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The Kent News:
PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.
Office in the Masonic Hall.
JAS. H. PLUMMER. WM. S. USILTON.
PLUMMER & USILTON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:
Two DOLLARS per annum in advance; or, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing, $2.50 may be charged.

LOCAL and other correspondence solicited.
AS AN EVIDENCE of good faith all communications addressed to THE NEWS must be accompanied by the writer's full name and address.

Kent News.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to General and Local Intelligence and Literature; Agricultural, Horticultural, and Mechanical Interests; Politics and Advertising.

Vol. 44. CHESTERTOWN, MD., SATURDAY, SEPT. 8, 1883. No. 17.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements occupying the space of eight lines, brevier type, will be inserted three times or one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Obituaries at one-half advertising rates.

No gratuitous advertising. Calls for meetings, concerts, excursions, &c., for charitable, religious or other purposes, must be paid for, the publishers standing on an equal footing with others ready to contribute toward such objects as they may feel an interest in.

JOB-PRINTING:
HANDBILLS, CARDS,
CIRCULARS, BLANKS, &c.,
executed with neatness and dispatch, and at reasonable prices.

W. N. E. WICKES,
AGENT FOR
LISTER'S FERTILIZERS
BASIS BONE.

Wheat and Grass producers and permanent improvers of the soil. Long tested, well known and universally approved.

Lister's Standard Phosphate,
Lister's Ammoniated Phosphate,
Lister's U. S. Phosphate,
Lister's Pure Ground Butchers' Bone

Are offered to the farmers at reasonable prices, and on accommodating terms. These goods will be delivered at any of the wharves or landings of the river or bay. It is very desirable to have orders filed early in the season. This will secure the goods in dry and fine condition for the drill. Orders left at the store of WICKES & BROTHER will receive prompt attention.
Aug. 4-3m.

NONE CAN BEAT IT! SPEAKS FOR ITSELF!!

"Reliable" and "Corsica Compound"
PHOSPHATES,
Manufac'd by THOMPSON & McFEELY,
CENTREVILLE, Queen Anne's Co., Md.
Show Their Success by the Increased Demand for Them.

The sales of 1882 were over double those of 1881, an increase of over 100 per cent. It is made at home under our personal supervision and guaranteed to be first-class in every respect. Nearly every one that uses it once buys it again in larger quantities.

In Splendid Drilling Condition. Put up in the Best Bags that can be Bought. Yields this Year in Very Many Cases Thirty-Five Bushels to the Acre.

We refer you to:
Theodore F. Dill, Robert Nicholson, R. J. Catlin, Josiah Lusby, John N. Dodd,
W. W. Stephens, W. T. Nicholson, Thos. Massey, Mrs. E. R. Wickes, Wm. Morris.
Purnell Jefferson, Thos. S. Wilmer, B. N. S. Wilkins, E. N. Roland.

Analysis Guaranteed.
For Sale by ..... JOHN N. DODD, Chestertown, Md.
August 4, 1883—s.

An Excellent Yield is Sure to Follow the Use
OF
"RELIANCE"
A PURE BONE PHOSPHATE,
MANUFACTURED BY
HARRISON & SPRY,
CRUMPTON, QUEEN ANNE'S CO., MD.

This phosphate is what it is claimed to be a PURE ANIMAL BONE PHOSPHATE, and has proved to be one of the best wheat and grass producing Phosphates ever used in this section. Its basis being composed of pure animal Bone, the farmer not only reaps the benefit of one crop, but the fertilizer is a permanent land improver. While we do not claim it to be superior to all others, we do say, as past experience proves, it is inferior to none.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.

The following well known Farmers have used the Reliance, to whom we refer: Sam'l Coppage, S. W. Aldridge, J. W. Jarman, J. F. Whittington, J. J. Hurlock, C. H. B. Spry, John McFee, J. E. Hurlock, B. E. Benton, B. F. Davis, W. E. Sanders, Noble Pennington, James Spry, Chas. England, L. T. Anderson, W. B. Ford, W. T. Miller.

Price per Ton $33—delivered on Kent Co. R. R., or at any wharf on Chester or Sassafras rivers.
aug11-s.

MOGEE & FLEMING,
Chestertown, Md.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
MOGEE'S
GREAT VALLEY SCHUYLKILL
Quick and Slaked LIME,
Manufactured at NORRISTOWN, MONTGOMERY CO., PA.

THIS LIME has been used more extensively during the past eight years than any other lime by the Farmers in Maryland and Delaware. It has given decidedly BETTER RESULTS than any other Lime on the market, and as we are the largest dealers now in the Lime business we can and will deliver to farmers and dealers as cheap if not cheaper than any other firm in the business.

