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The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.
Office in the Masonic Hall.

JAS. H. PLUMMER. WM. H. USILTON.
PLUMMER & USILTON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:
TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable in advance. If not paid within six months from the time of subscribing, Two Dollars and Fifty Cents may be charged.

☞ Local and other correspondence solicited from all parts of the county.
☞ Anonymous communications will not be noticed.

Kent News.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to General and Local Intelligence, Literature, Agricultural and Mechanical Interests, Politics and Advertising

Vol. 35. CHESTERTOWN, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1874. No. 20.

Rates of Advertising:

Advertisements occupying the space of eight lines brevier type, will be inserted three times for One Dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year, half-year or quarter.

Obituaries will be inserted at one-half advertising rates.

JOB-PRINTING,
SUCH AS
HANDBILLS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BLANKS,
&c., &c.,
Executed with neatness and dispatch, and at reasonable prices.

☞ CALL AND SEE
☞ BEFORE BUYING
☞ ANY OTHER KIND.

THE
FARMER'S FAVORITE,
OR
BICKFORD & HUFFMAN
GRAIN DRILL.

HINES & BURCHINAL
Agents for Kent and Queen Anne's Co.'s

FOR THE ABOVE DRILL, HAVE ON EXHIBITION at their Ware House, next to the Kent National Bank, one of

The Improved Drills for 1874.

This Drill has stood the test for several years as CHAMPION OF GRAIN DRILLS THE ONLY GRAIN DRILL which throws out of gear by the Automatic action of the TUBE LIFTER, and covers all the seed distributed. THE SHIFTER, to enable the farmer to change the Tubes from a straight to a zig-zag, without raising the Tubes or stopping team.

THE IMPROVED
Fertilizer or Guano ATTACHMENT
For 1874.

SURPASSES ANYTHING IN THE MARKET. Sows Guano, Super Phosphate, Bone Dust, Lime, Ashes, Salt, Plaster, or any Fertilizer, DRY OR DAMP, in desired quantities per acre. Never fails to perform.

The complaint about Drills not sowing Damp Fertilizers ceases with this Drill, as it has been obviated by the above Guano Attachment.

HINES & BURCHINAL sold Two Car loads last Fall of the New Style, and they gave perfect satisfaction, as the following Certificates will show:

NEAR CHESTERTOWN, KENT CO., MD., July 8th, 1873.

To Messrs. Hines & Burchinal, General Agents for the sale of Agricultural Implements, Chestertown:—Gentlemen: I have the highest appreciation of the merits of Bickford & Huffman's Eight Tooth Wheat and Guano Drill. The arrangement, for simplicity and good execution, I have never seen equalled in the workmanship of any similar Agricultural Implement. The Guano Attachment of this Drill is a *very gem* of excellence, and must soon establish its utility and superiority beyond cavil. In short, this is the best "Combination" Drill with which I am acquainted, and therefore, in recommending it to the consideration of Farmers generally affords me not a little pleasure.
JOSHUA COPPER, Farmer.

CHESTERTOWN, Kent Co., Md., July 9th, 1873.

MESSRS. HINES & BURCHINAL—*Dear Sirs:* The Latest Improved Bickford & Huffman Drill I purchased of you last Fall gives me perfect satisfaction, in both seeding of Wheat and Fertilizers, sowing them both regular, and it is my impression it far surpasses any Drill I ever saw, and I would cheerfully recommend it to the Farmers of Kent co. The late improvement beats anything I ever saw for seeding Fertilizers.
ISAAC PERKINS.

STILL POND, Kent Co., Md., May 8th, 1874.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I bought of HINES & BURCHINAL last Fall one of the Bickford & Huffman Improved Wheat and Fertilizer Drills, which I pronounce the best I have ever seen. My son bought a Delaware Drill at the same time, and says he likes mine better.

I think, and in fact know, that the Bickford & Huffman is the best Drill. It sows the Guano *perfectly even*, and it is the only Drill I ever saw that did.
JAMES A. ROSEBERRY.

They also refer to:
GEO. W. T. PERKINS, WM. H. STEWART,
DR. SAMUEL BECK, JOHN BRICE,
SAMUEL TAYLOR, WILLIAM FORD,
AND OTHERS,
Who will give the highest testimony in favor of these Drills.

Persons in want of a good Drill, should call and see the NEW STYLE for 1874.

Those in want of a 9-tube with shaft, will give their orders as soon as possible, as the Company make all 8-tube with tongue, unless otherwise ordered.

HINES & BURCHINAL,
Chestertown, Md.

FERTILIZERS.

