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The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.
Office in the Masonic Hall.

JAS. H. PLUMMER. WM. B. USILTON.
PLUMMER & USILTON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:

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Kent News.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to General and Local Intelligence and Literature; Agricultural, Horticultural and Mechanical Interests; Politics and Advertising.

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ADVERTISING:

Advertisements occupying the space of eight lines brevier type will be inserted three times for one dollar, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Obituaries one-half advertising rates.

No gratuitous advertising. Calls for meetings, concerts, excursions, &c., for charitable, religious or other purposes, must be paid for, the publishers standing on an equal footing with others, ready to contribute toward such objects as they may feel an interest in.

JOB-PRINTING:

HANDBILLS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, BLANKS, &c., executed with neatness and dispatch, and at reasonable prices.

LAW CARDS.

WILLIAM M. SLAY,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

COLLECTION OF CLAIMS or other Legal business promptly attended to. tf.

C. T. WESTCOTT,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the collection of claims in the counties of Kent, Cecil, Queen Anne's and Caroline. y.

HINES & SMITH,
Attorneys & Counselors at Law
CHESTERTOWN, MD.
New Office Court St., opposite Court House.

Having associated ourselves for the practice of our profession, we will give prompt and careful attention to all Law and Chancery business placed in our hands.

Mr. HINES, though connected with other duties, will give special attention to the business of the firm.
JESSE K. HINES,
y MARION deK. SMITH.

SURVEYING.

THE undersigned offers his services as LAND SURVEYOR to the citizens of Kent. Orders left with C. H. Baker, Esq., Chestertown will be promptly attended to.
Or address
COMEGYS BROWN,
mar24-6m. Chestertown.

JOHN W. PALMER,
CONVEYANCER
And SOLICITOR of CLAIMS
CHESTERTOWN, MD.
Office with Register of Wills.
Special attention given to all business entrusted to him. Sep. 9-y.

Educational.

MAPLEWOOD INSTITUTE,
CONCORDVILLE, DEL. CO., PA.
Boys $4.50 per week; Girls $4.00. Boys prepared for Yale or Harvard College.
JOS. SHORTLIDGE, A. M., Principal.
d16y.

PENNINGTON INSTITUTE,
PENNINGTON, N. J.
Terms reduced to suit the times. Only $40 per quarter for full English course.
Address Rev. A. P. LASHER, Principal and Prop'r for 24 years. jy29y.

$65 PER QUARTER FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.
BOARDING, SCHOOLING, BOOKS, &c
No extra charges whatever. Special attention and extra private instruction for backward pupils and young boys. 10 Instructors. English, Classical and Mathematical courses. French and German spoken in language classes. Natural Sciences by Prof. C. S. Gauntt, M. D. Book Keeping and Penmanship by Prof. W. P. Hammond, author of Potter & Hammond's books. Two lectures a week by Philadelphia Professors, with the finest and fullest apparatus for experiment and illustration. Fine building with 55 rooms. Heated in all stories and lighted with gas, hot and cold water baths and closets in each story. Gymnasium, &c. Ample Grounds. Healthy location.
Circular contains picture of building and full particulars, with references, and letters from Bayard Taylor, Col. Richard J. Hinton, Gov. John L. Routt, Judge George M. Vanhoesen, Ex-President Hill, Rev. Dr. A. P. Peabody, Rev. John Long, Samuel Martin, Amos J. Peasley, Dr. B. Lippincott and others. School 15 miles by rail from 31st and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia. 14 daily trains. School coach meets them regularly without charges. School only five minutes from Media Station.
Address
SWITHIN C. SHORTLIDGE,
(Harvard University, A. M.)
Aug. 19, 1876—tf. Media, Pa.

Baltimore Cards.

B. F. PARLETT & CO.,
92 Lombard st., near South, BALTIMORE,
Wholesale Dealers in
MANUFACTURED AND LEAF
TOBACCO.
Imported HAVANA and GERMAN CIGARS,
And Manufacturers of fine Havana, Principe and other Cigars.
y
JESSE WILSON. G. W. WILSON.

J. WILSON & SON,
Commission Merchants
For the sale of all kinds of
Country Produce, Grain, Peaches, Apples, Canned Goods, Vegetables, Poultry, Butter, Eggs, Fish, &c.,
Corner of Light and Camden Streets,
y BALTIMORE.

