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The Kent News.

SATURDAY, - - - - JAN. 18, 1873

News Items.

The Democratic caucus of the Missouri Legislature on Monday nominated Col. L. V. Bogy for United States Senator by a vote of 64 to 47 for Frank Blair, the present incumbent. The nomination is equivalent to an election. Col. Bogy is a prominent citizen of St. Louis, has been mayor of the city, and is identified with most of the great industrial and commercial enterprises of the Southwest.

A dispatch from Easton, Md., states that Mr. Richard Tilghman, of Dundee, in that county, was drowned Wednesday morning while crossing the river on the ice. He was accompanied on the ice by a lady, who was rescued.

George Page, the inventor and engineer, well known throughout the country as the inventor of the circular saw mill, died at the residence of his son in Baltimore county, on Saturday morning last, in the 73d year of his age.

The effort to raise the salary of the President from $25,000 to $50,000 failed in the U. S. House of Representatives last week.

The Supreme Court has made a decision which will be of interest to a certain class of discharged soldiers. Kelley, a soldier in the late war, deserted, but afterwards returned to his regiment and was restored to his rank without trial. At the end of the war he received an honorable discharge, but the Pay Department refused to pay him $400 bounty accrued subsequent to his desertion. He appealed to the Court of Claims and was awarded the full amount, and appeal being taken the Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the Court below. The Supreme Court held that restoration and honorable discharge was a final judgment by the Government that the soldier had left the service in a status of honor, and removed any barrier to the recovery of the bounty allowed by law.

The small-pox is still on the increase in Baltimore, there being forty-eight deaths reported for last week, including two police officers. The board of school commissioners have passed a resolution providing for the vaccination of all the children attending the public schools, about 30,000 in number.

Congress and the Railroads.—Senator Vickers has been requested by the Senate committee on commerce to undertake the inquiry into the general power of Congress to regulate the operations of the railroads of the country, which the Senate directed the committee to make. The magnitude of the task is so great, involving research and investigation going back to the very foundation of the government, that it will be several weeks before the Senator can conclude it. It has been supposed by many that there was no judicial decision on record touching directly on this question, but it seems this is a mistake. The fact that Senator Vickers has been selected by the able men composing the committee on commerce for so responsible an undertaking is evidence that his associates recognize in him abilities of no ordinary character.

Death of the Emperor Napoleon.—Charles Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, better known as Napoleon III, ex-Emperor of France, died at Chiselhurst, his residence in England, at 10½ o'clock on Thursday morning, Jan. 9th. He died suddenly, of embolism, and very unexpectedly to his attending physicians, who were about to perform another surgical operation on him for stone in the bladder. His death created a profound sensation among the Imperialists in England, France and other parts of Europe. With Napoleon's death expires all hopes of soon re-establishing the Empire, although it is not improbable that his son, the Prince Imperial, may reign in France at some future day, as the French people are extremely fickle, and many of them ardently attached to the Bonaparte family. Napoleon III was a very politic ruler, and the tenacity with which he clung to the English alliance, against French prejudice, proved his farseeing statesmanship and saved his reign much trouble. He made some great mistakes, but, in so doing, he was probably the victim of circumstances which he could not control. He cannot but occupy a conspicuous place in history, and while some will pronounce him nothing more than a successful adventurer and military failure, others will accord to him both sincere patriotism and intellectual greatness. There is no question that he was one of the most astute politicians of his time.—He was the grandson of Josephine, the divorced Empress of Napoleon the Great. The Empress Eugenia will issue a proclamation assuming the Regency of France during her son's minority. The Prince Imperial will have to wait patiently a long time before he can possibly ascend his father's throne.

Effects of the Great Storms in the Northwest.—The accounts coming in of the effects of the recent storms and cold weather in the Northwest are fearful to contemplate. At Morris, in Minnesota, eight persons are known to have been frozen to death. Two men were found near St. Peter, sitting upright in a sleigh, frozen stiff, and wrapped in Buffalo robes. Two teamsters were found frozen to death in another locality in the same State.—Near Sioux City three others shared the same fate. In the vicinity of Lake Hinsby thirteen dead bodies were found, and between Fort Ridgway and Beaver Falls six children, on their way to school, were frozen to death. A dispatch from Fargus Falls states that seven more bodies were found there, and estimates the number of victims within a radius of twenty-five miles at fifty. Among the most terrible incidents is that of a man who went for a doctor to attend his wife, and was frozen to death on his way home. The next day, when the doctor reached the house, he found that the woman had given birth to a child, and both were frozen to death.

