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The Kent News.

SATURDAY - - - - - NOV. 14, 1874

Concert and Supper.

Messes Editors:—It is but due to the parties to note briefly the concert given by the humorist, Frank Conly, and the supper furnished by the ladies of Millington and vicinity in Edward's Hall, on Monday and Tuesday evenings last, for the benefit of the Episcopal Church in anticipation at that place. The concert was well attended by a respectable audience, all of whom seemed to enjoy very much the characters represented and delineated by the professor in his original comic, mirthful and solid style

The supper consisted of a great variety of seasonable refreshments, poultry, oysters, terrapin, etc The tables, which were handsomely arranged on the first floor and decorated with wreaths and boquets, were surrounded immediately after the concert by many of the guests, who enjoyed not only the sumptuous provisions with which they were loaded, but the style displayed in their preparation, and the courteous, affable manner in which they were served by those who had charge over them, as was evinced by a vote of thanks tendered to the ladies of Millington by the guests, after supper, for the kind attention they received. And I will add in conclusion that the arrangement and preparation of the tables and provisions and the courteous manner they were served, is but emblematic of the ability for which the ladies of Millington are so well noted. T.

STRUGGLING WITH THE OCEAN—*A Dangerous Experiment.*—Paul Boynton, well known among the habitues of Atlantic City as the champion swimmer, and who left New York a few weeks ago in the steamship Queen, with the intention of putting on a new life-saving apparatus and being thrown into the sea three hundred miles from land, and then paddling himself to shore, has turned up in Ireland. It seems the captain of the Queen would not allow the experiment to be made as originally designed, so Boynton made an involuntary passage to the coast of the Green Isle When the steamship had reached a point close to Fastnet Rock, Cape Clear, three miles, and the hamlet of Baltimore, seven miles distant, the commander of the Queen, having been frequently importuned, gave his permission for Boynton to go overboard. Boynton drew on his India rubber air-tight suit, and inflated the air chambers; in his air-tight sack he placed food for three days, a compass, a bull's-eye lantern, some books (just to beguile the time on the water,) some signal rockets and a United States flag. In his inside pocket he placed a mail which the passengers had given him to post, he strapped his bowie knife and axe to his side, and grasping his paddle, was lowered into the water, amid the cheers of the passengers, at 9½ o'clock P. M. It was a wild, dark night. He lay on his back paddling vigorously, and now the lights of the vessel were lost in the night. In a quarter of an hour more his spirit almost quailed, when tossed high on the crest of a wave he could no longer see the coast line or any lights. The wind blew, the rain poured down and the tide set dead against him. He was drifting out to sea, and to add to the awful loneliness of the situation, and to increase the dreadful peril, a violent gale commenced. He was tossed on mountainous waves, over which he floundered and paddled for dear life until 4 o'clock the next morning, having traversed a distance of thirty miles. He landed at Trefuska Bight, some miles from Baltimore, his original objective point. He then started for Cork, where he is now sporting a naval uniform, probably that of the nautical navy of New Jersey, of which he is the only member.

REPUBLICAN PARTY CONFERENCE — *A Scoding in View for the President.*—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* writes:

From letters received here from leading republican Congressmen it is learned that it is in contemplation to have a party conference, as near as possible, about the time of the meeting of Congress. The purpose of the conference will be to lay down a definite line of policy to be pursued during the coming session The President in his views, as set forth in these dispatches, lays the blame of the recent defeats on Congress, while the republicans in that body ascribe the disasters to his action. They say that the President has made his administration too much personal and too little party

It is proposed at the approaching conference to have a plain talk with the Executive. Some of the republican members argue that they would prefer that he should act with the opposition than that he should continue to claim fellowship with the republican party and refuse to listen to the advice of its most trusted leaders. Among other things which they think absolutely necessary for the President to do is to remove the inefficient and obnoxious officeholders, such as Packard and Casey and the like, and replace them with proper and capable men, and that he surround himself with men of a higher calibre.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS ABYSS —Gen. Butler, it is said, is determined to push the civil rights bill to its passage at the next session of Congress. Perhaps the influence of Gen. Butler, which was not great enough to accomplish that object at the last session, has not been so much increased since that time as to render the scheme more practicable this winter than last.—The House, in view of the late elections, may take a second thought before it shovels the republican party completely into the civil rights abyss. It is a noteble fact that the republican member of Congress from the Richmond (Va) district, who opposed that measure, was more warmly supported for the nomination of his party for the next Congress by the colored men of his district than his republican rival, who was more ambiguous in the expression of his views in regard to it.

