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Kent News.

SATURDAY MORNING.....JAN. 31, 1885.

It is said the circulation of the New York *Sun* has fallen off nearly 50,000. So much for its advocacy of Butler. Dana's fee for "helping to beat Cleveland" will hardly cover his losses.

The annual report of the Department of Agriculture, now in the press, makes the corn production for the year 1884, 1,795,000,000 bushels; that of wheat nearly 513,500,000 bushels, and of oats 583,000,000 bushels. These aggregates are the largest ever recorded. The rate of yield is 25.8 bushels for corn, 13 for wheat and 27.4 for oats.

Col. Oliver Payne, son of Senator H. B. Payne, has resigned as treasurer of the Standard Oil Company, with which he has been connected almost from its organization. He says he has resigned because after nearly twenty years of hard work he needs rest. Col. Payne entered the service of the company after the war and put $20,000 in the business. From that sum he has piled up a fortune of $3,000,000.

George Kunkel, generally believed to have been the oldest delineator of negro minstrelsy in the United States, died suddenly last Sunday night at his residence in Baltimore. He was taking tea with his family at 7.45 o'clock, when he suddenly fell over, and was caught in the arms of his son, Geo. Kunkel, Jr. He expired in a few minutes. Dr. Wm. N. Hill attributed the death to apoplexy.

Rev. Dr. Patten, president of Washington University, does not believe in woman suffrage. In a sermon last Sunday he delivered the opinion that when women are given too much liberty they branch off into skepticism and immorality. Miss Susan B. Anthony, who was one of his audience, told the doctor when he came out of his pulpit, that if his mother were living "she would take him across her knee and whip him."

Pittsburg has a sensation. A respectable young woman, who is wealthy but has a little colored blood in her veins, is reported to have offered $20,000 to any purely white man of good character who would marry her. The good white man turned up, and it is inferred by the gossips that the consideration rumor is true. But if a woman wants to buy a husband what is to prevent her, so long as husbands are to be bought? And husbands are to be bought daily at lots of other places than Pittsburg.

The Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record* publishes a long list of the leading industries which have resumed during the last four weeks, the number of hands employed by those concerns being about 90,000; while it is estimated that the number employed by the smaller works lately started up and now given in this list is fully 10,000, making a total of 100,000 men that have gone to work in manufacturing enterprises since January 1st. In addition, a large number of miners, 10,000 in one Pennsylvania county alone, have begun work within a few weeks.

At least a dozen boys and girls have lost their lives by breaking through the ice and drowning while skating within the past ten days in different sections of the country. At one point in Pennsylvania 16 young ladies from a boarding school, in charge of a teacher, all broke through the ice while enjoying this sport and would have been drowned had not some workmen happened near by and heard their screams. Skaters cannot be too careful in knowing the strength of the ice before going upon it. Youngsters who haven't sense enough to exercise judgment in the matter should be cared for by their elders.

A Surplus Discovered — In the Delaware House of Delegates, last week, it was stated by the committee appointed to settle with the State treasurer that the State has a balance of $2,552.40 in the Philadelphia National Bank which the treasurer had no knowledge of until recently. It was caused by the payment at the State Bank at Dover of interest coupons which should have been paid at the Philadelphia bank, where sums ample for the purpose had been deposited. Thus a surplus accumulated, but for some unaccountable reason previous State treasurers made their balances straight without any knowledge of the fact.

Strangled to Death by False Teeth. — A special dispatch to the Baltimore *Sun* from Grafton, W. Va., a few days since says: Captain Bankhead, a well-known civil engineer, who had charge of the surrey of the Grafton and Greenbrier Railroad extension from Philippi, was strangled to death at that place Tuesday night by a set of false teeth becoming loose in his mouth. The captain had been in ill-health for some time, and it was under the influence of chloroform, which was given him during the performance of a delicate operation by his physicians, that the accident occurred. He was a Virginian, and about 60 years of age.

Something for Them to Do.—The trustees of the Maryland House of Correction have determined to utilize the labor of able-bodied males of the institution by setting them to work mining the excellent iron ore which abounds on the property. It is thought by the superintendent, Gen. Frank A. Bond, that several thousand dollars worth of the ore per acre can be gotten out and sold. If the experiment proves a success the ore banks will be worked for all they are worth, and going to the House of Correction will be no happy holliday for thieves and tramps. About 100 acres of the farm will be planted in vegetables this year and worked by the inmates. If all the advantages of the property is availed of the prison may be rendered more than self-supporting.

That there will be a general change of all the Federal office-holders in the South can hardly be a matter of doubt. Civil service reform imperatively demands it, as nine-tenths of them have prostituted their powers to the meanest partisan or personal ends, and most of them are conspicuously lacking alike in competency and character. Instead of regarding public office as a public trust, they have, as a rule, employed their positions not only in the most unscrupulous way in politics, but they have persistently and systematically disturbed the business and tranquility of the South, and influenced the prejudices of the ignorant blacks to array themselves against the people from whom they must receive employment and sustenance. The civil service of the South, taken as a whole, has been one of the terrible curses of both races and it will stand out in history as one of the indelible blots upon the government.

