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The Kent News.

SATURDAY..... OCT. 30, 1880.

COLONIZING FLORIDA—*Dispatches to the Republican Agents Fall into Democratic Hands.*—Chairman Wm. H. Barnum, of the democratic national committee has issued the following address:

"*To the Public:* When this campaign opened the national democratic committee contracted with the American Union and Western Union Telegraph Companies for special rates for their business, and arranged with said companies that all telegrams sent or received by the committee should be rendered at the end of each week to the cashier of the committee as vouchers for the bills rendered. Telegrams so sent or received by our committee have been returned under this arrangement weekly and paid for according to the contract. On Wednesday morning, Oct. 20, the Western Union Telegraph Company returned to the committee vouchers as usual for the second week in October. Upon their being examined by our cashier to verify the amount the following telegrams were found in the package so sent us as vouchers, evidently being a mistake on the part of the official having the same in charge at the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company. The telegrams are written upon the Western Union blanks and are as follows:

"'RUSH!

"'*Oct.* 12, 1880.—Hon. Charles J. Noyes, care H. Jenkins, Jr., Jacksonville, Fla.: I telegraphed yesterday. I will provide as requested. Two hundred each for Callender and yourself as compensation.

"'17 pd. MARSHALL JEWELL.'

"'RUSH!

"'*Oct.* 12, 1880.—To F. W. Wicker, Collector, Key West, Fla.: City of Dallas took 150, City of Texas 100, Colorado 100 for Key West. Men on dock instructed to say nothing about it.

"'26 pd. MARSHALL JEWELL.'

"The numerals '150,' '100,' and '100,' in this last telegram means so many men.

"These telegrams or rather the one addressed to F. W. Wicker, United States collector at the port of Key West, Fla., tells their own story. The sun had not gone down in the State of Indiana, where one of the greatest frauds ever perpetrated on a free government and a free ballot were about to be consummated, when the chairman of the national republican committee and an official of the United States government were preparing to repeat in the State of Florida the infamy then about to be consummated in the State of Indiana. The committee were advised previous to the receipt of these telegrams that the State of Florida was about to be overcome by the repeaters of our large cities. The telegrams of Mr. Jewell only confirm what the committee well knew to be the fact.

"The above telegrams are in the possession of the committee; they are written in copying ink, have been copied in a letter-press book, and bear the telegraph receiver's checks and marks, and this committee defies any one to assert that they are not genuine. The telegrams are now being lithographed, and will be given to the public in a day or two. "WM. H. BARNUM,

"Chairman Nat. Dem. Comm.

"New York, Oct. 21, 1880."

NEW YORK AROUSED—*The Campaign Bitterly Contested.*—A staff correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times* telegraphs to that paper from New York under date of Oct. 25:

"The last week of the campaign opens with the utmost activity at the national democratic headquarters. Every one there is cheerful beyond expression, and all are bending to their work with more resolution and vim than has been seen before in the campaign. The fight is being made red hot in New York State, upon which the result so largely hinges. Naturally enough when all are working so busily they have little time for gossip, hence it is that there is nothing alarmingly new in the general situation. The one thing apparent above all is that new life and vigor and earnestness has been imparted to the campaign by the democrats. The sober-thinking members of the national committee who are not given to speech unless they have honest convictions to express say to-day that Hancock's chances have improved very much within the past four or five days, and he is likely to be elected. They point to the fact that the roll of Northern States which Hancock has an even chance of carrying has been swelled very much, now embracing Maine, New Hampshire, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Indiana, California, Nevada and Oregon. New York, New Jersey and one more is all that is necessary to win the battle. One of the most confident men at headquarters to-night was Samuel J. Randall. In a private conversation not intended for the public ear he expressed himself as really expecting to see Gen. Hancock elected. It is in such private talks that the democratic managers convince visitors of their sincerity. The reasons they give are that daily advices from trusted agents attest the tariff question argument has spent its force and is more than discounted by Garfield's Chinese Immigration views; that the people have become convinced that the so-called republican victory in Indiana was gained by unblushing frauds; that republican bulldozing by employers is reacting upon the party and making votes for Hancock; that the evidences of republican attempts to colonize voters in New York city and in Florida are disgusting honest men. These are the newest causes of the reaction in favor of Hancock, and the democrats are very confident that they will elect him. There is no brag and bluster at democratic headquarters, as there is with the republican leaders. The democrats are quietly but earnestly watching every sign of the times and are missing no chances. The very best speakers in the party are now at work in the State, and more than a hundred meetings a night will be held this week. The democrats confidently expect 30,000 majority in New York State."