JAS. WARDEN. JAS. A. MERRITT.
N. A. GASSAWAY.
WARDEN, MERRITT & CO.,
Commission Merchants
For the sale of GRAIN, FLOUR AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 8 SPEAR'S WHF,
y. *BALTIMORE, MD.*

ALONZO P. CREW. JAS. W. JEROME.
CREW & JEROME,
Commission Merchants
For the sale of GRAIN, FRUIT AND PRODUCE GENERALLY,
92 Light Street Wharf, BALTIMORE.
Consignments respectfully solicited.
Correspondence cheerfully and promptly answered. y

WM. TOMLINSON. WM. T. TOMLINSON.
WM. TOMLINSON & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of GRAIN, LIVE STOCK, and Country Produce generally,
No. 92 LIGHT ST. WHARF, BALTIMORE.
Orders for Groceries, Seeds, Fertilizers, Farm Implements, and other merchandise, will be promptly filled.
Consignments respectfully solicited.

GEO. Z. GREENWOOD. WM. H. RUTTER AND. W. WOODALL.
GREENWOOD, RUTTER & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
And General Produce Dealers,
72 SOUTH ST., Corn Exchange Building,
y BALTIMORE.

SPRING and SUMMER
—1877—
Millinery and Fancy Goods!

MRS. L. J. DAVIS,
Has just received and opened a fresh and beautiful assortment of
Spring and Summer MILLINERY,
embracing HATS and BONNETS of the latest fashions and styles; Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves, &c.
A Large and Varied Assortment
of every description of goods usually found in a first class Millinery store, to which she invites an examination by her lady customers and all others in want of anything in her line.
I have in my employ a first-class Milliner and can guarantee satisfaction.
Agency for Mme. Demorest's Reliable Patterns. "What to Wear and How to Make it"—portfolio fashions, price 15 cts.
Give her a call at her old stand.
apr21-tf. MRS. L. J. DAVIS.

Seasonable Millinery!
FOR THE
Spring & Summer of 1877
BEAUTIFUL! STYLISH! CHEAP!
MRS. ROSE FRAZIER.
☞ **Dressmaking and Stamping** done in the Neatest Manner and at Reasonable Prices.
☞ STORE on High Street, opposite the residence of Senator Vickers.
May 12, 1877.

To the Ladies!
Spring & Summer Millinery
JUST OPENED.
BEAUTIFUL, GOOD and CHEAP!
MRS. H. USILTON, at her new stand below Wickes' drug store, has just received and opened a well selected stock of new and beautiful
Millinery and Fancy Goods
For Spring and Summer wear,
of the latest and most fashionable styles. In HATS, BONNETS, LACES, Ribbons, Trimmings, Neck Ties, Belts, Ruffles, Feathers, Flowers and Ornaments, she is satisfied of her ability to please, both in quality and price.
ALSO IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF NOTIONS, to which she invites special attention.
☞ STAMPING done in the neatest and most durable manner.
The Ladies are invited to call and examine her goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. No effort will be spared to give full satisfaction to all who favor her with their patronage.
MRS. H. USILTON.
April 21, 1877—tf.

SOMETHING NEW!
FANCY, GOOD and CHEAP!
M. ALICE LAMBERT & SISTER
Have just opened a
New MILLINERY and Fancy Store
in Chestertown, on High street, one door above the store of J. H. Simpers & Bro., and will sell *Cheap for Cash* all goods in their line, such as Hats, Laces, Ribbons, Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Toilet articles, Spool Cotton, Silk, Needles, &c.
HATS trimmed in the latest style.
Altering and Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Plain and Fancy Sewing at reasonable prices. Give us a call.
M. ALICE LAMBERT & SISTER.
apr21-3m.

WATERS & SONS'
CELEBRATED
Organs and Pianos!
AT GREAT BARGAINS!
EVERY Organ and Piano sold warranted to give entire satisfaction.—My prices are the lowest. My terms are the best. Numerous styles, at prices to suit all. Thousands of testimonials can be given endorsing their merits. A few testimonials will suffice, as follows:
"HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY.—How impressively is this old maxim demonstrated in the extraordinary success of the great Musical instrument house of Horace Waters & Sons, adopting from the first the rigid rule that every instrument should prove all and more than their warrantee called for, the firm has built up a business far in advance of their cotemporaries and from Maine to the Gulf the name of WATERS is as familiar as household Words." *Woods' Household Magazine.*
"HORACE WATERS & SONS.—These well known manufacturers have secured an immense patronage, their sales extending and increasing in every direction." —*Christian Advocate, N. Y.*
"THE Piano you sent me is allowed to be the best in this town, and there are several of Chickering's and Stoddart's here." —*Chas. Rice, Perth, Canada West.*
☞ Also refer to Dr. E. J. Drinkhouse, editor Methodist Protestant, Baltimore.
Illustrated Catalogues free.
Address W. K. JUDEFIND, Agt.,
apr7-6m. Edesville, Kent co., Md.