Too Much Study.

Sometime ago an English court had before it, on appeal, a case of assault by a teacher on a pupil who had failed to learn certain lessons that would have had to be studied at home. Both courts decided that "home lessons set by teachers cannot be enforced." The question has been a subject of discussion in our own public schools, and apart from the manifest impropriety of teachers throwing any portion of their work upon parents, and this is practically the result of home study; a more serious objection is the increase in the hours of study thus occasioned. Children, as a rule, do all the work that is good for them in school hours, and it is neither good policy nor wise culture to force them during their hours of freedom, which should either be devoted to recreation or to proper home duties. There have been many cases in this country where children have committed suicide because of despondency brought on by overstudy and a fear of being behind in their class."—*Wisconsin Record.*

What it Costs the President to Live.

An impression has been artfully created that the expenses of the President in the White House absorbs the salary of fifty thousand dollars a year allowed him by Congress. There is not the least foundation for this belief. The only charges that fall directly on the President are the maintenance of the household, his personal outfit, and a limited number of so-called State dinners to the diplomatic body, the judiciary and members of Congress.

Everything else is liberally provided from the public Treasury, and in other ways. The White House is furnished, heated and lighted by large appropriations, a part of which was diverted by late Presidents to different uses. The music at receptions is provided from the Marine band. Large conservatories, kept up at the cost of ten thousand a year, furnish the flowers and plants for decoration. Nearly all the the servants are disguised messengers or laborers on the pay rolls. The steward is a salaried official. The choicest supplies for the White House come from the commissariat at wholesale price. Eight thousand dollars a year are voted for "the contingent expenses" of the executive office, which may be properly described as a practical addition to the President's salary. And super-added to all these perquisites and benefits, it has become the bad custom to use the public property for the comfort, pleasure and convenience of the President and his friends.

Many other indirect privileges and advantages might be named which relieve the President of expense that would fall upon him as a private citizen. Some of them are abuses that grew up under Grantism, and which were never tolerated before that, are of vulgar extravagance and of wasteful show.

The general and special receptions at the White House may be called social parades, which do not cost the President a dime. Mr. Arthur has been as generous in hospitality as any of his predecessors, but the actual expenditures of the President are far below the salary and the allowances that he receives by law and the benefits which are incident to the executive office.

Insolvency Bars Distraint.

Judge Stewart, in the circuit court of Baltimore, last week, filed an opinion in the case of Charles A. Davis, a constable, against Joseph Matthews, on appeal from a judgment by a magistrate in favor of the plaintiff for $26.45 poundage fees alleged to be due under a distraint claimed to have been levied by him at the instance of Mr Matthews. "The evidence shows" the court says, "that the defendant, on February 16, 1885, directed a distress for rent to be levied on the goods of James E. Bonney, on the premises No. 26 West Fayette street, and the amount claimed grows out of that transaction. Before the distress warrant was issued Mr. Bonney had applied for the benefit of the insolvent laws, his petition having been filed January 18, 1883, and the preliminary trustee having been appointed and bond given January 24, 1883, on which day the debtor conveyed to the trustee by deed all his property. The attention of the court of common pleas was called to the distress and on February 19, 1883, an order was passed restraining proceedings on the distraint. The court of appeals has decided that when a debtor applies for the benefit of the insolvent laws his property comes under the custody of the law for the benefit of his creditors, and it having been well settled that goods in the custody of the law are not liable to be distrained, it follows that the distress made after the application cannot be sustained, the property at that time having been beyond its reach. It is immaterial whether the plaintiff knew of the insolvency or not. The transaction was illegal, and no recovery can be had. The judgment is therefore reversed, and judgment will be entered for the defendant."

The Peninsula Mail Route.—State Senator Thomas S. Hodson, of Crisfield, Captain O. A. Brown and T. W. Taylor, of Accomac county, Va., composed a delegation which went to Washington on Tuesday to protest to the Post-office Department officials against the proposition to withdraw the mail route to the lower peninsula via the steamers of the Eastern Shore line, and send it by the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. The gentlemen carried with them about a dozen petitions bearing the signatures of over 2,000 residents of the peninsula and Baltimore city. Among the latter were the names of Mayor Latrobe, W. W. Spence, president of the board of trade; H. C. Smith, president of the merchants and manufacturers' association; George H. Baer, president of the corn and flour exchange; John E. Hurst, and every firm in the city whose trade extends to the section which will be affected by the withdrawal of the mail facilities. The delegation returned to Baltimore in the afternoon, and the members expressed themselves as pleased with the result of their conference with the department officials.