We supply orders by Railroad, from Philadelphia to Crisfield, and all the connecting branches, and we have boats to fill all orders not accessible by rail.

We are prepared to sell on time—4, 6, or 8 months note—payable at Banks.

April 7, 1883. MOGEE & FLEMING, Chestertown, Md.

USE SURE GROWTH TO GROW WHEAT
IT PAYS!
MANUFACTURED BY
SUPER-PHOSPHATE
TRADE MARK
D. SCOTT & BRO.,
ELKTON, MD.
For sale by W. MELVIN, Chestertown. A. WOODALL, Georgetown.

"OLD KENT"
PHOSPHATE.

I am now prepared to furnish the Farmers of Kent and Queen Anne's counties with "OLD KENT," No. 1, FOR WHEAT, in fine drilling condition. It has given entire satisfaction.
JOHN W. HINES,
Aug. 4-tf. Chestertown.

1846. *1883.*
CHAPPELL'S
FERTILIZERS
Have Stood the Test for 36 Years.

Chappell's CHAMPION Super Phosphate,
Ammoniated Super Phosphate,
Pure Dissolved Raw Bone,
Dissolved South Carolina Bone.

The above Phosphates having been in the market for 36 years is sufficient guarantee that the standard has been kept up and farmers can rely on them. Guaranteed to drill.
We will deliver at any of the landings on the bay or rivers. Order early.
HINES & CLEMENTS,
Aug. 4-s. CHESTERTOWN.

Farmers' Favorite

BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE is too well know to need more than the agent's name selling it. We warrant it to be a first class article, and to drill in every case. When we say drill we mean that the farmer shall return the Phosphate if not found in Drilling condition.

Prices as Low as any Goods in the Market Analysis being the Same.

We will deliver free of freight to any landing on the bay or rivers. Call and give your orders early.
HINES & CLEMENTS,
Aug 4-s. CHESTERTOWN.

The I. P. THOMAS
RAW BONE
SUPER-PHOSPHATE!
Rarely Equalled!
Never Excelled!
Always Popular!
Is again offered to the Farmers of Kent.

We will exchange the I. P. Thomas Raw Bone Fertilizers for all kinds of Young Stock at market value.

Give such guarantees by written agreement as will secure every purchaser against loss by using our goods.

Furnish Fertilizers to the amount of four hundred pounds per acre for the excess of crop produced by its use.

Will also by written agreement place our Fertilizers in competition with an equal value of any Fertilizer in the market, and allow the price paid for our goods to be graduated and fixed according to product. Thus practically guaranteeing that no one shall undersell us, or return more intrinsic worth for money received. We only ask such competitive tests of the merits of our goods as shall give us the standing we shall prove ourselves justly entitled to and we propose to take all the risks of fixing the standard.

All orders or inquiry for further particulars will receive prompt attention if addressed to
I. P. THOMAS,
CHEYNEY, DEL. CO., PA.
Or JOHN W. HICKMAN,
STANLEY P. O., KENT CO., MD.
Aug. 25, 1883—s.

FARMERS who are interested in Growing Crops cheaply and successfully should write us for our pamphlet on pure fertilizers. A good fertilizer can be made at home for about $12 a ton by composting with POWELL'S PREPARED CHEMICALS. References in Every State. Agents wanted for unoccupied territory. Apply with references.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO.
Manufacturers of
Powell's Tip-Top Bone Fertilizer,
Bone, Potash, Ammonia, &c.
16 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
ARMSTRONG & SPARKS, Ag'ts, Chestertown

OLD CARRIAGES MADE NEW!
Parties owning fine buggies or carriages which need repairing, will do the right thing to call on
CHAPMAN & LAMBERT,
who have in their employ as fine painters as there are in the country. Some of them have worked with Brewster in New York city. They have fitted up one of finest calcine varnish rooms in the State. Call and see their work.
CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.
Aug. 4. 1883.

COMMISSION CARDS.

FRANK WRIGHT. JNO. N. SPARKS.
WRIGHT & SPARKS,
Commission Merchants,
No. 114 Light street Wharf, Baltimore,
For the Sale of
GRAIN, FRUITS, LIVE STOCK
AND GENERAL PRODUCE.
jan6-6m.

D. B. STEWART
With T. H. KEPNER,
General Commission Merchant,
And Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 2 Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.
Special attention given to the sale of Peaches. No charge for empties not collected. Sales reported daily. Returns weekly.
References—Messrs. Polk & Pennington, of Howell's Point fruit farm; Wm. Archibald, Jno. Young, Louis S. Hepburn, W. H. Stewart, E. B. Pennington, Wm. H. Pennell, Kent co.; James A. Ray, Baltimore. jy7-tf.

W. H. RUTTER. JOS. M. ASHBURY.
RUTTER & ASHBURY,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in
GRAIN, HAY, MILL FEED, &c.,
No. 79 SOUTH STREET,
BALTIMORE.