LIFE INSURANCE!
THE undersigned has again taken the agency for the *Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York*, and will cheerfully give any information asked for by letter or otherwise.
Medical examiners for Kent county are: Dr. Samuel Beck, Hanesville; Dr. W. M. A. S. Maxwell, Still Pond; Dr. Thomas Willson, Edesville.
PROF. T. ASCHERFELD.
April 14, 1877—tf.

YOU can find Fine SUGAR-CURED HAMS and BROILING BEEF, at
may19. THOMPSON'S, Up Town.

1877! 1877!
Spring and Summer!
LATEST STYLES!
LATEST STYLES!
LATEST STYLES!
AND LOWEST PRICES!
AND LOWEST PRICES!
AND LOWEST PRICES!
IN
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS!
AT THE NEW STORE OF
S. MERRITT & CO.
S. MERRITT & CO.
S. MERRITT & CO.
Next door to J. K. Aldridge's.
We have just opened the LARGEST and CHEAPEST line of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps,
EVER BEFORE EXHIBITED IN CHESTERTOWN!
Our stock comprises every variety of style and quality.
BLACK CLOTH SUITS, $15 up.
WORSTED SUITS, $10 00 up.
CASSIMER SUITS, Plain, Plaid and Striped.
BLACK WORSTED COATS AND VESTS, from $10 00 up.
CHIVOT SUITS, from $6 00 up.
All Well Made and NOBBY STYLES!
Alpacca and Worsted Coats, $1 50 up.
White Vests, $1 00 up.
Summer Linens!
In Coats, Pants and Vests.
Furnishing Goods!
Summer Merino Undershirts, 25c up.
Gauze Undershirts, " "
Drawers of all kinds.
CASSIMER OVERSHIRTS,
Chivot, Percal, from 50c up.
White LINEN SHIRTS a Specialty!
☞ *MADE TO ORDER and FITS Guaranteed.* ☜
Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffs, &c.
HOSIERY—Brown, Blch'd and Fancy Socks or Half-Hose, and *solid* colors.
☞ *GLOVES of every variety.*
Hats and Caps
in great variety,
Embracing the latest fashionable styles and colors.
Large stock STRAW HATS in great variety and at low prices.
☞ **Large line of SAMPLES** for Custom Work, and Fits Guaranteed.
☞ All we ask is an examination of our goods and prices, and we can convince you the low price and good quality of our stock. *We do not misrepresent.*
☞ Our stock is very large, purchased in Phila. and Balt. at close figures, and we are sure of our ability to please.
☞ Remember the place:
S. MERRITT & CO.,
New Store, next to J. K. Aldridge's.
May 12, 1877.

T. ROMIE STRONG. EARLE R. STRONG.
1877.
Spring and Summer!
1877.
STRONG & BRO., AT THE CORNER.
STRONG & BRO., AT THE CORNER.
STRONG & BRO., AT THE CORNER.
STRONG & BRO., AT EDESVILLE.
STRONG & BRO., AT EDESVILLE.
STRONG & BRO., AT EDESVILLE.
STRONG & BRO., AT PINEY NECK.
STRONG & BRO., AT PINEY NECK.
STRONG & BRO., AT PINEY NECK.
New Goods! Cheap Goods!
New Goods! Cheap Goods!
New Goods! Cheap Goods!
STRONG & BRO.,
Take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have a VERY LARGE STOCK OF GOODS at their
THREE STORES,
THREE STORES,
THREE STORES,
Which are being sold Very Cheap.
Calicoes, Dress Goods,
Fancy and Colored Lawns,
Brown and Bl'chd Muslins,
White Linen Table Damask,
Table Oil Cloths,
Black and colored Alpacas.
NOTIONS—a very large stock.
Farmers and Builders' Hardware.
Nails, Copper, Rivets, Plow Bolts, Wagon Bolts, Carriage Bolts.
BACON, FLOUR, LARD and MEAL, SALT FISH,
PICKLES by the hundred.
White Wash LIME and BRUSHES,
White Wash LIME and BRUSHES,
White Wash LIME and BRUSHES,
DRUGS AND MEDICINES A SPECIALTY.
DRUGS AND MEDICINES A SPECIALTY.
DRUGS AND MEDICINES A SPECIALTY.
☞ Prescriptions carefully compounded and at the lowest prices.
COME ONE and ALL
☞ *No Trouble to Show Goods.*
Respectfully,
STRONG & BRO.
May 5, 1877.

