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The Kent News:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MARYLAND.
Office in the Masonic Hall.

JAS. H. PLUMMER. WM. S. USILTON.
PLUMMER & USILTON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms of Subscription:
TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance; or, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing, $2.50 may be charged.

LOCAL and other correspondence solicited.
AS AN EVIDENCE of good faith all communications addressed to THE NEWS must be accompanied by the writer's full name and address.

Kent News.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER: Devoted to General and Local Intelligence and Literature; Agricultural, Horticultural, and Mechanical Interests; Politics and Advertising.

Vol. 44. CHESTERTOWN, MD., SATURDAY, SEPT. 29, 1883. No. 20.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements occupying the space of eight lines, brevier type, will be inserted three times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion. Obituaries at one-half advertising rates.

No gratuitous advertising. Calls for meetings, concerts, excursions, &c., for charitable, religious or other purposes, must be paid for, the publishers standing on an equal footing with others, ready to contribute toward such objects as they may feel an interest in.

JOB-PRINTING:
HANDBILLS, CARDS,
CIRCULARS, BLANKS, &c.,
executed with neatness and dispatch, and at reasonable prices.

USE SURE GROWTH TO GROW WHEAT
TRADE MARK
IT PAYS!
SUPER-PHOSPHATE
MANUFACTURED BY
D. SCOTT & BRO.,
ELKTON, MD.

For sale by W. MELVIN, Chestertown. A. WOODALL, Georgetown.

W. N. E. WICKES,
AGENT FOR
LISTER'S FERTILIZERS
BASIS BONE.

Wheat and Grass producers and permanent improvers of the soil. Long tested, well known and universally approved.

Lister's Standard Phosphate,
Lister's Ammoniated Phosphate,
Lister's U. S. Phosphate,
Lister's Pure Ground Butchers' Bone.

Are offered to the farmers at reasonable prices, and on accommodating terms. These goods will be delivered at any of the wharves or landings of the river or bay. It is very desirable to have orders filed early in the season. This will secure the goods in dry and fine condition for the drill. Orders left at the store of WICKES & BROTHER will receive prompt attention. Aug. 4-3m.

NONE CAN BEAT IT! SPEAKS FOR ITSELF!!
"Reliable" and "Corsica Compound"
PHOSPHATES,
Manufac'd by THOMPSON & McFEELY,
CENTREVILLE, Queen Anne's Co., Md.
Show Their Success by the Increased Demand for Them.

The sales of 1882 were over double those of 1881, an increase of over 100 per cent. It is made at home under our personal supervision and guaranteed to be first-class in every respect. Nearly every one that uses it once buys it again in larger quantities.

In Splendid Drilling Condition. Put up in the Best Bags that can be Bought. Yields this Year in Very Many Cases Thirty-Five Bushels to the Acre.

We refer you to:
Theodore F. Dill, Robert Nicholson, R. J. Catlin, Josiah Lusby, John N. Dodd, W. W. Stephens, W. T. Nicholson, Thos. Massey, Mrs. E. R. Wickes, Wm. Morris, Furnell Jefferson, Thos. S. Wilmer, B. N. S. Wilkins, E. N. Roland.

Analysis Guaranteed.
For Sale by ..... JOHN N. DODD, Chestertown, Md.
August 4, 1883—s.

An Excellent Yield is Sure to Follow the Use
—OF—
"RELIANCE"
A PURE BONE PHOSPHATE,
MANUFACTURED BY
HARRISON & SPRY,
CRUMPTON, QUEEN ANNE'S CO., MD.

This phosphate is what it is claimed to be a PURE ANIMAL BONE PHOSPHATE, and has proved to be one of the best wheat and grass producing Phosphates ever used in this section. Its basis being composed of pure animal Bone, the farmer not only reaps the benefit of one crop, but the fertilizer is a permanent land improver. While we do not claim it to be superior to all others, we do say, as past experience proves, it is inferior to none.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.

The following well known Farmers have used the Reliance, to whom we refer: S. W. Aldridge, C. H. B. Spry, B. F. Davis, Chas. England, J. W. Jarman, John McFee, W. E. Sanders, L. T. Anderson, J. F. Whittington, J. E. Hurlock, Noble Pennington, W. B. Ford, Sam'l Coppage, J. J. Hurlock, B. E. Benton, James Spry, W. T. Miller.

Price per Ton $33—delivered on Kent Co. R. R., or at any wharf on Chester or Sassafras rivers. aug11-s.

MOGEE & FLEMING,
Chestertown, Md.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
MOGEE'S
GREAT VALLEY SCHUYLKILL
Quick and Slaked LIME,
Manufactured at NORRISTOWN, MONTGOMERY CO., PA.