CONFERENCE OF DEMOCRATIC LEADERS.—A correspondent of a Philadelphia paper says that strong feeling is expressed by some of the most prominent democratic leaders of New York in favor of an early conference with the recognized representative men of the party in other parts of the country, with a view of reconciling conflicting views on the financial question, and presenting an unbroken front in the next presidential election. The apprehension is that if that question is left to drift, an antagonism between the East and West will ensue, fatal to unity.

THE TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLAR GOLD RACE which takes place at San Francisco to-day will be contested by nine noted racers, Katie Pease and her brother Hubbard, both Planet stock; Thad. Stevens, Joe Daniels, Henry, Hock-Hocking, Hardwood, descendants of Glencoe; Alpha, daughter of Hercules, who once beat Joe Daniels after five heats, and Foster, a Lexington horse without a reputation.

Views of Ex-Gov. Whyte on the Elections.

From ex-Governor Whyte, United States Senator elect from Maryland, and who will thus be a member of the Forty-fourth Congress in 1875, the following views on the results of the late elections, says the Baltimore *Sun*, have been elicited:

Question.—What do you suppose to be the causes of this great political upheaval?

Answer.—No man can tell the causes which have led to this sudden revolution. No one cause could have produced so great an effect. They were manifold. In the first place, that sentiment of gratitude for the services rendered in the field by a military hero, which found vent into the election of Harrison, Taylor, and Grant to the presidency, has been exhausted, and the people, finding the utter lack of executive ability in the President, and his manifest willingness to take another term, have roused themselves to "nip it in the bud." Besides this, the constant use of the military power since the close of the war in controlling States and menacing citizens in their local government, has awakened that heretofore dormant spirit in the American heart to "keep the military subordinate to the civil power."

Grant has exercised little authority, attempted little to promote peaceful relations among the people of the States and done literally nothing to advance the prosperity and business interests of the country. As Lincoln used to say, he has let "the machine run itself." Congress has been governed only by hate and bitter animosities. All its legislation for the South has been as if for rebellious colonies, instead of sister States.

The leaders of the dominant party have set at defiance all the teachings of the fathers of the government. They were busy in reviewing the old sedition laws of John Adams's administration; attempting to force upon the people social equalities utterly at war with the instincts of the white race; and devoting their time to schemes either of personal aggrandisement or for the perpetuation of their party power, instead of earning for it a permanence in the hearts of the people by inaugurating a policy of peace and good-fellowship towards the South, and financial views for the benefit of the whole country. The corruptions, too, exposed by the recent investigations at Washington; the defiance of public sentiment in taking the "back pay," and the despair of ever finding improvements from the managers of such a party, caused many who had differed in the past to rally together in a common purpose to put the democracy once more on trial—at least in that branch of government where the purse-strings are held. While there were local causes operating in some of the States, these were most potent throughout all.

The spirit which animated our ancestors in forming this republican government, although dimmed, has not died out altogether, and that many breaches made in its fair fabric will be finally repaired I have no doubt. But a return to the true system is not reached by tumultuous revolution; it is only by easy and tranquil steps.

Question.—Had not the currency troubles something to do with the result?

Answer.—Oh, yes. The hard money issue carried the States of New York and Massachusetts beyond question. No currency not based on specie redemption can long be trusted in this country, and the failure of the present administration, holding the political power in all branches of the federal government for the last ten years, to take any step toward a redemption of specie payments has done more than all else to arouse the business people to the absolute necessity of a change in the financial policy of the government. I have always been a hard money-man, and last fall, in a speech in Monument square, used this language, which I think embodies the sentiment that has carried the elections in the east. "There can be no safety for our fiscal affairs until we retrace our steps and return to the currency required by the constitution of the United States. There is nothing comparable to 'Benton's mint drops.'"

It is this demand for some definite and clearly understood policy, looking to a resumption of specie payments, which has shaken the foundations of the Empire and the Bay States. It is true also that Butlerism and Grantism were too much for Massachusetts intelligence long to endure. "The good men do lives after them," and the seed sown by Charles Sumner against "personal government" has brought forth fruit an hundred-fold. The protests against the appointment of Simmons to the Boston custom house which went to the executive chamber from the solid men of Boston, and were there unheeded, have been repeated in tones of thunder through the ballot-boxes of Massachusetts—notwithstanding that the "poor boy" turned on his benefactor.

Question.—Do you think the victory will stop here, or carry a member of the democratic party into the presidency?

Answer.—I am not over exultant at these victories. They are fraught with danger to the people. The democracy may lose and not improve their great opportunities. As I said in my dispatch to the Manhattan Club, I am fearful least "too much victory may make us mad" We cannot do much to guide public affairs for the next two years, it is true, but we shall have the House of Representatives, and we shall be held accountable by the people for some clear, wise line of policy there, and we must compel the Senate either to adopt or reject those measures which prudent statesmanship may dictate for the benefit of the country.

