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The Kent News.

SATURDAY : - - - OCT. 11, 1873.

Democratic-Conservative Ticket.

For Comptroller of the Treasury:
COL. LEVIN WOOLFORD.

For Clerk of the Court of Appeals:
JAMES S. FRANKLIN.

For Clerk of the Circuit Court:
DAVID C. BLACKISTON.

For Register of Wills:
WILLIAM STEVENS.

For Sheriff:
EDWARD PLUMMER.

For the Legislature:
JESSE K. HINES,
SAMUEL A. MERRITT.

For County Commissioners:
ROBERT S. GRIFFITH,
JAMES A. ROSEBERRY,
R. BENNETT WILLSON.

Election, Tuesday, November 4th.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

The State Fair, at Pimlico, near Baltimore, which was to have commenced last Tuesday, was not opened until Wednesday, on account of the heavy rain on Monday. On Wednesday there was a large attendance, and on Thursday President Grant and several members of his cabinet visited the fair. The display of articles in nearly all the departments is reported as unusually fine.

Notwithstanding the financial troubles, the exports of produce from the United States last week were the largest ever known, being nearly double those of the same period last year. Here we have a substantial indication of a return to a sound basis of commercial affairs. With these heavy exportations, and a corresponding decrease of importations, we are getting ourselves out of debt to Europe, and striking a balance with England especially. The vast amounts of gold which we have been paying for foreign luxuries are coming back to us in exchange for our provisions and breadstuffs, and it is not probable that they will soon again make another trip across the Atlantic.

On Tuesday, October 14th, elections will be held in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Iowa. Pennsylvania will choose a State Treasurer and a Supreme Court Judge; Ohio a Governor and other State officers, and Iowa a Governor, other State officers and a Legislature. In Iowa the issue is distinctly made between the farmers candidates and the regular republicans.

The colored politicians of Charleston, S. C., threaten to organize a black man's party if they are not allowed to fill half of the municipal offices.

The Gattling guns were tested at Fort Monroe, on Saturday, at 800 yards range, and a target 9 feet high and 45 feet long. Six hundred shots were fired in a minute and a half, five hundred and thirty-four of which struck the target. The Gattling has proved itself superior to all others, especially at ranges beyond 200 yards.

A most horrible crime was perpetrated on Monday last near Falling Waters, on the Virginia side of the Potomac, about ten miles south of Hagerstown. A young girl named Annie Butler was sent by her parents to look for the cows in the afternoon. While in the woods she was outraged and murdered by some fiend in human shape. A negro was seen to enter the woods soon after the girl started in search of the cows, and he is suspected of having committed the horrible crime.

Hon. Thomas King Carroll, ex-Governor of Maryland, died at his residence in Dorchester county on the 3d inst. Mr. Carroll was the oldest surviving governor of the State, and the only one of those remaining who were elected by the Legislature when the term of office was for one year. There were four other governors elected in the same way subsequently, the first one elected by the people under the change of constitution being Wm. Grason, in 1838. Mr. Carroll has quietly resided in retirement for many years, respected by his fellow-citizens, and now departs at a green old age.

The people of Connecticut have voted, by about ten thousand majority, to make Hartford the sole capital. So New Haven will not hereafter enjoy the honor of being the State capital on alternate years. This was said to be a question of no little interest to State legislators, because in New Haven it is affirmed that intoxicating liquors are of bad quality and difficult to obtain, while in Hartford a better kind, and more accessible, has been noted.

A National Convention of Farmers is to be held at Chicago on the 22d instant. The call for the meeting was issued by the State Farmers' Association of Illinois, and the object is to perfect an organization of industrial classes who now complain of difficulty in selling their products because of the high charges for railroad transportation to the eastern markets.

Conyers, the colored cadet midshipman, from South Carolina, who failed to pass at the June examination at the Naval Academy, and was granted another opportunity, has once more broken down. The favor extended to him was purely a privilege, and, unless the Secretary again intervenes, he will be dropped from the rolls of the Academy. He is still there, awaiting a decision as to his fate.

The *Centreville Observer* states that a corps of engineers have arrived at Queenstown for the purpose of commencing the survey of the Chesapeake and Delaware railroad. The road is to run from Love Point, Kent Island, to Lewes, Del.

THE colored people of Luzerne county, Pa., are earnestly protesting against the exclusion of their children from the white public schools. At Wilkesbarre several meetings have been held and resolutions adopted to support no candidate for any office who will not pledge himself to their views.

THE PROSPECT.