GEN. MAHONE IN PHILADELPHIA AGAIN.—*No Compromise With the Republicans.*—Gen. Wm. Mahone, the leader of the Virginia readjusters, arrived in Philadelphia again Saturday, after a flying visit to Richmond, accompanied by Capt. John S. Wise and Gen. V. D. Groner, two of his most intimate personal and political friends. The object of his visit has not been developed. The *Times* of that city quotes Gen. Mahone as expressing entire confidence in the success of the readjuster Hancock electoral ticket. In round numbers he thinks the vote will stand: For readjuster Hancock electors, 80,000; funder Hancock electors, 60,000; Garfield electors, 40,000. Gen. Mahone is further quoted as saying that the Virginia readjusters do not blame Gen. Hancock for the recognition of the funder electoral ticket by the democratic national committee, and that such recognition will not affect the attitude of the readjusters towards Hancock in any degree. Gen. Mahone was asked whether there was any truth in the report that he was trading with the republicans or had received overtures from them. He replied: "Not a word of truth in it. I could not be approached on such a subject. I have talked, however, freely with prominent republicans, and have not hesitated to tell them that they have no chance to carry Virginia for Garfield, and that by making any fight there they are simply playing into the hands of the Bourbons; and on their part no suggestion of any compromise in their interests has been made by any one. As to the electors on our ticket voting for Garfield in the electoral college, they are honorable men, and will carry out the instructions of the convention which framed the ticket."

OPERATIONS OF HOTEL THIEVES.—The light-fingered fraternity did not succeed in accomplishing much during the anniversary celebration last week, as they were carefully watched by the detectives, but the hotel thieves are meeting with better success this week. At an early hour yesterday morning two rooms at the Mansion House, corner of Fayette and St. Paul streets, were entered, and the occupants robbed; one of a gold watch and chain and $65 in money, and the other of $30 in money. Both occupied rooms on the same floor. The gentleman who was robbed of $30 was Mr. T. W. Smith, of Ridgely, Caroline county, Md. Mr. McGuire, who lost his watch and chain and $65 in money, heard some one in his room and saw a man at the door. On inquiring what the man wanted the intruder asked to be excused and said he had mistaken the room. The occupant soon found that he had been robbed, and gave the alarm. The watchman and night clerk quickly ran up stairs, and on searching the premises found McGuire's vest on the fourth floor, two stories above where he slept. The thief, it is supposed, either got out on the roof and made his escape, or concealed himself and afterwards succeeded in getting out. An occupant of another room on the same floor was awakened by some one trying to get the door open, and on making inquiry as to what the person wanted, the noise suddenly ceased.—*Balto. Sun, Oct.*

NO MATTER what may be the outcome of the November battle, no Democrat should fail to cast his ballot for the party nominees. It is a duty he owes to himself, to his country and to his party. If the party stands firm to its work, there need be no fear of the result.

THE German Land Association has changed its name to Bombay Hook Land Company, and authorized a committee to purchase Bombay Hook Island and other property near Smyrna, on the Delaware river, in all sixteen hundred acres, for not more than $16,000.

WOMEN who have an ardent desire to vote should move to Oregon, the Legislature of that State having adopted the woman suffrage amendment to the constitution by a good majority.

FRAUD was the recourse of the Republican leaders in 1876. Money and fraud is their dependence now. Their purpose is to buy the Presidency if they can.

SENATOR BAYARD's daughter will be one of Miss Lida Cameron's bridesmaids on the occasion of the latter's marriage to Mr. Bradley, at Harrisburg, on November 12.

Trial and Acquittal of Wesley Murphy for Shooting Wm. Daniels.

On last Saturday morning Wesley Murphy was tried before the Circuit Court for Kent county, for the killing, on the night of the 18th of September last, of William Daniels. Murphy was tried on an indictment for manslaughter, and without a jury, H. W. Vickers, Esq., State's attorney for Kent county, being for the prosecution, R. Hynson, Esq., for defense. The trial had been looked forward to with considerable interest, and as it was to be taken up on Saturday morning, the court room was filled. The forest element was pretty well represented. Murphy is very much below medium size, is fifty-nine years of age, and is crippled and deformed. During the trial he occupied a seat beside his counsel. The first witness introduced by the State was

SHEPHERD CLAYTON,

a young man about 21 years of age. He testified that he lives about one-half mile from Murphy's. Has known Murphy all his life, and knew Daniels for four or five years. He passed by Murphy's house at about 2:30 o'clock on the night of the shooting. Murphy called him and told him he had shot somebody. Asked him to go and see who it was. He went and recognized Daniels in the man shot. Daniels was lying flat on his back, some three or four feet from the door.

Cross-examined by the defence, he said he had that night been to Morris' station and passed Murphy's on his way home. He was not under the influence of liquor. He saw Sallie on that occasion. [Sadie Bell.] Murphy told him that he had killed Daniels,—that Daniels was bursting into the house, and that he had shot him as he was breaking in.