An American on his Dignity.—The following paragraph is published in connection with the London dynamite explosion: An American traveler was in a train of the Northwestern Railway going from London to Liverpool Saturday afternoon, when an excited discussion arose over America's responsibility for the dynamite explosions. The opinion was freely expressed that the United States was greatly to blame for harboring such men as O'Donovan Rossa. The American defended his country in vigorous language, and was attacked by a crowd of the passengers. The American drew a revolver and kept his assailants at bay until the train reached Chester, when he jumped from the carriage and escaped.

The Washington *Post* remarks in reference to the inauguration: "The public may rest assured that the preliminaries are well under way; that the arrangements for the parade will be of the best possible character; that, notwithstanding the fears which some people have of being "roped in," the avenue will be cleared, so they may have an unobstructed view of the procession; that the pension building will be roofed, floored and warmed up in time for the ball; that quarters will be obtained for visitors in sufficiency to accommodate all who come; and that, while there will be no glarish attempt at display, no effort will be spared to make it as orderly and impressive as the occasion warrants and as the multitudes participating in it will necessitate."

Death-Warrant Signed.—Gov. McLane has announced his determination not to commute the death sentence of John A. Scott, colored, convicted in Baltimore of wife poisoning. An appeal, strongly indorsed, had been made in behalf of imprisonment for life instead of hanging. After declining to interfere with the sentence of the court Gov. McLane signed Scott's death-warrant, which directs the execution to take place in Baltimore on Friday, March 27. The death-warrant had been prepared some days awaiting the Governor's signature. Under the law of Maryland executions in this State are required to be as private as possible, and only a limited number of people are permitted to be present. The execution will take place within the jail inclosure of Baltimore city.

Eaten by Wolves.—A. H. Butts, secretary of the Chicago Lumber Company, has returned from the logging camp near Metropolitan, Mich., forty miles north of Escanaba. He says the night before he left camp the mercury had dropped to forty-three degrees below zero. This was the climax of four days of extreme weather. That night an old trapper and Indian hunter named Tom Dudging, returning from hunting, was killed and eaten by wolves within two miles of camp. His friends, searching for him next morning, found his closely-gnawed bones. Thirteen dead wolves were lying near him, pierced by his rifle balls, and his Winchester rifle lay by his side with one chamber loaded.

As to the present war the Chinese troops have never had any uniform other than a small badge worn on the soldier's breast.

A State Convention of Maryland Farmers. —It is proposed to hold in Baltimore on the 22d of February a convention of farmers to consider the state of agriculture in Maryland and to discuss such topics of general concern to the agricultural community as may be brought up. This assemblage is the outgrowth of a meeting which took place in Baltimore on the 22d of February last year, which was styled the Farmers' Convention of Central Maryland. Every association of farmers in the State, clubs, granges or county societies are requested to send representatives. Some of the county societies have already seconded the movement, and the Montgomery county convention of Tuesday last appointed ten farmers as a delegation from that body.

It is understood that from among the subjects to be considered will be those of labor supply and immigration, and the Montgomery convention appointed a special committee of three members to press upon the State convention the desirability of a general and concerted effort to secure some protection to sheep husbandry from the dogs which afflict them.

It is likely that one or two gentlemen from abroad will be invited to deliver addresses at the convention, but the main business of the meeting will be the consideration of subjects of pressing importance to our own agricultural classes. It is not unlikely that the meeting will continue two days.

The Trip of the Bell.

A special dispatch to the Philadelphia *Times* from Pittsburg, Pa., dated January 23, says: The old Liberty Bell rolled into Pittsburg after its trip across the State and over the mountains in good shape. All along the route people turned out to catch a glimpse of the car. The train reached Lancaster just before noon and three thousand people were in waiting. Medals and descriptive pamphlets were given away to satisfy their curiosity. There was a large crowd at Harrisburg, and thousands were gathered at the depot in Huntington when the train rolled in at 3.45. Flags floated from the most conspicuous buildings and the shrill whistle of the locomotive was responded to by the engines and bells of the city. There were also crowds at Mount Union, Mill Creek, Petersburg, Spruce Creek and the other towns and villages along the road.

At Tyrone, where the train stopped ten minutes, there was a great demonstration, for which very ample arrangements had been made. A parade through the principal streets preceded the arrival of the train, in which were the Sheridan Band, Burgesses and Councils of Tyrone, East Tyrone and Birmingham, the Neptune Fire Company, Friendship Hook and Ladder Company, the East Tyrone band, Post No. 172, Grand Army of the Republic, Junior Order American Mechanics, public school children, the German band, tribe of Modoc Indians and the Sheridan Troops. Whistles were blowing and bells ringing as the train approached the town and for some minutes after its arrival. The bell was viewed by the entire population and by many from the surrounding country. At Altoona the bell was viewed by the thousands of people who had congregated at the depot to see it. The fire companies and bands and city officials turned out in bodies.