The political outlook both in our own county and the entire State is brighter now than at any period of the canvass. In the early part of the campaign the divisions in the ranks of our party in a number of the counties of the State, coupled with advantages gained by the radicals in the Presidential canvass of last year, encouraged that party to hope for success. They pictured themselves in control of our State Legislature, with the opportunity to send one of their own number to the United States Senate, secure other State officers, and so manipulate legislation as to carry out their peculiar views concerning the rights and privileges of the colored race; they hoped in many counties to obtain control of the tax courts, the clerks' and registers' office, and with sheriffs, constables and tax collectors of their own ilk, they could, and doubtless would, cause the people to feel and know the effects of radical rule, as they are felt and known in other Southern States.—The prize which they imagined so near their grasp, and which indeed was apprehended from the want of interest on the part of the white people, may now be considered as safely out of their reach. The gallant sons of old Maryland, who two years ago went into the contest with a determination to win, and did achieve a glorious victory over the radical hosts, notwithstanding the addition of so many thousand voters of another race, have now again become awake to the vital issues pending; they are closing up their ranks and rallying around their time-honored banner, and soon again the shouts of victory will be heard.

In our own county cheering intelligence reaches us from all sections. The boasting of the radical leaders of what great things they were to accomplish here—their professedly sanguine expectations of electing their candidates for Clerk, Register and other officers—has been of vast advantage to us. Our people had been, from the first, too indifferent—they expected, without an effort, to elect their ticket and continue the management of their own county affairs; and, indeed, if such lukewarmness had continued, the radical boast might not have been altogether in vain. But the white voters of old Kent are now also aroused, and since they have become awake to the vast importance of the issues involved, a new spirit has been infused among the masses, and work, *work*, WORK! is the order of the day. The little feuds and differences which seem almost inseparable from party nominations, are nearly all adjusted, and we hope soon to hear that there is not a single individual who refuses to support the ticket because it is not constituted just as he would prefer it. We cannot see how any true Democrat or Conservative in Kent—any man who is really opposed to negro supremacy, or *the supremacy of negro influence*, which is the same thing—can possibly remain neutral or inactive in the present canvass, much less speak disparagingly of some on the ticket, simply because he preferred others. They are all good and true men—they have been fairly and honorably nominated—and any who oppose their election and prefer the success of those who have never in principle been in affiliation with them, are doing what they will afterwards regret. No, friends, let us not allow any considerations of a personal character to influence us against our better judgment, but let us do by *every candidate* on the ticket just as we should expect *them* to do were *we* in their places.

Let us not only vote for, but labor faithfully, earnestly for the *whole ticket* until the polls shall close on the 4th of November, and we have no doubt whatever of the result. Let us not be satisfied with a bare majority, but let us run it up into the *hundreds*, and the victory will be worthy the cause.

How Things Are Managed.

It appears from the report of the Receiver, that the Secretary of the United States Treasury had $287,000 of the Government money on deposit in the First National Bank of Washington, when that rotten concern failed a short time ago; and it seems that the Government only has security for $100,000 of the money; therefore the Treasury is likely to lose $187,000 by the Jay Cooke concern.—Under what act of Congress Mr. Richardson made the deposit of so large a sum of the public money without security has not yet transpired. Henry D. Cooke, Gen'l Grant's Governor of the District of Columbia, was President of the Bank, and this large deposit of public money was one of the favors bestowed upon him by the Administration. As it was a Republican Ring arrangement, but little is said in official circles respecting the loss of the money; but the people who paid it in taxes are likely to have their own opinion of the transaction. At present there appears to be no controlling first-class mind in the Administration at Washington, and consequently everything is laying around loose, for plunderers to help themselves, and they are doing it in the most artistic manner. If a day of reckoning does not come, and that soon, by a change of administration, the people of this country are certainly bereft of their senses.

AN IMMENSE OYSTER ENTERPRISE.—Mr. Neal, president of the New Jersey Land and Improvement Company, is at St. Michael's for the purpose of starting a new feature in the oyster business there. The company own extensive tracts of land and water rights at Barnegat bay, on the Jersey coast, said to be the most desirable place in the country for planting oysters. Mr. Neal proposes to purchase sixty thousand bushels of Miles river oysters at once, at forty cents per bushel, and ultimately to enlist the oystermen in the enterprise by making them shareholders in the company. He is very sanguine of success.—*Easton Star.*

SOME of the colored people think they ought to have a colored delegate on the Radical legislation ticket in this county in place of Judge Goldsborough, and are quite indignant at being pushed aside for a Democrat. They say, if they must vote for a Democrat they might just as well vote the Democratic ticket, which is sensible. They are learning politics very fast.—*Easton Star.*

The Republican Not a Party of Reform.

It is grateful to come across a Republican paper that has the candor and manliness to speak the truth about its own party, however unpleasant it may be. The Monroe (Wisconsin) *Republican* has both the courage and honesty, in speaking of the Farmers' Granges and their relations to the two parties, to say:

"If there is a fact on earth, and one which presents itself directly and clearly to the understanding of every man who sympathizes with the farmers' movement, *it is the fact that the Democratic party is its friend and that the Republican party, as a party, is its enemy.* Look where we may, at home or abroad, and everywhere it is the same.

