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The Kent News.

SATURDAY - - - - MAY 24, 1873.

PRIMARY MEETINGS.

The Democratic and Conservative voters of Kent county are requested to assemble in primary meetings in their respective election districts, at the usual places of meeting, on SATURDAY, JUNE 7th, 1873, at two o'clock, P. M., to select five delegates from each election district to meet in County Convention at the Court House in Chestertown on Monday, June 9th, 1873, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to nominate three delegates from Kent county to the State Convention to be hereafter held for the nomination of State officers to be voted for at the ensuing general election; and also to nominate candidates for Clerk, Register of Wills, Sheriff, House of Delegates, and County Commissioners for Kent county; and at the time of electing said five delegates, the said voters shall, in accordance with the recommendation of the County Convention held April 1st, 1873, vote by ballot for candidates for Clerk, Register of Wills, Sheriff, House Delegates and County Commissioners;—and the committee from each district shall faithfully represent and carry out the wishes of their respective districts, so expressed, as far as may be practicable, in the selection of candidates.

The polls in each district to be kept open till 6 o'clock, P. M.

J. A. PEARCE,
R. C. JOHNSON,
R. W. JONES,
State Central Com. for Kent Co.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The Baltimore papers of Wednesday publish the confession of T. R. Hollohan, lately convicted and now under sentence of death for the murder of Mrs. Lampley, in Baltimore. Hollohan states that Nicholson deliberately proposed the murder of Mrs. Lampley as necessary to the successful accomplishment of the robbery. That the proposition was discussed and rejected by him (Hollohan) and then again renewed by Nicholson, and that finally he consented. When the two visited the house where the poor old woman received them and entertained them as friends, he, at a signal given by Nicholson, seized her by the throat, whilst his base companion in crime struck the poor creature a violent blow; that they then laid her down on the floor, and that he (Hollohan) remained with the murdered woman whilst Nicholson went up stairs to obtain the money. He also states that he had his pistol ready to take care of John Lampley or any one who should intrude upon them. Hollohan exculpates Tucker, but whilst freely confessing his own crime, with fiendish satisfaction says that he wants Nicholson to stand on the same platform with himself.

The New York *Herald* devotes considerable space to the statements of the survivors of the Polaris disaster, now at St. Johns, N. F., from which it would appear that suspicion of foul play, both in the matter of Captain Hall's death and in the separation of the Polaris from the party left on the ice, is strongly indulged. The prevailing impression among the nineteen unfortunates when left on the ice was that Buddington, who took command of the vessel, had willfully abandoned them.—They also believe that Captain Hall was poisoned.

Governor Dix has vetoed the Local Option License bill passed by the New York Legislature, and the House failed to pass it over his veto, the vote standing 52 to 60. It is understood that the Governor favored the general features of the bill, but was opposed to the provision which put cider and lager beer among the prohibited beverages.

The troops seem at last to have had a successful fight with the Modocs. It occurred on Monday and the savages were defeated. A close pursuit of them is being kept up. Probably they have gone off in separate bands, each of which will have to be secured if it is intended to mete out justice to them.

Judge Pierrepont having declined the mission to Russia, it has been tendered to ex-Governor Jewell, of Connecticut, and it is believed he will accept.

The Eighth Annual Commencement of the State Normal School will be held in Baltimore, in Ford's Grand Opera House, on the 29th instant, under direction of Prof. M. A. Newell.

THE CONFLICT IN ARKANSAS.—The hostile movement of Lieutenant Governor Smith, of Arkansas, against Gov. Baxter, of that State, which lately necessitated the latter to call the militia to his aid to prevent Smith and his co-conspirators from capturing the State House and State records and assuming the office of Governor, but which seems for the present at least in abeyance, if not ended, was marked by features very nearly like those of the Louisiana conflict of authority. Governor Baxter, though a republican, is backed by tht democratic Legislature, and represents really the conservative elements of the republican party in the State. Smith is intensely radical, and fearing that the spoils of office may not be exclusively distributed to his party, has, with others, united in an attempt to seize the office and bring the question of the validity of Baxter's election before the State Supreme Court. The conspirators were encouraged by the success of the Kellogg party in Louisiana, in getting the notorious decision of Judge Durell in their favor, and they doubtless thought that if they could obtain for their man a decision from the Supreme Court of the State, the United States troops, on a call from Smith, would be placed at their service. Senator Clayton is spoken of as one of the prime movers in the plot. The inducements to this enterprise are very strong, for in the bold and reckless loans and other speculative ventures of the reconstructed States, there are margins by which unscrupulous politicians may have been and may be made rich from the profits of a single legislative session. The conflict, therefore, between Gov. Baxter and the Smith faction for the executive chair of Arkansas may, if continued, eventually assume the character of a chronic disease, like the Louisiana contest between the McEnery and the Kellogg parties.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, May 20.—Margaret D. Cooper, administratrix of George Cooper, returned list of sales of personal estate. F. H. Harper and S. J. Roseberry returned their report of the annual rental value of certain real estate in the hands of Isaac Holly, guardian.—John T. Skirven returned list of sales of the personal estate of James W. Skirven, dec'd. F. Hyland Taylor returned list of debts due the estate of S. P. Benny, dec'd. H. M. Thomas, attorney for E. A. Coleman, adm'x, returned a list of sales of the personal estate of the late Darius Coleman. R. J. Lusby returned an additional list of sales of the personal estate of John Lusby, dec'd. Thos. Gale and John N. Usilton, exec'rs of John Gale, returned an additional list of sales. Maria R. Wilson and John F. Wilson, adm'rs, returned an inventory of the personal estate of John Wilson. J. W. Ivens, adm'r of Jas. W. Ivens, returned his second administration account. An allowance of $500 per annum was granted to Mrs. R. T. Flower for each of her two minor children.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Political articles of a personal character cannot be published as communications—advertising columns is their proper place. We have recently received one or two anonymous communications of a political nature, postmarked "Kennedyville." It is an invariable rule with newspaper publishers to require the names of their correspondents—a rule which, we supposed, every one who essays to write for the press was acquainted with.