We also offer to Farmers the following well known brands of Phosphate:

Maryland Fertilizing Company's.
Whitelock & Co.'s Vegetator.
J. J. Turner & Co.'s Excelsior, and Ammoniated Super Phosphate.
Rasin & Co.'s Sea Island Guano, and Ground Meat and Bone.
Rhodes & Company's.
Watson & Clark's.
And Pacific Guano.

☞ We offer the above Phosphate on time and reasonable terms, delivered either on Sassafras or Chester River and their tributaries. Call before buying.
HINES & BURCHINAL,
Aug. 15—3m. Chestertown.

DOWN-TOWN
Clothing and Variety Store

JOHN K. WILLIS,

IS prepared to accommodate the public at Bacchus' old stand, corner High and Queen Streets, with

CLOTHING AT CITY PRICES!

Coats from $1 up; Under shirts and Drawers from 50 cts. up; Neck Ties 3c, 5c, 10 and 15c Straw Hats 18 to 20 cts., and other goods in proportion.

Flour, Meal and Feed of all kinds.

BACON, DRIED BEEF, SAUSAGE, FISH, all at the very lowest prices.

Groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Syrups, &c., &c., a full supply, which require only to be seen to secure sales.

Notions.—A large variety of goods in this line, to which special attention is paid.

☞ Give me a call.
JOHN K. WILLIS.

For Rent, 5 GOOD DWELLING HOUSES on Queen Street, Chestertown, and several smaller ones in other sections of the town.
Jy18-tf. JOHN K. WILLIS

TWELVE SMALL HOUSES
FOR SALE.

Rented for the present year at $50 each. For terms, &c., apply to THOS. S. BORDLEY, Attorney for JOHN BORDLEY, Chestertown.
April 4, 1874—tf.

15,000 BRANDYWINE Raspberry Plants for sale, genuine, from the Nursery of Thos. J. Vickers, in Broad Neck.
Apply to JAMES DAVIS,
aug29-3t* near Rock Hall.

TRUSTEES' SALE
—OF—
TOWN PROPERTY,
In Chestertown, Maryland.

BY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent County, as a Court of Equity, the undersigned, as Trustees, will offer at Public Sale to the highest bidder, at the Voshell House in Chestertown, on

WEDNESDAY,
The SEVENTH of OCTOBER, 1874,
At half past Eleven o'clock, A. M.,

THE DWELLING HOUSE
And PREMISES

OF THE LATE CHARLES STANLEY, on the corner of High and Queen Streets, in Chestertown. This Lot fronts on High Street 62 feet, 5 inches, and has a depth of 126 feet on Queen Street. There is a

Large Frame Dwelling

on the lot, with a SUBSTANTIAL AND CONVENIENT BRICK BACK BUILDING fronting upon Queen Street, with ample room for a large family, besides several rooms which are rented as stores.

There is also a FRAME SHOP and a LARGE SHED for storage of materials, fronting on Queen Street, and now used by C. A. A. Stanley, Esq., in his business as an Undertaker.

The location is very desirable, either as a residence or for a business stand, and the parcel is sufficient for four Building Lots of convenient size, if it should be desired.

This lot is part of town lot Number 26, and the same which was conveyed to Chas. Stanley, dec'd, by J. N. Gordon and wife, by deed dated March 21st, 1849, and duly recorded among the Land Records for Kent county, saving therefrom all that parcel of said lot fronting on Queen Street 32 feet, with a depth of 62 feet, 5 inches, now occupied by C. A. A. Stanley, Esq., and conveyed to him by said Chas. Stanley and wife, by deed dated February 19, 1866, and duly recorded as aforesaid.

THE TERMS OF SALE

As prescribed by the Decree, are as follows:—One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale or in thirty days thereafter at the option of the Trustees, and the balance in three equal instalments in six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale; the credit payments to be secured by the Bond of the purchaser with approved security, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

Deed at the cost of the purchasers.

RICHARD HYNSON,
JAMES A. PEARCE,
TRUSTEES

The Creditors of Chas. Stanley, late of Kent County, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent County within four months from the day of sale.

RICHARD HYNSON, JAMES A. PEARCE, } TRUSTEES.
Chestertown, Sept. 12, 1874—ts.

TRUSTEES' SALE
—OF—
Town Property.

THE undersigned, Trustees, by virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent County, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause wherein John T. Dodd is complainant, and George W. Greenwood and others are defendants, will offer at public sale at the Voshell House, in Chestertown, on

WEDNESDAY,
The SEVENTH of OCTOBER, 1874,
AT ELEVEN O' CLOCK, A. M.,

THE DWELLING HOUSE
AND PREMISES,

OF THE LATE JOHN GREENWOOD, on Queen Street, in Chestertown.