* * * In fact nothing is more true (however strange it may seem to some), than that *the Republican party is the party, and the only party that stands in the way of and is determined to oppose an organized effort on the part of the people to bring on a reform.*"

It is not in the nature of the Republican party to be a party of reform, but the reverse. It is the party not of simplicity and economy in government, but of show, grandeur, extravagance and power. The Republican party demands, by its nature, the multiplication of offices and of high salaries for officials. It favors monopolies and special privileges, and class legislation by which wealth may have increased advantages over labor. It can never be a party of reform.

With the advent of the Republican party to power and the consequent carrying out of a system of political principles entirely opposed to those by which the country had so long prospered, a great and notable change has come over the land. A spirit of discontent and depression has taken hold of the people; instead of dignity and purity in high public places, the public honor is bartered away for fast horses and cottages by the sea; onerous taxes are laid upon the people at large, while those who invest their surplus in government bonds are exempted from public dues upon such surplus. Each day sees the rich growing richer and the poor poorer. The cause for all this is easy to discover; it is the fatal influence of the odious doctrines of the Republican party that produces this result. "By their fruits ye shall know them;" and judging the Republican party by the bitter fruits of the last twelve years, we are unable to see how any white man can lend his aid to a party whose doctrines, wherever carried out, have proved so hurtful to the best interests of the people.

UNION AND HARMONY.

The Rockville *Sentinel*, in a late issue, gives some good advice to the Democracy of Montgomery, which will pass current in every other election district in the State. After counseling in the strongest language "union, concession, and harmony," the *Sentinel* wisely and bravely adds: "it is earnestly hoped that the Democracy will all go to the polls in solid column in November next, and give their undivided support to the Democratic ticket the regular nominees of the party. This is the spirit to insure success—any other course will produce disaster and ruin the party. If the county is lost this fall it will be lost for years to come, and all who know the character of the majority of the Radical party in this county—that majority being black—cannot fail to know what the character of the legislature would be, as the representative must obey the will of his constituency. If you complain of high taxes now, how much greater will be the complaint if the taxes should be doubled or quadrupled. We have but to cite Louisiana and South Carolinia, as memorable proofs of Radical rule and negro supremacy. The pictures given of the ruin and desolation in these States are not overwrought. They are indeed, but too true, and if the people will, Samson-like, pull down the temple of liberty and crush themselves beneath the ruins—why be it so."

MASSACHUSETTS VS. LOUISIANA.—The St. Louis *Republican* puts forward a strong argument when it says:

The Boston *Advertiser* thinks the conduct of the Administration in the recent struggle between the Butler and anti-Butler parties was outrageous, and not to be endured. And yet it stopped far short of infantry and artillery. Suppose the Worcester Convention had been held in a postoffice building surrounded by United States troops; and only the Butler delegates admitted, what would Mr. Hoar have thought of that? Massachusetts has the advantage of being a strong State, at the head of the ruling party, and with a potential voice at Washington, while Louisiana is feeble and almost voiceless. But is this a reason why the powerful State of the North, in magnifying its own wrong, should ignore the tenfold greater wrong inflicted by the same hand on the feeble State of the South? If the Republicans of Massachusetts wish to deal with this evil of Federal interference in the local politics of States, they must take it as a whole. They must espouse the cause of Louisiana as well as that of their own State; they must speak for all the States, the feeble ones as well as the strong, if they would have their voices respected at Washington.

THE "LAME DUCKS."—Among the consequences of the late financial crash in Wall street is said to be the withdrawal of many persons well known by their long continued presence there. The necessity of the occasion has forced them to pursuits other than speculation. The Times says "the greater number of Wall street *habitues* have been cleaned out." Speculators who were worth hundreds of thousands of dollars a few days ago, by the terrible fall in stocks, and by the locking up of their funds in broken and suspended institutions, are now left without money to settle their board bills. One operator, who was worth $100,000 before the panic, was trying to borrow enough money the other day to settle his Brooklyn board bill, which had accumulated since the beginning of the financial disaster.—He said he was tired of speculation and intended to "go west." The Philadelphia Ledger says there are many such similarly reduced in that city and elsewhere. The consequences of the crash in the brief period already passed have been most serious and widespread.

JOHN NICHOLAS, one of the most prominent men in Caroline county, was stricken with paralysis while riding along the road on Wednesday last and died next day.

IT is generally believed that President Grant will tender the office of Chief Justice to Hon. Roscoe Conkling, of New York.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, Oct'r 7.—Isaac R. Leaverton, one of the administrators of Curtis Cordray, returned a list of sales of the personal estate of said deceased. C. H. Baker, adm'r of Wm. B. Hewitt, returned his first and final administration account. Wm. D. Burchinal, guardian to Catherine L. Liveley, col'd, returned his tenth guardian acc't. Araminta M. Gooding, guardian to Addison M. Gooding, returned her guardian account for 1872. Wm. Perkins, adm'r of Wm. E. Anderson, col'd, returned his first administration account. A second citation was directed to be issued to C. V. and C. A. A. Stanley, adm'rs of Charles Stanley, to return their second administration account.