We shall have much to do in repressing the turbulent spirits in our own ranks.—Revolutions even at the ballot-box often throw up tho bad men, and we must take care that we have no Butler or Kelloggs in the "opposition party." We must recognize the conservative men in the republican ranks, who could no longer tolerate the abuses of their own party, and not drive them away from our own support by showing ourselves no better in the hour of victory than those we have supplanted. If we go honestly to work to devise wise laws for the people, and not "make up States" for the presidential contest, we shall soon find that true republican government has not departed from us, but has the support and protection of a large majority of the American people.

AFTER THE ELECTION.—The result in New York brought out Captain Isaiah Rynders, as was usual in the old times, to make a speech at Tammany Hall. On rising the second time (for Capt. Rynders spoke three times), he said:

"I won't make you a speech, but I'll tell you a story. There was an Irishman once sat down at a hotel table, and he paid for the meal beforehand. A nigger brought him his victuals. After Pat had eaten up all the victuals, the landlord peeped in, and, says he, 'Why don't you eat your dinner?' 'Why,' says Pat, 'I have ate all the mate and the praties. Do you want me to ate the nigger?'"

The report says that this anecdote was received with "cheers and laughter." Its point and application seem to have been perceived at once.

THE Radicals are realizing the truth of Josh Billings' aphorism:

"Life iz phull of kare and trubble
Whether yu go it single or dubble."

LIABILITY OF THE FURNITURE OF A BOARDER FOR THE HOUSE RENT.—In the City Court, on Saturday last, before Chief Judge Brown, the cases of Fannie Pleasants vs. Bothman, and Sophia Hungerford vs. Bothman, were tried on an appeal from a justice of the peace. The judge reserved his decision until yesterday, when he gave the following opinion, which it is necessary to publish in order to a full understanding of the case, which interests so many persons living in boarding houses:

In this case Mr. Hungerford, the father of Mrs. Pleasants, and Miss Hungerford, the appellant, rented a house on Barre street from Mr. Bothman, the appellee. The appellant, Mrs. Pleasants with her two children, and the appellant, Miss Hungerford, both being daughters of Mr. Hungerford, boarded with him. All the furniture in the house, except a carpet, belonged to the appellants, respectively. Miss Hungerford supported herself by teaching, and Mrs. Pleasants supported herself and her children by sewing. The residents of the house besides those above mentioned were the wife of Mr. Hungerford and a young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hungerford. The rent being unpaid, the appellee distrained on the furniture in the house belonging to the appellants.

The court held that this was a *private boarding house*, within the meaning of the act of 1870, ch. 169, and that by virtue of the decision of the Court of Appeals, in Leitch vs. Owings, 34 Md., 263, the goods of the appellants which were in their own personal use were exempted from distress, but that those goods of appellants which were for the common use of the family were *not exempt*. The chamber furniture of the appellants respectively, the court held to be exempted, but not the furniture of the parlor, dining-room, &c., which, it appeared, was used in common by the whole family.—*Balto. Sun.*

THE PRESIDENT AND THE PRESS.—The New York *Herald* says:

General Grant, in his earlier career, owed more to the press than any man now in public life; and yet since he has been in a public career he has always disdained the press No administration has been so scornful in its relations with the journalism of the country. Even the journals which were anxious to serve him have been treated with contumely whenever they ventured upon the slightest manifestation of independence. To the journalism of the country he owes more than to any other influence his condemnation and fall. The fact is not without its poetic phases, and it would be interesting to know what he now thinks of the press of the country.

EASTON, MD., March 15th, 1874.

This is to certify that my wife has been almost a martyr to *Neuralgia*, and I have suffered with it much myself Nothing we tried brought relief until we used "*Hopkins' Antalgic Liniment.*" The relief it brought us appeared almost miraculous. My wife never goes from home without taking a bottle with her for the relief of herself or friends. Its value is priceless to any one who suffers from the intolerable disease. JAMES E. CAHAL,
Merchant, Easton, Md.

The Season of Intermittents.