Re-examined by the State, he said he had examined Murphy's door that night, and had found it as it had always been. There was an old-fashioned latch and a button. The latch was not broken off, and the button was in its place. The door was not broken. No marks of violence were on the door. There was a crack in one of the panels, but it was an old crack.

In answer to questions by the defense, he said that his most direct path home lead through Murphy's yard. Murphy's door was wide open when he first saw it. There was a seasoned persimmon stick as large as his wrist lying near the door.

The next witness sworn by the State was

WILLIAM FARRELL.

He is also a young man and a true forrester. He testified that he lives in the forest, about a mile from Murphy's. Knows Murphy and knew Daniels. Daniels was a cripple in his left hand. Witness was at Murphy's at about 9 o'clock on the night of the shooting. Daniels was there at that time. Moffitt also came in while he was there, and made himself known to Murphy, and asked for the women. Murphy said they had gone to bed. Daniels had stepped out when Moffitt had stepped in. Before leaving Daniels and Murphy had talked something about digging sweet potatoes. Daniels had engaged to dig potatoes for Murphy on the succeeding Monday. Daniels was sober. Witness left Murphy's about 9 o'clock and returned to his home. About half-past 9 o'clock, Daniels, Perry and Moffitt came to his house. He let them in and they got some water, and then left, Daniels saying to them, "Come on, boys, and I will show you some pretty girls." Witness knew that Daniels was in the habit of visiting Murphy's.

Cross-examined by defense, he said that Moffitt and Perry had come together to Murphy's. Murphy invited them in. Perry did not come in. Murphy, after a short conversation with Moffitt, ordered him out. Moffitt went out, saying he could whip any son of a bitch Murphy could produce. When Moffitt and Daniels later visited witnesses' mother's house, both were sober.

The State's next witness was

MISS KATE MORRIS.

She testified that she knows Murphy and knew Daniels. Daniels was at her house between 7 and 8 o'clock on the night of the shooting. Witness knew that Daniels was intimate at Murphy's, and that it was his purpose to go there to see Sallie Bell that night. She was at Murphy's on the Sunday morning after the shooting.

SAMUEL EVERETT,

witness for State, testified that he lived near Murphy and on Murphy's property. Knows Murphy and knew Daniels. Daniels had made witness' house his home during last three months previous to his death, and had lived off and on with him for fifteen months. He—Daniels—was crippled in his left hand, having had three of his fingers cut off. The house of witness is from 600 to 800 yards from Murphy's House. Daniels was frequently in the habit of visiting Sadie Bell. He was intimate with her. Has seen him with her often. Was at Murphy's on the morning after the shooting. Daniels was lying about four feet from the door. Witness here, at the request of the prosecuting attorney, stretched himself upon the floor and showed the position in which Daniels was lying,—flat on his back with one of his legs doubled under him. Witness had examined the door and had found no marks of where the door had been broken. Saw mark of a shot on the door frame. The sill of the door was two feet from the ground. If Daniels had been standing in the door, the shot that pierced the casing would have struck him in the stomach, instead of in throat and upper part of chest. Witness testified very positively that Daniels must have been shot in the yard and not in the house. Daniels was lying with his feet to the door. Saw no damage done to the door, only to the casing.

Cross-examined by defense, he said of course the door must have been open when Daniels was shot. Daniels had lived with him off and on for fifteen months. Has seen him with Sallie Bell fifty times in last fifteen months.

ISAAC WORRELL, COLORED,

a witness for the State was next sworn. Testified, he lives up in forest,—knows Mr. Murphy, knew William Daniels, knows members of Murphy's family. Daniels worked with him on the Friday before the Saturday on which he was killed. Daniels was in habit of visiting Murphy's. Knew that Daniels was intimate with Miss Sallie Bell. Saw Miss Sallie Bell that Friday evening. She came to his house to get a bucket of water. Daniels left his work and got the water for her. Has often seen Daniels at Murphy's,—he appeared to be intimate there.

Cross-examined—had not known Daniels over twelve months. Has seen Daniels at Murphy's over eight or ten times during last twelve months.

EDWARD TOWNSEND,

a witness for the State knew that Daniels was intimate at Murphy's house. He himself has staid all night at Murphy's and Daniels has staid there all night. Saw Daniels at Murphy's on the Wednesday previous to his death. Murphy kept a kind of open house. Any man who had money was all right. He had been there all hours of the night.

Cross-examined—he and Murphy are friendly. He did not tell Murphy that he would be one of a number to hang him. What he had really said to Murphy on the morning after the shooting was—"Murphy, you played hell last night, didn't you? If any man deserves hanging you do." He was not drunk that morning he was about as he is now. He has not got any whiskey in him now, but has got some cider.