ARRESTED.—James Riley, colored, who was confined in the jail in this town on a charge of larceny and effected his escape some months ago, was arrested in Baltimore on Monday and lodged in jail.—Deputy Sheriff Wheatley and Constable Greenwood brought him over on Thursday, and he is now ensconced in his old quarters again.

PEACHES.—Some of our fruit growers say that within the past ten days a great many peaches have fallen from the trees. Some varieties, on old trees, they think will be a failure, while young trees generally will yield a fair crop.

THE annual election for Commissioners of Chestertown takes place next Monday. Our people have taken no interest in it for several years, and most of the votes have been cast by blacks.

ON Monday next the Steamer Geo. Law will commence to make daily trips from Chester river to Baltimore. She will leave Chestertown at 6½, A. M., remain in Baltimore two hours and return to Chestertown, making the stops both ways.

VENDUE.—On Wednesday, May 28th, Mrs. Henrietta E. Willson, adm'x, will sell the personal property of the late Geo. H. Willson, in Eastern Neck. A Canoe, 31 ft. long by 6 ft. wide, omitted in the advertisement, will also be sold.

ELKTON AND MASSEY'S RAILROAD.—The engineer has finished the survey of the Elkton and Massey's Railroad, by the Warwick route, and is on the return survey by the Cecilton route. We learn that the former passes half a mile west of Warwick, and the latter about the same distance east of Cecilton.

AT HOME.—Our Millington correspondent writes us as follows under date of May 20th:

"Mr. W. S. Green arrived at his home in Millington to-day, after a confinement of over five weeks at the hospital in Baltimore, during which time he certainly passed through the trying ordeal of almost a ghastly death, from which nothing but the interposition of a kind Providence, and the great skill of his physicians in Millington and Baltimore, could have rescued him. He was greeted by his many friends who heartily welcomed his return to his children and home."

WHEAT.—The last report of the Department of Agriculture gives the condition of wheat as good, and but little injured by winter, in the Northern and Middle States. The prospect of the States south of Maryland is less favorable than last year, and "there are indications of diminishing area in the Cotton States." The crop in Maryland is given as being in an average condition. Inferior in Montgomery, Somerset, St. Mary's and Queen Anne's, promising in Washington, healthy and vigorous in Baltimore, decidedly good in Carroll, and fair in the other counties.—We may add that in Kent county there never was a finer prospect for wheat than at present.

CAPT. JAS. TILGHMAN, well-known in this county as the commander of several steam-boats that formerly ran in the Chester river, was stricken with paralysis on Sunday week, from the effect of which he died on Tuesday. He was serving as a juror previous to the attack, and in respect to his memory the Court ajourned to attend his funeral on Wednesday afternoon of last week, in Centreville.

IF the person whose eye rests upon this paragraph knows of a blind child anywhere in this county, or any other county in the State, he will confer a favor on the child by making the fact known to Prof. Morrison, of the Maryland Institution for the instruction of the Blind, Baltimore, who will take the child and educate it and teach it a good trade free of charge.

AN ARMY OF GRASSHOPPERS.—A special despatch to the *Republican* from Austin, Texas, says grasshoppers in innumerable numbers have made their appearance in that State, and are laying waste all vegetation. In some localities they have entirely destroyed the corn, consuming it to the ground. They seem to be moving northward, and it is feared that Missouri, Illinois, Kansas and Nebraska, will be visited by them.