Orphans' Court, Tuesday, Jan. 14.—Mary Jones, administratrix of Rd. Jones, returned an inventory of the personal estate of said deceased, and she was authorized to take it at the appraised value; she also executed a power of attorney to Robt. Nicholson to superintend the settlement of said estate. The last will and testament of Lemuel Skeggs was admitted to probate and letters of administration on his estate granted unto Sewell Hepbron (the executor named having filed his renunciation), and Jas. A. Roseberry and Wm. Hepbron were appointed to appraise said estate, and the usual notice to creditors ordered. The release of R. S. Griffith, trustee for Sarah Caulk, was received and ordered to be recorded. J. J. Webb, F. H. Harper and Wm. T. Hepbron, adm'rs of Jos. W. Webb, were directed to sell and transfer certain shares of stock of the Farmers and Mechanics' Bank of Kent county, belonging to the estate of said deceased. Thos. I. Britton, exec'r of Wm. F. Smith, returned his fifth and final administration account and third dividend. T. Shafer, adm'r of H. C. Rile, returned his third administration account. Wm. H. Roberts and Robt. S. Griffith, adm'rs of John T. Roberts, returned their second and final administration account. S. F. Smith, administrator of Samuel A. Smith, returned an additional administration account, and separate guardian accounts for the minor children of said deceased for the year 1872. Mrs. Mary E. Brown, guardian to Mary C., Hiram M., Ann R. and H. C. Brown, returned her separate guardian accounts for the year 1872. Wm. G. Trew, guardian to Thomas T., William T., Henry, Comegys and Elizabeth S. Brown, returned his separate guardian accounts for the year 1872, and his final account as guardian to Cornelius C. Brown.

Promoted.—At a meeting of the board of managers of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, held at their office in Philadelphia on the 15th instant, Mr. J. W. Jones was elected First Vice-President of said company. Mr. Jones is a native of this county, a son of the late Hon. Daniel Jones, and had been Secretary of the company for some time past. His promotion to so responsible a position shows the high estimation in which his services are held by the board of managers.

The Easton (Md.) Gas Company has declared a dividend of five per cent. for the past six months. Such a company has been *talked of* in Chestertown, and we suppose when it can be clearly demonstrated that the stock here would pay 25 per cent. *or more*, the capital requisite for a company of this kind will be forthcoming. It is to be regretted that we have not sufficient enterprise to introduce this much needed article.

The "Transcript."—Our cotemporary made its appearance last Saturday in new type, and otherwise improved in general appearance. Its new heading, though prepared at considerable expense, does not strike us as an improvement upon the old one. The editor has our best wishes for his continued prosperity.

Drowned.—A colored boy, about seventeen years of age, son of Perry Hamilton, was drowned in Langford's bay, near the residence of Horatio Beck, Esq., on Sunday last, by breaking through the ice.—The body was recovered shortly afterward by the use of oyster tongs.

The Roads.—The recent mild weather and rains have brought the frost out of the ground, and as is usual upon such an occurrence the public roads are in a very bad condition. A gentleman in our office on Thursday stated that it took him four hours and a-half to travel fourteen miles.

The River.—The mild weather, and heavy winds and rains on Thursday and Thursday night, have broken up the ice in Chester river, and navigation is now unobstructed. The steamer is expected here to-day.

Ice.—Those of our citizens having ice-houses were engaged in the early part of the week in having them filled. The ice was obtained from Whaland's mill pond, was about ten inches thick, and of excellent quality.

To Correspondents.—The communication of "Methodist," in reply to the resolutions of the Vestry of St. Paul's Parish, is declined. A controversy upon the subjects which he proposes to discuss would be out of place in the secular press, and could result in no good.

Vendues Next Week.—Wednesday—John Schwatka, near Chesterville. Friday—Wm. H. Lambert, Quaker Neck.

File Your Paper.—It is well worth while to save your home paper and have it bound. A few years will make it the most entertaining volume you can possess. All the laws of association make it more or less a history of yourself and friends. Names, dates, facts, are preserved for you in the most accessible manner. Over it you may cry at your follies, and rejoice in view of those steps that have led you to prosperity. It records the history of a town, or county, and this is but an epitome of universal history.

A Mysterious Donation.—A Washington dispatch states that on Tuesday last, when Mr. Oakes Ames received his mail in the House of Representatives, among other envelopes opened was one containing four hundred dollars in greenbacks, but without a line of writing to indicate the sender. Mr. Ames remarked that he supposed somebody had become conscience-stricken, and he pocketed the funds. Mr Ames' connection with the Credit Mobilier makes this item of some interest just now, and it will probably start the inquiry, "What was the object of this anonymous donation?"

The Gallows in Maryland.—The negro, Bill Craig, convicted a short time ago of committing a rape on a white woman, 75 years of age, on the 25th of last August, was hung at Cumberland on Friday of last week.

Henry Chaire, sheriff of Anne Arundel county, died at Annapolis on the 12th instant, of typhoid fever.