THIS LIME has been used more extensively during the past eight years than any other lime by the Farmers in Maryland and Delaware. It has given decidedly BETTER RESULTS than any other Lime on the market, and as we are the largest dealers now in the Lime business we can and will deliver to farmers and dealers as cheap if not cheaper than any other firm in the business.

We supply orders by Railroad, from Philadelphia to Crisfield, and all the connecting branches, and we have boats to fill all orders not accessible by rail.

We are prepared to sell on time—4, 6 or 8 months note—payable at Banks.

April 7, 1883. MOGEE & FLEMING, Chestertown, Md.

1846. *1883.*
CHAPPELL'S
FERTILIZERS
Have Stood the Test for 36 Years.

Chappell's CHAMPION Super Phosphate,
Ammoniated Super Phosphate,
Pure Dissolved Raw Bone,
Dissolved South Carolina Bone.

The above Phosphates having been in the market for 36 years is sufficient guarantee that the standard has been kept up and farmers can rely on them. Guaranteed to drill.
We will deliver at any of the landings on the bay or rivers. Order early.
HINES & CLEMENTS, CHESTERTOWN.
Aug. 4-s.

Farmers' Favorite

BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE is too well know to need more than the agent's name selling it. We warrant it to be a first class article, and to drill in every case. When we say drill we mean that the farmer shall return the Phosphate if not found in Drilling condition.

Prices as Low as any Goods in the Market, Analysis being the Same.

We will deliver free of freight to any landing on the bay or rivers. Call and give your orders early.
HINES & CLEMENTS, CHESTERTOWN.
Aug 4-s.

The I. P. THOMAS
RAW BONE
SUPER-PHOSPHATE!
Rarely Equalled! Never Excelled! Always Popular!
Is again offered to the Farmers of Kent.

We will exchange the I. P. Thomas Raw Bone Fertilizers for all kinds of Young Stock at market value.

Give such guarantees by written agreement as will secure every purchaser against loss by using our goods.

Furnish Fertilizers to the amount of four hundred pounds per acre for the excess of crop produced by its use.

Will also by written agreement place our Fertilizers in competition with an equal value of any Fertilizer in the market, and allow the price paid for our goods to be graduated and fixed according to product. Thus practically guaranteeing that no one shall undersell us, or return more intrinsic worth for money received. We only ask such competitive tests of the merits of our goods as shall give us the standing we shall prove ourselves justly entitled to and we propose to take all the risks of fixing the standard.

All orders or inquiry for further particulars will receive prompt attention if addressed to
I. P. THOMAS,
CHEYNEY, DEL. CO., PA.
Or JOHN W. HICKMAN,
STANLEY P. O., KENT CO., MD.
Aug. 25, 1883—s.

"OLD KENT"
PHOSPHATE.
I am now prepared to furnish the Farmers of Kent and Queen Anne's counties with "OLD KENT," No. 1, FOR WHEAT, in fine drilling condition. It has given entire satisfaction.
JOHN W. HINES, Chestertown.
Aug. 4-tf.

CARPETS! CARPETS!
CARPETS!
CARPETS of Rags. CARPETS of Jute.
CARPETS of Cotton & Wool Mixed.
CARPETS of all Wool.

We invite the inspection of those intending to purchase carpets this fall and winter to the largest stock that has ever been kept in this market and at City Prices.

We have a large stock of floor and stair
OIL CLOTHS
5-8, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 8-4, and also a variety of Stair Carpet.
Sept. 8-4m. J. B. BURCHINAL.

SOMETHING NEW.
The SILVER SPOON BAKING POWDER. Unequaled for purity and superiority. Each jar containing a Fine Silver-Plated Spoon.
aug18. For sale by R. F. PARKS.

FRUIT CANS! FRUIT CANS!!
Our own make.
Guaranteed best quality Tin and not leak.
HINES & CLEMENTS.

COMMISSION CARDS.

GEO. Z. GREENWOOD. A. W. WOODALL.
GREENWOOD & WOODALL,
Commission Merchants
And General Produce Dealers,
72 SOUTH St., Corn Exchange Building
BALTIMORE.
Commission on Grain 1 cent per bushel. Commission on Peaches and Produce 7 per cent., and no charge for collecting empties. jy26.

JESSE WILSON,
—WITH—
J. A. STEPHENS. J. W. STEPHENS.
JOHN A. STEPHENS & SON,
General Commission Merchants
For the sale of
GRAIN, FRUIT AND PRODUCE,
92 Light St. Wharf, Baltimore.
Consignments respectfully solicited. Correspondents cheerfully and promptly answered.