SHERIFF GOODING

sworn as witness for State, testified that he was at Murphy's on the morning after the shooting. Saw Murphy. Murphy told him that he had shot Daniels.

Cross-examined—Murphy told him that Daniels had come there on the previous night, and was breaking into his house, and that when the door was burst open, he had shot out.

Here the State rested its case.

WESLEY MURPHY,

the accused, was then put upon the stand to testify in his own defense. Murphy testified that he went in from his blade-field to his house about 6 o'clock on the Saturday evening before the shooting. He found Daniels at his house. He remarked to Daniels when he saw him, that if he had known he was there he would have had him out in the blade-field. Pretty soon after witness had entered the house, Daniels asked him for Sadie Belle. Witness told him that she had gone to Sassafras. Daniels, who had been lying stretched upon the floor, almost immediately got up and went out, saying that he was going to Massey's to get some money. About 9 o'clock, as he was preparing to go to bed, there was a rap at his door. He called to come in. A man came in staggering, and said, "You don't know me, do you?" Witness replied, "I know from your face that you are a Moffitt." The man said that he was correct, and that he was the same man who had been at witness' house on a previous occasion and had sung a song. Moffitt asked for Sallie Bell. Witness told him that she had gone to bed. Moffitt asked him to call her, but he refused, saying that he would not do that for an intimate acquaintance, much less for a man whom he had hardly seen before. He then told Moffitt that he didn't want him there, he wanted him to leave. Moffitt then went out the door, cursing and abusing him. As Moffitt went out the door, Mrs. Hudson called after him that she had heard enough of him and that she did not want to see anything of him or the likes of him. Moffitt abused her. Mrs. H. advised Murphy to fasten up the house, as she was afraid there was going to be trouble. He fastened up the house as best he could and went up stairs to bed. About 12 o'clock he was awakened by his housekeeper, (Mrs. Hudson) who said that there were four men outside. He went to the window and was two men standing near the bars. He thought they were drinking whiskey. He recognized one of the men as Moffitt. While passing around the house, Daniels' hat blew off and he recognized him by the bald place on his head, and said to him, "Daniels, I know you, and I want you to take these men away, because I don't want any trouble here to-night." The moon was full and shining very brightly. Daniels looked up and shook his finger at him, saying hush, hush, hush, in a half whisper, three times. He and Sallie Bell and Mrs. Hudson were all up stairs at this time. Moffitt was at the little gate talking to Sallie Bell, quarreling with her and making threats. Moffitt told Sallie Bell that he intended to come into the house and kill her, and commit an outrage upon her dead body. He used the vilest sort of language. Witness told Moffitt that he was worse than a brute, to do what he threatened to do. Moffitt told him that he intended to come in and mash his (witness') brains out and to kill and violate the bodies of the women. When witness saw the men going around to his outside door, he took his gun and went below and posted himself at his middle door. His house on the first floor is divided into two rooms. An outside door at the end of the house lets into the kitchen, and another door connects the kitchen with the back room. The witness posted himself with his gun at the connecting door between the kitchen and the back room, and waited for the men to burst open his door. Soon there was a crash, the door flew open, and he shot the first man just as he put his foot in the door. He did not wait to see the result of his shot, but hurried upstairs as fast as he could, to reload his gun. When he got upstairs Sallie Bell called to him and told him that the men were running across the field. She then looked out the door and called back to him that he had saved one of them.—Bill Daniels. His door was fastened by an old-time oak bolt, and a button about two inches long. The button was held by a large rivet-nail. Bolt and button were both drawn pretty nearly off. The door was forced open. In answer to a question by his counsel, witness said that Edward Townsend, a witness who had testified for the State, was at his house on the morning after the shooting, and that Townsend, putting his hand on witness' shoulder, said to him that he would help to hang him. After the shooting he had not disturbed Daniels' body nor allowed it to be disturbed. Did not see Shepherd Clayton examine his door, when he had called him to tell him about having shot Daniels. He himself examined his door next day. Found one shot-mark about five feet high. He does not keep an open house. Persons have not been in the habit of coming to his house. Does not allow anything wrong about his house. Daniels never stayed all night at his house to his knowledge. Townsend has stayed there one night.