The Patapsco Channel.—By invitation of the sub-committee on Commerce of the House of Representatives, Messrs. John W. Garrett and J. Hall Pleasants, of the commission in charge of the expenditures for deepening the channel and approaches to the harbor of Baltimore, visited Washington on Monday for the purpose of urging upon the committee the necessity and propriety of an additional appropriation of $200,000 for these improvements. These gentlemen were accompanied by Hon. W. J. Albert, member of Congress elect from the fifth district, and Senator Vickers and Hon. Thomas Swann were also present at the interview. While Mr. Pleasants represented the Baltimore Board of Trade, Mr. Garrett represented the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. These gentlemen very forcibly set before the sub-committee the very great need existing for an additional appropriation by Congress, in order that the important work of deepening and improving the harbor of Baltimore should be successfully carried on. It was shown that the $100,000 appropriated by Congress last year, as well as the $200,000 subsequently appropriated by the city of Baltimore, would all be expended in about two months, and the propriety of Congress extending further assistance was very forcibly argued. Mr. Pleasants stated that he felt assured that the city of Baltimore would readily appropriate any additional sum that might still be needed beyond what was now asked of the General Government in order to complete the improvement of the channel. Mr. Garrett followed Mr. Pleasants, showing in his usual clear and cogent way the great importance of Baltimore as a seaport, and referring to her rapidly growing foreign commerce, and her far-reaching railroad connections, extending to all the great cities of the West, Northwest and Southwest. It is believed that the appropriation will be granted.

Letter from Smithville.

Smithville, Jan. 15, 1873.

Messrs. Editors:—Among the numerous villages with which Kent County is dotted is that from which I am writing. Like many other places it is named after its founder, an estimable citizen who still lives to enjoy the fruits of his industries, and to know that his name will be perpetuated in the thriving town he founded.

There is no lack of true modesty in desiring that our town should be known abroad as it is at home, well and favorably; and to that end, and as you have invited such communications, I will enumerate some of the things we have, some of the things we have not and don't want, and some of the things we want.

First, then, we have a good location, convenient to excellent Mills, where our new miller will cheerfully dispense even-handed justice to all the patrons of the mill. We are in the midst of a superior agricultural region, cultivated by enterprising and wide awake farmers. Again, we have a good country store, that prime necessity in every village, whose courteous and obliging proprietor is faithfully striving to meet the demands of the times, and I am sure the proprietor purposes as his business increases, and his customers recover from the severe financial Epizootic afflicting so many, to keep a No. 1, first-class country store. Then again we have superior mechanics in iron and wood, so necessary to the farmer's welfare, steady, reliable and obliging, and who are deserving and no doubt will receive a large share of patronage. Then we have a large and prosperous lodge of the order of Red Men, with a convenient and pleasant hall, and such is the prosperity of the lodge that even in these times it is not only free from debt but has a large surplus fund in the hands of the treasurer. Again, we have several private dwellings of more value for comfort and utility than for beauty.

Now for some of those things we have not. We have no rum shop, with its attendant gambling, luring our young men to ruin, and I believe there is not such a place nearer than five miles. What a much happier world this would be if all that intoxicates was five miles from every one. We earnestly trust if an attempt should ever be made to establish one of these recruiting offices of the Devil in our midst, the mayor, town council, police and citizens of our village may be able to expel such a disturber of the peace from among us. Again, we have no racing institution; Worton having monopolized the article. Again, we have very little loafing, our citizens being too busy with their own affairs to settle the business of their neighbors and the country.

Lastly, I will mention some of the things we want. First, then, a good, large canning establishment; a saw mill is also badly wanted, as the inability to procure lumber interferes greatly with our increase, and then with three or four manufactories of different kinds our prosperity would be assured.

And now, Messrs. Editors, in view of what we have, what we have not, and what we would like to have, we confidently invite those seeking a change of residence or an opportunity for judicious investment, to come and view our town, and perhaps mutual benefit may result.

Yours, John.

Labor in Virginia.—The Lynchburg News, of Virginia, states that the negroes in that and adjacent counties, to a man almost, absolutely refuse to hire themselves out on farms for the present year, at any price. The consequence is that the farmers, not being able to obtain labor, are at a complete loss what to do, and complain that the prospect before them is gloomier than it has been since the close of the war. This evil, there can be no doubt, will be but temporary. Other labor must in time supersede all such impracticable labor as this, which will then find itself not wanted, and needy enough.

Bishop Lay.—The many friends of Bishop Lay, of Easton, will regret to learn that he has been so unfortunate as to lose his speech. Some week or two ago he was affected with a very bad cold and became very hoarse. It continued to grow worse until he could not articulate a word, and had to write down everything he wished to say. Finding that he was getting no better, he went to Baltimore to consult a physician. We are pleased to learn that since the Bishop's visit he has much improved.—*Easton Gazette.*

J. L. Caldwell, Supt Md. & Delaware R. R., was, on Friday evening last, at Easton, presented with a handsome gold watch by the employees of the road. He recently had his watch stolen from him whilst in the cars between Philadelphia and Wilmington. A big banquet was given at the Norris House on the occasion of the presentation, and about fifty employees and others cleared the platter.