S. B. FOARD,
Grain Commission Merchant
CHESTERTOWN.
Store, Main st., nearly opp. Voshell House.
Choice Brands of Flour, Pratt's Astral Oil, Hardware, &c.
Early Rose Seed Potatoes.
The highest cash price paid for Grain.
apr14-tf.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
—OF A—
Desirable Farm
In Kent Co., Maryland,
NEAR BUCK NECK.
BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent county, as a Court of Equity, passed in a cause in said Court wherein C. C. Harper, Trustee, is complainant, and John W. Hollyday is defendant; the undersigned will offer at PUBLIC SALE to the highest bidder,
On TUESDAY, July 3,
AT THREE O'CLOCK, P. M.,
At the "Voshell House," in CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND,
ALL THAT FARM,
situated in the Third Election District of Kent county, and belonging to John W. Hollyday, containing
281 ACRES,
2 ROODS and 30 PERCHES,
MORE OR LESS.
This Farm is situated at the intersection of the public road leading from Chestertown to Luther J. Handy's and the public road leading from Belair to Buck Neck, adjoining the lands of John W. Corey, William S. Walker, Mrs. Denney, and others.
The soil is medium clay, and produces fine crops of wheat, corn and grass, and is in a good state of cultivation. It is under good fencing, a laage part of which is good chestnut post and rail fence.
There are about 220 acres of arable land, divided into seven fields, and the residue is in WOOD, a large part of which is
Valuable Chestnut Timber.
There is no waste land on the farm.
THE IMPROVEMENTS
Consist of a TWO-STORY
Frame Dwelling,
with four rooms; a story and a half Kitchen, Meat House and Dairy House; two-story BARN, with Stabling room for ten horses and a feed room between the stalls; also a good room for grain up stairs; Two CORN HOUSES, 30x7, ten feet high, with room between, all in good order.
There is also a
SMALL FRAME DWELLING
on another portion of the farm, with STABLE for three horses. This Tract contains about 100 acres, and might be made a separate Farm with very little expense.
This Farm is about 1½ miles from Buck Neck, from which there is a daily steamer to and from Baltimore; about four miles from Worton Station and 3 miles from Fairlee Station on the Kent county Rail Road, and 7 miles from Chestertown.
Possession given Jan. 1st, 1878.
THE TERMS OF SALE
as prescribed by the Decree are as follows: One-fifth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale, or in thirty days thereafter, at the option of the Trustee; the residue in three equal annual instalments from the day of sale, the credit payments to bear interest from the day of sale and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser with sureties to be approved by the Trustee. Deed at the cost of the purchaser.
JAMES A. PEARCE, TRUSTEE.
June 9, 1877—ts.

THE VOSHELL HOUSE
IN CHESTERTOWN,
HAS again come into the possession and management of the undersigned, who will take pleasure in contributing to the comfort and convenience of those who may patronize the House. Especial attention will be given to all, whether permanent Boarders or transient Customers.
The subscriber has had varied and extensive experience in country and city, in conducting a Hotel, which will enable him to secure the approval of every one who may give him a call. The Bedding and Chambers will be specially attended to, and the Table will be equally so. Good order will at all times be preserved, and the Parlors will be kept open for the accommodation of guests.
There is probably no better conveniences for Horses and Carriages on the Eastern Shore of Maryland. The public are invited to make him a call.
m5-tf. JOHN C. VOSHELL.

A CARD.
THE GENERAL
FREIGHTING BUSINESS.
Conducted for many years by my father, J. F. Taylor, between Chestertown and Baltimore, has now entirely and solely passed into my hands. It shall be my constant effort, aided by the long experience in the business of my agent, Mr. W. H. PALMER, to merit a share of the public patronage.
The business is attempted under adverse circumstances, yet we trust, by our constant and personal attention to the trade, to regain whatever may have been lost to the late business. The vessel has undergone such repairs as now make her in every respect suitable for the business.
Respectfully, J. E. TAYLOR.
March 31, 1877—tf.

LUMBER, LUMBER.
Dutch Siding, Dressed.
Clean Cypress Weather Boarding.
White Pine Siding.
Dressed 4-4 Stock Picks,
" 4-4 " Selects,
" 6-4 Picks,
" 6-4 Selects,
" 8-4 Picks
Bridge Plank, Virginia Pine Plank,
Virginia Pine 4-4 Boards, Scantling, &c.,
Virginia Pine Clean Flooring,
Shingles, Pickets, &c.
☞ Parties having large lots to buy will find by calling on me that they can do better with me than they can in Baltimore.
T. W. ELIASON, Jr.
March 17, 1877.

YOU can always find a full stock of GROCERIES, NOTIONS and Provisions, at *THOMPSON'S, Up Town.*

ALL persons wanting GOOD GOODS at the Lowest prices will find them at
apr7. J. B. SAPPINGTON'S.

ROCK SALT! ROCK SALT!
For Sale by
mar31. J. K. ALDRIDGE

QUESTION.