Cross-examined by State. Has been living where he now lives 28 years. Has known Daniels three or four years. Daniels had lost three or four fingers of his left hand, but he had the use of his hand, and was a good ax-man. In passing backward and forward, Daniels often stopped in at his house. Did not know that Daniels took supper there on the night of the shooting. When he went in from the blade field he found Daniels there. Five minutes after he got in, Daniels left: said he was going to Massey's to get some money. Daniels did not say that he was going to get some money for Sallie Bell. Never saw Daniels again till that night, when he saw him crawling in the garden on his hands and knees. State's attorney asked witness if he was not in love with Sallie Bell himself. Witness grew very indignant, and excitedly denied that he was otherwise interested than in keeping Sallie from going with low characters. He said he wanted her to look up and try and be somebody. He did not touch the body of Daniels nor interfere with the button or bolt on the door after the shooting. Left everything just as it was before the shooting occurred. Was standing at the middle door when the outside door was burst open. Did not give Daniels any warning except to shoot. Did not go out of the house till Shepherd Clayton came up: then went out and called Clayton and told him the particulars of the shooting. He shot as soon as Daniels put his foot on the step. Daniels fell back about four feet from the door. He and Daniels had never had any misunderstanding except that last summer a year, Daniels wanted to fight him, saying that witness treated other people like gentlemen, and him (Daniels) like a d—d dog.

MRS. HUDSON

was the next witness sworn by the defense. Said she was present at the shooting of Daniels. Between 9 and 12 o'clock on the night of the shooting, the dog barked fiercely under her window and waked her up. She looked out of the window and saw four men. She recognized Daniels and Moffitt. She heard them talking about breaking into the house and what they were going to do. She heard Daniels say that they would break the G—d d—d door open. She rapped on the window and called Daniels to her. She begged Daniels to take the men off and not to trouble the door. Daniels repeated that they were going to break the d—d door open, and that they were going to come in and kill Murphy. She begged and persuaded him over and over again not to break the door open and let Moffitt in. She told him that she was dreadfully afraid of Moffitt, and that if he would take Moffitt and the men away, that she would let him in. She said she did not intend to let Daniels in, but she told him so hoping that she might induce him to take the men away, and that they would all stay away. But Daniels would listen to no entreaties and insisted with the most profane language that they would break the door open, come in, kill Murphy and ravish the women. When she found she could do nothing with Daniels, she called Murphy. Murphy looked out and saw Daniels, and asked him to take the men away. Daniels answered that they would come in and kill Murphy and the women and ravish their dead bodies. Both the men made violent threats, using the most obscene language. She asked Murphy to shoot from the window, but he refused, saying that to kill a man was not what it was cracked up to be. Witness was scared almost to death as she fully expected that herself and every soul in the house would be murdered. When the men went around to the door to break in, and Murphy went down with his gun, she was so nervous that she dropped Sallie Bell's baby and lost her balance and fell down stairs. After Murphy had shot, and started up stairs, hardly knowing what she did, she ran to the door, pushed it to, and stuck the button and latch on and pressed them back in position with her hand. She fully expected the men to return again, and she was under the impression in her flurried state of mind, that she was making the door secure against them.

Cross-examined by the State, she said that she had known Daniels for a long while. Daniels was frequently in the habit of stopping in at their place, and making himself welcome when he was not welcome. She was not very friendly with him. She had never told Townsend that Daniels had ever supplied provisions for the family. She had told Daniels, on the night of the shooting, that she would let him in if he would take the men away, but she had not meant to do it. Daniels had taken supper at Murphy's on the night he was shot, but he had come in and set down to the table without being asked. She sometimes gave snuff to him for cutting up wood and doing odd jobs. He was such a beggar, that she sometimes gave him snuff out of charity. Sallie Bell was not particularly intimate with Daniels. She had never met Daniels out to witness' knowledge. Sallie Bell never gave Daniels a ring. Daniels found an old brass ring on a table and put it on his finger and wore it. This was the ring he had on when he was buried. Murphy was not jealous of Sallie Bell, that she knew of, nor jealous of herself.

Messrs, J. J. Spear, Samuel Cacy, Dr. W. E. Tarbutton and Charles Smith testified in regard to Murphy's reputation. All of them knew him as a quiet, inoffensive man. The defense here rested their case.

WILLIAM EVERETT

was called by the State in rebuttal. He testified that Mrs. Hudson stated to him after the shooting, that if Bill Daniels had minded what she told him that he would not have been killed—that if Daniels had come round to the door, she would have let him in.

MISS KATE MORRIS

testified that Bill Daniels was a good-hearted, quiet man. Murphy has a very good reputation, but he has got a right smart of temper. Has heard him spoken of as a quick-tempered man. Daniels was a good sort of fellow, even when drunk. Mrs. Hudson has told her since the shooting that she told Daniels if he would come around to the door she would let him in.

EDWARD TOWNSEND

testified: Daniels was a quiet man. Murphy is high-tempered; is quick in a passion and quick off. Has heard it generally said that Murphy is a quick-tempered man.

SAMUEL EVERETTS

testified that Daniels was a peaceable and quiet man: Murphy he didn't know much about.

The case was here submitted to the Court. After due consideration, his Honor, Judge Wickes, in a short and forcible summing up of the evidence bearing upon the case, announced the decision of the Court, that Wesley Murphy was not guilty of manslaughter in the killing of William Daniels.

FODDER YARN!