GEO. Z. GREENWOOD. A. W. WOODALL.
GREENWOOD & WOODALL,
Commission Merchants
And General Produce Dealers,
72 SOUTH St., Corn Exchange Building
BALTIMORE.
Commission on Grain 1 cent per bushel. Commission on Peaches and Produce 7 per cent., and no charge for collecting empties. jy26.

JESSE WILSON,
—WITH—
J. A. STEPHENS. J. W. STEPHENS.
JOHN A. STEPHENS & SON,
General Commission Merchants
For the sale of
GRAIN, FRUIT AND PRODUCE,
92 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.
Consignments respectfully solicited. Correspondents cheerfully and promptly answered.

WM. TOMLINSON, Sr.,
WITH
CREW & JEROME,
Commission Merchants
For the sale of GRAIN, FRUIT AND PRODUCE GENERALLY,
No. 3 Camden Street, BALTIMORE.
Near Light St. wharf.
Consignments respectfully solicited. Correspondence cheerfully and promptly answered
y
ABEL J. REES. JAMES J. REES.
REES & SON,
General Commission Agents,
FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FRUIT, LIVE STOCK,
Poultry, Fish, Oysters, &c.,
And the PURCHASE OF SUPPLIES,
162 Light St., opp. Str. Enterprise Pier. BALTIMORE, Md.
Refer to Citizens' National Bank. tjan1.

B. TREW,
114 Light St. wharf, Baltimore,
Will give Special attention to
THE SALE OF PEACHES and other FRUIT this season.
jy28-tf.

B. F. PARLETT & CO.,
Manufacturers of all styles
CHEWING TOBACCO
AND DEALERS IN
LEAF TOBACCO, SEGARS, PIPES and SNUFF.
No. 92 Lombard, and 5 Water Streets,
BALTIMORE.
FACTORY—No. 18, Danville, Va.

HUTCHINSON & HILL,
Commission Merchants,
(Of 324 N. Del. Ave., Phila.,)
HAVE OPENED A BRANCH HOUSE AT
183 Reade Street, NEW YORK,
which will be managed in person by WALTER S. HILL, formerly of this county. ag4-tf.

R. GROVES. T. H. WINPENNY.
GROVES & WINPENNY.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
112 Light St., Baltimore, Md.,
For the Sale of all kinds of Country Produce.
All business entrusted to us will receive our earnest attention. Communications answered promptly. mar17-y.

JACOB BARKMAN. R. FRANK LAWDER.
SAMUEL M. LAWDER.
BARKMAN & LAWDER,
General Commission Merchants,
88 S. Charles St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.
PEACHES a Specialty.
je2-3m*

R. I. C. JONES, JR., & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, GINS, WINES, &c.
DEALERS IN
Pure Rye Whiskies.
No. 26 German Street, bet. Calvert and Light,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Orders respectfully solicited. je23.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
MILBURN, MITCHELL & CO.,
Wholesale Liquor Dealers,
CURERS OF
RYE AND BOURBON WHISKEYS,
55 W. Pratt St., Balto. Md.
Don't pay agents or smugglers 25 or 30 per cent. to get your whiskey but send your demijohns direct to our House; we guarantee full value for your money.
June 9, 1883—3m.

FRUIT JARS.
Mason JARS with Porcelain Lined Tops. Stone Jars, all sizes, Jelly Glasses with glass and tin tops, at lowest prices.
J. H. SIMPERS.
aug. 18.

A FARM
On Lankford's Bay,
At PUBLIC SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a Decree of the Circuit Court for Kent County, in Equity, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on
TUESDAY, September 11, 1883,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.,
at the Voshell House, in Chestertown, Maryland,
THAT FARM,
in the lower part of Broad Neck, Kent county, Maryland, containing
182½ Acres,
MORE OR LESS,
of which about one hundred and fifty acres are arable, and the residue is in
WOOD.

The situation of this Farm is most desirable. It lies immediately on the waters of the Northwest and Northeast branches of Lankford's bay, within a very short distance of our finest
Oyster Beds, Ducking Points and Fishing Grounds,
and is convenient to Churches, Schools, &c. It is now divided into four fields and under good fencing. The soil will compare favorably with the best varieties in the county, and has been rendered very productive by the use of lime, clover and plaster.
The Improvements are a
DWELLING,
and suitable Outbuildings, all in fair ordinary repair. Apples, Peaches, Cherries and Pears sufficient for use on farm.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-fourth cash on the day of Sale, balance in three equal installments, in six, twelve and eighteen months from the day of sale, deferred payments to bear interest from day of sale, and to be secured by the bond of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Trustee.
C. T. WESTCOTT, TRUSTEE.
augs-ts.