A VERMONT man caught the small-pox four years ago, and before the nature of the disease was known several persons took it from exposure. They have since then brought suit against him for damages on the ground that he must have known what was the matter when he was taken sick, and that it was through his carelessness that they caught the disease. The case has been tried once, but the jury failed to agree, and it is now trying a second time.

STRANGE FREAK OF NATURE.—Mr. Jas. Lobinson, residing near Spring Hill, in Wicomico county, has two pigs with six separate and distinct legs each. The pigs appear to be quite healthy, and are said to be in a thriving condition.—*Salisbury Eastern Shoreman.*

THE following article points out the proper relations which should exist between the friends of the rival candidates for nomination, and we commend its spirit to every Democrat and Conservative in the county:

HARMONY.

Messrs. Editors:—We learn with some regret that the excitement of electioneering for office in the county is considerable, and that too much personal feeling and opposition is manifested. It is natural that preferences should be indulged, and solicitude for the success of individual candidates should be exhibited, but we should all learn that moderation and prudence should govern us, and we should never forget that as members of the same great party we owe a duty to each other to insure its success by harmony and union after the nominations are made. An active, good natured canvass is not inconsistent with our duty to others and to party, but we should be forbearing, generous and magnanimous after the contest is over. Let the canvass be fair, open, active, decided; but let no personalities enter into the amicable conflict, and when it is over there will be no wounds to heal and nothing to lament. The successful will have our support, and the unsuccessful our sympathy and good wishes for better luck next time. FAIR PLAY.

THE DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION.—We have received the fourth annual report of the Maryland Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, located at Frederick city. From it we learn that there has been in attendance the past year 101 pupils—64 males and 37 females—one (sex not given) from Kent. The report speaks in flattering terms of the progress made in the instruction of the students. Two sections of the new building (the centre and south wing) have been completed and were occupied on the first of January last, and it is spoken of as a magnificent structure. Work on the other section has been suspended in consequence of a defect in the bill which passed the Legislature at its last session making an appropriation for its completion. The institution, as its name imports, is under the fostering care of the State, and its object is humane in the highest degree.—But for it the unfortunate and dependent citizens for which this institution makes provision would grow up in ignorance and probably spend useless lives; but here they are not only educated, but also taught some useful branch of industry. It is an institution of which the State may be justly proud.

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRIZE.—The Baltimore *Gazette* appeared on Monday in the quarto form, with new heading, and otherwise improved in general appearance. It states that "every pains has been taken to obtain efficient service in all the departments which go to make up a commercial paper of the highest standing," while it is "in politics democratic-conservative, and in matters of general interest in its best sense cosmopolitan." The *Gazette* is now one of the best papers published in Baltimore, and cannot fail of increased prosperity under its present able management.

The Baltimore *Sun*, on Saturday last, sent to all its subscribers a reprint of the first number of that paper, issued on the 17th of May, 1837—thirty-six years ago. It contains four pages of four columns each and printed on a sheet a little more than one-fourth the present size of the *Sun*. The paper has been enlarged from time to time, as its patronage would justify, and nothwithstanding its present dimensions a supplement is frequently necessary to accommodate its patrons. It is now of the best paying newspaper establishments in the United States, and its proprietor, Mr. Abel, has become very wealthy. He is a gentleman who has the kindest feelings for those in his employment, and any who may wear out in his service are amply provided for the remainder of their days.

INTERNAL REVENUE CHANGES—*No More Assessments.*—With the 19th instant the old system of making assessments in the administration and enforcement of the Internal Revenue laws came to an end, and when Tuesday morning dawned there was not, throughout the whole length and breadth of the land, a single official bearing the title of United States Internal Revenue Assessor left. All had yielded up their official lives and been mustered out of service. With that day the provisions of the act of December 24, 1872, abolishing the office of Assessor, and providing for the payment of all taxes by the purchase of stamps from Collectors, went into complete operation.

EDITORS IN LUCK.—Messrs. W. L. Seabrook, of the Westminster *Sentinel*, and S. Parker Bosley, of the Baltimore County *Union*, have both been appointed to good positions in the Baltimore Custom House. We are glad that in the distribution of the "loaves and fishes" the editorial fraternity has not been overlooked, although opposed to us in politics.

THE FLOGGINGS AT NEW CASTLE.—A number of the New Castle prisoners were flogged on Saturday, and the *Commercial* has taken the pains to note the actions of the different convicts "under fire." A Massachusetts Yankee named Reed, pretty well advanced in years, showed the most excruciating suffering, and said much more of the dose would have ended his existence, while a bright, intelligent fellow named Curtis, who claimed the world as his home, laughed all the time, and seemed to enjoy the whole affair as a joke, saying the idea of whipping having a moral influence was "a d—d lame duck." A fellow named Mannering, of Baltimore, (a Delawarean by birth) also smiled and argued against the "institution." He remarked that "if you steal in Delaware, you'll git whipped," and afterwards said "he did not mind it, only for the d—n disgrace and being gazed at by the crowd." The negroes generally winced and contorted terribly.