FINE RASPBERRIES.—We have received from Messrs. J. & W. K. Judefind two boxes of second growth of their Amazon Raspberry, which were of good size and excellent flavor. These gentlemen claim to have received a diploma for this berry at the late fair, but no mention is made of it in the list furnished for publication. It was no doubt an omission on the part of the committee on this department.

CONCERT.—A grand vocal and instrumental concert, under the leadership of the renowned Profs. Saunders and Robinson, of Baltimore, will be given at the Still Pond M. E. Church next Tuesday evening. It will no doubt be a rich musical treat, and largely attended.

COURT.—The October term of the Circuit Court for Kent county will commence on Monday, the 20th. There is but little criminal business on the docket, and the session is not expected to be lengthy.

PRAYER FOR THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.—In response to many appeals, the London Sunday School Union have resolved to invite their brethern throughout the world to unite annually in special prayer. The 19th and 20th of October have been fixed upon for this year. Teachers in all parts of the world, male and female, are called upon to unite their supplications at these times.

IMPORTANT TO CIGAR DEALERS.—The contents of the following letter, which has been sent to us for publication, are important to all persons who deal in cigars:

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.
Dep'y Coll'rs Office, 1st Dist., Md.
Port Deposit, Oct. 6, 1873.

By "general orders," dated 4th inst., it is required that all *stamped empty* cigar boxes shall be destroyed, whether kept for making show on shelves, or for other purposes. The breaking of a cigar stamp by opening the lid of a cigar box is *not* sufficient destruction of the stamp. If it is desirable to keep the boxes, the broken stamp *must be removed*. In no case, however, can the box be again used for *cigars*, without subjecting the offender to a fine of not exceeding $100, and imprisonment for not more than one year. *Any* person refusing or neglecting to *utterly destroy* the stamps on empty boxes in his possession shall be fined not exceeding $50, and imprisonment not less than ten days nor more than six months. Act June 6, 1872. J. A. C. GERRY, Deputy Collector.

LARGE WEDDING.

Messrs. Editors:—The Catholic Church of St. Francis Xavier, on Bohemia Manor, Cecil county, Md., was the scene of a large and fashionable wedding on Wednesday, the 1st instant. Over two hundred invitations were issued, and long before the appointed time for the bridal ceremony, 10 A. M., the church was crowded to repletion. The bride was Miss Mary W. Lockwood, daughter of E. W. Lockwood, Esq., of Middletown, Del., and the bridegroom Louis K. Stam, Esq., of Chestertown, Md. The bridesmaid Miss Ella McDermott, of Washington, D. C., and the groomsman Mr. Wilbur Eliason, of Chestertown, Md.

The bride was attired in a dress of white illusion, the skirt trimmed with puffs and ruffles of the same to the waist, and terminating in an elaborate train, while from her head hung a full-flowing veil, fastened by a jeweled pin to the hair, and surmounted with a wreath of orange blossoms. The bridesmaid also wore white illusion *en-traine*, full puffed skirt, and short illusion veil thrown back; rose buds in the hair, and neck-tie and sash of a lovely shade of blue silk. The bridegroom and his attendant were faultlessly appareled.

The solemn, beautiful and impressive ceremony of the Roman Catholic Church, as prescribed by the Roman ritual in the celebration of the nuptial mass, was performed by the Rev. Geo. Villiger, S. J., pastor, with the usual number of acolytes in attendance. The high altar was gorgeously decorated with wreaths and choice flowers for the occasion.

The choir of St. Francis Xavier fully sustained its high reputation in the rendition of the musical parts appropriate to this service. At the conclusion of the nuptial high mass the tones of the organ burst forth into the full glory of Mendelssohns "Wedding March," as the bridal cortege filed out to their carriages to the music of its inspiring notes.

After the ceremony the bridal party were conveyed to the residence of the bride's father, in Middletown, where from 12 M. to 2 P. M. they held their reception. During this brief time the parlor of the residence was thronged with their many friends, all of whom individually tendered their congratulations, and bestowed their warmest wishes of success and happiness upon the newly-married couple. At 2.45 P. M., Mr. and Mrs. Stam left for a tour to Niagara Falls.

The display of bridal gifts was very fine, and no more brilliant wedding than this was ever solemnized at the time honored church of St. Francis Xavier. B.