Beecher's pews rented for $60,230 50 for this year.

The History of Queen Anne's County.

The "County Sketches," which are now being published in the *Centreville Observer*, are very interesting, and contain information in regard to the early geographical division of this portion of the peninsula, as well as to other matters, known to but few. The writer claims that although Queen Anne's county is one of the youngest, its community is one of the oldest in the United States. These reminiscences commence with the year 1628, and will be continued from time to time until all of interest is told connected with its history. Many of the incidents related are of a personal nature, and must prove interesting to the present generation. As preliminary to this work, the writer describes the county. He says:

Queen Anne's county is forty-one miles in length from Brigetown to Kent Point, the southern extremity of Kent Island, and twenty-two in breadth from Hillsborough to Piney Point, on Chester river. It is bounded north and west by Chester river, which divides it from Kent county, west by the Chesapeake bay, east by Kent county, in the State of Delaware, southeast by Caroline county, and South by Talbot. It contains 229,721 acres. The lands may be divided into uplands and lowlands, but the whole county is little above the level of Chesapeake Bay. The uplands chiefly border on the State of Delaware, being situated near the source of the rivers and streams that empty into the bay. The trees common to the uplands are white, red and black oaks, chestnut, hickory and black walnut. The lowlands lie near the bay and along the rivers. The trees common to them are maples, white and black gums, beach, poplar, ash, pine and chestnut. The chief towns and their distance from Washington are: Centreville, port and county town, 1000 inhabitants, 72 miles; Church Hill, 600 inhabitants, 82 miles; Queenstown, 200 inhabitants, 65 miles.

From the second chapter of the statistics, in the *Observer* of the 14th inst, we extract the following:

Kent Island was a distinct county in 1650. It had first been a hundred of Virginia, then of Maryland, 1637; county, 1649-50; part of Talbot in 1695, and in 1706-7 incorporated within the limits of Queen Anne's. This brings us to the settlement of Talbot, in which, of course, is included our own county, 1649-52. It is distinctly stated that Kent was the only settlement on the Eastern Shore up to 1649. At what exact date subsequently the colony was planted we do not precisely know. Probably trading posts gradually spread from Kent Island and were established informally. Their foundation is not known to have ever been recorded. The first permanent settler of whom we have any accurate information is Richard Bennett. This gentleman came over from England with his grandfather about 1650, and settled at Greenberry's Point, near the Severn river and the present site of Annapolis. In 1652 he ousted Captain Vaughan from the commandery at Kent Island, and for his good services procured from the puritanical rulers in Britain an immense grant of land in Piney Neck. He soon became one of the largest proprietors in the province. His home farm was the tract lately owned by Ogle Tilghman, Esq. The land is still known as Bennett's Point. It juts out into Eastern Bay. The Bennetts are now extinct. Their name has been perpetuated in Richard Bennett Carmichael. A Richard B Carmichael was delegate from this county to the first American Episcopal convention which met at Philadelphia in 1789.

Richard Bennett may then be considered as the first settler of the Talbot mainland. Some old tombstones still mark the original spot. We do not *know* that this settlement was made as early as 1652, or, indeed, whether earlier or later than that date. We only know that it took place some time subsequent to 1649, and anterior to 1660. There is good evidence that a settlement had been made well up the Wye river as early as 1658, the land being granted to Wm. Coursey in 1649. I have a patent in any possession from Cecilius Lord Baltimore to a Wm. Shirts, bearing date 17th September, 1668, in which it is stated that Coursey's grant embraced 950 acres of land, but this seems only to have been a part, not the whole patent. We do not know how many more were owned by Coursey originally. The river is called in the patent Back Wye, but not the Back Wye of the present day. It more probably coincides with what is now known as the Big Wye, running past the farms of Dr. DeCoursey and Judge Carmichael. As far as I can learn, the grant must have embraced the Doctor's farm. The oldest community then in Queen Anne's, outside of Kent Island, is Bennett's Point, Piney Neck, and the lands adjacent to Wye river. There is plenty of evidence as to when the different families now inhabiting Queen Anne's came from England, but scarcely any record of when they made settlements.

The Wye district, though unrepresented, seems to have been embraced in Kent Island county, for there is now extant an address of Protestants of Kent county, November, 1689. This address is signed by persons then living in the Wye district; it is sent as coming from Kent county, hence Wye must have belonged to Kent county, and not to Talbot.