All miasmatic complaints, in other words, all disorders generated by unwholesome exhalations from the earth or water, are prevalent at this season. In every section subject to the visitation of fever and ague or other forms of intermittent disease, the causes which produce these maladies are now actively at work. This, therefore, is a period of the year when the inhabitants of such districts should prepare their systems to meet the unwholesome condition of the atmosphere, by a course of tonic and alterative treatment. Foremost among the invigorants, recommended by time and experience, as a means of fortifying the system against all endemic and epidemic maladies, stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.—Whoever have traveled in the West or South knows full well the esteem in which this incomparable preventive and restorative is held throughout those regions. It is literally a domestic staple in the swampy and mephitic localities which lie on the borders of many of our large rivers and in the neighborhood of our southern bayous and lagoons. Now is the time when the inhabitants of all malarious districts should put their systems and constitutions in good defensive trim by a course of this powerful vegetable antidote. By this means the feeblest resident of an unhealthy soil may escape the sickness, which without the aid of this potent ally of nature, will be apt to overtake the strongest. Chills and fever, bilious remittents, constipation, rheumatism, dyspepsia and many other complaints are frequently brought on by the caprices of temperature and alterations of dry, cold and excessive moisture common in our climate at the commencement of spring. Let all who desire to avoid these distressing ailments take the Bitters as a safeguard.

A Substitute for Quinine.

For years, quinine was regarded as the only specific for malarious diseases, and immense quantities of the drug were annually consumed throughout our western country, more particularly along the river bottoms and adjoining low lands.

With the fall months malaria, in all its varied forms, stalks like an epidemic through the land, and whole districts are prostrated with chills and fever, the entire population shaking with ague. Heretofore, quinine was regularly resorted to; but, while it frequently failed to effect a cure, it invariably deranged the stomach, producing nauses, vertigo and fugitive pains in the head to such an extent that months elapsed ere the system recovered from its effects. These objections to its use were so marked, that the introduction of Mishler's Herb Bitters was hailed as a triumph in medicine. Infinitely more certain in its beneficial effects than quinine, it possessed none of the demerits of that drug. Instead of nauseating, it tones and invigorates the stomach, and while speedily expelling the noxious humors, increases the appetite and facilitates digestion, thus rendering the system stronger and better fitted to resist the attacks of disease. In fact, a judicious use of Mishler's Herb Bitters at this season of the year, will prevent the recurrence of this disease, even in those who have never passed an autumn without it. An experience of twenty years proves it to be the greatest ANTI-PERIODIC known to medical science.

There are, perhaps, no diseases so subject to climatic changes as affections of the Kidneys. Hundreds of our farmers, mechanics, and laboring men, strong and hardy in all other respects, suffer continual inconvenience, and occasionally excruciating pains in the back and across the loins; experience a frequent desire to pass water, pain during its passage, and frequent stoppages in its flow. These are manifestations resulting from some strain or heavy lift (perhaps years ago), and aggravated by every change in the weather. Every slight cold flies direct to this one weak spot, and unless promptly attended to the disease becomes chronic, and the once strong man a miserable wreck. Mishler's Herb Bitters is the *only certain* remedy for this class of diseases. It has a peculiar tendency to the kidneys, stimulates them to healthy action, and removing the cause, prevents the formation of brick-dust deposits, which, if permitted to continue, will by cohesion form gravel stone, necessitating a painful operation for its removal. Many of the ingredients entering into its composition, are universally recognized as specifics for all complaints of the urinary organs. In Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, all disorders of the Bowels, and affections of the Throat and Lungs, it is equally certain and efficacious; while, as a remedy for the complaints peculiar to the femal, sex, it has no equal. LADIES, old and younge married and single, in every condition of life, will find this GREAT FEMALE REMEDY *prompt, safe certain and reliable.* The pale, sallow complexion is replaced by a blooming, healthful countenance, and its *occasional use* enables Nature to perform her functions REGULARLY AND WITHOUT INCONVENIENCE. Sold only in bottles by all Druggists and general dealers.

"GOLDEN BELLE OF DURHAM," Smoking Tobacco—Something new. Try it. For sale only by H. A. SPARKS.

☞ A Large Stock of NEW GOODS
JUST RECEIVED,
BY
T. W. Eliason, Jr.
Chestertown, Sept. 5, 1874.

TEACHERS' COUNTY ASSOCIATION.

The members of the several District Teachers' Associations and others who may wish to unite with them, are invited to attend at the School Room in Chestertown, on

Monday, Nov. 16th, 1874

at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of organizing a County Association.

Teachers *present* will be considered, and allowed as to salary, as if in their schools.

E. F. PERKINS,
oc31-3t. Secretary and Examiner.

DOWN-TOWN
Clothing and Variety Store
JOHN K. WILLIS,
IS prepared to accommodate the public at Bacchus' old stand, corner High and Queen Streets, with
CLOTHING AT CITY PRICES!
Coats from $1 up; Under shirts and Drawers from 50 cts. up; Neck Ties 3c, 5c, 10 and 15c Straw Hats 18 to 20 cts., and other goods in proportion.
Flour, Meal and Feed of all kinds.
BACON, DRIED BEEF, SAUSAGE, FISH, all at the very lowest prices.
Groceries, such as Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Syrups, &c., &c., a full supply, which require only to be seen to secure sales.
Notions.—A large variety of goods in this line, to which special attention is paid.
☞ Give me a call.
JOHN K. WILLIS.