PATENT.—The Elkton *Democrat* says that Hon. James McCauley, Chief Justice of the Orphans' Court, has obtained letters patent for a very ingenious contrivance to be applied to the axle of railway cars, by which cars can be readily adjusted to broad or narrow guage as the exigencies may demand. Judge McC's invention has received the endorsement of eminent practical men.

A PENNSYLVANIA paper says:—Over a thousand hotels in the State have closed since the election on the license question.

"THE RING OF RINGS."

Messrs. Editors Kent News:—In the last issue of your valuable paper I find a communication under the above caption, signed "A Voter," in which the writer charges the existence of a State "Ring," composed of "third-rate men," who are using the Democratic and Conservative party solely for the accomplishment of their own purposes, etc. If I may be allowed to judge from the tenor of his article, "A Voter" has an "ax to grind" either as an expectant for future political advancement, or to avenge himself for some past disappointment; in other words, he is an aspirant who would smart more severely under *personal* defeat than under the defeat of the party, be the latter ever so essential to the best interests of the State. In this judgment I may be at fault and do the writer injustice, and, for his credit, I hope I am; but, if so, I certainly have altogether misconstrued the tenor of his communication.

The old cry of "Ring! Ring!" is like the harp of a thousand strings—it can be strung to any tune. In both State and county politics, in the "primaries," it is the capital stock in trade of all the different factions, and the limited experience I have in politics teaches me that those who have been the most proficient in the manipulation of "rings" and "cliques" are—like the old adage, "it takes a thief to catch a thief"—the most eloquent and vehement in denunciation of such combinations when it best suits their purposes to do so; consequently when I hear such music I want to know *who* the "fiddler" is, and what the occasion of his sonorous strains, before I can become enraptured with the sound: I wish to know whether his purpose is to charm and enlist me under the banner of his own particular faction, rather than hold me to my allegiance to the party.

As to the charge that our State politics are controlled by a "ring," I am prepared to neither assent nor deny. I know of no such ring, and if "A Voter" does, he is much better posted than I am; but he is surely either in error in regard to the power of that ring or to the class of men that compose it—"third-rate men" could not accomplish such great results as he attributes to them. I suppose every party which has had an existence in this State, or in any other State, has been controlled in a greater or less degree by certain prominent leaders—men who are, of course, sufficiently considerate of their own interest, yet are the true friends of the party, and all their labors look to its success. The present leaders of the Democratic and Conservative party of Maryland, as well as the principal officers of the State, are men of high character and sterling integrity—they are patriots, having in view the best interests of the people of the State—and believing as they do that its peace and prosperity will be subserved by the continued ascendancy of that party, are directing their efforts to that end. The heart of "A Voter" may be as cordially in sympathy therewith, but if so, his present attitude is calculated to subject him to unfavorable criticism.

It would certainly be unfair to embarrass the candidates for Legislative honors with pledges to vote for or against any certain person for United States Senator, and, in my opinion, any gentleman who would make such pledges is unfit for a representative. If among the candidates named for the Legislature there are to be found those who would not represent the particular—and it may be *peculiar*—wishes of "A Voter," it may not be out of place to suggest that if *he* should be entirely pleased, others might be displeased. It is to be presumed that all the prominent aspirants for Senatorial honors have their friends in our county, and to pledge a candidate to vote against any one of them would place him in a very awkward and embarrassing position, and certainly incur the displeasure of the friends of that particular individual. And so, I think a full consideration of the whole matter—the vast interests at stake *outside* the Senatorial election—would suggest to "A Voter" the importance of us all forgetting the past, and, sinking minor or personal differences, unitedly rally around the standard-bearers of our party.

In conclusion, permit me to add, that this article is not written in the interest of any candidate for the Legislature or the United States Senate, but solely with the view of maintaining the harmony and success of the party. ANOTHER VOTER.

[We give place to the above article simply as a rejoinder. The discussion of the subject at this stage of the canvass can do no good, and we shall decline anything further in regard to it.—EDS.]

AN ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP A FREIGHT TRAIN WITH A TORPEDO.—Last Sunday the nitro-glycerine magazine of Roberts & Co., near Scrubgrass, was entered and robbed of a three-quart torpedo. This was laid across the track of the Alleghany Valley Railway, with the view, probably, to throw the approaching through freight off the track for the purpose of plunder. The cow-catcher struck the torpedo and threw it off the rail. An explosion followed, which lifted one side of the locomotive clear of the track. It is likely that a little of the contents of the torpedo that had been spilled on the rail caused the explosion. The tender and first freight car passed the torpedo, but jarred it down against the rail in such a position that the flange of the wheels of the second crushed and exploded it. The effect was to break the wheels of the car to flinders, to tear a great rent in the boiler tank (it was an empty iron tank car,) and pretty generally used up the car; to cut a large piece out of the rail, and excavate a hole in the ground as large as a man's body. The torpedo was filled with fulminating powder instead of nitro-glycerine, otherwise the explosion would have sent the train and all on it to kingdom come.