THE HOUSE

IS A TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING, with two large rooms and a hall in the main building down stairs, and with three good chambers up stairs in the main building.—There is also a convenient Back Building, with several rooms up stairs and down—good kitchen and pantry, ample Cellar and good Meat House. There is also a good Yard surrounding the house, and a good Garden in the rear. The house was built several years since specially for a residence for the late John Greenwood, is well finished in every respect, and a convenient, comfortable Dwelling.

THE TERMS OF SALE

As prescribed by the Decree, are as follows: Six hundred dollars to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or in thirty days thereafter, and the balance in three equal instalments in six, twelve, and eighteen months from the day of sale. The credit payments to be secured by the Bond of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Trustees, and to bear interest from the day of sale.

Possession given January 1st, 1875. Deed at the cost of the purchaser.

RICHARD HYNSON,
JAMES A. PEARCE,
TRUSTEES.

☞ The Creditors of John Greenwood, late of Kent county, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, with the vouchers thereof, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, within four months from the day of sale.

RICHARD HYNSON, JAMES A. PEARCE, } TRUSTEES.
Chestertown, Sept. 12, 1874—ts.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

THE undersigned as Trustee, will expose to sale on

WEDNESDAY, the 30th Sept., 1874,

at Mr. H. C. Pennington's hotel at Crumpton (on Kent side), at 12 o'clock, M., a FARM of the late James Urie, formerly the

ANTHONY or PRIMROSE FARM,

about two and a half miles from Crumpton, in Queen Anne's county, containing

207 Acres, 2 Roods and 7 Perches,

more or less. Several hundred cords of Wood may be cut. The land has been limed; soil good for grain. DWELLING and Out-Buildings in good condition. Mr. J. Sapp is the tenant.

THE TERMS OF SALE are: One-fourth on the day of sale or in 60 days thereafter—balance in four equal instalments in 6, 12, 18 and 24 months from the day of sale; interest from 1st Jan. next; purchase money to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with security.
GEORGE VICKERS, Trustee.
Chestertown, Sept. 12, 1874—ts.

Can Wax, Corks, Green Ginger,

DRY Race Ginger, Bleached Jamaica Ginger, Strictly Pure Ground Race Ginger, and Strictly Pure Ground Jamaica Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Allspice, Strictly Pure English Mustard, White & Black Mustard Seed, Celery Seed, Thumeric, and all kinds of Spices for sale at City Prices by
C. F. STAM & BRO.
Sept. 5.

CIGARS—by the 100 or 1000 at city prices at SPARKS'.

TOBACCO—from 65c to $1.75 per lb.
SPARKS.

Agricultural Exhibition!

KENT COUNTY
Agricultural Society
WILL HOLD ITS
Next Annual Fair
ON ITS GROUNDS,
AT
WORTON STATION, KENT CO. R. R.,
COMMENCING ON
The 29th of September, proximo,
AND CONTINUE THREE DAYS.

LIBERAL PREMIUMS
ARE OFFERED,
AND LISTS OPEN TO ALL.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS DESIRED TO PREMIUMS OFFERED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF
Domestic and Household Manufacture.

☞ For Premium Lists, and other information, apply to
JOHN W. COREY,
Secretary of Executive Committee,
Hanesville, Kent Co., Md.

☞ For the privilege of DINING SALOON and HORSE POUND, apply to same.
Sept. 5 1874—tf.

PRIZE ESSAY!

THE KENT CO. AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION hereby offers a

Premium of $25 for the Best Essay,
AND
$15 for the Second Best Essay,

Showing the advantages Kent County affords agriculturists, as to location, climate and soil, and also as to its social, literary and religious privileges. The essay to be equal to three columns (brevier) of our county papers.

The essay that gains the first prize to be read at our Annual Exhibition, to be given to home and foreign papers for publication, and to be further used as the wisdom of the committee may suggest.

Offer open to Kent County alone.

Competitors must enclose by mail in a sealed envelope, over a nom de plume, their essays to the corresponding secretary of the association on or before Thursday, Sept. 24th.

ROBERT NICHOLSON, Pres't.
S. VANNORT, Corresponding Secretary.
Sept. 5 1874—3t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of several writs of execution, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and to me directed, one at the suit of Wm. Kennedy, use of R. Hynson; one at the suit of Wm. D. Burchinal; one at the suit of Watson & Clark; one at suit of Daniel Clark; one at suit of John W. Hines, indorsee of R. E. Wallis, and one at the suit of of T. H. Horsey; also, Clerk's and other officer's fees; against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Arthur J. Wallis; I have levied on, seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of the said Wallis, of, in and to the following property, to wit:

That Farm or Plantation,

lying and being in the Second Election District, adjoining the lands of C. L. Wallis, John Myers, and others, containing

175 ACRES, More or Less,

it being the same land which a certain Miss Mason willed to said Wallis on or about the 11th of October, 1843, as per Record will more fully appear.