From this instrument we gather that Kent Island must then have had jurisdiction over much of the present Queen Anne's and Kent. The court house was removed from Kent Island, it seems, and transferred to New Yarmouth, or Gray's Inn, and then to Queenstown, and finally to Centreville.

The present Kent county by no means embraces the limits of old Kent. Indeed, its bounds were never determined till 1695, and finally on the erection of Queen Anne's into a separate county, 1706-7, and when we speak of Kent county anterior to that period, we mean Kent Island county. In 1695, Talbot was declared to embrace Kent Island and all the mainland up to Corsica creek, which was also the southern boundary of New Kent. So that the present Queen Anne's was then embraced in Talbot and Kent both.

Fifty-Two Years as Farm Help—*A Faithful Employee.*—Jesse Pearce, of Brandywine Hundred, Newcastle county, Delaware, died at the residence of Isaac S. Elliott recently, aged seventy-two years. He was a native of this State, and a remarkable character, having been for fifty-two years continuously employed as a farm hand in the family of Mr. Elliott. The father of the latter hired Jesse in 1820, and the engagement continued until Mr. Elliott's death, after which he remained as help to Mrs Elliott, and afterwards for Isaac, spending the whole of his life with the family. This is a rare instance, certainly. He was a faithful employee, very kind to horses and all the brute creation, and took a great interest in the work for the prevention of cruelty to animals, frequently expressing his desire for such a society in Delaware.—*Wilmington (Del.) Gazette.*

There are over twenty young ladies at the printing business in Wilmington.—Some of them handle the types deftly.

A Horrible Affair—*A Drunken Woman Roasted Alive—Her Husband is Carried Home to His Wife's Corpse, Drunk.*—The Bel Air (Harford county, Maryland) *Ægis* says:

On Saturday night, about 9½ o'clock, Mrs McConnell left the house of a neighbor to go to her home, which was located in the yard of the Harford house. She made her way there with some difficulty, having been indulging too freely in drink. Finally, however, she managed to enter the door and was seen no more alive. At the same time her husband, David McConnell, was spending his week's wages with some boon companions in a tavern close by. About ten o'clock he was carried home drunk, by his friends, who found the door locked upon the inside, and no response was given to their urgent knocking. On looking in at the window the room appeared to be on fire, and an alarm was raised, the door broken open, when a horrible sight was witnessed.

The room was filled with smoke of a sickening odor, and on a chair near the stove, the door of which was open, sat the charred and still burning remains of the unfortunate woman. Her clothing was nearly consumed, and even the chair upon which she had seated herself was in a light blaze. Her limbs were burned to a crisp, and from one of her arms the flesh was almost entirely consumed. Her face was burned and blackened almost beyond recognition. Upon moving the chair from the stove, the dead body rolled to the floor—a mass of charred and burned flesh. The fire was speedily extinguished.

Horrible Wife Murder in New York.—A horrible wife murder was committed in a tenement in East Eleventh street on Tuesday night, but was not discovered until noon next day when an officer entered the house and discovered the body of Marie Scheffelin. It was covered with blood. The scalp was almost torn off, and there were several stabs in the side and through the arms. Geo. Scheffelin, the woman's husband, who is supposed to be the murderer, is a boss plasterer, and has not lived with his wife for six months. His mother and her daughter, Mary Morse, were arrested, *lying on the floor near the murdered women in a beastly state of intoxication.* Scheffelin was arrested this evening at his lodgings, in Third avenue.

A Practical View.—The Richmond *Enquirer* thinks the "best way to get out of our present embarrassed condition would be for every farmer to come to a fixed determination to buy no more finery for his daughters on credit, to make his sons support themselves, to hire but few laborers on his farm, (no more than are necessary in connection with the family labor,) to sell all the land that he cannot conveniently cultivate, and to get out of debt as rapidly as possible." This is exactly what is needed in some parts of Virginia, at least, as well as in some parts of Maryland. Farmers may not only get out of debt in this way, but, persevering in it, will in time get rich.

A Speck of Rebellion.—There is a menace of war in Vermont. Three counties of that State, Chittenden, Franklin and Grand Isle, complain of an unequal and excessive valuation of their real estate. A convention of Franklin county taxpayers has voted to resist the levy of taxes, and if they persist, the State will have to deal with the case as open rebellion. It is expected that there will be no occasion to call out the militia, as the brigadier generals are sufficiently numerous to put down the insurrection.

Three Persons Drowned.—Henry Crawford, Easter Crawford, his wife, and Thomas Stone, brother of Mrs. Crawford, were drowned at Owen's ferry on New river, Virginia, last Saturday. The Pulaski *People* says they had been on a visit to their relatives on the opposite side of the river. In attempting to land the boat swung round against a pile of ice, when the boat was sunk, and the men trying to save the woman lost their own lives.