The detective force of the road afterward arrested in Scrubgrass Lafayette Scott and George Miller, who were taken to Oil City and held to await the action of the Grand Jury. It is said the evidence is amply sufficient to convict them. Scott is twenty years old, and lives about a mile from Scrubgrass. Miller is only seventeen, and is the son of a widowed mother living in Scrubgrass.

THE New York Legislature has before it one of the most remarkable schemes for quick transit that has yet been suggested. It is known as "Spier's Traveling Sidewalk." The plan is to build an endless movable platform on an elevated tramway, the motive power being from large stationary steam engines underground. The "sidewalk" is to be perpetually moving up one side of a street or avenue and down the other at the rate of nineteen miles an hour. Passengers are to be taken on or off the platform by means of transfer cars, without stopping the movement of the traveling sidewalk.

TRAVELERS ON FOOT.—The U. S. Supreme Court has recently decided that a policy of insurance against the perils of travel by public or private conveyances does not cover the case of a man who is beaten to death by highway robbers while walking at midnight to his home, several miles distance from a railway station. The court held that walking is not traveling by public or private conveyance, these terms suggesting the use of a vehicle or vessel.

THE PEACH PROSPECT—*Views of a Maryland Peach Grower.*—The following communication appeared in the last number of the Germantown *Telegraph:*

Being an old resident of Kent county, Md., and having been engaged in peach growing for a number of years, I estimate the crop for 1873 as follows:

New Castle county, Del., one-fourth of a crop; Kent county, Del., two-thirds of a crop; Sussex county, Del. a full crop; Cecil county, Md., one-fourth of a crop; Kent county, Md., three-fourths of a crop; lower counties of Maryland nearly a full crop on the average.

RECAPITULATION.

	Crop of 1873. Bushels.	Full crop Bushels.
New Castle co., Del.	500,000	2,000,000
Kent Co., Del.	1,000,000	1,500,000
Sussex Co., Del.	500,000	500,000
Cecil Co., Md.	250,000	1,000,000
Kent Co., Md.	750,000	1,000,000
Lower Cos., Md.	1,000,000	1,000,000
	4,000,000	7,000,000

Thus the crop this year, according to the above estimate, will be four million baskets, which would be four-sevenths of a full crop on on average. As to the consumption of peaches, let me say that last year New York received for some four weeks an average of 100,000 baskets per day; but as the peach season commences the 20th of July and ends about the 15th of September, we can safely put down for New York city 4,000,000 baskets. Then Philadelphia received for several days last summer in succession 40,000 to 50,000 baskets, mostly by water, making her supply equal to 2,000,000 baskets. Baltimore last summer used an average of 40,000 baskets, making in all say 25 days, 1,000,000 baskets. The reason I put Baltimore down for only 25 days, is that the canners do not commence operations until the 15th to 20th of August, and quit about the 15th of September, only canning about 20 or 25 days.

The above I regard as a fair estimate of the fruit, from one who grows it, for the present year, and who has been through the country examining the trees.

A PEACH GROWER.

Kent County, Md., May 6, 1873.

The Smyrna *Times* states that within the past week considerable damage has been done to the peach crop. "The farmers of this section unite to one man in this assertion, and some of them tell us that their crops are nearly or quite ruined. The frosts of the past week have worked the injury. In a number of the orchards around this town the young wood is killed outright on many of the trees, and the ends of the twigs look as if they had been scorched by the fire. The injury is particularly manifest in the low grounds. This injury so late in the season, calls to mind the disaster of 1868, the year of the "total failure." Up to the first week in June, the farmers tell us, the prospect for a full crop were never more flattering. Every grower was looking forward to a rich harvest and plethoric purse, and the papers had figured up the yield with great precision, when the frost of a single night blighted the young fruit and the hopes of the farmers. The failure was so complete and disastrous that it was feared for a time that peach culture would be swept from the land."

CAR MANUFACTURING.—The city of Wilmington turns out more railroad cars than any other city in the Union, and has acquired a national reputation in this line of business. The New York *Times* sent a reporter down to interview the car workers last week. He writes up an interesting report. We collate the following facts: There are four car factories in the city, which employ 2,000 workmen, and bring fifty different kinds of trade into the requisition. It costs from $12,000 to $20,000 to build a palace car; from $3,000 to 6,000 for a passenger car; from $700 to $800 for a freight car, and about $500 for a platform car. The firms are the Harlin & Hollingsworth Co.; the Jackson & Sharp Co.; Bowers, Dure & Co., and the P., W. & B. Co.'s works. A passenger car per day is rapid work, yet two or three of these shops complete one per day on an average.