ALSO,

THREE HORSES, 2 MULES, 1 STEER

1 Carriage and Harness, 1 Wagon and Harness, 1 Dearborn, Reaper, Mower, half interest in Corn Sheller and Horse Power, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, and

Other Farming Implements.

And I hereby give notice, that on *MONDAY, the 28th of September*, 1874, At 10 o'clock, A. M., on the premises above named, I will sell said property, so seized and taken in execution, to the highest bidders for cash, to pay and satisfy said writs, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

A. B. WHEATLEY,
Sept. 5, 1874—ts. Late Sheriff.

Constable's Sale.

BY virtue of one writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued by C. A. A. Stanley, a Justice of the Peace of the State of Maryland, in and for Kent county, to me directed; at the suit of Francis T. Maslin, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Peter M. Hamilton and John Johnson, colored; I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim and interest of John Johnson, of, in and to

All that House and Lot of Land,
IN BROAD NECK.

2 HORSES, 2 COWS, 1 DEARBORN.

And I hereby give notice, that on *SATURDAY, the 10th October*, 1874, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Market House, in Chestertown, I will sell the said property at public sale to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay and satisfy the said writ, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

SAMUEL L. RAWLEIGH,
Sept. 19, 1874—ts.[4 50] Constable.

Farmers, Look to Your Interest!
EXAMINE YOUR
Wheat and Phosphate Drills,
And have them put in order.

We intend to do all REPAIRING in that line, as well as all other kinds that go in with WHEELWRIGHTING AND BLACKSMITHING. Send your Drills early, so we can have them ready for you.

☞ Our personal attention is always given to our work.

TILGHMAN SHAFER,
Aug8. Kennedyville.

LETTER FROM CHINCOTEAGUE.

Stiff Breezes—Solomon—Hotels—Here and There—Dismay of the "Finny Tribe"—Delicacies—Ponies—Maryland Editors—The Reason Why, &c.

Messrs. Editors:—A week on this Island form an epoch in one's history not soon to be forgotten. Your correspondent has been there. Has experienced the pleasure of a delightful seven miles' sail across the Sinepuxent, aboard the U. S. Grant, the fastest sloop in those waters; heard the creaking of her mast, bending before the stiff breeze; saw her guards under water, and felt the briny waves that dashed, in huge pailfuls, across her deck. How exciting! 'Tis well, sometimes, to have confidence in man; especially in the *helms*-man.

But, on the Island! "Sand is mighty," says Solomon. Is there the remotest possibility that he ever visited Chincoteague? "Atlantic Hotel" and "Virginia House," commodious and comfortable houses; both crowded. We go to the camp ground and soon make the acquaintance of the gentlemanly proprietor of the boarding tent. What an appetite that salt gale has whetted up! It is all over now! Can you print a sigh? You know a cruel artist once wanted to paint a dying groan. To explain, let us say that we recollect that noonday repast with something of the feeling of one who has just come out of that period in which he thinks the "moon is made of green cheese."

How we would like to hear again the voice of that waiter, saying, in such a coaxing tone, "Have trout, sir, just two hours from the water." Your correspondent is no epicure, but there are some persuasive tones that he has not harshness enough in his nature to resist; and the history, especially the sad end, of a certain dish, might be very laconically written. The proprietor tells you, too, precisely where his "nice sand clams, sir!" came from; more than your Green House man would dare undertake to say for his Bolognas. Several "gentlemen of the cloth" were present, but their feathered biped friends were sadly neglected, to the utter dismay of the "finny tribe;" which, if they took any action in the manner, probably wished for another "September gust," (in the month of August) to send a big wave over that boarding tent. Among the many other delicacies might be mentioned wild fowl, of various kinds, excellent oysters, soft crabs, terrapin, beach ponies, and last, but not least in interest, a prodigal sprinkling of sea-ticks. The last named delicacy is most interesting on the "bite." Josh Billings' "hornet," that could break up a camp-meeting, "when in good health," is no touch to them. A slight scattering of sea-ticks will hold the distracted attention of a tremendous audience. They are one of the wonders that "never cease," especially when you wonder where you got them.