For Rent, 5 GOOD DWELLING HOUSES on Queen Street, Chestertown, and several smaller ones in other sections of the town.
jy18-tf. JOHN K. WILLIS.

Ratification Notice.

C. W. Warren, Collector,
versus
Thomas Wilson, Colored.

In the Circuit Court for Kent County. Petition for Confirmation of Sale.

THE Report of sale and proceedings in the above case, having been examined, and the same appearing to have been regular, and the provisions of law in relation thereto having been complied with, it is thereupon, this 22d day of October, 1874, by the Circuit Court for Kent county, *Ordered*, that the sale made and reported by C W. Warren, Collector, in this case, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary thereof on or before the 22nd day of December next; Provided, a copy of this order be published in some newspaper printed in Kent county, once in each of three successive weeks prior to the 22d day of November next.

FREDERICK STUMP,
JOHN M. ROBINSON,
JOSEPH A. WICKES,
True copy,—Test:
D. C. BLACKISTON, Clerk.
October 31, 1874—4t.

50 Pro Made!
He buys his LIQUORS at STRAUSS'.
I have and keep constantly on hand French Cognac Brandy 200 bbl.
Brandy and Whiskey for medicinal purposes from 75c to 1 50 a pint.

	PINT.	GAL
Grand Whiskey		$1 25 to 8 00
W. Faust "		1 00 to 7 00
Bortner "		75 to 5 00
Burkwalder "		50 to 3 75
Nector "		40 to 3 00
Baker "		35 to 2 75
O. K. "		35 to 2 75
D. Faust "		30 to 2 00
Jockey Club "		25 to 1 75
Cincinnatti "		25 to 1 50
Parker "		20 to 1 25
Otard BRANDY		1 00 to 7 00
Washington "		60 to 5 00
Hennessey "		40 to 2 50
Old W. Brandy		30 to 2 00
Eagle "		25 to 1 50
Peach "		50 to 3 50
Apple Jack "		50 to 3 50
Ginger "		30 to 2 00
W. Rum "	25, 40, 50, 1 50, 3 50	

GINS from 20, 25, 40, 50, 1 50 to 3 50
D. Kimmel Whiskey 30, 50, 1 75 and 3 50
STOCK OF WINES.
Rein Wine Deidesheimer 100 per Cdl
" " Loubenheimer 85 "
Catawba Wine 1 00 to 3 00 per gal.
Port " 40 to 50 pint, 2 50 to 3 50 gal.
Madera " 50 per pint, 3 50 per gal.
Sherry " 40, 50 " 3 00 "
Malaga " 30 " 2 00 "
Blackberry Wine and Brandy 30 and 2 00
Hoffman's Chill Bitters, recommended by many gentlemen in Chestertown.
All kinds of Produce and Wood taken in trade. Rags and Furs for cash.
Tobacco, Segars and Pipes.
Great varieties, by
Oct. 31. B. STRAUSS, Agt.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county Letters of administration C T. A. on the personal estate of

ELIZA SNYDER,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said deceased' estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 11th day of May, 1875, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit in said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 13th day of October, 1874.

JAMES A. ROSEBERRY,
Oct. 17, 1874—4t. Adm'r C. T. A

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county, letters of administration on the personal estate of

ISAAC PEARCE, Colored,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, on or before the 11th day of May, 1875, otherwise they may by law be excluded from the benefits in said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 13th day of October, 1874.

H. W. VICKERS, Adm'r.
Oct. 17, 1874—4t.

NEW GOODS!
THE subscriber has received from the city a full supply of
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Dry Goods, Notions, Confectionary,
GROCERIES, and other seasonable Goods which he will sell Cheap for Cash or Produce.
GOOD POULTRY WANTED, for which the highest price will be paid.
JOS. E. WEER,
Dec. 21. Kennedyville, Md

KERSEYS! KERSEYS!
A LARGE STOCK ON HAND OF
MALLALIEU'S STANDARD MAKE.
Just received by T. S. WICKES.
Chestertown, October 3, 1874

COAL OIL,
15, 15, 110° Fire Test.
15 cts. per gal.
At G. W. SUTTON'S, Galena, Md.
Aug. 29, 1874.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
From Philadelphia.
A sample case of Scotch "Double Decker" French Calf Skin Boots for Gentlemen. Also, Ladies' Russia bottom Gaiters, and French Dressing, for sale at
JOS. H. THOMPSON'S STORE,
Oct. 31. Chestertown.