Cleveland and the Inauguration.— Rooms have been engaged at the Mount Vernon Hotel, Baltimore, for President-elect Cleveland, who will spend March 3 in this city, preparatory to the inauguration on the day following in Washington. The rooms chosen are the blue suite, the handsomest in the house, and it is proposed to make his stay here as pleasant as possible. No visitors will be admitted except those he wishes to see, and it is understood that none of the Baltimore Democracy, who are anxious to serve their country will be invited to call. Many of the city hotels have agreed to furnish rooms to people of other cities who are going to the inauguration, and who think it is better to avoid the crowd at the capital as far as possible. A number of military organizations have also engaged rooms at Baltimore hotels. The travel to Washington on March 4 promises to be almost unprecedented. A party is now being made up to charter a steamer to go to Washington the night before, and remain there till the night after. Altogether, it would seem that Cleveland's inauguration is going to be one of the biggest Democratic picnics ever seen in this country.

Gen. Grant's Health and Work.—The New York *Tribune* says Gen Grant's health is considerably improved, and for several days he has been receiving old friends and conversing with them without discomfort. Ex-Senator Chaffee, who was one of his callers last Monday, said to a reporter that the malady was evidently under control. Its peculiar form was three sharp points which formed inside the mouth, near the root of the tongue, whenever the general caught cold. They were extremely painful, and were aggravated by tobacco smoke. The general is devoting all his spare time to literary work. Beside the articles he has in hand, he contemplates writing his recollections of the period from the fall of Sumter to the close of his presidential career, including the history of the affair with Andrew Johnson The general has neither stenographer nor amanuensis, and his work is therefore somewhat slow. Col. F. D. Grant is assisting him as a copyist and in references.

Eggs from the Old World.— Since the first of September there have been received in New York from Europe over a million and a-half dozens of eggs. From present indications the importations of this year will be greatly in excess of that of any previous year. Denmark, Belgium, Germany, Hungary, and even Poland have contributed to the supply, but the eggs from Denmark are held in greatest favor and command the highest price. It is claimed that the European eggs are used almost exclusively for cooking purposes, the lime in which they are packed detracting from their freshness.

The Cecil county *News* very placidly remarks that one of the strangest phenomenon connected with the average Port Deposit ice gorge is that while the Associated Press dispatches in the daily papers have the inhabitants of the town living in the second stories of the house or in boats, the people themselves are going right along attending to their regular business without any clear or definite sense of present or impending danger.

Those who profess to be posted respecting the wheat crop of the world, and the probable deficiency in Europe the present year, tell us that the deficiency this year will be larger than last, while the supply outside of the United States will be less than last year, and it is confidently predicted that the price of wheat will advance in the spring. This is good news for the farmers, if the figures are reliable.

Forty Methodist Missionaries, men, women and children, sailed from New York in the steamer City of Montreal last Thursday week for Africa, to join Bishop Taylor. They are bound for Central Africa. Mr. William P. Dodson, of Easton, Md., was one of the number.

The board of public works have refused to grant the petition of certain dredgers that they be allowed to dredge inside of Sharp's Island in the Choptank river. The order is that the law requires them to work outside of the island, and if they attempt to dredge inside of it, it will be at their own peril.

Col. Daniel S. Lamont, as private secretary to the Governor of New York, got $4,000 a year. As secretary to the President, he will get only $3,500. The colonel wont make much by Mr. Cleveland's elevation, unless he finds some way to make up the deficiency.

Capt. Jos. W. Woolford, of Dorchester, has been appointed to command the oyster police boat S. B. Groome, which has been assigned to protecting the Little Choptank from the depredations of the dredgers.

Editing Under Difficulties.

Those who are acquainted with the arduous labors connected with the publication of a newspaper know how necessary it is to have the whole force of the office in good working condition in order to fairly meet the requirements of the occasion. How irksome and repugnant then must be the task when the whole editorial and reportorial staff of the paper is on the sick list, as has been our case during the past week? Preparing "copy" in the sick room—with the occasional reminder that the hour has arrived to swallow a pill or a tonic—is one of the most disagreeable duties we have ever been called upon to perform. We trust therefore that our readers will overlook any shortcomings that may appear in this issue, with the promise that we shall endeavor to make amends in the future.

In Memory of Judge Carmichael.

During the convening of court this week, Jas. A. Pearce, Esq., announced the death of Judge Carmichael and offered a series of resolutions of respect to his memory. The resolutions were seconded by E. F. Perkins, Esq., and feeling remarks were made by the court and members of the bar in connection therewith. The resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, since the last term of this court, Judge Richard B. Carmichael has, in the providence of God, gone to his grave ripe in years and full of honors, and

Whereas, the bar of Kent county with which he was so long associated and over which he presided for six years, desires to place on record the respect and affection in which they held him while living, and with which they will ever cherish his memory. Therefore,

Resolved, By the bar of Kent county, that in the death of Judge Carmichael the State has lost one of its most trusted and honored citizens, and the legal profession one of its purest and best members.