ANOTHER SUICIDE BY HANGING.—John F. Peters, aged about forty-five years, whose family reside at No. 17 Race street, South Baltimore, committed suicide Wednesday morning by hanging himself. His wife missed him from the house at half-past five o'clock in the morning, and upon searching for him found his body suspended to a rope in an outhouse. The unfortunate man for the past two weeks had been unable to secure certain money due him for his labor, and his rent being in arrears, he became despondent lest his family should be turned out of doors, and he committed suicide.—*Balto. Sun.*

MR. Gorsuch, of Baltimore, has received the contract for building a new Methodist Episcopal church South in Easton, at a cost of $6,000, to be completed by Christmas.

COMING TO AMERICA.—Sir Samuel and Lady Baker, the African travelers, have been invited by the New York Geographical Society to come to America, will visit this country next summer.

LIST OF PREMIUMS.

The following are the premiums awarded at the third annual fair of the Kent County Agricultural Association, held at Worton Station last week:

Horses.—Thoroughbreds.—Stallion Legatee, Dr. E. A. Vannort; mare Alice, John Brice; mare Nellie, Dr. E. A. Vannort; Dr. E. A. Vannort's premium for Legatee colts, Capt. John T. Skirven.—Quick Draft—Best Stallion, Keystone Patchen, William A. Kennedy; second do. Frank Pierce, H. J. Wilmer; best mare, with colt by her side, J. N. Dodd; horse colt, W. W. Stephens; do., E. J. Watson; do., Wm. Ford; do., John Sutton; filly, John Gale; colt, Wm. Ford. For General Utility—Stallion Glencoe, John Brice; brood mare, A. L. Corey; do., S. Vannort; mare, S. Vannort; mare, with colt by her side, James Roseberry; horse colt, R. G. Nicholson; do., James W. Skirven; do., Henry Jones; filly, S. Vannort; best colt, John Brice; do., W. W. Stephens. Carriage and Saddle Horses—Matched team, John Beeks; do., do., S. Vannort; single do., J. W. Corey; do., W. W. Stephens; saddle horse, Will. Nicholson; do., W. W. Stephens. Sweepstakes for Stallions—Col. Edw. Wilkins. Mules—S. Vannort.

Cattle.—Herd.—L. C. Justis, Jr. Short Horns—Bull, Wm. H. Stewart; do., L. C. Justis; do., A. L. Corey; do. calf, Wm. Ford; cow, L. C. Justis; heifer, J. C. Cosden; do. calf, J. C. Cosden. Devons—Bull, Dr. E. A. Vannort; cow, Wm. T. Ruth. Alderneys—Cow, R. S. Emory; heifer, R. S. Emory; bull, S. Vannort; heifer calf, R. S. Emory. Fat Cattle—Beef on hoof, J. C. Cosden. Oxen—Yoke oxen, J. W. Corey; do. steers, Robert Nicholson. Grades—Calf, S. Lecates; do., S. Lecates.

Sheep.—Long Wools—Buck, A. L. Corey; middle wools, buck, W. W. Stephens; pen ewes, Wm. T. Ruth; fine wools, buck, A. L. Corey; grades, best pen ewes, J. W. Corey.

Swine.—Large breed boar, S. Lecates; do., C. C. Hynson; brood sow, A. L. Corey; 2d do. do., S. Lecates; pen of pigs, S. Lecates. Small breed boar, Jas. Smith. Heaviest hog on hoof, S. Lecates.

Poultry.—Trio of Spanish, Mrs. W. H. Stewart; trio Light Bramahs, Mrs. Thos. Rasin; trio of leghorns, Mrs. W. H. Stewart; trio of games, Oliver Pennington; trio of Houdans, Mrs. Wm. T. Ruth; coop of bantams, Miss Stella Stephens. Trio of ducks, Mrs. W. T. Skirven; best Hong Kong and half-bred Geese, Mrs. John Duyer.

Butter.—Five pounds lump, Mrs. W. H. Stewart; five prints, Mrs. J. P. Nicholson; cone, Miss Jennie Overend.

Hams.—E. J. Watson.

Garden Vegetables.—Largest collection, Massey & Hudson; of any one kind Robert Nicholson.

Grain and Root Crops.—Sample of wheat, Wm. H. Stewart; white corn, Lewin Usilton; yellow corn, Lewin Usilton; Irish potatoes, J. L. Crew; sweet potatoes, Massey & Hudson; ruta baga, G. R. Stephens; white turnips, G. R. Stephens; mangel wurzel, W. H. Stewart.

Fruits.—Most varied collection, Wm. Ford; samples of apples, Wm. W. Stephens; pears, Wm. Ford; peaches, R. S. Emory; grapes, R. S. Emory; largest pear, J. H. Raymond.

Plants and Flowers.—Select collection, Massey & Hudson, Miss Marion Stephens, Miss May Wood.

Cut Flowers and Floral Designs.—Massey & Hudson, Mrs. G. R. Stephens, Mrs. John Gale.