TOBACCO—from 65c to $1.75 per lb.
SPARKS.

Removal--New Goods.
MRS. A. M. SMITH,
HAS removed to the store room, up town, lately occupied by B. Strauss, adjoining S. S. Usilton's and has now in store and will keep constantly on hand a general variety of
GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONERY and NOTIONS,
Consisting in part of
SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, FLOUR BACON, LARD, BUTTER,
SALT FISH, VINEGAR, MOLASSES, SOAP, BUCKETS, BROOMS,
Tobacco and Segars, Snuff, Pipes,
COAL OIL, LAMPS and CHIMNEYS,
Notions, Nuts and Candies
of various kinds, and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the very lowest cash prices.
ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods.
jan3y. MRS. A. M. SMITH

Come to the Old Stand
—OF—
SHAFER'S,
At KENNEDYVILLE,
AND GET YOUR
WHEELWRIGHTING
And BLACKSMITHING
done. I have ready, made and keep on hand
Plows,
Harrows,
Cultivators,
Farm Wagons
PEACH WAGONS, DEARBORNS, PEACH DEARBORNS, CARTS, &c., &c.
And I also have on hand a large and very superior lot of ALL STEEL CULTIVATOR TEETH, and of a new and best pattern out. Farmers would do well to get them.
We do all kinds of work that is generally done in a country shop.
HORSE SHOEING, Mowers and Reapers and all kinds of Repairing a specialty.
☞ Farmers will please send their machines out early.
We give our personal attention to our work and therefore guarantee good work.
TILGHMAN SHAFER,
May 2, 1874. KENNEDYVILLE.

NEW GOODS.
USEFUL! PRETTY! CHEAP!
TOYS, CONFECTIONERY, &c., &c.
J. H. SMITH
Has now in store a LARGE ASSORTMENT of
NEW GOODS,
Embracing a general variety of
TOYS,
CONFECTIONERY,
RAISINS,
CURRANTS,
CITRON,
PRUNES,
FIGS,
NUTS,
French and Common Candy,
Canned Fruits,
JELLY, PICKLES, CHOW-CHOW, TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.
☞ Give me a call.
Dec. 20. J. H. SMITH.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS and CHEAPER GOODS
At the NEW UP-TOWN STORE of
Mrs. Emily B. Usilton
(Wife of S. S. Usilton.)
WHERE I have just received from the city a LARGE STOCK OF GOODS usually kept in a first class country store.
Dry Goods, Clothing,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, GLASS, STONEWARE,
&c., &c., which I will sell at MUCH LOWER PRICES than can be purchased elsewhere, for Cash and Country Produce only.
All I ask is a call and examination of my goods and prices, and defy all competition for goods of same quality.
Goods received every week from the cities. Come and see, and examine for yourselves—Marketing and Produce taken in exchange for goods at highest prices
EMILY B. USILTON.
Chestertown, July 4—y.

$18 HARNESS!
MADE by the undersigned, all good material, and guaranteed to be of
Good Workmanship.
I wish the people of this and the adjoining counties to take notice that I have commenced
HARNESS MAKING BUSINESS
IN CHESTERTOWN,
in the Burchinal Building, adjoining the store of James M. Vandyke, on Cross street, where I can be found at all times, and will work 25 per cent. cheaper than was ever done before.
The reason I can do this is that I do all my work myself, and work for the cash.
All kinds of REPAIRING done at short notice. Give me a call and be convinced.
W. W. COPPER.
Chestertown, Jan. 10, 1874—y.

Cag Wax, Corks, Green Ginger,
DRY Race Ginger, Bleached Jamaica Ginger, Strictly Pure Ground Race Ginger, and Strictly Pure Ground Jamaica Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Allspice, Strictly Pure English Mustard, White & Black Mustard Seed, Celery Seed, Thurmsric, and all kinds of Spices for sale at City Prices by
Sept. 5. C. F. STAM & BRO.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Drugs and Medicines,
In which I cannot be undersold.
☞ A DISCOUNT of 10 per cent. allowed on
Patent Medicines.
WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, OIL, VARNISH, TURPENTINE, PUTTY, GLASS, &c.
JOS E. WEER,
May 18 187,2. Kennedyville, Md.

A PUBLIC NOTICE
TO ONE AND ALL.
Convinced, after a trial, that the old system of long credits and extravagant prices was not sound, safe or satisfactory to either customers or merchants, I have wholly discarded it, and shall commence from August 1st, 1874, to sell
For the Cash Only.
My stock is too small and prices too low to do other wise. The goods will then be bought and sold for the ready money, and the customer free from the payment of extra profits necessary to credit business to cover losses.
The very smallest rate of profits charged.
All persons indebted will please call and settle at once. Respectfully,
WM. C. A. THOMPSON.
jy18.