Resolved, That as a private citizen, as a representative of the people, as a lawyer and as a judge, he was conspicuous alike for integrity and ability, and met every responsibility of life with that clear perception of right and fixed purpose which inspired and justified the public confidence which he enjoyed.

Resolved, That we recognize among the traits which ennobled his character his inflexible principle and rectitude of purpose in all things, and pre-eminently his fearless assertion and steadfast maintenance of the fundamental principles of constitutional liberty as he understood them, and as testified in his celebrated charge to the grand juries of this circuit during the period of arbitrary military arrests in 1861 and 1862, and in its deliberate re-publication to subsequent grand juries in 1863 after his release from military imprisonment for the original delivery of this charge.

Resolved, That in this judicial act, he gave to posterity a memorable practical illustration of the noble sentiment of Sir Francis Bacon, "that by this act his name and fame are forever endeared to the people among whom he lived, and to lovers of liberty in every clime.

Resolved, That the court be requested to have these resolutions entered upon the minutes, and that a copy thereof be sent to the family of the deceased with the respectful condolence of the court and bar in their loss.

The French Spoliation Award.

The bill passed by both Houses of Congress recently, and signed by the President, assuming on the part of the United States government the payment of damages sustained by private ship owners eighty years ago from the French, gives promise of settlement of long pending claims.

There are several distinct sets of claimants in Chestertown, among them: the wife of Mr. Thos. G. Wroth, her brother and sister.

The wife of Mr. J. W. Bordley, who is the great-granddaughter of the original owner, in direct line of descent, her mother being a Miss Clay pole and the granddaughter of Capt. Claypole, whose property was destroyed.

Mr. L. H. Smith of Chestertown is also a claimant through his grandfather Job Smith. Mr. Smith has in possession a copy of a receipt for a retainer paid a lawyer 56 years ago for services in prosecuting the claim. He has however no data as to amount of claim or of the facts bearing upon the case.

The bill for indemnity has become a law and the whole matter has been referred to the court of claims. It will be necessary for claimants to establish their rights of heirship, and to prove losses, and when this is done it would seem that there should be no further trouble in recovering damages. There are probably as many as a thousand claimants, all told. The New York *World* of recent date gives the following information concerning the matter.

These claims grew out of depredations made upon our commerce by the French during the close of the last century. By the treaty of 1800 our Government assumed the French liabilities for the losses. Charles Sumner estimated the amount of the claims at $12,000,000. It is not probable at this late time this entire amount can be proved upon their cases.

The bill as it now stands as a law merely refers the cases to the court for their proper ascertainment of the exact amount due each person. The findings of the court will not constitute a judgment but it is understood that Congress will promptly pay the findings of the court. Gov. Curtin is anxious to secure some supplemental legislation, and will introduce soon a bill providing for the pay of a person to act for the Government in protecting the poorer claimants from the hands of speculators. He says from thirty to forty per cent. of the claimants are too poor to look after their own interests. He thinks it the duty of the Government to bear this expense for them and to see that a competent person is appointed and paid to look after them.

Orphans' Court Tuesday, Jan. 27.—Present, Judges Walker, Hyland and Stevens.

The last will and testament of Henry T. Jump was admitted to probate and letters testamentary thereupon were granted unto Margaret A. Jump, who filed her bond in the penal sum of $5,000, and W. S. Busick and E. M. Bonwill were appointed to appraise the estate of dec'd.

Rich'd C. Johnson, ex'r of Edw. B. Woodall, filed his account of sales.

T. Romie Strong, adm'r of Wm. W. Ashley, and Laura J. Urie, adm'x of Thos. Urie, filed inventories of the respective estates.

Wm. B. Usilton, adm'r of Wm. DeFord, returned his first and final administration acc't.

B. B. Adkinson, guardian to W. Walter Legg, filed his acc't for the years of 1882 and 1883.

Real Estate Sales.— Wm. J. Vannort and M. A. Simpers, mortgagees, will sell on Tuesday, Feb. 10, the property known as "Hanesville."

M. deK. Smith, Esq., att'y for Chester Loan Association, will sell on the same day a dwelling house at Worton Station.

In another column will be found advertised the valuable hotel property of Mr. H. S. Gatzmer in Crumpton, by Messrs. Wm. J. Vannort, Samuel Vannort and John H. Simpers, exec's.

The Chester River Steamboat Company.— The stockholders of the Chester River Steamboat Company held their annual meeting on Wednesday at pier 7 Light-street wharf, and re-elected the following board of directors; Mayor Latrobe, Wm. S. Taylor, Frank Wright, George Warfield and Dr. S. E. Ford. The above directors and officers have controlled the company since 1879. The business of the line was reported to be prosperous.

"Keep your feet warm and your head cool," this weather. So says Goslee, the Shoe man, adjoining the bank. Read his views.