CARRIAGES!
NEWEST STYLES! BEST MAKE!
and LOWEST PRICES!
—AT—
GEORGE E. LAMBERT'S
CHESTERTOWN.

I have ample accommodations and a full supply of the best material on hand for the manufacture of Carriages, and have in my employ the very best workmen to be found anywhere, enabling me to make to order any style of Carriage needed in this section.

I have now in my show rooms as fine a variety of the different styles as can be found in most city establishments, and we guarantee them to be AS GOOD and AS CHEAP.

Among them we may mention
Piano-box Top Buggies,
Brewster & Wilson spring;
Double Spring Phætons,
Jump Seats, Rockaways
and Dayton Wagons,

We deal exclusively in Carriages, Dearborns and Express Wagons, and knowing our reputation is at stake, and purposing the permanency of our business establishment here, we have something more at heart than temporary pecuniary advantage. We are determined that our work shall give satisfaction in every respect and therefore do not hesitate to give guarantees in every case.

DAYTONS.—Special attention is called to our Dayton Wagons—the very thing for farmers.

Repairs of all kinds—Smithing, Painting and Trimming—at short notice, at lowest prices.

Please give me a call.
GEO. E. LAMBERT,
tjl. opposite M. P. Church, Chestertown.

PEACH BOXES!
OF ALL SIZES!
QUARTER BOXES,
HALF BOXES,
Seven-Eighth BOXES,
Full Size BOXES
Extra Slats, Extra Covers,
made up or in Shooks.
PEACH BOX NAILS by the keg unbroken at distressingly low figures.
Call at SCOTT'S POINT.
Patronize Home Industry.
And oblige, yours, truly,
JOSEPH TURNER.
Chestertown, Aug. 25.

THEY NEVER FAIL!
Smith's Fever and Ague Pills
ARE WARRANTED TO CURE
FEVER and AGUE, MALARIA, INTERMITTENT and REMITTENT FEVERS.
We Challenge their equal.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00 PER BOX.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers.
ELIAS SCHMIDT & CO., Sole Proprietors,
BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.
Sold at TOULSON'S Drug Store, Chestertown.
June 30-6m-1p.

Dr. A. A. WHITE'S
Blood and Liver Pills,
For the cure of Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or Derangement of the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. They are mild in their operation and will Cure with despatch
Malaria, Bilious Fever, Dyspepsia,
Liver Complaint, Jaundice,
Headache and Constipation.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
Sold by all Druggists.

DETZ Tubular, Hot Blast, Non-Explosive Oil Stove is a complete success. It will bake, fry and boil at the same time—for sale by
J. K. ALDRIDGE.
je25-tf.

WET WEATHER TALK.

BY J. W. RILEY.

It ain't no use to grumble and complain;
It's jest as cheap and easy to rejoice;
When God sorts out the weather and sends rain
W'y rain's my choice.

Men gener'ly, to-all intents—
Although they're apt to grumble some—
Put most their trust in Providence,
And takes things as they come;
That is, the commonality
Of men that's lived as long as me
Has watched the world enough to learn
They're not the boss of this concern.

With some, of course, it's different—
I've seed young men that knowed it all,
And didn't like the way things went
On this terrestial ball!
But, all the same, the rain some way
Rained jest as hard on picnic-day,
Or when they really wanted it
It maybe wouldn't rain a bit!

In this existence, dry and wet
Will overtake the best of men—
Some little skift o' clouds'll shet
The sun off now and then;
But maybe, as you're wonderin' who
You've fool-like lent your umbrell to,
And want it—out'll pop the sun,
And you'll be glad you ain't got none.

It aggervates the farmers, too—
There's too much wet, or too much sun,
Or work, or waitin' round to do
Before the plowin's done;
And maybe, like as not, the wheat,
Jest as it's lookin' hard to beat,
Will ketch the storm—and jest about
The time the corn's a-jintin' out!

These here cyclones a-foolin' round—
And back'ard crops—and wind and rain—
And yit the corn that's wallered down
May elbow up again!
They ain't no sense, as I can see,
For mortals sich as you and me
A-faultin' Nature's wise intents
And lockin' horns with Providence!

It ain't no use to grumble and complain;
It's jest as cheap and easy to rejoice;
When God sorts out the weather and sends rain
W'y rain's my choice.

FASCINATED BY FUNERALS.

People who are Mourners Regularly and Find Comfort in so Being.

"Do you see that nice-looking little old lady over by the stained window?" asked a fashionable undertaker of the reporter. "I mean the quaint, repectable-looking little personage, with the black-satin dress and black crape shawl." The reporter saw her.