Canned Fruits and Vegetables.—This committee failed to hand in their report. The following were awarded diplomas for their handiwork: Mrs. A. L. Vannort, Mrs. J. W. Corey, Mrs. Z. Roberts, Mrs. Robert Catlin, Mrs. T. A. Hulme, Miss Addie Bogle, Miss H. French, Miss Jennie Overend, Miss Rebecca Overend, Mrs. C. H. Hurlock, Miss Flora Tagget, Miss Annie Stephens, Mrs. M. A. Hanes, Mrs. Wm. Vannort, Mrs. Wm. Flinthom, Mrs. John N. Dodd, Miss Nellie P. Stelle, Mrs. G. R. Stephens. Miss Carrie Hynson, Daisy Stewart; A. J. Rees; curiosity box, Charles Smith; Whitney Arms Company, Mrs. James Brice, Mrs. Wm. H. Stewart, Mrs. J. P. Nicholson, G. E. DeCorse, Mrs. Rosa P. Mitchel.

Carriage and Leather Manufactures.—Best carriages, Whitworth Bros.; best single harness, Henry Parr.

Implements.—Two-horse concave plow, W. A. Hyland; do. acme plow, Moore & Beacham; do. sweep power, W. A. Hyland; marsh mower, John Bell; corn sheller, for hand or horse power, W. A. Hyland; family corn sheller, Harrisburg Family Corn Sheller Co.; post hole digger, Geo. T. Moore; reaper and mower knife sharpener, Robt. Nicholson; portable forge, Bellah & Elliott; sewing machine, New American; peach assorter, J. A. Jones; lard press, Wm. A. Hyland; fruit dryer, Massey & Hudson; breech loading gun, Whitney Arms Co.

Discretionary Premiums.—Percheron stallion, Frank Emory; donkey, Col. G. A. Hanson; roast and steak beef, James Brice.

THE CANAL.—When the Chesapeake & Delaware Canal was washed out on the 20th of August, it was feared by many that the destruction was so great that it would bankrupt the Company to repair it, and the report was freely circulated that the work would be abandoned. Yet within six weeks from the day of that fearful flood the Company, by a marvel of energy and hard work, have repaired what seemed almost irrepairable and again put to work the 600 or 800 men who were told that their occupation was gone, and brought in requisition 12 steamers and 150 barges that were laid up by the break. Six months and $500,000 were the time and amount first thought necessary to restore the canal to its former condition of usefulness, yet six weeks and $75,000 is the time and sum really required. This sum, however, though small in comparison with the wild estimates first given out, is nevertheless large relatively. Yet if it had taken double or even trebble the sum first estimated the work of repair could not have been abandoned. The $4,000,000 consumed in the construction of the canal could not be left to die in the hands of the Company, and the short and safe route it affords to the commerce of Philadelphia and Baltimore cannot be abandoned. Public interest demand it and its large dividends insure its maintainance. Its annual receipts from toll and other sources amount to about $375,000, while its annual expenditures for wages, repairs, taxes and interests on mortgage debt were, at the last annual report, less than $245,000. Its last dividends amounted to $114,372, and this, too, after buying up about $25,000 worth of the funded debt of the Company, to be converted into stock. It is hardly possible for such a work to fail.—*Smyrna Times.*

CHEESE FACTORY IN HARFORD COUNTY. A company has been formed in Harford county, Md., for the purpose of establishing a cheese factory, with a capital of $10,000 consisting of one hundred shares at $100 per share, and is to be known as the "Harford Green Spring Cheese Factory." They have purchased land situated near Hopewell and commenced the erection of the necessary buildings for the manufacture of cheese, butter, ice-cream, condensed milk, and anything into which milk can be converted.

THE GOVERNMENT BANKERS.—It is reported that the suspension of Henry Clews & Co., regretted by all classes of the community, was a special and most poignant affliction to the President. "Poor Henry," said Senator Morton, "his failure will hit General Grant the hardest of anything" We are curious to know how the President felt yesterday when he learned that the gallant stand made by Clews & Co. in New York during the early days of the panic was at the expense of the firm of Clews, Habicht & Co. in London, and that the foreign house had consequently been compelled to close its doors. Clews, Habicht & Co. are the financial agents of the State Department in Europe; Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. are the financial agents of the Navy. The suspension of either house involves the government in serious embarrassment, and even casts upon it a certain degree of discredit.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A FATAL shooting accident took place at Freetown, Somerset county, on Saturday, 27th ult. A son of Spencer Dennis, aged eleven years, in the absence of his parents took down a gun and walked to Ben. Waters's where Ben's niece was standing at the gate. The gun was discharged, no one knows how, and the load entered the breast of the girl. She expired on Sunday. A verdict of accidental shooting was rendered.

IT is generally believed that Gov. Whyte will not interfere with the sentence of death passed upon Joseph Davis, for the murder of Abraham Lynn. It is stated that the warrent for Davis' execution will be issued early this month.