WM. TOMLINSON, Sr.,
WITH
CREW & JEROME,
Commission Merchants
For the sale of GRAIN, FRUIT AND PRODUCE GENERALLY,
No. 3 Camden Street, BALTIMORE.
Near Light St. wharf.
Consignments respectfully solicited. Correspondence cheerfully and promptly answered. y

ABEL J. REES. JAMES J. REES.
REES & SON,
General Commission Agents,
FOR THE SALE OF
GRAIN, FRUIT, LIVE STOCK, Poultry, Fish, Oysters, &c.,
And the PURCHASE of SUPPLIES,
162 Light St., opp. Str. Enterprise Pier. BALTIMORE, MD.
Refer to Citizens' National Bank. tjan1.

B. TREW,
114 Light St. wharf, Baltimore,
Will give Special attention to
THE SALE OF PEACHES and other FRUIT this season.
jy28-tf.

B. F. PARLETT & CO.,
Manufacturers of all styles
CHEWING TOBACCO
AND DEALERS IN
LEAF TOBACCO, SEGARS, PIPES and SNUFF.
No. 92 Lombard, and 5 Water Streets, BALTIMORE.
FACTORY—No. 18, Danville, Va.

HUTCHINSON & HILL,
Commission Merchants,
(Of 324 N. Del. Ave., Phila.,)
HAVE OPENED A BRANCH HOUSE AT
183 Reade Street, NEW YORK,
which will be managed in person by WALTER S. HILL, formerly of this county. ag4-tf.

R. GROVES. T. H. WINPENNY.
GROVES & WINPENNY.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
112 Light St., Baltimore, Md.,
For the Sale of all kinds of Country Produce.
All business entrusted to us will receive our earnest attention. Communications answered promptly. mar17-y.

FRANK WRIGHT. JNO. N. SPARKS.
WRIGHT & SPARKS,
Commission Merchants,
No. 114 Light street Wharf, Baltimore,
For the Sale of
GRAIN, FRUITS, LIVE STOCK
AND GENERAL PRODUCE.
jan6-6m.

D. B. STEWART
With T. H. KEPNER,
General Commission Merchant,
And Wholesale Dealer in all kinds of
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
No. 2 Bowly's Wharf, Baltimore, Md.
Special attention given to the sale of Peaches. No charge for empties not collected. Sales reported daily. Returns weekly.
References:—Messrs. Polk & Pennington, of Howell's Point fruit farm; Wm. Archibald, Jno. Young, Louis S. Hepbron, W. H. Stewart, E. B. Pennington, Wm. H. Pennell, Kent co.; James A. Ray, Baltimore. jy7-tf.

W. H. RUTTER. JOS. M. ASHBURY.
RUTTER & ASHBURY,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in
GRAIN, HAY, MILL FEED, &c.,
No. 79 SOUTH STREET,
BALTIMORE.

R. I. C. JONES, JR., & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, GINS, WINES, &c.
DEALERS IN
Pure Rye Whiskies.
No. 26 German Street, bet. Calvert and Light,
BALTIMORE, MD.
Orders respectfully solicited. je23.

Dr. A. A. WHITE'S
Blood and Liver Pills,
For the cure of Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or Derangement of the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. They are mild in their operation and will Cure with despatch
Malaria, Bilious Fever, Dyspepsia,
Liver Complaint, Jaundice.
Headache and Constipation.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
Sold by all Druggists.

THEY NEVER FAIL!
Smith's Fever and Ague Pills
ARE WARRANTED TO CURE
FEVER and AGUE, MALARIA, INTERMITTENT and REMITTENT FEVERS.
We Challenge their equal.
PRICE 50c. and $1.00 PER BOX.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers.
ELIAS SCHMIDT & CO., Sole Proprietors,
BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.
Sold at TOULSON'S Drug Store, Chestertown.
June 30-6m-1p.

A CARD
To the Readers of the KENT NEWS:

Please receive our hearty thanks for your very liberal patronage this season. Our stock now is very complete. Our prices are low beyond all former quotations.

TOP BUGGIES from $60 up.
Good Jump Seats at $135.
When you come to the Oriole drop in and see us.
Very respectfully, yours,
A. W. HAWKS, Manager,
for R. F. BRIGGS & CO.,
53 W. Fayette St., Baltimore,
Opposite Barnum's Hotel.

Thebestbuggyfortheleastmoney.

CARRIAGES!
NEWEST STYLES! BEST MAKE!
and LOWEST PRICES!
—AT—
GEORGE E. LAMBERT'S
CHESTERTOWN.

I have ample accommodations and a full supply of the best material on hand for the manufacture of Carriages, and have in my employ the very best workmen to be found anywhere, enabling me to make to order any style of Carriage needed in this section.

I have now in my show rooms as fine a variety of the different styles as can be found in most city establishments, and we guarantee them to be AS GOOD and AS CHEAP.