BY THE COIL,

At 6 Cents per Pound,

SPOT CASH.

TURNER BROS.

USE THE HEMIS Self-Basting **BROILER.**

Saves all the Gravy! Makes No Smoke

Bastes while Broiling!

For sale at L. K. STAM'S FURNITURE STORE.

References—Editors of this paper.

Feb. 28, 1880.

KIDNEY WORT!

A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY, for Chronic Liver and Kidney Diseases, for sale by

mh6. C. F. STAM, Druggist.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Baltimore *Morning Herald* has been conversing with Gov. Hendricks on the Indiana election. The Governor was asked if Porter's election defeated Hancock in Indiana next month, and he replied:—"To the weak-kneed and unthinking it might appear so, but to me—and I think I can speak for Indiana—there seems no cause of fear. Of course, the defeat of Tuesday will spur us on. Why, sir, I know that the soldiers will vote for Hancock, and the Greenbackers who were sold out to Porter, cannot be delivered to Garfield, who has boxed the compass on finance as well as on the tariff. You see, great capital was made of the tariff issue in the State campaign, but the same will not be available when Garfield individually is before the people. No; tell your good Maryland Democrats that Hancock will carry Indiana in November, appearances and croakers to the contrary notwithstanding."

THE manufacturers have already found that they have overreached themselves and the "scare" is now upon the other side. In a few days we shall probably hear of circulars distributed among the workmen begging them to vote as they please, and perhaps a meeting of manufacturers to insist upon the importance of separating the tariff from politics. Some of these days our business men may learn that it does not pay to become the tools of clever politicians.—*Philadelphia Times.*

REGISTRATION in New York city closed Saturday evening. The total number of voters registered in four days was 215,974, against 183,064 in 1876, showing an increase this year of 33,910. During the last three weeks 10,295 foreigners were naturalized, of whom 6,945 obtained their papers through the democratic committee, and 3,350 through the republican committee. The New York Express estimates that 203,830 votes will be cast, and estimates a democratic majority in the city of 63,187.

JOHN SHERMAN makes bold to say that the Northern Democracy are but a segment of the party. The figures in the Tilden-Hayes fight were: Total Democratic vote, 4,268,207—North, 2,706,746; South, 1,561,461; from which it would appear that J. is a bigger liar than Wade Hampton thinks him.

THE way in which trading in votes was carried on in Indiana is indicated by the returns for Wayne county, a republican stronghold. The greenback State ticket had but 225 votes there, but the greenback county ticket polled 3,338. It is a matter of some interest to know what will become of these votes next week.

THE New York *Herald* proposes a joint discussion between Senator Roscoe Conkling and his brother, Col. Frederick A. Conkling, the latter of whom is a leading democratic speaker in New York.

VOTE! VOTE!—Let every democrat be at the polls on Tuesday and vote for Hancock, English and Covington. Let not a vote be lost—we want a big majority in Kent for constitutional liberty and civil over military supremacy.

THE republican majority over the democrats on the congressional vote in Indiana was a little over 4,000, whilst the greenback congressional candidate polled 16,000 votes.

"I WANT a spoke put in my wheel" is the way to ask for a drink at a station on the line of the Eastern Shore Railroad between Salisbury and Crisfield, and if a red spoke is wanted he gets whiskey, and if a white one rum.

BALTIMORE GRAIN MARKET.—The Baltimore papers of Thursday quote:—Fultz Wheat at 1.05@$1,12 and longberry at $1.10@1.18. Corn—yellow 53@55; white 53@54. Oats 36@38.

WHERE TO BUY!

THIS is to notify all persons who may need SUGAR or COFFEE, FLOUR or LARD, COAL OIL or MOLASSES, CIGARS or TOBACCO, POWDER, SHOT,

FURNITURE,

Shoe Findings—Leather for half soles; Dried Apples, Salt, BOOTS & SHOES, that they can get them at the *Little Store on Court Street*, as cheap as the same goods can be bought in town.

Boots and Shoes a Specialty!

☞ Having had thirty years' experience in the Boot and Shoe business, I flatter myself I can buy as close, get as good an article, and sell as cheap as any retail house in Maryland. Call and give me a trial. Do not forget the place:

JAS. A. SHAW,
COURT STREET,
April 10, 1880. Chestertown.

SPECIAL OPENING

OF

LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S

SHOES!

I HAVE just received from Phila. the largest and best selected stock of Shoes I have ever before opened. Our stock has been selected with much care and from the very best city manufacturers, and is strictly FIRST CLASS in every department. Prices very low.

We call special attention to our

Childrens' SOLAR TOP FOR SCHOOL,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Button, in every variety.

We guarantee all our goods to be as represented. Call early while our stock is full. At the old stand, nearly opposite Voshell House.