Fatal Accident—*A Woman and Three Children Killed.*—On Saturday last a fatal accident occurred at Fairport, on Chautaugua Lake, Pa The Titusville *Courier* says that Mr. Crane, whilst riding with his wife and three children in a sleigh, stopped near a tree which some men were cutting down, when the tree fell, crushing Mrs Crane and the three children to death. Mr. Crane saved his life by jumping aside as the tree came down.

Fatal Burning.—Mrs. Steele, an aged lady, residing near Blue Ball, in the 4th election district of Cecil county, was burned so badly last week as to cause her death. She was standing on the hearth warming herself, with her back to the fire, when her clothing ignited, and before the flames could be extinguished the injuries proved fatal.

Clearing Out Elk River Channel.—Mr. Craighill, United States engineer, has written a letter to a gentleman of Elkton, stating that he has been ordered by Congress, through the War Department, to make a survey of the Elk river, in compliance with a petition from citizens of Elkton for an appropriation from Congress to clear the channel of said river for navigation.

The first Potestant Church ever established in Rome was consecrated on Wednesday in that city, seven clergymen being present on the occasion. A small chapel has at times been opened there, and was closed upon different occasions in accordance with existing regulations of the Papal See, and this is, therefore, the first attempt of a permanent establishment of a Protestant organization.

A Captain of a vessel just arriving in harbor, directed one of his crew, an Irishman, to throw a buoy overboard. He was then stepping into the cabin. On his return, the captain inquired if his order had been obeyed. The Irishman with great simplicity, replied: "I could not catch the boy, but I threw over the old cook."

A Davenport man with three marriageable daughters, has posted the following notice over his bell-pull: "Wood, $6 a cord; coal, 80 cents a bushel; gas, dear and bad. Parties staying after 9 o'clock will please settle quarterly."

How They Differ.—A witty Universalist defined the difference between a Unitarian and a Universalist to be that the Universalist believed God was too good to damn men eternally, and the Unitarian believed that men were too good to be eternally damned.

Baltimore Price Current

[Corrected from the Sun of Thursday.]

Wheat—White	$2 00a2.10
" Choice Red	1 98a2.00
" Mediums and good red	1.70a1.90
Corn—White	61a62
" Yellow	63 65
Oats	44a50

WANTED, A WORKING FARMER, with small family, to carry on my farm in Morgan's Creek Neck, at a share of one-third. House, garden, teams and farming utensils all found. BEVINS MORRIS.
Jan. 11, 1873—2m.

MARRIED

At St. Mark's Church, Philadelphia, Jan. 9, 1873, by Rev. Dr E. A. Hoffman, LEWIS D THOMAS, formerly of Richmond, Virginia, to SARAH AUGUSTA, daughter of the late Jas. Frisby Browne, Esq., of Kent county

On the 18th Dec., 1872, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Revs J. E. Read and A. H Greenfield Rev. DAVID L GREENFIELD of Lynchburg, Va., and Miss IDA M. MASON, of Easton, Md

DIED:

In Morgan's Creek Neck, on the 7th instant, ELIAS S. WATSON, aged 34 years, 9 months and 23 days.

OBITUARY.—The wounded heart, when its affections have been abruptly sundered by the rude hand of death may be, in some degree, assuaged by the remembrance of the virtues of those from whom we have been thus separated, and indeed it is a melancholy pleasure to recall their good qualities, and to perpetuate the memory of the loved and lost. With such feelings the writer would commemorate the life and death of Mrs. ANNA ELIZA RINGGOLD, wife of Josias Ringgold, Sr., whose demise was briefly noticed in a late issue of your paper.

Mrs. Ringgold was one of the many thousands of true women whose lives spent in the seclusion of the home circle, and devoted to the interests of the family, woman's own and appropriate sphere, attract no special attention because of their proper and normal condition. Yet who can say that such a life is not as worthy of the highest eulogy as that of any other whose brilliant, though possibly erratic course has excited the admiration and called forth the plaudits of the world?

Comets may dazzle and surprise, but we love to gaze upon the clear, steady, serene and beautiful light of the star. Her life was a useful one; in all its relations she was faithful and conscientious;—as a wife loving and devoted; as a mother affectionate and careful; as a friend steadfast and true.

In her quiet, cheerful, unostentatious piety was the secret of her influence over others; it gave equanimity to her character, and nerved her for every trial. It soothed her in her last moments, and secured to her the victory over the last enemy.

Her charity was of that broad, comprehensive Christian type which "thinketh no evil," and embraced every genuine child of God, irrespective of creed or sect. Her early preference was the Protestant Episcopal Church, but at a later day she united with the Methodist Protestant congregation at St. James the pastor of which, Rev. Dr. Murray, visited her in her last illness

She died calmly and peacefully, after an illness of ten days, in the seventieth year of her age, at peace with God and man, and in the assured hope of a glorious resurrection

Let not then her husband and children "sorrow as those who have no hope," but, cherishing her memory and emulating her christian graces, strive to meet her in the land of immortal glory. FRIEND.