Miss Matilda Chase, aged about 63, of Annapolis, was so badly burned on Thursday week by her clothes taking fire, that she expired the same morning. She was sitting before the fire reading her Bible, and it is supposed fell asleep, when the accident occurred. Miss Chase was the daughter of the late Thomas Chase, whose father was the late Jeremiah Townly Chase, chief judge of the Maryland Court of Appeals, in 1806, and whose grandfather was Judge Samuel Chase, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, who died in 1811.

The fruit trees will have a rough time next May if there is any truth in the old adage that for every fog in January there will be a frost in May.

Ash-Wednesday, the beginning of Lent, occurs this year on the 18th of February, and Easter on the 5th of April.

Chestertown Public School Examination.

The Chestertown public school has been undergoing an examination for the last three weeks, testing the work and study of the last five months. There are 257 pupils enrolled in the school with the following assignments: 1st grade 50 pupils, 2d grade 24, 3d grade 29, 4th grade 42, 5th grade 55, 6th grade 42, 7th grade 15, and nearly all of whom have been present at the examination. Some were sick and could not be present.

The following have received a general average of 80 per cent. or more:

2-7 Grade—Elsie Stephens 98, Laura Thomas 98, Lizzie Fowler 97, Anna Leaverton 95, Mary Beck 88, Lillie Hynson 88, Rubie Corson 85.

1-7 Grade—Mary Stephens 90, Anna R. Wickes 88, Miriam Loaverton 88, Effie Taylor 84, Webster Strayer 84, George Perkins 81, Willie Beck 81.

2-6 Grade—Ida Vandyke 86, Bessie Thomas 84, Mary Thomas 81, Gulon Roberts 84, David Perkins 82, William Rasin 82, George Twilley 82, Willie Usilton 81, Clarence Perkins 80.

1-6 Grade—Mamie Catlin 87, Bennie Perkins 86, Paul Strayer 85, Ida DeFord 85, Stella Jacobs 83, Maggie Hendrickson 80.

2-5 Grade—Mattie Strayer 85.

1-5 Grade—Coe Thompson 94, Annie Russell 93, Alfred Hall 90, Charlton Strayer 89, Clara Usilton 89, Grace Turner 88, Marian Lusby 88, Clara Bryan 87, Emma Gardner 86, Frank Fowler 85, Norman Perkins 85, Daisy Carvill 85 Tom Perkins 84, Harry Simpers 83.

4th Grade—Elmer Rasin 89, Willie McIntire 87, Emma Beck 86, Effie Crouch 85, Harry Cannan 85, Clara Vannort 84, Georgie DeFord 84, Emma McFeely 84, Alice Thompson 83, Herbert Perkins 81, Nettie Stuart 80, Palmer Carroll 80, Allie Thomas 80, Weston Welch 80.

3d Grade—Howard Fowler 96, Bessie Stuart 95, Violet Beck 90, Mary Anthony 90, Eddie Boston 90, Addie Hampton 89, Grace Hampton 89, Walter Corson 86, Annie DeFord 86, Viva Hendrickson, 85, Percy Hendrickson 84, Maud Joiner 83, Seibert Strayer 83, Calvin Staats 82, Ralph Barnett 81.

2-3 Grade—Mamie Thompson 91, Amy Russell 89, Albert Morris 87, John Harris 85, Allie Russell 85, Fred Russell 85, May Fallowfield 84, John Willis 80.

2-2 Grade—Julia Elliott 93, Maud Stewart 86, Clara Perkins 84, Ben Elliott 81.

2-1 Grade—Mamie Carroll 91, Harry Rickey 90, Belle Haynes 86, Mary Thompson 84, Willie Sherwood 82, Foster Perkins 80.

1-1 Grade—Mamie Kirby 87, Frank McWhorter 85, Harry Anthony 85, Lillie Crow 83, Sadie DeFord 81.

Good Templars in Still Pond. — A public meeting will be held under the direction of the Good Templars of Still Pond, in the new hall of that village, Thursday evening, February 5, 1885. The program includes music, readings, addresses and other exercises by the members of the lodge. The officers elected for the next quarter are: W. C. T., John Johnston; W. V. T., Miss Georgetta B. Baker; Treasurer, Miss Kate R. Crossley; W. F. Secretary, John W. Robinson; Secretary, Isaac R. Starkey; W. Chaplain, George W. Harper; W. G., Philip Crew; W. S., G. B. Krusen; Organist, Miss Gulie E. Parrott.

Personal.—Mr. T. L. Hines and family have been visiting Dr. W. Frank Hines during the past week. Mr. Hines has but recently recovered from a spell of illness. It is the first time he has been on a visit to Chestertown since his return from Missouri, and he has consequently met with a warm reception from his many old friends.

Mr. W. Harper McFeely has located in Chestertown for the purpose of selling fertilizers and fertilizing materials—having secured the agency for Kent county for one of the largest importing and manufacturing houses in the country.