MRS. KATE GILL,
THE LADIES' SHOE STORE.
sep18.

BOOTS & SHOES!

J. H. SIMPERS,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Having just opened his Fall Stock of Boots and Shoes, offers a larger and more complete stock than ever.

Men's and Boys' Split Kip Boots,
" double sole saddle seam Kip Boots,
Boys' and Youths' dble sole " "
Childs' Fancy Solar Tip Boots,
Men's B Calf Congress & But. Gaiters,
" " A " English Ties,
Boys' English Ties,
Women's Peb. Goat But. Boots,
Misses' and Children's do.
Women's Grain But. Boots,
" & Misses' Morocco Polish Bals.,
" B Calf Polish Bals.,
Women's, Misses' & Child's peg'd gr Bals.

I make a specialty of Boots and Shoes, and will figure prices to the lowest mark.

snp11. J. H. SIMPERS.

C. M. LUCAS,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,
HIGH STREET, CHESTERTOWN,
Two doors below T. W. Eliason, Jr.

GOLD AND SILVER WALTHAM WATCHES, SOLID GOLD and SET RINGS,

SOLID and ROLLED GOLD JEWELRY,

Consisting of CHAINS, NECKLACES, LOCKETS, BRACELETS, EAR-RINGS, and BREAST-PINS.

Also, large stock of SPECTACLES, Eye-Glasses and CLOCKS.

☞ Watch and Clock Repairing a specialty. mh6y.

FALL GOODS!

Dry Goods! Dress Goods! Prints!

FLANNELS, KERSEYS, MUSLINS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, SHAWLS, SKIRTS, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Vests, Gents' Undershirts, &c. BOOTS & SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c., *AT LOWEST PRICES.*

J. H. SIMPERS.
Sept. 11, 1880.

SPRING TOOTH HARROW the best pulverizer and harrow manufactured, particularly for hard, rough ground. Try one, sold on merit.

m1. KENNARD & CO.

FARMERS should go to THOS. L. HINES & CO'S sep18. for Cheap HARDWARE.

EVERY HOUSEHOLD should have a CAN OPENER. Sold by THOS. L. HINES & CO.

TO get a bbl of nice FAMILY FLOUR go to E. W. F. SIMPERS.

SHERIFF'S

Election Notice.

To the Judges of Election and Voters of Kent County.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Judges of Election and the Voters of Kent county, that an ELECTION WILL BE HELD on

TUESDAY,

The 2d day of November, 1880

at the usual places of voting in the several Election Districts of said County, that is—

For District No. 1, at Masseys;
" " No. 2, at Kennedyville;
" " No. 3, at Smithville;
" " No. 4, at the Court House in Chestertown;
" " No. 5, at Edesville.

And the election so to be held is for the purpose of choosing the following officers, viz:

One person to represent the First Congressional District of Maryland in the Forty-seventh Congress of the United States.

Two Electors at large of President and Vice President of the United States, for the State of Maryland.

Six Electors of President and Vice-President of the United States for the Six Congressional Districts of Maryland.

The polls will be opened at 9 o'clock A. M. and closed at 6 o'clock P. M.

The returning Judges are required and directed to make their return on the second day, (Thursday), following the election to the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Kent county, and also to the Governor of Maryland. EUGENE GOODING,

Oct. 9—te. SHERIFF.

Betting on Elections.

The attention of all persons is particularly called to the following section of Article 35, Code of Public General Laws:

46. No person shall make any bet or wager on the result of any election to take place in this State.

47. Any person offending against the last preceding section shall be liable to indictment in the Circuit Courts, if the offence be committed in any county, or in the Criminal Court of Baltimore, if the offence be committed in Baltimore; and on conviction, shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, to be paid to the State for the use of the School Fund.

48. Every deposit of money in any part of the State as a wager or bet upon elections in this State or elsewhere shall be forfeited and paid over to the County Commissioners of the county where deposited for the use of the county, and if deposited in the city of Baltimore, to the Mayor and City Council.

Oct. 23, 1880.

NOTICE

FORBIDDING THE SALE OR GIVING AWAY OF LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAY.

For the information of all persons concerned, the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24, 1875, is published:

CHAPTER 191.

AN ACT prohibiting the sale of spirituous or fermented liquors in the several counties in the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or other place where liquors are sold, *or for any person or persons* directly or indirectly to sell, barter, give, or dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, ale or beer, or intoxicating drinks of any kind, on the day of election hereafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of this act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where the offense is committed, and shall, upon conviction before any Judge of any of the Circuit Courts of this State, be fined a sum not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every offense one-half of the fine to be paid to the informer, and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads. E. GOODING, Sheriff.

Oct. 9, 1880—te.

CONCEALED WEAPONS ON ELECTION DAY.