"Well," continued the undertaker, with an appreciative smile, "she's as fine a regular attendant as any establishment in this city can produce. I send her an invitation to all my nice funerals, and I have sometimes sent a carriage for her when I knew mourners would be scarce.—She is never really happy unless she is at a funeral. She won't touch weddings, as most women will; her sole amusement, so to speak, is a first-class funeral;" and the undertaker looked over to the old lady with a tender professional interest.

"I have some other nice people on my list," he went on. "One of my most graceful mourners lives in Forty-eighth street, and seldom gets down this way, but she hardly ever passes a day without a funeral, and I never saw her at one when she couldn't shed tears with the best of them. She's one of the heart-brokenest ladies I ever had for a regular. Does she really feel badly? Well, I should say she did, most decidedly. She always has a word to say to the family, if she thinks they need comforting, and is very careful to learn all the particulars. Why, she can tell me all the details about some of my own funerals that I had forgotten years ago.—She's as good as a setof books.

"Oh, no, there's nothing hysterical about these cases at all. I've got some men that do just the same thing. There is one now. He's a curious customer. I sometimes lose sight of him for six months, and then all of a sudden he'll turn up and not miss a funeral. Of course, I couldn't ask the women folks why they came, but I asked him one day. He said he couldn't describe exactly the kind of feeling it gave him, but he thought it sortof quieted his mind and soothed his feelings like. He made one remark about it that I never could quite get the hang of, though I dare say it had a certain sort of meaning for him. He said: 'I haven't got any friend at all myself, and so I like to go to funerals.' A lady volunteered almost the same kind of remark to me once after she had been to four or five of my best funerals. She said: 'It makes me feel kind of friendly, you know, and then they are kind to me; and, besides, I feel afraid and solemn, and it always does me good.'

"I think it would be unjust to call it mere curiosity that brings them here, though I have noticed that some of these people watch every detail with the most intense curiosity. They seem fascinated by the presence of death, and their sympathies are moved by the grief of the living. You might think they were very solemn people, but the contrary is the case. Some of them are remarkably cheerful in fact. That little old lady is always pleasant and vivacious after the ceremony is over. She always comes up and shakes hands with me, and is as agreeable a person as one would wish to meet.

"There's an unusually lively and pleasant gentleman living in the Ninth ward who occasionally drops in at my funerals. He does not make it a point to go to them, but, as he says himself, he can never get past them. He told me he was obliged to go in; no matter how important business might be, he would forget all about it as soon as he saw the hearse and carriages. The first time I saw him at a funeral I thought he was certainly one of the nearest relatives. He is a very large, round-face, benevolent looking gentleman, that would be observed in any crowd.—On this occasion, after he had looked at the deceased person for a few moments, he became greatly overcome with emotion, and some one led him to a chair. Each one of the mourners supposed, of course, that he was known to the others. He wept throughout the discourse, and after it was over shook hands all around with the mourners, and showed a good deal of fervent and, I have no doubt, genuine sympathy.—I did not know until some time afterward that he was a dummy—that's the name we sometimes call them by. That man is really as jolly a fellow as you ever met; and they say he has been requested to leave theatres more than once, in case he would not subdue a particularly substantial laugh which he possesses. In fact, most of these people who love to go to funerals are good-hearted people. It is not true, as has sometimes been said, that they are touched a little in the head. The fact seems to be that they are emotional and sympathetic, and are strongly affected by any awe-inspiring scene. Even young girls and boys have now and then a fancy for funerals, though none of them can say why.—Most of them say it makes them feel better, but if you ask where, or how, they cannot say. They all watch everything as though in a sort of dream.

A HORSE STUNG TO DEATH BY BEES.

Mr. J. Melson, who lives on what is known as Mr. Gillis Anderson's "Pewter Farm," lost a horse on Sunday from the sting of bees. He was at Mr. Thos. C. Morris' on a visit, and had hitched the horse to a fence near several beehives. Either from the bees or some other cause the horse became restless and broke the fence, turning over a hive. Mr. Melson and Mr. Morris both ran out at once, but before they could reach the horse it was covered with the angry bees.—The gentlemen tried to get them off, but the horse was nearly crazy with pain and plunged wildly about. It died at sunset, the accident having happened about three o'clock. The head was the principal object of attack and was swollen badly before death. We have heard of another loss of the same sort a year or two ago. Isaac J. Cooper had a valuable horse stung to death. It is a warning to owners of horses not to hitch them near beehives. Mr. Melson's horse was wet with perspiration when hitched. It is said bees will sting either man or beast more readily when perspiring.—*Salisbury Advertiser.*

"THE eyes of men converse as much as their tongues, with the advantage that the ocular dialect needs no dictionary," said Emerson. The last part of this piece of philosophy is correct, any way. To test it, wink at the druggist when you order a glass of soda.