You will not be surprised that our attention was particularly attracted to the Ponies. A "penning" gave us an opportunity to see them *en masse*. They were driven together by mounted boys and men, with much whoop and hollow. The "pen is in the village; is enclosed by houses and upright board or rail fencing, such as is used around village gardens, and is altogether very much like the yard where, with Sir Black Knight and Lady Paddlefoot, we made our first lessons in Rockwell. Some sixty or eighty, mostly the property of one man, were penned on this occasion for the purpose of selling. Your correspondent's curiosity was gratified, but his opinion of the Islanders' skill and dexterity in horsemanship not at all elevated, by seeing two of the ponies caught. A running noose is made in the end of long, heavy rope, and attached to the end of a pole. The herd is then approached; the one selected is, if possible, cornered, the noose passed over the head, and the captive *choked down*. The first one caught, a beautiful roan, with a fine colt at her side, soon yielded, was thrown, haltered and led out; but the second, intended to match (both having been bought by a New York gentlemen) was far the superior in point of spirit. No lover of good horses could behold, but with admiration, the display of nerve and spirit made by that proud little beast; nor witness, but with profoundest disgust, the cruel and ill-directed efforts made by four or five men to "choke down" and conquer the noble animal. She was several times thrown, but would struggle up, even with her captors hanging to her head and neck. Her proud form, indignantly distended nostrils, triumphant, yet beseeching look, and pitiful neigh, as she shook off her tormentors; was in striking contrast to the revengeful looks, wrathful vociferations, and muttered curses of her defeated captors. And when, at length, she was overcome, one might have thought, by the exultation, that a Bengal tiger had been subdued. God gave man "dominion over the beasts of the field," and man—gentle, sympathetic, intelligent man—yet maintains that "dominion;" but when brute meets brute, "then comes the tug of war."

These horses, though running wholly at large, are not wild. When penned they exhibit no signs of fright; men and boys pass among them, and they only move off timidly, and, with furtive glances, look the sentiment—

"Only man is vile."

It is much to be regretted that purity of stock has not been preserved among them. On this point it is only necessary to say that we saw several mule colts among them, and they are, doubtless, to a great extent, a mongrel herd. The pure Beach is fast getting to be in the minority. "Their heads are larger, in proportion, than their bodies," said Dr. B; "the things don't get enough to eat." "Is that the cause, doctor?" "Certainly, don't you know that a starving pig's head keeps on growing, whether his body does or not." We revolved in our mind whether the rule applied to men; congratulated self on having a "little head with little wit," rather than a "big head with not a bit," and then thought thus about the ponies: This (big head) is one of the evils resulting from the introduction of other breeds, which have not the hardiness to endure the bleak, winter exposure, short "grub," and other concomitants of Beach-pony life; and the effects are seen in big heads and diminutive bodies. But this does not apply to the pure Beach. Their bodies are symmetrical; limbs and head well proportioned; bright eyes and long shaggy mane. Many are disappointed when they see these ponies. They expect too much, and do not apply the "starved pig" theory. A good horseman, who thinks, will not expect to find a pony fat and sleek living on a sand-beach, or in a musquito-infested marsh; nor that his shaggy mane will be kept in order by galloping through pine thickets. When taken to the mainland and grain fed, or even pastured there, they improve much in appearance and spirit.

We could write much more of this really interesting Island, where, not roads but paths, winding serpentinely thro' the pine groves, are used; where not carriages, but saddle ponies and boats, are the vehicles of travel; and where the necessary comforts, and even luxuries of life, are so plentiful and labor so easy, that, to quote the confession of an Islander, it is "*the best place in the world for a lazy man to live*;" and it is also said that one who removes here from the mainland "*never gets away again*." There appears some truth in the latter assertion when we are informed that, in the space of thirty or forty years, from a few log huts, good dwellings, hotels, churches of various denominations, and even villages, have sprung up, and the population has increased to fifteen or eighteen hundred.

In conclusion of our letter, which we did not purpose making so lengthy, we have only to say that the Maryland editors missed a good deal by not carrying out their projected visit to this Island; unless, fearing they could not resist the attraction it has for lazy people, they wisely (?) concluded not to risk it. In which case Islanders' loss is our gain.
L.

FROM THE HILLS OF YORK AGAIN.

Object of Meeting—Chicken Cholera and Ministerial Penchant—Style of Preaching—Praying Women—Live Men and Zealous Christians—Pistols for More Than Two and No Coffee—Plenty of Cider—Splendid Scenery—More Hills—Slate Quarrying, &c., &c.

Messrs. Editors:—In continuation of my former notes, I may add that it was very evident at first sight that the good people of Peach Bottom Mission had not pitched their tents among those wooded hills for mere pleasure, for recreation, for social enjoyment, or any other purpose save one—the conversion of sinners.

The fare in the tents was plain and abundant. If any minister went there with the expectation of feasting on fried chicken, he came away a sad and wiser man. The cholera had preceded them and the barn yards had been decimated. Floyd's vigorous energetic spirit had been infused into his people, and visitors ministerial and lay caught it at sight.