Judge Wickes returned from Elkton last Saturday, after a long and tedious session of court, and the January term of the Kent county court was held on Monday and Tuesday.

Promoted.— Lieutenant-Commander Samuel H. Baker, United States Navy, son of Mr. William F. Baker, of this county, has been appointed to a commander.

To Correspondents.—The communication of "Attendant" is too personal for publication.

Married

At the Methodist Episcopal church in Millington on the evening of January 22, 1885, by the Rev. T. L. Tomkinson, William H. Price and Miss Kate V. Whittington, both of this county.

Died.

Near Chestertown, January 23, 1885, James Diehl, in the 88th year of his age.

Near Round Top, in Queen Anne's county, on Friday night, January 23, 1885, Joseph R. Parker, aged 38 years. The deceased formerly kept store in Chestertown and was engaged with Mr. McFadden in the marble business. His mother had the remains taken to New York for interment, leaving here by rail last Monday.

Valentines.—A beautiful assortment of new styles to be found at SPARKS', opp. Court House. j31.

Electric Lamps for sale by H. A. SPARKS. Try one; satisfaction guaranteed or no sale.

FARMERS BUY THE THORN HEDGE CO. WIRE.

Makes the most substantial, cheapest and best Fence out. Proof, nearly all the Railroads & Farmers use it. Heavy discount on large Lots; freight and staples free—a great saving. Address, WM. K. JUDEFIND & CO., Ag'ts., j31. Edesville, Kent Co., Md.

OVER $200.00 WORTH

—OF—

Casperson Lamps Sold!

and not a word of complaint from any one. As there are several kinds of Electric lamps on the market we would call attention to some facts in regard to our Lamp. We know it is the best for the following reasons:

1st.—It is Better Made. 2d.—It has a Patent Gas Escape, Rendering it Absolutely Safe. 3d.—It has a Drip Cup which Conveys all the Oil that Rises to the Top Back into the Lamp and not on the Outside as Others Do. 4th.—It Does not Smoke or Break Chimneys. 5th.—Its Light is Perfectly Steady and will not Injure the Eyes.

If you are in want of the

Best Light Ever Made!

we would be pleased to place one in your house on trial. The price of our Lamp has been reduced and we can sell them as cheap as any other makes.

We have a few of the ordinary Hanging and Stand Lamps, which we will close out at cost. We keep everything in the lamp line.

SPARKS', j31. opp. Court House.

THE LARGEST

Carriage Factory

IN THE WORLD!

All who desire the best Phaetons, Buggies, Family Carriages, &c., would find it to their interest before buying to call on or address for prices, styles and great bargains,

WM. K. JUDEFIND & CO., Ag'ts., j31. Edesville, Kent county, Md.

Wanted—a Tenant for SMALL HOUSE near Galena, suitable for moderate sized family. Apply at once to JOSEPH P. IRELAND, Nov. 15—tf. Galena, Md.

Salt! Salt! Salt!

During the next thirty days we will sell you a Four-bushel sack of Extra fine SALT at $1.50 cash.

n15. THOMPSON, up town.

Good Templars.

A public meeting will be held under the directions of the Good Templars of Still Pond, in the New Hall of that village, THURSDAY EVENING Feb. 5th 1885. The program includes Music, Readings, Addresses and other exercises by the members of the lodge. The public are cordially invited to attend; admittance free; doors opening 7 o'clock.

Notice.—All creditors of the "Kent Guards" are requested to forward their accounts to Lieut. R. R. Calder within Thirty (30) days from this date or else be excluded from any claim on said company.

j31-3t. By order T. G. DeFord, Capt.

Town Taxes.

Town Taxes for 1884 are past due; call and settle to save interest. Those in arrears for 1883 will find their property advertised very shortly. Jos. N. Wheatley,

j31-3t. Collector.

Orchard Grass Seed for Sale.

Six or Seven Hundred Bushels. Apply to F. Baker Samuel W. Brown, j31-3t. Pomona, Md.

Found—In Chestertown on Tuesday night a Boy's Saddle and Bridle. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and get the same.

j24-3t. T. V. Simpson, Bailiff.

For Sale.

The sailing SCOW Charles A. Boyd, Fifty Tons Burden; New sails.

Address Stephen J. Healy, j24-5t. Havre de Grace, Md.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Kent National Bank of Chestertown, that their regular annual meeting for the election of Five Directors for the Bank for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House in Chestertown, THURSDAY, Feb. 12, 1885, at 11 o'clock A. M. Joseph Peterson, j10-tm. Cashier.

Attention Kent Guards.

All members are hereby earnestly requested to meet on MONDAY EVENING next at the Armory at 7 o'clock, sharp, in full dress uniform. By order

j31-1t. Thos. G. DeFord, Captain.

WANTED TO PURCHASE

Delivered at their wharves or landings on Chester or Sassafras rivers, between 26th Jan'y and 15th of March:

CORN, White and Yellow.