In Memoriam.—Benjamin Price died on the 23d of December, 1872.

We have known our deceased friend from a small boy, and our acquaintance continued to the time of his death. In every department of life we saw in him every element that constituted a gentleman; as a friend he was firm, sincere, and generous almost to fault; as a husband he was devoted, and what seemed to constitute his happiness was to make others about him happy. And while we speak of his natural life as one perfectly honorable in all of its departments, failing only as we all fail in accomplishing what we design from human weakness, and from attaining to high positions of usefulness; this in a measure must be attributed to a reverse of the tide of fortune which so often blights the purposes of the noblest of heaven's creatures; therefore, failing to surmount the sorrows of this life, he has through the merits of Jesus won a peaceful inheritance with the Redeemed in Glory!

On the 29th of September last, in Rock Hall Church, he publicly sought and obtained that peace which casteth out all fear. He seemed fully impressed with the injunction of the Saviour, "Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works and glorify your Father which is in Heaven." Though by no means ostentatious in his disposition, yet such was his consistent attachment to duty and faithful performance of works, that all who knew him might take knowledge of him, that he had been with Jesus. He gave full expression to the glorious hope of salvation in his last moments, and on the very verge of the grave he was confident of a happy immortality.

Oh! the high, the sublime privilege of the follower of Jesus! Who can portray it? What language can tell of that power not attainable from human philosophy?—a power which gives strength to a feeble worm, that surpasses the wonder of a world. What is it that enables him to say "all is well," as he bids farewell to friends—to a devoted companion—exhorting them to meet him where disease shall never afflict or death never separate? Nothing but the faith of the Gospel.

Our brother has left a companion to mourn a loss which is his eternal gain. May she continue to enjoy that hope which caused him to triumph over death, and finally through the mercy of God be reunited in the Kingdom of Glory. May we be submissive to the will of the Lord.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

The Fourth Quarterly Conference of the M. P. Church, Kent Circuit, will be held in the Chapel THIS SATURDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. Love Feast to-morrow (Sunday) at 9½, A. M., and Preaching by Rev. Dr. Murray at 10½, A. M., and 7, P. M. 1t.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on my WOOD LOT in Piney Neck, or taking wood therefrom. The law will be rigidly enforced against all who violate this notice. ALETHIA C. GLENN.
Jan. 18 1873—3t.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trusting any one on my account, without a written order over my own signature, as I will pay no debts otherwise contracted after this date.
Jan. 18, 1873—3t* R. H. ROUSE.

NOTICE.—Found on the 10th Jan., in the ice off the farm of Mr. David Jones, Kaster Neck Island, MAINSAIL, HALYARDS and BLOCKS, supposed to belong to a Sloop The owner or owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away
WILLIAM BEAVER,
WM. S. COLEMAN,
JAMES KELLY,
Jan. 18—3t. Rock Hall, Kent Co.

Notice to Teachers.

APPLICANTS for TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES, and Teachers whose certificates have by limitation expired, will meet at the School House in Chestertown (provided with pen, paper and pencil.) for examination, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of January, 1873, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
CHARLES G. RICAUD,
Jan 18—2t. Examiner.

FOR SALE, A WM PENN COOK STOVE. No 10, in complete order. Will be sold a bargain. Apply to JOHN HALL,
jan11-3t. Chestertown.

FOR RENT, A DWELLING HOUSE, adjoining the store occupied by Comegys & Bro., Kennedyville. For terms, &c., apply to COMEGYS & BRO.,
jan11-tf. Kennedyville.

PURE GIN, For Medicinal purposes, For sale by J. B. SAPPINGTON,
Jan. 18. Chestertown.

PORT, SHERRY, MADERIA and BLACKBERRY WINES, For sale at SAPPINGTON'S,
Jan. 18. Chestertown.

COME AND SEE
THE BEST GOODS,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES,
At J. B. SAPPINGTON'S,
Jan. 18, 1873. Chestertown.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally that he has rented the
Wheelwright Shop at Kennedyville,
and is prepared to furnish to order new
Wagons, Carts, Plows, Cultivators,
Harrows, &c., as cheap as can be bought elsewhere. All kinds of REPAIRING in my line done with neatness and dispatch.
JOHN M. PENNINGTON,
dec14-3m. Kennedyville.

GAMBRILL'S and other brands of EXTRA and SUPER FLOUR, for sale by the barrel or pound, at J. B. SAPPINGTON'S,
Jan. 4, 1873. Chestertown.