ON Sunday last a gallery in the fifth story of Sing-Sing Prison fell whilst twenty-two convicts were marching along it. One was killed outright, and a number severely injured. At the head of the line as the convicts marched up was a white man followed by a negro. The negro, after reaching the galary, attempted to pass the white convict, and a fight was instantaneous. They ran into a cell at the north end of the gallery to continue their encounter, and the other convicts rushed toward the cell to see the fight.—Nineteen had reached the gallery, and over it tilted, spilling them all off, the gallery falling and lodging on the one beneath it.

Baltimore Price Current

[From Warden & Merritt's Quotations.]

WEDNESDAY, May 21, 1873.

WHEAT—White, choice	$2.10a2.15
" " fair to prime	1.85a2 05
" Amber, choice	2.05a2.10
" Red, good to prime	1.85a2.00
" " comm. to fair	1.65a1.80
CORN—Southern white	70a72
" " Yellow	63a64
OATS—Southern	52a54
" Western, bright	51a53
RYE—Fair to prime	90a1.00
GOLD	117¾a117¾

MARRIED:

At the Methodist Protestant Parsonage, in Chestertown, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. R. Scott Norris, EDWARD A. BENNY to Miss MARY L. MILLER, both of Galena.

On the 14th instant, at the M. E. Church South, in Millington, by the Rev. G. T. Tyler, EDGAR B. BRITTON to Miss LYDIA C. MONEY, both of Millington.

DIED:

In Centreville, on the 13th inst., Capt. JAS. TILGHMAN, in the 59th year of his age.

At Church Hill, on Sunday last, Mrs. JOSEPHINE BARTON, wife of Geo. A. Barton.

REV. RICHARD ADAMS will deliver a Lecture in the M. E. Church in Millington, on the 12th of June, on the subject of Labour. Proceeds for the benefit of the Sabbath School. m24-3t.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to us for the years 1871 and 1872 will please call and settle immediately.
May 10—3t. C. F. STAM & BRO.

MATTING And OIL CLOTHS, at low prices.
May 17. J. H. SIMPERS.

RACES. There will be a SWEEPSTAKE RACE at the TRAPPE on WHIT MONDAY, June 2d, half mile and repeat, free to all horses that have been owned in the county for the last six months. Entrance fee $5.
May 17, 1873—3t.

SHOULD YOU NEED
SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS,
DRAWS OR SOCKS,
You will find the best stock in Chesterlown, at S. MERRITT & CO.,
May 3, 1873. Chestertown.

GAS HOUSE and SHELL LIME.
DELIVERED by water or rail in any county on the Eastern Shore.
For sale by LEVI FIDDIS Jr.,
mh29-tf. No. 80 Light St., Baltimore.

STOCK ALL NEW and PRICES THE VERY LOWEST.
May 24. J. H. SIMPERS.

To the Democratic & Conservative Voters of Kent County.

THE undersigned respectfully offers himself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Kent county. He has heretofore been a candidate on several occasions, without receiving the nomination, and has always submitted to the decision of the conventions and cheerfully supported the nomination. If nominated and elected, I pledge myself to perform the duties faithfully, efficiently, and yet with proper feeling and moderation, and not commit myself to any "ring" or combination of persons.

H. M. ROLLISON.
Near Kennedyville, May 20, 1873. 3t.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

WE respectfully present the name of
WILLIAM LAMB,
to the Democratic and Conservative Voters of Kent county as a suitable person to fill the office of County Commissioner.

Mr. Lamb is an old resident, has never asked for office of any kind, is a land-holder, and feels the necessity of reducing taxation, which bears so heavily upon the farming interest.

We understand that Mr. Lamb is opposed to cliques and rings, and would look to the interest of the whole people.

m24 3t. A FRIEND TO ECONOMY.

MESSRS. EDITORS: It was with extreme regret that we read the card of Mr. Stephen Boyer, published in your paper of last week. We believe that Mr. Boyer was the choice of a majority of the Democratic and Conservative voters of the county for nomination as a candidate for the next House of Delegates of Maryland. It was understood by the people that Mr. Boyer was outspoken against the State "ring" of politicians, who, by their machinations defeated Senator Vickers at the last Senatorial election. It was believed that Mr. Boyer would stand up manfully against the "Ring" in the next election, and was proof against all their power and influence.

Mr. Boyer's withdrawal, we think, was a mistake, brought about by misinformation as regards public sentiment. We think it is certain that no "Ring" candidate can be elected, if nominated, and that Mr. Boyer's continuing a candidate would tend more to harmonize the party than his withdrawal. It is hoped that he will reconsider the matter, or at least suffer the people to use his name as a candidate, and consent to let them determine what is best for the harmony and interests of the party.

1t. A FRIEND TO HARMONY.