The following Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the January Session of 1874, and approved April 6, 1874, is also published for the information of the public:

AN ACT

To prevent the carrying of guns, pistols, dirks, dirk-knives, razors, billies, or bludgeons, by any person in Kent, Queen Anne's or Montgomery counties, on the day of election in the said counties.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any person in Kent, Queen Anne's or Montgomery counties to carry on the days of election, secretly or otherwise, any gun, pistol, dirk, dirk-knife, razor, billy, or bludgeon, and any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, before any Justice of the Peace, in either of said counties, shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and on refusal to pay said fine shall be committed by such justice of the peace to the jail of the county until the same is paid.

SEC. 2. And be it enacted, that the fines collected under this Act shall be paid by the officer collecting same to the School Commissioners of the county where such offence shall have been committed, for school purposes.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted,* That any constable of either of said counties, or the sheriff thereof, who shall refuse to arrest any person violating any provision of this Act, upon information of such offence, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof before the Circuit Court for such county, shall be fined not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars, and shall forthwith be discharged from office. oc9-te.

FALL of 1880!

Attention Customers! New Stock!

NEW GOODS! LOW PRICES!

AT R. F. PARKS'

Adjoining Kent Nat'l Bank, Chestertown.

☞ FALL GOODS ARE BEING RECEIVED DAILY.

Inspection of same earnestly requested. BOTTOM PRICES guaranteed.

Our Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Queensware, Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., all complete.

Boots & Shoes a Specialty! great variety, many of which being bought of manufacturers and at closest net cash prices. Can and will be sold at closest figures. In fact in the purchase of our entire FALL STOCK rock bottom prices have been obtained, we think!

However, we do not intend to be outdone by any competitor!

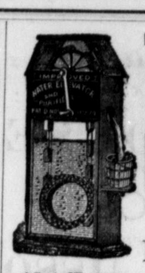
We mean business. Come One! Come All! Bring your trade—Meat, Lard, Bacon, &c. Resp'y,

R. F. PARKS.

☞ Flour by the bbl. from $4.50 to $7.50; Fodder Yarn cheap! Orders taken for Salt for pork packing. Farmers can save money by ordering from us rather than sending to city. R. F. PARKS.

Sept. 11, 1880.

BIBB'S DOUBLE HEATER will heat two rooms for very little more than a single heater costs. Sold by Thos. L. HINES & CO.



The Improved WATER Elevator AND Purifier!

AS A WATER ELEVATOR it has these merits: 1st—It is the Simplest Structure for raising water, on the American market. 2, it is easily adjusted to any well or cistern. 3, it is very durable. 4, it works easily. 5. it will NEVER freeze. 6, it is always ready for use and always at its best. 7, it has none of the objections common to pumps. 8, it will make warm water cold.

All who examine this invention admit the above claims, but ask

How Does it Purify Water?

As the inverted cups pass around the Terra Cotta wheel suspended in the chain at the bottom of the Well or Cistern, they are constantly discharging air through the water from the bottom to the top.

This elevator will destroy *Wiggles, Water Bugs and Water Lice,* will make *foul or stagnant water pure,* and will remove all *color, bad taste* and *smell.* In short, *it will make bad water good, and good water better.*

The undersigned have secured the exclusive right to sell this really valuable Pump in Kent county and they earnestly ask for it a candid and fair examination, confident of its intrinsic merit. One can be seen on exhibition in Chestertown at any time. For circulars address

ROLPH & DeFORD,
jy24-tf. *Sole Agents for Kent County*

GALENA MACHINE SHOPS!

WM. A. HYLAND & CO.,

Are prepared to meet the demand of Farmers for Implements, &c., for this season. Our stock of material is large and of the best character, while our workmen are excelled by none.

HYLAND & CO'S

CELEBRATED CORN SHELLERS

And TWO HORSE POWERS,

are taking the lead everywhere. Be sure and secure one. We are selling very low for cash.

We call special attention to our

Improved Concave PLOW!

We have overcome all objection against the groove, and sell our Plows at prices that cannot fail to please.

Our new JOINTER can be used on any Flushing Plow. It has been tested and works admirably.

☞ The attention of Farmers is called to our new Field ROLLER, which has taken the lead of all others. The best farmers of Kent, Cecil and Queen Anne's are now using them, and after one trial will have no other.

Especial attention given to

Repairing DRILLS.

Farmers are respectfully requested to send them in early.

WM. A. HYLAND & CO.,
jy17. GALENA.

THE OLD BAKERY

UP TOWN.

MRS. D. GRUBER,

At the Old Stand, Up Town, is prepared as heretofore to furnish

BREAD,
RUSK,
PIES,
BUNS,
BISCUIT,
&c., &c.,

Fresh from the Bakery, together with *CAKE OF ALL KINDS,*

POUND CAKE, SPONGE CAKE, F