The Excitement attending the great Financial panic is subsiding; but that caused by the re-opening of a fine stock of goods, at *The Little Store on the Corner*, Chesterville, is unceasing. Layman sells for cash, and challenges competition in prices. A full line of All-wool Shawls at a very low figure.

P. O. Business.—For the convenience of the public a letter-box was placed over the door of the postoffice at Chesterville, upon the transfer to its present hands, so that letters may be deposited in safety whenever the office is closed. Parties wishing to mail letters on Sunday will find this more convenient perhaps than looking up the P. M., either at home or church, and delivering to him their mail matter. The P. O. Regulations do not require the postoffice at Chesterville to be kept open on Sunday, and hereafter no letters or papers will be given out on that day.

Oct. 11—3t. H. C. LAYMAN, P. M.

Baltimore Price Current

Warden & Merritt's circular quotes choice white Wheat at $1.72a1.75; fair to prime, $1.50a1.70; red, good to prime, $1.60a1.70; common to fair, $1.40a1.55. Corn, white, 70 cts.; yellow, 68 cts. Oats, 47a50 cts.

MARRIED:

In Chestertown, on Wednesday morning, Oct 8th, by Rev. R. Scott Norris, WILLIAM SHEFFER, of Baltimore, to Miss MARY MARCALENE WYATT, of the former place.

On the 7th instant, by Rev. F. M. Chatham, THEODORE L. WALBERT and MARY A. JONES, both of this county.

DIED:

Near Smithville, on the 22d Sept., JOSEPH T., son of James and Susan Gibson, aged 18 years.

Farewell, father, lay me gently
In my little, narrow bed;
Think of Him who gave and took me,
Now I slumber with the dead.

Farewell, brother, I must leave you,
For the dark and silent tomb,
Close my eyes in deathless slumber,
Faded in my early bloom.

REV. P. L. WILSON, Agent of the Western Maryland College, will preach (D.V.) in Christ Church, Chestertown, on SABBATH EVENING, Oct. 12th, and in the MORNING at St. James'. 1t.

CAUTION.—As my wife, REBECCA, has left my bed and board without cause or justification, I hereby warn all persons from giving her shelter or credit of any sort on my account, and give notice that I will not pay any debts she may contract.
Oct. 11, 1873-3t. HENRY PAYNE.

NOTICE.—The notes given at my sale on the 19th December, 1872, will be due in a few days, and have been left in the hands of LEWIN USILTON, Esq., with instructions to collect without delay.
oc11-3t. P. O. HUTCHINS.

LOST, on Saturday, Aug. 23rd, either in Chestertown, or on the Camp ground, a SMALL BUNDLE, containing several articles, and with them a Lady's handsome Gold Breast Pin. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the Kent News office.
oc11-3t* MRS. T. J. VICKERS.

$10 REWARD.

Lost, on the 7th inst., at the Restaurant of Mr. Rockwell, in Chestertown, $30, in three notes, one $20 and two $5's. The finder is entitled to the above reward by returning $20 to L. R. GAWRONSKI, at Hall's Hotel. 3t*

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.—All persons are hereby positively forbidden to trespass upon the premises occupied by the undersigned, in Still Pond, by gunning or hunting. The law will be rigidly enforced.
MARY A. E. HEPBRON,
Oct. 11, 1873—3t.* Still Pond.

CAUTION TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby positively forbidden to gun, hunt, cross over the land, or in any other manner trespass upon the premises now occupied by the undersigned, in the neighborhood of Millington. The law will be enforced.
ROBERT PEARSON,
ENOCH J. MOFFETT,
JEREMIAH N. MOFFETT,
JOHN B. PRICE,
JAMES ORR,
ROBERT L. PEARSON,
oc11-3t* J. A. THORNTON.

FOR RENT,

THE STORE HOUSE,

in Galena, occupied by Mr. Geo. W. Sutton. Also, a DWELLING HOUSE, in Galena, on the road to Sassafras. Also, a SHOP, adjoining the property of Mr. Jeremiah Peacock, suitable for a Tailor Shop or small Store.
For terms, &c., apply to
FRANK M. GOODING,
Oct. 11, 1873—tf. Chesterville.

FOR RENT,
For the ensuing year
THE STORE HOUSE,
of the late Rich'd Hodges, at Edesville. There is also an extra room and a shed room for rent. For terms apply to the undersigned.
MARY M. BAKER,
Oct. 4, 1873—4t. near Edesville.