Advances or full payment made according to agreement. Address TURNER BROS., Betterton, WM. B. TURNER, Hanesville, JOSEPH TURNER, Chestertown. Jan. 24, 1885—tf.

$100 REWARD!

Owing to the many depredations lately made upon the Poultry houses in this town and vicinity, a number of citizens have contributed the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, and have authorized the undersigned to pay the above reward in sums of Twenty-five Dollars for information leading to the apprehension and conviction of any person for the stealing of poultry or other things in this town & vicinity.

ALBERT J. DUGAN, jan24-tf. Deputy Sheriff

ANDREW W. WOODALL,

(Successor to Greenwood & Woodall,)

Commission Merchant & Produce Dealer

No. 53 West Pratt Street.

Special attention given to the sale of Grain, Dried, Evaporated and Green Fruits.

A CARD.—In retiring from the firm of Greenwood & Woodall I take this method of thanking the former patrons of the firm for past favors, and take great pleasure in recommending the successor (Mr. A. W. Woodall) who has the ability and every facility for handling Grain, Fruit and general Produce to best advantage. Respectfully, &c.,

j24-2t. GEORGE Z. GREENWOOD.

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

A HOUSE AND LOT

AT WORTON STATION.

By virtue of a power contained in a mortgage from Albert Perkins and Sarah E. Perkins his wife, to The Chester Loan Association, dated January 24, 1883, and recorded among the Land Records of Kent county in Liber S. B. No. 4, folio 13;—(the property therein mentioned and described has since been conveyed to Sarah E. Newsome, wife of Frisby Newsome); the undersigned as attorney for the said association will offer at public sale at the Court House door in Chestertown, on

TUESDAY, the 10th February, 1885,

At Three o'clock P. M.,

All That Lot of Land

situated at Worton Station, Kent county, which adjoins the lands of Harry E. Cooper, Wm. McLaughlin and others, and now in the possession of the said Newsome and wife, having a frontage on the road leading to Lynch's of 40 ft., and a depth and even width of —— feet, containing one quarter of an acre of land.

THE IMPROVEMENTS

Consist of a One-and-a-half story *Dwelling House* nearly new,

with a small Stable and Carriage House.

THE TERMS OF SALE are cash on the day of sale, or on the final ratification thereof at the option of the attorney, with bond and approved security, the purchase money to bear interest from the day of sale.

MARION deK. SMITH, j17-tds. Attorney named in Mortgage.

CHESTERTOWN

PLUMBING HOUSE!

CLEMENTS & YORK

WATER, GAS AND STEAM, WINDMILLS AND PUMPS.

We are now prepared to make contracts, and do all kinds of work appertaining to WATER, GAS and STEAM; also a full line of

STEAM VALVES, FAUCETS, STOP AND WASTE VALVES,

also a Full Line of Brass Work and Fittings for Plumbing Work.

PIPE OF ALL SIZES Both Plain and Galvanized.

Bath-Tubs, Kitchen Sinks, Hydrants, Street Sprinklers and Water Closets, Terra-Cotta Pipe. Bends and Branches of all descriptions.

Work done by Practical Mechanics.

Repairing promptly attended to.

SANITARY PLUMBING, DRAINAGE & VENTILATION

A SPECIALTY.

ESTIMATES MADE FREE OF CHARGE.

OFFICE—under "Kent News" Office.

Jan. 24-1885.

Public Sale.

By order of the Orphans' Court of Kent county, the undersigned as adm'x, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of Thos. Urie, deceased, near Rock Hall, on

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 11th, 1885,

at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following property:

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

LOT OF MATTING; LOT OF CARPET; 1 GUN; LOT MATTRESSES; 1 WHEELBARROW; HORSE BLANKETS; HORSE CARTS AND HARNESS; CARRIAGE HARNESS, ONE HORSE; LOT OF GARDEN TOOLS and also, a few FARMING IMPLEMENTS; CARPENTER'S TOOLS; ONE PAIR OYSTER SHAFTS; ONE PAIR OYSTER TONGS.

LAURA J. URIE, j31-tds. Adm'x.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

By virtue of an order of the Circuit Court for Kent county, sitting in equity, the creditors of LUTHER A. KENDALL, are hereby notified to file their claims, properly authenticated by affidavit, with the clerk of the Circuit Court, for Kent county within four months from the 10th day of March, 1885.

CHARLES T. WESTCOTT, Jan. 31-4t. Trustee.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

HENRY T JUMP,

late of Kent county, Maryland, dec'd.

All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with proper vouchers to the undersigned, on or before the 29th day of July, 1885, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit in said estate. Given under my hand this 27th day of September, 1885.

MARGARET A. JUMP, Executrix

Wm S. Busick has been given power of attorney, and will transact the business connected with the settling of the estate. j31-4t.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Kent county letters of administration on the personal estate in Kent county,