Among them we may mention
Piano-box Top Buggies,
Brewster & Wilson spring;
Double Spring Phætons,
Jump Seats, Rockaways and Dayton Wagons,

We deal exclusively in Carriages, Dearborns and Express Wagons, and knowing our reputation is at stake, and purposing the permanency of our business establishment here, we have something more at heart than temporary pecuniary advantage. We are determined that our work shall give satisfaction in every respect and therefore do not hesitate to give guarantees in every case.

DAYTONS.—Special attention is called to our Dayton Wagons—the very thing for farmers.

Repairs of all kinds—Smithing, Painting and Trimming—at short notice, at lowest prices.

Please give me a call.
GEO. E. LAMBERT,
tjl. opposite M. P. Church, Chestertown.

Office of
C. W. KENNARD & Co
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
And Dealers in PHOSPHATES,
CHESTERTOWN, Aug. 31st, 1883.

MESSRS. EDITORS KENT NEWS:

The following letter, received from Profs. Lehmann & Mayer, Chemist for U. S. Government, gentlemen of high and wide-spread reputation, will show the character of the goods offered by us to the farmers of the county for Wheat seeding this Fall:

LEHMANN & MAYER,
Analytical and Metallurgical Labaratory.
51 S. Gay St., Baltimore, Aug. 11, 1883.

Messrs. C. W. Kennard & Co.:
DEAR SIRS:—Enclosed please find analysis of sample of ammoniated Bone received from you August 9. We took pleasure in analyzing the sample, because the goods which the sample represents are exceptionally high in available as well as total Phosphoric acid, and also in active ammonia.

The relative commercial value as established for the season (available Phos. Acid at 12½ cts. per lb. and ammonia at 25 cts. per lb.) would accordingly be $48 per ton of 2,000 lbs., which places your ammoniated Dissolved Bone at the head of the list of nearly all the commercial fertilizers at present in the market.

Another remarkable feature is the small percentage of moisture and the total absence of free sulphuric acid (which is always injurious to the soil).

We feel sure these goods need no recommendation to the farmer—the figures speak for themselves.
Yours, truly,
LEHMANN & MAYER.

BALTIMORE, August 11, 1883.
Result of Analysis of sample of Ammoniated Superphosphate received by express August 9, 1883, from Messrs. C. W. Kennard & Co., Chestertown, Md.:

Moisture at 100 c	4.92	per ct.
Organic matter capable of producing ammo'a	3.21	"
Phos. Acid Soluble	10.02	"
" " Reverted	2.79	"
Total Available	12.81	"
Phos. Acid insoluble	2.48	"
" " total	15.29	"

Sept. 1, 1883-tf.

Don't You Forget It!
W. H. LAMBERT
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS and Notions.
GROCERIES a SPECIALTY,
Is selling goods as cheap as can be bought in town.
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
COFFEES, SUGARS, SPICES, Cheese, Syrups, Gelatines, Chow-Chow, Yeast Cakes, Graham Flower, Choice Family Flour, Oat Meal and Apple Butter.
Choice Confectionery,
Positively the Best 5c. Cigar in Town!
Smoking & Chewing Tobacco a specialty.
All goods bought for cash and sold at bottom prices.
May 19, 1883. W. H. LAMBERT.

MR. McLANE'S SPEECH.

A FRANK TALK ABOUT THE POLITICAL SITUATION—HIS POSITION DEFINED.

The speech delivered by Mr. McLane before the convention made a marked impression upon the large audience. It was delivered without notes, and with ease, fluency and deliberateness. Mr. McLane, with his prominent features, smooth-shaven face, high choker collar and dignified bearing, looks like one of the statesmen of the old whig and democratic times. His style of speaking is characterized by clearness and argumentative force, without attempt at rhetorical display. He spoke as follows:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: Naturally the first thing I have to say is to make to you my grateful thanks for the honor your nomination confers upon me. Although I appreciate it fully I had no aspiration, I had no inclination which impelled me to desire it or seek it—none whatever. Whatever political ambition I may have had has been in another direction, and has been more than fully satisfied by the suffrages of the people of this State. Nevertheless I am fully sensible of the obligation imposed upon me by my past life in the democratic party, and there is no service, none whatever, that the party could call upon me to perform that I would not cheerfully perform at any sacrifice. [Applause.] I do not think it to be in good taste in accepting your nomination to qualify my acceptance in the least degree by reference to any personal inconvenience that it may occasion me, and I only refer to it that I may be at liberty to say that I accept the call as a duty, and as a duty I mean to perform it. [Applause.]