THERE is a quack advertisement in the Washington *Capitol* headed: "The Skin of Beauty is a joy forever." Don't believe it; just wait till she gets into her forties.

OCEAN GROVE.

Messrs. Editors Kent News:—In conversation with some gentlemen of your town about one week since, a visitor remarked that the sea side was not as attractive to the masses this season as formerly; that the tide of pleasure and health seekers seemed to turn toward the mountains. Taking up my next daily I read that at Long Branch the week previous hundreds had been turned away from the numerous and capacious hotels, owing to the fact that every nook and corner was crowded to their utmost capacity.—The same issue stated that Cape May was having the most brilliant and successful season of her history. And these are but in keeping with what is being experienced at this Methodist seaside resort; as also, at Asbury Park, on the opposite side of Wesley lake. A gentleman informed us that by actual count, in a single hotel at the latter place 2500 persons dined in one day, in addition to the regular guests—these number about 1000—a total of 3500. So here, hotel, boarding house, cottage and tent are all crowded. The fact is the late Spring and unusually cold weather of June and July prevented the people from moving out to the shores of the "Big Pond" as early as usual, but now the season is at its height, even more than the usual number of visitors are thronging the trains and the boats on the great highways to the ocean, while it is almost an impossibility to accommodate the immense throngs which want to tarry by the sea.

The extravagances and dissipation at most of these seaside resorts have rendered them objectionable to a large class of those who desire to enjoy the advantages of sea-breezes and surf-bathing. And the fact that these advantages can be secured, while most that is objectionable is entirely excluded, has given Ocean Grove a national reputation, for here you meet with representatives of all sections of our country. Its gatherings may truly be termed metropolitan in their nature. The secular press of adjacent cities, no doubt at the instigation of those antagonizing christianity, or more deeply interested in that which is distinctively worldly, have recently endeavored to bring this Methodistic enterprise into disrepute by putting in circulation rumors as to its wretched drainage, etc. A few weeks since, however, the president of the State board of health of New Jersey spent some time in giving this subject a thorough investigation. His published decision is that such statements are unqualifiedly false, and that no Atlantic sea-side resort has a more complete system of sewerage than Ocean Grove, while the management are taking every precaution available to preserve the purity and consequent healthfulness of the atmosphere. Another fact is worthy of note: While the water of this "City by the Sea" is equal to that of any similar resort, it has been demonstrated recently that an inexhaustible supply of the purest and best water is available. An artesian well has been sunk, passing through a varied strata of sand, clay, marl, &c., at a depth of over three hundred feet a strong fountain of pure, sweet, fresh water was struck, over which the managers in true Methodistic style sang the "long metre doxology."

Then, too, the religious interest has not abated. It is conceded by those who have been in attendance since the origin of the campmeeting that last Sabbath was one of the grandest days known in its history. While the morning and afternoon audiences were as large as any ever in attendance, a manager remarked to a friend beside me in the evening, "This is the largest Sunday evening audience ever gathered here." The morning collection was the largest ever taken. While the young people's temple and the tabernacle were crowded most of the day and an audience of perhaps 10,000 gathered at the auditorium, and the surf-meeting estimated at 20,000, it is difficult to ascertain even the immediate results much less the aggregate of good following such a day of service. We wish some of the worldly-minded, half-apologetic, class-neglecting Methodists of your town, sirs, could have been in the international lovefeast on Sabbath morning! I think their cold hearts (spiritually) would have been thawed somewhat and prejudices broken down. Here were representatives of all the evangelical churches from most of the States of our Union, as well as from Syria, Jerusalem, Egypt, Germany, England, Ireland, etc., rich and poor, old and young, alike testifying to the power of Divine Grace to renew and save.

But I cannot trespass upon your columns, and the patience of your readers, by further descriptions of the place, religious services, bathing, etc. Enough to say that "Old Neptune" for the last two days has been in one of his grandest moods. A storm has been hanging far off at sea, a high easterly wind prevailing, and the waves have been rolling in with awful sublimity, and breaking upon the beach with deafening roar! The scene is one never to be forgotten by those who have witnessed it for the first time.

The meeting closed this morning with a baptismal service, the administration of the Lord's Supper and the old Methodistic marching around the ground, and songs, shouts and tears. The most successful numerically, financially, and above all spiritually, it is believed, ever held at this place. Truly a wonderful place and a wonderful series of meetings.

Ocean Grove, N. J., August 30. A.

KENT CO. AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

CLUB ROOM, August 27, 1883.