FOR RENT,
In Chestertown for the year 1874,
BLACKSMITH
And WHEELWRIGHT SHOPS.
Good stand. Also, Three DWELLINGS, one with a good garden.
oc4-3t. C. H. BAKER, Att'y.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A nice STORE and DWELLING near Rock Hall, Kent county, well finished and conveniently arranged for a respectable business; about ½ acre of land, well enclosed for garden, some choice fruit, &c.; thickly settled neighborhood and cash customers. A very desirable stand for any one wishing to keep a good country store. Terms liberal.
Apply to INDIANA M. COMEGYS,
oc4-3t* Rock Hall, Kent co., Md.

A GRAND CONCERT

And Entertaining Programme of
SACRED MUSIC—Vocal & Instrumental,
will be given at Still Pond M. E. Church, on TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 14. The Concert will be under the leadership of the renowned Profs. Saunders and Robinson, assisted by a full choir, from Baltimore. Doors open at 7. Admission—adults 50 cts; Children 25c.
Oct. 4, 1873—2t. (T)

WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, with a small family, a SITUATION as Overseer for the next year. He is well versed in farming, and can give good recommendations. Enquire at the Kent News office.
Sept. 27, 1873—3t.

FOR SALE,

THE FARM formerly owned by J. B. F. Anderson, containing

389 Acres of Choice Land,

WELL IMPROVED.

Modern built BRICK HOUSE, containing eleven rooms, and porches; two Granaries; two Tenant Houses, and Out-Buildings.

9,000 BEARING PEACH TREES,

Located directly on Chesapeake Bay, between Worton and Fairlee Creeks, Kent co., Md.

The present owner is engaged in manufacturing in the West, and will sell this Farm, with Stock and Implements, on easy terms.

For all information address
WM. OVEREND,
FAIRLEE POST OFFICE,
oc11a25. *Kent County, Md.*

New Millinery and Notions!

MRS. H. C. CARROLL,

WOULD call the attention of the LADIES of Chestertown and vicinity to a FINE ASSORTMENT of

New and Beautiful Millinery Goods

and NOTIONS, including the LATEST FALL STYLES, which she is selling at the very lowest prices. An examination of her goods and prices is respectfully solicited.
MRS. H. C. CARROLL,
oc11-3t. Successor to Mrs. C. R. Fiddis.

BOOK NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE the following shall be the prices for the various Books, &c., sold by the School Board at their several Depositaries, and those who have charge of the same shall act accordingly. For any article not specified in this list, there shall be made an additional charge of fifteen per cent. to the present price of the same. This is found necessary in order to cover the expense of Books, &c., and make them self supporting.

LIST OF PRICES:

Holmes' Speller	18 cents.
" First Reader	21 "
" Second Reader	35 "
" Third Reader	46 "
" Fourth Reader	63 "
" Fifth Reader	$1 00
Venable's First Lesson Arithmetic	25 "
" Mental Arithmetic	37 "
" Elementary "	37 "
" Practical "	75 "
" Higher "	1 00
Elementary Algebra	1 25
Maury's First Lesson Geography	52 "
" World we Live In	1 00
" Manual Geography	1 85
History United States	1 15
Steel's 14 Weeks Philosophy	1 25
Carter's General History	1 05
Copy Books	11 "
History of Maryland	38 "
Harvey's English Grammar	87 "
" Elementary "	43 "
Webster's Prim. Dictionary	52 "
School Diaries	6 "
Chalk Crayons, per box	36 "
Slate Pencils, per box	28 "
Pens, per box	87 "

Liquid Slating, for the making of Black Boards for the several schools, may be procured of JOHN W. COLLINS, Esq., upon written order of at least two Trustees of the School.

This Slating comes in pints and quarts, and one pint will cover 35 sq. ft. of surface, and must be applied as soon as opened.

By order of the Board,
oc11-3t. CHAS. G. RICAUD, Sec'y.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs of execution, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, one at the suit of William S. Boyd, one at the suit of Andrew Woodall, and one at the suit of F. K. Eldridge, against the goods and chattels of Henry H. Rasin, I have levied on, seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Henry H. Rasin of, in and to

NINE HEAD of HORSES,

1 Pair Mules, 12 Cattle, 1 Yoke Oxen, 28 Hogs, 22 Shoats, 2 Buggies and Harness, 1 Cider Press, lot of Hay and Blades, 1 Ox-Cart, Wagon and Harness, Gears, and Farm Implements.

And I hereby give notice, that on

THURSDAY, the 23d of October, 1873

at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises occupied by said Rasin, I will sell the said property so seized and taken in execution, at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy the said debts, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

SALE POSITIVE.
A. B. WHEATLEY, Sheriff.
Chestertown, Oct. 11, 1873—ts.

MERCHANT TAILOR
FROM
PHILADELPHIA

THE undersigned has just returned from the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore with a Large and Assorted Stock of Goods, selected with great care. Being a practical workman himself he feels confident that he can please in style and quality of his goods.

A Fine Stock of Black Cloth,

also fine Beaver Cloth of different colors and shades. FRENCH CASSIMERE for suits of all colors. Knowing there has been