"Of course I cannot fail to note certain incidents—let me call them, if you please, incidents—of discontent or of disturbance in the democratic party. I cannot fail to note them because they have been presented to my attention in every conceivable form, in private current life, in the most formal manner that public men could select to make known to the democracy of the State the existence of disagreeable incidents calculated to weaken the party, if not to secure its defeat; but in noting them I wish you, Mr. President, to understand that I note them only as considerations to excite me to the fullest possible performance of my duty. In so far as these incidents have reference to rivalries between public men of the State they ought not, and, as far as I am concerned, they do not excite my regret. What ought to be the effect of rivalry and contest between public men? If they be honorable rivalries, they ought to stimulate them to greater exertion; if they be selfish and passionate rivalry, personal in their character, they are discreditable to the rivals, and cannot do injury to the democratic party.

"I refer to them again only for the purpose of bringing to your attention the fact that I am not unmindful of the difficulties suggested to me by my political brethren, nor am I unmindful of the use that is made of them by my political opponents. They are the ammunition given to charge the weapons of the enemy, and it is because they constitute ammunition given to charge the weapons of the enemy that I feel at liberty to refer to them, and to invoke you, as my political brethren, to exert your influence with the brethren themselves to cease this wrangling, and to take the word of an honorable gentleman who becomes your candidate that he has no other interest in the world in the candidature than the welfare of the State of Maryland and of the democratic party. [Applause.] What higher motive could I have in accepting your nomination than to contribute in my best degree, and according to the ability which I may have, to the welfare of the State and of the democratic party? More than forty years ago, side by side with the honorable president of this convention, I enlisted in the service of that party, and there has never been a day in those forty years that I have experienced anything but satisfaction and success.

"As a candidate, I cannot recall defeat in the ranks of the democracy. It has been my good fortune to be associated with that party in its day of triumph and victory, when Maryland and the entire country felt their obligations to the party which secured their welfare. [Applause.] Therefore I accept this nomination with no misgiving, because if defeat and disaster should come I feel that in the company of that party I can bear disaster and defeat, if I carry its banner honorably to the front and vindicate its policy.

"But although I am thus ready to encounter the full measure of responsibility which belongs to the nomination, I beseech you, democrats, not to linger on the way; I beseech you not only not to linger on the way, but to press forward, and to give me all the support in your power in planting that banner on the outer walls; and above all things, and for your own sakes, do not commit the yet greater fault of wandering away and taking service in the ranks of the enemy, because there you add to the first crime a greater one; and yet that is the natural result of a resolution to linger by the way.

"Why should I not deal as frankly with this as the occasion requires? These griefs, these difficulties that have been spoken of, with what do they associate themselves? Not with the policy of the party, because upon that we are all agreed; it must necessarily be upon details. Well now, in all frankness, fellow democrats, what matters the difference of details?

"Who is so presumptuous as to suppose himself right and all the rest wrong? If in good faith we mean to have a governmental policy of progress and reform, if in good faith we apply ourselves to that, what matters it that we should differ upon isolated points here and there? Such differences are not only inevitable, but are indispensable to elicit the truth itself.

"Here upon this platform I find the honorable gentleman, the predecessor of Gov. Hamilton, and in commending Gov. Hamilton as a reform Governor I must do the same to Gov. Carroll.—I am happy to say that throughout my life I have had the unwavering friendship of Gov. Hamilton, and from the very first to this day not a shadow has passed between us, but a cordial, warm political brotherhood has ever existed, and no effort of mine was spared to make him Governor of Maryland. So it was in the case of Gov. Carroll. It so happened that I returned to the service of the State the same year he was elected Governor. I never embarrassed me to differ with him, not the slightest. I recognized his full right to recommend to me, as a member of the Legislature, all such measures as he thought worthy of my consideration. That was his constitutional right. But it was my right to have my own opinion as to what he had recommended, and I voted as my judgment dictated." Mr. McLane said no man who is entitled to the respect of the intelligent people of the State could afford to do less, and no man in or out of the party had a right to complain of such independent action and thought. He referred to reforms which had been consummated in past State administrations, and gave due credit to those of the present one. He "did not propose to enumerate them. These had been presented to the people on the hustings over and over again *ad nauseum* in two successive campaigns. What we have done is subject to the verdict of the people, and we promise to do all that is possible in the same direction. What more can you ask? The pledge I make is that so far as in me lies I will endeavor to carry forward the policy of reform, economy and of honest administration. [Applause.] And more than that, I promise that I will interest myself in the welfare of the people of this State; that I will look to the condition of the masses of our people—let me use the term which is explicit and requires no explanation—I will look to the interests of the laboring people, [applause] and if it lies in my power I will take from the statute books every law that interferes with them in their associations, and as much more as it is possible to do consistent with a safe government and the welfare of the whole people, shall be done for them. [Loud and continued applause.]

"I am not under a moment's hesitation with questions of labor and capital. Capital has no existence without labor. Capital would be worthless but for labor, and the man whose political soul is so narrow as to look at one side of that question would never receive my suffrage, and I ask the suffrage of no man who would ask me to look at but one side of it."