Messrs. Editors:—The meeting of the Kent Co. Agricultural Association on Monday of last week proved to be an interesting and profitable affair. Dr. A. P. Sharp, manufacturing chemist, and at present resident farmer of Kent, gave an interesting discourse on the subject of Fertilizers, making some interesting experiments, showing how they are made, and how frauds are perpetrated upon the farmers in their manufacture and sale. Dr. Sharp has gained considerable celebrity in the literary world by his able articles published from time to time in the *Country Gentleman* on the subject of non-nitrogenous manures, and how most profitably and successfully to restore the waste places, and "make two blades of grass to grow where but one grew before." The doctor's views being somewhat at variance with those generally accepted the association expressed a desire to have the subject discussed from a different standpoint, and, to that end, invited Mr. J. W. Hickman, of Chester co., Pa., who was then present, to meet the association on Monday, Sept. 3, at its rooms at Worton Station, and combat the theories advanced by the doctor.

Mr. Hickman and the doctor both expressed their willingness to be present, and an interesting and profitable time is expected.

As these gentleman are competent to discuss this subject in an intelligent manner, and as this is a question of vital importance to the farmers, no one desirous of forwarding the farming interests of Kent county, as well as his own individual interest, should fail to be present on that occasion.

All manufacturers of fertilizers are cordially invited to be present either in person or by representative and take part in the discussion.

REPORTER PRO TEM.

THE REAL WORTH OF THE VACATION.

The superior man is the man who makes the best uses of his natural forces; the inferior person is one who uses up his vitality in the shortest space of time. This may be a slow way of approaching a great principle, but it is perhaps the most sure method of showing the way to that conservative and rational living which has characterized the wisest people and those who have used life to the best advantage. There is vast power in keeping an equilibrium of forces. This is as true of society and persons as it is of mechanism and natural forces. The vacation is the time when nature repairs the waste tissues. It seems like idleness to be lolling around listlessly by the seashore or at the country farm or by the mountain side, but it is just that seeming torpor of the faculties, on the part of the brain workers, which does most to recruit wasted energies, and is the best use to which the swiftly fleeting hours of vacation can be put. There is nothing like the extreme of rest to balance the extremes of strain to which bright persons are subjecting themselves in daily life. It can only be met in all of us by such a return to nature that her thousand ministrations to the minds and hearts of men may not be thwarted by our indiscretion. The great thing is to maintain an equable life, to keep the nerves steady, to hold ourselves in check, and, if vacation can be used in such a way that professional and business people and busy brain workers can find rest for themselves in July and August, the whole community gains by their renewal of the chief forces of life. This is what a wisely-used vacation means for those who are now taking it. It means a mind and body in good repair on the first day of September.—*Boston Herald.*

IF you would create something, you must be something.

A CURIOUS STORY.

A Welsh Settlement in This Country in the Year 1170.

In a lecture delivered by Mr. James Wood, of Albany, N. Y., he related the following curious tradition which exists among the Welsh:

In 1170 two brothers, David and Medoc, quarreled for the throne. The younger struggled unsuccessfully, and fitting out a ship sailed west. The next year he returned, said he had discovered a fruitful country, and called upon his friends to follow him. He had no difficulty in filling ten ships, with men, women and children. They sailed away, and according to Welsh story were never heard of again.

This would not be worth much as history were it not that it seemed confirmed by evidence found upon this side of the ocean.

In 1670, five hundred years after Prince Medoc left Wales, a Welsh minister named Morgan was sent from New York to North Carolina to preach to some Welsh people who had settled there. One day he wandered too far beyond the outskirts of the settlement and was captured by Indians. They took him many miles inland and prepared to burn him at the stake. The fagots were piled around him, and his doom sealed. Suddenly he exclaimed in Welsh, "Have I come so far to die like a dog at last!" To his surprise, the Indian chief sprang forward, loosed his bonds, and embraced him, crying in Welsh, "No; not if you speak that language!" Henceforth he was the honored guest of the tribe.

Morgan's surprise deepened when the principal members of this Indian tribe gathered around him and began to converse with him in Welsh. He preached to them and they understood him. But what amazed him most was to discover that they had a manuscript copy of the Bible in the Welsh language.

Morgan relates this story in a letter sent to friends in Wales. This letter is well authenticated, but it is the only evidence that we have in the matter. So far as we are aware, nothing more was ever heard of this Indian tribe who spoke Welsh and had a Welsh Bible.

But about fifteen or twenty years later an exploring party, returning from beyond the Mississippi river, relating among other wonders, that they found the tribe of Indians who spoke the Welsh language. They, too, have a manuscript copy of the Welsh Bible. None of their number can read it, and they keep it as a mysterious treasure, carefully rolled up in the skin of animals.

And fifteen or twenty years later still another exploring party brings us back strange news from the Red River of the North. They have found there a singular people, with whitened hair and blue eyes. These people speak the Welsh language.

Lastly, Catlin speaks of a tribe of white Indians dwelling along the upper course of the Missouri. They are different from the tribes around them. Some have fair hair and blue eyes, and their language is strangely mixed with a great number of Welsh words.