Blossoms were on the apple trees;
The birds were humming in the air;
Nature concerted harmonies
To rob the world of care;
Down by the meadow stream, we two
Saw the white clouds their shadows cast
Along the distant mountains blue,
And dream-like as the past.

We two! Ah, that was years ago;
We thought the two would pass away,
And that but one the years would show;
We thought the Gods would play
Wild songs of melody divine,
To make the future bright and fair;
And that the sun of joy would shine
All times and everywhere.

Just as a million souls have thought!
There came a day when tears were shed;
And one the world's mad struggle sought,
And one pined to the dead;
He longed for fame, that kept in sight
Yet ever seemed to miss his grasp;
And she lost all life's hope and light,
Striving his hand to clasp.

Well, it was years ago, I said;
The stream is there; the blossoms flush
The trees with glory; she is dead.
The bees—they do not hush
Their humming as they seek the sweet;
I wonder, though, if we two may,
As one, in heaven's home love and meet,
And find a perfect day.

—*Thomas S. Collier.*

A FEW ITEMS FOR MOTHERS TO READ.—A correspondent in writing to the Middletown *Press* offers the following reasonable suggestions to mothers of afflicted children:

We hope that mothers will remember that good brandy is a cure for summer complaint; in bad cases a teaspoonful in milk three or four times a day.

A flannel cloth, wet in hot brandy, or better, camphor and brandy mixed and heated, will relieve the pain of the bowels if frequently laid over the stomach and bowels.

Bits of scraped ice are better on the tongue than drinks of water.

For stings and poisons, a strong solution of saleratus and water immediately and then frequently applied, gives relief and sure cure.

For burns an immediate application of flour covering the burn and wrapped so as to exclude the air; then burn lard till it is quite brown and apply, and relief and cure will soon come. Do not wash off the flour if it clings, but put the lard over it.

At night, in extreme warm weather, a lemon squeezed in tepid water, to sponge off the tired-out little body, will give rest to both the mother and child. Saleratus is good, but the lemon best. Even washing off the little feet, neck and palms of the hands in tepid, never very cold, water, will induce a healthful sleep.

BOUND TO SEE THE SIGHTS.—They have been trying a clergyman at Dixon, Ill., for poisoning his wife. A groat crowd of ladies attended the proceedings, and they all wanted front seats. One night, when the court had adjourned, the sheriff couldn't get these ladies to leave the room. They had brought blankets and other comfortables with them, and expressed a determination to stay all night, that they might be on hand bright and early next morning. The sheriff, upon this, as gently as possible put them out. He then locked the door and went home. Then it was that the Dixon women showed that they were equal to the emergency. Obtaining a thirty-foot ladder, they climbed into the court room windows, and when the sheriff opened the court room the next morning they were comfortably seated on the front benches. Woman's wit was too much for the whole law of Illinois in the person of the sheriff.—*Exchange.*

HOW THEY DO AT NEWPORT.—Summer life at Newport is thus summed up by a correspondent of the New York *Times*:—"It consists chiefly of bringing city manners, habits and costumes into the country. The exclusives do not bathe in the ocean. They have salt water brought to them in a barrel. In this way they avoid the heat and sun and 'the hotel people' who visit the beach, and help to support the deserving persons who carry about the water barrels. They do not walk or row, they seldom sail, and if they fish they hire men to bait their hooks for them. They strictly observe all the formalities and ceremonies of city life, drive out in the afternoon, dress themselves two or three times a day, and in the evening the ladies criticise each other, and talk about their clothes. A more useless, and, all things considered, a more tiresome exercise could not well be imagined. But then it is fashionable, and costs a great deal of money."

FORCE OF HABIT.—Sir George Staunton visited a man in India who had committed a murder, and in order not only to save his life, but what was of much more consequence, his *caste*, he submitted to the penalty inflicted; this was, that he should sleep for seven years on a bedstead without any mattrass, the whole surface of which was studded with points of iron resembling nails, but not so sharp as to penetrate the flesh. Sir George saw him in the fifth year of his probation, and his skin was then like the hide of a rhinoceros, but more callous; at that time, however, he could sleep comfortably on his "bed of thorns," and remarked that, at the expiration of his term of sentence, he should most probably continue that system from choice which he had been obliged to adopt from necessity.

LESSING, the German author, was, in his old age, subject to extraordinary fits of abstraction. On his return home one evening, after he had knocked at his door, the servant looked out of the window to see who was there. Not recognizing his master in the dark, and mistaking him for a stranger, he called out, "the professor is not at home." "Oh, very well," replied Lessing; "no matter—I'll call another time?"

AN unfortunate editor thus addresses his delinquent subscribers: "Friends, we are penniless. Job's turkey was a millionaire compared with our present depressed treasury. To-day if salt was ten cents a barrel, we could not buy enough to pickel a jaybird."