"This shall be no defensive campaign. [Applause.] I have no excuses to make for the honorable gentlemen, (Mr. Thomas,) whom I saw at Annapolis thirty-five years ago, nor have I any for my honorable friend on the left, (Mr. Carroll,) nor have I any for the present administration. I approve cordially of the efforts of Gov. Hamilton to secure reform for the State. I want the people of this State to know that he never breathed a breath in defense of great political reforms that I would not willingly share with him. No democrat in the State to-day has a more ardent desire to see every abuse reformed and to see an enlightened policy of reform adopted by the State, than I have. [Loud applause.]

"I will return to the topic of rivalry and contest between public men, which I consider natural and proper and not to be condemned; not only not to be condemned, but to be encouraged; to be encouraged and rewarded by the people.—I expect the people to choose between public men. I expect, where public men rival each other in their efforts for the public weal, that the public will decide which deserves their favor. Rivals in love and in politics never can decide contested points for themselves. [Laughter.] In connection with this I mean to refer to another difficulty in the canvass. I mean to refer to the idea that you might perchance nominate a superserviceable creature of a ring or clique. Now it would be much to your shame if you did; it would be to the shame of the whole American people if such representatives as you are should have so little discrimination as to choose any such superserviceable creature, and I would like to see face to face the man who could suppose that I would be such a creature. I tell you, fellow-democrats, if he had honor and truth in him I would make him eat his declaration, but if he had no honor and no truth in him, but was a mere political triffer or a malicious political scandal-monger, I would treat him with the scorn and contempt he would deserve. [Applause.] But rings and cliques are just as natural as political rivalry, and no honorable man in politics dare gainsay that fact. So far as I am concerned, I consider such talk as mere bosh—I was going to say trash, but the term is not perhaps parliamentary. I speak of it to you with the same frankness that I do personally and individually, and I do not choose to say as your candidate outside of this hall what I cannot say here to the delegates who nominated me for Governor. My conscience will never allow any man to come between me and the democratic party; never. [Great applause.]

"I want every democrat in the State to give me his assistance whilst I overcome this monstrous combination of men known today as the republican party. I say this monstrous combination of men, and all history in America shows no parallel to it. Twenty years ago to save the life of the nation everything was permitted.—Five hundred millions of dollars were collected from the people at a cost of one hundred millions—a corrupt cost, an acknowledged fact, acknowledged by the government and acknowledged by the official report of the republican government, that out of five hundred million dollars one hundred millions went into the pockets of the collectors. From that day to this, fellow-democrats, remember it, through nearly twenty years no crime known to the law, no crime denounced by the law, has been omitted from the current of public life. An extraordinary statement to make in the face of a free and intelligent people! Bribery, perjury and forgery—the three most contemptible crimes denounced by the laws of God and man—are the three great crimes to which the chiefs of the republican party resorted in order to inaugurate when they could not elect a President of the United States. No man doubts it; every man excuses it, every man regrets it, every republican as well as every democrat regrets that the country could be brought to so low a pitch. So great is the patronage of this government that although we stand to-day with an acknowledged majority we can not install a President. In the election of 1876 Tilden had more than 100,000 votes more than Hayes, and yet Hayes was President. In the election of 1880, when it came to Hancock rather than Tilden, shocked and trembling at the crimes to which they were driven, the republican party, fearing the necessity for such crimes, took the money from the public treasury and expended it in the presidential election in order that they might not have to commit perjury and forgery to get a President after the election.

"Fellow-democrats, I say it is no season to stop by the way until you have rescued the country from these abuses. Your points of difference in home politics sink into the far distance and become insignificant. I have covered more time than I intended. I intended to confine myself to my thanks, and to reserve for some other occasion any reference at all to the merits of the canvass. But naturally influenced by the surroundings and by the presence of those who have been so intimately associated with me in the past, I have given expression to more general views; but I know I have nothing to regret, and I but express the sentiment of every democrat in Maryland when I say what I do." [Loud applause.]

Mr. Turner was also introduced and made a good speech. He counseled harmony in the party, and said: "With peace will come reconciliation, with reconciliation will come unity of action, and unity of action will bring us a glorious victory."

After the adjournment of the convention Mr. McLane went to the Maryland Club with ex-Gov. Carroll and Col. Edward Lloyd. He was congratulated by the gentlemen there. Among them were Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, Mr. Stephen Bonsal and others who had contested his nomination. A general proffer of support was tendered, and the reception given the democratic gubernatorial candidate was satisfactory to all concerned. The campaign will be opened in a week with a mass meeting in Baltimore.

MANY WATCH CHAINS.