"Now," says Mr. Wood, "here we have independent accounts which seem to tell one story. They are so strange that historians don't know what to do with them. But if Indians on the American continent can speak the Welsh language, they must have been taught it some time; if there are manuscript copies of the Welsh Bible here, they must have come here somehow. And you can put the facts together as you please."

Another curious fact was stated by the lecturer. In speaking of the discoveries of John Cabot, he said in substance: "Here is a strange thing. John Cabot reached the shores of Newfoundland in 1497, or five years after Columbus set sail. He found the Indians were in possession of a great number of French words and could understand him when he spoke to them in that language. They knew the French term for codfish and fishing. He soon learned that the Breton fishermen from the rockbound coast of Northern France were in the habit of coming to these bleak American shores in their fishing smacks and catching the cod with which these shores abounded. Remember, this was only five years after the time of Columbus. If these fearless fishermen, in their frail vessels had been traveling backward and forward across the ocean long enough to teach the Indians a good part of their language, who knows whether or not they saw the continent of America even before Columbus did?"

Locks of Hair from the Heads of Presidents.

In the Patent Office at Washington there are many objects of interest connected with the Government and those who administered its affairs in times gone by. While examining some of these objects of curiosity nothing strikes the visitor so forcibly as the samples of small locks of hair, taken from the heads of different Chief Magistrates, from Washington to President Pierce, secured in a frame covered with glass.

The hair of Washington is nearly a pure white, fine and smooth in its appearance.

That of John Adams is nearly the same in color, though perhaps a little coarser.

The hair of Jefferson is of different character, being a mixture of white and auburn, of a sandy brown, and rather coarse. In his youth Mr. Jefferson's hair was remarkable for its bright color.

The hair of Madison is coarse and of a mixed white and dark.

The hair of Monroe is of a handsome dark auburn, smooth and free from any mixture. He is the only Ex-President, excepting Pierce, whose hair has undergone no change in color.

The hair of John Quincy Adams is somewhat peculiar, being coarse and a yellowish gray in color.

The hair of General Jackson is almost a perfect white, but coarse in its character, as might be supposed by those who have examined the portraits of the old hero.

The hair of Van Buren is white and smooth in appearance.

The hair of General Harrison is a fine white with a slight mixture of black.

The hair of John Tyler is a mixture of white and brown.

The hair of James K. Polk is almost a pure white.

The hair of General Taylor is white with a slight mixture of brown.

The hair of Millard Filmore is, on the other hand, brown with a slight mixture of white.

The hair of Franklin Pierce is a dark brown, of which he had a rich abundance.

It is somewhat remarkable, however, that since Pierce's time no one has thought of preserving the hair of his successors. There are vacancies in the case, but there is no hair either of Buchanan, Lincoln, Johnson, Grant, Hayes or Garfield for the inspection of futurity.

LEPROSY IN WISCONSIN.—Prominent medical men, among them a number resident in this city, have investigated what at first was thought to be merely a sensational rumor, and have discovered and noted with concern that leprosy has gained a foothold in the northwestern portion of the State, where the Norwegian preponderates, and that its eradication will require much effort. As far as has been ascertained the loathsome disease has been confined in its ravages to the Norwegian inhabitants; but its rapid spread has been viewed with much alarm. A prominent physician of Milwaukee said yesterday: "As has been well known for some time, there exists among the Norwegian population of the State a large number of cases of leprosy. In searching the record of the State board of health I cannot find that any effort has yet been made to stop its spread or limit its introduction. At the present time there are four leprous centres in the U. S, namely; Eastern Minnesota and Northwestern Wisconsin, among Norwegians. California among Chinese; in Louisiana and among the Indians of the Northwest. That the disease is spreading among us, and that too with rapidity, can not for the moment be doubted, and it would seem that the time has come to prevent its further introduction and diminish its further spread.—*Mil. Sentinel.*

A PHILADELPHIA LADY'S TOILET.—At the garden party at Saratoga Friday evening, Mrs. Albert Morse, of Philadelphia, had a diamond comb with at least four rows of diamonds, a crescent of diamonds in front on her head, diamond solitaire ear-rings, brooches, necklace and two diamond bracelets on each arm, one near the wrist and one clasping her long kid gloves, where they terminated near her shoulder. The dress of terra cotta satin was covered with rare point lace, and there were no sleeves, but only the merest shoulder strap to hold the low neck waist in place. Many other toilets of satin brocade and other costly materials covered with fine lace, all looking fresh as if seldom or never worn before, were seen.

THE latest Michigan story is that a cyclone swept through a piece of timber, gathered up several cords of wood, carried it six miles across a prairie and piled it up in a widow's woodshed.