The preaching was bold, nervous, and high-toned. Dr. Southerland outdid himself; and the lay brethren followed up the telling efforts of the ministers with burning zeal and powerful effect. I have not heard such earnest prayers as came from the heart and fell from the lips of some of the women on that ground, and from the inception of the meeting to its close, at the conclusion of every public service numbers were found seeking counsel and prayer in their behalf. Twenty-three, I think, were taken into membership, but judging from the interest manifested throughout this would seem to be but a tithe of the harvest which will be gathered in during the ensuing weeks. These converts were mostly men and women of influence and decision of character, and therefore the result is not likely to be ephemeral.

On the second day of the camp it was reported that a man had opened a booth in the vicinity for the sale of ice cream, sweet cider, &c., (including it was thought something harder,) in the vicinity of the Camp. An officer was dispatched to inquire for his license, but not being able to show the document the brethren concluded to buy his ice cream and send him home. On Sunday, however, a more obstinate customer turned up. He had nothing to sell but whiskey, and refusing to desist and depart in peace, the officer attempted to arrest him. To this also he objected, and showed fight, being pretty strongly backed by a party of roughs. Pistols became requisite and eight or ten shots were fired, one, it is alleged, taking effect on the offender. On being arrested he was taken through the circle of tents just as Dr. Swentzel was about to preach, and carried before a magistrate. The effect was not only to embarrass the Doctor but to diminish the congregation and reduce the collection which was to be taken. These were the only events to mar the harmony of the meeting.

I did not suppose that I should meet with an acquaintance during my stay, but I had not been on the ground five minutes before a bright eyed little boy grasped me by the hand and hurried me off to his tent to see his mother and grandpa and family. He was the son of a dear friend, who spent eight years of his useful life in teaching in this county, first at Morgan's Creek, then at Galena, then at Kennedyville, and finally at Still Pond, dying of consumption at the home of his aged father in law at Bryansville. Your readers will readily recall Wm. Galligher, the accomplished scholar and gentleman; and some of them have not forgotten dear old Dr. Bryan. His son, Dr. N. Bryan, was on the ground, and made me feel perfectly at home as did his amiable lady and his aunt. On one occasion Dr. B. was under the necessity of visiting a patient several miles from the encampment, and I cheerfully accepted an invitation to ride with him. Reaching his residence at Bryansville, I amused myself in examining his cabinet of curiosities while he prepared medicines for his patient. Here I found a preserved globe-fish, recognizing him at once by a similar one which I once took in Narragansett Bay. Star fish, Sea anemones, sponges of various kinds, corals, and a varied collection of shells, gratified my curiosity, and last but not least, an admirably preserved specimen of the cow-fish, the head and horns a perfect resemblance of its vaccine name sake. Having given as much attention to these as our time would admit, the Doctor observed that in his office he would show me something which probably I should never see again. He thereupon took from the shelf a jar containing the exact counterpart of the Siamese twins! They were very fair and really pretty children, both, I think, girls, one somewhat larger than the other. He informed me that a lady in the vicinity had given birth to them about five weeks prior to that time; that both were born alive, but lived but a short time.

I learned that the Doctor was one of the scientific party who, under the guidance of the lamented Agassiz, made the exploration of Brazil some years ago, and at that time gathered the molusks and marine plants and animals in his collection.

If I had been astonished at the hills already passed, it was simply changed to a feeling of awe as we prosecuted our trip. Crossing the narrow-gauge railway, connecting Oxford with the Pa Central at York, running here between Muddy Creek and these stupendous hills, we crossed the crossed the creek and began the ascent of one of these young mountains. The scene was grand, above us towered the miniature mountain, clothed from base to summit with heavy timber, below us was a deep chasm across which ran the brawling little stream, and from the summit a beautiful and fertile plateau could be seen for miles away the farm houses and barns of York and Lancaster, and an occasional glimpse of "my Maryland."

I was equally gratified a day or two later with another ride with my friend in the direction of the Susquehanna river including a visit to the Slate quarries of Slate ridge. These are near the historical "Mason & Dixon's line," some being in Maryland and a part in Pa. I took a peep into one from which the giant power of steam was lifting huge masses of slate to be split into tiles for roofing. No other roofs are seen in this region. Peering down two hundred feet or more, I could barely see the sturdy Welchmen below, looking like pigmies, but could hear their sturdy blows with great distinctness.

We passed another quarry, in which work had ceased; it was nearly full of water from springs which had been tapped. It was said to be 330 feet in depth. I was informed that workmen were engaged in boring an outlet for this vast body of water with a view to a resumption of work in the quarry. This will, it is supposed, drain the wells in the vicinity, as it has been known to do before.

Reaching the river, the Doctor pointed out the limits of the disastrous ice-gorge of last year, though at this point, Peach Bottom, there was no loss of life. Here is an extensive trade in coal and lumber. Retracing our way we took another route to the Camp. Climbing a great hill with its dark gorge below, through which babbled a little stream, our eyes from the summit beheld a picture not easily effaced. There lay on our right the river in its quiet beauty, dotted here and there with green isles, behind us the bald and craggy sides of Slate Ridge, and before us a country unsurpassed in culture and beauty and over all the setting sun was pouring its golden splendors.