A CARD

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters of Kent County.

AT the instance of numerous friends, I have consented that my name should be submitted to your County Convention for the nomination as a candidate for the House of Delegates, under the persuasion that my nomination would tend to promote the harmony and secure the success of the party at the ensuing election. But, being now convinced that my nomination, under the special circumstances of the canvass, would probably tend less to the harmony and success of the party than that of another who may be selected in my stead, I have concluded to withdraw from the list of aspirants for nomination to that honorable and responsible position.

In thus withdrawing from the canvass I am actuated by no other motive than that of advancing the interest and securing the success of my party, to the nominees of which I pledge the most cordial support.

STEPHEN BOYER.
Near Massey's, May 15, 1873. 2t.

A CARD.

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters of Kent County:

The undersigned respectfully announces himself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF of Kent county, subject to a regular nomination. Having served the party long and faithfully, he considers his claims superior to those of any gentleman in the field. If elected he will live in the jail, and do all the business of the office himself. WM. J. PORTER.
Chesterville, May 17, 1873—2t.

A CARD.

To the Democratic and Conservative Voters of Kent County:

The undersigned respectfully offers himself a Candidate for the office of Register of Wills for said County, subject to the regular party nomination. Having devoted forty-odd years of my life faithfully to the party, I now ask my friends to give me this office for one term only. The public's ob't serv't,
my10-tf. G. M. HART.

WOOL! WOOL! WANTED!
By E. N. ROLAND,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.
I am paying the HIGHEST CASH PRICE.
☞ Store room in the old Greenwood Carriage Factory, near Hall's Hotel. m24-1m.

LUMBER.
WHITE PINE FENCING,
WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK JOISTS AND SCANTLING,
E. S. PINE " "
N. C. FLOORING BOARDS,
SHINGLES, LATHS and PICKETS,
For sale at the lowest market rates by
T. W. ELIASON, JR.
May 24, 1873.

TO THE LADIES.
Mrs. S. S. JOINER, (formerly Miss Calder,) still continues the business of
DRESS MAKING, FITTING and CUTTING,
in the store room occupied by her last year, nearly opposite the Voshell House. A nice assortment of FANCY GOODS is also kept on hand. The ladies are invited to call.
Also, a variety of CONFECTIONERY.
my3-2m. MRS. S. S. JOINER.

Boxes! Boxes! and Baskets!
PEACH BOXES AND THE
MITCHEL PEACH BASKETS
FOR SALE.
The undersigned are prepared to furnish Peach Boxes and Baskets, and deliver them at any station on the Kent County Railroad, or landings on Chester or Sassafras rivers at moderate prices. Mitchel Baskets 14 cts.
WEBB & SUTTON,
my17-tf. Kennedyville.

PUMP MAKING.
THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public in general that he is prepared to attend to the business of
WELL DIGGING & PUMP MAKING
at the very lowest prices, and guarantees to give entire satisfaction.
He has on hand and for sale the celebrated
Cucumber Pumps
on easy terms. Thankful for the liberal patronage extended to him in the past, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to all who may engage his services. He can be found at his residence in Church Alley, when not otherwise engaged. EDWARD CARTY,
May 17, 1873—3t. Chestertown.

MERCHANT TAILOR.
New Spring and Summer Fashions!
ABE SCHWARTZ,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Chestertown and vicinity that he has opened in the store room up town, opposite Capt. Thompson's, the
Latest Spring and Summer Styles
and has now on hand an assortment of Piece Goods and Samples of Piece Goods, almost to suit the taste of every man and youth, and is ready to receive orders for CUTTING and MAKING UP SUITS to fit, under guarantee, even at low prices. Gentlemen in want of a suit of good clothes have no need of going to the cities therefor, as all will be convinced by an examination of his goods and prices.
SCOURING, CLEANING and REPAIRING done promptly and in the best manner—almost like new. ABE SCHWARTZ.
Chestertown, May 10, 1873—tf.

FUR, WOOL and STRAW HATS Just received at the New Store.
May 17, 1873. J. H. SIMPERS.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

THE following are the Trustees appointed by the School Board to serve for one year from May 1st, 1873, to and including May 1st, 1874.

FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT.

School District No. 1—Dr. H. Price, Thos. J. F. Smith, Edward T. Turner.
No. 2.—Wm. H. West, S. W. Cole, Thos. J. Britton, Dr. Crane, J. Chase, J. G. Edwards.
No. 3—Jonathan Hodgson, Samuel Cacy, R. C. Johnson.
No. 4—Jos. Kennedy, Dr. F. A. Clift, R. S. Griffith.
No. 5—Wm. A. Brice, T. A. Jacobs, Alex. Wilson.
No. 6—Dr. T. N. Tayman, Medford Armstrong, Philip Medders, Wm. A. Miller, H. H. Rasin, Jos. P. Ireland.
No. 7—Ed. B. Woodall, E. E. Miller, Wm. T. Spry.
No. 8—Thos. R. Price, Wm H. Schwatka, Robert Pearson.