Notice to Farmers.
WE have just received an assortment of PLOWS, CASTINGS, TRACES and LINES, which we are selling at city prices.
MOORE & BEACHAM,
mh15-tf. Buck Neck.

CIGARS—Only $2.25 per hundred for a good Cigar, at H. A. SPARKS'.

Fall and Winter
CRUSADE!
1874. 1874.

SAMUEL MERRITT. WM. J. MCFEELY.
S. MERRITT & CO.,
ARE NOW EXHIBITING at the OLD STAND, on Bordley's Corner, in Chestertown, their LARGE STOCK of
FALL & WINTER CLOTHING,
For MEN and BOYS
TOGETHER WITH THEIR USUAL COMPLETE VARIETY OF
Gents' Furnishing Goods!
Also, THE LARGEST STOCK OF
HATS and CAPS
Ever Offered to this Community,
BOTH IN WOOL AND FUR.
☞ *All our goods have been purchased with the greatest care to please our customers, and we have no hesitation in saying to the public that they will find it to their advantage to call and look before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell as low as the lowest.*
S. MERRITT & CO.
BORDLEY'S CORNER,
CHESTERTOWN.
October 3, 1874.

COLIN F. STAM. LOUIS K. STAM.
C. F. Stam & Bro.
Cor. High and Court Sts.,
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,
APOTHECARIES, BOOKSELLERS,
AND
STATIONERS.
AND DEALERS IN
Paints,
Oils,
Glass,
Varnishes,
Dye Stuffs,
and Paint Brushes.
SOLE AGENTS FOR KENT COUNTY FOR
BRADLEY'S
PATENT ENAMEL PAINT,
The Cheapest, Most Durable and Brilliant Paint in the Market. It is acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best.
GLINE'S
Slate Roofing Paint,
in any quantity. French's Tip Top Iron Paint for Roofs, French, Richard's & Co.'s Tip Top and John W. Masury & Co.'s Strictly Pure and Pure Colors for Coach Makers' and Painters' use. John T. Lewis & Bro.'s Strictly Pure White Lead.
LUBRICATING OILS a Specialty!
Whale, Neat's Foot, Lard, Sperm, Engine and West Virginia. We buy for Cash, and Sell for Cash at City Prices.
☞ *Do not fail to Call and Examine our Prices before purchasing elsewhere.*
C. F. STAM & BRO.
Chestertown, Sept. 5, 1872.

Galena Tin Store.
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES!
R. E. KNIGHTON,
WOULD call the attention of the public to his new stock of goods in the STOVE and TIN line, now in store.
COOK STOVES.
In his stock of celebrated COOK STOVES is included
"*FARMER*," "*VICTOR COOK*,"
"*CRICKET*" and "*CHARM.*"
HEATING STOVES—Among them the "Mutual Friend," "Base Burner," and a number of others.
Also, WOOD STOVES of various patterns. COAL HODS, SIEVES, SHOVELS AND POKERS, &c, &c.
Also, LAMP GOODS—a fine stock of
LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, WICKS, &c.
Which we sell at the lowest prices.
A Full Stock of TINWARE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
☞ Roofing and Spouting done in the best manner at short notice.
REPAIRS for Stoves kept on hand.
By strict attention to business, and untiring efforts to please my customers, I hope to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage.
R. E. KNIGHTON,
Nov. 1—y. Galena, Kent Co

WANTED.—Bacon, Butter, Eggs, Lard, Rags, and everything marketable, at SUTTON'S, Galena.

"THE SINGER"
Still Triumphant!
THE SINGER COMPANY
SOLD IN 1873
113,254
More Machines than any other Comp'y!
AND ABOUT
ONE THIRD of ALL the MACHINES IN THE UNITED STATES!
The above is taken from sworn returns made to the owners of the different Sewing Machine Patents.
"It will hardly be denied that the superiority of the Singer Machines is fully demonstrated—at all events that their popularity in the household is unquestionable."—*Pen and Plow.*
"If the number sold of any one machine be a criterion of its merit, The Singer carries off the palm.—*N. Y. Daily Press.*
MACHINES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
FOR SALE BY
WILLARD MELVIN, Agent,
CHESTERTOWN, KENT CO., MD
☞ Enquire at C. F. Stam & Bro.'s.
May 30, 1874—tf.