It could not but enhance and intensify the feelings with which the beautiful day was closed in devotional exercises on the Camp ground. Truly "the strength of the hills is His also."

Yours, ever, H.

P. S.—It was decided by a unanimous vote to hold a camp-meeting in the same spot next year. Any wishing to renew their strength physically, mentally and spiritually will do well to go.

The Ten Commandments.

The Rev. Dr. R. W. Dale, an English preacher of some note, has recently printed a series of discourses on the ten commandments, which have excited considerable attention from the London press.—Discourses on the commandments very commonly are full of strained application, while the preacher attempts to make his text appropriate to modern circumstances, but there is nothing of the kind here.

"THOU SHALT NOT STEAL."

Here is an application for the eighth commandment:

"If a workman, who is hired to work ten hours, takes advantage of the absence of the master, or foreman, to smoke a pipe and read a newspaper for one hour of ten, he steals one-tenth of his day's wages. He does the very thing that a shopkeeper would do who gave him fourteen ounces of butter or sugar instead of a pound, or nine yards of calico when the bill charged ten.

An assistant in a shop who, instead of caring for his master's interest as if they were his own, puts no heart into his work, exercises no ingenuity, treats customers carelessly instead of courteously, and so diminishes the chances of their coming again, gets his salary on false pretences, does not give the kind of service which he knows his employer expects, and which he would expect if he were an employer himself. He cannot but know that his services are worth but half what they would be if he did his best. Instead of earning the £40 a year for which he is engaged, he does not earn more than £15 or £20, and practically steals the rest."

A man who knows how to drive home blows like that and is not afraid to do it, is to be a power in the community.

A Frog with Horns.

A Boston paper says: "One of those curious creatures, a horned frog, from Texas, is on exhibition in the window of an apothecary shop here. The animal, owing to the confinement of transportation, is in a torpid condition at present. The creature belongs to a very ancient family, and resembles more some fossilized and extinct species than living organism. It is of a dirty white color, and has two little spike like horns on its head and three on each side of its backbone. It goes on two legs and a tail better than the ordinary beast, and is evidently, by the cut of its phiz, of the lizard species. This frog-lizard is a native of the arid plains of Texas. It is a very dry individual, and seldom takes anything, not even a walk; it will not eat anything that is given it, but amuses itself by catching flies. It can make a very good flycatch."

"ARE the Joneses back?" inquired Mrs. Spilkins, who has been out of town all summer. "Yes'm," replied the cook, "and Mrs. Brown and the children got home from Saratoga this morning." Then, Mary, you may open the front shutters," continued Mrs. S., "and say that we've returned, too."

A GENTLEMAN undertook for a wager to stand for a whole day on London bridge with a tray full of good sterling sovereigns, and would fail to find customers for a penny apiece; and won the wager, as all passers by thought he was trying to cheat them with brass imitations.

The Fruit Farm and Nursery of N. Barnard, Esq.

We take pleasure in laying before our readers the following report of a committee appointed by the Kent county Agricultural Club to visit the Fruit Farm and Nursery of N. Barnard, Esq., at Howell's Point, Kent county:

The undersigned committee, appointed by the Kent County (Md.) Agricultural Club, to visit the fruit farm of N. Barnard, Esq., in said county, on Howell's Point, beg leave to report that on the 4th of September, 1874, we performed that duty and found much of interest to claim our attention.

The farm contains about 444 acres, and is handsomely locatad on the Eastern shore of the Chesapeake Bay, at the mouth of Sassafras river. There is a wharf on this property where steamers stop daily for Philadelphia and Baltimore, and even New York when freight is offered, which afford ample facilities for shipping the large quantities of fruit raised on the farm.

The Peach orchards cover an area of over 200 acres, which are in a thrifty condition and show good tillage, but unfortunately, like most other peach orchards in Kent county this year, will not produce over one-tenth of a crop, certainly not more than 3,000 baskets. We find also planted on this farm about 4,000 Dwarf and Standard Pear trees in bearing, which look very thrifty, many of which are now loaded with large luscious fruit. But they too are a partial failure this year, owing to the severe frosts last Spring, which killed much of the bloom. We saw but a single tree in this orchard affected with the blight.

There are about 1,600 Apple trees in bearing, most of which, Mr. Barnard informs us, are of choice winter varieties.

We find, also, a handsome Cherry orchard of 300 trees planted here, of the Early Richmond variety, of bearing age.