Marvels of Man.

While the gastric juice has a mild, bland, sweetish taste, it possesses the power of dissolving the hardest food that can be swallowed; it has no influence whatever on the soft and delicate fibers of the living stomach, nor upon the living hand, but, at the moment of death, it begins to eat them away with the power of the strongest acids.

There is dust on sea, on land; in the valley and on the mountain top; there is dust always and overywhere; the atmosphere is full of it; it penetrates the noisome dungeon, and visits the deepest, darkest caves of the earth; no palace door can shut it out, no drawer so secret as to escape its presence; every breath of wind dashes it upon the open eye, and yet the eye is not blinded, because there is a fountain of the blandest fluid in nature incessantly emptying itself under the eyelid, which spreads it over the surface of the ball at every winking, and washes every atom of dust away. But this liquid, so mild, and so well adapted to the eye itself, has some acridity, which, under certain circumstances, becomes so decided as to be scalding to the skin, and would rot away the eyelids were it not that along the edges of them there are little oil manufactories, which spread over their surface a coating, as impervious to the liquids necessary for keeping the eyeballs washed clean as the best varnish is impervious to water.

The breath which leaves the lungs has been so perfectly divested of its life-giving properties that to rebreath it, unmixed with other air, the moment it escapes from the mouth, would cause immediate death by suffocation; while if it hovered about us, a more or less destructive influence over health and life would be occasioned; but it is made of a nature so much lighter than the common air that the instant it escapes the lips and nostrils it ascends to the higher regions, above the breathing point, there to be rectified, renovated, and sent back again, replete with purity and life. How rapidly it ascends is beautifully exhibited every frosty morning.

But foul and deadly as the expired air is, nature, wisely economical in all her works and ways, turns it to good account in its onward passage through the organs of voice, and makes of it the whisper of love, the soft word of affection, the tender tones of human sympathy, the sweetest strains of ravishing music, the persuasive eloquence of the finest orator.

If a well made man be extended on the ground, his arm at right angles with the body, a circle, making the navel its centre, will just take in the head, the finger ends and feet.

The distance from top to toe is precisely the same as that between the tips of the fingers when the arms are extended.

The length of the body is just six times that of the foot, while the distance from the edge of the hair on the forehead to the end of the chin is one-tenth the length of the whole stature.

Of the sixty-two primary elements that are known in nature, only eighteen are found in the human body, and of these seven are metallic. Iron is found in the blood, phosphorous in the brain, limestone in the bile, lime in the bone, and dust and ashes in all! Not only these eighteen human elements, but the whole sixty-two, of which the universe is made, have their essential basis in the four substances, oxygen, hydrogen, nitrogen and carbon, representing the more familiar names of fire, water, saltpetre and charcoal; and such is man, the lord of earth! a spark of fire, a drop of water, a grain of gunpowder, an atom of charcoal!—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

O George! What a Damsel.

She was young and fair, and a tear glistened in her eyes as she laid her curly head on his shoulder and exclaimed: "O George! I think if I found you did not love me I should die." "My darling," he answered, passing his hand gently round her dimpled chin, "I will always love you. Do you think I would marry you if I did not feel sure of it? In a few days at the altar I shall vow to love you all my life, and I will keep my vow." A lovely kind of beautiful happiness played for a moment like sunshine on her lips, and then she whispered: "O George! I like to hear you talk like that; you have been so good to me. You have given me a diamond locket, and a gold watch and chain, and rings that an angel might wear outside her gloves and not be ashamed; and if I thought that one day you'd be sorry you'd given me all these nice things and want them back again I should break my heart." He held her gently against his manly breast, and answered with a quavering voice: "Oh, my darling! there is nothing on earth that could happen that would make me repent giving you a few tokens of my love, or make me want them back again." She sprang from his arms like a joyous deer, she shook back her sunny curls, and with a whole poem in her hazel eyes, exclaimed: "O, George! you have taken a load from my heart. I've come to say that I can't marry you after all, because I've seen somebody I like better, and I thought you'd want your presents back again." —*London Fun.*

HOW TO MAKE A FAMILY TELEPHONE.—Mr. John M. Powees, one of the pioneers of telegraphy in North Alabama, amuses his children with a telephone that can be made in a few minutes by any one, and by means of which conversation in an ordinary tone may be carried on between parties a hundred yards or more apart. Knock both ends out of two tin cans—old oyster cans will do—paste letter paper tightly over one end of each can through which insert the end of common wrapping twine, although a silk line would be better; tie a knot to prevent the string from slipping through; extend the string as far as you can without allowing it to touch the ground or any intervening object; place your mouth at the open end of the can and a slight whisper will be heard at the other end of the line, where a similar arrangement of the string through the can and paper must be made.—*Tuscumboa North Alabamian.*

SOME one has calculated that if the salt in the ocean should be spread over the land, it would cover it to the depth of 700 feet, but it would kill business. So it is just as well, perhaps, to leave it where it is.