SPRINGS WILL NOT RUST.
Pads Impervious.
The best and most effectual Truss known for the cure and relief of
Hernia or Rupture.
This Truss has received the sanction of the most eminent Physicians and Surgeons of this country; who do not hesitate to recommend it to those afflicted with Hernia as being superior to all others.
It is the only Truss that will retain the bowels with any certainty, and the wearer can feel assured that he is using a remedy that will be at all times safe and effectual in its operations. Of this we guarantee entire satisfaction to all who may come under our treatment.
LADIES' SILK ELASTIC ABDOMINAL BELTS for Corpulency, falling of the Womb, and as a support to the Back and Abdominal Muscles. Anklets, Knee Caps and Stockings for Varicose Veins, Ulcers and Weak Joints.
SHOULDER BRACES
for Ladies, Gents and Children, for the cure of stooping of the Shoulders and as a Chest Expander.
PILE INSTRUMENTS, the most superior article in use—light, easily adjusted and effectual. Instruments for all Physical Deformities, Curvature of the Spine, Bow Legs, Club Feet, &c., &c.
Ladies' Apartments with Lady Attendants.
Agent for Clement's
Celebrated Artificial Limbs.
Agent for Crandall's Patent Rubber-tipped CRUTCHES
Agent for Dr. Babcock's Silver Uterine Supporter.
Agent for Dr. Wadsworth's Stem Pessary.
All of the above scientifically applied and satisfaction given.
Orders per mail promptly attended to.
S. MARSH,
No. 92 W. Baltimore Street,
Jan10-y. BALTIMORE, MD.

THE
FARMER'S FAVORITE,
OR
BICKFORD & HUFFMAN
GRAIN DRILL.
HINES & BURCHINAL
Agents for Kent and Queen Anne's Co.'s
FOR THE ABOVE DRILL, HAVE ON EXHIBITION at their Ware House, next to the Kent National Bank, one of
The Improved Drills for 1874.
This Drill has stood the test for several years as CHAMPION OF GRAIN DRILLS. THE ONLY GRAIN DRILL which throws out of gear by the Automatic action of the TUBE LIFTER, and covers all the seed distributed.
TUBE SHIFTER, to enable the farmer to change the Tubes from a straight to a zig-zag, without raising the Tubes or stopping team.
THE IMPROVED
Fertilizer or Guano ATTACHMENT
For 1874,
SURPASSES ANYTHING IN THE MARKET.
Sows Guano, Super Phosphate, Bone Dust, Lime, Ashes, Salt, Plaster, or any Fertilizer, DRY OR DAMP, in desired quantities per acre. Never fails to perform.
The complaint about Drills not sowing Damp Fertilizers ceases with this Drill, as it has been obviated by the above Guano Attachment.
HINES & BURCHINAL sold Two Car loads last Fall of the New Style, and they gave perfect satisfaction, as the following Certificates will show:
NEAR CHESTERTOWN, KENT CO., MD., July 8th, 1873.
To Messrs. Hines & Burchinal, General Agents for the sale of Agricultural Implements, Chestertown:—Gentlemen: I have the highest appreciation of the merits of Bickford & Huffman's Eight Tooth Wheat and Guano Drill. The arrangement, for simplicity and good execution, I have never seen equalled in the workmanship of any similar Agricultural Implement. The Guano Attachment of this Drill is a *very gem* of excellence, and must soon establish its utility and superiority beyond cavil. In short, this is the best "Combination" Drill with which I am acquainted, and therefore, in recommending it to the consideration of Farmers generally affords me not a little pleasure.
JOSHUA COPPER, Farmer.
CHESTERTOWN, Kent Co., Md., July 9th, 1873.
MESSRS. HINES & BURCHINAL—*Dear Sirs:* The Latest Improved Bickford & Huffman Drill I purchased of you last Fall gives me perfect satisfaction, in both seeding of Wheat and Fertilizers, sowing them both regular, and it is my impression it far surpasses any Drill I ever saw, and I would cheerfully recommend it to the Farmers of Kent co. The late improvement beats anything I ever saw for seeding Fertilizers.
ISAAC PERKINS.
STILL POND, Kent Co., Md., May 8th, 1874.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I bought of HINES & BURCHINAL last Fall, one of the Bickford & Huffman Improved Wheat and Fertilizer Drills, which I pronounce the best I have ever seen. My son bought a Delaware Drill at the same time, and says he likes mine better.
I think, and in fact know, that the Bickford & Huffman is the best Drill. It sows the Guano *perfectly even*, and it is the only Drill I ever saw that did.
JAMES A. ROSEBERRY.
They also refer to:
GEO. W. T. PERKINS, WM. H. STEWART
DR. SAMUEL BECK, JOHN BRICE,
SAMUE