But, in our opinion, one of the most important and interesting features in Mr. Barnard's operation is small fruit culture, upon which he has bestowed much care and attention. The canes are vigorous and thrifty, have made fine growth, and are thoroughly cultivated.

The Philadelphia Raspberry, once so famous, we think has lived out its full measure of existence; from some cause it has degenerated, and for the two past years blights, withers and dies, till it is now no longer worthy of cultivation as a market variety. Mr. Barnard has dug most of them up and planted Brandywine and Doolittle Black Cap in their stead, most of which will come into bearing next year.

Owing to this change he has but about 23 acres in full bearing the present year, viz; 8 acres of Doolittle Black Cap Raspberries, and 15 acres of Wilson Early and Kittatinny Blackberries, having dug up about 17 acres of Philadelphia Raspberries the past Spring.

Thinking that a statement of the net proceeds of this important branch of fruit culture would be interesting to our club, we subjoin the following statement or estimate, taken from the account of sales rendered Mr. Barnard by his Commission Merchants in Philadelphia and Baltimore, as we had free access to Mr. Barnard's books and papers, showing the following facts:

8 acres Doolittle Black Cap Raspberry produced 9,195 qts. Average net per qt. 12¾ cents. $1,172 36 net—per acre, $127 49.

15 acres Wilson's Early and Kittatinny Blackberry produced 30,271 qts. Average net per qt. 8¾ cts. $2,639 96 net—per acre, $175 99.

From a young patch of Brandywine Raspberries just commencing to bear and too young yet to bear more than ¼ of a crop, 3 acres produced 1,178 qts. Average net per qt. 19¼ cents. $226 76 net—per acre, $75 58.

This leaves the net proceeds after deducting freight, commission, cartage, &c.,	$4,039 08
Deducting the cost of picking,	509 17
Leaving net bal. over all costs of 3,529 91	

It may be proper to state that the average price per quart of Blackberries would have been about 10 cts. net, had it not have been that the patch named above contained some Lawton, which were shipped late in the season and sold at very low prices.

It is also important to note that the drought the present season reduced the yield. Mr. Barnard is now making arrangements for planting about 20 acres more of Brandywine Raspberries, which he prizes more highly than any other, commanding about double the price per quart of any other variety, and their shipping qualities being second to none in existence.

The Peach nursery on this farm is one of the finest we ever saw, containing nearly 200,000 trees in splendid condition, 100,000 of which are Early Beatrice, Early Louise, and Early Rivers, (principally of the first named). 50,000 of the Early Beatrice were budded in June and July of this year by the new system of budding, lately discovered. We measured some trees thus budded that are now from 2½ to 3½ ft. in height, and from present appearances will attain a height of from 3 to 4 feet this Fall.

In connection with the Nursery there are a large quantity of Raspberry and Blackberry plants, which compare favorably with any we have seen.

There is also a fine Peach orchard of about 10 acres of Early Beatrice, which are very fine, and from present appearances should bear fruit next year.

It is an important fact that we find from Mr. Barnard's account of sales that both Raspberries and Blackberries sold for as good prices in Baltimore as in Philadelphia, the present year, probably owing to the increasing demand for canning purposes.

And last but not least would we express our satisfaction and admiration of the handsome entertainment rendered by Mrs. Barnard, the genial and affable wife of Mr. Barnard, to which we did ample justice.

Signed by the Committee:
WM. HERBERT,
R. E. WALLIS,
WM. A. KENNEDY.

Honest thinkers are always stealing from each other. Our minds are full of waifs and estrays which we think are our own. Innocent plagiarism turns up everywhere. —*Holmes.*

GOOD NIGHT.

How tenderly and sweety falls the gentle "good night" into loving hearts, as members of the family separate and retire for the night. What myriads of hasty words and thoughtless acts, engendered in the hurry and business of the day, are forever blotted out by its benign influence. Small token indeed; but it is the little courtesies that can so beautifully round off the square corners in the homes of laboring men and women. The simple "I thank you" for a favor received, will fill with happiness the heart of the giver. True Wealth is not counted by dollars and cents, but by the gratitude and affection of the hearers. If a home be happy, it is of Heaven the truest earthly symbol. If a home be happy, whether the owner possess a patch of ground of one or one thousand acres, they are in the end wealthy beyond mathematical calculations. Then how much more loving are the sable folds of night gathered around the happy homes; how much more confidingly do its members repose their weary bodies in the care of Divine goodness, soothing their overtaxed minds to the realties of a beautiful dreamland; awakened, refreshed and invigorated for the coming day's labor, by having bid their loved ones an affectionate "good night." And if, during this life we have faithfully attended to all the little courtesies, these little soul-needs if we have guarded carefully all "God's hearts" placed in our keeping, at the close of its brief, yet eventful day,