A young man with two watch chains across his vest boarded a Woodward avenue car at two o'clock the other afternoon. Among the passengers was an old woman who had been inquiring about taking the Bay City train at the crossing. She looked across at the young man with great interest for a minute or two and then said:

"Your time must be very valuable, young man."

He bowed and mumbled something which she could not catch, and leaning forward she asked:

"I s'pose one o' them watches is for when you go down, and the other is for when you come up, eh?"

He shifted around to look out of the window, and seeming vexed at his want of courtesy, she continued:

"Seems to me it would be cheaper to hitch an eight-day clock to your shirt bosom."

He didn't reply to that, either, and tapping him on the knee with the handle of the umbrella, she inquired:

"Young man, I want to catch the Bay City train."

"Yes'm."

"What time is it by all your watch chains?"

"I—I—about two o'clock!" he stammered.

"You didn't look. Come, now, here's an old bull's eye that's been in the family forty-eight years and never had an inch of brass chain hitched to it. I'll bet it shows the right time nearer than anything you've got."

She hauled out a watch almost as large as a saucer and rattled it around and waved it about, and as he slid along the seat toward the door she said:

"I'd let them chains run down and hitch to your boot-straps! Any young man as will go and toggle himself up and criss-cross his breast with chains and spangles must have got strayed away from some twenty-five cent store, and wants to be identified and returned. Have you got baked 'taters hitched to the pocket end? Say——!"

But he dropped off and fell down and got up and got away before she could further abuse him.—*Detroit Free Press.*

AREA OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.—The following compiled by Surveyor S. S. Downing, of Hagerstown, will be found instructive, as well as interesting, in obtaining an idea of the area and acreage of Maryland. Total square miles, 10,979; total square acres, 7,026,560, divided as follows:

County.	*Sq. Miles.*	*Sq. Acres.*
Anne Arundel	492	296,800
Allegany	508	315,120
Baltimore	643	411,520
Calvert	235	150,400
Caroline	330	211,200
Carroll	453	289,920
Cecil	409	361,768
Charles	499	419,360
Dorchester	780	492,800
Frederick	642	410,880
Garrett	600	384,000
Harford	480	307,200
Howard	300	192,000
Kent	317	203,520
Montgomery	508	325,125
Prince George's	500	324,000
Queen Anne's	422	269,080
St. Mary's	429	274,500
Somerset	526	336,640
Talbot	460	293,400
Washington	463	296,320
Wicomico	400	256,000
Worcester	596	381,440

It is alleged that at a garden party in Texas "the perfume of sweet exotics permeated everything; the bloom of lovely flowers and the sheen of richest ornaments softened and mellowed the blazing brilliancy of the illuminations, while the fair faces which thronged the halls and parlors tinted the effulgence of the whole, and seemed to crown everything."

THE F. F.'s AND ALPHA.

"Be thou chaste as ice, as pure as snow, thou shalt not escape calumny."

Over the signature of Alpha your correspondent noticed a communication upon the F. F. Society of Still Pond. This society, composed of both married and single, and formed for the social amusement and intellectual improvement of its members, has long been a subject of deep distress and anguish of mind to individuals like Alpha, who, like the inhabitants of the lower world when standing without the walls of Paradise, long to destroy the happiness they cannot enjoy. It would have been beneath the dignity of the society your correspondent defends to bandy words with Alpha if it was not known that even falsehoods are sometimes believed by the public.

No one of refinement or decency would have offered the gratuitous insult to ladies, married as well as single, of writing and endorsing such epithets as "hen party," "old maid party," &c.

As a member of the F. F.'s your correspondent can truly say that if the F. F.'s did not discuss the best methods of greasing a griddle, or slopping the hogs, as the utilitarian Alpha insinuates we should have done at our social gatherings, we did not spend our time in backbiting and slandering our neighbors, such enlightened conversation being left to Alpha & Co., and that they have acquired a high degree of proficiency Alpha's communication is evidence.

Alpha asserts that Still Pond does not need a society whose object is to cultivate the social and intellectual faculties of the rising generation. The very fact that there are such persons as Alpha in the community is conclusive evidence of the need of such a society. It is also said that the society does not meet the approbation of the beaux. It is strange then that this *beau catching* society, as Alpha terms it, still continues to flourish. We would have supposed that it would have become disheartened at its failure to *catch beaux* and have given up in despair. Nor does it meet with the approbation of the community. We do not know what part of the community Alpha speaks for, but it is sufficient for the F. F.'s to know that it does meet with the approbation of the intelligent and refined.

Alpha gives a very minute account of the manner of electing members, which must have sprung from a diseased imagination. The method of election is that used by the most respectable societies; such as Alpha would find it difficult to be admitted to, unless Alpha's character is better than that communication would lead us to suppose. As to the fact of a lady's capability to ride well, being evidence of lack of culture and refinement, we leave that to the intelligent criticism of the many ladies, that Kent can boast of, who do ride horseback, and the author of such an idea to their scorn and contempt.