YOU can buy Golden Syrup, clear as honey, for 60c. a gallon at SAPPINGTON'S.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
—OF—
The Mutual Fire Insurance Company
OF KENT COUNTY,
Was held at the Court House, in Chestertown, on the 6th day of January, 1873.
The old Board of Directors were re-elected, and the same officers continued.
The following synopsis of the report will show the condition of the Company:

Amount of Property insured in Perpetual Policies	$ 279,171.00
Amount of Property insured in other Policies	1,126,467.00
Whole am't of property insured	1,405,638 00
Premium Notes on Perpetual Policies	15,900.00
Premium Notes on other Policies	73,659.00
Whole amount of Premium Notes	89,559.00
INVESTMENTS:	
Investments in Stocks	13,850 73
Loans on Judgment	33,230 21
Loans on Mortgage	4,857.69
Total	51,938 63
Losses paid during the year 1872	5,580.00
Losses unpaid	3,420.00
Losses during the year 1872	9,000.00
Cash in hand Jan. 6, 1873	2,410.68
Invested fund increased during the year 1872	545 00

N G. WESTCOTT, Sec'y and Treas'r.
Jan. 11—3t.

THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTIONS

WERE unanimously adopted and ordered to be published by the VESTRY AND WARDENS OF ST. PAUL'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Kent county, Md., at a meeting held Dec. 9th, 1872:

Whereas, The Vestry and Wardens of this Church have of late been applied to upon several different times, for the privilege of holding funeral services in said Church; said services to be conducted by ministers of dissenting denominations. And whereas, said consent has been at all times denied by the various persons applied to for said privilege; and whereas, the denial has been misunderstood by the persons so interested; and since it is far from the intention or wish of any member of this body corporate to add one pang to any sorrowing friends; it therefore becomes us as officers endeavoring to do our duty—the more so as guardians of a Christian Church—at all times to allay such bitterness of feeling, and to correct such wrong thinking persons, by publicly explaining to them that this denial has been by no one, and at no time given, save and except from a life time conviction by each and all who have at all understood the teaching, laws, traditions and customs of the Prot. Epis. Church; and to satisfy all parties that such customs are not merely traditional. And, since the matter has been so forced upon us, as above mentioned, therefore—

Be it Resolved, That it is a fitting and imperitive duty, devolving upon us as Vestry and Wardens, to whom as a body corporate is entrusted the keeping, governing, and administering the affairs and matters pertaining to said Church, according to the Canons laid down by our General Convention, from which we have no right to depart: that we hereby declare to all persons interested that we derive our authority from the Bill of Rights, Art. 3d, of the Church Constitution, adopted in General Convention in Philadelphia, Oct. 1789, and from Canon IX, Title 1st, of "The Digest of the Canons for the Government of the Prot Epis. Church, in the United States of America" This Canon is no new thing, and comes to us from our mother Church of England.

And be it further resolved, That we as Wardens and Vestrymen of St. Paul's Church, do therefore endorse the action of said persons in holding to the requirements of the Church; and that we do plainly assert that such persons could not have given their consent without a direct violation of their official oaths, unless ignorance be their plea.

And be it unanimously resolved, That we must continue the withholding of such consent for the use of any such ministers officiating, unless from persons properly authorised and authoritatively accredited as regularly ordained ministers in the Prot. Epis Church; and these are the words of our authority—

"No person shall be permitted to officiate in any congregation of this Church without first producing the evidence of his being a minister thereof to the minister, or in case of vacancy or absence, to the Church Warden, Vestrymen or Trustee of the congregation."

We judge no one, but having a brotherly love for all sects, must insist upon the doing of our duty.

By order of the Vestry. [jan12-3t.]

G. W. SHALLCROSS,
Produce Commission Merchant,
DEALER IN
BERRIES, EGGS, POULTRY, GAME,
Green and Dried FRUITS,
29 to 32 Delaware Avenue Market
PHILADELPHIA.
Consignments solicited. Highest prices obtained and prompt returns guaranteed.
Jan. 4, 1873—tf.

Ratification Notice.

John and George T. Bailey, assignees of David Meconkey,
vs.
Daniel Diehl and others.

On the Equity side of the Circuit Court for Kent County, October Term, 1872.

ORDERED, that the report of RICHARD HYNSON, Trustee for the sale of the real estate in the proceedings in the above cause mentioned, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the fifteenth day of March next; Provided a copy of this order be inserted in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks before the fifteenth day of February next

The Report states the amount of sales to be Twelve Thousand and five hundred dollars.
JESSE K. HINES, Clerk.
True Copy,—Test:
JESSE K HINES, Clerk.
Jan 11, 1873—4t.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate of
LEMUEL SKEGGS,
late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 5th day of August, 1873, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in the said estate

Given under my hand this 14th day of January, 1873.
SEWELL HEPBRON, Adm'r.
Jan. 18 1873—4t.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court for Kent county, letters of