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT.

No. 1—Dr. E. F. Nowland, N. W. Comegys, Capt. Lambson Boyd.
No. 2—R. J. Lusby, J. R. Gill, J. F. Wilson.
No. 3—James W. Hurtt, George M. Beasten, Samuel Merritt.
No. 4—Robert E. Wallis, William Jones, D. U. Dewees.
No. 5—Geo. W. Howard, Wm. T. Hepbron, Jos. J. Webb.
No. 6—Edward Slaughter, Gilbert Wood, John F. Melvin.
No. 7—S. S. Hepbron, Wm. Ayres, Geo. W. Covington.
No. 8—James A. Roseberry, Wm. Hepbron, Thomas Gale.
No. 9—S. Sparklin, Joseph H. Hossinger, Robert H. Loud.

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT.

No. 1—H. T. Jump, T. S. Wilson, J. S. Harris.
No. 2—J. L. Crew, D. E. Jewell, Jno. Duyer.
No. 3—George R. Stephens, Lewiu Usilton, Geo. S. Diehl.
No. 4—Wm. W. Stephens, John W. Corey, Dr. Samuel Beck.
No. 5—Edw. P. Janvier, Chas. Jones, Chas. H. Jewell.
No. 6—Maj. Richard Smyth, Thos. B. Bordley, Wm. H. French.

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

No. 1—B. DeCorse, B. Trew, J. Hadaway.
2—R. S. Emory, J. W. Loud. Thos. Baker.
3—Dr. J. A. Perkins, John T. Dodd, Capt. James H. Thompson.
4—E. F. Perkins, Wm. A. Vickers, John N. Usilton.
5—Jas. H. Plummer, Dr. J. T. Twilley, S. S. Usilton.
6—R. Nicholson, J. Ringgold, sr., J. Lusby.
7—Thos. C. Parsons, W. H. Stewart, Capt. Chas Bacon.
8—T. P. Dixon, D. Biddle, Thos. Hynson.

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT.

No. 1—David Jones, Benj. F. Sappington, Thos. Glenn.
2—R. B. Wilson, F. Legg, Vachel Burgess.
3—A. J. Wickes, B. Durden, C. A. Leary.
4—Thos. R. Strong, Harry Gresham, Benj. B. Adkinson.
5—E. Smith, A. J. Rees, Dr. S. G. Fisher.
6—A. T. Thomas, Luther Kendall, Thomas J. Vickers.
7—Jno. Brice, J. W. Crew, Owen Connelly.
8—R. W. Jones, J. K. Bruff, Jas H. Gale.
9—T. W. Skirven, T. A. Hulme, T. Hague.

In Districts where there are colored schools, the Trustees of the white schools shall act as Trustees of the colored schools also.

1t C. G. RICAUD, Examiner.

Public Road Notice.

THE undersigned, citizens of the Second Election District of Kent county, hereby give notice, that they have been appointed by the Commissioners for Kent county, Commissioners to examine the road leading from Gooding's Mill to Harmony, with a view to widening and draining that part between G. W. Vansant's corner and Shrewsbury Church lane and more particularly the portion in the vicinity of Locust Grove.

ROBERT J. LUSBY,
HENRY JONES,
JOHN HURLOCK.
May 17, 1873—2t.

Road Examiners' Notice.

THE undersigned, examiners, appointed by the County Commissioners for Kent Co., to examine and determine whether the public convenience requires the opening of a Public Road, commencing at the N. W. corner of Andrew Price's farm, and running through the lands of Robert Wilson and others to the road leading from Still Pond Cross Road to Lynch's Corner, at or near the mouth of the private road of J. Z. Clark, hereby give notice, that they will meet on

THURSDAY, the 19th of June, 1873,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Price's Corner, to discharge the duties devolving upon them by said appointment and commission.

ISAAC PARSONS,
SAMUEL BECK,
ROBERT NICHOLSON,
May 17, 1873—tm. Examiners.

NOTICE.

ALL persons entitled or claiming to be entitled to share in the distribution of the

Personal Estate of Sam'l W. Canady

late of Kent County, deceased, are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at Chestertown, on

TUESDAY, the 10th day of June, 1873

at the room of the Orphans' Court, at 11 o'clock, A. M., in order that the said distribution may be made under the direction and control of the Orphans' Court for Kent county.

R. HYNSON, Adm'r.

The above notice having been read and considered, it is, this thirteenth day of May, 1873, ordered, that the same be and is hereby approved by this Court.

JAMES BECK, of Geo.,
CORNELIUS J. SCOTT,
WM. T. HEPBRON,
Judges of the Orphans' Court for Kent Co.
Test: E. CROUCH