An Incident in the Cars.

On the whole pleasant traits and incidents are not common in cars, I think.—This opinion I expressed to my friend Summers the other day. In reply to my remark, he related a little adventure, which, as it is apropos, and moreover involves a little love and sentiment, I give with apology in his own words. It proves that in the most unlikely places love and sentiment may be discovered:

"I was escorting home the lovely Charlotte D., to whom I was at the time devoted. We got into the crowded avenue cars, where Charlotte could scarce find room to spread her crinoline and arrange her voluminous flounces. I stood up near her, there being no vacant seat.

"After a few moments, came in a poor woman, who deposited a basket of clothes on the platform and held in her arms a small child, while a little girl clung to her skirts. They looked tired and weary, but there was no vacant place; to be sure, Charlotte might have condensed her flounces, but she did not. Beside her, however, sat a lovely woman, who seemed trying by moving down closer to others to make space enough for the stranger between her and Miss D. At last she succeeded, and with the sweetest smile I ever saw, she invited the poor burdened female to be seated. Charlotte D. drew her drapery around her and blushed too; but it was not a pretty blush at all, and she looked annoyed at the proximity of the new comer, who was, however, clean and decently, though thinly clad.

"The unknown lady drew the little girl upon her lap and wrapped her velvet mantle around her half-clad form, and put her muff over the half frozen little blue hands.

"So great was the crowd that I alone observed her. The child shivered—the keen wind from the open door blew upon her unprotected neck. I saw the young lady draw from under her cloak a little crimson woolen shawl, which she softly put on the shoulders of the little one, as the mother looked on in confused wonder. After a short time she arose to leave the cars, and would have removed the shawl, but the unknown gently whispered, "No, keep it for her." The woman did not answer—the conductor hurried her out, her eyes swam in tears, which no one ever saw but me. I noticed her as she hastily descended to a basement, and I hastily marked the house.

"Soon after my unknown also rose to start. I was in despair, for I wanted to follow, and discover her residence, but could not leave Miss D.

"How glad, then, was I to see her bowing as she passed out to a mutual acquaintance who stood in the door-way From him ere many minutes, had learned her name and address.

To shorten my story as much as possible, that lady is now my wife. In the small incident which introduced her to me she showed her real character. A few days after our marriage I showed her the blessed crimson shawl, which I had redeemed from its owner, and shall always keep as a momento.

"There are sometimes pleasant things to be found even in unexpected places—certainly I may be said to have picked out my wife in the cars."

The Oriental Business.

A good citizen of Croghan street was reading the other day of a good Persian gentleman who always walked about with a smile on his face. When this Persian was asked why he always looked so happy when other men looked sad, he replied:

"I smile because it may be sunshine to some poor soul surrounded by shadow."

It was very nice in the Persian, and the Croghan street man said he'd be hanged if he couldn't outsmile a Persian or anybody else walking around on two legs. He at once began to smile at his wife.—She stood it for a few minutes and then observed:

"What's the matter, William—got the colic again?"

"I smile because I want to carry sunshine to your darkened soul," he replied.

She wanted him to understand that fifteen minutes at the woodpile would help her more than all the grins he could grin in a straight week, and when he went into the kitchen to smile some sunshine at the hired girl the wife followed him and raised a row that put dinner three-quarters of an hour behindhand. However, one can't get the hang of Oriental business in a day, and this man tried it again on the street car as he came down yesterday. Opposite him sat an old woman with a basket, and he undertook to smile the shadows from her heart. She watched him for two or three minutes, growing madder all the time, and presently she asked:

"Do you think you know me, that you are grinning across the aisle like a circus baboon?"

"I smile, madam, because—because—," he stammered, forgetting what the Persian said. "I smile because—"

"You are grinning because I have got sore eyes!"

"No madam. I smile that I—that I—"

"I'll not stand it!" she exclaimed, and she hammered him with the big basket until he escaped off the platform.

"Now grin over that, will you!" she called after him as she shook the basket in the air.

"The Persian who went around smiling was a fool, and I'm his first cousin!" growled the man, and he quit smiling and picked a fight with a harness maker.

TO WASH BLACK ALPACA.—Rip the garments in all the seams, take each piece separately and wash in this way: Have a tub of quite warm water, throw in a tablespoonful of powdered borax; place the alpaca on the wash-board and scrub the soiled places with a clean brush, using only a very little soap; rinse in one clear, warm water, then in one very blue water; press the water out by rolling up and squeezing down on the board. Dry quickly, and iron on the wrong side when almost dry.