Alpha quotes a long list of names of the great men of the country and also one of the monsters of Roman history (Maximin) who was the most inhuman wretch and the greatest glutton and drunkard in the Empire, and this scourge and disgrace of mankind Alpha bids us admire and imitate. Truly "a little learning is a dangerous thing."

With these few remarks in defence of a society that needs none to those who know it best, I promise not to burden your columns again in reply to a writer whose charges and insinuations we feel a contempt for only surpassed by that we entertain for their author. OMEGA.

STEALING TIME.

One of the most respected Philadelphia ministers lately preached an able, searching sermon on the many thefts committed by people who would be offended at the imputation that they robbed any one in any degree; but there are few who could read the eloquent and practical lesson of the eminent teacher and not see that they are guilty of some form of petty and often serious theft. One of the thefts enumerated as the most common is the theft of time from the busy workers of the world by idlers. Few who commit this form of theft appreciate the wrong they do. As a rule they are idlers; men and women who have little labor and much leisure. Many of them are highly respectable and well-meaning persons; time being of little value to themselves, they have no knowledge of the value of hours and minutes to others, and they call and waste time, every minute of which is golden to the people who suffer the theft. This class is, as a rule, intelligent and should be easily reformed if it could be made to pause and consider the wrong it does to others.

The most pestiferous theft of time that preys upon the workers of the world is the genteel bummer, the thinly-guised devotee of adventure; the men and women who are playing the world for their fortune and perpetrating theft upon every worker as they try all things to make a ten-strike. They represent the thousand shades of the Mulberry Sellers' family; the thousand shades of semi-genteel swindling operations sugar coated with plausible prospects of fortune without labor, and the thousand shades of ambition that is ever thieving from workers to promote their own advancement. They are trained in deceit, usually fluent and fascinating in speech, and too respectable in manner and look to be kicked out. They are the worst of robbers and they cost the world's earnest workers millions in valuable time that is lost forever.

Sensible men and women who know the value of time to the busy workers are welcome everywhere. Whether they come on business or in the kindly offices of friendship; they never steal the time they can't return. If they have business, it is promptly transacted, and they are as welcome in their coming as in their going. If they call to exchange the greetings which keep green the noble attributes of friendship, they throw their bright ray of sunshine over the worker and then depart regretted. These are not the thieves of the worker's time. On the contrary, they give much and take little; but they are only a small portion of those who claim the time of busy people. There is hardly a banker, merchant, manufacturer, professional man, editor or any others of many workers of the world, who are not daily victimized more or less by the thieves of valuable time. They have existed since the world was, and it is probable that they will continue until time shall be no more.—*Philadelphia Times.*

IN a recent sermon Robert Collyer said: 'Wander where we will, our home is the centre of our existence, even as the earth is, morally speaking, the centre of the whole universe. One day 70,000 of us lost our houses in Chicago by the fire. The sorrow and grief which followed this event were not owing to the loss of the property itself, but to the fact that we were all homeless, that our household goods were all destroyed, and the little objects and mementoes which lent such a charm to our homes were no more. I remember seeing, while leaving the ruins of my own house, the old tea kettle lying on the ground, in a dilapidated condition. Poor fellow, said I, patting it, you little know how greatly we will miss you. And how often in after years did I feel a pang at missing those small mementoes of our ruined Chicago home.

REAL ESTATE transactions in New York city are assuming gigantic proportions. Among the latest transactions is the transfer of an entire square on Broadway, involving nearly $3,000,000. One builder has just taken a contract for the erection of thirteen brown-stone private houses on Fourth avenue and Ninety-first street for $250,000. Brooklyn also makes a fine showing in the way of new buildings. During the first eight months of the present year 327 more houses were projected there and $800,000 more money invested than for the corresponding period last year. The total number was 1,821, costing $7,443,780; last year, 1,494, costing $6,643,780.

A CHICAGO CLERK spent six hours, the other day, in a refrigerator, having been imprisoned by accident. He says he felt on emerging, just as though he had been entertained at a fashionable church sociable.—*Chicago Telegram.*

WHEN the minister is pretty severe upon human shortcomings in the pulpit, every man leans back in his pew and says: "Now he's giving it to 'em." Satisfying thought, isn't it, that the minister always has reference to somebody else.

THOUSANDS of men have commenced at the bottom of the ladder, and stayed there. Others have carried bricks and mortar and reached the top by honest industry.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

IT is now certain that the wreck found on Mount Ararat is the remains of Noah's ark. They know it by grease marks in the bunk where Ham was stored.—*Yonkers Gazette.*