALE.

THE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE and premises, situated on High Street, in Chestertown, which I now occupy. The property will be sold on accommodating terms, and possession can be given, if desired, by the first day of next October. J. A. WICKES.
July 20, 1872—3t.

IMPORTANT!

THE subscriber has for sale all the leading WEEKLY LITERARY PAPERS published in the country, which will be sold At Publishers' Prices.

Also, just received a fresh supply of the MATIN AGUE MIXTURE, which proved so effectual in preventing and curing chills last season.
jy20-3m. R. B. RUSSELL.

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber gives notice to the Tax-payers of the Fourth Election District, that their taxes are now due, and their accounts made out. He will at once commence to deliver them, in all cases bearing the legal notice. After thirty days he will proceed to collect the same, so that he may be prepared to comply with the stringent enactment of the last General Assembly.
CHAS. H. DAVIS,
Collector of Taxes for 4th Dist.
July 20, 1872—tf.

COAL NOTICE.

WE expect to commence laying in our fall and winter supply of COAL next week, and will fill all orders, from this date until further notice, at prices ranging from $6.00 to $6.75 per Ton of 2240 lbs., delivered at the boat.

Desiring to do business upon a Cash basis, no orders will be filled until arrangements are made for the payment of the same.
jy20-tf. J. T. TWILLEY & CO.

GRAND ANNIVERSARY EXCURSION!

KENT LODGE, No. 40, Knights of Pythias, has chartered the Steamer GEO. LAW for a GRAND AFTERNOON AND MOONLIGHT EXCURSION DOWN CHESTER RIVER TO THE BAY, on

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, July 25th

The Steamer will leave Crumpton at 3 o'clock and Chestertown at 4, touching at all the wharves on the River. Excursionists from Grey's Inn will be permitted to take the boat at that place on her trip from Baltimore, and will be landed there on her return at night.

A FULL BRASS BAND and COTILLION MUSIC has been engaged for the occasion.

SUPPER and REFRESHMENTS will be furnished at moderate prices. A plentiful supply of ice-water will be provided on the boat.

The Bar will be closed and no spirituous liquors allowed on the boat.

Tickets 50 Cts.—Children 25 Cts.

The Committee will use every endeavor to make this the most pleasant excursion of the season.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:—W. A. Vickers, Jas. A. Shaw, W. C. A. Thompson, Sam'l S. Usilton, J. H. Plummer, L. C. Baker, W. P. Armstrong, T. H. Lee, Willard Melvin, W. G. Russell, Dr. E. A. Vannort, Geo. M. Beasten, Wm. Hepbron, C. B. Peacock, Jas. H. Temple, Geo. T. Holliday, B. B. Adkinson. 1t.

PETROLEUM FLUID.
Reduced to 25 cts. per gallon.
Best light and no grease.
jel. WM. A. VICKERS.

1872. ANNUAL 1872.
AGRICULTURAL
FAIR and EXHIBITION!

THE ANNUAL FAIR AND EXHIBITION OF THE
Kent Co. Agricultural Society, No. 1,
Will be held at HAWKINS' PARK,
NEAR HANESVILLE, MD.,
ON
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY,
The 1st and 2nd of October.

The public generally are invited to attend and compete for PRIZES, DIPLOMAS, MEDALS and CERTIFICATES OF MERIT, in

Stock,
Implements,
Produce,
&c., &c.

LISTS OPEN TO ALL.

Over One Thousand Dollars

WILL BE DISTRIBUTED FOR PRIZES ALONE, together with medals, awards, certificates, &c.

All classes of Horses, Cattle, and Stock of different grades and character, shall be allowed to compete with those of their own class, and includes about TWENTY-FIVE PREMIUMS IN EACH BREED.

To include the schedule of Premiums would occupy several columns, and only state that the list is arranged as at most fairs, and is VERY COMPLETE in all departments of agriculture and kindred industries, from the noble thorough-bred to the modest boquet of flowers that ornaments the home of the humblest.

The committee have selected a site which is most eligible, being but a few minutes walk from Buck Neck Wharf, directly on the stage route from Chestertown to the above landing, and about two miles from Worton Station on the Kent Co. Railroad.

Accommodations for stock and the varied articles for exhibition will be provided by the committee. Feed for stock for sale on the grounds at moderate rates.

For all entries for Premiums above $5.00 a fee of $2.00 will be charged; for those under that amount $1.00. No entrance fee charged where premium is to be $1.00 or under.

Parties wishing to exhibit will please communicate the same to the Secretary on or before September 1st, 1872.

The executive committee pledge themselves to make this affair interesting to all, and amply repay those who assist in contributing to its success, by their attendance or the display of anything they may have to exhibit.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

CAPT. JOHN T. SKIRVEN, CHAIRMAN.
WM. W. STEPHENS, ROB'T NICHOLSON,
E. P. JANVIER, WM. H. STEWART,
E. A. VANNORT, M.D., JOHN W. COREY,
SAM'L VANNORT, LEWIN USILTON.

All communications in regard to the Fair, enclosing stamp, must be addressed to the Secretary of the Board.
E. A. VANNORT, M. D.,
jy20-tf. Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.

THE HAWKINS' PARK
Trotting Association
WILL HOLD A
HORSE FAIR
At their Park adjoining the Show ground on
Tuesday & Wednesday, Oct. 1 and 2.
The following Premiums will be offered:

FIRST DAY.
FOR THREE YEAR OLD COLTS,
To go as they please—best two in three $50.

For 1st Prize	30.
" 2nd "	15.
" 3rd "	5.

FOUR YEAR OLD.
Best two in three in Harness $50.

First Prize	$30
Second "	15
Third "	5

FOR HORSES THAT NEVER TROTTED FOR MONEY $100.

First Prize	$60
Second "	30
Third "	10

SECOND DAY.
FOR STALLIONS—Best three in five—$50.

First Prize	30
Second "	15
Third "	5

CITIZENS' PURSE, FOR ALL HORSES, BEST THREE IN FIVE, $200.

First Prize	$120
Second "	60
Third "	20

ROAN CHIEF PRIZE.
A SILVER CUP of the value of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be awarded by Col. Edward Wilkins to the best three years old Colt sired by Roan Chief.

All of the above horses must be owned on the Eastern Shore of Maryland on the first of September.
Entrance fee of ten per cent. will be charged and must accompany nominations.
Entrees to close on —— at 9, A. M. at the grounds.
Heats to be trotted alternately; three or more to enter; two to start. Any horse distancing the field will only be entitled to the first premium. The above trials of speed to be governed by the rules of the National Association.
For particulars address, (enclosing stamp,)
WM. W. STEPHENS,
Hanesville, Kent County, Md.
July 20, 1872—tf.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of one writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, at the suit of Wm. H. Hamilton, against the goods and chattels, Lands and Tenements of Henry Bratton, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Henry Bratton, of, in and to the following property,