SAY nothing about yourself, either good, bad, or indifferent; nothing good, for that is vanity; nothing bad, for that is affectation; nothing indifferent for that is silly.

LITTLE TOM THUMB fell over a drum, and was made sightless and dumb, and his head it did hum, and the doctor did come, at Concord the other day.

The Executions in Pennsylvania.

The extraordinary spectacle was witnessed on Thursday, the 21st inst., in Pennsylvania of the execution at Pottsville, in that State, of six of the murderers known as Molly Maguires; at Mauch Chunk of four others, and at Wilkesbarre of one of the same band of manslayers, whose atrocities, as stated by a Northern journal, have for fourteen years made "human life as uncertain in that nominally Christian State as ever it was in the jungles of India before advancing civilization had cleared them of tigers and of Thugs." There are few States in the Union, certainly none in the South, against which such an allegation could be pretended. The fact that such men as these are of foreign birth or foreign descent is a startling illustration of the proposition made by an English historian that in the centres of the civilization of the old world there is a barbarism among certain classes of the community as wild and ferocious as any among the savage tribes of the wilderness. The counties in which these men were hung were adjoining, and the chief places of execution about 20 miles apart. The "Molly Maguires" is the name given to a secret society in Pennsylvania, which was organized to use terrorism and revenge for the purpose of keeping down all opposition to the rule of their adherents in the anthracite coal regions in the matter of mining regulations by operators and bosses, and "strikes" and the wages of labor. It was during the period of dispute between the miners and their employers, and during or immediately before or after these "strikes" that the most of their murderous work was done. Some of them used the name of the "Ancient Order of Hibernians," with their signs, passwords and machinery, for purposes of assassination. The localities in which they operated were chiefly the counties of Schuylkill, Carbon and Luzerne. Those against whom they operated were "mine bosses" who were faithful to their employers, or mine owners and operators who wanted to control their mines in their own way, or working miners or laborers who refused to do their biddings. Their brutal beatings and incendiary fires were innumerable, but murder was the commonest of their crimes. The stoning to death by a mob of one Langdon, a "breaker boss," in Carbon county, in 1862, was the first of their crimes. They fired at obnoxious persons through windows of bedrooms while sleeping, and while walking home, and shot one policeman upon his beat. Their cunning, equal to their ferocity, was shown in the fact that the victims were never beaten or killed by the men who held grudges against them, but by strangers detailed from "divisions" in a different locality. They did their work openly, and sometimes in the presence of the families of their victims. They even had a tariff of prices for murder, and it is said to be in evidence than on one occasion a "division" meeting was held in order to decide between rival claimants for "blood money," two men actually claiming the sole merit of one murder and putting in their demands for pay. These scenes, scarcely equalled by the bravos of the middle ages, occurred within four hours travel of Philadelphia, the headquarters of "brotherly love," and whose journals are exercised more than those of any other Atlantic city upon barbarism and outrages in the South. It is evident, however, that those executed last week were mostly very ignorant men, and were thus, perhaps, in one sense the victims of others, who by reason of their unfortunate condition were able to use them for the wicked purposes of the organization.

Although there was some quarrel about the wages of labor, the grudges and revenges of the "Molly Maguires" seem to have been almost purely personal. The political power which they attained is one of the most curious and significant features of their malign career. They were able to elect candidates to office from their own murderous crew. In various counties important local officers, commissioners and chief of police were "Molly Maguires," and one of them came within a few votes of being elected a judge of the very court which condemned his confederates to be hanged last week! The day of reckoning has come to them at last, and the survivors, who are said to be plotting revenge, will probably find that the law can no longer be defied.—*Baltimore Sun.*

A PLEASANT CUSTOM.—Cameron's "Across Africa" says that on the death of a Urua chief, it is the custom "to divert the course of a stream, and in its bed to dig an enormous pit, the bottom of which is then covered with living women. At one end a woman is placed on her hands and knees, and upon her back the dead chief, covered with his beads and treasures is seated, being supported on either side by one of his wives, while his second wife sits at his feet. The earth is then shovelled in on them, and all the women are buried alive, with the exception of his second wife. To her, custom is more merciful than to her companions, and grants her the privilege of being killed before the huge grave is filled in. This being completed, a number of slaves—sometimes 40 or 50—are slaughtered, and their blood poured over the graves, after which the river is allowed to resume its course."

AN old lady, who was in the habit of declaring after the occurrence of any unusual event that she had predicted it, was one day very nicely sold by her worthy spouse, who had got tired of her continual "I told you so." Rushing into the house, breathless with excitement, he exclaimed:

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